## CHAMBER ACTION

The Justice Appropriations Committee recommends the following:

2

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

2.0

2.1

22

23

1

## Council/Committee Substitute

Remove the entire bill and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to controlled substances; amending s. 893.033, F.S.; revising the definition of "listed precursor chemical" to include benzaldehyde, hydriodic acid, and nitroethane, and to remove anhydrous ammonia and benzyl chloride; revising the definition of "listed essential chemical to include anhydrous ammonia, benzyl chloride, hydrochloric gas, and iodine; amending s. 893.13, F.S.; prohibiting a person from manufacturing methamphetamine or phencyclidine or from possessing listed chemicals with the intent to manufacture methamphetamine or phencyclidine; providing criminal penalties; providing for minimum terms of imprisonment in circumstances where a person commits or attempts to commit such crime in a structure or conveyance where a child is present and in circumstances where a child suffers great bodily harm; providing criminal penalties in circumstances where a person fails to store anhydrous ammonia as required; providing criminal penalties in circumstances involving a Page 1 of 99

24

25

26

27

28 29

30

31

32

33

34

35

3637

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46 47

48

49

50

51

violation of ch. 893, F.S., which results in serious injury to a state, local, or federal law enforcement officer; increasing the criminal penalties if such violation results in death or great bodily harm to such officer; prohibiting a person from selling, manufacturing, delivering, or attempting to sell, manufacture, or deliver a controlled substance in, on, or within 1,000 feet of an assisted living facility; providing criminal penalties for such offense; specifying minimum terms of imprisonment for such offense; amending s. 893.135, F.S.; including offenses involving pseudoephedrine within the offense of trafficking in amphetamine; providing criminal penalties; providing that it is a capital offense to manufacture or import pseudoephedrine knowing that the probable result will be death; amending s. 893.149, F.S., relating to the prohibition against possessing listed chemicals; providing an exception to such prohibition for a person authorized to clean up or dispose of hazardous waste or toxic substances pursuant to ch. 893, F.S.; providing that damages arising out of the unlawful possession of, storage of, or tampering with a listed chemical is the sole responsibility of the person unlawfully possessing, storing, or tampering with the chemical; providing that the lawful owner, installer, maintainer, designer, manufacturer, possessor, or seller is immune from liability in the absence of negligent misconduct or failure to abide by laws governing possession or storage; creating s. 893.1495, F.S.; limiting retail sales of Page 2 of 99

52 products containing more than a specified amount of 53 ephedrine or related compounds in a single transaction; 54 providing restrictions on the retail display of products 55 containing ephedrine or related compounds; requiring 56 specified training for employees of retail outlets who 57 engage in the retail sale of such products; providing that local regulations passed after a specified date that are 58 59 more restrictive than this act are superseded; providing 60 criminal penalties; reenacting s. 893.02(12), F.S., 61 relating to the definition of the term "listed chemical," 62 for the purpose of incorporating the amendment to s. 63 893.033, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting ss. 64 435.07(2), 921.187(1), 938.25, and 948.034(1) and (2), 65 F.S., relating to exemptions from disqualification for certain employment, disposition and sentencing 66 alternatives, the assessment of fees for purposes of 67 68 funding the Operating Trust Fund of the Department of Law Enforcement, and the terms and conditions of probation, 69 70 respectively, for the purpose of incorporating the 71 amendment to s. 893.13, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting ss. 311.12(3)(c), 414.095(1), 775.087(2)(a) and 72 73 (3)(a), 782.04(1)(a), (3)(a), and (4)(a), 893.13(8)(d), 907.041(4)(c), 921.0022(3)(g), (h), and (i), 921.0024(1), 74 75 921.142(2), 943.0585, and 943.059, F.S., relating to seaport security standards, eligibility for temporary cash 76 77 assistance, mandatory sentencing in circumstances 78 involving the possession of use of a weapon, specified 79 offenses that may be charged as murder if death results, Page 3 of 99

prohibited acts by prescribing practitioners, circumstances in which the court may order pretrial detention, the offense severity ranking chart of the Criminal Punishment Code, worksheet computations and scoresheets under the Criminal Punishment Code, sentencing in capital drug trafficking cases, limitations on circumstances in which a criminal history record may be expunged, and limitations on circumstances in which a criminal history record may be sealed, respectively, for the purpose of incorporating the amendment to s. 895.135, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting ss. 397.451(4)(b) and (6), 772.12(2)(a), 893.1351(1), and 903.133, F.S., relating to background checks of service provider personnel, the Drug Dealer Liability Act, the prohibition against leasing or renting for the purpose of trafficking in a controlled substance, and the limitation of admission to bail, respectively, for the purpose of incorporating the amendments to ss. 893.13 and 893.135, F.S., in references thereto; providing applicability; providing an effective date.

100 101

80

81

82

83

84

85

86 87

88

89

90

91

92 93

94

95 96

97

98

99

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

102103

104

106

107

Section 1. Section 893.033, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

105

893.033 Listed chemicals.--The chemicals listed in this section are included by whatever official, common, usual, chemical, or trade name designated.

Page 4 of 99

108 PRECURSOR CHEMICALS. -- The term "listed precursor 109 chemical means a chemical that may be used in manufacturing a 110 controlled substance in violation of this chapter and is 111 critical to the creation of the controlled substance, and such 112 term includes any salt, optical isomer, or salt of an optical 113 isomer, whenever the existence of such salt, optical isomer, or salt of optical isomer is possible within the specific chemical 114 115 designation. The following are "listed precursor chemicals": 116 (a) Anhydrous ammonia. (a) (b) Anthranilic acid. 117 118 (b) Benzaldehyde. (c) Benzyl chloride. 119 120 (c)<del>(d)</del> Benzyl cyanide. 121 (d)<del>(e)</del> Chloroephedrine. 122 (e)<del>(f)</del> Chloropseudoephedrine. 123 (f)<del>(g)</del> Ephedrine. 124 (g)<del>(h)</del> Ergonovine. 125 (h) (i) Ergotamine. 126 (i) Hydriodic acid. 127 ( j ) Ethylamine. Isosafrole. 128 (k) 129 (1)Methylamine. 130 3, 4-Methylenedioxyphenyl-2-propanone. (m) 131 (n) N-acetylanthranilic acid. 132 N-ethylephedrine. (0) 133 (p) N-ethylpseudoephedrine. 134 N-methylephedrine. (q) 135 N-methylpseudoephedrine. (r)

Page 5 of 99

136 (s) Nitroethane. 137 Norpseudoephedrine. (t)<del>(s)</del> 138 Phenylacetic acid. (u)<del>(t)</del> 139 (v)<del>(u)</del> Phenylpropanolamine. 140 Piperidine. (w)<del>(v)</del> 141 Piperonal. (x)<del>(w)</del> Propionic anhydride. 142 (y)<del>(x)</del> (z)<del>(y)</del> 143 Pseudoephedrine. 144 Safrole. (aa)<del>(z)</del> 145 ESSENTIAL CHEMICALS. -- The term "listed essential (2) 146 chemical" means a chemical that may be used as a solvent, 147 reagent, or catalyst in manufacturing a controlled substance in 148 violation of this chapter. The following are "listed essential 149 chemicals": 150 (a) Acetic anhydride. 151 (b) Acetone. 152 Anhydrous ammonia. (C) 153 (d) Benzyl chloride. 154 (e)<del>(c)</del> 2-Butanone. 155 (f)<del>(d)</del> Ethyl ether. 156 (g) Hydrochloric gas. 157 (h)<del>(e)</del> Hydriodic acid. 158 (i) Iodine. 159 (j)<del>(f)</del> Potassium permanganate. 160 (k)<del>(g)</del> Toluene. 161 Paragraphs (g) and (h) are added to subsection 162 (1) of section 893.13, Florida Statutes, paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (7) of said section are amended, subsection (12) 163 Page 6 of 99

is added to said section, and paragraph (d) of subsection (8) of said section is reenacted for purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 893.135, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, to read:

893.13 Prohibited acts; penalties.--

169 (1)

- (g) Except as authorized by this chapter, it is unlawful for any person to manufacture methamphetamine or phencyclidine, or possess any listed chemical as defined in s. 893.033 in violation of s. 893.149 and with intent to manufacture methamphetamine or phencyclidine. If any person violates this paragraph and:
- 1. The commission or attempted commission of the crime occurs in a structure or conveyance where any child under 16 years of age is present, the person commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. In addition, the defendant must be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 5 calendar years.
- 2. The commission of the crime causes any child under 16 years of age to suffer great bodily harm, the person commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. In addition, the defendant must be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 10 calendar years.
- (h) Except as authorized by this chapter, it is unlawful for any person to sell, manufacture, or deliver, or possess with intent to sell, manufacture, or deliver, a controlled substance in, on, or within 1,000 feet of the real property comprising an

Page 7 of 99

assisted living facility, as that term is used in chapter 400.

Any person who violates this paragraph with respect to:

- 1. A controlled substance named or described in s.
  893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4.
  commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- 2. A controlled substance named or described in s.

  893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1., (2)(c)2., (2)(c)3., (2)(c)5., (2)(c)6.,

  (2)(c)7., (2)(c)8., (2)(c)9., (3), or (4) commits a felony of

  the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.

  775.083, or s. 775.084.

(7)(a) It is unlawful for any person:

194

195

196

197

203

204

205

206

207

208

209

210

211

212

213

214

215216

217

218

219

- 1. To distribute or dispense a controlled substance in violation of this chapter.
- 2. To refuse or fail to make, keep, or furnish any record, notification, order form, statement, invoice, or information required under this chapter.
- 3. To refuse an entry into any premises for any inspection or to refuse to allow any inspection authorized by this chapter.
- 4. To distribute a controlled substance named or described in s. 893.03(1) or (2) except pursuant to an order form as required by s. 893.06.
- 5. To keep or maintain any store, shop, warehouse, dwelling, building, vehicle, boat, aircraft, or other structure or place which is resorted to by persons using controlled substances in violation of this chapter for the purpose of using these substances, or which is used for keeping or selling them in violation of this chapter.

Page 8 of 99

6. To use to his or her own personal advantage, or to reveal, any information obtained in enforcement of this chapter except in a prosecution or administrative hearing for a violation of this chapter.

- 7. To possess a prescription form which has not been completed and signed by the practitioner whose name appears printed thereon, unless the person is that practitioner, is an agent or employee of that practitioner, is a pharmacist, or is a supplier of prescription forms who is authorized by that practitioner to possess those forms.
- 8. To withhold information from a practitioner from whom the person seeks to obtain a controlled substance or a prescription for a controlled substance that the person making the request has received a controlled substance or a prescription for a controlled substance of like therapeutic use from another practitioner within the previous 30 days.
- 9. To acquire or obtain, or attempt to acquire or obtain, possession of a controlled substance by misrepresentation, fraud, forgery, deception, or subterfuge.
- 10. To affix any false or forged label to a package or receptacle containing a controlled substance.
- 11. To furnish false or fraudulent material information in, or omit any material information from, any report or other document required to be kept or filed under this chapter or any record required to be kept by this chapter.
- 12. To store anhydrous ammonia in a container that is not approved by the United States Department of Transportation to

hold anhydrous ammonia or is not constructed in accordance with sound engineering, agricultural, or commercial practices.

(c) Any person who violates the provisions of subparagraphs (a)8.-12. (a)8.-11. commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

253 (8)

- (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), if a prescribing practitioner has violated paragraph (a) and received \$1,000 or more in payment for writing one or more prescriptions or, in the case of a prescription written for a controlled substance described in s. 893.135, has written one or more prescriptions for a quantity of a controlled substance which, individually or in the aggregate, meets the threshold for the offense of trafficking in a controlled substance under s. 893.15, the violation is reclassified as a felony of the second degree and ranked in level 4 of the Criminal Punishment Code.
- (12) If a person violates any provision of this chapter and the violation results in a serious injury to a state, local, or federal law enforcement officer, the person commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. If the injury sustained results in death or great bodily harm, the person commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- Section 3. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of section 893.135, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Page 10 of 99

893.135 Trafficking; mandatory sentences; suspension or reduction of sentences; conspiracy to engage in trafficking.--

- (1) Except as authorized in this chapter or in chapter 499 and notwithstanding the provisions of s. 893.13:
- (f)1. Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 14 grams or more of amphetamine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(c)2., or methamphetamine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(c)4., or of any mixture containing amphetamine or methamphetamine, or phenylacetone, phenylacetic acid, pseudoephedrine, or ephedrine in conjunction with other chemicals and equipment utilized in the manufacture of amphetamine or methamphetamine, commits a felony of the first degree, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in amphetamine," punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. If the quantity involved:
- a. Is 14 grams or more, but less than 28 grams, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years, and the defendant shall be ordered to pay a fine of \$50,000.
- b. Is 28 grams or more, but less than 200 grams, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 7 years, and the defendant shall be ordered to pay a fine of \$100,000.
- c. Is 200 grams or more, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 15 calendar years and pay a fine of \$250,000.

