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A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to elections; amending s. 97.012, F.S.; authorizing the Secretary of State to investigate voter 3 4 fraud; authorizing the Department of State to adopt rules; 5 amending s. 97.021, F.S.; defining the term "marksense 6 ballots"; defining the terms "early voting area," "early 7 voting site, " and "third-party voter registration organization"; amending s. 97.051, F.S.; revising the oath 8 required upon registering to vote; amending s. 97.052, 9 F.S.; revising the contents of the uniform statewide voter 10 11 registration application; amending s. 97.053, F.S.; revising provisions governing the acceptance of voter 12 registration applications by the supervisor of elections; 13 requiring that an applicant complete a registration 14 application before the date of book closing in order to be 15 16 eligible to vote in that election; revising the information required on the registration application; 17 amending s. 97.055, F.S.; limiting the updates that may be 18 made to registration information following book closing; 19 creating s. 97.0575, F.S.; providing requirements for 20 third-party voter registration organizations that collect 21 voter-registration applications; providing fines for 22 23 failure to deliver applications as required; authorizing the Division of Elections to adopt rules to administer 24 provisions governing third-party voter registration 25 organizations; amending s. 97.071, F.S.; specifying the 26 27 information to be included on the registration

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identification card; amending s. 98.045, F.S.; deleting a cross-reference; amending s. 98.077, F.S.; revising the procedures for updating a voter signature used to verify an absentee ballot or provisional ballot; amending s. 99.061, F.S.; providing for qualifying for nomination or election by the petition process; requiring the filing of statements of financial interest; requiring that a qualifying officer accept certain qualifying papers filed before the qualifying period; amending s. 99.063, F.S.; providing filing requirements for public officers; amending s. 99.092, F.S., relating to qualifying fees; clarifying provisions governing qualifying for nomination or election by the petition process to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 99.095, F.S.; revising the requirements for qualifying as a candidate by a petition process in lieu of paying a qualifying fee and party assessment; providing requirements for submitting petitions and certifications; requiring that the division or supervisor of elections, as applicable, determine whether the required number of signatures has been obtained; amending s. 99.0955, F.S.; providing procedures for a candidate having no party affiliation to qualify by the petition process; amending s. 99.096, F.S.; revising the procedures for a minor political party to submit nominated candidates to be on the general election ballot; providing for candidates to qualify by the petition process; amending s. 99.09651, F.S., relating to signature

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requirements for ballot position; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 100.011, F.S.; requiring that an elector in line at the time the polls close be allowed to vote; amending s. 100.101, F.S.; revising the circumstances under which a special election or primary is held; amending s. 100.111, F.S.; revising requirements for filling a vacancy in a nomination; requiring that ballots cast for a former nominee be counted for the person designated to replace the nominee under certain circumstances; amending s. 100.141, F.S., relating to the notice of a special election; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 101.031, F.S.; revising the Voter's Bill of Rights to authorize a provisional ballot if a person's identity is in question; amending s. 101.043, F.S.; revising the procedures for a voter to provide identification when voting; amending s. 101.048, F.S.; providing for certain additional voters to cast provisional ballots; providing requirements for presenting evidence in support of a person's right to vote; requiring that the county canvassing board count such a ballot unless it determines by a preponderance of the evidence that the person was not entitled to vote; requiring that a person casting a provisional ballot be informed of certain rights; amending s. 101.049, F.S.; providing requirements for ballots for persons with disabilities; amending s. 101.051, F.S.; prohibiting certain solicitations to provide assistance to

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an elector; providing a penalty; authorizing an elector to request that a person other than an election official provide him or her with assistance in voting; providing for the form of the oath to be signed; amending s. 101.111, F.S.; revising the requirements for challenging an elector's right to vote; providing a penalty for filing a frivolous challenge; amending s. 101.131, F.S.; revising requirements for poll watchers; authorizing certain political committees to have poll watchers; prohibiting a poll watcher from interacting with a voter; providing for poll watchers at early voting areas; amending s. 101.151, F.S.; providing requirements for marksense ballots; amending s. 101.171, F.S.; requiring that a copy of a proposed constitutional amendment be available at voting locations; amending s. 101.294, F.S.; prohibiting a vendor of voting equipment from providing systems, components, or system upgrades to a local governing body or supervisor of elections which have not been certified by the Division of Elections; requiring that the vendor provide sworn certification of such equipment; amending s. 101.295, F.S.; providing a penalty for providing voting equipment in violation of ch. 101, F.S.; amending s. 101.49, F.S.; revising the procedures for verifying an elector's signature; amending s. 101.51, F.S.; requiring that an elector occupy a voting booth alone; amending s. 101.5606, F.S., relating to requirements for approval of voting systems, to conform; amending s. 101.5608, F.S., relating

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to voting by electronic or electromechanical methods, to conform; amending s. 101.5612, F.S.; providing requirements for testing voting equipment; amending s. 101.5614, F.S.; correcting a cross-reference; amending s. 101.572, F.S.; requiring that the supervisor of elections notify the candidates if ballots are examined before the end of the contest; amending s. 101.58, F.S.; authorizing employees of the department to have access to the premises, records, equipment, and staff of the supervisors of elections; amending s. 101.595, F.S.; requiring that certain overvotes and undervotes be reported to the department; amending s. 101.6103, F.S.; authorizing the canvassing board to begin canvassing before the election; prohibiting the release of results before election day; providing a penalty for any early release of results; requiring that a mail ballot that otherwise satisfies the requirements of law for mail ballots be counted even if the elector dies after mailing the ballot but before election day if certain conditions are met; amending s. 101.62, F.S.; revising the requirements for mailing absentee ballots to voters; amending s. 101.64, F.S.; providing for an oath to be provided to persons voting absentee under the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act; amending s. 101.657, F.S.; revising requirements relating to early voting locations; revising the times to begin and end early voting and the times for opening and closing the early voting sites each day;

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providing for uniformity of county early voting sites; requiring any person in line at the closing of an early voting site to be allowed to vote; providing for early voting in municipal and special district elections; requiring supervisors to provide certain information in electronic format to the Division of Elections; requiring that an early voting ballot that otherwise satisfies the requirements of law for early voting ballots be counted even if the elector dies on or before election day; amending s. 101.663, F.S.; providing for certain persons to vote absentee after moving to another state; amending s. 101.68, F.S.; prohibiting changing a voter's certificate after the absentee ballot is received by the supervisor; providing that electors who die on or before election day and have cast an absentee ballot shall remain on the voter registration books until the election is certified; providing that the ballot of an elector who casts an absentee ballot shall be counted even if the elector dies on or before election day if certain conditions are met; amending s. 101.69, F.S.; prohibiting a voter from voting another ballot after casting an absentee ballot; providing for a provisional ballot under certain circumstances; amending s. 101.6923, F.S.; providing for the form of the printed instructions on an absentee ballot; amending s. 101.694, F.S.; providing requirements for absentee envelopes printed for voters voting under the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee

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Voting Act; amending s. 101.697, F.S.; requiring the Department of State to determine whether secure electronic ballots may be provided for overseas voters; requiring that the department adopt rules for accepting overseas ballots; amending s. 102.012, F.S.; requiring the supervisor of elections to appoint an election board before any election; providing duties of the board; amending s. 102.014, F.S.; requiring that the Division of Elections develop a uniform training curriculum for poll workers; amending s. 102.031, F.S.; providing requirements for maintaining order at early voting areas; requiring the designation of a no-solicitation zone; prohibiting photography in a polling room or early voting area; amending s. 102.071, F.S.; revising requirements for tabulating votes; amending s. 102.111, F.S.; providing for corrections to be made to the official election returns; amending s. 102.112, F.S.; requiring that a return contain a certification by the canvassing board; authorizing the Department of State to correct typographical errors; amending s. 102.141, F.S.; revising requirements for the canvassing boards in submitting returns to the department; providing requirements for the report filed by the canvassing board; requiring the department to adopt rules for filing results and statistical information; amending s. 102.166, F.S.; revising the circumstances under which a manual recount may be ordered; amending s. 102.168, F.S.; requiring that complaints be filed with the board

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responsible for certifying the election results;
specifying the parties to an action who may contest an
election or nomination; amending s. 103.021, F.S.;
providing for nomination of presidential electors by the
state executive committee of each political party;
defining the term "national party" for purposes of
nominating a candidate for President and Vice President of
the United States; amending ss. 103.051 and 103.061, F.S.;
specifying duties of the presidential electors; amending
s. 103.121, F.S.; revising powers and duties of executive
committees to conform to changes made by the act; amending
s. 105.031, F.S.; providing for public officers to file a
statement of financial interests at the time of
qualifying; requiring that a filing officer accept certain
qualifying papers filed before the qualifying period;
amending s. 105.035, F.S.; revising procedures for
qualifying for certain judicial offices and the office of
school board member; prohibiting a candidate from
obtaining signatures until appointing a campaign treasurer
and designating a campaign depository; revising the
requirements for the supervisor of elections with respect
to certifying signatures; creating s. 106.022, F.S.;
requiring that a political committee, committee of
continuous existence, or electioneering communications
entity maintain a registered office and registered agent;
providing requirements for the statement of appointment;
prohibiting political parties from accepting certain in-

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kind contributions; amending s. 106.24, F.S.; clarifying the duties of the Secretary of State; amending s. 106.141, F.S., relating to the disposition of surplus funds; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; transferring and renumbering s. 98.122, F.S., relating to the use of closed captioning and descriptive narrative in television broadcasts; amending s. 106.22, F.S.; eliminating certain duties of the Division of Elections with respect to reports to the Legislature and preliminary investigations; amending s. 16.56, F.S.; authorizing the Office of Statewide Prosecution to investigate and prosecute crimes involving voter registration, voting, or certain petition activities; amending s. 119.07, F.S.; clarifying requirements of the supervisor of elections with respect to notifying candidates of the inspection of ballots; amending s. 145.09, F.S.; requiring that the Department of State adopt rules establishing certification requirements for supervisors of elections; creating s. 104.0615, F.S.; providing a short title; prohibiting a person from using or threatening to use force, violence, or intimidation to induce or compel an individual to vote or refrain from voting, to refrain from registering to vote, or to refrain from acting as an election official or poll watcher; prohibiting a person from knowingly using false information to challenge an individual's right to vote, to induce an individual to refrain from registering to vote, or to induce or attempt to induce an individual

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to refrain from acting as an election official or poll watcher; prohibiting a person from knowingly destroying, mutilating, or defacing a voter registration form or election ballot or obstructing or delaying the delivery of a voter registration form or election ballot; providing criminal penalties; repealing ss. 98.095, 98.0979, 98.181, 98.481, 101.253, 101.635, 102.061, 106.085, and 106.144, F.S., relating to inspections of county registers and the voter database, indexes and records, challenges to elections, the printing and distribution of ballots, duties of the election board, expenditures, and endorsements or opposition by certain groups; providing for severability; providing effective dates.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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- Section 1. Section 97.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 97.012 Secretary of State as chief election officer.--The Secretary of State is the chief election officer of the state, and it is his or her responsibility to:
 - (1) Obtain and maintain uniformity in the application, operation, and interpretation of the election laws.
- (2) Provide uniform standards for the proper and equitable implementation of the registration laws.

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- (3) Actively seek out and collect the data and statistics necessary to knowledgeably scrutinize the effectiveness of election laws.
- (4) Provide technical assistance to the supervisors of elections on voter education and election personnel training services.
- (5) Provide technical assistance to the supervisors of elections on voting systems.
 - (6) Provide voter education assistance to the public.
- (7) Coordinate the state's responsibilities under the National Voter Registration Act of 1993.
- (8) Provide training to all affected state agencies on the necessary procedures for proper implementation of this chapter.
- (9) Ensure that all registration applications and forms prescribed or approved by the department are in compliance with the Voting Rights Act of 1965 and the National Voter Registration Act of 1993.
- (10) Coordinate with the United States Department of Defense so that armed forces recruitment offices administer voter registration in a manner consistent with the procedures set forth in this code for voter registration agencies.
- (11) Create and <u>administer</u> <u>maintain</u> a statewide voter registration <u>system as required by the Help America Vote Act of</u> 2002 <u>database</u>.
- (12) Maintain a voter fraud hotline and provide election fraud education to the public.

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- (13) Designate an office within the department to be responsible for providing information regarding voter registration procedures and absentee ballot procedures to absent uniformed services voters and overseas voters.
- irregularities or fraud involving voter registration, voting, or candidate or issue petition activities and report his or her findings to the statewide prosecutor or the state attorney for the judicial circuit in which the alleged violation occurred for prosecution, if warranted. The Department of State may prescribe by rule requirements for filing an elections-fraud complaint and for investigating any such complaint.
- Section 2. Subsection (3) and present subsections (24) and (39) of section 97.021, Florida Statutes, are amended, present subsections (8) through (33) of that section are redesignated as subsections (10) through (35), respectively, present subsections (34) through (39) of that section are redesignated as subsections (37) through (42), respectively, and new subsections (8), (9), and (36) are added to that section, to read:
- 97.021 Definitions.--For the purposes of this code, except where the context clearly indicates otherwise, the term:
- (3) "Ballot" or "official ballot" when used in reference to:
- (a) "Marksense Paper ballots" means that printed sheet of paper, used in conjunction with an electronic or electromechanical vote tabulation voting system, containing the names of candidates, or a statement of proposed constitutional

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amendments or other questions or propositions submitted to the electorate at any election, on which sheet of paper an elector casts his or her vote.

- (b) "Electronic or electromechanical devices" means a ballot that is voted by the process of electronically designating, including by touchscreen, or marking with a marking device for tabulation by automatic tabulating equipment or data processing equipment.
- (8) "Early voting area" means the area designated by the supervisor of elections at an early voting site at which early voting activities occur, including, but not limited to, lines of voters waiting to be processed, the area where voters check in and are processed, and the area where voters cast their ballots.
- (9) "Early voting site" means those locations specified in s. 101.657 and the building in which early voting occurs.
- (26) (24) "Polling room" means the actual room in which ballots are cast on election day and during early voting.
- (36) "Third-party registration organization" means any person, entity, or organization soliciting or collecting voter registration applications. A third-party voter registration organization does not include:
 - (a) A political party;
- (b) A person who seeks only to register to vote or collect voter registration applications from that person's spouse, child, or parent; or
- (c) A person engaged in registering to vote or collecting voter registration applications as an employee or agent of the

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division, supervisor of elections, Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, or a voter registration agency.

(42)(39) "Voting system" means a method of casting and processing votes that functions wholly or partly by use of electromechanical or electronic apparatus or by use of marksense paper ballots and includes, but is not limited to, the procedures for casting and processing votes and the programs, operating manuals, supplies tabulating cards, printouts, and other software necessary for the system's operation.

Section 3. Section 97.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

97.051 Oath upon registering.--A person registering to vote must subscribe to the following oath: "I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will protect and defend the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Florida, that I am qualified to register as an elector under the Constitution and laws of the State of Florida, and that all information provided in this application is true I am a citizen of the United States and a legal resident of Florida."

Section 4. Section 97.052, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

97.052 Uniform statewide voter registration application .--

- (1) The department shall prescribe a uniform statewide voter registration application for use in this state.
- (a) The uniform statewide voter registration application must be accepted for any one or more of the following purposes:
 - 1. Initial registration.

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- 376 2. Change of address.
- 377 3. Change of party affiliation.
 - 4. Change of name.
- 5. Replacement of \underline{a} voter registration identification card.
 - 6. Signature update.
 - (b) The department is responsible for printing the uniform statewide voter registration application and the voter registration application form prescribed by the Federal Election Assistance Commission pursuant to federal law the National Voter Registration Act of 1993. The applications and forms must be distributed, upon request, to the following:
 - 1. Individuals seeking to register to vote.
 - 2. Individuals or groups conducting voter registration programs. A charge of 1 cent per application shall be assessed on requests for 10,000 or more applications.
 - 3. The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.
 - 4. Voter registration agencies.
 - 5. Armed forces recruitment offices.
 - 6. Qualifying educational institutions.
 - 7. Supervisors, who must make the applications and forms available in the following manner:
 - a. By distributing the applications and forms in their offices to any individual or group.
- b. By distributing the applications and forms at other locations designated by each supervisor.

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- c. By mailing the applications and forms to applicants upon the request of the applicant.
 - (c) The uniform statewide voter registration application may be reproduced by any private individual or group, provided the reproduced application is in the same format as the application prescribed under this section.
 - (2) The uniform statewide voter registration application must be designed to elicit the following information from the applicant:
 - (a) Full name.
 - (b) Date of birth.
 - (c) Address of legal residence.
 - (d) Mailing address, if different.
 - (e) County of legal residence.
- 416 (f) Address of property for which the applicant has been 417 granted a homestead exemption, if any.
 - $\underline{\text{(f)}}$ Race or ethnicity that best describes the applicant:
 - 1. American Indian or Alaskan Native.
- 421 2. Asian or Pacific Islander.
- 422 3. Black, not Hispanic.
- 4. White, not Hispanic.
- 424 5. Hispanic.
- 425 (g) (h) State or country of birth.
- 426 (h) $\frac{(i)}{(i)}$ Sex.
- $(i) \frac{(j)}{(j)}$ Party affiliation.
- 428 $\underline{(j)}$ Whether the applicant needs assistance in voting.

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- (k) $\frac{1}{1}$ Name and address where last registered.
- 430 (1) (m) Last four digits of the applicant's social security number.
 - $\underline{\text{(m)}}$ Florida driver's license number or the identification number from a Florida identification card issued under s. 322.051.
 - (n) (o) Telephone number (optional).
 - (o) (p) Signature of applicant under penalty for false swearing pursuant to s. 104.011, by which the person subscribes to the oath required by s. 3, Art. VI of the State Constitution and s. 97.051, and swears or affirms that the information contained in the registration application is true.
 - $\underline{\text{(p)}}$ Whether the application is being used for initial registration, to update a voter registration record, or to request a replacement registration identification card.
 - (q) (r) Whether the applicant is a citizen of the United States by asking the question "Are you a citizen of the United States of America?" and providing boxes for the applicant to check to indicate whether the applicant is or is not a citizen of the United States.
 - (r)(s) Whether That the applicant has not been convicted of a felony, and or, if convicted, has had his or her civil rights restored by including the statement "I affirm I am not a convicted felon, or if I am, my rights relating to voting have been restored" and providing a box for the applicant to affirm the statement.

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(s) (t) Whether That the applicant has not been adjudicated mentally incapacitated with respect to voting or, if so adjudicated, has had his or her right to vote restored by including the statement "I affirm I have not been adjudicated mentally incapacitated with respect to voting or, if I have, my competency has been restored" and providing a box for the applicant to check to affirm the statement.

- The registration form must be in plain language and designed so that convicted felons whose civil rights have been restored and persons who have been adjudicated mentally incapacitated and have had their voting rights restored are not required to reveal their prior conviction or adjudication.
- (3) The uniform statewide voter registration application must also contain:
- (a) The oath required by s. 3, Art. VI of the State Constitution and s. 97.051.
- (b) A statement specifying each eligibility requirement under s. 97.041.
- (c) The penalties provided in s. 104.011 for false swearing in connection with voter registration.
- (d) A statement that, if an applicant declines to register to vote, the fact that the applicant has declined to register will remain confidential and may be used only for voter registration purposes.
- (e) A statement that informs the applicant who chooses to register to vote or update a voter registration record that the

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office at which the applicant submits a voter registration application or updates a voter registration record will remain confidential and may be used only for voter registration purposes.

- (f) A statement that informs the applicant that any person who has been granted a homestead exemption in this state, and who registers to vote in any precinct other than the one in which the property for which the homestead exemption has been granted, shall have that information forwarded to the property appraiser where such property is located, which may result in the person's homestead exemption being terminated and the person being subject to assessment of back taxes under s. 193.092, unless the homestead granted the exemption is being maintained as the permanent residence of a legal or natural dependent of the owner and the owner resides elsewhere.
- <u>(f) (g)</u> A statement informing <u>an the</u> applicant <u>who has not</u> <u>been issued a Florida driver's license</u>, a Florida identification <u>card</u>, or a social security number that if the <u>application</u> form is submitted by mail and the applicant is registering for the first time <u>in Florida</u>, the applicant will be required to provide identification prior to voting the first time.
- (4) A supervisor may produce a voter registration application that has the supervisor's direct mailing address if the department has reviewed the application and determined that it is substantially the same as the uniform statewide voter registration application.

