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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to unemployment compensation; amending s.
3	120.80, F.S.; providing an exemption for special deputies
4	from uniform rules of procedure; amending s. 443.071,
5	F.S.; providing penalties for false employer schemes;
6	providing the requirements for establishing prima facie
7	evidence; authorizing certain access to records relating
8	to investigations of unemployment compensation fraud;
9	amending s. 443.091, F.S.; clarifying benefit eligibility;
10	amending s. 443.1216, F.S.; clarifying the persons that
11	employee leasing companies may lease to a client;
12	clarifying the exemption of certain service from the
13	definition of employment; amending s. 443.1217, F.S.;
14	clarifying exempt wages for the purpose of determining
15	employer contributions; amending s. 443.131, F.S.;
16	revising the definition of "total excess payments";
17	prohibiting the transfer of unemployment experience by
18	acquisition of a business in certain cases; providing for
19	calculation of unemployment experience rating; providing
20	penalties; amending s. 443.151, F.S.; providing for
21	dismissal of untimely filed appeals; extending a deadline
22	for recoupment of benefits; amending s. 895.02, F.S.;
23	revising the definition of "racketeering activity";
24	reenacting ss. 16.56(1)(a), 655.50(3)(g), 896.101(2)(g),
25	and 905.34(3), F.S., relating to the Office of Statewide
26	Prosecution, the Florida Control of Money Laundering in
27	Financial Institutions Act, the Florida Money Laundering
28	Act, and the powers and duties of a statewide grand jury, Page1of45

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29	respectively, to incorporate the amendment to s. 895.02,
30	F.S., in references thereto; providing an effective date.
31	
32	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
33	
34	Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (10) of section
35	120.80, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
36	120.80 Exceptions and special requirements; agencies
37	(10) AGENCY FOR WORKFORCE INNOVATION
38	(b) Notwithstanding s. 120.54(5), the uniform rules of
39	procedure do not apply to appeal proceedings conducted under
40	chapter 443 by the Unemployment Appeals Commission, special
41	deputies, or unemployment appeals referees.
42	Section 2. Subsection (4) of section 443.071, Florida
43	Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (5) and amended, and new
44	subsections (4), (6), (7), and (8) are added to said section, to
45	read:
46	443.071 Penalties
47	(4) Any person who establishes a fictitious employing unit
48	by submitting to the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax
49	collection service provider fraudulent employing unit records or
50	tax or wage reports by the introduction of fraudulent records
51	into a computer system, the intentional or deliberate alteration
52	or destruction of computerized information or files, or the
53	theft of financial instruments, data, and other assets, for the
54	purpose of enabling herself or himself or any other person to
55	receive benefits under this chapter to which such person is not

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56	entitled, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as
57	provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
58	(5)-(4) In any prosecution or action under this section,
59	the entry into evidence of the signature of a person on a
60	document, letter, or other writing constitutes prima facie
61	evidence of the person's identity if the following conditions
62	exist:
63	(a) The document includes the person's name, residence
64	address, and social security number person gives her or his
65	name, residence address, home telephone number, present or
66	former place of employment, gender, date of birth, social
67	security number, height, weight, and race.
68	(b) The signature of the person is witnessed by an agent
69	or employee of the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax
70	collection service provider at the time the document, letter, or
71	other writing is filed.
72	(6) The entry into evidence of an application for
73	unemployment benefits initiated by the use of the internet
74	claims program or the interactive voice response system
75	telephone claims program of the Agency for Workforce Innovation
76	constitutes prima facie evidence of the establishment of a
77	personal benefit account by or for an individual if the
78	following information is provided: the applicant's name,
79	residence address, date of birth, social security number, and
80	present or former place of work.
81	(7) The entry into evidence of a transaction history
82	generated by a personal identification number establishing that
83	a certification or claim for one or more weeks of benefits was
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84	made against the benefit account of the individual, together
85	with documentation that payment was paid by a state warrant made
86	to the order of the person or by direct deposit via electronic
87	means, constitutes prima facie evidence that the person claimed
88	and received unemployment benefits from the state.
89	(8) All records relating to investigations of unemployment
90	compensation fraud in the custody of the Agency for Workforce
91	Innovation or its tax collection service provider are available
92	for examination by the Department of Law Enforcement, the states
93	attorneys, or the Office of the Statewide Prosecutor in the
94	prosecution of offenses under s. 817.568 or in proceedings
95	brought under this chapter.
96	Section 3. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section
97	443.091, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
98	443.091 Benefit eligibility conditions
99	(1) An unemployed individual is eligible to receive
100	benefits for any week only if the Agency for Workforce
101	Innovation finds that:
102	(c)1. She or he is able to work and is available for work.
103	In order to assess eligibility for a claimed week of
104	unemployment, the Agency for Workforce Innovation shall develop
105	criteria to determine a claimant's ability to work and
106	availability for work.
107	2. Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph
108	or paragraphs (b) and (d) section, an otherwise eligible
109	individual may not be denied benefits for any week because she
110	or he is in training with the approval of the Agency for
111	Workforce Innovation, and such an individual may not be denied Page4of45

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112 benefits for any week in which she or he is in training with the approval of the Agency for Workforce Innovation by reason of 113 subparagraph 1. relating to availability for work, or s. 114 443.101(2) relating to failure to apply for, or refusal to 115 116 accept, suitable work. Training may be approved by the Agency for Workforce Innovation in accordance with criteria prescribed 117 by rule. A claimant's eligibility during approved training is 118 contingent upon satisfying eligibility conditions prescribed by 119 120 rule.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, an 121 3. 122 individual who is in training approved under s. 236(a)(1) of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, may not be determined to be 123 124 ineligible or disgualified for benefits with respect to her or 125 his enrollment in such training or because of leaving work that is not suitable employment to enter such training. As used in 126 this subparagraph, the term "suitable employment" means, for a 127 worker, work of a substantially equal or higher skill level than 128 the worker's past adversely affected employment, as defined for 129 purposes of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, the wages for 130 which are at least 80 percent of the worker's average weekly 131 132 wage as determined for purposes of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended. 133

4. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, an
otherwise eligible individual may not be denied benefits for any
week by reason of subparagraph 1. because she or he is before
any court of the United States or any state under a lawfully
issued summons to appear for jury duty.