2. Any person who knowingly manufactures or brings into this state 400 grams or more of amphetamine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(c)2., or methamphetamine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(c)4., or of any mixture containing amphetamine or methamphetamine, or phenylacetone, phenylacetic acid, pseudoephedrine, or ephedrine in conjunction with other chemicals and equipment used in the manufacture of amphetamine or methamphetamine, and who knows that the probable result of such manufacture or importation would be the death of any person commits capital manufacture or importation of amphetamine, a capital felony punishable as provided in ss. 775.082 and 921.142. Any person sentenced for a capital felony under this paragraph shall also be sentenced to pay the maximum fine provided under subparagraph 1.

- Section 4. Section 893.149, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 893.149 Unlawful possession of listed chemical.--
- (1) It is unlawful for any person to knowingly or intentionally:
- (a) Possess a listed chemical with the intent to unlawfully manufacture a controlled substance;
- (b) Possess or distribute a listed chemical knowing, or having reasonable cause to believe, that the listed chemical will be used to unlawfully manufacture a controlled substance.
- (2) Any person who violates this section <u>commits</u> is guilty of a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Page 12 of 99

328 This section does not apply to a public employee or 329 private contractor authorized to clean up or dispose of hazardous waste or toxic substances resulting from the 330 331 prohibited activities listed in s. 893.13(1)(q). 332 (4) Any damages arising out of the unlawful possession of, 333 storage of, or tampering with a listed chemical, as defined in 334 s. 893.033, shall be the sole responsibility of the person or 335 persons unlawfully possessing, storing, or tampering with the 336 listed chemical. In no case shall liability for damages arising 337 out of the unlawful possession of, storage of, or tampering with 338 a listed chemical extend to the lawful owner, installer, 339 maintainer, designer, manufacturer, possessor, or seller of the 340 listed chemical, unless such damages arise out of the acts or 341 omissions of the owner, installer, maintainer, designer, 342 manufacturer, possessor, or seller which constitute negligent 343 misconduct or failure to abide by the laws regarding the possession or storage of a listed chemical. 344 345 Section 5. Section 893.1495, Florida Statutes, is created 346 to read: 347 893.1495 Retail sale of ephedrine and related compounds.--(1) No person shall knowingly deliver in any single retail 348 349 over-the-counter sale any number of packages of any drug 350 containing a sole active ingredient that contains a combined 351 total of more than 9 base grams of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, 352 phenylpropanolamine, or any of their salts, optical isomers, or 353 salts of optical isomers, or more than three packages in any 354 single retail over-the-counter sale, regardless of weight, 355 containing any such sole active ingredient.

Page 13 of 99

(2) No person shall knowingly display and offer for retail sale packages of any drug having a sole active ingredient of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, or any of their salts or optical isomers other than behind a checkout counter where the public is not permitted or other such location that is not otherwise accessible to the general public.

- (3) No person who is the owner or primary operator of a retail outlet where ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine products are available for sale shall knowingly allow an employee to engage in the retail sale of such products unless the employee has completed an employee training program that shall include, at a minimum, basic instruction on state and federal regulations relating to the sale and distribution of such products.
- (4) The requirements of this section relating to the marketing, sale, or distribution of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine products shall supersede any local ordinance or regulation passed by a county, municipality, or other local governmental authority.
- (5) Any individual who violates subsection (1), subsection (2), or subsection (3) commits:
- (a) For a first offense, a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.083.
- (b) For a second offense, a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (c) For a third or subsequent offense, a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Page 14 of 99

Section 6. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 893.135, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 311.12, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

311.12 Seaport security standards. --

(3)

384

385

386

387

388

389

390

391

392393

394

395

396

397

398

399

400

401 402

403

404

405

406

407

408

409

- (c) In addition to other requirements for employment or access established by each seaport pursuant to its seaport security plan, each seaport security plan shall provide that:
- Any person who has within the past 7 years been convicted, regardless of whether adjudication was withheld, for a forcible felony as defined in s. 776.08; an act of terrorism as defined in s. 775.30; planting of a hoax bomb as provided in s. 790.165; any violation involving the manufacture, possession, sale, delivery, display, use, or attempted or threatened use of a weapon of mass destruction or hoax weapon of mass destruction as provided in s. 790.166; dealing in stolen property; any violation of s. 893.135; any violation involving the sale, manufacturing, delivery, or possession with intent to sell, manufacture, or deliver a controlled substance; burglary; robbery; any felony violation of s. 812.014; any violation of s. 790.07; any crime an element of which includes use or possession of a firearm; any conviction for any similar offenses under the laws of another jurisdiction; or conviction for conspiracy to commit any of the listed offenses shall not be qualified for initial employment within or regular access to a seaport or restricted access area; and

2. Any person who has at any time been convicted for any of the listed offenses shall not be qualified for initial employment within or authorized regular access to a seaport or restricted access area unless, after release from incarceration and any supervision imposed as a sentence, the person remained free from a subsequent conviction, regardless of whether adjudication was withheld, for any of the listed offenses for a period of at least 7 years prior to the employment or access date under consideration.

Section 7. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to sections 893.13 and 893.135, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (4) and subsection (6) of section 397.451, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

- 397.451 Background checks of service provider personnel.--
- (4) EXEMPTIONS FROM DISQUALIFICATION. --

- (b) Since rehabilitated substance abuse impaired persons are effective in the successful treatment and rehabilitation of substance abuse impaired adolescents, for service providers which treat adolescents 13 years of age and older, service provider personnel whose background checks indicate crimes under s. 817.563, s. 893.13, or s. 893.147 may be exempted from disqualification from employment pursuant to this paragraph.
- (6) DISQUALIFICATION FROM RECEIVING STATE FUNDS.—State funds may not be disseminated to any service provider owned or operated by an owner, director, or chief financial officer who has been convicted of, has entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, or has had adjudication withheld for, a violation of s. 893.135 pertaining to trafficking in controlled

Page 16 of 99

439

440

441

442

443

444

445

446

447

448

449

450

451

452

453

454

455

456

457

458

459

460

461

462

463

464

465

466

substances, or a violation of the law of another state, the District of Columbia, the United States or any possession or territory thereof, or any foreign jurisdiction which is substantially similar in elements and penalties to a trafficking offense in this state, unless the owner's or director's civil rights have been restored.

Section 8. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 893.135, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (1) of section 414.095, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

414.095 Determining eligibility for temporary cash assistance.--

ELIGIBILITY. -- An applicant must meet eligibility (1)requirements of this section before receiving services or temporary cash assistance under this chapter, except that an applicant shall be required to register for work and engage in work activities in accordance with s. 445.024, as designated by the regional workforce board, and may receive support services or child care assistance in conjunction with such requirement. The department shall make a determination of eligibility based on the criteria listed in this chapter. The department shall monitor continued eligibility for temporary cash assistance through periodic reviews consistent with the food stamp eligibility process. Benefits shall not be denied to an individual solely based on a felony drug conviction, unless the conviction is for trafficking pursuant to s. 893.135. To be eligible under this section, an individual convicted of a drug felony must be satisfactorily meeting the requirements of the Page 17 of 99

temporary cash assistance program, including all substance abuse treatment requirements. Within the limits specified in this chapter, the state opts out of the provision of Pub. L. No. 104-193, s. 115, that eliminates eligibility for temporary cash assistance and food stamps for any individual convicted of a controlled substance felony.

- Section 9. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 893.13, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (2) of section 435.07, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:
- 435.07 Exemptions from disqualification.--Unless otherwise provided by law, the provisions of this section shall apply to exemptions from disqualification.
- (2) Persons employed by treatment providers who treat adolescents 13 years of age and older who are disqualified from employment solely because of crimes under s. 817.563, s. 893.13, or s. 893.147 may be exempted from disqualification from employment pursuant to this section without the 3-year waiting period.
- Section 10. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to sections 893.13 and 893.135, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 772.12, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:
  - 772.12 Drug Dealer Liability Act.--
- (2) A person, including any governmental entity, has a cause of action for threefold the actual damages sustained and is entitled to minimum damages in the amount of \$1,000 and reasonable attorney's fees and court costs in the trial and Page 18 of 99

appellate courts, if the person proves by the greater weight of the evidence that:

- (a) The person was injured because of the defendant's actions that resulted in the defendant's conviction for:
- 1. A violation of s. 893.13, except for a violation of s. 893.13(2)(a) or (b), (3), (5), (6)(a), (b), or (c), (7); or
  - 2. A violation of s. 893.135; and

Section 11. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 893.135, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of subsection (3) and of section 775.087, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

- 775.087 Possession or use of weapon; aggravated battery; felony reclassification; minimum sentence.--
- (2)(a)1. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony, regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and the conviction was for:
- 512 a. Murder;

497

498

499

500

501

502

503

504

505

506

507

508

509

510

511

- 513 b. Sexual battery;
- 514 c. Robbery;
- d. Burglary;
- 516 e. Arson;
- f. Aggravated assault;
- g. Aggravated battery;
- 519 h. Kidnapping;
- 520 i. Escape;
- 521 j. Aircraft piracy;
- k. Aggravated child abuse;

Page 19 of 99

1. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult;

- m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a destructive device or bomb;
  - n. Carjacking;
  - o. Home-invasion robbery;
  - p. Aggravated stalking;
- q. Trafficking in cannabis, trafficking in cocaine,
- capital importation of cocaine, trafficking in illegal drugs,
- 532 capital importation of illegal drugs, trafficking in
- 533 phencyclidine, capital importation of phencyclidine, trafficking
- in methagualone, capital importation of methagualone,
- 535 trafficking in amphetamine, capital importation of amphetamine,
- 536 trafficking in flunitrazepam, trafficking in gamma-
- 537 hydroxybutyric acid (GHB), trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol,
- 538 trafficking in Phenethylamines, or other violation of s.
- 539 893.135(1); or
- r. Possession of a firearm by a felon

541542

543

544

545546

547

548

525

526

527

528

529

and during the commission of the offense, such person actually possessed a "firearm" or "destructive device" as those terms are defined in s. 790.001, shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 10 years, except that a person who is convicted for aggravated assault, possession of a firearm by a felon, or burglary of a conveyance shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years if such person possessed a "firearm" or

"destructive device" during the commission of the offense.

2. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in sub-subparagraphs (a)1.a.-q., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony such person discharged a "firearm" or "destructive device" as defined in s. 790.001 shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 20 years.

- 3. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in sub-subparagraphs (a)1.a.-q., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony such person discharged a "firearm" or "destructive device" as defined in s. 790.001 and, as the result of the discharge, death or great bodily harm was inflicted upon any person, the convicted person shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years and not more than a term of imprisonment of life in prison.
- (3)(a)1. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony, regardless of whether the use of a firearm is an element of the felony, and the conviction was for:
  - a. Murder;
- b. Sexual battery;
  - c. Robbery;
- d. Burglary;
- e. Arson;

550

551

552

553

554

555

556

557

558

559

560

561

562

563

564

565

566

567

568

569

570

571

572

- f. Aggravated assault;
- g. Aggravated battery;
- 577 h. Kidnapping;

Page 21 of 99

578 i. Escape; 579 Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell, 580 manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance; 581 Aircraft piracy; 582 Aggravated child abuse; 1. 583 Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled m. 584 adult; Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 585 destructive device or bomb; 586 587 o. Carjacking; 588 Home-invasion robbery; p. 589 Aggravated stalking; or q. 590 Trafficking in cannabis, trafficking in cocaine, r. 591 capital importation of cocaine, trafficking in illegal drugs, capital importation of illegal drugs, trafficking in 592 593 phencyclidine, capital importation of phencyclidine, trafficking 594 in methaqualone, capital importation of methaqualone, 595 trafficking in amphetamine, capital importation of amphetamine, 596 trafficking in flunitrazepam, trafficking in gamma-597 hydroxybutyric acid (GHB), trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol, 598 trafficking in Phenethylamines, or other violation of s. 599 893.135(1); 600 and during the commission of the offense, such person possessed 601 602 a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box 603 magazine or a machine gun as defined in s. 790.001, shall be

Page 22 of 99

sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 15 years.

2. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in subparagraph (a)1., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony such person discharged a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity box magazine or a "machine gun" as defined in s. 790.001 shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 20 years.

