Bill No. CS/CS/SB 1322

	Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)
	CHAMBER ACTION
	<u>Senate</u> <u>House</u>
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	· ·
1	Representatives Richardson and Joyner offered the following:
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3	Amendment to Amendment (932271)
4	Remove line(s) 341-669 and insert:
5	Section 8. Communications services offered by governmental
5 6	Section 8. <u>Communications services offered by governmental</u> entities
	entities
6	entities (1) As used in this section, the term:
6 7	entities (1) As used in this section, the term: (a) "Advanced service" means high-speed-Internet-access-
6 7 8 9	entities (1) As used in this section, the term: (a) "Advanced service" means high-speed-Internet-access- service capability in excess of 200 kilobits per second in the
6 7 8 9 10	entities (1) As used in this section, the term: (a) "Advanced service" means high-speed-Internet-access- service capability in excess of 200 kilobits per second in the upstream or the downstream direction, including any service
6 7 8 9 10 11	entities (1) As used in this section, the term: (a) "Advanced service" means high-speed-Internet-access- service capability in excess of 200 kilobits per second in the upstream or the downstream direction, including any service application provided over the high-speed-access service or any
6 7 8 9 10 11 12	entities (1) As used in this section, the term: (a) "Advanced service" means high-speed-Internet-access- service capability in excess of 200 kilobits per second in the upstream or the downstream direction, including any service application provided over the high-speed-access service or any information service as defined in 47 U.S.C. s. 153(20).
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	entities (1) As used in this section, the term: (a) "Advanced service" means high-speed-Internet-access- service capability in excess of 200 kilobits per second in the upstream or the downstream direction, including any service application provided over the high-speed-access service or any information service as defined in 47 U.S.C. s. 153(20). (b) "Cable service" has the same meaning as in 47 U.S.C.
6 7 8 9 10 11 12	entities (1) As used in this section, the term: (a) "Advanced service" means high-speed-Internet-access- service capability in excess of 200 kilobits per second in the upstream or the downstream direction, including any service application provided over the high-speed-access service or any information service as defined in 47 U.S.C. s. 153(20).
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	entities (1) As used in this section, the term: (a) "Advanced service" means high-speed-Internet-access- service capability in excess of 200 kilobits per second in the upstream or the downstream direction, including any service application provided over the high-speed-access service or any information service as defined in 47 U.S.C. s. 153(20). (b) "Cable service" has the same meaning as in 47 U.S.C.

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15	(c) "Communications services" includes any "advanced
16	service," "cable service," or "telecommunications service" and
17	shall be construed in the broadest sense.
18	(d) "Enterprise fund" means a separate fund to account for
19	the operation of communications services by a local government,
20	established and maintained in accordance with generally accepted
21	accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental
22	Accounting Standards Board.
23	(e) "Governmental entity" means any political subdivision
24	as defined in section 1.01, Florida Statutes, including any
25	county, municipality, special district, school district, utility
26	authority or other authority or any instrumentality, agency,
27	unit or department thereof. The term does not include an
28	independent special district created before 1970 which has been
29	granted express legislative authority to provide a
30	communications service and which does not sell a communications
31	service outside its district boundaries.
32	(f) "Provide," "providing," "provision," or "provisioning"
33	means offering or supplying a communications service for a fee
34	or other consideration to a person, including any portion of the
35	public or private provider, but does not include service by an
36	entity to itself or to any other governmental entity.
37	(g) "Subscriber" means a person who receives a
38	communications service.
39	(h) "Telecommunications services" means the transmission
40	of signs, signals, writing, images, sounds, messages, data, or
41	other information of the user's choosing, by wire, radio, light
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42 waves, or other electromagnetic means, without change in the 43 form or content of the information as sent and received by the user and regardless of the facilities used. 44 45 (2)(a) A governmental entity that proposes to provide a communications service shall hold no less than two public 46 47 hearings, which shall be held not less than 30 days apart. At 48 least 30 days before the first of the two public hearings, the 49 governmental entity must give notice of the hearing in the 50 predominant newspaper of general circulation in the area considered for service. At least 40 days before the first public 51 52 hearing, the governmental entity must electronically provide notice to the Department of Revenue and the Public Service 53 Commission, which shall post the notice on the department's and 54 55 the commission's website to be available to the public. The Department of Revenue shall also send the notice by United 56 57 States Postal Service to the known addresses for all dealers of communications services registered with the department under 58 59 chapter 202, Florida Statutes, or provide an electronic notification, if the means are available, within 10 days after 60 receiving the notice. The notice must include the time and place 61 62 of the hearings and must state that the purpose of the hearings 63 is to consider whether the governmental entity will provide 64 communications services. The notice must include, at a minimum, 65 the geographic areas proposed to be served by the governmental 66 entity and the services, if any, which the governmental entity 67 believes are not currently being adequately provided. The notice