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- (5) The voter registration application form prescribed by the Federal Election Assistance Commission pursuant to federal law the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 or the federal postcard application must be accepted as an application for registration in this state if the completed application or postcard application contains the information required by the constitution and laws of this state.
- Section 5. Section 97.053, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 97.053 Acceptance of voter registration applications. --
- (1) Voter registration applications, changes in registration, and requests for a replacement registration identification card must be accepted in the office of any supervisor, the division, a driver license office, a voter registration agency, or an armed forces recruitment office when hand delivered by the applicant or a third party during the hours that office is open or when mailed.
- (2) A completed voter registration application is complete and that contains the information necessary to establish an applicant's eligibility pursuant to s. 97.041 becomes the official voter registration record of that applicant when all information necessary to establish the applicant's eligibility pursuant to s. 97.041 is received by the appropriate supervisor. If the applicant fails to complete his or her voter registration application before the date of book closing for an election, such applicant is not eligible to vote in that election.

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- (3) The registration date for a valid initial voter registration application that has been hand delivered is the date when received by a driver license office, a voter registration agency, an armed forces recruitment office, the division, or the office of any supervisor in the state.
- (4) The registration date for a valid initial voter registration application that has been mailed to a driver license office, a voter registration agency, an armed forces recruitment office, the division, or the office of any supervisor in the state and bears a clear postmark is the date of that the postmark. If an initial voter registration application that has been mailed does not bear a postmark or if the postmark is unclear, the registration date is the date the registration is received by any supervisor or the division, unless it is received within 5 days after the closing of the books for an election, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, in which case the registration date is the book-closing date.
- (5)(a) A voter registration application is complete if it contains the following information necessary to establish eligibility pursuant to s. 97.041:
 - 1. The applicant's name.
 - 2. The applicant's legal residence address.
 - 3. The applicant's date of birth.
- 4. A mark in the checkbox affirming An indication that the applicant is a citizen of the United States.

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- 5. The applicant's Florida driver's license number, the identification number from a Florida identification card issued under s. 322.051, or the last four digits of the applicant's social security number.
- 6. A mark in the checkbox affirming An indication that the applicant has not been convicted of a felony or that, if convicted, has had his or her civil rights restored.
- 7. A mark in the checkbox affirming An indication—that the applicant has not been adjudicated mentally incapacitated with respect to voting or that, if so adjudicated, has had his or her right to vote restored.
- 8. The original signature of the applicant swearing or affirming under the penalty for false swearing pursuant to s. 104.011 that the information contained in the registration application is true and subscribing to the oath required by s. 3, Art. VI of the State Constitution and s. 97.051.
- (b) An applicant who fails to designate party affiliation must be registered without party affiliation. The supervisor must notify the voter by mail that the voter has been registered without party affiliation and that the voter may change party affiliation as provided in s. 97.1031.
- Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 97.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 97.055 Registration books; when closed for an election .--
- (1) The registration books must be closed on the 29th day before each election and must remain closed until after that election. If an election is called and there are fewer than 29

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days before that election, the registration books must be closed immediately. When the registration books are closed for an election, updates to a voter's name, address, and signature pursuant to ss. 98.077 and 101.045 shall be the only changes permitted for purposes of the upcoming election. Voter registration applications and party changes must be accepted but only for the purpose of subsequent elections. However, party changes received between the book-closing date of the first primary election and the date of the second primary election are not effective until after the second primary election.

Section 7. Section 97.0575, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

97.0575 Third-party voter registrations.--

(1) Prior to engaging in any voter-registration activities, a third-party voter registration organization shall name a registered agent in the state and submit to the division, in a form adopted by the division, the name of the registered agent and the name of those individuals responsible for the day-to-day operation of the third-party voter registration organization, including, if applicable, the names of the entity's board of directors, president, vice president, managing partner, or such other individuals engaged in similar duties or functions. On or before the 15th day after the end of each calendar quarter, each third-party voter registration organization shall submit to the division a report providing the date and location of any organized voter-registration drives conducted by the organization in the prior calendar quarter.

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(2) The failure to submit the information required by
subsection (1) does not subject the third-party voter
registration organization to any civil or criminal penalties for
such failure and the failure to submit such information is not a
basis for denying such third-party voter registration
organization with copies of voter-registration application
forms.
(3) A third-party voter registration organization that
collects voter-registration applications serves as a fiduciary
to the applicant, ensuring that any voter-registration
application entrusted to the third-party voter registration
organization, irrespective of party affiliation, race,
ethnicity, or gender shall be promptly delivered to the division
or the supervisor of elections. If a voter-registration
application collected by any third-party voter registration
organization is not delivered to the division or supervisor of
elections, the individual collecting the voter-registration
application, the registered agent, and those individuals
responsible for the day-to-day operation of the third-party
voter registration organization, including, if applicable, the
entity's board of directors, president, vice president, managing
partner, or such other individuals engaged in similar duties or

(a) A fine in the amount of \$250 for each application received by the division or the supervisor of elections more than 10 days after the applicant delivered the completed voter-

functions, shall be personally and jointly and severally liable

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

for the following fines:

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registration application to the third-party voter registration organization or any person, entity, or agent acting on its behalf.

- (b) A fine in the amount of \$500 for each application collected by a third-party voter registration organization or any person, entity, or agent acting on its behalf, prior to book closing for any given election for federal or state office and received by the division or the supervisor of elections after the book closing deadline for such election.
- (c) A fine in the amount of \$5,000 for each application collected by a third-party voter registration organization or any person, entity, or agent acting on its behalf, which is not submitted to the division or supervisor of elections.

The fines provided in this subsection shall be reduced by three-fourths in cases in which the third-party voter registration organization has complied with subsection (1).

- (4) (a) The division shall adopt by rule a form to elicit specific information concerning the facts and circumstances from a person who claims to have been registered by a third-party voter registration organization but who does not appear as an active voter on the voter-registration rolls.
- (b) The division may investigate any violation of this section. Civil fines shall be assessed by the division and enforced through any appropriate legal proceedings.
- (5) The date on which an applicant signs a voter-registration application is presumed to be the date on which the

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668	third-party voter registration organization received or
669	collected the voter-registration application.
670	(6) The civil fines provided in this section are in
671	addition to any applicable criminal penalties.
672	(7) Fines collected pursuant to this section shall be
673	annually appropriated by the Legislature to the department for
674	enforcement of this section and for voter education.
675	(8) The division may adopt rules to administer this
676	section.
677	Section 8. Section 97.071, Florida Statutes, is amended to
678	read:
679	97.071 Registration identification card
680	(1) The supervisor must furnish a registration
681	identification card must be furnished to all voters registering
682	under the permanent single registration system and must contain:
683	(a) Voter's registration number.
684	(b) Date of registration.
685	(c) Full name.
686	(d) Party affiliation.
687	(e) Date of birth.
688	(f) Race or ethnicity, if provided by the applicant.
689	(g) Sex, if provided by the applicant.
690	(h) Address of legal residence.
691	(i) Precinct number.
692	(j) Name of supervisor.
693	(k) Place for voter's signature.
694	(1) Other information deemed necessary by the department.

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- (2) A voter may receive a replacement of a registration identification card by providing a signed, written request for a replacement card to the supervisor. Upon verification of registration, the supervisor shall issue the voter a duplicate card without charge.
- (3) In the case of a change of name, address, or party affiliation, the supervisor must issue the voter a new registration identification card. However, a registration identification card indicating a party affiliation change made between the book-closing date for the first primary election and the date of the second primary election may not be issued until after the second primary election.
- Section 9. Subsection (3) of section 98.045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 98.045 Administration of voter registration.--
- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of <u>s. ss. 98.095 and</u> 98.0977, each supervisor shall maintain for at least 2 years, and make available for public inspection and copying, all records concerning implementation of registration list maintenance programs and activities conducted pursuant to ss. 98.065, 98.075, and 98.0977. The records must include lists of the name and address of each person to whom an address confirmation final notice was sent and information as to whether each such person responded to the mailing, but may not include any information that is confidential or exempt from public records requirements under this code.

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Section 10. Section 98.077, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

98.077 Update of voter signature. -- The supervisor of elections shall provide to each registered voter of the county the opportunity to update his or her signature on file at the supervisor's office by providing notification of the ability to do so in any correspondence, other than postcard notifications, sent to the voter. The notice shall advise when, where, and how to update the signature and shall provide the voter information on how to obtain a form from the supervisor that can be returned to update the signature. In addition, at least once during each general election year, the supervisor shall publish in a newspaper of general circulation or other newspaper in the county deemed appropriate by the supervisor a notice specifying when, where, or how a voter can update his or her signature that is on file or how a voter can obtain a form from the supervisor to do so. All signature updates for use in verifying absentee and provisional ballots must be received by the appropriate supervisor of elections no later than the start of the canvassing of absentee ballots by the canvassing board. The signature on file at the start of the canvas of the absentee ballots is the signature that shall be used in verifying the signature on the absentee and provisional ballot certificates. Section 11. Section 99.061, Florida Statutes, is amended

Section 11. Section 99.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

99.061 Method of qualifying for nomination or election to federal, state, county, or district office.--

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- The provisions of any special act to the contrary notwithstanding, each person seeking to qualify for nomination or election to a federal, state, or multicounty district office, other than election to a judicial office as defined in chapter 105 or the office of school board member, shall file his or her qualification papers with, and pay the qualifying fee, which shall consist of the filing fee and election assessment, and party assessment, if any has been levied, to, the Department of State, or qualify by the petition process pursuant to s. 99.095 alternative method with the Department of State, at any time after noon of the 1st day for qualifying, which shall be as the 120th day prior to the first primary, but not later than noon of the 116th day prior to the date of the first primary, for persons seeking to qualify for nomination or election to federal office or to the office of the state attorney or the public defender; and noon of the 50th day prior to the first primary, but not later than noon of the 46th day prior to the date of the first primary, for persons seeking to qualify for nomination or election to a state or multicounty district office, other than the office of the state attorney or the public defender.
- (2) The provisions of any special act to the contrary notwithstanding, each person seeking to qualify for nomination or election to a county office, or district or special district office not covered by subsection (1), shall file his or her qualification papers with, and pay the qualifying fee, which shall consist of the filing fee and election assessment, and

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party assessment, if any has been levied, to, the supervisor of elections of the county, or shall qualify by the petition process pursuant to s. 99.095 alternative method with the supervisor of elections, at any time after noon of the 1st day for qualifying, which shall be the 50th day prior to the first primary or special district election, but not later than noon of the 46th day prior to the date of the first primary or special district election. However, if a special district election is held at the same time as the second primary or general election, qualifying shall be the 50th day prior to the first primary, but not later than noon of the 46th day prior to the date of the first primary. Within 30 days after the closing of qualifying time, the supervisor of elections shall remit to the secretary of the state executive committee of the political party to which the candidate belongs the amount of the filing fee, two-thirds of which shall be used to promote the candidacy of candidates for county offices and the candidacy of members of the Legislature.

- (3)(a) Each person seeking to qualify for election to office as a write-in candidate shall file his or her qualification papers with the respective qualifying officer at any time after noon of the 1st day for qualifying, but not later than noon of the last day of the qualifying period for the office sought.
- (b) Any person who is seeking election as a write-in candidate shall not be required to pay a filing fee, election assessment, or party assessment. A write-in candidate shall not

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be entitled to have his or her name printed on any ballot; however, space for the write-in candidate's name to be written in shall be provided on the general election ballot. No person may qualify as a write-in candidate if the person has also otherwise qualified for nomination or election to such office.

- (4) At the time of qualifying for office, each candidate for a constitutional office shall file a full and public disclosure of financial interests pursuant to s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution, and a candidate for any other office, including local elective office, shall file a statement of financial interests pursuant to s. 112.3145.
- (5) The Department of State shall certify to the supervisor of elections, within 7 days after the closing date for qualifying, the names of all duly qualified candidates for nomination or election who have qualified with the Department of State.
- (6) Notwithstanding the qualifying period prescribed in this section, if a candidate has submitted the necessary petitions by the required deadline in order to qualify by the petition process pursuant to s. 99.095 alternative method as a candidate for nomination or election and the candidate is notified after the 5th day prior to the last day for qualifying that the required number of signatures has been obtained, the candidate is entitled to subscribe to the candidate's oath and file the qualifying papers at any time within 5 days from the date the candidate is notified that the necessary number of signatures has been obtained. Any candidate who qualifies

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within the time prescribed in this subsection is entitled to have his or her name printed on the ballot.

- (7)(a) In order for a candidate to be qualified, the following items must be received by the filing officer by the end of the qualifying period:
- 1. A properly executed check drawn upon the candidate's campaign account in an amount not less than the fee required by s. 99.092 or, in lieu thereof, as applicable, the copy of the notice of obtaining ballot position pursuant to s. 99.095 or the undue burden oath authorized pursuant to s. 99.0955 or s. 99.096. If a candidate's check is returned by the bank for any reason, the filing officer shall immediately notify the candidate and the candidate shall, the end of qualifying notwithstanding, have 48 hours from the time such notification is received, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, to pay the fee with a cashier's check purchased from funds of the campaign account. Failure to pay the fee as provided in this subparagraph shall disqualify the candidate.
- 2. The candidate's oath required by s. 99.021, which must contain the name of the candidate as it is to appear on the ballot; the office sought, including the district or group number if applicable; and the signature of the candidate, duly acknowledged.
- 3. The loyalty oath required by s. 876.05, signed by the candidate and duly acknowledged.
- 4. If the office sought is partisan, the written statement of political party affiliation required by s. 99.021(1)(b).

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- 5. The completed form for the appointment of campaign treasurer and designation of campaign depository, as required by s. 106.021.
- 6. The full and public disclosure or statement of financial interests required by subsection (4). A public officer who has filed the full and public disclosure or statement of financial interests with the Commission on Ethics or the supervisor of elections prior to qualifying for office may file a copy of that disclosure at the time of qualifying.
- (b) If the filing officer receives qualifying papers that do not include all items as required by paragraph (a) prior to the last day of qualifying, the filing officer shall make a reasonable effort to notify the candidate of the missing or incomplete items and shall inform the candidate that all required items must be received by the close of qualifying. A candidate's name as it is to appear on the ballot may not be changed after the end of qualifying.
- (8) Notwithstanding the qualifying period prescribed in this section, a qualifying office may accept and hold qualifying papers submitted not earlier than 14 days prior to the beginning of the qualifying period, to be processed and filed during the qualifying period.
- (9) (8) Notwithstanding the qualifying period prescribed by this section, in each year in which the Legislature apportions the state, the qualifying period for persons seeking to qualify for nomination or election to federal office shall be between

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noon of the 57th day prior to the first primary, but not later than noon of the 53rd day prior to the first primary.

(10) (9) The Department of State may prescribe by rule requirements for filing papers to qualify as a candidate under this section.

Section 12. Section 99.063, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

99.063 Candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor .--

- (1) No later than 5 p.m. of the 9th day following the second primary election, each candidate for Governor shall designate a Lieutenant Governor as a running mate. Such designation must be made in writing to the Department of State.
- (2) No later than 5 p.m. of the 9th day following the second primary election, each designated candidate for Lieutenant Governor shall file with the Department of State:
- (a) The candidate's oath required by s. 99.021, which must contain the name of the candidate as it is to appear on the ballot; the office sought; and the signature of the candidate, duly acknowledged.
- (b) The loyalty oath required by s. 876.05, signed by the candidate and duly acknowledged.
- (c) If the office sought is partial, the written statement of political party affiliation required by s. 99.021(1)(b).
- (d) The full and public disclosure of financial interests pursuant to s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution. A public officer who has filed the full and public disclosure with the

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Commission on Ethics prior to qualifying for office may file a copy of that disclosure at the time of qualifying.

- (3) A designated candidate for Lieutenant Governor is not required to pay a separate qualifying fee or obtain signatures on petitions. Ballot position obtained by the candidate for Governor entitles the designated candidate for Lieutenant Governor, upon receipt by the Department of State of the qualifying papers required by subsection (2), to have his or her name placed on the ballot for the joint candidacy.
- Lieutenant Governor printed on the first or second primary election ballot, a candidate for Governor participating in the primary must designate the candidate for Lieutenant Governor, and the designated candidate must qualify no later than the end of the qualifying period specified in s. 99.061. If the candidate for Lieutenant Governor has not been designated and has not qualified by the end of the qualifying period specified in s. 99.061, the phrase "Not Yet Designated" must be included in lieu of the candidate's name on primary election ballots and on advance absentee ballots for the general election.
- (5) Failure of the Lieutenant Governor candidate to be designated and qualified by the time specified in subsection (2) shall result in forfeiture of ballot position for the candidate for Governor for the general election.
- Section 13. Section 99.092, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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- 99.092 Qualifying fee of candidate; notification of Department of State.--
- (1)Each person seeking to qualify for nomination or election to any office, except a person seeking to qualify by the petition process alternative method pursuant to s. 99.095, s. 99.0955, or s. 99.096 and except a person seeking to qualify as a write-in candidate, shall pay a qualifying fee, which shall consist of a filing fee and election assessment, to the officer with whom the person qualifies, and any party assessment levied, and shall attach the original or signed duplicate of the receipt for his or her party assessment or pay the same, in accordance with the provisions of s. 103.121, at the time of filing his or her other qualifying papers. The amount of the filing fee is 3 percent of the annual salary of the office. The amount of the election assessment is 1 percent of the annual salary of the office sought. The election assessment shall be deposited into the Elections Commission Trust Fund. The amount of the party assessment is 2 percent of the annual salary. The annual salary of the office for purposes of computing the filing fee, election assessment, and party assessment shall be computed by multiplying 12 times the monthly salary, excluding any special qualification pay, authorized for such office as of July 1 immediately preceding the first day of qualifying. qualifying fee shall be returned to the candidate unless the candidate withdraws his or her candidacy before the last date to If a candidate dies prior to an election and has not qualify. withdrawn his or her candidacy before the last date to qualify,

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the candidate's qualifying fee shall be returned to his or her designated beneficiary, and, if the filing fee or any portion thereof has been transferred to the political party of the candidate, the Secretary of State shall direct the party to return that portion to the designated beneficiary of the candidate.

(2) The supervisor of elections shall, immediately after the last day for qualifying, submit to the Department of State a list containing the names, party affiliations, and addresses of all candidates and the offices for which they qualified.

Section 14. Section 99.095, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

(Substantial rewording of section. See

- s. 99.095, F.S., for present text.)
- 99.095 Petition process in lieu of a qualifying fee and party assessment.--
- (1) A person who seeks to qualify as a candidate for any office and who meets the petition requirements of this section is not required to pay the qualifying fee or party assessment required by this chapter.
- (2) (a) A candidate shall obtain the number of signatures of voters in the geographical area represented by the office sought equal to at least 1 percent of the total number of registered voters of that geographical area, as shown by the compilation by the department for the last preceding general election. Signatures may not be obtained until the candidate has

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filed the appointment of campaign treasurer and designation of campaign depository pursuant to s. 106.021.

- (b) The format of the petition shall be prescribed by the division and shall be used by candidates to reproduce petitions for circulation. If the candidate is running for an office that requires a group or district designation, the petition must indicate that designation and if it does not, the signatures are not valid. A separate petition is required for each candidate.
- (3) Each petition must be submitted before noon of the 28th day preceding the first day of the qualifying period for the office sought to the supervisor of elections of the county in which such petition was circulated. Each supervisor shall check the signatures on the petitions to verify their status as voters in the county, district, or other geographical area represented by the office sought. No later than the 7th day before the first day of the qualifying period, the supervisor shall certify the number of valid signatures.
- (4)(a) Certifications for candidates for federal, state, or multicounty district office shall be submitted to the division. The division shall determine whether the required number of signatures has been obtained and shall notify the candidate.
- (b) For candidates for county or district office not covered by paragraph (a), the supervisor shall determine whether the required number of signatures has been obtained and shall notify the candidate.