- 3. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in subparagraph (a)1., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony such person discharged a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity box magazine or a "machine gun" as defined in s. 790.001 and, as the result of the discharge, death or great bodily harm was inflicted upon any person, the convicted person shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years and not more than a term of imprisonment of life in prison.
- Section 12. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 893.135, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (3), and paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 782.04, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:
  - 782.04 Murder.--

- (1)(a) The unlawful killing of a human being:
- 1. When perpetrated from a premeditated design to effect the death of the person killed or any human being;

Page 23 of 99

HB 1347 CS 2005

CS 632 When committed by a person engaged in the perpetration 633 of, or in the attempt to perpetrate, any: 634 Trafficking offense prohibited by s. 893.135(1), 635 b. Arson, 636 Sexual battery, c. 637 d. Robbery, 638 Burglary, e. f. 639 Kidnapping, 640 q. Escape, 641 Aggravated child abuse, h. 642 Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled 643 adult, 644 Aircraft piracy, j. 645 k. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a destructive device or bomb, 646 647 1. Carjacking, 648 Home-invasion robbery, m. Aggravated stalking, 649 n. 650 Murder of another human being, ο. 651 Resisting an officer with violence to his or her р. 652 person, 653 Felony that is an act of terrorism or is in furtherance of an act of terrorism; or 654 655 Which resulted from the unlawful distribution of any 656 substance controlled under s. 893.03(1), cocaine as described in 657 s. 893.03(2)(a)4., or opium or any synthetic or natural salt,

Page 24 of 99

compound, derivative, or preparation of opium by a person 18

years of age or older, when such drug is proven to be the proximate cause of the death of the user,

is murder in the first degree and constitutes a capital felony, punishable as provided in s. 775.082.

- (3) When a person is killed in the perpetration of, or in the attempt to perpetrate, any:
  - (a) Trafficking offense prohibited by s. 893.135(1),

by a person other than the person engaged in the perpetration of or in the attempt to perpetrate such felony, the person perpetrating or attempting to perpetrate such felony is guilty of murder in the second degree, which constitutes a felony of the first degree, punishable by imprisonment for a term of years not exceeding life or as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(4) The unlawful killing of a human being, when perpetrated without any design to effect death, by a person engaged in the perpetration of, or in the attempt to perpetrate, any felony other than any:

(a) Trafficking offense prohibited by s. 893.135(1),

is murder in the third degree and constitutes a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

 Section 13. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 893.033, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto,

Page 25 of 99

subsection (12) of section 893.02, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

- 893.02 Definitions.--The following words and phrases as used in this chapter shall have the following meanings, unless the context otherwise requires:
- (12) "Listed chemical" means any precursor chemical or essential chemical named or described in s. 893.033.

Section 14. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to sections 893.13 and 893.135, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (1) of section 893.1351, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

- 893.1351 Lease or rent for the purpose of trafficking in a controlled substance.--
- (1) A person may not lease or rent any place, structure, or part thereof, trailer, or other conveyance, with the knowledge that such place, structure, trailer, or conveyance will be used for the purpose of trafficking in a controlled substance, as provided in s. 893.135, or the sale of a controlled substance, as provided in s. 893.13.

Section 15. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to sections 893.13 and 893.135, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, section 903.133, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

903.133 Bail on appeal; prohibited for certain felony convictions.—Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 903.132, no person adjudged guilty of a felony of the first degree for a violation of s. 782.04(2) or (3), s. 787.01, s. 794.011(4), s. 806.01, s. 893.13, or s. 893.135, or adjudged guilty of a

Page 26 of 99

violation of s. 794.011(2) or (3), shall be admitted to bail pending review either by posttrial motion or appeal.

Section 16. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 893.135, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 907.041, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

907.041 Pretrial detention and release. --

(4) PRETRIAL DETENTION. --

- (c) The court may order pretrial detention if it finds a substantial probability, based on a defendant's past and present patterns of behavior, the criteria in s. 903.046, and any other relevant facts, that any of the following circumstances exists:
- 1. The defendant has previously violated conditions of release and that no further conditions of release are reasonably likely to assure the defendant's appearance at subsequent proceedings;
- 2. The defendant, with the intent to obstruct the judicial process, has threatened, intimidated, or injured any victim, potential witness, juror, or judicial officer, or has attempted or conspired to do so, and that no condition of release will reasonably prevent the obstruction of the judicial process;
- 3. The defendant is charged with trafficking in controlled substances as defined by s. 893.135, that there is a substantial probability that the defendant has committed the offense, and that no conditions of release will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance at subsequent criminal proceedings; or
- 4. The defendant is charged with DUI manslaughter, as defined by s. 316.193, and that there is a substantial Page 27 of 99

probability that the defendant committed the crime and that the defendant poses a threat of harm to the community; conditions that would support a finding by the court pursuant to this subparagraph that the defendant poses a threat of harm to the community include, but are not limited to, any of the following:

- a. The defendant has previously been convicted of any crime under s. 316.193, or of any crime in any other state or territory of the United States that is substantially similar to any crime under s. 316.193;
- b. The defendant was driving with a suspended driver's license when the charged crime was committed; or
- c. The defendant has previously been found guilty of, or has had adjudication of guilt withheld for, driving while the defendant's driver's license was suspended or revoked in violation of s. 322.34;
- 5. The defendant poses the threat of harm to the community. The court may so conclude, if it finds that the defendant is presently charged with a dangerous crime, that there is a substantial probability that the defendant committed such crime, that the factual circumstances of the crime indicate a disregard for the safety of the community, and that there are no conditions of release reasonably sufficient to protect the community from the risk of physical harm to persons.
- 6. The defendant was on probation, parole, or other release pending completion of sentence or on pretrial release for a dangerous crime at the time the current offense was committed; or

7. The defendant has violated one or more conditions of pretrial release or bond for the offense currently before the court and the violation, in the discretion of the court, supports a finding that no conditions of release can reasonably protect the community from risk of physical harm to persons or assure the presence of the accused at trial.

Section 17. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 893.135, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraphs (g), (h), and (i) of subsection (3) of section 921.0022, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity ranking chart.--

(3) OFFENSE SEVERITY RANKING CHART

Falony

783

784

785

786

Florida

782

769

770

771

772

773

774

775

776

777

778

779

780 781

Florida	relony	Description
Statute	Degree	
		(g) LEVEL 7
316.027(1)(b)	2nd	Accident involving death, failure to stop; leaving scene.
316.193(3)(c)2.	3rd	DUI resulting in serious bodily injury.
316.1935(3)(b)	1st	Causing serious bodily injury or

Decarintion

Page 29 of 99

death to another person; driving

			at high speed or with wanton
			disregard for safety while
			fleeing or attempting to elude
			law enforcement officer who is
			in a patrol vehicle with siren
			and lights activated.
787			
	327.35(3)(c)2.	3rd	Vessel BUI resulting in serious
			bodily injury.
788			
	402.319(2)	2nd	Misrepresentation and negligence
			or intentional act resulting in
			great bodily harm, permanent
			disfiguration, permanent
			disability, or death.
789			
	409.920(2)	3rd	Medicaid provider fraud.
790			
	456.065(2)	3rd	Practicing a health care
			profession without a license.
791			
	456.065(2)	2nd	Practicing a health care
			profession without a license
			which results in serious bodily
			injury.
792			
	458.327(1)	3rd	Practicing medicine without a
	•		

Page 30 of 99

HB 1347 CS

	115 13 17 03		CS
793			license.
	459.013(1)	3rd	Practicing osteopathic medicine without a license.
794	460.411(1)	3rd	Practicing chiropractic medicine without a license.
795	461.012(1)	3rd	Practicing podiatric medicine without a license.
796	462.17	3rd	Practicing naturopathy without a license.
797	463.015(1)	3rd	Practicing optometry without a license.
798	464.016(1)	3rd	Practicing nursing without a license.
799	465.015(2)	3rd	Practicing pharmacy without a license.
800	466.026(1)	3rd	Practicing dentistry or dental hygiene without a license.
801	467.201	3rd	Practicing midwifery without a

Page 31 of 99

	HB 1347 CS		2	2005 <b>CS</b>
802			license.	
803	468.366	3rd	Delivering respiratory care services without a license.	
803	483.828(1)	3rd	Practicing as clinical laboratory personnel without a license.	
804	483.901(9)	3rd	Practicing medical physics without a license.	
805	484.013(1)(c)	3rd	Preparing or dispensing optical devices without a prescription	
807	484.053	3rd	Dispensing hearing aids without a license.	-
807	494.0018(2)	1st	Conviction of any violation of ss. 494.001-494.0077 in which the total money and property unlawfully obtained exceeded \$50,000 and there were five or more victims.	
808	560.123(8)(b)1.	3rd	Failure to report currency or	
	300.123(0)(D)1.	514	payment instruments exceeding	

Page 32 of 99

HB 1347 CS

	TID 1347 C3		CS
809			\$300 but less than \$20,000 by money transmitter.
	560.125(5)(a)	3rd	Money transmitter business by unauthorized person, currency or payment instruments exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000.
810	655.50(10)(b)1.	3rd	Failure to report financial transactions exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000 by financial institution.
	782.051(3)	2nd	Attempted felony murder of a person by a person other than the perpetrator or the perpetrator of an attempted felony.
812	782.07(1)	2nd	Killing of a human being by the act, procurement, or culpable negligence of another (manslaughter).
813	782.071	2nd	Killing of human being or viable fetus by the operation of a motor vehicle in a reckless

Page 33 of 99

HB 1347 CS	2005
	CS

			manner (vehicular homicide).
814			
	782.072	2nd	Killing of a human being by the
			operation of a vessel in a reckless manner (vessel
			homicide).
815			nomiciae).
	784.045(1)(a)1.	2nd	Aggravated battery;
			intentionally causing great
			bodily harm or disfigurement.
816			
	784.045(1)(a)2.	2nd	Aggravated battery; using deadly
			weapon.
817			
	784.045(1)(b)	2nd	Aggravated battery; perpetrator
			aware victim pregnant.
818	704 040/4)	2 . 1	
	784.048(4)	3rd	Aggravated stalking; violation
819			of injunction or court order.
010	784.048(7)	3rd	Aggravated stalking; violation
			of court order.
820			
	784.07(2)(d)	1st	Aggravated battery on law
			enforcement officer.
821			
	784.074(1)(a)	1st	Aggravated battery on sexually
		5	

Page 34 of 99

HB 1347 CS

827

828

829

790.16(1)

790.165(2)

			violent predators facility
			staff.
822			
	784.08(2)(a)	1st	Aggravated battery on a person
			65 years of age or older.
823			
	784.081(1)	1st	Aggravated battery on specified
			official or employee.
824			
	784.082(1)	1st	Aggravated battery by detained
			person on visitor or other
			detainee.
825			
	784.083(1)	1st	Aggravated battery on code
			inspector.
826			
	790.07(4)	1st	Specified weapons violation

Page 35 of 99

(2).

subsequent to previous

specified circumstances.

deliver hoax bomb.

conviction of s. 790.07(1) or

Discharge of a machine gun under

Manufacture, sell, possess, or

1st

2nd

2005

CS

	HB 1347 CS		2005 <b>CS</b>
	790.165(3)	2nd	Possessing, displaying, or threatening to use any hoax bomb while committing or attempting to commit a felony.
830			
831	790.166(3)	2nd	Possessing, selling, using, or attempting to use a hoax weapon of mass destruction.
	790.166(4)	2nd	Possessing, displaying, or threatening to use a hoax weapon of mass destruction while committing or attempting to commit a felony.
832			
	796.03	2nd	Procuring any person under 16 years for prostitution.
833	800.04(5)(c)1.	2nd	Lewd or lascivious molestation; victim less than 12 years of age; offender less than 18 years.
	800.04(5)(c)2.	2nd	Lewd or lascivious molestation; victim 12 years of age or older but less than 16 years; offender 18 years or older.
835		Dag	ne 36 of 00

Page 36 of 99

	HB 1347 CS		2005 <b>CS</b>
	806.01(2)	2nd	Maliciously damage structure by fire or explosive.
836			
	810.02(3)(a)	2nd	Burglary of occupied dwelling; unarmed; no assault or battery.
837			
	810.02(3)(b)	2nd	Burglary of unoccupied dwelling; unarmed; no assault or battery.
838			
	810.02(3)(d)	2nd	Burglary of occupied conveyance; unarmed; no assault or battery.
839			
	812.014(2)(a)1.	1st	Property stolen, valued at \$100,000 or more; property
			stolen while causing other
			property damage; 1st degree grand theft.
840			
	812.014(2)(b)2.	2nd	Property stolen, cargo valued at less than \$50,000, grand theft in 2nd degree.
841			
	812.014(2)(b)3.	2nd	Property stolen, emergency medical equipment; 2nd degree grand theft.
842			
	812.0145(2)(a)	1st	Theft from person 65 years of

Page 37 of 99

			CS
843			age or older; \$50,000 or more.
	812.019(2)	1st	Stolen property; initiates, organizes, plans, etc., the theft of property and traffics in stolen property.
844			
845	812.131(2)(a)	2nd	Robbery by sudden snatching.
	812.133(2)(b)	1st	Carjacking; no firearm, deadly weapon, or other weapon.
846			
	817.234(8)(a)	2nd	Solicitation of motor vehicle accident victims with intent to defraud.
847			
	817.234(9)	2nd	Organizing, planning, or participating in an intentional motor vehicle collision.
848			
0.40	817.234(11)(c)	1st	<pre>Insurance fraud; property value \$100,000 or more.</pre>
849	817.2341(2)(b) & (3)(b)	1st	Making false entries of material fact or false statements regarding property values relating to the solvency of an