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68 must also state that any dealer who wishes to do so may appear 69 and be heard at the public hearings. (b) At a public hearing required by this subsection, a 70 71 governmental entity must, at a minimum, consider: 1. Whether the service that is proposed to be provided is 72 73 currently being offered in the community and, if so, whether the 74 service is generally available throughout the community. 75 2. Whether a similar service is currently being offered in 76 the community and, if so, whether the service is generally 77 available throughout the community. 78 3. If the same or similar service is not currently offered, whether any other service provider proposes to offer 79 the same or a similar service and, if so, what assurances that 80 service provider is willing or able to offer regarding the same 81 82 or similar service. 83 4. The capital investment required by the government entity to provide the communications service, the estimated 84 85 realistic cost of operation and maintenance and, using a full cost-accounting method, the estimated realistic revenues and 86 87 expenses of providing the service and the proposed method of 88 financing. 5. The private and public costs and benefits of providing 89 90 the service by a private entity or a governmental entity, 91 including the affect on existing and future jobs, actual 92 economic development prospects, tax-base growth, education, and 93 public health.

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94	(c) At one or more of the public hearings under this
95	subsection, the governmental entity must make available to the
96	public a written business plan for the proposed communications
97	service venture containing, at a minimum:
98	1. The projected number of subscribers to be served by the
99	venture.
100	2. The geographic area to be served by the venture.
101	3. The types of communications services to be provided.
102	4. A plan to ensure that revenues exceed operating
103	expenses and payment of principal and interest on debt within 4
104	years.
105	5. Estimated capital and operational costs and revenues
106	for the first 4 years.
107	6. Projected network modernization and technological
108	upgrade plans, including estimated costs.
109	(d) After making specific findings regarding the factors
110	in paragraphs (b) and (c), the governmental entity may authorize
111	providing a communications service by a majority recorded vote
112	and by resolution, ordinance, or other formal means of adoption.
113	(e) The governing body of a governmental entity may issue
114	one or more bonds to finance the capital costs for facilities to
115	provide a communications service. However:
116	1. A governmental entity may only pledge revenues in
117	support of the issuance of any bond to finance providing a
118	communications service:
119	a. Within the county in which the governmental entity is
120	located;
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174 related revenues, operating expenses, and payment of interest on 175 debt.

(1) If, after 4 years after the initiation of 176 177 communications services, revenues do not exceed operating expenses and payment of principal and interest on the debt, a 178 179 governmental entity shall hold a public hearing at which the 180 governmental entity must consider the disposition of the system, 181 a plan to limit or cease operations, a partnership with a 182 private entity, or any other means appropriate to ensure that 183 the goals of the business plan required under paragraph (c) are 184 met, including ways of reducing operating expenses or increasing 185 revenues. (3)(a) A governmental entity that provides a cable service 186 187 shall comply with the Cable Communications Policy Act of 1984, 47 U.S.C. 521, et seq., the regulations issued by the Federal 188 189 Communications Commission under the Cable Communications Policy 190 Act of 1984, 47 U.S.C. 521, et seq., and all applicable state and federal rules and regulations, including, but not limited 191 to, section 166.046, Florida Statutes, and those provisions of 192 chapters 202, 212, and 337, Florida Statutes, which apply to a 193 194 provider of the services. 195 (b) A governmental entity that provides a 196 telecommunications service or advanced service must comply, if 197 applicable, with chapter 364, Florida Statutes, and rules 198 adopted by the Public Service Commission; chapter 166, Florida