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- (5) If the required number of signatures has been obtained, the candidate is eligible to qualify pursuant to s. 99.061.
- Section 15. Section 99.0955, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 99.0955 Candidates with no party affiliation; name on general election ballot.--
- (1) Each person seeking to qualify for election as a candidate with no party affiliation shall file his or her qualifying qualification papers and pay the qualifying fee or qualify by the petition process pursuant to s. 99.095 alternative method prescribed in subsection (3) with the officer and during the times and under the circumstances prescribed in s. 99.061. Upon qualifying, the candidate is entitled to have his or her name placed on the general election ballot.
- affiliation shall consist of a filing fee and an election assessment as prescribed in s. 99.092. The amount of the filing fee is 3 percent of the annual salary of the office sought. The amount of the election assessment is 1 percent of the annual salary of the office sought. The deposited into the Elections Commission Trust Fund. Filing fees paid to the Department of State shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund of the state. Filing fees paid to the supervisor of elections shall be deposited into the general revenue fund of the county.

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(3) (a) A candidate with no party affiliation may, in lieu of paying the qualifying fee, qualify for office by the alternative method prescribed in this subsection. A candidate using this petitioning process shall file an oath with the officer before whom the candidate would qualify for the office stating that he or she intends to qualify by this alternative method. If the person is running for an office that requires a group or district designation, the candidate must indicate the designation in his or her oath. The oath shall be filed at any time after the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January of the year in which the election is held, but before the 21st day preceding the first day of the qualifying period for the office sought. The Department of State shall prescribe the form to be used in administering and filing the oath. Signatures may not be obtained by a candidate on any petition until the candidate has filed the oath required in this subsection. Upon receipt of the written oath from a candidate, the qualifying officer shall provide the candidate with petition forms in sufficient numbers to facilitate the gathering of signatures. If the candidate is running for an office that requires a group or district designation, the petition must indicate that designation or the signatures obtained on the petition will not be counted. (b) A candidate shall obtain the signatures of a number of qualified electors in the geographical entity represented by the

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office sought equal to 1 percent of the registered electors of

the geographical entity represented by the office sought, as

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shown by the compilation by the Department of State for the preceding general election.

- (c) Each petition must be submitted before noon of the 21st day preceding the first day of the qualifying period for the office sought, to the supervisor of elections of the county for which such petition was circulated. Each supervisor to whom a petition is submitted shall check the signatures on the petition to verify their status as electors in the county, district, or other geographical entity represented by the office sought. Before the first day for qualifying, the supervisor shall certify the number shown as registered electors.
- (d)1. Certifications for candidates for federal, state, or multicounty district office shall be submitted to the Department of State. The Department of State shall determine whether the required number of signatures has been obtained for the name of the candidate to be placed on the ballot and shall notify the candidate.
- 2. For candidates for county or district office not covered by subparagraph 1., the supervisor of elections shall determine whether the required number of signatures has been obtained for the name of the candidate to be placed on the ballot and shall notify the candidate.
- (e) If the required number of signatures has been obtained, the candidate shall, during the time prescribed for qualifying for office, submit a copy of the notice received under paragraph (d) and file his or her qualifying papers and the oath prescribed by s. 99.021 with the qualifying officer.

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Section 16. Section 99.096, Florida Statutes, is amended

ENROLLED HB 1567, Engrossed 2

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to read: 1095 99.096 Minor political party candidates; names on ballot.-1096 1097 1098 The executive committee of a minor political party 1099 shall, No later than noon of the third day prior to the first day of the qualifying period prescribed for federal candidates, 1100 1101 the executive committee of a minor political party shall submit to the Department of State a list of federal candidates 1102 1103 nominated by the party to be on the general election ballot. and 1104 No later than noon of the third day prior to the first day of 1105 the qualifying period for state candidates, the executive committee of a minor political party shall submit to the filing 1106 1107 officer for each of the candidates submit to the Department of State the official list of the state, multicounty, and county 1108 respective candidates nominated by that party to be on the 1109 ballot in the general election. The Department of State shall 1110 notify the appropriate supervisors of elections of the name of 1111 each minor party candidate eligible to qualify before such 1112 supervisor. The official list of nominated candidates may not be 1113 1114 changed by the party after having been filed with the filing officers Department of State, except that candidates who have 1115 1116 qualified may withdraw from the ballot pursuant to the provisions of this code, and vacancies in nominations may be 1117 filled pursuant to s. 100.111. 1118 Each person seeking to qualify for election as a 1119 candidate of a minor political party shall file his or her 1120

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qualifying qualification papers with, and pay the qualifying fee and, if one has been levied, the party assessment, or qualify by the petition process pursuant to s. 99.095 alternative method prescribed in subsection (3), with the officer and at the times and under the circumstances provided in s. 99.061.

(3) (a) A minor party candidate may, in lieu of paying the qualifying fee and party assessment, qualify for office by the alternative method prescribed in this subsection. A candidate using this petitioning process shall file an oath with the officer before whom the candidate would qualify for the office stating that he or she intends to qualify by this alternative method. If the person is running for an office that requires a group or district designation, the candidate must indicate the designation in his or her oath. The oath must be filed at any time after the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January of the year in which the election is held, but before the 21st day preceding the first day of the qualifying period for the office sought. The Department of State shall prescribe the form to be used in administering and filing the oath. Signatures may not be obtained by a candidate on any petition until the candidate has filed the oath required in this section. Upon receipt of the written oath from a candidate, the qualifying officer shall provide the candidate with petition forms in sufficient numbers to facilitate the gathering of signatures. If the candidate is running for an office that requires a group or district designation, the petition must indicate that

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designation or the signatures on such petition will not be counted.

- (b) A candidate shall obtain the signatures of a number of qualified electors in the geographical entity represented by the office sought equal to 1 percent of the registered electors in the geographical entity represented by the office sought, as shown by the compilation by the Department of State for the last preceding general election.
- (c) Each petition shall be submitted prior to noon of the 21st day preceding the first day of the qualifying period for the office sought to the supervisor of elections of the county for which the petition was circulated. Each supervisor to whom a petition is submitted shall check the signatures on the petition to verify their status as electors in the county, district, or other geographical entity represented by the office sought. Before the first day for qualifying, the supervisor shall certify the number shown as registered electors.
- (d)1. Certifications for candidates for federal, state, or multicounty district office shall be submitted to the Department of State. The Department of State shall determine whether the required number of signatures has been obtained for the name of the candidate to be placed on the ballot and shall notify the candidate.
- 2. For candidates for county or district office not covered by subparagraph 1., the supervisor of elections shall determine whether the required number of signatures has been

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obtained for the name of the candidate to be placed on the ballot and shall notify the candidate.

- (e) If the required number of signatures has been obtained, the candidate shall, during the prescribed time for qualifying for office, submit a copy of the notice received under paragraph (d) and file his or her qualifying papers and the oath prescribed by s. 99.021 with the qualifying officer.
- (4) A minor party candidate whose name has been submitted pursuant to subsection (1) and who has qualified for office is entitled to have his or her name placed on the general election ballot.
- Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 99.09651, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 99.09651 Signature requirements for ballot position in year of apportionment.--
- (1) In a year of apportionment, any candidate for representative to Congress, state Senate, or state House of Representatives seeking ballot position by the <u>petition process</u> alternative method prescribed in s. 99.095, s. 99.0955, or s. 99.096 shall obtain at least the number of signatures equal to one-third of 1 percent of the ideal population for the district of the office being sought.
- Section 18. Subsection (1) of section 100.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1197 100.011 Opening and closing of polls, all elections;
 1198 expenses.--

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a.m., on the day of the election, and shall be kept open until 7:00 p.m., of the same day, and the time shall be regulated by the customary time in standard use in the county seat of the locality. The inspectors shall make public proclamation of the opening and closing of the polls. During the election and canvass of the votes, the ballot box shall not be concealed. Any elector who is in line at the time of the official closing of the polls shall be allowed to cast a vote in the election.

Section 19. Section 100.101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 100.101 Special elections and special primary elections.--Except as provided in s. 100.111(2), a special election or special primary election shall be held in the following cases:
- (1) If no person has been elected at a general election to fill an office which was required to be filled by election at such general election.
- (2) If a vacancy occurs in the office of state senator or member of the state house of representatives.
- (3) If it is necessary to elect presidential electors, by reason of the offices of President and Vice President both having become vacant.
- (4) If a vacancy occurs in the office of member from Florida of the House of Representatives of Congress.
 - (5) If a vacancy occurs in nomination.
- Section 20. Section 100.111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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100.111 Filling vacancy.--

- (1)(a) If any vacancy occurs in any office which is required to be filled pursuant to s. 1(f), Art. IV of the State Constitution and the remainder of the term of such office is 28 months or longer, then at the next general election a person shall be elected to fill the unexpired portion of such term, commencing on the first Tuesday after the first Monday following such general election.
- (b) If such a vacancy occurs prior to the first day set by law for qualifying for election to office at such general election, any person seeking nomination or election to the unexpired portion of the term shall qualify within the time prescribed by law for qualifying for other offices to be filled by election at such general election.
- (c) If such a vacancy occurs prior to the first primary but on or after the first day set by law for qualifying, the Secretary of State shall set dates for qualifying for the unexpired portion of the term of such office. Any person seeking nomination or election to the unexpired portion of the term shall qualify within the time set by the Secretary of State. If time does not permit party nominations to be made in conjunction with the first and second primary elections, the Governor may call a special primary election, and, if necessary, a second special primary election, to select party nominees for the unexpired portion of such term.
- filled by election, a vacancy occurs during an election year by

If, in any state or county office required to be

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reason of the incumbent having qualified as a candidate for federal office pursuant to s. 99.061, no special election is required. Any person seeking nomination or election to the office so vacated shall qualify within the time prescribed by s. 99.061 for qualifying for state or county offices to be filled by election.

- (b) If such a vacancy occurs in an election year other than the one immediately preceding expiration of the present term, the Secretary of State shall notify the supervisor of elections in each county served by the office that a vacancy has been created. Such notice shall be provided to the supervisor of elections not later than the close of the first day set for qualifying for state or county office. The supervisor shall provide public notice of the vacancy in any manner the Secretary of State deems appropriate.
- election is required pursuant to <u>s. 100.101</u> <u>s. 100.101(1)-(4)</u>, the Governor, after consultation with the Secretary of State, shall fix the date of a special first primary election, a special second primary election, and a special election.

 Nominees of political parties other than minor political parties shall be chosen under the primary laws of this state in the special primary elections to become candidates in the special election. Prior to setting the special election dates, the Governor shall consider any upcoming elections in the jurisdiction where the special election will be held. The dates fixed by the Governor shall be specific days certain and shall

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not be established by the happening of a condition or stated in the alternative. The dates fixed shall provide a minimum of 2 weeks between each election. In the event a vacancy occurs in the office of state senator or member of the House of Representatives when the Legislature is in regular legislative session, the minimum times prescribed by this subsection may be waived upon concurrence of the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of the Senate. vacancy occurs in the office of state senator and no session of the Legislature is scheduled to be held prior to the next general election, the Governor may fix the dates for any special primary and for the special election to coincide with the dates of the first and second primary and general election. vacancy in office occurs in any district in the state Senate or House of Representatives or in any congressional district, and no session of the Legislature, or session of Congress if the vacancy is in a congressional district, is scheduled to be held during the unexpired portion of the term, the Governor is not required to call a special election to fill such vacancy.

- (a) The dates for candidates to qualify in such special election or special primary election shall be fixed by the Department of State, and candidates shall qualify not later than noon of the last day so fixed. The dates fixed for qualifying shall allow a minimum of 14 days between the last day of qualifying and the special first primary election.
- (b) The filing of campaign expense statements by candidates in such special elections or special primaries and by

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committees making contributions or expenditures to influence the results of such special primaries or special elections shall be not later than such dates as shall be fixed by the Department of State, and in fixing such dates the Department of State shall take into consideration and be governed by the practical time limitations.

- (c) The dates for a candidate to qualify by the <u>petition</u> <u>process pursuant to s. 99.095</u> alternative method in such special primary or special election shall be fixed by the Department of State. In fixing such dates the Department of State shall take into consideration and be governed by the practical time limitations. Any candidate seeking to qualify by the <u>petition</u> <u>process</u> alternative method in a special primary election shall obtain 25 percent of the signatures required by s. 99.095, s. 99.095, or s. 99.096, as applicable.
- (d) The qualifying fees and party assessments of such candidates as may qualify shall be the same as collected for the same office at the last previous primary for that office. The party assessment shall be paid to the appropriate executive committee of the political party to which the candidate belongs.
- (e) Each county canvassing board shall make as speedy a return of the result of such special elections and primaries as time will permit, and the Elections Canvassing Commission likewise shall make as speedy a canvass and declaration of the nominees as time will permit.
- (4)(a) In the event that death, resignation, withdrawal, removal, or any other cause or event should cause a party to

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have a vacancy in nomination which leaves no candidate for an office from such party, the Governor shall, after conferring with the Secretary of State, call a special primary election and, if necessary, a second special primary election to select for such office a nominee of such political party. The dates on which candidates may qualify for such special primary election shall be fixed by the Department of State, and the candidates shall qualify no later than noon of the last day so fixed. The filing of campaign expense statements by candidates in special primaries shall not be later than such dates as shall be fixed by the Department of State. In fixing such dates, the Department of State shall take into consideration and be governed by the practical time limitations. The qualifying fees and party assessment of such candidates as may qualify shall be the same as collected for the same office at the last previous primary for that office. Each county canvassing board shall make as speedy a return of the results of such primaries as time will permit, and the Elections Canvassing Commission shall likewise make as speedy a canvass and declaration of the nominees as time will permit.

(b) If the vacancy in nomination occurs later than September 15, or if the vacancy in nomination occurs with respect to a candidate of a minor political party which has obtained a position on the ballot, no special primary election shall be held and the Department of State shall notify the chair of the appropriate state, district, or county political party executive committee of such party; and, within 5 7 days, the

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chair shall call a meeting of his or her executive committee to consider designation of a nominee to fill the vacancy. The name of any person so designated shall be submitted to the Department of State within 7 14 days after of notice to the chair in order that the person designated may have his or her name printed or otherwise placed on the ballot of the ensuing general election, but in no event shall the supervisor of elections be required to place on a ballot a name submitted less than 21 days prior to the election. If the name of the new nominee is submitted after the certification of results of the preceding primary election, however, the ballots shall not be changed and vacancy occurs less than 21 days prior to the election, the person designated by the political party will replace the former party nominee even though the former party nominee's name will appear be on the ballot. Any ballots cast for the former party nominee will be counted for the person designated by the political party to replace the former party nominee. If there is no opposition to the party nominee, the person designated by the political party to replace the former party nominee will be elected to office at the general election. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "district political party executive committee" means the members of the state executive committee of a political party from those counties comprising the area involving a district office.

(b)(c) When, under the circumstances set forth in the preceding paragraph, vacancies in nomination are required to be filled by committee nominations, such vacancies shall be filled by party rule. In any instance in which a nominee is selected by

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a committee to fill a vacancy in nomination, such nominee shall pay the same filing fee and take the same oath as the nominee would have taken had he or she regularly qualified for election to such office.

(c) (d) Any person who, at the close of qualifying as prescribed in ss. 99.061 and 105.031, was qualified for nomination or election to or retention in a public office to be filled at the ensuing general election is prohibited from qualifying as a candidate to fill a vacancy in nomination for any other office to be filled at that general election, even if such person has withdrawn or been eliminated as a candidate for the original office sought. However, this paragraph does not apply to a candidate for the office of Lieutenant Governor who applies to fill a vacancy in nomination for the office of Governor on the same ticket or to a person who has withdrawn or been eliminated as a candidate and who is subsequently designated as a candidate for Lieutenant Governor under s. 99.063.

- (5) In the event of unforeseeable circumstances not contemplated in these general election laws concerning the calling and holding of special primary elections and special elections resulting from court order or other unpredictable circumstances, the Department of State shall have the authority to provide for the conduct of orderly elections.
- (6) In the event that a vacancy occurs which leaves less than 4 weeks for a candidate seeking to qualify by the alternative method to gather signatures for ballot position, the

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number of signatures required for ballot placement shall be 25 percent of the number of signatures required by s. 99.095, s. 99.0955, or s. 99.096, whichever is applicable.

Section 21. Section 100.141, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

100.141 Notice of special election to fill any vacancy in office or nomination.--

- (1) Whenever a special election is required to fill any vacancy in office or nomination, the Governor, after consultation with the Secretary of State, shall issue an order declaring on what day the election shall be held and deliver the order to the Department of State.
- (2) The Department of State shall prepare a notice stating what offices and vacancies are to be filled in the special election, the date set for each special primary election and the special election, the dates fixed for qualifying for office, the dates fixed for qualifying by the petition process pursuant to s. 99.095 alternative method, and the dates fixed for filling campaign expense statements.
- (3) The department shall deliver a copy of such notice to the supervisor of elections of each county in which the special election is to be held. The supervisor shall have the notice published two times in a newspaper of general circulation in the county at least 10 days prior to the first day set for qualifying for office. If such a newspaper is not published within the period set forth, the supervisor shall post at least five copies of the notice in conspicuous places in the county

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not less than 10 days prior to the first date set for qualifying.

Section 22. Subsection (2) of section 101.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.031 Instructions for electors.--

(2) The supervisor of elections in each county shall have posted at each polling place in the county the Voter's Bill of Rights and Responsibilities in the following form:

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VOTER'S BILL OF RIGHTS

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Each registered voter in this state has the right to:

- 1. Vote and have his or her vote accurately counted.
- 2. Cast a vote if he or she is in line at the official closing of the polls in that county.
 - 3. Ask for and receive assistance in voting.
- 4. Receive up to two replacement ballots if he or she makes a mistake prior to the ballot being cast.
 - 5. An explanation if his or her registration <u>or identity</u> is in question.
 - 6. If his or her registration <u>or identity</u> is in question, cast a provisional ballot.
 - 7. Prove his or her identity by signing an affidavit if election officials doubt the voter's identity.
- 1466 <u>7.8.</u> Written instructions to use when voting, and, upon request, oral instructions in voting from elections officers.

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1468	8.9. Vote free from coercion or intimidation by elections
1469	officers or any other person.
1470	9.10. Vote on a voting system that is in working condition
1471	and that will allow votes to be accurately cast.
1472	
1473	VOTER RESPONSIBILITIES
1474	
1475	Each registered voter in this state should:
1476	1. Familiarize himself or herself with the candidates and
1477	issues.
1478	2. Maintain with the office of the supervisor of elections
1479	a current address.
1480	3. Know the location of his or her polling place and its
1481	hours of operation.
1482	4. Bring proper identification to the polling station.
1483	5. Familiarize himself or herself with the operation of
1484	the voting equipment in his or her precinct.
1485	6. Treat precinct workers with courtesy.
1486	7. Respect the privacy of other voters.
1487	8. Report any problems or violations of election laws to
1488	the supervisor of elections.
1489	9. Ask questions, if needed.
1490	10. Make sure that his or her completed ballot is correct
1491	before leaving the polling station.
1492	
1493	NOTE TO VOTER: Failure to perform any of these responsibilities
1494	does not prohibit a voter from voting.

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Section 23. Section 101.043, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.043 Identification required at polls.--

- (1) The precinct register, as prescribed in s. 98.461, shall be used at the polls in lieu of the registration books for the purpose of identifying the elector at the polls prior to allowing him or her to vote. The clerk or inspector shall require each elector, upon entering the polling place, to present a current and valid picture identification as provided in s. 97.0535(3)(a). If the picture identification does not contain the signature of the voter, an additional identification that provides the voter's signature shall be required. The elector shall sign his or her name in the space provided, and the clerk or inspector shall compare the signature with that on the identification provided by the elector and enter his or her initials in the space provided and allow the elector to vote if the clerk or inspector is satisfied as to the identity of the elector.
- (2) Except as provided in subsection (3), if the elector fails to furnish the required identification, or if the clerk or inspector is in doubt as to the identity of the elector, such clerk or inspector shall follow the procedure prescribed in s. 101.49.
- (2)(3) If the elector who fails to furnish the required identification is a first-time voter who registered by mail and has not provided the required identification to the supervisor of elections prior to election day, the elector shall be allowed

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to vote a provisional ballot. The canvassing board shall determine the validity of the ballot pursuant to s. 101.048(2).