Page 38 of 99

2005

HB 1347 CS				2005
				CS
	_	_		

			insuring entity which are a
			significant cause of the
			insolvency of that entity.
850			
	825.102(3)(b)	2nd	Neglecting an elderly person or
			disabled adult causing great
			bodily harm, disability, or
			disfigurement.
851			
	825.103(2)(b)	2nd	Exploiting an elderly person or
			disabled adult and property is
			valued at \$20,000 or more, but
			less than \$100,000.
852			
	827.03(3)(b)	2nd	Neglect of a child causing great
			bodily harm, disability, or
			disfigurement.
853			
	827.04(3)	3rd	Impregnation of a child under 16
			years of age by person 21 years
			of age or older.
854			
	837.05(2)	3rd	Giving false information about
			alleged capital felony to a law
0.5.5			enforcement officer.
855	020 015	0 1	
	838.015	2nd	Bribery.
856			D 20 . L 00

Page 39 of 99

	HB 1347 CS		2005 <b>CS</b>	
	838.016	2nd	Unlawful compensation or reward for official behavior.	
857 858	838.021(3)(a)	2nd	Unlawful harm to a public servant.	
859	838.22	2nd	Bid tampering.	
860	872.06	2nd	Abuse of a dead human body.	
861	893.13(1)(c)1.	1st	Sell, manufacture, or deliver cocaine (or other drug prohibited under s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4.) within 1,000 feet of a child care facility, school, or state, county, or municipal park or publicly owned recreational facility or community center.	
	893.13(1)(e)1.	lst	Sell, manufacture, or deliver cocaine or other drug prohibited under s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4., within 1,000 feet of property used for religious	

Page 40 of 99

	HB 1347 CS		2	005 <b>CS</b>
862			services or a specified busines site.	S
863	893.13(4)(a)	1st	Deliver to minor cocaine (or other s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4. drugs).	
864	893.135(1)(a)1.	1st	Trafficking in cannabis, more than 25 lbs., less than 2,000 lbs.	
865	893.135(1)(b)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in cocaine, more than 28 grams, less than 200 grams.	
	893.135(1)(c)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in illegal drugs, more than 4 grams, less than 14 grams.	
866	893.135(1)(d)1.	1st	Trafficking in phencyclidine, more than 28 grams, less than 200 grams.	
867	893.135(1)(e)1.	1st	Trafficking in methaqualone, more than 200 grams, less than kilograms.	5
ı		5	. 41 - 000	

Page 41 of 99

			CS
	893.135(1)(f)1.	1st	Trafficking in amphetamine, more
			than 14 grams, less than 28
			grams.
869			
	893.135(1)(g)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in flunitrazepam, 4
			grams or more, less than 14
			grams.
870			
	893.135(1)(h)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in gamma-
			hydroxybutyric acid (GHB), 1
			kilogram or more, less than 5
			kilograms.
871			
	893.135(1)(j)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol, 1
			kilogram or more, less than 5
			kilograms.
872			
	893.135(1)(k)2.a.	1st	Trafficking in Phenethylamines,
			10 grams or more, less than 200
			grams.
873			
	896.101(5)(a)	3rd	Money laundering, financial
			transactions exceeding \$300 but
			less than \$20,000.
874			
	896.104(4)(a)1.	3rd	Structuring transactions to
			evade reporting or registration
		<b>F</b>	40 of 00

Page 42 of 99

2005

			requirements, financial
			transactions exceeding \$300 but
			less than \$20,000.
875			
			(h) LEVEL 8
876			
	316.193(3)(c)3.a.	2nd	DUI manslaughter.
877			
	316.1935(4)(b)	1st	Aggravated fleeing or attempted
			eluding with serious bodily
			injury or death.
878			
	327.35(3)(c)3.	2nd	Vessel BUI manslaughter.
879			
	499.0051(7)	1st	Forgery of prescription or
			legend drug labels.
880			
	499.0052	1st	Trafficking in contraband legend
			drugs.
881			
	560.123(8)(b)2.	2nd	Failure to report currency or
			payment instruments totaling or
			exceeding \$20,000, but less than
			\$100,000 by money transmitter.
882			
	560.125(5)(b)	2nd	Money transmitter business by
			unauthorized person, currency or

Page 43 of 99

	HB 1347 CS		2005 <b>CS</b>
			payment instruments totaling or
			exceeding \$20,000, but less than
			\$100,000.
883			
	655.50(10)(b)2.	2nd	Failure to report financial
			transactions totaling or
			exceeding \$20,000, but less than
			\$100,000 by financial
			institutions.
884			
	777.03(2)(a)	1st	Accessory after the fact,
			capital felony.
885			
	782.04(4)	2nd	Killing of human without design
			when engaged in act or attempt
			of any felony other than arson,
			sexual battery, robbery,
			burglary, kidnapping, aircraft
			piracy, or unlawfully
0.06			discharging bomb.
886	782.051(2)	1 a +	Attempted felony murder while
	762.031(2)	1st	perpetrating or attempting to
			perpetrating of attempting to perpetrate a felony not
			enumerated in s. 782.04(3).
887			Ciramerated III 5. 702.01(5).
	782.071(1)(b)	1st	Committing vehicular homicide
ļ		Do	go 44 of 00

Page 44 of 99

	HB 1347 CS		2005 CS	
			and failing to render aid or	
			give information.	
888	782.072(2)	1st	Committing vessel homicide and	
	702.072(2)	150	failing to render aid or give	
			information.	
889				
	790.161(3)	1st	Discharging a destructive device	
			which results in bodily harm or property damage.	
890			property damage.	
	794.011(5)	2nd	Sexual battery, victim 12 years	
			or over, offender does not use	
			physical force likely to cause	
891			serious injury.	
0,71	800.04(4)	2nd	Lewd or lascivious battery.	
892				
	806.01(1)	1st	Maliciously damage dwelling or	
			structure by fire or explosive,	
893			believing person in structure.	
	810.02(2)(a)	1st,PBL	Burglary with assault or	
			battery.	
894				
	810.02(2)(b)	1st,PBL	Burglary; armed with explosives	
895			or dangerous weapon.	
		_	45 600	

Page 45 of 99

			CS
	810.02(2)(c)	1st	Burglary of a dwelling or
			structure causing structural
			damage or \$1,000 or more
			property damage.
896			
	812.014(2)(a)2.	1st	Property stolen; cargo valued at
			\$50,000 or more, grand theft in
			1st degree.
897			
	812.13(2)(b)	1st	Robbery with a weapon.
898	0.1.0.1.0.7.4.0.7.0.7		
	812.135(2)(c)	1st	Home-invasion robbery, no
			firearm, deadly weapon, or other
899			weapon.
099	817.568(6)	2nd	Fraudulent use of personal
	017.300(0)	2110	identification information of an
			individual under the age of 18.
900			
	825.102(2)	2nd	Aggravated abuse of an elderly
			person or disabled adult.
901			
	825.1025(2)	2nd	Lewd or lascivious battery upon
			an elderly person or disabled
			adult.
902			
	825.103(2)(a)	1st	Exploiting an elderly person or
		D	1/

Page 46 of 99

2005

	HB 1347 CS		2005 CS
903			disabled adult and property is valued at \$100,000 or more.
904	837.02(2)	2nd	Perjury in official proceedings relating to prosecution of a capital felony.
	837.021(2)	2nd	Making contradictory statements in official proceedings relating to prosecution of a capital felony.
905	860.121(2)(c)	1st	Shooting at or throwing any object in path of railroad vehicle resulting in great bodily harm.
906	860.16	1st	Aircraft piracy.
	893.13(1)(b)	1st	Sell or deliver in excess of 10 grams of any substance specified in s. 893.03(1)(a) or (b).
908	893.13(2)(b)	1st	Purchase in excess of 10 grams of any substance specified in s. 893.03(1)(a) or (b).
909			

Page 47 of 99

	HB 1347 CS			2005 <b>CS</b>
910	893.13(6)(c)	1st	Possess in excess of 10 grams any substance specified in s. 893.03(1)(a) or (b).	of
911	893.135(1)(a)2.	1st	Trafficking in cannabis, more than 2,000 lbs., less than 10,000 lbs.	
	893.135(1)(b)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in cocaine, more than 200 grams, less than 400 grams.	
912	893.135(1)(c)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in illegal drugs, more than 14 grams, less than grams.	28
	893.135(1)(d)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in phencyclidine, more than 200 grams, less than 400 grams.	n
914	893.135(1)(e)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in methaqualone, more than 5 kilograms, less the 25 kilograms.	han
915	893.135(1)(f)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in amphetamine, mother than 28 grams, less than 200 grams.	ore
916		Dan	a 18 of 00	

Page 48 of 99

	HB 1347 CS			2005 <b>CS</b>
	893.135(1)(g)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in flunitrazepam,	14
			grams or more, less than 28	
			grams.	
917				
	893.135(1)(h)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in gamma-	
			hydroxybutyric acid (GHB), 5	
			kilograms or more, less than	10
918			kilograms.	
910	893.135(1)(j)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol	. 5
			kilograms or more, less than	
			kilograms.	
919				
	893.135(1)(k)2.b.	1st	Trafficking in Phenethylamine	s,
			200 grams or more, less than	400
			grams.	
920				
	895.03(1)	1st	Use or invest proceeds derive	d
			from pattern of racketeering	
0.01			activity.	
921	895.03(2)	1st	Acquire or maintain through	
	095.03(2)	ISC	racketeering activity any	
			interest in or control of any	
			enterprise or real property.	
922				
	895.03(3)	1st	Conduct or participate in any	
			to 40 of 00	

Page 49 of 99

928

929

499.0053

923			enterprise through pattern of racketeering activity.
	896.101(5)(b)	2nd	Money laundering, financial transactions totaling or exceeding \$20,000, but less than \$100,000.
924	896.104(4)(a)2.	2nd	Structuring transactions to evade reporting or registration requirements, financial transactions totaling or exceeding \$20,000 but less than \$100,000.
925 926			(i) LEVEL 9
	316.193(3)(c)3.b.	1st	DUI manslaughter; failing to render aid or give information.
927	327.35(3)(c)3.b.	1st	BUI manslaughter; failing to render aid or give information.

Page 50 of 99

bodily harm.

Sale or purchase of contraband

legend drugs resulting in great

1st

2005

CS

	HB 1347 CS		2005 <b>CS</b>	
930	560.123(8)(b)3.	1st	Failure to report currency or payment instruments totaling or exceeding \$100,000 by money transmitter.	
931	560.125(5)(c)	1st	Money transmitter business by unauthorized person, currency, or payment instruments totaling or exceeding \$100,000.	
932	655.50(10)(b)3.	1st	Failure to report financial transactions totaling or exceeding \$100,000 by financial institution.	
933	775.0844	1st	Aggravated white collar crime.	
	782.04(1)	1st	Attempt, conspire, or solicit to commit premeditated murder.	
934	782.04(3)	1st,PBL	Accomplice to murder in connection with arson, sexual battery, robbery, burglary, and other specified felonies.	
935	782.051(1)	1st	Attempted felony murder while perpetrating or attempting to	

Page 51 of 99

	10 10 17 00		CS
			perpetrate a felony enumerated in s. 782.04(3).
936	782.07(2)	1st	Aggravated manslaughter of an elderly person or disabled
937			adult.
	787.01(1)(a)1.	1st,PBL	Kidnapping; hold for ransom or reward or as a shield or hostage.
938	787.01(1)(a)2.	1st,PBL	Kidnapping with intent to commit or facilitate commission of any felony.
939			
	787.01(1)(a)4.	1st,PBL	Kidnapping with intent to interfere with performance of any governmental or political function.
940			
	787.02(3)(a)	1st	False imprisonment; child under age 13; perpetrator also commits aggravated child abuse, sexual battery, or lewd or lascivious battery, molestation, conduct, or exhibition.
941			

Page 52 of 99

2005

	HB 1347 CS		2005 <b>CS</b>
942	790.161	1st	Attempted capital destructive device offense.
	790.166(2)	1st,PBL	Possessing, selling, using, or attempting to use a weapon of mass destruction.
943	794.011(2)	1st	Attempted sexual battery; victim less than 12 years of age.
944	794.011(2)	Life	Sexual battery; offender younger than 18 years and commits sexual battery on a person less than 12 years.
945	794.011(4)	1st	Sexual battery; victim 12 years or older, certain circumstances.
946	794.011(8)(b)	1st	Sexual battery; engage in sexual conduct with minor 12 to 18 years by person in familial or custodial authority.
947	800.04(5)(b)	1st	Lewd or lascivious molestation; victim less than 12 years; offender 18 years or older.

