22-854A-05

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the redevelopment of
3	brownfields; amending ss. 199.1055, 220.1845,
4	and 376.30781, F.S.; increasing the amount of
5	credit which may be applied against the tax on
6	intangible personal property and the corporate
7	income tax for the voluntary cleanup costs of a
8	contaminated site; increasing the amount that
9	may be received by the taxpayer as an incentive
10	to complete the cleanup in the final year;
11	amending s. 288.9015, F.S.; requiring
12	Enterprise Florida, Inc., to aggressively
13	market brownfields; amending s. 376.86, F.S.,
14	relating to the Brownfield Areas Loan Guarantee
15	Program; increasing the amount of the loan
16	guarantee for redevelopment projects in
17	brownfield areas; repealing ss. 376.87 and
18	376.875, F.S., relating to brownfield property
19	ownership clearance assistance and the
20	Brownfield Property Ownership Clearance
21	Assistance Revolving Loan Trust Fund; providing
22	an effective date.
23	
24	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
25	
26	Section 1. Section 199.1055, Florida Statutes, is
27	amended to read:
28	199.1055 Contaminated site rehabilitation tax
29	credit
30	(1) AUTHORIZATION FOR TAX CREDIT; LIMITATIONS
31	

2.4

2.8

- (a) A credit in the amount of <u>40</u> <u>35</u> percent of the costs of voluntary cleanup activity that is integral to site rehabilitation at the following sites is available against any tax due for a taxable year under s. 199.032, less any credit allowed by former s. 220.68 for that year:
- A drycleaning-solvent-contaminated site eligible for state-funded site rehabilitation under s. 376.3078(3);
- 2. A drycleaning-solvent-contaminated site at which cleanup is undertaken by the real property owner pursuant to s. 376.3078(11), if the real property owner is not also, and has never been, the owner or operator of the drycleaning facility where the contamination exists; or
- 3. A brownfield site in a designated brownfield area under s. 376.80.
- (b) A tax credit applicant, or multiple tax credit applicants working jointly to clean up a single site, may not be granted more than \$250,000 per year in tax credits for each site voluntarily rehabilitated. Multiple tax credit applicants shall be granted tax credits in the same proportion as their contribution to payment of cleanup costs. Subject to the same conditions and limitations as provided in this section, a municipality, county, or other tax credit applicant which voluntarily rehabilitates a site may receive not more than \$250,000 per year in tax credits which it can subsequently transfer subject to the provisions in paragraph (g).
- (c) If the credit granted under this section is not fully used in any one year because of insufficient tax liability on the part of the tax credit applicant, the unused amount may be carried forward for a period not to exceed 5 years. Five years after the date a credit is granted under this section, such credit expires and may not be used.

7

8

9

10

11

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

2.2

23

2.4

2526

27

2.8

29

30

However, if during the 5-year period the credit is transferred, in whole or in part, pursuant to paragraph (g), each transferee has 5 years after the date of transfer to use its credit.

- (d) A taxpayer that receives a credit under s.220.1845 is ineligible to receive credit under this section in a given tax year.
- (e) A tax credit applicant that receives state-funded site rehabilitation pursuant to s. 376.3078(3) for rehabilitation of a drycleaning-solvent-contaminated site is ineligible to receive credit under this section for costs incurred by the tax credit applicant in conjunction with the rehabilitation of that site during the same time period that state-administered site rehabilitation was underway.
- (f) The total amount of the tax credits which may be granted under this section and s. 220.1845 is \$2 million annually.
- (g)1. Tax credits that may be available under this section to an entity eligible under s. 376.30781 may be transferred after a merger or acquisition to the surviving or acquiring entity and used in the same manner with the same limitations.
- 2. The entity or its surviving or acquiring entity as described in subparagraph 1., may transfer any unused credit in whole or in units of no less than 25 percent of the remaining credit. The entity acquiring such credit may use it in the same manner and with the same limitation as described in this section. Such transferred credits may not be transferred again although they may succeed to a surviving or acquiring entity subject to the same conditions and limitations as described in this section.