Section 24. Section 101.048, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.048 Provisional ballots.--

- At all elections, a voter claiming to be properly registered in the county and eligible to vote at the precinct in the election, but whose eliquibility cannot be determined, a person whom an election official asserts is not eligible, and other persons specified in the code shall be entitled to vote a provisional ballot. Once voted, the provisional ballot shall be placed in a secrecy envelope and thereafter sealed in a provisional ballot envelope. The provisional ballot shall be deposited in a ballot box. All provisional ballots shall remain sealed in their envelopes for return to the supervisor of elections. The department shall prescribe the form of the provisional ballot envelope. A person casting a provisional ballot shall have the right to present written evidence supporting his or her eligibility to vote to the supervisor of elections by not later that 5 p.m. on the third day following the election.
- (2)(a) The county canvassing board shall examine each Provisional Ballot <u>Voter's Certificate and Affirmation</u> envelope to determine if the person voting that ballot was entitled to vote at the precinct where the person cast a vote in the election and that the person had not already cast a ballot in the election. In determining whether a person casting a

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provisional ballot is entitled to vote, the county canvassing board shall review the information provided in the Voter's Certificate and Affirmation, written evidence provided by the person pursuant to subsection (1), any other evidence presented by the supervisor of elections, and, in the case of a challenge, any evidence presented by the challenger. A ballot of a person casting a provisional ballot shall be counted unless the canvassing board determines by a preponderance of the evidence that the person was not entitled to vote.

- (b)1. If it is determined that the person was registered and entitled to vote at the precinct where the person cast a vote in the election, the canvassing board shall compare the signature on the Provisional Ballot <u>Voter's Certificate and Affirmation envelope</u> with the signature on the voter's registration and, if it matches, shall count the ballot.
- 2. If it is determined that the person voting the provisional ballot was not registered or entitled to vote at the precinct where the person cast a vote in the election, the provisional ballot shall not be counted and the ballot shall remain in the envelope containing the Provisional Ballot Voter's Certificate and Affirmation and the envelope shall be marked "Rejected as Illegal."
- (3) The Provisional Ballot Voter's Certificate and Affirmation shall be in substantially the following form:

1574 STATE OF FLORIDA

1575 COUNTY OF

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            I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that my name is ....; that
      my date of birth is ....; that I am registered and qualified to
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      vote and at the time I registered I resided at ...., in the
1579
      municipality of ...., in .... County, Florida; that I am
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      registered in the .... Party; that I am a qualified voter of the
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      county; and that I have not voted in this election.
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      understand that if I commit any fraud in connection with voting,
      vote a fraudulent ballot, or vote more than once in an election,
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      I can be convicted of a felony of the third degree and fined up
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      to $5,000 and/or imprisoned for up to 5 years.
1587
                                               ... (Signature of Voter)...
                                        ... (Current Residence Address) ...
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1589
                                          ... (Current Mailing Address)...
1590
                                            ...(City, State, Zip Code)...
               ... (Driver's License Number or Last Four Digits of Social
1591
1592
                                                      Security Number)...
1593
1594
      Sworn to and subscribed before me this .... day of .....,
1595
      ...(year)....
1596
      ... (Election Official) ...
1597
1598
      Precinct # ....
                                       Ballot Style/Party Issued: ....
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1600
                Notwithstanding the requirements of subsections (1),
            (4)
1601
      (2), and (3) In counties where the voting system does not
      utilize a paper ballot, the supervisor of elections may, and for
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persons with disabilities shall, provide the appropriate provisional ballot to the voter by electronic means that meet the requirements of s. 101.56062, as provided for by the certified voting system. Each person casting a provisional ballot by electronic means shall, prior to casting his or her ballot, complete the Provisional Ballot Voter's Certificate and Affirmation as provided in subsection (3).

- (5) Each person casting a provisional ballot shall be given written instructions regarding the person's right to provide the supervisor of elections with written evidence of his or her eligibility to vote and regarding the free access system established pursuant to subsection (6). The instructions shall contain information on how to access the system and the information the voter will need to provide to obtain information on his or her particular ballot. The instructions shall also include the following statement: "If this is a primary election, you should contact the supervisor of elections' office immediately to confirm that you are registered and can vote in the general election."
- (6) Each supervisor of elections shall establish a free access system that allows each person who casts a provisional ballot to determine whether his or her provisional ballot was counted in the final canvass of votes and, if not, the reasons why. Information regarding provisional ballots shall be available no later than 30 days following the election. The system established must restrict information regarding an individual ballot to the person who cast the ballot.

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Section 25. Section 101.049, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.049 Provisional ballots; special circumstances.--

- (1) Any person who votes in an election after the regular poll-closing time pursuant to a court or other order extending the statutory polling hours must vote a provisional ballot. Once voted, the provisional ballot shall be placed in a secrecy envelope and thereafter sealed in a provisional ballot envelope. The election official witnessing the voter's subscription and affirmation on the Provisional Ballot Voter's Certificate shall indicate whether or not the voter met all requirements to vote a regular ballot at the polls. All such provisional ballots shall remain sealed in their envelopes and be transmitted to the supervisor of elections.
- (2) Separate and apart from all other ballots, the county canvassing board shall count all late-voted provisional ballots that the canvassing board determines to be valid.
- (3) The supervisor shall ensure that late-voted provisional ballots are not commingled with other ballots during the canvassing process or at any other time they are statutorily required to be in the supervisor's possession.
- (4) This section shall not apply to voters in line at the poll-closing time provided in s. 100.011 who cast their ballots subsequent to that time.
- (5) As an alternative, provisional ballots cast pursuant to this section may, and for persons with disabilities shall, be cast in accordance with the provisions of s. 101.048(4).

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Section 26. Effective July 1, 2005, section 101.051, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 10 of chapter 2002-281, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

101.051 Electors seeking assistance in casting ballots; oath to be executed; forms to be furnished.--

- (1) Any elector applying to vote in any election who requires assistance to vote by reason of blindness, disability, or inability to read or write may request the assistance of two election officials or some other person of the elector's own choice, other than the elector's employer, an agent of the employer, or an officer or agent of his or her union, to assist the elector in casting his or her vote. Any such elector, before retiring to the voting booth, may have one of such persons read over to him or her, without suggestion or interference, the titles of the offices to be filled and the candidates therefor and the issues on the ballot. After the elector requests the aid of the two election officials or the person of the elector's choice, they shall retire to the voting booth for the purpose of casting the elector's vote according to the elector's choice.
- (2) It is unlawful for any person to be in the voting booth with any elector except as provided in subsection (1). A person at a polling place or early voting site, or within 100 feet of the entrance of a polling place or early voting site, may not solicit any elector in an effort to provide assistance to vote pursuant to subsection (1). Any person who violates this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

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1684 Any elector applying to cast an absentee ballot in the office of the supervisor, in any election, who requires 1685 assistance to vote by reason of blindness, disability, or 1686 1687 inability to read or write may request the assistance of some 1688 person of his or her own choice, other than the elector's employer, an agent of the employer, or an officer or agent of 1689 his or her union, in casting his or her absentee ballot. 1690 1691 If an elector needs assistance in voting pursuant to the provisions of this section, the clerk or one of the 1692 inspectors shall require the elector requesting assistance in 1693 1694 voting to take the following oath: 1695 1696 DECLARATION TO SECURE ASSISTANCE 1697 State of Florida 1698 County of 1699 1700 Date 1701 Precinct 1702 I, ...(Print name)..., swear or affirm that I am a registered elector and request assistance from ... (Print 1703 1704 names)... in voting at the ... (name of election)... held on ...(date of election).... 1705 ...(Signature of assistor).... 1706 Sworn and subscribed to before me this day of, 1707 ...(year).... ... (Signature of Official Administering Oath)... 1708 If an elector needing assistance requests that a 1709 (5)

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person other than an election official provide him or her with

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1711 assistance in voting, the clerk or one of the inspectors shall require the person providing assistance to take the following 1712 1713 oath: 1714 1715 DECLARATION TO PROVIDE ASSISTANCE 1716 1717 State of Florida 1718 County of 1719 Date 1720 Precinct 1721 I, ...(Print name)..., have been requested by ...(print name of elector needing assistance)... to provide him or her 1722 with assistance to vote. I swear or affirm that I am not the 1723 1724 employer, an agent of the employer, or an officer or agent of the union of the voter and that I have not solicited this voter 1725 at the polling place or early voting site or within 100 feet of 1726 such locations in an effort to provide assistance.... (Signature 1727 of assistor)... 1728 Sworn and subscribed to before me this day of, 1729 1730 ...(year).... 1731 ... (Signature of Official Administering Oath)... (6) (6) (5) The supervisor of elections shall deliver a 1732 1733 sufficient number of these forms to each precinct, along with other election paraphernalia. 1734 Section 27. Section 101.111, Florida Statutes, is amended 1735 1736 to read:

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1737	101.111 Person desiring to vote may be challenged;
1738	challenger to execute oath; oath of person challenged;
1739	determination of challenge
1740	(1) When the right to vote of any person who desires to
1741	vote is challenged by any elector or poll watcher, the challenge
1742	shall be reduced to writing with an oath as provided in this
1743	section, giving reasons for the challenge, which shall be
1744	delivered to the clerk or inspector. Any elector or poll watcher
1745	challenging the right of a person to vote shall execute the oath
1746	set forth below:
1747	
1748	OATH OF PERSON ENTERING CHALLENGE
1749	
1750	State of Florida
1751	County of
1752	
1753	I do solemnly swear that my name is; that I am a member of
1754	the party; that I am a registered voter or pollwatcher \dots
1755	years old ; that my residence address is, in the
1756	municipality of; and that I have reason to believe that
1757	is attempting to vote illegally and the reasons for my
1758	belief are set forth herein to wit:
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1760	
1761	(Signature of person challenging voter)
1762	
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1763 Sworn and subscribed to before me this day of, 1764 ...(year).... 1765 ...(Clerk of election)... 1766 1767 Before a person who is challenged is permitted to vote, the challenged person's right to vote shall be determined 1768 in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3). The clerk 1769 1770 or inspector shall immediately deliver to the challenged person a copy of the oath of the person entering the challenge and the 1771 challenged voter shall be allowed to cast a provisional ballot. 1772 shall request the challenged person to execute the following 1773 1774 oath: 1775 1776 OATH OF PERSON CHALLENGED 1777 1778 State of Florida 1779 County of 1780 1781 I do solemnly swear that my name is; that I am a member of the party; that my date of birth is; that my residence 1782 1783 address is, in the municipality of, in this the precinct of county; that I personally made application for 1784 1785 registration and signed my name and that I am a qualified voter in this election. 1786 ...(Signature of person)... 1787 1788

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Sworn and subscribed to before me this day of,

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...(year).... 1790 ...(Clerk of election or Inspector)... 1791 1792 1793 Any inspector or clerk of election may administer the oath. Any elector or poll watcher may challenge the right of 1794 any voter to vote not sooner than 30 days before an election by 1795 filing a completed copy of the oath contained in subsection (1) 1796 1797 to the supervisor of election's office. The challenged voter 1798 shall be permitted to cast a provisional ballot. 1799 Any elector or poll watcher filing a frivolous 1800 challenge of any person's right to vote commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 1801 1802 775.083, or s. 775.084; however, electors or poll watchers shall not be subject to liability for any action taken in good faith 1803 and in furtherance of any activity or duty permitted of such 1804 electors or poll watchers by law. Each instance where any 1805 elector or poll watcher files a frivolous challenge of any 1806 1807 person's right to vote constitutes a separate offense. (a) The clerk and inspectors shall compare the information 1808 1809 in the challenged person's oath with that entered on the 1810 precinct register and shall take any other evidence that may be 1811 offered. The clerk and inspectors shall then decide by a 1812 majority vote whether the challenged person may vote a regular ballot. 1813 (b) If the challenged person refuses to complete the oath 1814 1815 or if a majority of the clerk and inspectors doubt the

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eligibility of the person to vote, the challenged person shall be allowed to vote a provisional ballot. The oath of the person entering the challenge and the oath of the person challenged shall be attached to the provisional ballot for transmittal to the canvassing board.

Section 28. Section 101.131, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.131 Watchers at polls.--

- Each political party and each candidate may have one watcher in each polling room or early voting area at any one time during the election. A political committee formed for the specific purpose of expressly advocating the passage or defeat of an issue on the ballot may have one watcher for each polling room or early voting area at any one time during the election. No watcher shall be permitted to come closer to the officials' table or the voting booths than is reasonably necessary to properly perform his or her functions, but each shall be allowed within the polling room or early voting area to watch and observe the conduct of electors and officials. watchers shall furnish their own materials and necessities and shall not obstruct the orderly conduct of any election. The poll watchers shall pose any questions regarding polling place procedures directly to the clerk for resolution. They may not interact with voters. Each poll watcher shall be a qualified and registered elector of the county in which he or she serves.
- (2) Each party, each political committee, and each candidate requesting to have poll watchers shall designate, in

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writing, poll watchers for each precinct prior to noon of the second Tuesday preceding the election poll watchers for each polling room on election day. Designations of poll watchers for early voting areas shall be submitted in writing to the supervisor of elections at least 14 days before early voting begins. The poll watchers for each polling room precinct shall be approved by the supervisor of elections on or before the Tuesday before the election. Poll watchers for early voting areas shall be approved by the supervisor of elections no later than 7 days before early voting begins. The supervisor shall furnish to each election board precinct a list of the poll watchers designated and approved for such polling room or early voting area precinct.

- (3) No candidate or sheriff, deputy sheriff, police officer, or other law enforcement officer may be designated as a poll watcher.
- Section 29. Subsection (1) of section 101.151, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 101.151 Specifications for ballots.--
- (1) <u>Marksense</u> Paper ballots shall be printed on paper of such thickness that the printing cannot be distinguished from the back <u>and shall meet the specifications of the voting system</u> that will be used to tabulate the ballots.
- Section 30. Section 101.171, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1868 101.171 Copy of constitutional amendment to be <u>available</u>
 1869 at voting locations posted.--Whenever any amendment to the State

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Constitution is to be voted upon at any election, the Department of State shall have printed, and shall furnish to each supervisor of elections, a sufficient number of copies of the amendment either in poster or booklet form, and the supervisor shall have a copy thereof conspicuously posted or available at each polling room or early voting area precinct upon the day of election.

Section 31. Section 101.294, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.294 Purchase and sale of voting equipment.--

- (1) The Division of Elections of the Department of State shall adopt uniform rules for the purchase, use, and sale of voting equipment in the state. No governing body shall purchase or cause to be purchased any voting equipment unless such equipment has been certified for use in this state by the Department of State.
- (2) Any governing body contemplating the purchase or sale of voting equipment shall notify the Division of Elections of such considerations. The division shall attempt to coordinate the sale of excess or outmoded equipment by one county with purchases of necessary equipment by other counties.
- (3) The division shall inform the governing bodies of the various counties of the state of the availability of new or used voting equipment and of sources available for obtaining such equipment.
- (4) A vendor of voting equipment may not provide an uncertified voting system, voting system component, or voting

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system upgrade to a local governing body or supervisor of elections in this state.

(5) Before or in conjunction with providing a voting system, voting system component, or voting system upgrade, the vendor shall provide the local governing body or supervisor of elections with a sworn certification that the voting system, voting system component, or voting system upgrade being provided has been certified by the Division of Elections.

Section 32. Section 101.295, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.295 Penalties for violation. --

- (1) Any member of a governing body which purchases or sells voting equipment in violation of the provisions of ss. 101.292-101.295, which member knowingly votes to purchase or sell voting equipment in violation of the provisions of ss. 101.292-101.295, is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided by s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and shall be subject to suspension from office on the grounds of malfeasance.
- (2) Any vendor, chief executive officer, or vendor representative of voting equipment who provides a voting system, voting system component, or voting system upgrade in violation of this chapter commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 33. Section 101.49, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1922 101.49 Procedure of election officers where signatures
1923 differ.--

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1924	(1) Whenever any clerk or inspector, upon a just
1925	comparison of the signatures, doubts that the signature on the
1926	identification presented by the of any elector who presents
1927	himself or herself at the polls to vote is the same as the
1928	signature $\frac{\partial}{\partial t}$ the elector affixed $\frac{\partial}{\partial t}$ the precinct register or
1929	early voting certificate in the registration book, the clerk or
1930	inspector shall deliver to the person an affidavit which shall
1931	be in substantially the following form:
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1933	STATE OF FLORIDA,
1934	COUNTY OF
1935	I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that my name is; that
1936	I am years old; that I was born in the State of; that
1937	I am registered to vote , and at the time I registered I resided
1938	on Street, in the municipality of, County of,
1939	State of Florida; that I am a qualified voter of the county and
1940	state aforesaid and have not voted in this election.
1941	(Signature of voter)
1942	Sworn to and subscribed before me this day of
1943	, A. D(year)
1944	(Clerk or inspector of election)
1945	Precinct No
1946	County of
1947	
1948	(2) The person shall fill out, in his or her own
1949	handwriting or with assistance from a member of the election
1950	board, the form and make an affidavit to the facts stated in the
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filled-in form; such affidavit shall then be sworn to and subscribed before one of the inspectors or clerks of the election who is authorized to administer the oath. Whenever the affidavit is made and filed with the clerk or inspector, the person shall then be admitted to cast his or her vote, but if the person fails or refuses to make out or file such affidavit and asserts his or her eligibility, then he or she shall be entitled to vote a provisional ballot not be permitted to vote.

Section 34. Effective July 1, 2005, subsection (1) of section 101.51, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 11 of chapter 2002-281, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

101.51 Electors to occupy booth alone. --

(1) When the elector presents himself or herself to vote, the election official shall ascertain whether the elector's name is upon the register of electors, and, if the elector's name appears and no challenge interposes, or, if interposed, be not sustained, one of the election officials stationed at the entrance shall announce the name of the elector and permit him or her to enter the booth or compartment to cast his or her vote, allowing only one elector at a time to pass through to vote. An elector, while casting his or her ballot, may not occupy a booth or compartment already occupied or speak with anyone, except as provided by s. 101.051, while in the polling place.

Section 35. Subsection (4) of section 101.5606, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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- 101.5606 Requirements for approval of systems.--No electronic or electromechanical voting system shall be approved by the Department of State unless it is so constructed that:
- (4) For systems using <u>marksense</u> paper ballots, it accepts a rejected ballot pursuant to subsection (3) if a voter chooses to cast the ballot, but records no vote for any office that has been overvoted or undervoted.
- Section 36. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 101.5608, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 101.5608 Voting by electronic or electromechanical method; procedures.--
- (2) When an electronic or electromechanical voting system utilizes a ballot card or <u>marksense</u> paper ballot, the following procedures shall be followed:
- (a) After receiving a ballot from an inspector, the elector shall, without leaving the polling place, retire to a booth or compartment and mark the ballot. After preparing his or her ballot, the elector shall place the ballot in a secrecy envelope with the stub exposed or shall fold over that portion on which write-in votes may be cast, as instructed, so that the ballot will be deposited in the ballot box without exposing the voter's choices. Before the ballot is deposited in the ballot box, the inspector shall detach the exposed stub and place it in a separate envelope for audit purposes; when a fold-over ballot is used, the entire ballot shall be placed in the ballot box.
- (b) Any voter who spoils his or her ballot or makes an error may return the ballot to the election official and secure

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another ballot, except that in no case shall a voter be furnished more than three ballots. If the vote tabulation device has rejected a ballot, the ballot shall be considered spoiled and a new ballot shall be provided to the voter unless the voter chooses to cast the rejected ballot. The election official, without examining the original ballot, shall state the possible reasons for the rejection and shall provide instruction to the voter pursuant to s. 101.5611. A spoiled ballot shall be preserved, without examination, in an envelope provided for that purpose. The stub shall be removed from the ballot and placed in an envelope.