Page 53 of 99

	HB 1347 CS		2005 <b>CS</b>
0.4.0	812.13(2)(a)	1st,PBL	Robbery with firearm or other deadly weapon.
949	812.133(2)(a)	1st,PBL	Carjacking; firearm or other deadly weapon.
950	812.135(2)(b)	1st	Home-invasion robbery with weapon.
951	817.568(7)	2nd,PBL	Fraudulent use of personal identification information of an individual under the age of 18 by his or her parent, legal
			guardian, or person exercising custodial authority.
952 953	827.03(2)	1st	Aggravated child abuse.
	847.0145(1)	1st	Selling, or otherwise transferring custody or control, of a minor.
954	847.0145(2)	1st	Purchasing, or otherwise obtaining custody or control, of a minor.
955	859.01	1st	Poisoning or introducing

Page 54 of 99

HB 1347 CS	2005
	CS

			bacteria, radioactive materials,
			viruses, or chemical compounds
			into food, drink, medicine, or
			water with intent to kill or
			injure another person.
956			injure uncerter person.
750	893.135	1st	Attempted capital trafficking
			offense.
957			
	893.135(1)(a)3.	1st	Trafficking in cannabis, more
			than 10,000 lbs.
958			
	893.135(1)(b)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in cocaine, more
			than 400 grams, less than 150
			kilograms.
959			
	893.135(1)(c)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in illegal drugs,
			more than 28 grams, less than 30
			kilograms.
960			
	893.135(1)(d)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in phencyclidine,
			more than 400 grams.
961			
	893.135(1)(e)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in methaqualone,
			more than 25 kilograms.
962			<del>-</del>
	893.135(1)(f)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in amphetamine, more
		Dan	na 55 of 00

Page 55 of 99

	HB 1347 CS			2005 <b>CS</b>
			than 200 grams.	
963	893.135(1)(h)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in gamma- hydroxybutyric acid (GHB), 10 kilograms or more.	
964	893.135(1)(j)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol 10 kilograms or more.	,
965	893.135(1)(k)2.c.	1st	Trafficking in Phenethylamine:	5,
966	896.101(5)(c)	1st	Money laundering, financial	
			<pre>instruments totaling or exceeding \$100,000.</pre>	
967			exceeding \$100,000.	
	896.104(4)(a)3.	1st	Structuring transactions to evade reporting or registration requirements, financial transactions totaling or exceeding \$100,000.	on
968				
969			se of incorporating the amendme	ent
970			atutes, in a reference thereto,	
971		ection 921.0	0024, Florida Statutes, is	
972	reenacted to read:	inal Duniah	ont Codo: workshoot somputation	og:
973 974	scoresheets	ınaı Punishm	nent Code; worksheet computation	115 /
•		Pag	e 56 of 99	

Page 56 of 99

975	(1)(a) T	he Criminal Punis	shment Code worksh	eet is used to
976	compute the su	btotal and total	sentence points as	s follows:
977				
978		FLORIDA CRIMIN	AL PUNISHMENT CODE	
979		WOR	RKSHEET	
980				
981		OFFEN	ISE SCORE	
982				
983				
984		Primar	ry Offense	
985				
	Level	Sentence Point	S	Total
986				
	10	116	=	
987				
	9	92	=	
988				
	8	74	=	
989	-			
0.00	7	56	=	
990		2.6		
0.01	6	36	=	
991	5	2.0	_	
992	5	28	=	
224	4	22	=	
993	τ	<u> </u>	_	
223				

Page 57 of 99

	HB 1347 CS						2005 <b>CS</b>
994	3	16		=			
	2	10		=			
995	1	4		=			
996					m		
997					Total		
998 999			Additiona	l Offenses			
	Level	Sentence Points		Counts		Total	
1000							
1001	10	58	x		=		
1002	9	46	х		=		
	8	37	x		=		
1003	7	28	x		=		
1004	6	18	x		=		
1005	5	5.4	V		_		
1006			Х		=		
1007	4	3.6	Х		=		
			_				

Page 58 of 99

	HB 1347 CS								2005 <b>CS</b>
1008	3	2.4	х			=			
1009	2	1.2	х			=			
1010	1	0.7	x			=			
	M	0.2	x			=			
1011							Total		
1012				77. a. b. d. m.	T-0				
1013	Level	Sentence Points		VICTIM	Injury Number			Total	
1014									
	2nd	240	x			=			
	degree murder-								
	death								
1015	Death	120	х			=			
1016	Deach	120	Λ			_			
	Severe	40	х			=			
1017									
1018	Moderate	18	х			=			
1019	Slight	4	х			=			
				<b>.</b>					

Page 59 of 99

	HB 1347 CS						2005 <b>CS</b>
	Sexual	80	х		=		
	penetrati						
	on						
1020	022						
	Sexual	40	x		=		
	contact						
1021							
					Total		
1022							
1023	Primary O	ffense + Ado	ditional Off	Eenses + Vio	ctim Injury	=	
1024			TOTAL OF	FENSE SCORE			
1025							
1026			PRIOR RE	CORD SCORE			
1027							
1028			Prior	Record			
	Level	Sentence		Number		Total	
		Points					
1029							
	10	29	X		=		
1030	_						
	9	23	X		=		
1031	0	1.0					
1020	8	19	Х		=		
1032	7	14	v		=		
1033	1	T.#	х		-		
1000							

Page 60 of 99

	HB 134	47 CS							2005 <b>CS</b>
	6		9	x			=		
1034									
	5		3.6	х		<del></del>	=		
1035	_								
1006	4		2.4	Х			=		
1036	2		1 6						
1037	3		1.6	Х			=		
1037	2		0.8	x			=		
1038	2		0.0	21		<del></del>			
	1		0.5	x			=		
1039									
	M		0.2	X			=		
1040									
								Total	
1041									
1042									
1043		TOTAL	OFFENSE	SCORE					
1044		TOTAL	PRIOR RE	CORD SCOP	RE				
1045									
1046		LEGAL	STATUS_						
1047		COMMU	NITY SANC	CTION VIOI	LATION				
1048		PRIOR	SERIOUS	FELONY					
1049		PRIOR	CAPITAL	FELONY					
1050		FIREA	RM OR SEM	TAMOTUAI	IC WEAPON_				
1051					SU	JBTOTAL_			
1052									
1053		PRISO	N RELEASE	EE REOFFEI	NDER (no) Page 61 of 99				

1054	VIOLENT CAREER CRIMINAL (no)(yes)
1055	HABITUAL VIOLENT OFFENDER (no)(yes)
1056	HABITUAL OFFENDER (no)(yes)
1057	DRUG TRAFFICKER (no)(yes) (x multiplier)
1058	LAW ENF. PROTECT. (no)(yes) (x multiplier)
1059	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT (no)(yes) (x multiplier)
1060	CRIMINAL STREET GANG OFFENSE (no)(yes) (x multiplier)
1061	
1062	DOMESTIC VIOLENCE IN THE PRESENCE OF RELATED CHILD
1063	(no)(yes) (x
1064	multiplier)
1065	
1066	TOTAL SENTENCE POINTS
1067	
1068	(b) WORKSHEET KEY:
1069	
1070	Legal status points are assessed when any form of legal status
1071	existed at the time the offender committed an offense before the
1072	court for sentencing. Four (4) sentence points are assessed for
1073	an offender's legal status.
1074	
1075	Community sanction violation points are assessed when a
1076	community sanction violation is before the court for sentencing.
1077	Six (6) sentence points are assessed for each community sanction
1078	violation, and each successive community sanction violation;
1079	however, if the community sanction violation includes a new
1080	felony conviction before the sentencing court, twelve (12)
1081	community sanction violation points are assessed for such Page 62 of 99

violation, and for each successive community sanction violation involving a new felony conviction. Multiple counts of community sanction violations before the sentencing court shall not be a basis for multiplying the assessment of community sanction violation points.

1087 1088

1089

1090

1091

1092

1093

1094

1095

1096

1097

1098

1099

1082

1083

1084

1085

1086

Prior serious felony points: If the offender has a primary offense or any additional offense ranked in level 8, level 9, or level 10, and one or more prior serious felonies, a single assessment of 30 points shall be added. For purposes of this section, a prior serious felony is an offense in the offender's prior record that is ranked in level 8, level 9, or level 10 under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 and for which the offender is serving a sentence of confinement, supervision, or other sanction or for which the offender's date of release from confinement, supervision, or other sanction, whichever is later, is within 3 years before the date the primary offense or any additional offense was committed.

1100 1101

1102

1103

1104 1105

1106

1107

1108

1109

Prior capital felony points: If the offender has one or more prior capital felonies in the offender's criminal record, points shall be added to the subtotal sentence points of the offender equal to twice the number of points the offender receives for the primary offense and any additional offense. A prior capital felony in the offender's criminal record is a previous capital felony offense for which the offender has entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty or has been found guilty; or a felony in another jurisdiction which is a capital felony in that

Page 63 of 99

1110 jurisdiction, or would be a capital felony if the offense were 1111 committed in this state. 1112 1113 Possession of a firearm, semiautomatic firearm, or machine qun: 1114 If the offender is convicted of committing or attempting to 1115 commit any felony other than those enumerated in s. 775.087(2) 1116 while having in his or her possession: a firearm as defined in 1117 s. 790.001(6), an additional 18 sentence points are assessed; or if the offender is convicted of committing or attempting to 1118 1119 commit any felony other than those enumerated in s. 775.087(3) 1120 while having in his or her possession a semiautomatic firearm as 1121 defined in s. 775.087(3) or a machine gun as defined in s. 1122 790.001(9), an additional 25 sentence points are assessed. 1123 1124 Sentencing multipliers: 1125 1126 Drug trafficking: If the primary offense is drug trafficking under s. 893.135, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied, 1127 at the discretion of the court, for a level 7 or level 8 1128 1129 offense, by 1.5. The state attorney may move the sentencing 1130 court to reduce or suspend the sentence of a person convicted of 1131 a level 7 or level 8 offense, if the offender provides substantial assistance as described in s. 893.135(4). 1132 1133 Law enforcement protection: If the primary offense is a 1134 violation of the Law Enforcement Protection Act under s. 1135 775.0823(2), the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 2.5. 1136 1137 If the primary offense is a violation of s. 775.0823(3), (4), Page 64 of 99

CS 1138 (5), (6), (7), or (8), the subtotal sentence points are 1139 multiplied by 2.0. If the primary offense is a violation of s. 784.07(3) or s. 775.0875(1), or of the Law Enforcement 1140 1141 Protection Act under s. 775.0823(9) or (10), the subtotal 1142 sentence points are multiplied by 1.5. 1143 1144 Grand theft of a motor vehicle: If the primary offense is grand 1145 theft of the third degree involving a motor vehicle and in the 1146 offender's prior record, there are three or more grand thefts of 1147 the third degree involving a motor vehicle, the subtotal 1148 sentence points are multiplied by 1.5. 1149 1150 Offense related to a criminal street gang: If the offender is 1151 convicted of the primary offense and committed that offense for the purpose of benefiting, promoting, or furthering the 1152 interests of a criminal street gang as prohibited under s. 1153 1154 874.04, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 1.5. 1155 1156 Domestic violence in the presence of a child: If the offender is convicted of the primary offense and the primary offense is a 1157 1158 crime of domestic violence, as defined in s. 741.28, which was 1159 committed in the presence of a child under 16 years of age who is a family or household member as defined in s. 741.28(3) with 1160 1161 the victim or perpetrator, the subtotal sentence points are 1162 multiplied by 1.5. 1163 Section 19. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment

Page 65 of 99

to section 893.135, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto,

1164

subsection (2) of section 921.142, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

1167

1168

1169

1170

1171

1172

1173

1174

1175

1176

1177

1178

1179

1180

1181

1182

1183

1184 1185

1186

1187

1188

1189

1190

1191

1192

921.142 Sentence of death or life imprisonment for capital drug trafficking felonies; further proceedings to determine sentence.--

(2) SEPARATE PROCEEDINGS ON ISSUE OF PENALTY. -- Upon conviction or adjudication of quilt of a defendant of a capital felony under s. 893.135, the court shall conduct a separate sentencing proceeding to determine whether the defendant should be sentenced to death or life imprisonment as authorized by s. 775.082. The proceeding shall be conducted by the trial judge before the trial jury as soon as practicable. If, through impossibility or inability, the trial jury is unable to reconvene for a hearing on the issue of penalty, having determined the guilt of the accused, the trial judge may summon a special juror or jurors as provided in chapter 913 to determine the issue of the imposition of the penalty. If the trial jury has been waived, or if the defendant pleaded guilty, the sentencing proceeding shall be conducted before a jury impaneled for that purpose, unless waived by the defendant. In the proceeding, evidence may be presented as to any matter that the court deems relevant to the nature of the crime and the character of the defendant and shall include matters relating to any of the aggravating or mitigating circumstances enumerated in subsections (6) and (7). Any such evidence which the court deems to have probative value may be received, regardless of its admissibility under the exclusionary rules of evidence, provided the defendant is accorded a fair opportunity to rebut any

Page 66 of 99

hearsay statements. However, this subsection shall not be construed to authorize the introduction of any evidence secured in violation of the Constitution of the United States or the Constitution of the State of Florida. The state and the defendant or the defendant's counsel shall be permitted to present argument for or against sentence of death.

