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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Lake Okeechobee Protection Program;
3	amending s. 373.4595, F.S.; providing legislative findings
4	with respect to implementation and funding of the Lake
5	Okeechobee Watershed Phosphorus Control Program and the
6	Lake Okeechobee Protection Program; revising a definition;
7	providing that the Department of Agriculture and Consumer
8	Services, the Department of Environmental Protection, and
9	the South Florida Water Management District be jointly
10	responsible for implementing the Lake Okeechobee
11	Protection Plan; requiring that annual funding priorities
12	be jointly established; providing criteria for determining
13	funding priorities; repealing obsolete provisions;
14	providing an effective date.
15	
16	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
17	
18	Section 1. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section
19	373.4595, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
20	373.4595 Lake Okeechobee Protection Program
21	(1) FINDINGS AND INTENT
22	(a) The Legislature finds that Lake Okeechobee is one of
23	the most important water resources of the state, providing many
24	functions benefiting the public interest, including
25	agricultural, public, and environmental water supply; flood
26	control; fishing; navigation and recreation; and habitat to
27	endangered and threatened species and other flora and fauna.

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(b) The Legislature finds that land uses in the Lake Okeechobee watershed and the construction of the Central and Southern Florida Project have resulted in adverse changes to the hydrology and water quality of Lake Okeechobee. These hydrology and water quality changes have resulted in algal blooms and other adverse impacts to water quality both in Lake Okeechobee and in downstream receiving waters.

35 (c) The Legislature finds that improvement to the
36 hydrology and water quality of Lake Okeechobee is essential to
37 the protection of the Everglades.

(d) The Legislature also finds that it is imperative for the state, local governments, and agricultural and environmental communities to commit to restoring and protecting Lake Okeechobee and downstream receiving waters, and that a watershed-based approach to address these issues must be developed and implemented immediately.

The Legislature finds that phosphorus loads from the (e) 44 Lake Okeechobee watershed have contributed to excessive 45 phosphorus levels in Lake Okeechobee and downstream receiving 46 47 waters and that a reduction in levels of phosphorus will benefit 48 the ecology of these systems. The excessive levels of phosphorus 49 have also resulted in an accumulation of phosphorus in the 50 sediments of Lake Okeechobee. If not removed, internal phosphorus loads from the sediments are expected to delay 51 responses of the lake to external phosphorus reductions. 52

(f) The Legislature finds that the Lake Okeechobee
 phosphorus loads set forth in the South Florida Water Management
 District's Technical Publication 81-2 represent an appropriate
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basis for the initial phase of phosphorus load reductions to 56 Lake Okeechobee and that subsequent phases of phosphorus load 57 reductions shall be determined by the total maximum daily loads 58 established in accordance with s. 403.067. 59 The Legislature finds that this section, in 60 (q) conjunction with s. 403.067, provides a reasonable means of 61 achieving and maintaining compliance with state water quality 62 63 standards. (h) The Legislature finds that the implementation of the 64 programs contained in this section is for the benefit of the 65 public health, safety, and welfare and is in the public 66 67 interest. The Legislature finds that sufficient research has 68 (i) 69 been conducted and sufficient plans developed to immediately initiate the first phase of a program to address the hydrology 70 71 and water quality problems in Lake Okeechobee and downstream receiving waters. 72 The Legislature finds that in order to achieve the 73 (j) goals and objectives of this section and to effectively 74 75 implement the Lake Okeechobee Watershed Phosphorus Control 76 Program pursuant to paragraph (3)(c), the state must 77 expeditiously implement the Lake Okeechobee Protection Plan 78 developed pursuant to paragraph (3)(a). 79 The Legislature finds that a continuing source of (k) 80 funding is needed to effectively implement a phosphorus control program that initially targets the most significant sources 81 82 contributing to phosphorus loads within the watershed and

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83 continues to address other sources as needed to achieve the 84 phased phosphorus load reductions required under this section.