- (c) The supervisor of elections shall prepare for each polling place at least one ballot box to contain the ballots of a particular precinct, and each ballot box shall be plainly marked with the name of the precinct for which it is intended.
- (3) The Department of State shall promulgate rules regarding voting procedures to be used when an electronic or electromechanical voting system is of a type which does not utilize a ballot card or marksense paper ballot.
- Section 37. Subsection (2) of section 101.5612, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 101.5612 Testing of tabulating equipment.--
- (2) On any day not more than 10 days prior to the commencement of early voting as provided in s. 101.657, the supervisor of elections shall have the automatic tabulating equipment publicly tested to ascertain that the equipment will correctly count the votes cast for all offices and on all

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measures. If the ballots to be used at the polling place on election day are not available at the time of the testing, the supervisor may conduct an additional test not more than 10 days before election day. Public notice of the time and place of the test shall be given at least 48 hours prior thereto by publication once in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county or, if there is no newspaper of general circulation in the county, by posting the notice in at least four conspicuous places in the county. The supervisor or the municipal elections official may, at the time of qualifying, give written notice of the time and location of the public preelection test to each candidate qualifying with that office and obtain a signed receipt that the notice has been given. The Department of State shall give written notice to each statewide candidate at the time of qualifying, or immediately at the end of qualifying, that the voting equipment will be tested and advise each candidate to contact the county supervisor of elections as to the time and location of the public preelection test. The supervisor or the municipal elections official shall, at least 15 days prior to the commencement of early voting as provided in s. 101.657, send written notice by certified mail to the county party chair of each political party and to all candidates for other than statewide office whose names appear on the ballot in the county and who did not receive written notification from the supervisor or municipal elections official at the time of qualifying, stating the time and location of the public preelection test of the automatic tabulating equipment.

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The canvassing board shall convene, and each member of the canvassing board shall certify to the accuracy of the test. For the test, the canvassing board may designate one member to represent it. The test shall be open to representatives of the political parties, the press, and the public. Each political party may designate one person with expertise in the computer field who shall be allowed in the central counting room when all tests are being conducted and when the official votes are being counted. The designee shall not interfere with the normal operation of the canvassing board.

Section 38. Subsection (5) of section 101.5614, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.5614 Canvass of returns.--

it cannot properly be counted by the automatic tabulating equipment, a true duplicate copy shall be made of the damaged ballot in the presence of witnesses and substituted for the damaged ballot. Likewise, a duplicate ballot shall be made of an absentee ballot containing an overvoted race or a marked absentee ballot in which every race is undervoted which shall include all valid votes as determined by the canvassing board based on rules adopted by the division pursuant to s.

102.166(4)(5). All duplicate ballots shall be clearly labeled "duplicate," bear a serial number which shall be recorded on the defective ballot, and be counted in lieu of the defective ballot. After a ballot has been duplicated, the defective ballot shall be placed in an envelope provided for that purpose, and

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the duplicate ballot shall be tallied with the other ballots for that precinct.

Section 39. Section 101.572, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Public inspection of ballots. -- The official ballots and ballot cards received from election boards and removed from absentee ballot mailing envelopes shall be open for public inspection or examination while in the custody of the supervisor of elections or the county canvassing board at any reasonable time, under reasonable conditions; however, no persons other than the supervisor of elections or his or her employees or the county canvassing board shall handle any official ballot or ballot card. If the ballots are being examined prior to the end of the contest period in s. 102.168, the supervisor of elections shall make a reasonable effort to notify all candidates whose names appear on such ballots or ballot cards by telephone or otherwise of the time and place of the inspection or examination. All such candidates, or their representatives, shall be allowed to be present during the inspection or examination.

Section 40. Section 101.58, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 101.58 Supervising and observing registration and election processes.--
- (1) The Department of State may, at any time it deems fit; upon the petition of 5 percent of the registered electors; or upon the petition of any candidate, county executive committee

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chair, state committeeman or committeewoman, or state executive committee chair, appoint one or more deputies whose duties shall be to observe and examine the registration and election processes and the condition, custody, and operation of voting systems and equipment in any county or municipality. The deputy shall have access to all registration books and records as well as any other records or procedures relating to the voting process. The deputy may supervise preparation of the voting equipment and procedures for election, and it shall be unlawful for any person to obstruct the deputy in the performance of his or her duty. The deputy shall file with the Department of State a report of his or her findings and observations of the registration and election processes in the county or municipality, and a copy of the report shall also be filed with the clerk of the circuit court of said county. The compensation of such deputies shall be fixed by the Department of State; and costs incurred under this section shall be paid from the annual operating appropriation made to the Department of State.

(2) Upon the written direction of the Secretary of State, any employee of the Department of State having expertise in the matter of concern to the Secretary of State shall have full access to all premises, records, equipment, and staff of the supervisor of elections.

Section 41. Subsection (1) of section 101.595, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.595 Analysis and reports of voting problems. --

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(1) No later than December 15 of each general election year, the supervisor of elections in each county shall report to the Department of State the total number of overvotes and undervotes in the "President and Vice President" or "Governor and Lieutenant Governor" race that appears first on the ballot or, if neither appears, the first race appearing on the ballot pursuant to s. 101.151(2), along with the likely reasons for such overvotes and undervotes and other information as may be useful in evaluating the performance of the voting system and identifying problems with ballot design and instructions which may have contributed to voter confusion.

Section 42. Section 101.6103, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.6103 Mail ballot election procedure. --

- (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (7) (6), the supervisor of elections shall mail all official ballots with a secrecy envelope, a return mailing envelope, and instructions sufficient to describe the voting process to each elector entitled to vote in the election not sooner than the 20th day before the election and not later than the 10th day before the date of the election. All such ballots shall be mailed by first-class mail. Ballots shall be addressed to each elector at the address appearing in the registration records and placed in an envelope which is prominently marked "Do Not Forward."
- (2) Upon receipt of the ballot the elector shall mark the ballot, place it in the secrecy envelope, sign the return mailing envelope supplied with the ballot, and comply with the

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instructions provided with the ballot. The elector shall mail, deliver, or have delivered the marked ballot so that it reaches the supervisor of elections no later than 7 p.m. on the day of the election. The ballot must be returned in the return mailing envelope.

(3) The return mailing envelope shall contain a statement in substantially the following form:

2173 VOTER'S CERTIFICATE

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I, (Print Name), do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a qualified voter in this election and that I have not and will not vote more than one ballot in this election.

I understand that failure to sign this certificate and give my residence address will invalidate my ballot.

2180 ...(Signature)...
2181 ...(Residence Address)...

(4) If the ballot is destroyed, spoiled, lost, or not received by the elector, the elector may obtain a replacement ballot from the supervisor of elections as provided in this subsection. An elector seeking a replacement ballot shall sign a sworn statement that the ballot was destroyed, spoiled, lost, or not received and present such statement to the supervisor of elections prior to 7 p.m. on the day of the election. The supervisor of elections shall keep a record of each replacement ballot provided under this subsection.

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- 2192 (5) A ballot shall be counted only if:
 - (a) It is returned in the return mailing envelope;
 - (b) The elector's signature has been verified as provided in this subsection; and
 - (c) It is received by the supervisor of elections not later than 7 p.m. on the day of the election.

The supervisor of elections shall verify the signature of each elector on the return mailing envelope with the signature on the elector's registration records. Such verification may commence at any time prior to the canvass of votes. The supervisor of elections shall safely keep the ballot unopened in his or her office until the county canvassing board canvasses the vote. If the supervisor of elections determines that an elector to whom a replacement ballot has been issued under subsection (4) has voted more than once, the canvassing board shall determine which ballot, if any, is to be counted.

- (6) The canvassing board may begin the canvassing of mail ballots at 7 a.m. on the fourth day before the election, including processing the ballots through the tabulating equipment. However, results may not be released until after 7 p.m. on election day. Any canvassing board member or election employee who releases any result before 7 p.m. on election day commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (7) (6) With respect to absent electors overseas entitled to vote in the election, the supervisor of elections shall mail

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an official ballot with a secrecy envelope, a return mailing envelope, and instructions sufficient to describe the voting process to each such elector on a date sufficient to allow such elector time to vote in the election and to have his or her marked ballot reach the supervisor by 7 p.m. on the day of the election.

- (8) Effective July 1, 2005, a ballot that otherwise satisfies the requirements of subsection (5) shall be counted even if the elector dies after mailing the ballot but before election day, as long as, prior to the death of the voter, the ballot was:
 - (a) Postmarked by the United States Postal Service;
- (b) Date-stamped with a verifiable tracking number by common carrier; or
- (c) Already in the possession of the supervisor of elections.
- Section 43. Section 101.62, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 101.62 Request for absentee ballots.--
- (1)(a) The supervisor may accept a request for an absentee ballot from an elector in person or in writing. Except as provided in s. 101.694, one request shall be deemed sufficient to receive an absentee ballot for all elections which are held within a calendar year, unless the elector or the elector's designee indicates at the time the request is made the elections for which the elector desires to receive an absentee ballot. Such request may be considered canceled when any first-class

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mail sent by the supervisor to the elector is returned as undeliverable.

- (b) The supervisor may accept a written or telephonic request for an absentee ballot from the elector, or, if directly instructed by the elector, a member of the elector's immediate family, or the elector's legal guardian. For purposes of this section, the term "immediate family" has the same meaning as specified in paragraph (4)(b). The person making the request must disclose:
- 1. The name of the elector for whom the ballot is requested;
 - 2. The elector's address;
 - 3. The elector's date of birth;
 - 4. The requester's name;
 - 5. The requester's address;
 - 6. The requester's driver's license number, if available;
 - 7. The requester's relationship to the elector; and
 - 8. The requester's signature (written requests only).
- voter must be is received no later than 5 p.m. on the sixth day after the Friday before the election by the supervisor of elections from an absent elector overseas, the supervisor shall send a notice to the elector acknowledging receipt of his or her request and notifying the elector that the ballot will not be forwarded due to insufficient time for return of the ballot by the required deadline. The supervisor of elections shall mail

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absentee ballots to voters requesting ballots by such deadline no later than 4 days before the election.

- For each request for an absentee ballot received, the supervisor shall record the date the request was made, the date the absentee ballot was delivered to the voter or the voter's designee or the date the absentee ballot was delivered to the post office or other carrier or mailed, the date the ballot was received by the supervisor, and such other information he or she may deem necessary. This information shall be provided in electronic format as provided by rule adopted by the division. The information shall be updated and made available no later than noon of each day and shall be contemporaneously provided to the division. This information shall be confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and shall be made available to or reproduced only for the voter requesting the ballot, a canvassing board, an election official, a political party or official thereof, a candidate who has filed qualification papers and is opposed in an upcoming election, and registered political committees or registered committees of continuous existence, for political purposes only.
- (4)(a) To each absent qualified elector overseas who has requested an absentee ballot, the supervisor of elections shall, not fewer than 35 days before the first primary election, mail an absentee ballot. Not fewer than 45 days before the second primary and general election, the supervisor of elections shall mail an absentee ballot. If the regular absentee ballots are not available, the supervisor shall mail an advance absentee ballot

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to those persons requesting ballots for such elections. advance absentee ballot for the second primary shall be the same as the first primary absentee ballot as to the names of candidates, except that for any offices where there are only two candidates, those offices and all political party executive committee offices shall be omitted. Except as provided in ss. 99.063(4) and 100.371(6), the advance absentee ballot for the general election shall be as specified in s. 101.151, except that in the case of candidates of political parties where nominations were not made in the first primary, the names of the candidates placing first and second in the first primary election shall be printed on the advance absentee ballot. The advance absentee ballot or advance absentee ballot information booklet shall be of a different color for each election and also a different color from the absentee ballots for the first primary, second primary, and general election. The supervisor shall mail an advance absentee ballot for the second primary and general election to each qualified absent elector for whom a request is received until the absentee ballots are printed. The supervisor shall enclose with the advance second primary absentee ballot and advance general election absentee ballot an explanation stating that the absentee ballot for the election will be mailed as soon as it is printed; and, if both the advance absentee ballot and the absentee ballot for the election are returned in time to be counted, only the absentee ballot will be counted. The Department of State may prescribe by rule

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the requirements for preparing and mailing absentee ballots to absent qualified electors overseas.

- (b) As soon as the remainder of the absentee ballots are printed, the supervisor shall provide an absentee ballot to each elector by whom a request for that ballot has been made by one of the following means:
- 1. By nonforwardable, return-if-undeliverable mail to the elector's current mailing address on file with the supervisor, unless the elector specifies in the request that:
- a. The elector is absent from the county and does not plan to return before the day of the election;
- b. The elector is temporarily unable to occupy the residence because of hurricane, tornado, flood, fire, or other emergency or natural disaster; or
- c. The elector is in a hospital, assisted-living facility, nursing home, short-term medical or rehabilitation facility, or correctional facility,

in which case the supervisor shall mail the ballot by nonforwardable, return-if-undeliverable mail to any other address the elector specifies in the request.

- 2. By forwardable mail to voters who are entitled to vote by absentee ballot under the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act.
- 3. By personal delivery <u>before 7 p.m. on election day</u> to the elector, upon presentation of the identification required in s. 101.657.

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- By delivery to a designee on election day or up to 4 days prior to the day of an election. Any elector may designate in writing a person to pick up the ballot for the elector; however, the person designated may not pick up more than two absentee ballots per election, other than the designee's own ballot, except that additional ballots may be picked up for members of the designee's immediate family. For purposes of this section, "immediate family" means the designee's spouse or the parent, child, grandparent, or sibling of the designee or of the designee's spouse. The designee shall provide to the supervisor the written authorization by the elector and a picture identification of the designee and must complete an The designee shall state in the affidavit that the designee is authorized by the elector to pick up that ballot and shall indicate if the elector is a member of the designee's immediate family and, if so, the relationship. The department shall prescribe the form of the affidavit. If the supervisor is satisfied that the designee is authorized to pick up the ballot and that the signature of the elector on the written authorization matches the signature of the elector on file, the supervisor shall give the ballot to that designee for delivery to the elector.
- (5) In the event that the Elections Canvassing Commission is unable to certify the results of an election for a state office in time to comply with subsection (4), the Department of State is authorized to prescribe rules for a ballot to be sent to absent electors overseas.

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- (6) Nothing other than the materials necessary to vote absentee shall be mailed or delivered with any absentee ballot. Section 44. Section 101.64, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 101.64 Delivery of absentee ballots; envelopes; form.--
- (1) The supervisor shall enclose with each absentee ballot two envelopes: a secrecy envelope, into which the absent elector shall enclose his or her marked ballot; and a mailing envelope, into which the absent elector shall then place the secrecy envelope, which shall be addressed to the supervisor and also bear on the back side a certificate in substantially the following form:

Note: Please Read Instructions Carefully Before
Marking Ballot and Completing Voter's Certificate.

VOTER'S CERTIFICATE

I,, do solemnly swear or affirm that I am a qualified and registered voter of County, Florida, and that I have not and will not vote more than one ballot in this election. I understand that if I commit or attempt to commit any fraud in connection with voting, vote a fraudulent ballot, or vote more than once in an election, I can be convicted of a felony of the third degree and fined up to \$5,000 and/or imprisoned for up to 5 years. I also understand that failure to sign this certificate will invalidate my ballot.

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2406 ...(Date)... ...(Voter's Signature)...

- (2) The certificate shall be arranged on the back of the mailing envelope so that the line for the signature of the absent elector is across the seal of the envelope; however, no statement shall appear on the envelope which indicates that a signature of the voter must cross the seal of the envelope. The absent elector shall execute the certificate on the envelope.
- (3) In lieu of the voter's certificate provided in this section, the supervisor of elections shall provide each person voting absentee under the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens

 Absentee Voting Act with the standard oath prescribed by the presidential designee.

Section 45. Subsection (1) of section 101.657, Florida Statutes, is amended, present subsection (2) of that section is renumbered as subsection (4), and new subsections (2) and (3) are added to that section, to read:

101.657 Early voting. --

(1) (a) As a convenience to the voter, the supervisor of elections shall allow an elector to vote early in the main or branch office of the supervisor by depositing the voted ballot in a voting device used by the supervisor to collect or tabulate ballots. In order for a branch office to be used for early voting, it shall be a permanent full service facility of the supervisor and shall have been designated and used as such for at least 1 year prior to the election. The supervisor may also designate any city hall or permanent public library facility as

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early voting sites; however, if so designated, the sites must be geographically located so as to provide all voters in the county an equal opportunity to cast a ballot, insofar as is practicable. The results or tabulation of votes cast during early voting may not be made before the close of the polls on election day. Results shall be reported by precinct.

- (b) The supervisor shall designate each early voting site by no later than the 30th day prior to an election and shall designate an early voting area, as defined in s. 97.021, at each early voting site.
- (c) All early voting sites in a county shall be open on the same days for the same amount of time and shall allow any person in line at the closing of an early voting site to vote.
- (d) (b) Early voting shall begin on the 15th day before an election and end on the 2nd day before an election. For purposes of a special election held pursuant to s. 100.101, early voting shall begin on the 8th day before an election and end on the 2nd day before an election. Early voting shall be provided for at least 8 hours per weekday and 8 hours in the aggregate each weekend at each site during the applicable periods. Early voting sites shall open no sooner than 7 a.m. and close no later than 7 p.m. on each applicable day during the applicable periods. Early voting shall also be provided for 8 hours in the aggregate for each weekend during the applicable periods.
- (e) Notwithstanding the requirements of s. 100.3605, municipalities may provide early voting in municipal elections that are not held in conjunction with county or state elections.

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If a municipality provides early voting, it may designate as many sites as necessary and shall conduct its activities in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs (a)-(c). The supervisor is not required to conduct early voting if it is provided pursuant to this subsection.

- (f) Notwithstanding the requirements of s. 189.405, special districts may provide early voting in any district election not held in conjunction with county or state elections. If a special district provides early voting, it may designate as many sites as necessary and shall conduct its activities in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs (a)-(c). The supervisor is not required to conduct early voting if it is provided pursuant to this subsection.
- (2) During any early voting period, each supervisor of elections shall make available the total number of voters casting a ballot at each early voting location during the previous day. Each supervisor shall prepare an electronic data file listing the individual voters who cast a ballot during the early voting period. This information shall be provided in electronic format as provided by rule adopted by the division. The information shall be updated and made available no later than noon of each day and shall be contemporaneously provided to the division.
- (3) The ballot of each elector voting early shall be counted even if the elector dies on or before election day.

 Section 46. Subsection (2) of section 101.663, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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- 101.663 Electors; change of residence.--
- (2) An elector registered in this state who moves his or her permanent residence to another state after the registration books in that state have closed and who is prohibited by the laws of that state from voting for the offices of President and Vice President of the United States shall be permitted to vote absentee in the county of his or her former residence for the offices of President and Vice President of the United States those offices.
- Section 47. Subsection (1) and paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 101.68, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

 101.68 Canvassing of absentee ballot.--
- (1) The supervisor of the county where the absent elector resides shall receive the voted ballot, at which time the supervisor shall compare the signature of the elector on the voter's certificate with the signature of the elector in the registration books to determine whether the elector is duly registered in the county and may record on the elector's registration certificate that the elector has voted. However, effective July 1, 2005, an elector who dies after casting an absentee ballot but on or before election day shall remain listed in the registration books until the results have been certified for the election in which the ballot was cast. The supervisor shall safely keep the ballot unopened in his or her office until the county canvassing board canvasses the vote. After an absentee ballot is received by the supervisor, the

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ballot is deemed to have been cast, and changes or additions may not be made to the voter's certificate.

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- The canvassing board shall, if the supervisor has (c)1.not already done so, compare the signature of the elector on the voter's certificate with the signature of the elector in the registration books to see that the elector is duly registered in the county and to determine the legality of that absentee ballot. Effective July 1, 2005, the ballot of an elector who casts an absentee ballot shall be counted even if the elector dies on or before election day, as long as, prior to the death of the voter, the ballot was postmarked by the United States Postal Service, date-stamped with a verifiable tracking number by common carrier, or already in the possession of the supervisor of elections. An absentee ballot shall be considered illegal if it does not include the signature of the elector, as shown by the registration records. However, an absentee ballot shall not be considered illegal if the signature of the elector does not cross the seal of the mailing envelope. If the canvassing board determines that any ballot is illegal, a member of the board shall, without opening the envelope, mark across the face of the envelope: "rejected as illegal." The envelope and the ballot contained therein shall be preserved in the manner that official ballots voted are preserved.
- 2. If any elector or candidate present believes that an absentee ballot is illegal due to a defect apparent on the voter's certificate, he or she may, at any time before the

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ballot is removed from the envelope, file with the canvassing board a protest against the canvass of that ballot, specifying the precinct, the ballot, and the reason he or she believes the ballot to be illegal. A challenge based upon a defect in the voter's certificate may not be accepted after the ballot has been removed from the mailing envelope.