1193

1194

1195

1196

1197

1198

1199

1200

1201

1202

1203

1204

1205

1206

1207

1208

1209

1210

1211

12121213

1214

1215 1216 Section 20. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 893.13, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (1) of section 921.187, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

921.187 Disposition and sentencing; alternatives; restitution.--

- (1) The alternatives provided in this section for the disposition of criminal cases shall be used in a manner that will best serve the needs of society, punish criminal offenders, and provide the opportunity for rehabilitation.
- (a) If the offender does not receive a state prison sentence, the court may:
- 1. Impose a split sentence whereby the offender is to be placed on probation upon completion of any specified period of such sentence, which period may include a term of years or less.
  - 2. Make any other disposition that is authorized by law.
- 3. Place the offender on probation with or without an adjudication of guilt pursuant to s. 948.01.
- 4. Impose a fine and probation pursuant to s. 948.011 when the offense is punishable by both a fine and imprisonment and probation is authorized.

Page 67 of 99

5. Place the offender into community control requiring intensive supervision and surveillance pursuant to chapter 948.

1220

1221

1222

1223

1224

1225

1226

1227

12281229

1230

1231

1232

1233

1234

1235

1236

1237

1238

1239

1240

1241

12421243

1244

1245

1246

- Impose, as a condition of probation or community control, a period of treatment which shall be restricted to a county facility, a Department of Corrections probation and restitution center, a probation program drug punishment treatment community, or a community residential or nonresidential facility, excluding a community correctional center as defined in s. 944.026, which is owned and operated by any qualified public or private entity providing such services. Before admission to such a facility, the court shall obtain an individual assessment and recommendations on the appropriate treatment needs, which shall be considered by the court in ordering such placements. Placement in such a facility, except for a county residential probation facility, may not exceed 364 days. Placement in a county residential probation facility may not exceed 3 years. Early termination of placement may be recommended to the court, when appropriate, by the center supervisor, the supervising probation officer, or the probation program manager.
- 7. Sentence the offender pursuant to s. 922.051 to imprisonment in a county jail when a statute directs imprisonment in a state prison, if the offender's cumulative sentence, whether from the same circuit or from separate circuits, is not more than 364 days.
- 8. Sentence the offender who is to be punished by imprisonment in a county jail to a jail in another county if

Page 68 of 99

there is no jail within the county suitable for such prisoner pursuant to s. 950.01.

- 9. Require the offender to participate in a work-release or educational or technical training program pursuant to s.
  951.24 while serving a sentence in a county jail, if such a program is available.
- 10. Require the offender to perform a specified public service pursuant to s. 775.091.
  - 11. Require the offender who violates chapter 893 or violates any law while under the influence of a controlled substance or alcohol to participate in a substance abuse program.
- 12.a. Require the offender who violates any criminal provision of chapter 893 to pay an additional assessment in an amount up to the amount of any fine imposed, pursuant to ss. 938.21 and 938.23.
- b. Require the offender who violates any provision of s. 893.13 to pay an additional assessment in an amount of \$100, pursuant to ss. 938.25 and 943.361.
- 13. Impose a split sentence whereby the offender is to be placed in a county jail or county work camp upon the completion of any specified term of community supervision.
- 14. Impose split probation whereby upon satisfactory completion of half the term of probation, the Department of Corrections may place the offender on administrative probation pursuant to s. 948.013 for the remainder of the term of supervision.

Page 69 of 99

15. Require residence in a state probation and restitution center or private drug treatment program for offenders on community control or offenders who have violated conditions of probation.

- 16. Impose any other sanction which is provided within the community and approved as an intermediate sanction by the county public safety coordinating council as described in s. 951.26.
- 17. Impose, as a condition of community control, probation, or probation following incarceration, a requirement that an offender who has not obtained a high school diploma or high school equivalency diploma or who lacks basic or functional literacy skills, upon acceptance by an adult education program, make a good faith effort toward completion of such basic or functional literacy skills or high school equivalency diploma, as defined in s. 1003.435, in accordance with the assessed adult general education needs of the individual offender.
- (b)1. Notwithstanding any provision of former s. 921.001 or s. 921.002 to the contrary, on or after October 1, 1993, the court may require any defendant who violates s. 893.13(1)(a)1., (1)(c)2., (1)(d)2., (2)(a)1., or (5)(a), and meets the criteria described in s. 893.13(10), to successfully complete a term of probation pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in s. 948.034(1), in lieu of serving a term of imprisonment.
- Notwithstanding any provision of former s. 921.001 or s. 921.002 to the contrary, on or after October 1, 1993, the court may require any defendant who violates s. 893.13(1)(a)2., (2)(a)2., (5)(b), or (6)(a), and meets the criteria described in s. 893.13(11), to successfully complete a term of probation Page 70 of 99

pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in s. 948.034(2), in lieu of serving a term of imprisonment.

1302

1303

1304

1305

1306 1307

1308

1309

1310 1311

1312

1313

1314

1315

1316

1317

1318

1319

1320

1321

1322

1323

1324

1325

1326

1327

1328

1329

Section 21. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 893.13, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, section 938.25, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

938.25 Operating Trust Fund of the Department of Law Enforcement. -- Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary of the laws of this state, the court may assess any defendant who pleads guilty or nolo contendere to, or is convicted of, a violation of any provision of s. 893.13, without regard to whether adjudication was withheld, in addition to any fine and other penalty provided or authorized by law, an amount of \$100, to be paid to the clerk of the court, who shall forward it to the Department of Revenue for deposit in the Operating Trust Fund of the Department of Law Enforcement to be used by the statewide criminal analysis laboratory system for the purposes specified in s. 943.361. The court is authorized to order a defendant to pay an additional assessment if it finds that the defendant has the ability to pay the fine and the additional assessment and will not be prevented thereby from being rehabilitated or from making restitution.

Section 22. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 893.135, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, section 943.0585, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

943.0585 Court-ordered expunction of criminal history records.--The courts of this state have jurisdiction over their own procedures, including the maintenance, expunction, and correction of judicial records containing criminal history

Page 71 of 99

1330 information to the extent such procedures are not inconsistent with the conditions, responsibilities, and duties established by 1331 1332 this section. Any court of competent jurisdiction may order a 1333 criminal justice agency to expunge the criminal history record 1334 of a minor or an adult who complies with the requirements of 1335 this section. The court shall not order a criminal justice 1336 agency to expunde a criminal history record until the person 1337 seeking to expunge a criminal history record has applied for and 1338 received a certificate of eligibility for expunction pursuant to 1339 subsection (2). A criminal history record that relates to a 1340 violation of s. 393.135, s. 394.4593, s. 787.025, chapter 794, 1341 s. 796.03, s. 800.04, s. 817.034, s. 825.1025, s. 827.071, chapter 839, s. 847.0133, s. 847.0135, s. 847.0145, s. 893.135, 1342 1343 s. 916.1075, or a violation enumerated in s. 907.041 may not be 1344 expunged, without regard to whether adjudication was withheld, 1345 if the defendant was found guilty of or pled guilty or nolo 1346 contendere to the offense, or if the defendant, as a minor, was found to have committed, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to 1347 committing, the offense as a delinquent act. The court may only 1348 order expunction of a criminal history record pertaining to one 1349 1350 arrest or one incident of alleged criminal activity, except as 1351 provided in this section. The court may, at its sole discretion, order the expunction of a criminal history record pertaining to 1352 1353 more than one arrest if the additional arrests directly relate to the original arrest. If the court intends to order the 1354 1355 expunction of records pertaining to such additional arrests, such intent must be specified in the order. A criminal justice 1356 1357 agency may not expunde any record pertaining to such additional Page 72 of 99

arrests if the order to expunge does not articulate the intention of the court to expunge a record pertaining to more than one arrest. This section does not prevent the court from ordering the expunction of only a portion of a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest or one incident of alleged criminal activity. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a criminal justice agency may comply with laws, court orders, and official requests of other jurisdictions relating to expunction, correction, or confidential handling of criminal history records or information derived therefrom. This section does not confer any right to the expunction of any criminal history record, and any request for expunction of a criminal history record may be denied at the sole discretion of the court.

- (1) PETITION TO EXPUNGE A CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD. -- Each petition to a court to expunge a criminal history record is complete only when accompanied by:
- (a) A certificate of eligibility for expunction issued by the department pursuant to subsection (2).
- (b) The petitioner's sworn statement attesting that the petitioner:
- 1. Has never, prior to the date on which the petition is filed, been adjudicated guilty of a criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation or adjudicated delinquent for committing a felony or a misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b).
- 2. Has not been adjudicated guilty of, or adjudicated delinquent for committing, any of the acts stemming from the

Page 73 of 99

arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition pertains.

- 3. Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of a criminal history record under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058, or from any jurisdiction outside the state.
- 4. Is eligible for such an expunction to the best of his or her knowledge or belief and does not have any other petition to expunge or any petition to seal pending before any court.

Any person who knowingly provides false information on such sworn statement to the court commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

- (2) CERTIFICATE OF ELIGIBILITY FOR EXPUNCTION.--Prior to petitioning the court to expunge a criminal history record, a person seeking to expunge a criminal history record shall apply to the department for a certificate of eligibility for expunction. The department shall, by rule adopted pursuant to chapter 120, establish procedures pertaining to the application for and issuance of certificates of eligibility for expunction. The department shall issue a certificate of eligibility for expunction to a person who is the subject of a criminal history record if that person:
- (a) Has obtained, and submitted to the department, a written, certified statement from the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor which indicates:

1. That an indictment, information, or other charging document was not filed or issued in the case.

- 2. That an indictment, information, or other charging document, if filed or issued in the case, was dismissed or nolle prosequi by the state attorney or statewide prosecutor, or was dismissed by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- 3. That the criminal history record does not relate to a violation of s. 393.135, s. 394.4593, s. 787.025, chapter 794, s. 796.03, s. 800.04, s. 817.034, s. 825.1025, s. 827.071, chapter 839, s. 847.0133, s. 847.0135, s. 847.0145, s. 893.135, s. 916.1075, or a violation enumerated in s. 907.041, where the defendant was found guilty of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to any such offense, or that the defendant, as a minor, was found to have committed, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to committing, such an offense as a delinquent act, without regard to whether adjudication was withheld.
- (b) Remits a \$75 processing fee to the department for placement in the Department of Law Enforcement Operating Trust Fund, unless such fee is waived by the executive director.
- (c) Has submitted to the department a certified copy of the disposition of the charge to which the petition to expunge pertains.
- (d) Has never, prior to the date on which the application for a certificate of eligibility is filed, been adjudicated guilty of a criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation or adjudicated delinquent for committing a felony or a misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b).

Page 75 of 99

(e) Has not been adjudicated guilty of, or adjudicated delinquent for committing, any of the acts stemming from the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to expunge pertains.

- (f) Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of a criminal history record under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058.
- (g) Is no longer under court supervision applicable to the disposition of the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to expunge pertains.
- (h) Is not required to wait a minimum of 10 years prior to being eligible for an expunction of such records because all charges related to the arrest or criminal activity to which the petition to expunge pertains were dismissed prior to trial, adjudication, or the withholding of adjudication. Otherwise, such criminal history record must be sealed under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 for at least 10 years before such record is eligible for expunction.
  - (3) PROCESSING OF A PETITION OR ORDER TO EXPUNGE. --
- (a) In judicial proceedings under this section, a copy of the completed petition to expunge shall be served upon the appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and upon the arresting agency; however, it is not necessary to make any agency other than the state a party. The appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and the arresting agency may respond to the court regarding the completed petition to expunge.

(b) If relief is granted by the court, the clerk of the court shall certify copies of the order to the appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and the arresting agency. The arresting agency is responsible for forwarding the order to any other agency to which the arresting agency disseminated the criminal history record information to which the order pertains. The department shall forward the order to expunge to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The clerk of the court shall certify a copy of the order to any other agency which the records of the court reflect has received the criminal history record from the court.

- (c) For an order to expunge entered by a court prior to July 1, 1992, the department shall notify the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor of an order to expunge which is contrary to law because the person who is the subject of the record has previously been convicted of a crime or comparable ordinance violation or has had a prior criminal history record sealed or expunged. Upon receipt of such notice, the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor shall take action, within 60 days, to correct the record and petition the court to void the order to expunge. The department shall seal the record until such time as the order is voided by the court.
- (d) On or after July 1, 1992, the department or any other criminal justice agency is not required to act on an order to expunge entered by a court when such order does not comply with the requirements of this section. Upon receipt of such an order, the department must notify the issuing court, the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor, the petitioner or the Page 77 of 99

petitioner's attorney, and the arresting agency of the reason for noncompliance. The appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor shall take action within 60 days to correct the record and petition the court to void the order. No cause of action, including contempt of court, shall arise against any criminal justice agency for failure to comply with an order to expunge when the petitioner for such order failed to obtain the certificate of eligibility as required by this section or such order does not otherwise comply with the requirements of this section.