It is the intent of the Legislature to achieve and 85 (1)(j) maintain compliance with water quality standards in Lake 86 87 Okeechobee and downstream receiving waters through a phased, 88 comprehensive, and innovative protection program to reduce both internal and external phosphorus loads to Lake Okeechobee 89 through immediate actions to achieve the phosphorus load 90 reductions set forth in Technical Publication 81-2 and long-term 91 solutions based upon the total maximum daily loads established 92 93 in accordance with s. 403.067. This program shall be watershedbased, shall provide for consideration of all potential 94 phosphorus sources, and shall include research and monitoring, 95 development and implementation of best management practices, 96 refinement of existing regulations, and structural and 97 nonstructural projects, including public works. 98

99 <u>(m)(k)</u> It is the intent of the Legislature that the Lake 100 Okeechobee Protection Program be developed and implemented in 101 coordination with and, to the greatest extent practicable, 102 through the implementation of Restudy project components and 103 other federal programs in order to maximize opportunities for 104 the most efficient and timely expenditures of public funds.

105 <u>(n)(1)</u> It is the intent of the Legislature that the 106 coordinating agencies encourage and support the development of 107 creative public-private partnerships and programs, including 108 opportunities for pollutant trading and credits, to facilitate 109 or further the restoration of Lake Okeechobee, consistent with 110 s. 403.067.

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111	(2) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section:
112	(a) "Best management practice" means a practice or
113	combination of practices determined by the coordinating
114	agencies, based on research, field-testing, and expert review,
115	to be the most effective and practicable on-location means,
116	including economic and technological considerations, for
117	improving water quality in agricultural and urban discharges.
118	Best management practices for agricultural discharges shall
119	reflect a balance between water quality improvements and
120	agricultural productivity.
121	(b) "Coordinating agencies" means the Department of
122	Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Department of
123	Environmental Protection, and the South Florida Water Management
124	District.
125	(c) "Corps of Engineers" means the United States Army
126	Corps of Engineers.
127	(d) "Department" means the Department of Environmental
128	Protection.
129	(e) "District" means the South Florida Water Management
130	District.
131	(f) "District's WOD program" means the program implemented
132	pursuant to rules adopted as authorized by this section and ss.
133	373.016, 373.044, 373.085, 373.086, 373.109, 373.113, 373.118,
134	373.451, and 373.453, entitled "Works of the District Basin."
135	(g) "Lake Okeechobee Construction Project" means the
136	construction project developed pursuant to paragraph (3)(b).
137	(h) "Lake Okeechobee Protection Plan" means the plan
138	developed pursuant to this section and ss. 373.451-373.459.
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"Lake Okeechobee watershed" means Lake Okeechobee and 139 (i) the area surrounding and tributary to Lake Okeechobee, composed 140 of the 39 surrounding hydrologic basins, as defined by the Lake 141 142 Okeechobee Protection Plan dated January 1, 2004 South Florida 143 Water Management District SWIM Plan Update dated August 8, 1997. "Lake Okeechobee Watershed Phosphorus Control Program" 144 (j) means the program developed pursuant to paragraph (3)(c). 145 "Project component" means any structural or 146 (k) 147 operational change, resulting from the Restudy, to the Central and Southern Florida Project as it existed and was operated as 148 149 of January 1, 1999. 150 "Restudy" means the Comprehensive Review Study of the (1)Central and Southern Florida Project, for which federal 151 152 participation was authorized by the Federal Water Resources Development Acts of 1992 and 1996 together with related 153 Congressional resolutions and for which participation by the 154 155 South Florida Water Management District is authorized by s. 373.1501. The term includes all actions undertaken pursuant to 156 157 the aforementioned authorizations which will result in recommendations for modifications or additions to the Central 158 159 and Southern Florida Project. "Total maximum daily load" means the sum of the 160 (m) 161 individual wasteload allocations for point sources and the load 162 allocations for nonpoint sources and natural background. Prior 163 to determining individual wasteload allocations and load 164 allocations, the maximum amount of a pollutant that a water body 165 or water segment can assimilate from all sources without

166 exceeding water quality standards must first be calculated.

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167 (3) LAKE OKEECHOBEE PROTECTION PROGRAM. -- A protection program for Lake Okeechobee that achieves phosphorus load 168 169 reductions for Lake Okeechobee shall be immediately implemented 170 as specified in this subsection. The program shall address the 171reduction of phosphorus loading to the lake from both internal 172 and external sources. Phosphorus load reductions shall be achieved through a phased program of implementation. Initial 173 174 implementation actions shall be technology-based, based upon a 175 consideration of both the availability of appropriate technology 176 and the cost of such technology, and shall include phosphorus 177 reduction measures at both the source and the regional level. 178 The initial phase of phosphorus load reductions shall be based upon the district's Technical Publication 81-2 and the 179 180 district's WOD program, with subsequent phases of phosphorus load reductions based upon the total maximum daily loads 181 established in accordance with s. 403.067. In the development 182 and administration of the Lake Okeechobee Protection Program, 183 the coordinating agencies shall maximize opportunities provided 184 by federal cost-sharing programs and opportunities for 185 partnerships with the private sector. 186

