CHAMBER ACTION

The Health Care Regulation Committee recommends the following:

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Council/Committee Substitute

Remove the entire bill and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to health care advance directives; amending s. 765.101, F.S.; revising the definition of "incapacity" or "incompetent"; amending s. 765.102, F.S.; clarifying requirements on palliative care; amending s. 765.203, F.S.; clarifying a principal's statement of understanding in suggested form for designation of health care surrogate; amending s. 765.204, F.S.; eliminating the requirement for written notification to health care surrogates by a health care facility; amending s. 765.205, F.S.; clarifying that a surrogate cannot override a principal's wishes as expressed in a living will; providing a standard for a surrogate's decisionmaking under certain circumstances; creating s. 765.3061, F.S.; requiring the Division of Driver Licenses offices to make forms available to the public; requiring the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles and the Agency for Health Care Administration to make sample forms accessible electronically on the Internet; creating s. 765.3064, Page 1 of 10

24	F.S.; providing certain health care employees with civil
25	and criminal immunity from acts performed in conjunction
26	with certain information indicated by the department;
27	expressing the sovereign immunity of the department and
28	its employees from criminal prosecution and civil
29	liability for certain acts; amending s. 765.401, F.S.;
30	authorizing certain individuals or business entities to
31	act as a proxy; amending s. 765.404, F.S.; correcting a
32	typographical error; providing an effective date.
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34	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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36	Section 1. Subsection (8) of section 765.101, Florida
37	Statutes, is amended to read:
38	765.101 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter:
39	(8) "Incapacity" or "incompetent" means the patient is
40	physically or mentally unable to communicate a willful and
11	knowing health care decision or lacks the mental ability, based
12	on reasonable medical judgment, to understand or appreciate the
13	nature and consequences of a treatment decision, including the
14	significant benefits and harms of and reasonable alternatives to
1 5	a proposed treatment decision. For the purposes of making an
46	anatomical gift, the term also includes a patient who is
17	deceased.
18	Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section
19	765.102, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
50	765.102 Legislative findings and intent

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

(5) For purposes of this chapter:

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(b) Palliative care must include:

- 1. An opportunity to discuss and plan for end-of-life care.
- 2. Assurance that physical and mental suffering will be carefully attended to.
- 3. Assurance that preferences for withholding and withdrawing life-sustaining interventions will be honored.
- 4. Assurance that the personal goals of the dying person will be addressed.
- 5. Assurance that the dignity of the dying person will be a priority.
- 6. Assurance that health care providers will not abandon the dying person.
- 7. Assurance that the burden to family and others will be addressed.
- 8. Assurance that advance directives for care will be respected regardless of the location of care.
- 9. Assurance that organizational mechanisms are in place to evaluate the availability and quality of end-of-life, palliative, and hospice care services, including the evaluation of administrative and regulatory barriers. These mechanisms include institutional ethics committees, which shall have resources and training adequate to the tasks of education, policy creation or review, and consultation.
- 10. Assurance that necessary health care services will be provided and that relevant reimbursement policies are available.
- 11. Assurance that the goals expressed in subparagraphs 1.-10. will be accomplished in a culturally appropriate manner. Page $3\ {\rm of}\ 10$

80	Section 3. Section 765.203, Florida Statutes, is amended
81	to read:
82	765.203 Suggested form of designationA written
83	designation of a health care surrogate executed pursuant to this
84	chapter may, but need not be, in the following form:
85	
86	DESIGNATION OF HEALTH CARE SURROGATE
87	
88	Name:(Last)(First)(Middle Initial)
89	In the event that I have been determined to be
90	incapacitated to provide informed consent for medical treatment
91	and surgical and diagnostic procedures, I wish to designate as
92	my surrogate for health care decisions:
93	
94	Name:
95	Address:
96	
	Zip Code:
97	
98	Phone:
99	If my surrogate is unwilling or unable to perform his or
100	her duties, I wish to designate as my alternate surrogate:
101	Name:
102	Address:
103	
	Zip Code:

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104	
105	Phone:
106	I fully understand that this designation will permit my
107	designee to make health care decisions, except for anatomical
108	gifts, unless I have executed an anatomical gift declaration
109	pursuant to law, and to provide, withhold, or withdraw consent
110	on my behalf; to apply for public benefits to defray the cost of
111	health care; and to authorize my admission to or transfer from a
112	health care facility. I further understand that my designee has
113	no authority to override my expressed wishes that may exist in a
114	valid living will.
115	
116	Additional instructions (optional):
117	
118	I further affirm that this designation is not being made as
119	a condition of treatment or admission to a health care facility.
120	I will notify and send a copy of this document to the following
121	persons other than my surrogate, so they may know who my
122	surrogate is.
123	Name:
124	Name:
125	Signed:
126	Date:
127	
	Witnesses: 1
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Section 4. Subsection (2) of section 765.204, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