- (4) EFFECT OF CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD EXPUNCTION. -- Any criminal history record of a minor or an adult which is ordered expunged by a court of competent jurisdiction pursuant to this section must be physically destroyed or obliterated by any criminal justice agency having custody of such record; except that any criminal history record in the custody of the department must be retained in all cases. A criminal history record ordered expunged that is retained by the department is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and not available to any person or entity except upon order of a court of competent jurisdiction. A criminal justice agency may retain a notation indicating compliance with an order to expunge.
- (a) The person who is the subject of a criminal history record that is expunged under this section or under other provisions of law, including former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, and former s. 943.058, may lawfully deny or fail to acknowledge

the arrests covered by the expunged record, except when the subject of the record:

1523

1524

1525

1526

1527

1528

1538

1539

1540

1541

1542

1543

1544

1545

1546 1547

- Is a candidate for employment with a criminal justice agency;
  - 2. Is a defendant in a criminal prosecution;
- 3. Concurrently or subsequently petitions for relief under this section or s. 943.059;
  - 4. Is a candidate for admission to The Florida Bar;
- 1529 Is seeking to be employed or licensed by or to contract 1530 with the Department of Children and Family Services or the 1531 Department of Juvenile Justice or to be employed or used by such 1532 contractor or licensee in a sensitive position having direct 1533 contact with children, the developmentally disabled, the aged, 1534 or the elderly as provided in s. 110.1127(3), s. 393.063, s. 394.4572(1), s. 397.451, s. 402.302(3), s. 402.313(3), s. 1535 409.175(2)(i), s. 415.102(4), s. 916.106(10) and (13), s. 1536 1537 985.407, or chapter 400; or
  - 6. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by the Department of Education, any district school board, any university laboratory school, any charter school, any private or parochial school, or any local governmental entity that licenses child care facilities.
  - (b) Subject to the exceptions in paragraph (a), a person who has been granted an expunction under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 may not be held under any provision of law of this state to commit perjury or to be otherwise liable for giving a false statement by reason of

Page 79 of 99

such person's failure to recite or acknowledge an expunged criminal history record.

1548

1549

1550

1551

1552

1553

1554

1555

15561557

1558

1559

1560

1561

1562

1563

1564

1565

1566

1567

1568

1569

1570 1571

1572

1573

1574

1575

- Information relating to the existence of an expunged criminal history record which is provided in accordance with paragraph (a) is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, except that the department shall disclose the existence of a criminal history record ordered expunged to the entities set forth in subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., and 6. for their respective licensing and employment purposes, and to criminal justice agencies for their respective criminal justice purposes. It is unlawful for any employee of an entity set forth in subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)4., subparagraph (a)5., or subparagraph (a)6. to disclose information relating to the existence of an expunged criminal history record of a person seeking employment or licensure with such entity or contractor, except to the person to whom the criminal history record relates or to persons having direct responsibility for employment or licensure decisions. Any person who violates this paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (5) STATUTORY REFERENCES.--Any reference to any other chapter, section, or subdivision of the Florida Statutes in this section constitutes a general reference under the doctrine of incorporation by reference.

Section 23. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 893.135, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, section 943.059, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

Page 80 of 99

1576	943.059 Court-ordered sealing of criminal history
1577	records The courts of this state shall continue to have
1578	jurisdiction over their own procedures, including the
1579	maintenance, sealing, and correction of judicial records
1580	containing criminal history information to the extent such
1581	procedures are not inconsistent with the conditions,
1582	responsibilities, and duties established by this section. Any
1583	court of competent jurisdiction may order a criminal justice
1584	agency to seal the criminal history record of a minor or an
1585	adult who complies with the requirements of this section. The
1586	court shall not order a criminal justice agency to seal a
1587	criminal history record until the person seeking to seal a
1588	criminal history record has applied for and received a
1589	certificate of eligibility for sealing pursuant to subsection
1590	(2). A criminal history record that relates to a violation of $s$ .
1591	393.135, s. 394.4593, s. 787.025, chapter 794, s. 796.03, s.
1592	800.04, s. 817.034, s. 825.1025, s. 827.071, chapter 839, s.
1593	847.0133, s. 847.0135, s. 847.0145, s. 893.135, s. 916.1075, or
1594	a violation enumerated in s. 907.041 may not be sealed, without
1595	regard to whether adjudication was withheld, if the defendant
1596	was found guilty of or pled guilty or nolo contendere to the
1597	offense, or if the defendant, as a minor, was found to have
1598	committed or pled guilty or nolo contendere to committing the
1599	offense as a delinquent act. The court may only order sealing of
1600	a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest or one
1601	incident of alleged criminal activity, except as provided in
1602	this section. The court may, at its sole discretion, order the
1603	sealing of a criminal history record pertaining to more than one Page 81 of 99

1604

1605

1606

1607

1608

1609

1610

1611

1612

1613

1614

1615

1616

1617

1618

1619

1620

1621

1622

1623

1624

1625

1626

1627

1628

16291630

arrest if the additional arrests directly relate to the original arrest. If the court intends to order the sealing of records pertaining to such additional arrests, such intent must be specified in the order. A criminal justice agency may not seal any record pertaining to such additional arrests if the order to seal does not articulate the intention of the court to seal records pertaining to more than one arrest. This section does not prevent the court from ordering the sealing of only a portion of a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest or one incident of alleged criminal activity. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a criminal justice agency may comply with laws, court orders, and official requests of other jurisdictions relating to sealing, correction, or confidential handling of criminal history records or information derived therefrom. This section does not confer any right to the sealing of any criminal history record, and any request for sealing a criminal history record may be denied at the sole discretion of the court.

- (1) PETITION TO SEAL A CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD.--Each petition to a court to seal a criminal history record is complete only when accompanied by:
- (a) A certificate of eligibility for sealing issued by the department pursuant to subsection (2).
- (b) The petitioner's sworn statement attesting that the petitioner:
- 1. Has never, prior to the date on which the petition is filed, been adjudicated guilty of a criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation or adjudicated delinquent for

committing a felony or a misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b).

- 2. Has not been adjudicated guilty of or adjudicated delinquent for committing any of the acts stemming from the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to seal pertains.
- 3. Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of a criminal history record under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, former s. 943.058, or from any jurisdiction outside the state.
- 4. Is eligible for such a sealing to the best of his or her knowledge or belief and does not have any other petition to seal or any petition to expunge pending before any court.

Any person who knowingly provides false information on such sworn statement to the court commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(2) CERTIFICATE OF ELIGIBILITY FOR SEALING.--Prior to petitioning the court to seal a criminal history record, a person seeking to seal a criminal history record shall apply to the department for a certificate of eligibility for sealing. The department shall, by rule adopted pursuant to chapter 120, establish procedures pertaining to the application for and issuance of certificates of eligibility for sealing. The department shall issue a certificate of eligibility for sealing to a person who is the subject of a criminal history record provided that such person:

Page 83 of 99

(a) Has submitted to the department a certified copy of the disposition of the charge to which the petition to seal pertains.

- (b) Remits a \$75 processing fee to the department for placement in the Department of Law Enforcement Operating Trust Fund, unless such fee is waived by the executive director.
- (c) Has never, prior to the date on which the application for a certificate of eligibility is filed, been adjudicated guilty of a criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation or adjudicated delinquent for committing a felony or a misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b).
- (d) Has not been adjudicated guilty of or adjudicated delinquent for committing any of the acts stemming from the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to seal pertains.
- (e) Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of a criminal history record under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058.
- (f) Is no longer under court supervision applicable to the disposition of the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to seal pertains.
  - (3) PROCESSING OF A PETITION OR ORDER TO SEAL. --
- (a) In judicial proceedings under this section, a copy of the completed petition to seal shall be served upon the appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and upon the arresting agency; however, it is not necessary to make any agency other than the state a party. The appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and the arresting agency

Page 84 of 99

may respond to the court regarding the completed petition to seal.

1687

1688

1689

1690

1691

1692

1693

1694

1695

1696

1697

1698

1699

1700

1701

1702

1703

1704

1705

1706

1707

1708

1709 1710

1711

1712

1713

1714

- If relief is granted by the court, the clerk of the court shall certify copies of the order to the appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and to the arresting agency. The arresting agency is responsible for forwarding the order to any other agency to which the arresting agency disseminated the criminal history record information to which the order pertains. The department shall forward the order to seal to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The clerk of the court shall certify a copy of the order to any other agency which the records of the court reflect has received the criminal history record from the court.
- For an order to seal entered by a court prior to July 1, 1992, the department shall notify the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor of any order to seal which is contrary to law because the person who is the subject of the record has previously been convicted of a crime or comparable ordinance violation or has had a prior criminal history record sealed or expunged. Upon receipt of such notice, the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor shall take action, within 60 days, to correct the record and petition the court to void the order to seal. The department shall seal the record until such time as the order is voided by the court.
- On or after July 1, 1992, the department or any other criminal justice agency is not required to act on an order to seal entered by a court when such order does not comply with the requirements of this section. Upon receipt of such an order, the Page 85 of 99

department must notify the issuing court, the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor, the petitioner or the petitioner's attorney, and the arresting agency of the reason for noncompliance. The appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor shall take action within 60 days to correct the record and petition the court to void the order. No cause of action, including contempt of court, shall arise against any criminal justice agency for failure to comply with an order to seal when the petitioner for such order failed to obtain the certificate of eligibility as required by this section or when such order does not comply with the requirements of this section.

- (e) An order sealing a criminal history record pursuant to this section does not require that such record be surrendered to the court, and such record shall continue to be maintained by the department and other criminal justice agencies.
- (4) EFFECT OF CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD SEALING. -- A criminal history record of a minor or an adult which is ordered sealed by a court of competent jurisdiction pursuant to this section is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and is available only to the person who is the subject of the record, to the subject's attorney, to criminal justice agencies for their respective criminal justice purposes, or to those entities set forth in subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., and 6. for their respective licensing and employment purposes.
- (a) The subject of a criminal history record sealed under this section or under other provisions of law, including former Page  $86 \, \text{of} \, 99$

s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, and former s. 943.058, may lawfully deny or fail to acknowledge the arrests covered by the sealed record, except when the subject of the record:

- 1. Is a candidate for employment with a criminal justice agency;
  - 2. Is a defendant in a criminal prosecution;

1746

1747

1748

1749

1750

1751

1761

1762

1763

1764

1765 1766

1767

1768

1769

1770

- 3. Concurrently or subsequently petitions for relief under this section or s. 943.0585;
  - 4. Is a candidate for admission to The Florida Bar;
- 1752 5. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by or to contract 1753 with the Department of Children and Family Services or the 1754 Department of Juvenile Justice or to be employed or used by such 1755 contractor or licensee in a sensitive position having direct 1756 contact with children, the developmentally disabled, the aged, 1757 or the elderly as provided in s. 110.1127(3), s. 393.063, s. 1758 394.4572(1), s. 397.451, s. 402.302(3), s. 402.313(3), s. 1759 409.175(2)(i), s. 415.102(4), s. 415.103, s. 916.106(10) and 1760 (13), s. 985.407, or chapter 400; or
  - 6. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by the Department of Education, any district school board, any university laboratory school, any charter school, any private or parochial school, or any local governmental entity that licenses child care facilities.
  - (b) Subject to the exceptions in paragraph (a), a person who has been granted a sealing under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 may not be held under any provision of law of this state to commit perjury or to be otherwise liable for giving a false statement by reason of

Page 87 of 99

such person's failure to recite or acknowledge a sealed criminal history record.