2.4

2.8

- 3. In the event the credit provided for under this section is reduced either as a result of a determination by the Department of Environmental Protection or an examination or audit by the Department of Revenue, such tax deficiency shall be recovered from the first entity, or the surviving or acquiring entity, to have claimed such credit up to the amount of credit taken. Any subsequent deficiencies shall be assessed against any entity acquiring and claiming such credit, or in the case of multiple succeeding entities in the order of credit succession.
- (h) In order to encourage completion of site rehabilitation at contaminated sites being voluntarily cleaned up and eligible for a tax credit under this section, the tax credit applicant may claim an additional 10 percent of the total cleanup costs, not to exceed\$250,000\$50,000, in the final year of cleanup as evidenced by the Department of Environmental Protection issuing a "No Further Action" order for that site.
- (2) FILING REQUIREMENTS.--Any taxpayer that wishes to obtain credit under this section must submit with its return a tax credit certificate approving partial tax credits issued by the Department of Environmental Protection under s. 376.30781.
- (3) ADMINISTRATION; AUDIT AUTHORITY; TAX CREDIT FORFEITURE.--
- (a) The Department of Revenue may adopt rules to prescribe any necessary forms required to claim a tax credit under this section and to provide the administrative guidelines and procedures required to administer this section.
- (b) In addition to its existing audit and investigation authority relating to chapters 199 and 220, the Department of Revenue may perform any additional financial and

2.4

2.8

technical audits and investigations, including examining the accounts, books, or records of the tax credit applicant, which are necessary to verify the site rehabilitation costs included in a tax credit return and to ensure compliance with this section. The Department of Environmental Protection shall provide technical assistance, when requested by the Department of Revenue, on any technical audits performed under this section.

- (c) It is grounds for forfeiture of previously claimed and received tax credits if the Department of Revenue determines, as a result of either an audit or information received from the Department of Environmental Protection, that a taxpayer received tax credits under this section to which the taxpayer was not entitled. In the case of fraud, the taxpayer shall be prohibited from claiming any future tax credits under this section or s. 220.1845.
- 1. The taxpayer is responsible for returning forfeited tax credits to the Department of Revenue, and such funds shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund of the state.
- 2. The taxpayer shall file with the Department of Revenue an amended tax return or such other report as the Department of Revenue prescribes by rule and shall pay any required tax within 60 days after the taxpayer receives notification from the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to s. 376.30781 that previously approved tax credits have been revoked or modified, if uncontested, or within 60 days after a final order is issued following proceedings involving a contested revocation or modification order.
- 3. A notice of deficiency may be issued by the Department of Revenue at any time within 5 years after the date the taxpayer receives notification from the Department of

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

26

27

2930

Environmental Protection pursuant to s. 376.30781 that

previously approved tax credits have been revoked or modified.

If a taxpayer fails to notify the Department of Revenue of any change in its tax credit claimed, a notice of deficiency may be issued at any time. In either case, the amount of any proposed assessment set forth in such notice of deficiency shall be limited to the amount of any deficiency resulting under this section from the recomputation of the taxpayer's tax for the taxable year.

4. Any taxpayer that fails to report and timely pay any tax due as a result of the forfeiture of its tax credit is in violation of this section and is subject to applicable penalty and interest.

Section 2. Section 220.1845, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

220.1845 Contaminated site rehabilitation tax credit.--

- (1) AUTHORIZATION FOR TAX CREDIT; LIMITATIONS.--
- (a) A credit in the amount of $\underline{40}$ 35 percent of the costs of voluntary cleanup activity that is integral to site rehabilitation at the following sites is available against any tax due for a taxable year under this chapter:
- A drycleaning-solvent-contaminated site eligible for state-funded site rehabilitation under s. 376.3078(3);
- 2. A drycleaning-solvent-contaminated site at which cleanup is undertaken by the real property owner pursuant to s. 376.3078(11), if the real property owner is not also, and has never been, the owner or operator of the drycleaning facility where the contamination exists; or
- 30 3. A brownfield site in a designated brownfield area under s. 376.80.