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139 Section 4. Subsections (1) and (13) of section 443.1216,140 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

443.1216 Employment.--Employment, as defined in s.
443.036, is subject to this chapter under the following
conditions:

(1) (a) The employment subject to this chapter includes a service performed, including a service performed in interstate commerce, by:

147

1. An officer of a corporation.

An individual who, under the usual common-law rules 148 2. 149 applicable in determining the employer-employee relationship, is an employee. However, whenever a client, as defined in s. 150 151 443.036(18), which would otherwise be designated as an employing 152 unit has contracted with an employee leasing company to supply it with workers, those workers are considered employees of the 153 employee leasing company. An employee leasing company may lease 154 corporate officers of the client to the client and to other 155 workers to the client, except as prohibited by regulations of 156 157 the Internal Revenue Service. Employees of an employee leasing company must be reported under the employee leasing company's 158 159 tax identification number and contribution rate for work performed for the employee leasing company. 160

3. An individual other than an individual who is an
employee under subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., who performs
services for remuneration for any person:

a. As an agent-driver or commission-driver engaged in
distributing meat products, vegetable products, fruit products,

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bakery products, beverages other than milk, or laundry ordrycleaning services for his or her principal.

As a traveling or city salesperson engaged on a full-168 b. time basis in the solicitation on behalf of, and the 169 170 transmission to, his or her principal of orders from wholesalers, retailers, contractors, or operators of hotels, 171 restaurants, or other similar establishments for merchandise for 172 resale or supplies for use in their business operations. This 173 sub-subparagraph does not apply to an agent-driver or a 174 175 commission-driver and does not apply to sideline sales 176 activities performed on behalf of a person other than the 177 salesperson's principal.

178 4. The services described in subparagraph 3. are179 employment subject to this chapter only if:

a. The contract of service contemplates that substantially
all of the services are to be performed personally by the
individual;

b. The individual does not have a substantial investment
in facilities used in connection with the services, other than
facilities used for transportation; and

c. The services are not in the nature of a single
transaction that is not part of a continuing relationship with
the person for whom the services are performed.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section,
service for which a tax is required to be paid under any federal
law imposing a tax against which credit may be taken for
contributions required to be paid into a state unemployment fund
or which as a condition for full tax credit against the tax
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194 imposed by the Federal Unemployment Tax Act is required to be 195 covered under this chapter.

196 If the services performed during at least one-half of (C) 197 a pay period by an employee for the person employing him or her 198 constitute employment, all of the services performed by the 199 employee during the period are deemed to be employment. If the services performed during more than one-half of the pay period 200 by an employee for the person employing him or her do not 201 constitute employment, all of the services performed by the 202 203 employee during the period are not deemed to be employment. This 204 paragraph does not apply to services performed in a pay period 205 by an employee for the person employing him or her if any of 206 those services are exempted under paragraph (13)(q).

(d) If two or more related corporations concurrently employ the same individual and compensate the individual through a common paymaster, each related corporation is considered to have paid wages to the individual only in the amounts actually disbursed by that corporation to the individual and is not considered to have paid the wages actually disbursed to the individual by another of the related corporations.

214 1. As used in this paragraph, the term "common paymaster" means a member of a group of related corporations that disburses 215 216 wages to concurrent employees on behalf of the related 217 corporations and that is responsible for keeping payroll records for those concurrent employees. A common paymaster is not 218 required to disburse wages to all the employees of the related 219 corporations; however, this subparagraph does not apply to wages 220 221 of concurrent employees which are not disbursed through a common Page 8 of 45

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paymaster. A common paymaster must pay concurrently employedindividuals under this subparagraph by one combined paycheck.

224 As used in this paragraph, the term "concurrent 2. employment" means the existence of simultaneous employment 225 226 relationships between an individual and related corporations. 227 Those relationships require the performance of services by the employee for the benefit of the related corporations, including 228 229 the common paymaster, in exchange for wages that, if deductible 230 for the purposes of federal income tax, are deductible by the 231 related corporations.

3. Corporations are considered related corporations for an
entire calendar quarter if they satisfy any one of the following
tests at any time during the calendar quarter:

a. The corporations are members of a "controlled group of
corporations" as defined in s. 1563 of the Internal Revenue Code
of 1986 or would be members if paragraph 1563(a)(4) and
subsection 1563(b) did not apply.

In the case of a corporation that does not issue stock, 239 b. at least 50 percent of the members of the board of directors or 240 other governing body of one corporation are members of the board 241 242 of directors or other governing body of the other corporation or the holders of at least 50 percent of the voting power to select 243 244 those members are concurrently the holders of at least 50 percent of the voting power to select those members of the other 245 246 corporation.

247 c. At least 50 percent of the officers of one corporation248 are concurrently officers of the other corporation.

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249 250

d. At least 30 percent of the employees of one corporation are concurrently employees of the other corporation.

251 The common paymaster must report to the tax collection 4. service provider, as part of the unemployment compensation 252 253 quarterly tax and wage report, the state unemployment 254 compensation account number and name of each related corporation for which concurrent employees are being reported. Failure to 255 256 timely report this information shall result in the related 257 corporations being denied common paymaster status for that 258 calendar quarter.

The common paymaster also has the primary 259 5. 260 responsibility for remitting contributions due under this 261 chapter for the wages it disburses as the common paymaster. The 262 common paymaster must compute these contributions as though it were the sole employer of the concurrently employed individuals. 263 If a common paymaster fails to timely remit these contributions 264 265 or reports, in whole or in part, the common paymaster remains 266 liable for the full amount of the unpaid portion of these 267 contributions. In addition, each of the other related 268 corporations using the common paymaster is jointly and severally 269 liable for its appropriate share of these contributions. Each 270 related corporation's share equals the greater of:

a. The liability of the common paymaster under thischapter, after taking into account any contributions made.

b. The liability under this chapter which, notwithstanding
this section, would have existed for the wages from the other
related corporations, reduced by an allocable portion of any

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276 contributions previously paid by the common paymaster for those 277 wages.