Section 48. Section 101.69, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.69 Voting in person; return of absentee ballot. -- The provisions of this code shall not be construed to prohibit any elector from voting in person at the elector's precinct on the day of an election or at an early voting site, notwithstanding that the elector has requested an absentee ballot for that election. An elector who has returned a voted absentee ballot to the supervisor, however, is deemed to have cast his or her ballot and is not entitled to vote another ballot or to have a provisional ballot counted by the county canvassing board. An elector who has received an absentee ballot and has not returned the voted ballot to the supervisor, but desires to vote in person, shall return the ballot, whether voted or not, to the election board in the elector's precinct or to an early voting site. The returned ballot shall be marked "canceled" by the board and placed with other canceled ballots. However, if the elector does not return the ballot and the election official:

(1) Confirms that the supervisor has received the elector's absentee ballot, the elector shall not be allowed to vote in person. If the elector maintains that he or she has not

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returned the absentee ballot or remains eligible to vote, the elector shall be provided a provisional ballot as provided in s. 101.048.

- (2) Confirms that the supervisor has not received the elector's absentee ballot, the elector shall be allowed to vote in person as provided in this code. The elector's absentee ballot, if subsequently received, shall not be counted and shall remain in the mailing envelope, and the envelope shall be marked "Rejected as Illegal."
- (3) Cannot determine whether the supervisor has received the elector's absentee ballot, the elector may vote a provisional ballot as provided in s. 101.048.
- Section 49. Section 101.6923, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 101.6923 Special absentee ballot instructions for certain first-time voters.--
- (1) The provisions of this section apply to voters who registered to vote by mail, who have not previously voted in the county, and who have not provided the identification or information required by s. 97.0535 by the time the absentee ballot is mailed.
- (2) A voter covered by this section shall be provided with the following printed instructions with his or her absentee ballot in substantially the following form:

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READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE MARKING YOUR BALLOT. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS MAY CAUSE YOUR BALLOT NOT TO COUNT.

- 1. In order to ensure that your absentee ballot will be counted, it should be completed and returned as soon as possible so that it can reach the supervisor of elections of the county in which your precinct is located no later than 7 p.m. on the date of the election.
- 2. Mark your ballot in secret as instructed on the ballot. You must mark your own ballot unless you are unable to do so because of blindness, disability, or inability to read or write.
- 3. Mark only the number of candidates or issue choices for a race as indicated on the ballot. If you are allowed to "Vote for One" candidate and you vote for more than one, your vote in that race will not be counted.
- 4. Place your marked ballot in the enclosed secrecy envelope and seal the envelope.
- 5. Insert the secrecy envelope into the enclosed envelope bearing the Voter's Certificate. Seal the envelope and completely fill out the Voter's Certificate on the back of the envelope.
- a. You must sign your name on the line above (Voter's Signature).
- b. If you are an overseas voter, you must include the date you signed the Voter's Certificate on the line above (Date) or your ballot may not be counted.

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- 6. Unless you meet one of the exemptions in Item 7., you must make a copy of one of the following forms of identification:
- a. Identification which must include your name and photograph: current and valid Florida driver's license; Florida identification card issued by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; United States passport; employee badge or identification; buyer's club identification card; debit or credit card; military identification; student identification; retirement center identification; neighborhood association identification; entertainment identification; or public assistance identification; or
- b. Identification which shows your name and current residence address: current utility bill, bank statement, government check, paycheck, or government document (excluding voter identification card).
- 7. The identification requirements of Item 6. do not apply if you meet one of the following requirements:
 - a. You are 65 years of age or older.
 - b. You have a temporary or permanent physical disability.
- c. You are a member of a uniformed service on active duty who, by reason of such active duty, will be absent from the county on election day.
- d. You are a member of the Merchant Marine who, by reason of service in the Merchant Marine, will be absent from the county on election day.

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- e. You are the spouse or dependent of a member referred to in paragraph c. or paragraph d. who, by reason of the active duty or service of the member, will be absent from the county on election day.
 - f. You are currently residing outside the United States.
- 8. Place the envelope bearing the Voter's Certificate into the mailing envelope addressed to the supervisor. Insert a copy of your identification in the mailing envelope. DO NOT PUT YOUR IDENTIFICATION INSIDE THE SECRECY ENVELOPE WITH THE BALLOT OR INSIDE THE ENVELOPE WHICH BEARS THE VOTER'S CERTIFICATE OR YOUR BALLOT WILL NOT COUNT.
- 9. Mail, deliver, or have delivered the completed mailing envelope. Be sure there is sufficient postage if mailed.
- 10. FELONY NOTICE. It is a felony under Florida law to accept any gift, payment, or gratuity in exchange for your vote for a candidate. It is also a felony under Florida law to vote in an election using a false identity or false address, or under any other circumstances making your ballot false or fraudulent.
- Section 50. Subsection (3) of section 101.694, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 101.694 Mailing of ballots upon receipt of federal postcard application.--
- Absentee envelopes printed for voters entitled to vote absentee under the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee

 Voting Act shall meet the specifications as determined by the Federal Voting Assistance Program of the United States

 Department of Defense and the United States Postal Service.

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There shall be printed across the face of each envelope in which a ballot is sent to a federal postcard applicant, or is returned by such applicant to the supervisor, two parallel horizontal red bars, each one quarter inch wide, extending from one side of the envelope to the other side, with an intervening space of onequarter inch, the top bar to be 14 inches from the top of the envelope, and with the words "Official Election Balloting Material-via Air Mail, " or similar language, between the bars. There shall be printed in the upper right corner of each such envelope, in a box, the words "Free of U. S. Postage, including Air Mail." All printing on the face of each envelope shall be in red, and there shall be printed in red in the upper left corner of each ballot envelope an appropriate inscription or blanks for return address of sender. Additional specifications may be prescribed by rule of the Division of Elections upon recommendation of the presidential designee under the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act. Otherwise, the envelopes shall be the same as those used in sending ballots to, or receiving them from, other absentee voters.

Section 51. Section 101.697, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.697 Electronic transmission of election materials.-The Department of State shall determine whether secure
electronic means can be established for receiving ballots from
overseas voters. If such security can be established, the
department shall adopt rules to authorize a supervisor of
elections to accept from an overseas voter a request for an

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absentee ballot or and a voted absentee ballot by secure facsimile machine transmission or other secure electronic means from overseas voters. The rules must provide that in order to accept a voted ballot, the verification of the voter must be established, the security of the transmission must be established, and each ballot received must be recorded.

Section 52. Section 102.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

102.012 Inspectors and clerks to conduct elections. --

The supervisor of elections of each county, at least 20 days prior to the holding of any election, shall appoint an election board comprised of poll workers who serve as clerks or inspectors two election boards for each precinct in the countyhowever, the supervisor of elections may, in any election, appoint one election board if the supervisor has reason to believe that only one is necessary. The clerk shall be in charge of, and responsible for, seeing that the election board carries out its duties and responsibilities. Each inspector and each clerk shall take and subscribe to an oath or affirmation, which shall be written or printed, to the effect that he or she will perform the duties of inspector or clerk of election, respectively, according to law and will endeavor to prevent all fraud, deceit, or abuse in conducting the election. The oath may be taken before an officer authorized to administer oaths or before any of the persons who are to act as inspectors, one of them to swear the others, and one of the others sworn thus, in turn, to administer the oath to the one who has not been sworn.

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The oaths shall be returned with the poll list and the returns of the election to the supervisor. In all questions that may arise before the members of an election board, the decision of a majority of them shall decide the question. The supervisor of elections of each county shall be responsible for the attendance and diligent performance of his or her duties by each clerk and inspector.

- (2) Each member of the election board shall be able to read and write the English language and shall be a registered qualified elector of the county in which the member is appointed or a person who has preregistered to vote, pursuant to s. 97.041(1)(b), in the county in which the member is appointed. No election board shall be composed solely of members of one political party; however, in any primary in which only one party has candidates appearing on the ballot, all clerks and inspectors may be of that party. Any person whose name appears as an opposed candidate for any office shall not be eligible to serve on an election board.
- (3) The supervisor shall furnish inspectors of election for each precinct with the <u>list of registered voters for the precinct registration books divided alphabetically as will best facilitate the holding of an election.</u> The supervisor shall also furnish to the inspectors of election at the polling place at each precinct in the supervisor's county a sufficient number of forms and blanks for use on election day.

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(4) (a) The election board of each precinct shall attend the polling place by 6 a.m. of the day of the election and shall arrange the furniture, stationery, and voting equipment.

beginning and closing at the time set forth in s. 100.011. If more than one board has been appointed, the second board shall, upon the closing of the polls, come on duty and count the votes cast. In such case, the first board shall turn over to the second board all closed ballot boxes, registration books, and other records of the election at the time the boards change. The second board shall continue counting until the count is complete or until 7 a.m. the next morning, and, if the count is not completed at that time, the first board that conducted the election shall again report for duty and complete the count. The second board shall turn over to the first board all ballots counted, all ballots not counted, and all registration books and other records and shall advise the first board as to what has transpired in tabulating the results of the election.

- (5) In precincts in which there are more than 1,000 registered electors, the supervisor of elections shall appoint additional election boards necessary for the election.
- (6) In any precinct in which there are fewer than 300 registered electors, it is not necessary to appoint two election boards, but one such board will suffice. Such board shall be composed of at least one inspector and one clerk.
- Section 53. Subsections (1), (2), (3), and (5) of section 102.014, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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- 102.014 Poll worker recruitment and training.--
- The supervisor of elections shall conduct training for inspectors, clerks, and deputy sheriffs prior to each primary, general, and special election for the purpose of instructing such persons in their duties and responsibilities as election officials. The Division of Elections shall develop a statewide uniform training curriculum for poll workers, and each supervisor shall use such curriculum in training poll workers. A certificate may be issued by the supervisor of elections to each person completing such training. No person shall serve as an inspector, clerk, or deputy sheriff for an election unless such person has completed the training as required. A clerk may not work at the polls unless he or she demonstrates a working knowledge of the laws and procedures relating to voter registration, voting system operation, balloting and polling place procedures, and problem-solving and conflict-resolution skills.
- (2) A person who has attended previous training conducted within 2 years before the election may be appointed by the supervisor to fill a vacancy on <u>an</u> election <u>board day</u>. If no person with prior training is available to fill such vacancy, the supervisor of elections may fill such vacancy in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) from among persons who have not received the training required by this section.
- (3) In the case of absence or refusal to act on the part of any inspector or clerk at any precinct on the day of an election, the supervisor shall appoint a replacement who meets

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the qualifications prescribed in s. 102.012(2). The inspector or clerk so appointed shall be a member of the same political party as the clerk or inspector whom he or she replaces.

- (5) The Department of State shall create a uniform polling place procedures manual and adopt the manual by rule. Each supervisor of elections shall ensure that the manual is available in hard copy or electronic form in every polling place precinct in the supervisor's jurisdiction on election day. The manual shall guide inspectors, clerks, and deputy sheriffs in the proper implementation of election procedures and laws. The manual shall be indexed by subject, and written in plain, clear, unambiguous language. The manual shall provide specific examples of common problems encountered at the polls on election day, and detail specific procedures for resolving those problems. The manual shall include, without limitation:
- (a) Regulations governing solicitation by individuals and groups at the polling place;
- (b) Procedures to be followed with respect to voters whose names are not on the precinct register;
 - (c) Proper operation of the voting system;
 - (d) Ballot handling procedures;
 - (e) Procedures governing spoiled ballots;
 - (f) Procedures to be followed after the polls close;
 - (g) Rights of voters at the polls;
 - (h) Procedures for handling emergency situations;
 - (i) Procedures for dealing with irate voters;

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2831 (j) The handling and processing of provisional ballots; 2832 and

(k) Security procedures.

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The Department of State shall revise the manual as necessary to address new procedures in law or problems encountered by voters and poll workers at the precincts.

Section 54. Section 102.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

102.031 Maintenance of good order at polls; authorities; persons allowed in polling rooms <u>and early voting areas</u>; unlawful solicitation of voters.--

- (1) Each election board shall possess full authority to maintain order at the polls and enforce obedience to its lawful commands during an election and the canvass of the votes.
- (2) The sheriff shall deputize a deputy sheriff for each polling place and each early voting site who shall be present during the time the polls or early voting sites are open and until the election is completed, who shall be subject to all lawful commands of the clerk or inspectors, and who shall maintain good order. The deputy may summon assistance from among bystanders to aid him or her when necessary to maintain peace and order at the polls or early voting sites.
- (3) (a) No person may enter any polling room or polling place where the polling place is also a polling room, or any early voting area during voting hours except the following:
 - 1. Official poll watchers;

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- 2. Inspectors;
- 3. Election clerks;
- 4. The supervisor of elections or his or her deputy;
- 5. Persons there to vote, persons in the care of a voter, or persons caring for such voter;
- 6. Law enforcement officers or emergency service personnel there with permission of the clerk or a majority of the inspectors; or
- 7. A person, whether or not a registered voter, who is assisting with or participating in a simulated election for minors, as approved by the supervisor of elections.
- (b) The restriction in this subsection does not apply where the polling room is in an area commonly traversed by the public in order to gain access to businesses or homes or in an area traditionally utilized as a public area for discussion.
- (4) (a) (c) No person, political committee, committee of continuous existence, or other group or organization may solicit voters inside the polling place or within 100 50—feet of the entrance to any polling place, or polling room where the polling place is also a polling room, or early voting site. Before the opening of the polling place or early voting site, the clerk or supervisor shall designate the no-solicitation zone and mark the boundaries. on the day of any election.
 - 1. Solicitation shall not be restricted if:
- a. Conducted from a separately marked area within the 50foot zone so as not to disturb, hinder, impede, obstruct, or

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interfere with voter access to the polling place or polling room entrance; and

- b. The solicitation activities and subject matter are clearly and easily identifiable by the voters as an activity in which they may voluntarily participate; or
- c. Conducted on property within the 50-foot zone which is a residence, established business, private property, sidewalk, park, or property traditionally utilized as a public area for discussion.
- 2. Solicitation shall not be permitted within the 50 foot zone on a public sidewalk or other similar means of access to the polling room if it is clearly identifiable to the poll workers that the solicitation is impeding, obstructing, or interfering with voter access to the polling room or polling place.
- (b)(d) For the purpose of this subsection, the term "solicit" shall include, but not be limited to, seeking or attempting to seek any vote, fact, opinion, or contribution; distributing or attempting to distribute any political or campaign material, leaflet, or handout; conducting a poll; seeking or attempting to seek a signature on any petition; and selling or attempting to sell any item.
- (c) (e) Each supervisor of elections shall inform the clerk of each precinct of the area within which soliciting is unlawful, based on the particular characteristics of that polling place. The supervisor or the clerk may take any

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reasonable action necessary to ensure order at the polling places, including, but not limited to, which shall include:

- 1. Designating a specific area for soliciting pursuant to paragraph (c) of this subsection, or
- 2. having disruptive and unruly persons removed by law enforcement officers from the polling room or place or from the 100-foot 50 foot zone surrounding the polling place.
- (5) No photography is permitted in the polling room or early voting area.

Section 55. Section 102.071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

102.071 Tabulation of votes and proclamation of results where ballots are used .-- The election board shall post at the polls, for the benefit of the public, the results of the voting for each office or other item on the ballot as the count is completed. Upon completion of all counts in all races, a certificate triplicate certificates of the results shall be drawn up by the inspectors and clerk at each precinct upon a form provided by the supervisor of elections which shall contain the name of each person voted for, for each office, and the number of votes cast for each person for such office; and, if any question is submitted, the certificate shall also contain the number of votes cast for and against the question. The certificate shall be signed by the inspectors and clerk, and one of the certificates shall be delivered without delay by one of the inspectors, securely sealed, to the supervisor for immediate publication; the duplicate copy of the certificate shall be

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delivered to the county court judge; and the remaining copy shall be enclosed in the ballot box together with the oaths of inspectors and clerks. All the ballot boxes, ballots, ballot stubs, memoranda, and papers of all kinds used in the election shall also be transmitted, after being sealed by the inspectors, to with the certificates of result of the election to be filed in the supervisor's office. Registration books and the poll lists shall not be placed in the ballot boxes but shall be returned to the supervisor.

Section 56. Section 102.111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

102.111 Elections Canvassing Commission. --

(1) The Elections Canvassing Commission shall consist of the Governor and two members of the Cabinet selected by the Governor. If a member of the Elections Canvassing Commission is unable to serve for any reason, the Governor shall appoint a remaining member of the Cabinet. If there is a further vacancy, the remaining members of the commission shall agree on another elected official to fill the vacancy. The Elections Canvassing Commission shall, as soon as the official results are compiled from all counties, certify the returns of the election and determine and declare who has been elected for each federal, state, and multicounty office. If a member of a county canvassing board that was constituted pursuant to s. 102.141 determines, within 5 days after the certification by the Elections Canvassing Commission, that a typographical error occurred in the official returns of the county, the correction

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of which could result in a change in the outcome of an election,
the county canvassing board must certify corrected returns to
the Department of State within 24 hours, and the Elections
Canvassing Commission must correct and recertify the election
returns as soon as practicable.

- (2) The Division of Elections shall provide the staff services required by the Elections Canvassing Commission.
- Section 57. Section 102.112, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 102.112 Deadline for submission of county returns to the Department of State.--
 - (1) The county canvassing board or a majority thereof shall file the county returns for the election of a federal or state officer with the Department of State immediately after certification of the election results. The returns must contain a certification by the canvassing board that the board has reconciled the number of persons who voted with the number of ballots counted and that the certification includes all valid votes cast in the election.
 - (2) Returns must be filed by 5 p.m. on the 7th day following a primary election and by 5 p.m. on the 11th day following the general election. However, the Department of State may correct typographical errors, including the transposition of numbers, in any returns submitted to the Department of State pursuant to s. 102.111(1).
 - (3) If the returns are not received by the department by the time specified, such returns shall be ignored and the

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results on file at that time shall be certified by the department.

(4) If the returns are not received by the department due to an emergency, as defined in s. 101.732, the Elections Canvassing Commission shall determine the deadline by which the returns must be received.

Section 58. Section 102.141, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

102.141 County canvassing board; duties.--

- (1) The county canvassing board shall be composed of the supervisor of elections; a county court judge, who shall act as chair; and the chair of the board of county commissioners. In the event any member of the county canvassing board is unable to serve, is a candidate who has opposition in the election being canvassed, or is an active participant in the campaign or candidacy of any candidate who has opposition in the election being canvassed, such member shall be replaced as follows:
- (a) If no county court judge is able to serve or if all are disqualified, the chief judge of the judicial circuit in which the county is located shall appoint as a substitute member a qualified elector of the county who is not a candidate with opposition in the election being canvassed and who is not an active participant in the campaign or candidacy of any candidate with opposition in the election being canvassed. In such event, the members of the county canvassing board shall meet and elect a chair.