1771

1772

1773

1774

1775

1776

1777

1778

1779

1780

1781

1782

17831784

1785

1786

1787

1788

1789

1790

1791

1792

17931794

1795

1796

1797

- Information relating to the existence of a sealed criminal record provided in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (a) is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, except that the department shall disclose the sealed criminal history record to the entities set forth in subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., and 6. for their respective licensing and employment purposes. It is unlawful for any employee of an entity set forth in subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)4., subparagraph (a)5., or subparagraph (a)6. to disclose information relating to the existence of a sealed criminal history record of a person seeking employment or licensure with such entity or contractor, except to the person to whom the criminal history record relates or to persons having direct responsibility for employment or licensure decisions. Any person who violates the provisions of this paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (5) STATUTORY REFERENCES.--Any reference to any other chapter, section, or subdivision of the Florida Statutes in this section constitutes a general reference under the doctrine of incorporation by reference.
- Section 24. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 893.13, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsections (1) and (2) of section 948.034, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

948.034 Terms and conditions of probation; community residential drug punishment centers.--

- (1) On or after October 1, 1993, any person who violates s. 893.13(1)(a)1., (1)(c)2., (1)(d)2., (2)(a)1., or (5)(a) may, in the discretion of the trial court, be required to successfully complete a term of probation in lieu of serving a term of imprisonment as required or authorized by <math>s. 775.084, former s. 921.001, or s. 921.002, as follows:
- (a) If the person has not previously been convicted of violating s. 893.13(1)(a)1., (1)(c)2., (1)(d)2., (2)(a)1., or (5)(a), adjudication may be withheld and the offender may be placed on probation for not less than 18 months, as a condition of which the court shall require the offender to reside at a community residential drug punishment center for 90 days. The offender must comply with all rules and regulations of the center and must pay a fee for the costs of room and board and residential supervision. Placement of an offender into a community residential drug punishment center is subject to budgetary considerations and availability of bed space. If the court requires the offender to reside at a community residential drug punishment center, the court shall also require the offender to comply with one or more of the other following terms and conditions:
- 1. Pay a fine of not less than \$500 nor more than \$10,000 pursuant to s. 775.083(1)(c).
- 2. Enter, regularly attend, and successfully complete a substance abuse education program of at least 40 hours or a prescribed substance abuse treatment program provided by a Page 89 of 99

treatment resource licensed pursuant to chapter 397 or by a hospital licensed pursuant to chapter 395, as specified by the court. In addition, the court may refer the offender to a licensed agency for substance abuse evaluation and, if appropriate, substance abuse treatment subject to the ability of the offender to pay for such evaluation and treatment. If such referral is made, the offender must comply and must pay for the reasonable cost of the evaluation and treatment.

- 3. Perform at least 100 hours of public service.
- 4. Submit to routine and random drug testing which may be conducted during the probationary period, with the reasonable costs thereof borne by the offender.
- 5. Participate, at his or her own expense, in an appropriate self-help group, such as Narcotics Anonymous, Alcoholics Anonymous, or Cocaine Anonymous, if available.
- (b) If the person has been previously convicted of one felony violation of s. 893.13(1)(a)1., (1)(c)2., (1)(d)2., (2)(a)1., or (5)(a), adjudication may not be withheld and the offender may be placed on probation for not less than 24 months, as a condition of which the court shall require the offender to reside at a community residential drug punishment center for 180 days. The offender must comply with all rules and regulations of the center and must pay a fee for the costs of room and board and residential supervision. Placement of an offender into a community residential drug punishment center is subject to budgetary considerations and availability of bed space. If the court requires the offender to reside at a community residential drug punishment center, the court shall also require the Page 90 of 99

offender to comply with one or more of the other following terms and conditions:

1. Pay a fine of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$10,000 pursuant to s. 775.083(1)(c).

- 2. Enter, regularly attend, and successfully complete a substance abuse education program of at least 40 hours or a prescribed substance abuse treatment program provided by a treatment resource licensed pursuant to chapter 397 or by a hospital licensed pursuant to chapter 395, as specified by the court. In addition, the court may refer the offender to a licensed agency for substance abuse evaluation and, if appropriate, substance abuse treatment subject to the ability of the offender to pay for such evaluation and treatment. If such referral is made, the offender must comply and must pay for the reasonable cost of the evaluation and treatment.
  - 3. Perform at least 200 hours of public service.
- 4. Submit to routine and random drug testing which may be conducted during the probationary period, with the reasonable costs thereof borne by the offender.
- 5. Participate, at his or her own expense, in an appropriate self-help group, such as Narcotics Anonymous, Alcoholics Anonymous, or Cocaine Anonymous, if available.
- (c) If the person has been previously convicted of two felony violations of s. 893.13(2)(a)1. or (5)(a), adjudication may not be withheld and the offender may be placed on probation for not less than 36 months, as a condition of which the court shall require the offender to reside at a community residential drug punishment center for 360 days. The offender must comply Page 91 of 99

with all rules and regulations of the center and must pay a fee for the costs of room and board and residential supervision. Placement of an offender into a community residential drug punishment center is subject to budgetary considerations and availability of bed space. If the court requires the offender to reside at a community residential drug punishment center, the court shall also require the offender to comply with one or more of the other following terms and conditions:

- 1. Pay a fine of not less than \$1,500 nor more than \$10,000 pursuant to s. 775.083(1)(c).
- 2. Enter, regularly attend, and successfully complete a substance abuse education program of at least 40 hours or a prescribed substance abuse treatment program provided by a treatment resource licensed pursuant to chapter 397 or by a hospital licensed pursuant to chapter 395, as specified by the court. In addition, the court may refer the offender to a licensed agency for substance abuse evaluation and, if appropriate, substance abuse treatment subject to the ability of the offender to pay for such evaluation and treatment. If such referral is made, the offender must comply and must pay for the reasonable cost of the evaluation and treatment.
  - 3. Perform at least 300 hours of public service.
- 4. Submit to routine and random drug testing which may be conducted during the probationary period, with the reasonable costs thereof borne by the offender.
- 5. Participate, at his or her own expense, in an appropriate self-help group, such as Narcotics Anonymous, Alcoholics Anonymous, or Cocaine Anonymous, if available.

  Page 92 of 99

(d) An offender who violates probation imposed pursuant to this section shall be sentenced in accordance with s. 921.002.

- (2) On or after October 1, 1993, any person who violates s. 893.13(1)(a)2., (2)(a)2., (5)(b), or (6)(a) may, in the discretion of the trial court, be required to successfully complete a term of probation in lieu of serving a term of imprisonment as required or authorized by s. 775.084, former s. 921.001, or s. 921.002, as follows:
- (a) If the person has not previously been convicted of violating s. 893.13(1)(a)2., (2)(a)2., (5)(b), or (6)(a), adjudication may be withheld and the offender shall be placed on probation for not less than 12 months, as a condition of which the court may require the offender to comply with one or more of the following terms and conditions:
- 1. Pay a fine of not less than \$250 nor more than \$5,000 pursuant to s. 775.083(1)(c).
- 2. Enter, regularly attend, and successfully complete a substance abuse education program of at least 40 hours or a prescribed substance abuse treatment program provided by a treatment resource licensed pursuant to chapter 397 or by a hospital licensed pursuant to chapter 395, as specified by the court. In addition, the court may refer the offender to a licensed agency for substance abuse evaluation and, if appropriate, substance abuse treatment subject to the ability of the offender to pay for such evaluation and treatment. If such referral is made, the offender must comply and must pay for the reasonable cost of the evaluation and treatment.
  - 3. Perform at least 50 hours of public service.

    Page 93 of 99

4. Submit to routine and random drug testing which may be conducted during the probationary period, with the reasonable costs thereof borne by the offender.

5. Participate, at his or her own expense, in an appropriate self-help group, such as Narcotics Anonymous, Alcoholics Anonymous, or Cocaine Anonymous, if available.

- (b) If the person has been previously convicted of one felony violation of s. 893.13(1)(a)2., (2)(a)2., (5)(b), or (6)(a), adjudication may not be withheld and the offender may be placed on probation for not less than 18 months, as a condition of which the court shall require the offender to reside at a community residential drug punishment center for 90 days. The offender must comply with all rules and regulations of the center and must pay a fee for the costs of room and board and residential supervision. Placement of an offender into a community residential drug punishment center is subject to budgetary considerations and availability of bed space. If the court requires the offender to reside at a community residential drug punishment center, the court shall also require the offender to comply with one or more of the other following terms and conditions:
- 1. Pay a fine of not less than \$500 nor more than \$5,000 pursuant to s. 775.083(1)(c).
- 2. Enter, regularly attend, and successfully complete a substance abuse intervention program of a least 80 hours provided by a treatment resource licensed pursuant to chapter 397 or by a hospital licensed pursuant to chapter 395, as specified by the court. In addition, the court may refer the Page 94 of 99

offender to a licensed agency for substance abuse evaluation and, if appropriate, substance abuse treatment subject to the ability of the offender to pay for such evaluation and treatment. If such referral is made, the offender must comply and must pay for the reasonable cost of the evaluation and treatment.

- 3. Perform at least 100 hours of public service.
- 4. Submit to routine and random drug testing which may be conducted during the probationary period, with the reasonable costs thereof borne by the offender.
- 5. Participate, at his or her own expense, in an appropriate self-help group, such as Narcotics Anonymous, Alcoholics Anonymous, or Cocaine Anonymous, if available.
- (c) If the person has been previously convicted of two felony violations of s. 893.13(2)(a)2., (5)(b), or (6)(a), adjudication may not be withheld and the offender may be placed on probation for not less than 24 months, as a condition of which the court shall require the offender to reside at a community residential drug punishment center for 120 days. The offender must comply with all rules and regulations of the center and must pay a fee for the costs of room and board and residential supervision. Placement of an offender into a community residential drug punishment center is subject to budgetary considerations and availability of bed space. If the court requires the offender to reside at a community residential drug punishment center, the court shall also require the offender to comply with one or more of the other following terms and conditions:

1. Pay a fine of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$5,000 pursuant to s. 775.083(1)(c).

- 2. Enter, regularly attend, and successfully complete a prescribed substance abuse treatment program provided by a treatment resource licensed pursuant to chapter 397 or by a hospital licensed pursuant to chapter 395, as specified by the court. In addition, the court may refer the offender to a licensed agency for substance abuse evaluation and, if appropriate, substance abuse treatment subject to the ability of the offender to pay for such evaluation and treatment. If such referral is made, the offender must comply and must pay for the reasonable cost of the evaluation and treatment.
  - 3. Perform at least 150 hours of public service.
- 4. Submit to routine and random drug testing which may be conducted during the probationary period, with the reasonable costs thereof borne by the offender.
- 5. Participate, at his or her own expense, in an appropriate self-help group, such as Narcotics Anonymous, Alcoholics Anonymous, or Cocaine Anonymous, if available.
- (d) If the person has been previously convicted of three felony violations of s. 893.13(2)(a)2., (5)(b), or (6)(a), adjudication may not be withheld and the offender may be placed on probation for not less than 30 months, as a condition of which the court shall require the offender to reside at a community residential drug punishment center for 200 days. The offender must comply with all rules and regulations of the center and must pay a fee for the costs of room and board and residential supervision. Placement of an offender into a Page 96 of 99

community residential drug punishment center is subject to budgetary considerations and availability of bed space. If the court requires the offender to reside at a community residential drug punishment center, the court shall also require the offender to comply with one or more of the other following terms and conditions:

- 1. Pay a fine of not less than \$1,500 nor more than \$5,000 pursuant to s. 775.083(1)(c).
- 2. Enter, regularly attend, and successfully complete a prescribed substance abuse treatment program provided by a treatment resource licensed pursuant to chapter 397 or by a hospital licensed pursuant to chapter 395, as specified by the court. In addition, the court may refer the offender to a licensed agency for substance abuse evaluation and, if appropriate, substance abuse treatment subject to the ability of the offender to pay for such evaluation and treatment. If such referral is made, the offender must comply and must pay for the reasonable cost of the evaluation and treatment.
  - 3. Perform at least 200 hours of public service.
- 4. Submit to routine and random drug testing which may be conducted during the probationary period, with the reasonable costs thereof borne by the offender.
- 5. Participate, at his or her own expense, in an appropriate self-help group, such as Narcotics Anonymous, Alcoholics Anonymous, or Cocaine Anonymous, if available.
- (e) If the person has been previously convicted of four felony violations of s. 893.13(2)(a)2., (5)(b), or (6)(a), adjudication may not be withheld and the offender may be placed Page 97 of 99

on probation for not less than 36 months, as a condition of which the court shall require the offender to reside at a community residential drug punishment center for 360 days. The offender must comply with all rules and regulations of the center and must pay a fee for the costs of room and board and residential supervision. Placement of an offender into a community residential drug punishment center is subject to budgetary considerations and availability of bed space. If the court requires the offender to reside at a community residential drug punishment center, the court shall also require the offender to comply with one or more of the other following terms and conditions:

- 1. Pay a fine of not less than \$2,000 nor more than \$5,000 pursuant to s. 775.083(1)(c).
- 2. Enter, regularly attend, and successfully complete a prescribed substance abuse treatment program provided by a treatment resource licensed pursuant to chapter 397 or by a hospital licensed pursuant to chapter 395, as specified by the court. In addition, the court may refer the offender to a licensed agency for substance abuse evaluation and, if appropriate, substance abuse treatment subject to the ability of the offender to pay for such evaluation and treatment. If such referral is made, the offender must comply and must pay for the reasonable cost of the evaluation and treatment.
  - 3. Perform at least 250 hours of public service.
- 4. Submit to routine and random drug testing which may be conducted during the probationary period, with the reasonable costs thereof borne by the offender.

Page 98 of 99

5. Participate, at his or her own expense, in an appropriate self-help group, such as Narcotics Anonymous, Alcoholics Anonymous, or Cocaine Anonymous, if available.

2078

2079

2080

2081

2082

2083

2084

(f) An offender who violates probation imposed pursuant to this section shall be sentenced in accordance with s. 921.002.

Section 25. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005, and shall apply to offenses committed on or after that date.