(13) The following <u>are employment is exempt from coverage</u>
 <u>under this chapter:</u>

(a) Domestic service in a private home, local college
club, or local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority,
except as provided in subsection (6).

(b) Service performed on or in connection with a vessel or aircraft that is not an American vessel or American aircraft, if the employee is employed on and in connection with the vessel or aircraft while the vessel or aircraft is outside the United States.

(c) Service performed by an individual engaged in, or as an officer or member of the crew of a vessel engaged in, the catching, taking, harvesting, cultivating, or farming of any kind of fish, shellfish, crustacea, sponges, seaweeds, or other aquatic forms of animal and vegetable life, including service performed by an individual as an ordinary incident to engaging in those activities, except:

Service performed in connection with the catching or
 taking of salmon or halibut for commercial purposes.

297 2. Service performed on, or in connection with, a vessel 298 of more than 10 net tons, determined in the manner provided for 299 determining the registered tonnage of merchant vessels under the 300 laws of the United States.

301 (d) Service performed by an individual in the employ of
302 his or her son, daughter, or spouse, including step
303 relationships, and service performed by a child, or stepchild,
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304 under the age of 21 in the employ of his or her father, mother, 305 stepfather, or stepmother.

306 (e) Service performed in the employ of the Federal
307 Government or of an instrumentality of the Federal Government
308 which is:

309

1. Wholly or partially owned by the United States.

Exempt from the tax imposed by s. 3301 of the Internal 310 2. Revenue Code under a federal law that specifically cites s. 311 3301, or the corresponding section of prior law, in granting the 312 exemption. However, to the extent that the United States 313 314 Congress permits the state to require an instrumentality of the 315 Federal Government to make payments into the Unemployment 316 Compensation Trust Fund under this chapter, this chapter applies 317 to that instrumentality, and to services performed for that instrumentality, in the same manner, to the same extent, and on 318 the same terms as other employers, employing units, individuals, 319 and services. If this state is not certified for any year by the 320 Secretary of Labor under s. 3304 of the federal Internal Revenue 321 Code, the tax collection service provider shall refund the 322 payments required of each instrumentality of the Federal 323 324 Government for that year from the fund in the same manner and within the same period as provided in s. 443.141(6) for 325 326 contributions erroneously collected.

(f) Service performed in the employ of a public employer as defined in s. 443.036, except as provided in subsection (2), and service performed in the employ of an instrumentality of a public employer as described in s. 443.036(35)(b) or (c), to the extent that the instrumentality is immune under the United Page 12 of 45

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332 States Constitution from the tax imposed by s. 3301 of the333 Internal Revenue Code for that service.

334 Service performed in the employ of a corporation, (q) community chest, fund, or foundation that is organized and 335 336 operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, testing for public safety, literary, or educational purposes or 337 for the prevention of cruelty to children or animals. This 338 339 exemption does not apply to an employer if part of the employer's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private 340 shareholder or individual or if a substantial part of the 341 employer's activities involve carrying on propaganda, otherwise 342 attempting to influence legislation, or participating or 343 intervening in, including the publishing or distributing of 344 345 statements, a political campaign on behalf of a candidate for public office, except as provided in subsection (3). 346

347 (h) Service for which unemployment compensation is payable
348 under an unemployment compensation system established by the
349 United States Congress, of which this chapter is not a part.

(i)1. Service performed during a calendar quarter in the
employ of an organization exempt from the federal income tax
under s. 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, other than an
organization described in s. 401(a), or under s. 521, if the
remuneration for the service is less than \$50.

355 2. Service performed in the employ of a school, college, 356 or university, if the service is performed by a student who is 357 enrolled and is regularly attending classes at the school, 358 college, or university.

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(j) Service performed in the employ of a foreign
government, including service as a consular or other officer or
employee of a nondiplomatic representative.

362 (k) Service performed in the employ of an instrumentality363 wholly owned by a foreign government if:

The service is of a character similar to that performed
 in foreign countries by employees of the Federal Government or
 of an instrumentality of the Federal Government; and

367 2. The United States Secretary of State certifies to the 368 United States Secretary of the Treasury that the foreign 369 government for whose instrumentality the exemption is claimed 370 grants an equivalent exemption for similar service performed in 371 the foreign country by employees of the Federal Government and 372 of instrumentalities of the Federal Government.

Service performed as a student nurse in the employ of 373 (1)a hospital or a nurses' training school by an individual who is 374 enrolled and is regularly attending classes in a nurses' 375 training school chartered or approved under state law, service 376 377 performed as an intern in the employ of a hospital by an individual who has completed a 4-year course in a medical school 378 chartered or approved under state law, and service performed by 379 a patient of a hospital for the hospital. 380

(m) Service performed by an individual for a person as an insurance agent or as an insurance solicitor, if all of the service performed by the individual for that person is performed for remuneration solely by way of commission, except for services performed in accordance with 26 U.S.C. s. 3306(c)(7) and (8). For purposes of this section, those benefits excluded Page 14 of 45

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387 from the wages subject to this chapter under s. 443.1217(2)(b)-388 (f), inclusive, are not considered remuneration.

(n) Service performed by an individual for a person as a
real estate salesperson or agent, if all of the service
performed by the individual for that person is performed for
remuneration solely by way of commission.

393 (o) Service performed by an individual under the age of 18
394 in the delivery or distribution of newspapers or shopping news,
395 excluding delivery or distribution to any point for subsequent
396 delivery or distribution.