2.4

2.8

- (b) A tax credit applicant, or multiple tax credit applicants working jointly to clean up a single site, may not be granted more than \$250,000 per year in tax credits for each site voluntarily rehabilitated. Multiple tax credit applicants shall be granted tax credits in the same proportion as their contribution to payment of cleanup costs. Subject to the same conditions and limitations as provided in this section, a municipality, county, or other tax credit applicant which voluntarily rehabilitates a site may receive not more than \$250,000 per year in tax credits which it can subsequently transfer subject to the provisions in paragraph (h).
- (c) If the credit granted under this section is not fully used in any one year because of insufficient tax liability on the part of the corporation, the unused amount may be carried forward for a period not to exceed 5 years. The carryover credit may be used in a subsequent year when the tax imposed by this chapter for that year exceeds the credit for which the corporation is eligible in that year under this section after applying the other credits and unused carryovers in the order provided by s. 220.02(8). Five years after the date a credit is granted under this section, such credit expires and may not be used. However, if during the 5-year period the credit is transferred, in whole or in part, pursuant to paragraph (h), each transferee has 5 years after the date of transfer to use its credit.
- (d) A taxpayer that files a consolidated return in this state as a member of an affiliated group under s. 220.131(1) may be allowed the credit on a consolidated return basis up to the amount of tax imposed upon the consolidated group.

2.4

- (e) A taxpayer that receives credit under s. 199.1055 is ineligible to receive credit under this section in a given tax year.
- (f) A tax credit applicant that receives state-funded site rehabilitation under s. 376.3078(3) for rehabilitation of a drycleaning-solvent-contaminated site is ineligible to receive credit under this section for costs incurred by the tax credit applicant in conjunction with the rehabilitation of that site during the same time period that state-administered site rehabilitation was underway.
- (g) The total amount of the tax credits which may be granted under this section and s. 199.1055 is \$2 million annually.
- (h)1. Tax credits that may be available under this section to an entity eligible under s. 376.30781 may be transferred after a merger or acquisition to the surviving or acquiring entity and used in the same manner and with the same limitations.
- 2. The entity or its surviving or acquiring entity as described in subparagraph 1., may transfer any unused credit in whole or in units of no less than 25 percent of the remaining credit. The entity acquiring such credit may use it in the same manner and with the same limitation as described in this section. Such transferred credits may not be transferred again although they may succeed to a surviving or acquiring entity subject to the same conditions and limitations as described in this section.
- 3. In the event the credit provided for under this section is reduced either as a result of a determination by the Department of Environmental Protection or an examination or audit by the Department of Revenue, such tax deficiency

2.4

2.8

shall be recovered from the first entity, or the surviving or acquiring entity, to have claimed such credit up to the amount of credit taken. Any subsequent deficiencies shall be assessed against any entity acquiring and claiming such credit, or in the case of multiple succeeding entities in the order of credit succession.

- (i) In order to encourage completion of site rehabilitation at contaminated sites being voluntarily cleaned up and eligible for a tax credit under this section, the tax credit applicant may claim an additional 10 percent of the total cleanup costs, not to exceed\$250,000\$50,000, in the final year of cleanup as evidenced by the Department of Environmental Protection issuing a "No Further Action" order for that site.
- (2) FILING REQUIREMENTS.--Any corporation that wishes to obtain credit under this section must submit with its return a tax credit certificate approving partial tax credits issued by the Department of Environmental Protection under s. 376.30781.
- (3) ADMINISTRATION; AUDIT AUTHORITY; TAX CREDIT FORFEITURE.--
- (a) The Department of Revenue may adopt rules to prescribe any necessary forms required to claim a tax credit under this section and to provide the administrative guidelines and procedures required to administer this section.
- (b) In addition to its existing audit and investigation authority relating to chapter 199 and this chapter, the Department of Revenue may perform any additional financial and technical audits and investigations, including examining the accounts, books, or records of the tax credit applicant, which are necessary to verify the site

2.4

2.8

rehabilitation costs included in a tax credit return and to ensure compliance with this section. The Department of Environmental Protection shall provide technical assistance, when requested by the Department of Revenue, on any technical audits performed pursuant to this section.