(a) Lake Okeechobee Protection Plan.--By January 1, 2004,
The district, in cooperation with the other coordinating
agencies, shall complete a Lake Okeechobee Protection Plan in
accordance with this section and ss. 373.451-373.459. The plan
shall contain an implementation schedule for subsequent phases
of phosphorus load reduction consistent with the total maximum
daily loads established in accordance with s. 403.067. The plan

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194 shall consider and build upon a review and analysis of the 195 following:

The performance of projects constructed during Phase I
 of the Lake Okeechobee Construction Project, pursuant to
 paragraph (b).

Relevant information resulting from the Lake Okeechobee
 Watershed Phosphorus Control Program, pursuant to paragraph (c).

3. Relevant information resulting from the Lake Okeechobee
 Research and Water Quality Monitoring Program, pursuant to
 paragraph (d).

2044. Relevant information resulting from the Lake Okeechobee205Exotic Species Control Program, pursuant to paragraph (e).

206 5. Relevant information resulting from the Lake Okeechobee
207 Internal Phosphorus Management Program, pursuant to paragraph
208 (f).

(b) Lake Okeechobee Construction Project.--To improve the
hydrology and water quality of Lake Okeechobee and downstream
receiving waters, the district shall design and construct the
Lake Okeechobee Construction Project.

Phase I.--Phase I of the Lake Okeechobee Construction 213 1. Project shall consist of a series of project features consistent 214 with the recommendations of the South Florida Ecosystem 215 216 Restoration Working Group's Lake Okeechobee Action Plan. Priority basins for such projects include S-191, S-154, and 217 Pools D and E in the Lower Kissimmee River. In order to obtain 218 immediate phosphorus load reductions to Lake Okeechobee as soon 219 as possible, the following actions shall be implemented: 220

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221 The district shall serve as a full partner with the а. Corps of Engineers in the design and construction of the Grassy 222 223 Island Ranch and New Palm Dairy stormwater treatment facilities as components of the Lake Okeechobee Water Retention/Phosphorus 224 225 Removal Critical Project. The Corps of Engineers shall have the lead in design and construction of these facilities. However, 226 227 the district shall encourage the Corps of Engineers to complete a detailed design document by July 1, 2001. Should delays be 228 229 encountered in the implementation of either of these facilities, the district shall notify the department and recommend 230 231 corrective actions.

b. By January 1, 2001, The district shall obtain permits
and complete construction of two of the isolated wetland
restoration projects that are part of the Lake Okeechobee Water
Retention/Phosphorus Removal Critical Project. The additional
isolated wetland projects included in this critical project
shall be permitted and constructed by January 1, 2003, to
further reduce phosphorus loading to Lake Okeechobee.

c. By January 31, 2002, the district shall design and 239 complete implementation of the Lake Okeechobee Tributary 240 241 Sediment Removal Pilot Project. This project shall consist of 242 testing two alternative technologies for trapping and collecting 243 phosphorus laden sediment in the secondary drainage system prior to its discharge into the primary canal system and Lake 244 Okeechobee, thereby further reducing the total sediment loading 245 to the lake. 246

247 <u>c.d.</u> The district shall work with the Corps of Engineers 248 to expedite initiation of the design process for the Taylor Page 9 of 23

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249 Creek/Nubbins Slough Reservoir Assisted Stormwater Treatment 250 Area, a project component of the Restudy. The district shall 251 propose to the Corps of Engineers that the district take the 252 lead in the design and construction of the Reservoir Assisted 253 Stormwater Treatment Area and receive credit towards the local 254 share of the total cost of the Restudy.

Phase II.--By January 1, 2004, The district, in 255 2. 256 cooperation with the other coordinating agencies and the Corps 257 of Engineers, shall develop an implementation plan for Phase II 258 of the Lake Okeechobee Construction Project. Phase II shall include construction of additional facilities in the priority 259 260 basins identified in subparagraph (b)1., as well as facilities for other basins in the Lake Okeechobee watershed. The 261 262 implementation plan shall:

a. Identify Lake Okeechobee Construction Project
facilities to be constructed to achieve a design objective of 40
parts per billion (ppb) for phosphorus measured as a long-term
flow weighted average concentration, unless an allocation has
been established pursuant to s. 403.067 for the Lake Okeechobee
total maximum daily load.