397 (g) Service covered by an arrangement between the Agency 398 for Workforce Innovation, or its tax collection service 399 provider, and the agency charged with the administration of 400 another state or federal unemployment compensation law under which all services performed by an individual for an employing 401 unit during the period covered by the employing unit's duly 402 approved election is deemed to be performed entirely within the 403 other agency's state or under the federal law. 404

405 Service performed by an individual enrolled at a (a) nonprofit or public educational institution that normally 406 407 maintains a regular faculty and curriculum and normally has a regularly organized body of students in attendance at the place 408 where its educational activities are carried on, if the 409 410 institution certifies to the employer that the individual is a student in a full-time program, taken for credit at the 411 institution that combines academic instruction with work 412 experience, and that the service is an integral part of the 413 414 program. This paragraph does not apply to service performed in a Page 15 of 45

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415 program established for or on behalf of an employer or group of 416 employers.

(r) Service performed by an individual for a person as a barber, if all of the service performed by the individual for that person is performed for remuneration solely by way of commission.

421 (s) Casual labor not in the course of the employer's trade422 or business.

(t) Service performed by a speech therapist, occupational therapist, or physical therapist who is nonsalaried and working under a written contract with a home health agency as defined in s. 400.462.

427 (u) Service performed by a direct seller. As used in this428 paragraph, the term "direct seller" means a person:

1.a. Who is engaged in the trade or business of selling or soliciting the sale of consumer products to buyers on a buy-sell basis, on a deposit-commission basis, or on a similar basis, for resale in the home or in another place that is not a permanent retail establishment; or

b. Who is engaged in the trade or business of selling or
soliciting the sale of consumer products in the home or in
another place that is not a permanent retail establishment;

2. Substantially all of whose remuneration for services
described in subparagraph 1., regardless of whether paid in
cash, is directly related to sales or other output, rather than
to the number of hours worked; and

3. Who performs the services under a written contract with
 the person for whom the services are performed, if the contract
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443 provides that the person will not be treated as an employee for444 those services for federal tax purposes.

(v) Service performed by a nonresident alien for the
period he or she is temporarily present in the United States as
a nonimmigrant under subparagraph (F) or subparagraph (J) of s.
101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, and which is
performed to carry out the purpose specified in subparagraph (F)
or subparagraph (J), as applicable.

(w) Service performed by an individual for remuneration
for a private, for-profit delivery or messenger service, if the
individual:

Is free to accept or reject jobs from the delivery or
messenger service and the delivery or messenger service does not
have control over when the individual works;

457 2. Is remunerated for each delivery, or the remuneration
458 is based on factors that relate to the work performed, including
459 receipt of a percentage of any rate schedule;

3. Pays all expenses, and the opportunity for profit orloss rests solely with the individual;

462 4. Is responsible for operating costs, including fuel,463 repairs, supplies, and motor vehicle insurance;

464 5. Determines the method of performing the service,
465 including selection of routes and order of deliveries;

466 6. Is responsible for the completion of a specific job and467 is liable for any failure to complete that job;

468 7. Enters into a contract with the delivery or messenger469 service which specifies that the individual is an independent

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470 contractor and not an employee of the delivery or messenger471 service; and

472 8. Provides the vehicle used to perform the service.

473 (x) Service performed in agricultural labor by an
474 individual who is an alien admitted to the United States to
475 perform service in agricultural labor under ss. 101(a)(15)(H)
476 and 214(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

477 (y) Service performed by a person who is an inmate of a478 penal institution.

479 Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 443.1217, Florida480 Statutes, is amended to read:

481

443.1217 Wages.--

482 (2) For the purpose of determining an employer's
483 contributions, the following wages are exempt from this chapter:

That part of remuneration paid to an individual by an 484 (a) employer for employment during a calendar year in excess of the 485 first \$7,000 of remuneration paid to the individual by the 486 487 employer or his or her predecessor during that calendar year, 488 unless that part of the remuneration is subject to a tax, under a federal law imposing the tax, against which credit may be 489 490 taken for contributions required to be paid into a state 491 unemployment fund. As used in this section only, the term 492 "employment" includes services constituting employment under any 493 employment security law of another state or of the Federal 494 Government.

(b) Payment by an employing unit with respect to services
performed for, or on behalf of, an individual employed by the
employing unit under a plan or system established by the
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employing unit which provides for payment to its employees generally or to a class of its employees, including any amount paid by the employing unit for insurance or annuities or paid into a fund on account of:

502 1. Sickness or accident disability. When payment is made
503 to an employee or any of his or her dependents, this
504 subparagraph exempts from the wages subject to this chapter only
505 those payments received under a workers' compensation law.

506 2. Medical and hospitalization expenses in connection with 507 sickness or accident disability.

508

3. Death, if the employee:

a. Does not have the option to receive, in lieu of the death benefit, part of the payment or, if the death benefit is insured, part of the premiums or contributions to premiums paid by his or her employing unit; and

513 b. Does not have the right under the plan, system, or 514 policy providing the death benefit to assign the benefit or to 515 receive cash consideration in lieu of the benefit upon his or 516 her withdrawal from the plan or system; upon termination of the 517 plan, system, or policy; or upon termination of his or her 518 services with the employing unit.

(c) Payment on account of sickness or accident disability, or payment of medical or hospitalization expenses in connection with sickness or accident disability, by an employing unit to, or on behalf of, an individual performing services for the employing unit more than 6 calendar months after the last calendar month the individual performed services for the employing unit.

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(d) Payment by an employing unit, without deduction from
the remuneration of an individual employed by the employing
unit, of the tax imposed upon the individual under s. 3101 of
the federal Internal Revenue Code for services performed.

530

(e) The value of:

531 1. Meals furnished to an employee or the employee's spouse 532 or dependents by the employer on the business premises of the 533 employer for the convenience of the employer; or

2. Lodging furnished to an employee or the employee's spouse or dependents by the employer on the business premises of the employer for the convenience of the employer when lodging is included as a condition of employment.