- (c) It is grounds for forfeiture of previously claimed and received tax credits if the Department of Revenue determines, as a result of either an audit or information received from the Department of Environmental Protection, that a taxpayer received tax credits pursuant to this section to which the taxpayer was not entitled. In the case of fraud, the taxpayer shall be prohibited from claiming any future tax credits under this section or s. 199.1055.
- 1. The taxpayer is responsible for returning forfeited tax credits to the Department of Revenue, and such funds shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund of the state.
- 2. The taxpayer shall file with the Department of Revenue an amended tax return or such other report as the Department of Revenue prescribes by rule and shall pay any required tax within 60 days after the taxpayer receives notification from the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to s. 376.30781 that previously approved tax credits have been revoked or modified, if uncontested, or within 60 days after a final order is issued following proceedings involving a contested revocation or modification order.
- 3. A notice of deficiency may be issued by the Department of Revenue at any time within 5 years after the date the taxpayer receives notification from the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to s. 376.30781 that previously approved tax credits have been revoked or modified. If a taxpayer fails to notify the Department of Revenue of any

change in its tax credit claimed, a notice of deficiency may be issued at any time. In either case, the amount of any proposed assessment set forth in such notice of deficiency shall be limited to the amount of any deficiency resulting under this section from the recomputation of the taxpayer's tax for the taxable year.

- 4. Any taxpayer that fails to report and timely pay any tax due as a result of the forfeiture of its tax credit is in violation of this section and is subject to applicable penalty and interest.
- Section 3. Section 376.30781, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 376.30781 Partial tax credits for rehabilitation of drycleaning-solvent-contaminated sites and brownfield sites in designated brownfield areas; application process; rulemaking authority; revocation authority.--
 - (1) The Legislature finds that:
- (a) To facilitate property transactions and economic growth and development, it is in the interest of the state to encourage the cleanup, at the earliest possible time, of drycleaning-solvent-contaminated sites and brownfield sites in designated brownfield areas.
- (b) It is the intent of the Legislature to encourage the voluntary cleanup of drycleaning-solvent-contaminated sites and brownfield sites in designated brownfield areas by providing a partial tax credit for the restoration of such property in specified circumstances.
- (2)(a) A credit in the amount of $\underline{40}$ 35 percent of the costs of voluntary cleanup activity that is integral to site rehabilitation at the following sites is allowed pursuant to ss. 199.1055 and 220.1845:

2.4

2.5

2.8

- A drycleaning-solvent-contaminated site eligible
 for state-funded site rehabilitation under s. 376.3078(3);
- 2. A drycleaning-solvent-contaminated site at which cleanup is undertaken by the real property owner pursuant to s. 376.3078(11), if the real property owner is not also, and has never been, the owner or operator of the drycleaning facility where the contamination exists; or
- 3. A brownfield site in a designated brownfield area under s. 376.80.
- (b) A tax credit applicant, or multiple tax credit applicants working jointly to clean up a single site, may not be granted more than \$250,000 per year in tax credits for each site voluntarily rehabilitated. Multiple tax credit applicants shall be granted tax credits in the same proportion as their contribution to payment of cleanup costs. Tax credits are available only for site rehabilitation conducted during the calendar year for which the tax credit application is submitted.
- (c) In order to encourage completion of site rehabilitation at contaminated sites that are being voluntarily cleaned up and that are eligible for a tax credit under this section, the tax credit applicant may claim an additional 10 percent of the total cleanup costs, not to exceed \$250,000 \$50,000, in the final year of cleanup as evidenced by the Department of Environmental Protection issuing a "No Further Action" order for that site.
- (3) The Department of Environmental Protection shall be responsible for allocating the tax credits provided for in ss. 199.1055 and 220.1845, not to exceed a total of \$2 million in tax credits annually.