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- (b) If the supervisor of elections is unable to serve or is disqualified, the chair of the board of county commissioners shall appoint as a substitute member a member of the board of county commissioners who is not a candidate with opposition in the election being canvassed and who is not an active participant in the campaign or candidacy of any candidate with opposition in the election being canvassed. The supervisor, however, shall act in an advisory capacity to the canvassing board.
- (c) If the chair of the board of county commissioners is unable to serve or is disqualified, the board of county commissioners shall appoint as a substitute member one of its members who is not a candidate with opposition in the election being canvassed and who is not an active participant in the campaign or candidacy of any candidate with opposition in the election being canvassed.
- (d) If a substitute member cannot be appointed as provided elsewhere in this subsection, the chief judge of the judicial circuit in which the county is located shall appoint as a substitute member a qualified elector of the county who is not a candidate with opposition in the election being canvassed and who is not an active participant in the campaign or candidacy of any candidate with opposition in the election being canvassed.
- (2) The county canvassing board shall meet in a building accessible to the public in the county where the election occurred at a time and place to be designated by the supervisor of elections to publicly canvass the absentee electors' ballots

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as provided for in s. 101.68 and provisional ballots as provided by ss. 101.048, 101.049, and 101.6925. Provisional ballots cast pursuant to s. 101.049 shall be canvassed in a manner that votes for candidates and issues on those ballots can be segregated from other votes. Public notice of the time and place at which the county canvassing board shall meet to canvass the absentee electors' ballots and provisional ballots shall be given at least 48 hours prior thereto by publication once in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county or, if there is no newspaper of general circulation in the county, by posting such notice in at least four conspicuous places in the county. As soon as the absentee electors' ballots and the provisional ballots are canvassed, the board shall proceed to publicly canvass the vote given each candidate, nominee, constitutional amendment, or other measure submitted to the electorate of the county, as shown by the returns then on file in the office of the supervisor of elections and the office of the county court judge.

returns and the canvass of provisional ballots, shall be made from the returns and certificates of the inspectors as signed and filed by them with the county court judge and supervisor, respectively, and the county canvassing board shall not change the number of votes cast for a candidate, nominee, constitutional amendment, or other measure submitted to the electorate of the county, respectively, in any polling place, as shown by the returns. All returns shall be made to the board on

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or before 2 a.m. of the day following any primary, general, special, or other election. If the returns from any precinct are missing, if there are any omissions on the returns from any precinct, or if there is an obvious error on any such returns, the canvassing board shall order a retabulation recount of the returns from such precinct. Before canvassing such returns, the canvassing board shall examine the tabulation of the ballots cast in such precinct and determine whether the returns correctly reflect the votes cast. If there is a discrepancy between the returns and the tabulation of the ballots cast, the tabulation of the ballots cast shall be presumed correct and such votes shall be canvassed accordingly.

- formats provided by the division unofficial returns to the Department of State for each federal, statewide, state, or multicounty office or ballot measure no later than noon on the third second day after any primary election and no later than noon on the fifth day after any, general, special, or other election. Such returns shall include the canvass of all ballots as required by subsection (2), except for provisional ballots, which returns shall be reported at the time required for official returns pursuant to s. 102.112(2).
- (5) If the county canvassing board determines that the unofficial returns may contain a counting error in which the vote tabulation system failed to count votes that were properly marked in accordance with the instructions on the ballot, the county canvassing board shall:

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- (a) Correct the error and <u>retabulate</u> recount the affected ballots with the vote tabulation system; or
- (b) Request that the Department of State verify the tabulation software. When the Department of State verifies such software, the department shall compare the software used to tabulate the votes with the software filed with the department pursuant to s. 101.5607 and check the election parameters.
- If the unofficial returns reflect that a candidate for any office was defeated or eliminated by one-half of a percent or less of the votes cast for such office, that a candidate for retention to a judicial office was retained or not retained by one-half of a percent or less of the votes cast on the question of retention, or that a measure appearing on the ballot was approved or rejected by one-half of a percent or less of the votes cast on such measure, the board responsible for certifying the results of the vote on such race or measure shall order a recount of the votes cast with respect to such office or measure. The Elections Canvassing Commission is the board responsible for ordering federal, state, and multi county recounts. A recount need not be ordered with respect to the returns for any office, however, if the candidate or candidates defeated or eliminated from contention for such office by onehalf of a percent or less of the votes cast for such office request in writing that a recount not be made.
- (a) In counties with voting systems that use paper ballots, Each canvassing board responsible for conducting a recount shall put each marksense ballot through automatic

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tabulating equipment and determine whether the returns correctly reflect the votes cast. If any marksense paper ballot is physically damaged so that it cannot be properly counted by the automatic tabulating equipment during the recount, a true duplicate shall be made of the damaged ballot pursuant to the procedures in s. 101.5614(5). Immediately before the start of the recount and after completion of the count, a test of the tabulating equipment shall be conducted as provided in s. 101.5612. If the test indicates no error, the recount tabulation of the ballots cast shall be presumed correct and such votes shall be canvassed accordingly. If an error is detected, the cause therefor shall be ascertained and corrected and the recount repeated, as necessary. The canvassing board shall immediately report the error, along with the cause of the error and the corrective measures being taken, to the Department of State. No later than 11 days after the election, the canvassing board shall file a separate incident report with the Department of State, detailing the resolution of the matter and identifying any measures that will avoid a future recurrence of the error.

(b) In counties with voting systems that do not use paper ballots, Each canvassing board responsible for conducting a recount where touchscreen ballots were used shall examine the counters on the precinct tabulators to ensure that the total of the returns on the precinct tabulators equals the overall election return. If there is a discrepancy between the overall election return and the counters of the precinct tabulators, the

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counters of the precinct tabulators shall be presumed correct and such votes shall be canvassed accordingly.

- The canvassing board shall submit on forms or in formats provided by the division a second set of unofficial returns to the Department of State for each federal, statewide, state, or multicounty office or ballot measure no later than 3 p.m. noon on the fifth third day after any primary election and no later than 3 p.m. on the eighth day after any general election in which a recount was conducted pursuant to this subsection. If the canvassing board is unable to complete the recount prescribed in this subsection by the deadline, the second set of unofficial returns submitted by the canvassing board shall be identical to the initial unofficial returns and the submission shall also include a detailed explanation of why it was unable to timely complete the recount. However, the canvassing board shall complete the recount prescribed in this subsection, along with any manual recount prescribed in s. 102.166, and certify election returns in accordance with the requirements of this chapter.
- (d) The Department of State shall adopt detailed rules prescribing additional recount procedures for each certified voting system, which shall be uniform to the extent practicable.
- (7) The canvassing board may employ such clerical help to assist with the work of the board as it deems necessary, with at least one member of the board present at all times, until the canvass of the returns is completed. The clerical help shall be

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paid from the same fund as inspectors and other necessary election officials.

- (8) (a) At the same time that the <u>official</u> results of an election are certified to the Department of State, the county canvassing board shall file a report with the Division of Elections on the conduct of the election. The report <u>must</u> describe:
- 1. All equipment or software malfunctions at the precinct level, at a counting location, or within computer and telecommunications networks supporting a county location, and the steps that were taken to address the malfunctions;
- 2. All election definition errors that were discovered after the logic and accuracy test, and the steps that were taken to address the errors;
- 3. All ballot printing errors or ballot supply problems, and the steps that were taken to address the errors or problems;
- 4. All staffing shortages or procedural violations by employees or precinct workers which were addressed by the supervisor of elections or the county canvassing board during the conduct of the election, and the steps that were taken to correct such issues;
- 5. All instances where needs for staffing or equipment were insufficient to meet the needs of the voters; and
- 6. Any additional information regarding material issues or problems associated with the conduct of the election.
- (b) If a supervisor discovers new or additional information on any of the items required to be included in the

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report pursuant to paragraph (a) after the report is filed, the supervisor shall notify the division that new information has been discovered no later than the next business day after the discovery and the supervisor shall file an amended report signed by the supervisor of elections on the conduct of the election within 10 days after the discovery. shall contain information relating to any problems incurred as a result of equipment malfunctions either at the precinct level or at a counting location, any difficulties or unusual circumstances encountered by an election board or the canvassing board, and any other additional information which the canvassing board feels should be made a part of the official election record.

- (c) Such reports shall be maintained on file in the Division of Elections and shall be available for public inspection. The division shall utilize the reports submitted by the canvassing boards to determine what problems may be likely to occur in other elections and disseminate such information, along with possible solutions, to the supervisors of elections.
- of or an export file from the results database of the county's voting system and other statistical information as may be required by the department, the Legislature, or the Election Assistance Commission. The department shall adopt rules establishing the required content and acceptable formats for the filings and time for filings.
- Section 59. Section 102.166, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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102.166 Manual recounts.--

(1) If the second set of unofficial returns pursuant to s. 102.141 indicates that a candidate for any office was defeated or eliminated by one-quarter of a percent or less of the votes cast for such office, that a candidate for retention to a judicial office was retained or not retained by one-quarter of a percent or less of the votes cast on the question of retention, or that a measure appearing on the ballot was approved or rejected by one-quarter of a percent or less of the votes cast on such measure, the board responsible for certifying the results of the vote on such race or measure shall order a manual recount of the overvotes and undervotes cast in the entire geographic jurisdiction of such office or ballot measure. A manual recount may not be ordered, however, if the number of overvotes, undervotes, and provisional ballots is fewer than the number of votes needed to change the outcome of the election.

(2) (a) If the second set of unofficial returns pursuant to s. 102.141 indicates that a candidate for any office was defeated or eliminated by between one-quarter and one-half of a percent of the votes cast for such office, that a candidate for retention to judicial office was retained or not retained by between one-quarter and one-half of a percent of the votes cast on the question of retention, or that a measure appearing on the ballot was approved or rejected by between one quarter and one-half of a percent of the votes cast on such measure, any such candidate, the political party of such candidate, or any political committee that supports or opposes such ballot measure

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is entitled to a manual recount of the overvotes and undervotes cast in the entire geographic jurisdiction of such office or ballot measure, provided that a request for a manual recount is made by 5 p.m. on the third day after the election.

- (b) For federal, statewide, state, and multicounty races and ballot issues, requests for a manual recount shall be made in writing to the state Elections Canvassing Commission. For all other races and ballot issues, requests for a manual recount shall be made in writing to the county canvassing board.
- (c) Upon receipt of a proper and timely request, the Elections Canvassing Commission or county canvassing board shall immediately order a manual recount of overvotes and undervotes in all affected jurisdictions.
- (2)(3)(a) Any hardware or software used to identify and sort overvotes and undervotes for a given race or ballot measure must be certified by the Department of State as part of the voting system pursuant to s. 101.015. Any such hardware or software must be capable of simultaneously counting votes. For certified voting systems, the department shall certify such hardware or software by July 1, 2002. If the department is unable to certify such hardware or software for a certified voting system by July 1, 2002, the department shall adopt rules prescribing procedures for identifying and sorting such overvotes and undervotes. The department's rules may provide for the temporary use of hardware or software whose sole function is identifying and sorting overvotes and undervotes.

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- (b) This subsection does not preclude the department from certifying hardware or software after July 1, 2002.
- (b)(c) Overvotes and undervotes shall be identified and sorted while recounting ballots pursuant to s. 102.141, if the hardware or software for this purpose has been certified or the department's rules so provide.
 - (3) (4) Any manual recount shall be open to the public.
- $\underline{(4)}$ (a) A vote for a candidate or ballot measure shall be counted if there is a clear indication on the ballot that the voter has made a definite choice.
- (b) The Department of State shall adopt specific rules for each certified voting system prescribing what constitutes a "clear indication on the ballot that the voter has made a definite choice." The rules may not:
- 1. Exclusively provide that the voter must properly mark or designate his or her choice on the ballot; or
- 2. Contain a catch-all provision that fails to identify specific standards, such as "any other mark or indication clearly indicating that the voter has made a definite choice."
 - (5) (6) Procedures for a manual recount are as follows:
- (a) The county canvassing board shall appoint as many counting teams of at least two electors as is necessary to manually recount the ballots. A counting team must have, when possible, members of at least two political parties. A candidate involved in the race shall not be a member of the counting team.

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(b)	Each	dur	plic	ate	ball	lot	pre	epar	ced	purs	sua	nt to	s.		
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- (c) If a counting team is unable to determine whether the ballot contains a clear indication that the voter has made a definite choice, the ballot shall be presented to the county canvassing board for a determination.
- (d) The Department of State shall adopt detailed rules prescribing additional recount procedures for each certified voting system which shall be uniform to the extent practicable. The rules shall address, at a minimum, the following areas:
 - 1. Security of ballots during the recount process;
 - 2. Time and place of recounts;
 - 3. Public observance of recounts;
 - 4. Objections to ballot determinations;
 - 5. Record of recount proceedings; and
- 3325 6. Procedures relating to candidate and petitioner 3326 representatives.
 - Section 60. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 102.168,

 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 102.168 Contest of election. --
 - (2) Such contestant shall file a complaint, together with the fees prescribed in chapter 28, with the clerk of the circuit court within 10 days after midnight of the date the last board responsible for certifying the results officially county canvassing board empowered to canvass the returns certifies the results of the election being contested.

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- (4) The <u>county</u> canvassing board <u>is an indispensable and ex</u>

 <u>Elections Canvassing Commission shall be the proper party</u>

 defendant <u>in county and local elections; the Elections</u>

 <u>Canvassing Commission is an indispensable and proper party</u>

 <u>defendant in federal, state, and multicounty races;</u> and the successful candidate <u>is shall be</u> an indispensable party to any action brought to contest the election or nomination of a candidate.
- Section 61. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 103.021, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 103.021 Nomination for presidential electors.--Candidates for presidential electors shall be nominated in the following manner:
- of each political party. The state executive committee of each political party shall by resolution recommend candidates for presidential electors and deliver a certified copy thereof to the Governor before September 1 of each presidential election year. The Governor He or she shall nominate only the electors recommended by the state executive committee of the respective political party. Each such elector shall be a qualified elector of the party he or she represents who has taken an oath that he or she will vote for the candidates of the party that he or she is nominated to represent. The Governor shall certify to the Department of State on or before September 1, in each presidential election year, the names of a number of electors

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for each political party equal to the number of senators and representatives which this state has in Congress.

- A minor political party that is affiliated with a national party holding a national convention to nominate candidates for President and Vice President of the United States may have the names of its candidates for President and Vice President of the United States printed on the general election ballot by filing with the Department of State a certificate naming the candidates for President and Vice President and listing the required number of persons to serve as electors. Notification to the Department of State under this subsection shall be made by September 1 of the year in which the election When the Department of State has been so notified, it shall order the names of the candidates nominated by the minor political party to be included on the ballot and shall permit the required number of persons to be certified as electors in the same manner as other party candidates. As used in this section, the term "national party" means a political party established and admitted to the ballot in at least one state other than Florida.
- (b) A minor <u>political</u> party that is not affiliated with a national party holding a national convention to nominate candidates for President and Vice President of the United States may have the names of its candidates for President and Vice President printed on the general election ballot if a petition is signed by 1 percent of the registered electors of this state, as shown by the compilation by the Department of State for the

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preceding general election. A separate petition from each county for which signatures are solicited shall be submitted to the supervisors of elections of the respective county no later than July 15 of each presidential election year. The supervisor shall check the names and, on or before the date of the first primary, shall certify the number shown as registered electors of the county. The supervisor shall be paid by the person requesting the certification the cost of checking the petitions as prescribed in s. 99.097. The supervisor shall then forward the certificate to the Department of State, which shall determine whether or not the percentage factor required in this section has been met. When the percentage factor required in this section has been met, the Department of State shall order the names of the candidates for whom the petition was circulated to be included on the ballot and shall permit the required number of persons to be certified as electors in the same manner as other party candidates.

Section 62. Section 103.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

103.051 Congress sets meeting dates of electors.--The presidential electors shall, at noon on the day that which is directed by Congress and at the time fixed by the Governor, meet at Tallahassee and perform the duties required of them by the Constitution and laws of the United States.

Section 63. Section 103.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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Each presidential elector shall, before 10 a.m. on the day fixed by Congress to elect a President and Vice President and at the time fixed by the Governor, give notice to the Governor that the elector is in Tallahassee and ready to perform the duties of presidential elector. The Governor shall forthwith deliver to the presidential electors present a certificate of the names of all the electors; and if, on examination thereof, it should be found that one or more electors are absent, the electors present shall elect by ballot, in the presence of the Governor, a person or persons to fill such vacancy or vacancies as may have occurred through the nonattendance of one or more of the electors.

Section 64. Section 103.121, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 103.121 Powers and duties of executive committees.--
- (1) (a) Each state and county executive committee of a political party shall have the power and duty:
- 1. To adopt a constitution by two-thirds vote of the full committee.
- 2. To adopt such bylaws as it may deem necessary by majority vote of the full committee.
- 3. To conduct its meetings according to generally accepted parliamentary practice.
 - 4. To make party nomination when required by law.
 - 5. To conduct campaigns for party nominees.

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- 6. To raise and expend party funds. Such funds may not be expended or committed to be expended except after written authorization by the chair of the state or county executive committee.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (5), The county executive committee shall receive payment of assessments upon candidates to be voted for in a single county except state senators and members of the House of Representatives and representatives to the Congress of the United States; and the state executive committees shall receive all other assessments authorized. All party assessments shall be 2 percent of the annual salary of the office sought by the respective candidate. All such committee assessments shall be remitted to the state executive committee of the appropriate party and distributed in accordance with subsection (5) (6).
- (2) The state executive committee shall by resolution recommend candidates for presidential electors and deliver a certified copy thereof to the Governor prior to September 1 of each presidential election year.
- (2)(3) The chair and treasurer of an executive committee of any political party shall be accountable for the funds of such committee and jointly liable for their proper expenditure for authorized purposes only. The chair and treasurer of the state executive committee of any political party shall furnish adequate bond, but not less than \$10,000, conditioned upon the faithful performance by such party officers of their duties and for the faithful accounting for party funds which shall come

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into their hands; and the chair and treasurer of a county executive committee of a political party shall furnish adequate bond, but not less than \$5,000, conditioned as aforesaid. A bond for the chair and treasurer of the state executive committee of a political party shall be filed with the Department of State. A bond for the chair and treasurer of a county executive committee shall be filed with the supervisor of elections. The funds of each such state executive committee shall be publicly audited at the end of each calendar year and a copy of such audit furnished to the Department of State for its examination prior to April 1 of the ensuing year. When filed with the Department of State, copies of such audit shall be public documents. The treasurer of each county executive committee shall maintain adequate records evidencing receipt and disbursement of all party funds received by him or her, and such records shall be publicly audited at the end of each calendar year and a copy of such audit filed with the supervisor of elections and the state executive committee prior to April 1 of the ensuing year.

(3)(4) Any chair or treasurer of a state or county executive committee of any political party who knowingly misappropriates, or makes an unlawful expenditure of, or a false or improper accounting for, the funds of such committee is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

 $\underline{(4)}$ (5)(a) The central committee or other equivalent governing body of each state executive committee shall adopt a

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rule which governs the time and manner in which the respective county executive committees of such party may endorse, certify, screen, or otherwise recommend one or more candidates for such party's nomination for election. Upon adoption, such rule shall provide the exclusive method by which a county committee may so endorse, certify, screen, or otherwise recommend. No later than the date on which qualifying for public office begins pursuant to s. 99.061, the chair of each county executive committee shall notify in writing the supervisor of elections of his or her county whether the county executive committee has endorsed or intends to endorse, certify, screen, or otherwise recommend candidates for nomination pursuant to party rule. A copy of such notification shall be provided to the Secretary of State and to the chair of the appropriate state executive committee. Any county executive committee that endorses or intends to endorse, certify, screen, or otherwise recommend one or more candidates for nomination shall forfeit all party assessments which would otherwise be returned to the county executive committee; and such assessments shall be remitted instead to the state executive committee of such party, the provisions of paragraph (1)(b) to the contrary notwithstanding. No such funds so remitted to the state executive committee shall be paid, returned, or otherwise disbursed to the county executive committee under any circumstances. Any county executive committee that is in violation of any party rule after receiving the party assessment shall remit such party assessment to the state executive committee.

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(b) Any state executive committee that endorses or intends to endorse, certify, screen, or otherwise recommend one or more candidates for nomination shall forfeit all party assessments which would otherwise be returned to the state executive committee; and such assessments shall be remitted instead to the General Revenue Fund of the state. Any state executive committee that is in violation of this section after receiving the party assessment shall remit such party assessment to the General Revenue Fund of the state.

(5)(6) The state chair of each state executive committee shall return the 2-percent committee assessment for county candidates to the appropriate county executive committees only upon receipt of a written statement that such county executive committee chooses not to endorse, certify, screen, or otherwise recommend one or more candidates for such party's nomination for election and upon the state chair's determination that the county executive committee is in compliance with all Florida statutes and all state party rules, bylaws, constitutions, and requirements.