199 Statutes; and all applicable state and federal rules and

200 regulations, including, but not limited to, those provisions of

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201	chapters 202, 212, and 337, Florida Statutes, which apply to a
202	provider of the services.
203	(c) A governmental entity may not exercise its power or
204	authority in any area, including zoning or land use regulation,
205	to require any person, including residents of a particular
206	development, to use or subscribe to any communication service of
207	a governmental entity.
208	(d) A governmental entity shall apply its ordinances,
209	rules, and policies, and exercise any authority under state or
210	federal laws, including, but not limited to, those relating to
211	the following subjects and without discrimination as to itself
212	when providing a communications service or to any private
213	provider of communications services:
214	1. Access to public rights-of-way; and
215	2. Permitting, access to, use of, and payment for use of
216	governmental entity-owned poles. The governmental entity is
217	subject to the same terms, conditions, and fees, if any, for
218	access to government-owned poles which the governmental entity
219	applies to a private provider for access.
220	(4)(a) If a governmental entity was providing, as of April
221	1, 2005, advanced services, cable services, or
222	telecommunications services, then it is not required to comply
223	with paragraph (2)(a), paragraph (2)(b), paragraph (2)(c),
224	<pre>paragraph (2)(d), sub-subparagraph (2)(e)1.c., paragraph (2)(f),</pre>
225	paragraph (2)(k), or paragraph (2)(l), in order to continue to
226	provide advanced services, cable services, or telecommunications

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227 <u>services, respectively, but it must comply with and be subject</u>228 to all other provisions of this section.

(b) If a governmental entity, as of April 1, 2005, had 229 230 issued debt pledging revenues from an advanced service, cable service, or telecommunications service, then it is not required 231 232 to comply with paragraph (2)(a), paragraph (2)(b), paragraph 233 (2)(c), paragraph (2)(d), sub-subparagraph (2)(e)1.c., paragraph 234 (2)(f), paragraph (2)(k), or paragraph (2)(l), in order to 235 provide advanced services, cable services, or telecommunications services, respectively, but it must comply with and be subject 236 237 to all other provisions of this section.

(c) If a governmental entity, as of April 1, 2005, has 238 239 purchased equipment specifically for the provisioning of 240 advanced service, cable service, or telecommunication service, and, as of May 6, 2005, has authorized the providing of an 241 242 advanced service, cable service, or telecommunication service, 243 then it is not required to comply with paragraph (2)(a), 244 paragraph (2)(b), paragraph (2)(c), paragraph (2)(d), sub-245 subparagraph (2)(e)1.c., paragraph (2)(f), paragraph (2)(k), or 246 paragraph (2)(1) in order to provide advanced service, cable 247 service, or telecommunication service, respectively, but it must 248 comply with and be subject to all other provisions of this 249 section. 250

251 <u>This subsection does not relieve a governmental entity from</u> 252 complying with subsection (5).

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253	(5) Notwithstanding section 542.235, Florida Statutes, or
254	any other law, a governmental entity that provides a
255	communications service is subject to the same prohibitions
256	applicable to private providers under sections 542.18 and
257	542.19, Florida Statutes, as it relates to providing a
258	communications service. In addition, the exemption from
259	complying with paragraph (2)(f), does not confer state action
260	immunity, or any other antitrust immunity or exemption, on any
261	governmental entity providing communications services.
262	(6) To ensure the safe and secure transportation of
263	passengers and freight through an airport facility, as defined
264	in section 159.27(17), Florida Statutes, an airport authority or
265	other governmental entity that provides or is proposing to
266	provide communications services only within the boundaries of
267	its airport layout plan, as defined in section 333.01(6),
268	Florida Statutes, to subscribers which are integral and
269	essential to the safe and secure transportation of passengers
270	and freight through the airport facility, is exempt from this
271	section. An airport authority or other governmental entity that
272	provides or is proposing to provide shared-tenant service under
273	section 364.339, Florida Statutes, but not dial tone enabling
274	subscribers to complete calls outside the airport layout plan,
275	to one or more subscribers within its airport layout plan which
276	are not integral and essential to the safe and secure
277	transportation of passengers and freight through the airport
278	facility is exempt from this section. An airport authority or
279	other governmental entity that provides or is proposing to

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