269 b. Identify the size and location of all such Lake270 Okeechobee Construction Project facilities.

c. Provide a construction schedule for all such Lake
Okeechobee Construction Project facilities, including the
sequencing and specific timeframe for construction of each Lake
Okeechobee Construction Project facility.

d. Provide a land acquisition schedule for lands necessary
 to achieve the construction schedule.
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e. Provide a detailed schedule of costs associated withthe construction schedule.

f. Identify, to the maximum extent practicable, impacts on wetlands and state-listed species expected to be associated with construction of such facilities, including potential alternatives to minimize and mitigate such impacts, as appropriate.

Evaluation.--By January 1, 2004, and every 3 years 284 3. 285 thereafter, the district, in cooperation with the coordinating agencies, shall conduct an evaluation of any further phosphorus 286 load reductions necessary to achieve compliance with the Lake 287 288 Okeechobee total maximum daily load established pursuant to s. 289 403.067. Additionally, the district shall identify modifications 290 to facilities of the Lake Okeechobee Construction Project as appropriate if the design objective of 40 parts per billion 291 (ppb) or the allocation established pursuant to s. 403.067 for 292 293 the Lake Okeechobee total maximum daily load established pursuant to s. 403.067 is not being met. The evaluation shall be 294 295 included in the applicable annual progress report submitted 296 pursuant to paragraph $(h) \frac{(q)}{(q)}$.

297 4. Coordination and review. -- To ensure the timely implementation of the Lake Okeechobee Construction Project, the 298 299 design of project facilities shall be coordinated with the department and other interested parties to the maximum extent 300 301 practicable. Lake Okeechobee Construction Project facilities 302 shall be reviewed and commented upon by the department prior to 303 the execution of a construction contract by the district for 304 that facility.

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305 (C)Lake Okeechobee Watershed Phosphorus Control Program. -- The Lake Okeechobee Watershed Phosphorus Control 306 Program is designed to be a multifaceted approach to reducing 307 308 phosphorus loads by improving the management of phosphorus sources within the Lake Okeechobee watershed through continued 309 implementation of existing regulations and best management 310 practices, development and implementation of improved best 311 312 management practices, improvement and restoration of the hydrologic function of natural and managed systems, and 313 utilization of alternative technologies for nutrient reduction. 314 315 The coordinating agencies shall facilitate the application of 316 federal programs that offer opportunities for water quality treatment, including preservation, restoration, or creation of 317 318 wetlands on agricultural lands.

Agricultural nonpoint source best management practices, 319 1. developed in accordance with s. 403.067 and designed to achieve 320 the objectives of the Lake Okeechobee Protection Program, shall 321 be implemented on an expedited basis. By March 1, 2001, The 322 coordinating agencies shall develop an interagency agreement 323 pursuant to ss. 373.046 and 373.406(5) that assures the 324 325 development of best management practices that complement existing regulatory programs and specifies how those best 326 327 management practices are implemented and verified. The 328 interagency agreement shall address measures to be taken by the 329 coordinating agencies during any best management practice reevaluation performed pursuant to sub-subparagraph d. The 330 department shall use best professional judgment in making the 331 332 initial determination of best management practice effectiveness. Page 12 of 23

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333 As provided in s. 403.067(7)(d), by October 1, 2000, а. the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in 334 consultation with the department, the district, and affected 335 parties, shall initiate rule development for interim measures, 336 337 best management practices, conservation plans, nutrient 338 management plans, or other measures necessary for Lake Okeechobee phosphorus load reduction. The rule shall include 339 340 thresholds for requiring conservation and nutrient management plans and criteria for the contents of such plans. Development 341 of agricultural nonpoint source best management practices shall 342 343 initially focus on those priority basins listed in subparagraph 344 (b)1. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in consultation with the department, the district, and affected 345 346 parties, shall conduct an ongoing program for improvement of existing and development of new interim measures or best 347 management practices for the purpose of adoption of such 348 practices by rule. 349

Where agricultural nonpoint source best management 350 b. practices or interim measures have been adopted by rule of the 351 352 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the owner or 353 operator of an agricultural nonpoint source addressed by such rule shall either implement interim measures or best management 354 355 practices or demonstrate compliance with the district's WOD program by conducting monitoring prescribed by the department or 356 the district. Owners or operators of agricultural nonpoint 357 sources who implement interim measures or best management 358 359 practices adopted by rule of the Department of Agriculture and 360 Consumer Services shall be subject to the provisions of s. Page 13 of 23

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361 403.067(7). The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, 362 in cooperation with the department and the district, shall 363 provide technical and financial assistance for implementation of 364 agricultural best management practices, subject to the 365 availability of funds.