(f) Payment made by an employing unit to, or on behalf of, an individual performing services for the employing unit or a beneficiary of the individual:

1. From or to a trust described in s. 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 which is exempt from tax under s. 501(a) at the time of payment, unless payment is made to an employee of the trust as remuneration for services rendered as an employee of the trust and not as a beneficiary of the trust;

546 2. Under or to an annuity plan that, at the time of
547 payment, is a plan described in s. 403(a) of the Internal
548 Revenue Code of 1954;

549 3. Under a simplified employee pension if, at the time of 550 payment, it is reasonable to believe that the employee is 551 entitled to a deduction under s. 219(b)(2) of the Internal 552 Revenue Code of 1954 for the payment;

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4. Under or to an annuity contract described in s. 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, other than a payment for the purchase of an annuity contract as part of a salary reduction agreement, regardless of whether the agreement is evidenced by a written instrument or otherwise;

5. Under or to an exempt governmental deferred
compensation plan described in s. 3121(v)(3) of the Internal
Revenue Code of 1954;

561 6. To supplement pension benefits under a plan or trust 562 described in subparagraphs 1.-5. to account for some portion or 563 all of the increase in the cost of living, as determined by the 564 United States Secretary of Labor, since retirement, but only if 565 the supplemental payments are under a plan that is treated as a 566 welfare plan under s. 3(2)(B)(ii) of the Employee Retirement 567 Income Security Act of 1974; or

568 7. Under a cafeteria plan, as defined in s. 125 of the 569 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, if the payment would 570 not be treated as wages without regard to such plan and it is 571 reasonable to believe that, if s. 125 of the Internal Revenue 572 Code of 1986, as amended, applied for purposes of this section, 573 s. 125 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, would 574 not treat any wages as constructively received.

(g) Payment made, or benefit provided, by an employing unit to or for the benefit of an individual performing services for the employing unit or a beneficiary of the individual if, at the time of such payment or provision of the benefit, it is reasonable to believe that the individual may exclude the

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580 payment or benefit from income under s. 127 of the Internal 581 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

582 Section 6. Paragraphs (e) through (j) of subsection (3) of 583 section 443.131, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

584

443.131 Contributions.--

585 (3) VARIATION OF CONTRIBUTION RATES BASED ON BENEFIT586 EXPERIENCE.--

587

(e) Assignment of variations from the standard rate.--

588 The tax collection service provider shall assign a 1. 589 variation from the standard rate of contributions for each 590 calendar year to each eliqible employer. In determining the 591 contribution rate, varying from the standard rate to be assigned 592 each employer, adjustment factors computed under sub-593 subparagraphs a.-c. shall be added to the benefit ratio. This 594 addition shall be accomplished in two steps by adding a variable adjustment factor and a final adjustment factor. The sum of 595 596 these adjustment factors computed under sub-subparagraphs a.-c. shall first be algebraically summed. The sum of these adjustment 597 598 factors shall next be divided by a gross benefit ratio 599 determined as follows: Total benefit payments for the 3-year 600 period described in subparagraph (b)2. shall be charged to employers eligible for a variation from the standard rate, minus 601 excess payments for the same period, divided by taxable payroll 602 entering into the computation of individual benefit ratios for 603 604 the calendar year for which the contribution rate is being 605 computed. The ratio of the sum of the adjustment factors 606 computed under sub-subparagraphs a.-c. to the gross benefit 607 ratio shall be multiplied by each individual benefit ratio that Page 22 of 45

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608 is less than the maximum contribution rate to obtain variable adjustment factors; except that in any instance in which the sum 609 of an employer's individual benefit ratio and variable 610 adjustment factor exceeds the maximum contribution rate, the 611 612 variable adjustment factor shall be reduced in order that the sum equals the maximum contribution rate. The variable 613 adjustment factor for each of these employers is multiplied by 614 615 his or her taxable payroll entering into the computation of his or her benefit ratio. The sum of these products shall be divided 616 617 by the taxable payroll of the employers who entered into the 618 computation of their benefit ratios. The resulting ratio shall 619 be subtracted from the sum of the adjustment factors computed under sub-subparagraphs a.-c. to obtain the final adjustment 620 621 factor. The variable adjustment factors and the final adjustment factor shall be computed to five decimal places and rounded to 622 the fourth decimal place. This final adjustment factor shall be 623 added to the variable adjustment factor and benefit ratio of 624 each employer to obtain each employer's contribution rate. An 625 employer's contribution rate may not, however, be rounded to 626 627 less than 0.1 percent.

628 An adjustment factor for noncharge benefits shall be a. computed to the fifth decimal place and rounded to the fourth 629 630 decimal place by dividing the amount of noncharge benefits 631 during the 3-year period described in subparagraph (b)2. by the taxable payroll of employers eligible for a variation from the 632 standard rate who have a benefit ratio for the current year 633 which is less than the maximum contribution rate. For purposes 634 635 of computing this adjustment factor, the taxable payroll of Page 23 of 45

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636 these employers is the taxable payrolls for the 3 years ending 637 June 30 of the current calendar year as reported to the tax 638 collection service provider by September 30 of the same calendar 639 year. As used in this sub-subparagraph, the term "noncharge 640 benefits" means benefits paid to an individual from the 641 Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund, but which were not charged 642 to the employment record of any employer.

643 An adjustment factor for excess payments shall be b. computed to the fifth decimal place, and rounded to the fourth 644 645 decimal place by dividing the total excess payments during the 3-year period described in subparagraph (b)2. by the taxable 646 647 payroll of employers eligible for a variation from the standard rate who have a benefit ratio for the current year which is less 648 649 than the maximum contribution rate. For purposes of computing this adjustment factor, the taxable payroll of these employers 650 is the same figure used to compute the adjustment factor for 651 noncharge benefits under sub-subparagraph a. As used in this 652 sub-subparagraph, the term "excess payments" means the amount of 653 benefits charged to the employment record of an employer during 654 655 the 3-year period described in subparagraph (b)2., less the 656 product of the maximum contribution rate and the employer's taxable payroll for the 3 years ending June 30 of the current 657 658 calendar year as reported to the tax collection service provider 659 by September 30 of the same calendar year. As used in this sub-660 subparagraph, the term "total excess payments" means the sum of 661 the individual employer excess payments for those employers that 662 were eligible to be considered for assignment of a contribution 663 rate different from a variation from the standard rate.