765.204 Capacity of principal; procedure. --

If a principal's capacity to make health care decisions for herself or himself or provide informed consent is in question, the attending physician shall evaluate the principal's capacity and, if the physician concludes that the principal lacks capacity, enter that evaluation in the principal's medical record. If the attending physician has a question as to whether the principal lacks capacity, another physician shall also evaluate the principal's capacity, and if the second physician agrees that the principal lacks the capacity to make health care decisions or provide informed consent, the health care facility shall enter both physician's evaluations in the principal's medical record. If the principal has designated a health care surrogate or has delegated authority to make health care decisions to an attorney in fact under a durable power of attorney, the facility shall notify such surrogate or attorney in fact in writing that her or his authority under the instrument has commenced, as provided in chapter 709 or s. 765.203.

Section 5. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 765.205, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

765.205 Responsibility of the surrogate.--

(1) The surrogate, in accordance with the principal's instructions, unless such authority has been expressly limited by the principal, shall:

- (b) Consult expeditiously with appropriate health care providers to provide informed consent, and make only health care decisions for the principal which he or she believes the principal would have made under the circumstances if the principal were capable of making such decisions. The surrogate has no authority to override the principal's wishes if these are expressed in a valid living will. If there is no indication of what the principal would have chosen, the surrogate may consider the patient's best interest in deciding that proposed treatments are to be withdrawn. If the patient's best interests are vague or cannot be determined, the surrogate may consider what a reasonable person would decide in similar circumstances.
- Section 6. Section 765.3061, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

765.3061 Health care advance directive notation as part of driver's license or identification card process.—Sample forms consistent with this chapter that relate to the execution of a health care advance directive shall be made available to the public at all offices of the Division of Driver Licenses, as well as electronically on the Internet through the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles and the Agency for Health Care Administration.

Section 7. Section 765.3064, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

765.3064 Immunity from liability.--

(1) Unless provided with information or documentation to the contrary, a health care facility, health care provider, or any other person acting under the direction of a health care facility or health care provider carrying out a health care decision made in accordance with a health care advance directive executed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter is not subject to criminal prosecution or civil liability and will not be deemed to have engaged in unprofessional conduct.

(2) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles and any employees acting within the scope of their employment are immune from criminal prosecution and civil liability for any acts or notations recorded in compliance with the provisions of this chapter.

Section 8. Paragraph (h) of subsection (1) of section 765.401, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

765.401 The proxy.--

- (1) If an incapacitated or developmentally disabled patient has not executed an advance directive, or designated a surrogate to execute an advance directive, or the designated or alternate surrogate is no longer available to make health care decisions, health care decisions may be made for the patient by any of the following individuals, in the following order of priority, if no individual in a prior class is reasonably available, willing, or competent to act:
- (h) A clinical social worker licensed pursuant to chapter 491, or an individual or business entity qualified to be a professional guardian pursuant to chapter 744 who is a graduate

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of a court-approved guardianship program. Such a proxy must be selected by the provider's bioethics committee and must not be employed by the provider. If the provider does not have a bioethics committee, then such a proxy may be chosen through an arrangement with the bioethics committee of another provider. The proxy will be notified that, upon request, the provider shall make available a second physician, not involved in the patient's care to assist the proxy in evaluating treatment. Decisions to withhold or withdraw life-prolonging procedures will be reviewed by the facility's bioethics committee.

Documentation of efforts to locate proxies from prior classes must be recorded in the patient record.

Section 9. Subsection (2) of section 765.404, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

765.404 Persistent vegetative state. --For persons in a persistent vegetative state, as determined by the attending physician in accordance with currently accepted medical standards, who have no advance directive and for whom there is no evidence indicating what the person would have wanted under such conditions, and for whom, after a reasonably diligent inquiry, no family or friends are available or willing to serve as a proxy to make health care decisions for them, life-prolonging procedures may be withheld or withdrawn under the following conditions:

(2) The guardian and the person's attending physician, in consultation with the medical ethics committee of the facility where the patient is located, conclude that the condition is permanent and that there is no reasonable medical probability Page 9 of 10

for recovery and that withholding or withdrawing life-prolonging procedures is in the best interest of the patient. If there is no medical ethics committee at the facility, the facility must have an arrangement with the medical ethics committee of another facility or with a community-based ethics committee approved by the Florida Bioethics Bio-ethics Network. The ethics committee shall review the case with the guardian, in consultation with the person's attending physician, to determine whether the condition is permanent and there is no reasonable medical probability for recovery. The individual committee members and the facility associated with an ethics committee shall not be held liable in any civil action related to the performance of any duties required in this subsection.

Section 10. This act shall take effect September 1, 2005.