366 c. The district or department shall conduct monitoring at
 367 representative sites to verify the effectiveness of agricultural
 368 nonpoint source best management practices.

Where water quality problems are detected for 369 d. agricultural nonpoint sources despite the appropriate 370 371 implementation of adopted best management practices, the 372 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in consultation 373 with the other coordinating agencies and affected parties, shall 374 institute a reevaluation of the best management practices and make appropriate changes to the rule adopting best management 375 practices. 376

Nonagricultural nonpoint source best management 377 2. practices, developed in accordance with s. 403.067 and designed 378 to achieve the objectives of the Lake Okeechobee Protection 379 Program, shall be implemented on an expedited basis. By March 1, 380 381 $\frac{2001}{1000}$, The department and the district shall develop an 382 interagency agreement pursuant to ss. 373.046 and 373.406(5) 383 that assures the development of best management practices that 384 complement existing regulatory programs and specifies how those 385 best management practices are implemented and verified. The interagency agreement shall address measures to be taken by the 386 387 department and the district during any best management practice 388 reevaluation performed pursuant to sub-subparagraph d. Page 14 of 23

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389 The department and the district are directed to work а. with the University of Florida's Institute of Food and 390 Agricultural Sciences to develop appropriate nutrient 391 application rates for all nonagricultural soil amendments in the 392 watershed. As provided in s. 403.067(7)(c), by January 1, 2001, 393 the department, in consultation with the district and affected 394 parties, shall develop interim measures, best management 395 396 practices, or other measures necessary for Lake Okeechobee 397 phosphorus load reduction. Development of nonagricultural 398 nonpoint source best management practices shall initially focus on those priority basins listed in subparagraph (b)1. The 399 400 department, the district, and affected parties shall conduct an 401 ongoing program for improvement of existing and development of 402 new interim measures or best management practices. The district shall adopt technology-based standards under the district's WOD 403 program for nonagricultural nonpoint sources of phosphorus. 404

Where nonagricultural nonpoint source best management 405 b. practices or interim measures have been developed by the 406 407 department and adopted by the district, the owner or operator of a nonagricultural nonpoint source shall implement interim 408 409 measures or best management practices and be subject to the provisions of s. 403.067(7). The department and district shall 410 411 provide technical and financial assistance for implementation of 412 nonagricultural nonpoint source best management practices, subject to the availability of funds. 413

c. The district or the department shall conduct monitoring
 at representative sites to verify the effectiveness of
 nonagricultural nonpoint source best management practices.
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d. Where water quality problems are detected for
nonagricultural nonpoint sources despite the appropriate
implementation of adopted best management practices, the
department and the district shall institute a reevaluation of
the best management practices.

The provisions of subparagraphs 1. and 2. shall not 422 3. preclude the department or the district from requiring 423 compliance with water quality standards or with current best 424 425 management practices requirements set forth in any applicable 426 regulatory program authorized by law for the purpose of 427 protecting water quality. Additionally, subparagraphs 1. and 2. 428 are applicable only to the extent that they do not conflict with any rules promulgated by the department that are necessary to 429 430 maintain a federally delegated or approved program.

431 4. Projects which reduce the phosphorus load originating 432 from domestic wastewater systems within the Lake Okeechobee 433 watershed shall be given funding priority in the department's 434 revolving loan program under s. 403.1835. The department shall 435 coordinate and provide assistance to those local governments 436 seeking financial assistance for such priority projects.

437 5. Projects that make use of private lands, or lands held in trust for Indian tribes, to reduce nutrient loadings or 438 439 concentrations within a basin by one or more of the following methods: restoring the natural hydrology of the basin, restoring 440 wildlife habitat or impacted wetlands, reducing peak flows after 441 storm events, increasing aquifer recharge, or protecting range 442 and timberland from conversion to development, are eligible for 443 444 grants available under this section from the coordinating Page 16 of 23

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445 agencies. For projects of otherwise equal priority, special funding priority will be given to those projects that make best 446 447 use of the methods outlined above that involve public-private partnerships or that obtain federal match money. Preference 448 449 ranking above the special funding priority will be given to projects located in a rural area of critical economic concern 450 designated by the Governor. Grant applications may be submitted 451 by any person or tribal entity, and eligible projects may 452 include, but are not limited to, the purchase of conservation 453 and flowage easements, hydrologic restoration of wetlands, 454 455 creating treatment wetlands, development of a management plan 456 for natural resources, and financial support to implement a 457 management plan.