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664 If the balance of the Unemployment Compensation Trust c. Fund on June 30 of the calendar year immediately preceding the 665 666 calendar year for which the contribution rate is being computed is less than 3.7 percent of the taxable payrolls for the year 667 668 ending June 30 as reported to the tax collection service 669 provider by September 30 of that calendar year, a positive 670 adjustment factor shall be computed. The positive adjustment 671 factor shall be computed annually to the fifth decimal place and 672 rounded to the fourth decimal place by dividing the sum of the total taxable payrolls for the year ending June 30 of the 673 674 current calendar year as reported to the tax collection service 675 provider by September 30 of that calendar year into a sum equal 676 to one-fourth of the difference between the balance of the fund 677 as of June 30 of that calendar year and the sum of 4.7 percent of the total taxable payrolls for that year. The positive 678 adjustment factor remains in effect for subsequent years until 679 the balance of the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund as of 680 June 30 of the year immediately preceding the effective date of 681 the contribution rate equals or exceeds 3.7 percent of the 682 taxable payrolls for the year ending June 30 of the current 683 684 calendar year as reported to the tax collection service provider by September 30 of that calendar year. If the balance of the 685 686 Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund as of June 30 of the year 687 immediately preceding the calendar year for which the 688 contribution rate is being computed exceeds 4.7 percent of the 689 taxable payrolls for the year ending June 30 of the current calendar year as reported to the tax collection service provider 690 691 by September 30 of that calendar year, a negative adjustment Page 25 of 45

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692 factor shall be computed. The negative adjustment factor shall be computed annually to the fifth decimal place and rounded to 693 694 the fourth decimal place by dividing the sum of the total taxable payrolls for the year ending June 30 of the current 695 696 calendar year as reported to the tax collection service provider 697 by September 30 of the calendar year into a sum equal to onefourth of the difference between the balance of the fund as of 698 699 June 30 of the current calendar year and 4.7 percent of the 700 total taxable payrolls of that year. The negative adjustment 701 factor remains in effect for subsequent years until the balance 702 of the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund as of June 30 of the 703 year immediately preceding the effective date of the contribution rate is less than 4.7 percent, but more than 3.7 704 705 percent of the taxable payrolls for the year ending June 30 of the current calendar year as reported to the tax collection 706 service provider by September 30 of that calendar year. 707

d. The maximum contribution rate that may be assigned to an employer is 5.4 percent, except employers participating in an approved short-time compensation plan may be assigned a maximum contribution rate that is 1 percent greater than the maximum contribution rate for other employers in any calendar year in which short-time compensation benefits are charged to the employer's employment record.

715 2. If the transfer of an employer's employment record to 716 an employing unit under paragraph (f) which, before the 717 transfer, was an employer, the tax collection service provider 718 shall recompute a benefit ratio for the successor employer based 719 on the combined employment records and reassign an appropriate 726 Page 26 of 45

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contribution rate to the successor employer effective on the
first day of the calendar quarter immediately after the
effective date of the transfer.

723

(f) Transfer of employment records.--

724 For the purposes of this subsection, two or more 1. employers who are parties to a transfer of business or the 725 726 subject of a merger, consolidation, or other form of 727 reorganization, effecting a change in legal identity or form, 728 are deemed a single employer and are considered to be one 729 employer with a continuous employment record if the tax collection service provider finds that the successor employer 730 731 continues to carry on the employing enterprises of all of the 732 predecessor employers and that the successor employer has paid 733 all contributions required of and due from all of the predecessor employers and has assumed liability for all 734 contributions that may become due from all of the predecessor 735 736 employers. In addition, an employer may not be considered a successor under this subparagraph if the employer purchases a 737 738 company with a lower rate into which employees with job 739 functions unrelated to the business endeavors of the predecessor 740 are transferred for the purpose of acquiring the low rate and 741 avoiding payment of contributions. As used in this paragraph, 742 notwithstanding s. 443.036(14), the term "contributions" means all indebtedness to the tax collection service provider, 743 744 including, but not limited to, interest, penalty, collection 745 fee, and service fee. A successor employer must accept the 746 transfer of all of the predecessor employers' employment records 747 within 30 days after the date of the official notification of Page 27 of 45

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748 liability by succession. If a predecessor employer has unpaid contributions or outstanding quarterly reports, the successor 749 750 employer must pay the total amount with certified funds within 30 days after the date of the notice listing the total amount 751 752 due. After the total indebtedness is paid, the tax collection 753 service provider shall transfer the employment records of all of 754 the predecessor employers to the successor employer's employment 755 record. The tax collection service provider shall determine the 756 contribution rate of the combined successor and predecessor 757 employers upon the transfer of the employment records, as 758 prescribed by rule, in order to calculate any change in the 759 contribution rate resulting from the transfer of the employment 760 records.

2. Regardless of whether a predecessor employer's employment record is transferred to a successor employer under this paragraph, the tax collection service provider shall treat the predecessor employer, if he or she subsequently employs individuals, as an employer without a previous employment record or, if his or her coverage is terminated under s. 443.121, as a new employing unit.

768 3. The state agency providing unemployment tax collection services may adopt rules governing the partial transfer of 769 770 experience rating when an employer transfers an identifiable and 771 segregable portion of his or her payrolls and business to a successor employing unit. As a condition of each partial 772 773 transfer, these rules must require the following to be filed with the tax collection service provider: an application by the 774 775 successor employing unit, an agreement by the predecessor Page 28 of 45

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776 employer, and the evidence required by the tax collection 777 service provider to show the benefit experience and payrolls 778 attributable to the transferred portion through the date of the transfer. These rules must provide that the successor employing 779 780 unit, if not an employer subject to this chapter, becomes an 781 employer as of the date of the transfer and that the transferred 782 portion of the predecessor employer's employment record is 783 removed from the employment record of the predecessor employer. 784 For each calendar year after the date of the transfer of the 785 employment record in the records of the tax collection service 786 provider, the service provider shall compute the contribution 787 rate payable by the successor employer or employing unit based on his or her employment record, combined with the transferred 788 789 portion of the predecessor employer's employment record. These rules may also prescribe what contribution rates are payable by 790 the predecessor and successor employers for the period between 791 792 the date of the transfer of the transferred portion of the 793 predecessor employer's employment record in the records of the 794 tax collection service provider and the first day of the next 795 calendar year.