Section 65. Section 105.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

105.031 Qualification; filing fee; candidate's oath; items required to be filed.--

(1) TIME OF QUALIFYING.--Except for candidates for judicial office, nonpartisan candidates for multicounty office shall qualify with the Division of Elections of the Department of State and nonpartisan candidates for countywide or less than

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countywide office shall qualify with the supervisor of elections. Candidates for judicial office other than the office of county court judge shall qualify with the Division of Elections of the Department of State, and candidates for the office of county court judge shall qualify with the supervisor of elections of the county. Candidates for judicial office shall qualify no earlier than noon of the 120th day, and no later than noon of the 116th day, before the first primary election. Candidates for the office of school board member shall qualify no earlier than noon of the 50th day, and no later than noon of the 46th day, before the first primary election. shall be on forms provided for that purpose by the Division of Elections and furnished by the appropriate qualifying officer. Any person seeking to qualify by the petition process alternative method, as set forth in s. 105.035, who if the person has submitted the necessary petitions by the required deadline and is notified after the fifth day prior to the last day for qualifying that the required number of signatures has been obtained, shall be entitled to subscribe to the candidate's oath and file the qualifying papers at any time within 5 days from the date he or she is notified that the necessary number of signatures has been obtained. Any person other than a write-in candidate who qualifies within the time prescribed in this subsection shall be entitled to have his or her name printed on the ballot.

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- (2) FILING IN GROUPS OR DISTRICTS.--Candidates shall qualify in groups or districts where multiple offices are to be filled.
- QUALIFYING FEE. -- Each candidate qualifying for (3) election to a judicial office or the office of school board member, except write-in judicial or school board candidates, shall, during the time for qualifying, pay to the officer with whom he or she qualifies a qualifying fee, which shall consist of a filing fee and an election assessment, or qualify by the petition process alternative method. The amount of the filing fee is 3 percent of the annual salary of the office sought. The amount of the election assessment is 1 percent of the annual salary of the office sought. The Department of State shall forward all filing fees to the Department of Revenue for deposit in the Elections Commission Trust Fund. The supervisor of elections shall forward all filing fees to the Elections Commission Trust Fund. The election assessment shall be deposited into the Elections Commission Trust Fund. The annual salary of the office for purposes of computing the qualifying fee shall be computed by multiplying 12 times the monthly salary authorized for such office as of July 1 immediately preceding the first day of qualifying. This subsection shall not apply to candidates qualifying for retention to judicial office.
 - (4) CANDIDATE'S OATH. --
- (a) All candidates for the office of school board member shall subscribe to the oath as prescribed in s. 99.021.

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(b) All candidates for judicial office shall subscribe to an oath or affirmation in writing to be filed with the appropriate qualifying officer upon qualifying. A printed copy of the oath or affirmation shall be furnished to the candidate by the qualifying officer and shall be in substantially the following form:

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State of Florida

3608 County of

Before me, an officer authorized to administer oaths, personally appeared ... (please print name as you wish it to appear on the ballot)..., to me well known, who, being sworn, says he or she: is a candidate for the judicial office of ...; that his or her legal residence is County, Florida; that he or she is a qualified elector of the state and of the territorial jurisdiction of the court to which he or she seeks election; that he or she is qualified under the constitution and laws of Florida to hold the judicial office to which he or she desires to be elected or in which he or she desires to be retained; that he or she has taken the oath required by ss. 876.05-876.10, Florida Statutes; that he or she has qualified for no other public office in the state, the term of which office or any part thereof runs concurrent to the office he or she seeks; and that he or she has resigned from any office which he or she is required to resign pursuant to s. 99.012, Florida Statutes.

...(Signature of candidate)...

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3627 ...(Address)... 3628 Sworn to and subscribed before me this day of, 3629 3630 ... (year)..., at County, Florida. 3631 ... (Signature and title of officer administering oath) ... 3632 ITEMS REQUIRED TO BE FILED. --3633 (5) In order for a candidate for judicial office or the 3634 (a) office of school board member to be qualified, the following 3635 items must be received by the filing officer by the end of the 3636 3637 qualifying period: Except for candidates for retention to judicial office, 3638 3639 a properly executed check drawn upon the candidate's campaign 3640 account in an amount not less than the fee required by subsection (3) or, in lieu thereof, the copy of the notice of 3641 obtaining ballot position pursuant to s. 105.035. If a 3642 candidate's check is returned by the bank for any reason, the 3643 filing officer shall immediately notify the candidate and the 3644 candidate shall, the end of qualifying notwithstanding, have 48 3645 hours from the time such notification is received, excluding 3646 3647 Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, to pay the fee with a 3648 cashier's check purchased from funds of the campaign account. Failure to pay the fee as provided in this subparagraph shall 3649 disqualify the candidate. 3650 The candidate's oath required by subsection (4), which 3651 must contain the name of the candidate as it is to appear on the 3652

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ballot; the office sought, including the district or group

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number if applicable; and the signature of the candidate, duly acknowledged.

- 3. The loyalty oath required by s. 876.05, signed by the candidate and duly acknowledged.
- 4. The completed form for the appointment of campaign treasurer and designation of campaign depository, as required by s. 106.021. In addition, each candidate for judicial office, including an incumbent judge, shall file a statement with the qualifying officer, within 10 days after filing the appointment of campaign treasurer and designation of campaign depository, stating that the candidate has read and understands the requirements of the Florida Code of Judicial Conduct. Such statement shall be in substantially the following form:

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Statement of Candidate for Judicial Office

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I, ... (name of candidate)..., a judicial candidate, have received, read, and understand the requirements of the Florida Code of Judicial Conduct.

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...(Signature of candidate)...

...(Date)...

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5. The full and public disclosure of financial interests required by s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution or the statement of financial interests required by s. 112.3145, whichever is applicable. A public officer who has filed the full and public disclosure or statement of financial interests with

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the Commission on Ethics or the supervisor of elections prior to qualifying for office may file a copy of that disclosure at the time of qualifying.

- (b) If the filing officer receives qualifying papers that do not include all items as required by paragraph (a) prior to the last day of qualifying, the filing officer shall make a reasonable effort to notify the candidate of the missing or incomplete items and shall inform the candidate that all required items must be received by the close of qualifying. A candidate's name as it is to appear on the ballot may not be changed after the end of qualifying.
- (6) Notwithstanding the qualifying period prescribed in this section, a filing officer may accept and hold qualifying papers submitted not earlier than 14 days prior to the beginning of the qualifying period, to be processed and filed during the qualifying period.

Section 66. Section 105.035, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 105.035 <u>Petition process</u> Alternative method of qualifying for certain judicial offices and the office of school board member.--
- (1) A person seeking to qualify for election to the office of circuit judge or county court judge or the office of school board member may qualify for election to such office by means of the petitioning process prescribed in this section. A person qualifying by this <u>petition process is alternative method shall</u> not be required to pay the qualifying fee required by this

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chapter. A person using this petitioning process shall file an oath with the officer before whom the candidate would qualify for the office stating that he or she intends to qualify by this alternative method for the office sought. Such oath shall be filed at any time after the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January of the year in which the election is held, but prior to the 21st day preceding the first day of the qualifying period for the office sought. The form of such oath shall be prescribed by the Division of Elections. No signatures shall be obtained until the person has filed the oath prescribed in this subsection.

- the qualifying officer shall provide the candidate with a petition format shall be prescribed by the Division of Elections and shall to be used by the candidate to reproduce petitions for circulation. If the candidate is running for an office that which will be grouped on the ballot with two or more similar offices to be filled at the same election, the candidate's petition must indicate, prior to the obtaining of registered electors' signatures, for which group or district office the candidate is running.
- (3) Each candidate for election to a judicial office or the office of school board member shall obtain the signature of a number of qualified electors equal to at least 1 percent of the total number of registered electors of the district, circuit, county, or other geographic entity represented by the office sought as shown by the compilation by the Department of

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State for the last preceding general election. A separate petition shall be circulated for each candidate availing himself or herself of the provisions of this section. Signatures may not be obtained until the candidate has filed the appointment of campaign treasurer and designation of campaign depository pursuant to s. 106.021.

Each candidate seeking to qualify for election to (4)(a) the office of circuit judge or the office of school board member from a multicounty school district pursuant to this section shall file a separate petition from each county from which signatures are sought. Each petition shall be submitted, prior to noon of the 28th 21st day preceding the first day of the qualifying period for the office sought, to the supervisor of elections of the county for which such petition was circulated. Each supervisor of elections to whom a petition is submitted shall check the signatures on the petition to verify their status as electors of that county and of the geographic area represented by the office sought. No later than the seventh day before Prior to the first date for qualifying, the supervisor shall certify the number shown as registered electors and submit such certification to the Division of Elections. The division shall determine whether the required number of signatures has been obtained for the name of the candidate to be placed on the ballot and shall notify the candidate. If the required number of signatures has been obtained, the candidate shall, during the time prescribed for qualifying for office, submit a copy of such notice and file his or her qualifying papers and oath prescribed

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to read:

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in s. 105.031 with the Division of Elections. Upon receipt of the copy of such notice and qualifying papers, the division shall certify the name of the candidate to the appropriate supervisor or supervisors of elections as having qualified for the office sought.

Each candidate seeking to qualify for election to the (b) office of county court judge or the office of school board member from a single county school district pursuant to this section shall submit his or her petition, prior to noon of the 28th 21st day preceding the first day of the qualifying period for the office sought, to the supervisor of elections of the county for which such petition was circulated. The supervisor shall check the signatures on the petition to verify their status as electors of the county and of the geographic area represented by the office sought. No later than the seventh day before Prior to the first date for qualifying, the supervisor shall determine whether the required number of signatures has been obtained for the name of the candidate to be placed on the ballot and shall notify the candidate. If the required number of signatures has been obtained, the candidate shall, during the time prescribed for qualifying for office, submit a copy of such notice and file his or her qualifying papers and oath prescribed in s. 105.031 with the qualifying officer. Upon receipt of the copy of such notice and qualifying papers, such candidate shall be entitled to have his or her name printed on the ballot.

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Section 67. Section 106.022, Florida Statutes, is created

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3789	106.022 Appointment of a registered agent; duties
3790	(1) Each political committee, committee of continuous
3791	existence, or electioneering communications entity shall have
3792	and continuously maintain in this state a registered office and
3793	a registered agent and must file with the division a statement
3794	of appointment for the registered office and registered agent.
3795	The statement of appointment must:
3796	(a) Provide the name of the registered agent and the
3797	street address and phone number for the registered office;
3798	(b) Identify the entity for whom the registered agent
3799	serves;
3800	(c) Designate the address the registered agent wishes to
3801	use to receive mail;
3802	(d) Include the entity's undertaking to inform the
3803	division of any change in such designated address;
3804	(e) Provide for the registered agent's acceptance of the
3805	appointment, which must confirm that the registered agent is
3806	familiar with and accepts the obligations of the position as set
3807	forth in this section; and
3808	(f) Contain the signature of the registered agent and the
3809	entity engaging the registered agent.
3810	(2) An entity may change its appointment of registered
3811	agent and registered office under this section by executing a
3812	written statement of change that identifies the former
3813	registered agent and registered address and also satisfies all

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of the requirements of subsection (1).

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(3) A registered agent may resign his or her appointment as registered agent by executing a written statement of resignation and filing it with the division. An entity without a registered agent may not make expenditures or accept contributions until it files a written statement of change as required in subsection (2).

Section 68. Subsection (6) of section 106.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

106.08 Contributions; limitations on.--

(6) A political party may not accept any contribution which has been specifically designated for the partial or exclusive use of a particular candidate. Any contribution so designated must be returned to the contributor and may not be used or expended by or on behalf of the candidate. Also, a political party may not accept any in-kind contribution that fails to provide a direct benefit to the political party. A "direct benefit" includes, but is not limited to, fundraising or furthering the objectives of the political party.

Section 69. Subsection (6) of section 106.24, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 106.24 Florida Elections Commission; membership; powers; duties.--
- (6) There is hereby established in the State Treasury an Elections Commission Trust Fund to be utilized by the Division of Elections and the Florida Elections Commission in order to carry out their duties pursuant to ss. 106.24-106.28. The trust fund may also be used by the Secretary of State division,

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pursuant to <u>his or her its</u> authority under <u>s. 97.012(14)</u> s. 106.22(11), to provide rewards for information leading to criminal convictions related to voter registration fraud, voter fraud, and vote scams.

Section 70. Subsection (6) of section 106.141, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

106.141 Disposition of surplus funds by candidates.--

Prior to disposing of funds pursuant to subsection (4) or transferring funds into an office account pursuant to subsection (5), any candidate who filed an oath stating that he or she was unable to pay the election assessment or fee for verification of petition signatures without imposing an undue burden on his or her personal resources or on resources otherwise available to him or her, or who filed both such oaths, or who qualified by the petition process alternative method and was not required to pay an election assessment, shall reimburse the state or local governmental entity, whichever is applicable, for such waived assessment or fee or both. Such reimbursement shall be made first for the cost of petition verification and then, if funds are remaining, for the amount of the election assessment. If there are insufficient funds in the account to pay the full amount of either the assessment or the fee or both, the remaining funds shall be disbursed in the above manner until no funds remain. All funds disbursed pursuant to this subsection shall be remitted to the qualifying officer. Any reimbursement for petition verification costs which are reimbursable by the state shall be forwarded by the qualifying officer to the state

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for deposit in the General Revenue Fund. All reimbursements for the amount of the election assessment shall be forwarded by the qualifying officer to the Department of State for deposit in the General Revenue Fund.

Section 71. <u>Section 98.122, Florida Statutes, is</u>
transferred and renumbered as section 106.165, Florida Statutes.

Section 72. Section 106.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

106.22 Duties of the Division of Elections.--It is the duty of the Division of Elections to:

- (1) Prescribe forms for statements and other information required to be filed by this chapter. Such forms shall be furnished by the Department of State or office of the supervisor of elections to persons required to file such statements and information with such agency.
- (2) Prepare and publish manuals or brochures setting forth recommended uniform methods of bookkeeping and reporting, and including appropriate portions of the election code, for use by persons required by this chapter to file statements.
- (3) Develop a filing, coding, and cross-indexing system consonant with the purposes of this chapter.
- (4) Preserve statements and other information required to be filed with the division pursuant to this chapter for a period of 10 years from date of receipt.
- (5) Prepare and publish such reports as it may deem appropriate.

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- (6) Make, from time to time, audits and field investigations with respect to reports and statements filed under the provisions of this chapter and with respect to alleged failures to file any report or statement required under the provisions of this chapter. The division shall conduct a postelection audit of the campaign accounts of all candidates receiving contributions from the Election Campaign Financing Trust Fund.
- (7) Report to the Florida Elections Commission any failure to file a report or information required by this chapter or any apparent violation of this chapter.
- (8) Employ such personnel or contract for such services as are necessary to adequately carry out the intent of this chapter.
- (9) Prescribe rules and regulations to carry out the provisions of this chapter. Such rules shall be prescribed pursuant to chapter 120.
- (10) Make an annual report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives concerning activities of the division and recommending improvements in the election code.
- (11) Conduct preliminary investigations into any irregularities or fraud involving voter registration or voting and report its findings to the state attorney for the judicial circuit in which the alleged violation occurred for prosecution, where warranted. The Department of State may prescribe by rule

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requirements for filing a complaint of voter fraud and for investigating any such complaint.

(10) (12) Conduct random audits with respect to reports and statements filed under this chapter and with respect to alleged failure to file any reports and statements required under this chapter.

Section 73. Subsection (1) of section 16.56, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 16.56 Office of Statewide Prosecution .--
- (1) There is created in the Department of Legal Affairs an Office of Statewide Prosecution. The office shall be a separate "budget entity" as that term is defined in chapter 216. The office may:
 - (a) Investigate and prosecute the offenses of:
- Bribery, burglary, criminal usury, extortion, gambling, kidnapping, larceny, murder, prostitution, perjury, robbery, carjacking, and home-invasion robbery;
 - 2. Any crime involving narcotic or other dangerous drugs;
- 3. Any violation of the provisions of the Florida RICO (Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organization) Act, including any offense listed in the definition of racketeering activity in s. 895.02(1)(a), providing such listed offense is investigated in connection with a violation of s. 895.03 and is charged in a separate count of an information or indictment containing a count charging a violation of s. 895.03, the prosecution of which listed offense may continue independently if the

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prosecution of the violation of s. 895.03 is terminated for any reason;

- 4. Any violation of the provisions of the Florida Anti-Fencing Act;
- 5. Any violation of the provisions of the Florida Antitrust Act of 1980, as amended;
- 6. Any crime involving, or resulting in, fraud or deceit upon any person;
- 7. Any violation of s. 847.0135, relating to computer pornography and child exploitation prevention, or any offense related to a violation of s. 847.0135;
 - 8. Any violation of the provisions of chapter 815;
 - 9. Any criminal violation of part I of chapter 499;
- 3960 10. Any violation of the provisions of the Florida Motor 3961 Fuel Tax Relief Act of 2004; or
- 3962 11. Any criminal violation of s. 409.920 or s. 409.9201; 3963 or
 - 12. Any crime involving voter registration, voting, or candidate or issue petition activities;

or any attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit any of the crimes specifically enumerated above. The office shall have such power only when any such offense is occurring, or has occurred, in two or more judicial circuits as part of a related transaction, or when any such offense is connected with an organized criminal conspiracy affecting two or more judicial circuits.

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- (b) Upon request, cooperate with and assist state attorneys and state and local law enforcement officials in their efforts against organized crimes.
- (c) Request and receive from any department, division, board, bureau, commission, or other agency of the state, or of any political subdivision thereof, cooperation and assistance in the performance of its duties.
- Section 74. Subsection (5) of section 119.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 119.07 Inspection and copying of records; photographing public records; fees; exemptions.--
- (5) When ballots are produced under this section for inspection or examination, no persons other than the supervisor of elections or the supervisor's employees shall touch the ballots. If the ballots are being examined before the end of the contest period in s. 102.168, the supervisor of elections shall make a reasonable effort to notify all candidates by telephone or otherwise of the time and place of the inspection or examination. All such candidates, or their representatives, shall be allowed to be present during the inspection or examination.
- Section 75. Subsection (3) of section 145.09, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 145.09 Supervisor of elections.--
- (3)(a) There shall be an additional \$2,000 per year special qualification salary for each supervisor of elections who has met the certification requirements established by the

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4001	Division of Elections of the Department of State. The Department
4002	of State shall adopt rules to establish the certification
4003	requirements. Any supervisor who is certified during a calendar
4004	year shall receive in that year a pro rata share of the special
4005	qualification salary based on the remaining period of the year.
4006	(b) In order to qualify for the special qualification
4007	salary described in paragraph (a), the supervisor must complete
4008	the requirements established by the Division of Elections within
4009	6 years after first taking office.
4010	(c) After a supervisor meets the requirements of paragraph
4011	(a), in order to remain certified the supervisor shall
4012	thereafter be required to complete each year a course of
4013	continuing education as prescribed by the division.
4014	Section 76. Effective July 1, 2005, section 104.0615,
4015	Florida Statutes, is created to read:
4016	104.0615 Voter intimidation or suppression prohibited;
4017	criminal penalties
4018	(1) This section may be cited as the "Voter Protection
4019	Act."
4020	(2) A person may not directly or indirectly use or
4021	threaten to use force, violence, or intimidation or any tactic
4022	of coercion or intimidation to induce or compel an individual
4023	to:
4024	(a) Vote or refrain from voting;
4025	(b) Vote or refrain from voting for any particular
4026	<pre>individual or ballot measure;</pre>

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(c) Refrain from registering to vote; or

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4028	(d) Refrain from acting as a legally authorized election
4029	official or poll watcher.
4030	(3) A person may not knowingly use false information to:
4031	(a) Challenge an individual's right to vote;
4032	(b) Induce or attempt to induce an individual to refrain
4033	from voting or registering to vote; or
4034	(c) Induce or attempt to induce an individual to refrain
4035	from acting as a legally authorized election official or poll
4036	watcher.
4037	(4) A person may not knowingly destroy, mutilate, or
4038	deface a voter registration form or election ballot or obstruct
4039	or delay the delivery of a voter registration form or election
4040	ballot.
4041	(5) A person who violates subsection (2), subsection (3),
4042	or subsection (4) commits a felony of the third degree,
4043	punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
4044	Section 77. <u>Sections 98.095, 98.0979, 98.181, 98.481,</u>
4045	101.253, 101.635, 102.061, 106.085, and 106.144, Florida
4046	Statutes, are repealed.
4047	Section 78. If any provision of this act or its
4048	application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the
4049	invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of
4050	the act which can be given effect without the invalid provision
4051	or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are
4052	severable.

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4053	Section 79. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
4054	act and except for this section, which shall take effect July 1,
4055	2005, this act shall take effect January 1, 2006.

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