458 6.a. The department shall require all entities disposing of domestic wastewater residuals within the Lake Okeechobee 459 watershed and the remaining areas of Okeechobee, Glades, and 460 Hendry Counties to develop and submit to the department an 461 agricultural use plan that limits applications based upon 462 phosphorus loading. By July 1, 2005, phosphorus concentrations 463 originating from these application sites shall not exceed the 464 465 limits established in the district's WOD program.

466 b. Private and government-owned utilities within Monroe, 467 Dade, Broward, Palm Beach, Martin, St. Lucie, Indian River, 468 Okeechobee, Highlands, Hendry, and Glades Counties that dispose 469 of wastewater residual sludge from utility operations and septic removal by land spreading in the Lake Okeechobee watershed may 470 use a line item on local sewer rates to cover wastewater 471 472 residual treatment and disposal if such disposal and treatment Page 17 of 23

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473 is done by approved alternative treatment methodology at a facility located within the areas designated by the Governor as 474 rural areas of critical economic concern pursuant to s. 475 288.0656. This additional line item is an environmental 476 477 protection disposal fee above the present sewer rate and shall 478 not be considered a part of the present sewer rate to customers, notwithstanding provisions to the contrary in chapter 367. The 479 fee shall be established by the county commission or its 480 designated assignee in the county in which the alternative 481 method treatment facility is located. The fee shall be 482 483 calculated to be no higher than that necessary to recover the 484 facility's prudent cost of providing the service. Upon request by an affected county commission, the Florida Public Service 485 486 Commission will provide assistance in establishing the fee. Further, for utilities and utility authorities that use the 487 additional line item environmental protection disposal fee, such 488 fee shall not be considered a rate increase under the rules of 489 the Public Service Commission and shall be exempt from such 490 rules. Utilities using the provisions of this section may 491 immediately include in their sewer invoicing the new 492 493 environmental protection disposal fee. Proceeds from this 494 environmental protection disposal fee shall be used for 495 treatment and disposal of wastewater residuals, including any treatment technology that helps reduce the volume of residuals 496 that require final disposal, but such proceeds shall not be used 497 for transportation or shipment costs for disposal or any costs 498 relating to the land application of residuals in the Lake 499 500 Okeechobee watershed.

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501 No less frequently than once every 3 years, the Florida с. Public Service Commission or the county commission through the 502 503 services of an independent auditor shall perform a financial audit of all facilities receiving compensation from an 504 505 environmental protection disposal fee. The Florida Public 506 Service Commission or the county commission through the services 507 of an independent auditor shall also perform an audit of the 508 methodology used in establishing the environmental protection 509 disposal fee. The Florida Public Service Commission or the 510 county commission shall, within 120 days after completion of an 511 audit, file the audit report with the President of the Senate 512 and the Speaker of the House of Representatives and shall 513 provide copies to the county commissions of the counties set 514 forth in sub-subparagraph b. The books and records of any facilities receiving compensation from an environmental 515 protection disposal fee shall be open to the Florida Public 516 517 Service Commission and the Auditor General for review upon 518 request.

519 7. The Department of Health shall require all entities disposing of septage within the Lake Okeechobee watershed and 520 521 the remaining areas of Okeechobee, Glades, and Hendry Counties to develop and submit to that agency, by July 1, 2003, an 522 523 agricultural use plan that limits applications based upon phosphorus loading. By July 1, 2005, phosphorus concentrations 524 525 originating from these application sites shall not exceed the 526 limits established in the district's WOD program.

527 8. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services 528 shall initiate rulemaking requiring entities within the Lake Page 19 of 23

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529 Okeechobee watershed and the remaining areas of Okeechobee, 530 Glades, and Hendry Counties which land-apply animal manure to 531 develop conservation or nutrient management plans that limit 532 application, based upon phosphorus loading. Such rules may 533 include criteria and thresholds for the requirement to develop a 534 conservation or nutrient management plan, requirements for plan 535 approval, and recordkeeping requirements.