796 4. This paragraph does not apply to an employee leasing 797 company and client contractual agreement as defined in s. 443.036. The tax collection service provider shall, if the 798 799 contractual agreement is terminated or the employee leasing 800 company fails to submit reports or pay contributions as required 801 by the service provider, treat the client as a new employer 802 without previous employment record unless the client is 803 otherwise eligible for a variation from the standard rate. Page 29 of 45

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804	(g) Transfer of unemployment experience upon transfer or
805	acquisition of a businessNotwithstanding any other provision
806	of law, the following shall apply regarding assignment of rates
807	and transfers of experience:
808	1.a. If an employer transfers its trade or business, or a
809	portion thereof, to another employer and, at the time of the
810	transfer, there is any common ownership, management, or control
811	of the two employers, then the unemployment experience
812	attributable to the transferred trade or business shall be
813	transferred to the employer to whom such business is so
814	transferred. The rates of both employers shall be recalculated
815	and made effective as of the beginning of the calendar quarter
816	immediately following the date of the transfer of trade or
817	business unless the transfer occurred on the first day of a
818	calendar quarter in which case the rate shall be recalculated as
819	of that date.
820	b. If, following a transfer of experience under sub-
821	subparagraph a., the Agency for Workforce Innovation or the tax
822	collection service provider determines that a substantial
823	purpose of the transfer of trade or business was to obtain a
824	reduced liability for contributions, then the experience rating
825	account of the employers involved shall be combined into a
826	single account and a single rate assigned to such account.
827	2. Whenever a person who is not an employer under this
828	chapter at the time it acquires the trade or business of an
829	employer, the unemployment experience of the acquired business
830	shall not be transferred to such person if the Agency for
831	Workforce Innovation or the tax collection service provider
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832	finds that such person acquired the business solely or primarily
833	for the purpose of obtaining a lower rate of contributions.
834	Instead, such person shall be assigned the new employer rate
835	under paragraph (2)(a). In determining whether the business was
836	acquired solely or primarily for the purpose of obtaining a
837	lower rate of contributions, the tax collection service provider
838	shall consider, but not be limited to, the following factors:
839	a. Whether the person continued the business enterprise of
840	the acquired business;
841	b. How long such business enterprise was continued; or
842	c. Whether a substantial number of new employees were
843	hired for performance of duties unrelated to the business
844	activity conducted prior to acquisition.
845	3. If a person knowingly violates or attempts to violate
846	subparagraphs 1. or 2. or any other provision of this chapter
847	related to determining the assignment of a contribution rate, or
848	if a person knowingly advises another person to violate the law,
849	the person shall be subject to the following penalties:
850	a. If the person is an employer, then such employer shall
851	be assigned the highest rate assignable under this chapter for
852	the rate year during which such violation or attempted violation
853	occurred and the 3 rate years immediately following this rate
854	year. However, if the person's business is already at such
855	highest rate for any year, or if the amount of increase in the
856	person's rate would be less than 2 percent for such year, then a
857	penalty rate of contributions of 2 percent of taxable wages
858	shall be imposed for such year and the following 3 rate years.

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859	b. If the person is not an employer, such person shall be
860	subject to a civil money penalty of not more than \$5,000. The
861	procedures for the assessment of a penalty shall be in
862	accordance with the procedures set forth in s. 443.141(2), and
863	the provisions of s. 443.141(3) shall apply to the collection of
864	the penalty. Any such penalty shall be deposited in the penalty
865	and interest account established under s. 443.211(2).
866	4. For purposes of subparagraph 3., the term:
867	a. "Knowingly" means having actual knowledge of or acting
868	with deliberate ignorance or reckless disregard for the
869	prohibition involved.
870	b. "Violates or attempts to violate" includes, but is not
871	limited to, intent to evade, misrepresentation, or willful
872	nondisclosure.
873	5. In addition to the penalty imposed by subparagraph 3.,
874	any person who violates this paragraph commits a felony of the
875	third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083,
876	<u>or s. 775.084.</u>
877	6. The Agency for Workforce Innovation and the tax
878	collection service provider shall establish procedures to
879	identify the transfer or acquisition of a business for purposes
880	of this paragraph and shall adopt any rules necessary to
881	administer this paragraph.
882	7. For purposes of this paragraph:
883	a. "Person" has the meaning given such term by s.
884	7701(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
885	b. "Trade or business" shall include the employer's
886	workforce.

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887 <u>8. This paragraph shall be interpreted and applied in such</u> 888 manner as to meet the minimum requirements contained in any 889 guidance or regulations issued by the United States Department 890 of Labor.

891 <u>(h)(g)</u> Additional conditions for variation from the 892 standard rate.--An employer's contribution rate may not be 893 reduced below the standard rate under this section unless:

All contributions, reimbursements, interest, and
 penalties incurred by the employer for wages paid by him or her
 in all previous calendar quarters, except the 4 calendar
 quarters immediately preceding the calendar quarter or calendar
 year for which the benefit ratio is computed, are paid; and

The employer entitled to a rate reduction must have at 899 2. 900 least one annual payroll as defined in subparagraph (b)1. unless 901 the employer is eliqible for additional credit under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act. If the Federal Unemployment Tax Act is 902 903 amended or repealed in a manner affecting credit under the 904 federal act, this section applies only to the extent that 905 additional credit is allowed against the payment of the tax 906 imposed by the Federal Unemployment Tax Act.

908 The tax collection service provider shall assign an earned 909 contribution rate to an employer under subparagraph 1. the 910 quarter immediately after the quarter in which all 911 contributions, reimbursements, interest, and penalties are paid 912 in full.