6

7

8

9

13

19

2.4

27

30

31

program sites.

(4) To claim the credit for site rehabilitation 2 conducted during the current calendar year, each tax credit applicant must apply to the Department of Environmental 3 Protection for an allocation of the \$2 million annual credit by January 15 of the following year on a form developed by the 5 Department of Environmental Protection in cooperation with the Department of Revenue. The form shall include an affidavit from each tax credit applicant certifying that all information contained in the application, including all records of costs incurred and claimed in the tax credit application, are true 10 and correct. If the application is submitted pursuant to 11 12 subparagraph (2)(a)2., the form must include an affidavit signed by the real property owner stating that it is not, and has never been, the owner or operator of the drycleaning 14 facility where the contamination exists. Approval of partial 15 tax credits must be accomplished on a first-come, first-served 16 basis based upon the date complete applications are received 18 by the Division of Waste Management. A tax credit applicant shall submit only one complete application per site for each calendar year's site rehabilitation costs. Incomplete 20 21 placeholder applications shall not be accepted and will not 22 secure a place in the first-come, first-served application 23 line. To be eligible for a tax credit, the tax credit applicant must: 25 (a) Have entered into a voluntary cleanup agreement with the Department of Environmental Protection for a 26 drycleaning-solvent-contaminated site or a Brownfield Site Rehabilitation Agreement, as applicable; and (b) Have paid all deductibles pursuant to s. 29

376.3078(3)(e) for eligible drycleaning-solvent-cleanup

2.4

2.5

2.8

- applicant must annually file an application for certification, which must be received by the Division of Waste Management of the Department of Environmental Protection by January 15 of the year following the calendar year for which site rehabilitation costs are being claimed in a tax credit application. The tax credit applicant must provide all pertinent information requested on the tax credit application form, including, at a minimum, the name and address of the tax credit applicant and the address and tracking identification number of the eligible site. Along with the tax credit application form, the tax credit applicant must submit the following:
- (a) A nonrefundable review fee of \$250 made payable to the Water Quality Assurance Trust Fund to cover the administrative costs associated with the department's review of the tax credit application;
- (b) Copies of contracts and documentation of contract negotiations, accounts, invoices, sales tickets, or other payment records from purchases, sales, leases, or other transactions involving actual costs incurred for that tax year related to site rehabilitation, as that term is defined in ss. 376.301 and 376.79;
- (c) Proof that the documentation submitted pursuant to paragraph (b) has been reviewed and verified by an independent certified public accountant in accordance with standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Specifically, the certified public accountant must attest to the accuracy and validity of the costs incurred and paid by conducting an independent review of the data presented by the tax credit applicant. Accuracy and validity

2.4

2.8

of costs incurred and paid would be determined once the level of effort was certified by an appropriate professional registered in this state in each contributing technical discipline. The certified public accountant's report would also attest that the costs included in the application form are not duplicated within the application. A copy of the accountant's report shall be submitted to the Department of Environmental Protection with the tax credit application; and

- (d) A certification form stating that site rehabilitation activities associated with the documentation submitted pursuant to paragraph (b) have been conducted under the observation of, and related technical documents have been signed and sealed by, an appropriate professional registered in this state in each contributing technical discipline. The certification form shall be signed and sealed by the appropriate registered professionals stating that the costs incurred were integral, necessary, and required for site rehabilitation, as that term is defined in ss. 376.301 and 376.79.
- (6) The certified public accountant and appropriate registered professionals submitting forms as part of a tax credit application must verify such forms. Verification must be accomplished as provided in s. 92.525(1)(b) and subject to the provisions of s. 92.525(3).
- (7) The Department of Environmental Protection shall review the tax credit application and any supplemental documentation that the tax credit applicant may submit prior to the annual application deadline in order to have the application considered complete, for the purpose of verifying that the tax credit applicant has met the qualifying criteria in subsections (2) and (4) and has submitted all required