9. Prior to authorizing a discharge into works of the district, the district shall require responsible parties to demonstrate that proposed changes in land use will not result in increased phosphorus loading over that of existing land uses.

540 10. The district, the department, or the Department of 541 Agriculture and Consumer Services, as appropriate, shall 542 implement those alternative nutrient reduction technologies 543 determined to be feasible pursuant to subparagraph (d)6.

(d) Lake Okeechobee Research and Water Quality Monitoring
Program.--By January 1, 2001, The district, in cooperation with
the other coordinating agencies, shall establish a Lake
Okeechobee Research and Water Quality Monitoring Program that
builds upon the district's existing Lake Okeechobee research
program. The program shall:

550 Evaluate all available existing water quality data 1. 551 concerning total phosphorus in the Lake Okeechobee watershed, 552 develop a water quality baseline to represent existing 553 conditions for total phosphorus, monitor long-term ecological 554 changes, including water quality for total phosphorus, and measure compliance with water quality standards for total 555 556 phosphorus, including the total maximum daily load for Lake Page 20 of 23

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557 Okeechobee as established pursuant to s. 403.067. The district 558 shall also implement a total phosphorus monitoring program at 559 all inflow structures to Lake Okeechobee.

2. By July 1, 2003, Develop a Lake Okeechobee water quality model that reasonably represents phosphorus dynamics of the lake and incorporates an uncertainty analysis associated with model predictions.

3. By July 1, 2003, Determine the relative contribution of phosphorus from all identifiable sources and all primary and secondary land uses.

4. By July 1, 2003, Conduct an assessment of the sources of phosphorus from the Upper Kissimmee Chain-of-Lakes and Lake Istokpoga, and their relative contribution to the water quality of Lake Okeechobee. The results of this assessment shall be used by the coordinating agencies to develop interim measures, best management practices, or regulation, as applicable.

573 5. By July 1, 2003, Assess current water management 574 practices within the Lake Okeechobee watershed and develop 575 recommendations for structural and operational improvements. 576 Such recommendations shall balance water supply, flood control, 577 estuarine salinity, maintenance of a healthy lake littoral zone, 578 and water quality considerations.

579 6. By July 1, 2003, Evaluate the feasibility of
580 alternative nutrient reduction technologies, including sediment
581 traps, canal and ditch maintenance, fish production or other
582 aquaculture, bioenergy conversion processes, and algal or other
583 biological treatment technologies.

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(e) Lake Okeechobee Exotic Species Control Program.--By
June 1, 2002, The coordinating agencies shall identify the
exotic species that threaten the native flora and fauna within
the Lake Okeechobee watershed and develop and implement measures
to protect the native flora and fauna.

Lake Okeechobee Internal Phosphorus Management 589 (f) 590 Program. -- By July 1, 2003, The district, in cooperation with the 591 other coordinating agencies and interested parties, shall 592 complete a Lake Okeechobee internal phosphorus load removal 593 feasibility study. The feasibility study shall be based on technical feasibility, as well as economic considerations, and 594 595 address all reasonable methods of phosphorus removal. If methods are found to be feasible, the district shall immediately pursue 596 597 the design, funding, and permitting for implementing such 598 methods.

Lake Okeechobee Protection Plan implementation.--The 599 (q) coordinating agencies shall be jointly responsible for 600 601 implementing the Lake Okeechobee Protection Plan, consistent 602 with the statutory authority and responsibility of each agency. 603 Annual funding priorities shall be jointly established and the 604 highest priority shall be assigned to programs and projects that address phosphorus sources that have the highest relative 605 606 contribution to phosphorus loading and the greatest potential 607 for phosphorus reduction. In determining funding priorities, the 608 coordinating agencies shall also consider the need for 609 regulatory compliance, the extent to which the program or project is ready to proceed, and the availability of federal 610 611 matching funds or other nonstate funding, including public-

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612 private partnerships. Federal and other nonstate funding shall613 be maximized to the greatest extent practicable.

614 (h) (g) Annual progress report. -- Each January 1, beginning in 2001, the district shall submit to the Governor, the 615 616 President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 617 Representatives annual progress reports regarding implementation 618 of this section. The annual report shall include a summary of 619 water quality and habitat conditions in Lake Okeechobee and the Lake Okeechobee watershed and the status of the Lake Okeechobee 620 621 Construction Project. The district shall prepare the report in 622 cooperation with the other coordinating agencies.

623

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005.

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