11 12

13

14

15

16

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

29

- documentation listed in subsection (5). Upon verification that 2 the tax credit applicant has met these requirements, the department shall issue a written decision granting eligibility 3 for partial tax credits (a tax credit certificate) in the 4 amount of 40 35 percent of the total costs claimed, subject to 5 6 the \$250,000 limitation, for the calendar year for which the 7 tax credit application is submitted based on the report of the 8 certified public accountant and the certifications from the appropriate registered technical professionals. 9
 - (8) On or before March 1, the Department of Environmental Protection shall inform each eligible tax credit applicant of the amount of its partial tax credit and provide each eligible tax credit applicant with a tax credit certificate that must be submitted with its tax return to the Department of Revenue to claim the tax credit or be transferred pursuant to s. 199.1055(1)(g) or s. 220.1845(1)(h). Credits will not result in the payment of refunds if total credits exceed the amount of tax owed.
 - (9) If a tax credit applicant does not receive a tax credit allocation due to an exhaustion of the \$2 million annual tax credit authorization, such application will then be included in the same first-come, first-served order in the next year's annual tax credit allocation, if any, based on the prior year application.
 - (10) The Department of Environmental Protection may adopt rules to prescribe the necessary forms required to claim tax credits under this section and to provide the administrative guidelines and procedures required to administer this section.
 - (11) The Department of Environmental Protection may revoke or modify any written decision granting eligibility for

partial tax credits under this section if it is discovered 2 that the tax credit applicant submitted any false statement, representation, or certification in any application, record, 3 report, plan, or other document filed in an attempt to receive 4 partial tax credits under this section. The Department of 5 Environmental Protection shall immediately notify the 7 Department of Revenue of any revoked or modified orders 8 affecting previously granted partial tax credits. 9 Additionally, the tax credit applicant must notify the Department of Revenue of any change in its tax credit claimed. 10 (12) A tax credit applicant who receives state-funded 11 12 site rehabilitation under s. 376.3078(3) for rehabilitation of 13 a drycleaning-solvent-contaminated site is ineligible to receive a tax credit under s. 199.1055 or s. 220.1845 for 14 costs incurred by the tax credit applicant in conjunction with 15 the rehabilitation of that site during the same time period 16 17 that state-administered site rehabilitation was underway. 18 Section 4. Subsection (2) of section 288.9015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 19 288.9015 Enterprise Florida, Inc.; purpose; duties.--20 21 (2) It shall be the responsibility of Enterprise 22 Florida, Inc., to aggressively market Florida's rural 23 communities, distressed urban communities, brownfields, and enterprise zones as locations for potential new investment, to 2.4 aggressively assist in the retention and expansion of existing 25 26 businesses in these communities, and to aggressively assist 27 these communities in the identification and development of new 2.8 economic development opportunities for job creation, fully marketing state incentive programs such as the Qualified 29 30 Target Industry Tax Refund Program under s. 288.106 and the 31

3

4 5

6

8

9

10

11

13

14

15

16

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

2526

27

2930

Quick Action Closing Fund under s. 288.1088 in economically distressed areas.

Section 5. Section 376.86, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

376.86 Brownfield Areas Loan Guarantee Program. --

- (1) The Brownfield Areas Loan Guarantee Council is created to review and approve or deny by a majority vote of its membership, the situations and circumstances for participation in partnerships by agreements with local governments, financial institutions, and others associated with the redevelopment of brownfield areas pursuant to the Brownfields Redevelopment Act for a limited state quaranty of up to 5 years of loan guarantees or loan loss reserves issued pursuant to law. The limited state loan guaranty applies only to 25 + 10 percent of the primary lenders loans for redevelopment projects in brownfield areas. A limited state quaranty of private loans or a loan loss reserve is authorized for lenders licensed to operate in the state upon a determination by the council that such an arrangement would be in the public interest and the likelihood of the success of the loan is great.
- Department of Environmental Protection or the secretary's designee, the secretary of the Department of Community Affairs or the secretary's designee, the Executive Director of the State Board of Administration or the executive director's designee, the Executive Director of the Florida Housing Finance Corporation or the executive director's designee, and the Director of the Governor's Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development or the director's designee. The chairperson of the council shall be the Director of the

3

4

5

8

9

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

29

30

Governor's Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development. Staff services for activities of the council shall be provided as needed by the member agencies.

- (3) The council may enter into an investment agreement with the Department of Environmental Protection and the State Board of Administration concerning the investment of the balance of funds maintained in the Inland Protection Trust Fund. The investment must be limited as follows:
- (a) Not more than \$5 million of the balance of the Inland Protection Trust Fund in a fiscal year may be at risk at any time on loan guarantees or as loan loss reserves. Of that amount, 15 percent shall be reserved for investment agreements involving predominantly minority-owned businesses which meet the requirements of subsection (4).
- (b) Such funds at risk at any time may not be used to guarantee any loan guaranty or loan loss reserve agreement for a period longer than 5 years.
- (4) A lender seeking a limited state guaranty for a loan from the Brownfield Areas Loan Guarantee Council must first provide to the council a report demonstrating that the lender has reviewed the project for redevelopment of the brownfield area and determined its feasibility in accordance with its standard procedures. The procedures include, but are not limited to:
- (a) Obtaining a satisfactory credit report from a source deemed reliable by the lender;
- (b) Reviewing a report of environmental conditions at the project and determining that actions are underway to comply with specific recommendations;
- (c) Investigating the background and experience of the entity to receive the loan and manage the project and

2.4

2.5

determining that the managing entity appears to possess the experience, competence, and capacity to manage the project;

- (d) Determining that conditions exist to establish a financially sound redevelopment project that exposes the state loan guarantee program to a reasonable or acceptable level of risk; and
- (e) Determining that the local government with jurisdiction over the area where the brownfield redevelopment project is located has committed in-kind resources, local financial incentives, or local financial resources to the total project cost.
- (5) A lender covered by a limited state guaranty for a loan is not entitled to file a claim for loss pursuant to the guaranty unless all reasonable and normal remedies available and customary for lending institutions for resolving problems of loan repayments are exhausted. If the lender has received collateral security in connection with the loan, the lender must first exhaust all available remedies against the collateral security.
- (6) The council may, by rule, establish requirements for the issuance of loan guarantees, including contractual provisions to foster reimbursement, in the event of default, to the guarantee fund.
- (7) The council may receive public and private funds, federal grants, and private donations in carrying out its responsibilities.
- (8) The council shall provide an annual report to the Legislature by February 1 of each year describing its activities and agreements approved relating to redevelopment of brownfield areas. This section shall be reviewed by the Legislature by January 1, 2007, and a determination made

related to the need to continue or modify this section. New loan guarantees may not be approved in 2007 until the review by the Legislature has been completed and a determination has 3 been made as to the feasibility of continuing the use of the Inland Protection Trust Fund to quarantee portions of loans 5 under this section. 7 Section 6. Sections 376.87 and 376.875, Florida 8 Statutes, are repealed. 9 Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005. 10 ********** 11 12 SENATE SUMMARY 13 Increases from 35 percent to 40 percent the amount of credit which may be applied against the tax on intangible personal property and the corporate income tax for the 14 voluntary cleanup costs of a contaminated site. Increases from \$50,000 to \$250,000 the amount that may be received 15 by the taxpayer as an incentive to complete the cleanup in the final year. Increases the amount of the loan 16 guarantee which is available under the Brownfield Areas Loan Guarantee Program from 10 percent to 25 percent. Abolishes the Brownfield Property Ownership Clearance 17 18 Assistance Revolving Loan Trust Fund. 19 20 21 22 23 2.4 25 26 27 28 29 30 31