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913 <u>(i)(h)</u> Notice of determinations of contribution rates; 914 redeterminations.--The state agency providing tax collection 915 services:

Shall promptly notify each employer of his or her 916 1. 917 contribution rate as determined for any calendar year under this section. The determination is conclusive and binding on the 918 919 employer unless within 20 days after mailing the notice of 920 determination to the employer's last known address, or, in the 921 absence of mailing, within 20 days after delivery of the notice, 922 the employer files an application for review and redetermination setting forth the grounds for review. An employer may not, in 923 924 any proceeding involving his or her contribution rate or liability for contributions, contest the chargeability to his or 925 926 her employment record of any benefits paid in accordance with a determination, redetermination, or decision under s. 443.151, 927 except on the ground that the benefits charged were not based on 928 services performed in employment for him or her and then only if 929 930 the employer was not a party to the determination, 931 redetermination, or decision, or to any other proceeding under this chapter, in which the character of those services was 932 933 determined.

Shall, upon discovery of an error in computation, 934 2. reconsider any prior determination or redetermination of a 935 contribution rate after the 20-day period has expired and issue 936 a revised notice of contribution rate as redetermined. A 937 redetermination is subject to review, and is conclusive and 938 binding if review is not sought, in the same manner as review of 939 940 a determination under subparagraph 1. A reconsideration may not Page 34 of 45

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941 be made after March 31 of the calendar year immediately after 942 the calendar year for which the contribution rate is applicable, 943 and interest may not accrue on any additional contributions 944 found to be due until 30 days after the employer is mailed 945 notice of his or her revised contribution rate.

3. May adopt rules providing for periodic notification to 946 947 employers of benefits paid and charged to their employment records or of the status of those employment records. A 948 notification, unless an application for redetermination is filed 949 950 in the manner and within the time limits prescribed by the Agency for Workforce Innovation, is conclusive and binding on 951 952 the employer under this chapter. The redetermination, and the Agency for Workforce Innovation's finding of fact in connection 953 954 with the redetermination, may be introduced in any subsequent 955 administrative or judicial proceeding involving the determination of the contribution rate of an employer for any 956 957 calendar year. A redetermination becomes final in the same 958 manner provided in this subsection for findings of fact made by 959 the Agency for Workforce Innovation in proceedings to 960 redetermine the contribution rate of an employer. Pending a 961 redetermination or an administrative or judicial proceeding, the employer must file reports and pay contributions in accordance 962 with this section. 963

964 <u>(j)(i)</u> Employment records of employers entering the armed 965 forces.--

966 1. If the tax collection service provider finds that an 967 employer's business is closed solely because of the entrance of 968 one or more of the owners, officers, partners, or the majority Page 35 of 45

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969 stockholder into the Armed Forces of the United States, or any 970 of its allies, or of the United Nations, the employer's 971 employment record may not be terminated. If the business is resumed within 2 years after the discharge or release from 972 973 active duty in the armed forces of that person or persons, the 974 employer's benefit experience is deemed to have been continuous 975 throughout that period. The benefit ratio of the employer for 976 the calendar year in which he or she resumed business and the 3 977 calendar years immediately after resuming business is a 978 percentage equal to the total of his or her benefit charges, 979 including charges of benefits paid to any individual during the 980 period the employer was in the armed forces based on wages paid by him or her before the employer's entrance into the armed 981 982 forces for the 3 most recently completed calendar years divided by that part of his or her total payroll, for which 983 contributions were paid to the tax collection service provider, 984 985 for the 3 most recent calendar years during the whole of which, 986 respectively, the employer was in business. 987 2. A refund made under this paragraph shall be made in accordance with s. 443.141(6). 988 (k) (j) Applicability to contributing employers.--This 989 subsection applies only to contributing employers. 990 991 Section 7. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) and paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section 443.151, Florida Statutes, are 992 993 amended to read: 994 443.151 Procedure concerning claims.--995 (4) APPEALS.--996 (b) Filing and hearing. --

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997 1. The claimant or any other party entitled to notice of a 998 determination may appeal an adverse determination to an appeals 999 referee within 20 days after the date of mailing of the notice 1000 to her or his last known address or, if the notice is not 1001 mailed, within 20 days after the date of delivery of the notice.

2. Unless the appeal is <u>untimely or</u> withdrawn or review is initiated by the commission, the appeals referee, after mailing all parties and attorneys of record a notice of hearing at least 1005 10 days before the date of hearing, notwithstanding the 14-day notice requirement in s. 120.569(2)(b), may only affirm, modify, or reverse the determination. An appeal may not be withdrawn without the permission of the appeals referee.

1009 3. However, when an appeal appears to have been filed 1010 after the permissible time limit, the Office of Appeals may issue an order to show cause to the appellant, requiring the 1011 appellant to show why the appeal should not be dismissed as 1012 untimely. If the appellant does not, within 15 days after the 1013 mailing date of the order to show cause, provide written 1014 1015 evidence of timely filing or good cause for failure to appeal timely, the appeal shall be dismissed. 1016

1017 <u>4.3.</u> When an appeal involves a question of whether 1018 services were performed by a claimant in employment or for an 1019 employer, the referee must give special notice of the question 1020 and of the pendency of the appeal to the employing unit and to 1021 the Agency for Workforce Innovation, both of which become 1022 parties to the proceeding.

1023 <u>5.4.</u> The parties must be notified promptly of the 1024 referee's decision. The referee's decision is final unless Page 37 of 45

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further review is initiated under paragraph (c) within 20 days after the date of mailing notice of the decision to the party's last known address or, in lieu of mailing, within 20 days after the delivery of the notice.

1029

(6) RECOVERY AND RECOUPMENT. --

Any person who, by reason other than her or his fraud, 1030 (b) receives benefits under this chapter to which, under a 1031 redetermination or decision pursuant to this section, she or he 1032 is found not entitled, is liable to repay those benefits to the 1033 Agency for Workforce Innovation on behalf of the trust fund or, 1034 1035 in the agency's discretion, to have those benefits deducted from any future benefits payable to her or him under this chapter. 1036 Any recovery or recoupment of benefits must be effected within 3 1037 1038 2 years after the redetermination or decision.

Section 8. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section895.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1041 895.02 Definitions.--As used in ss. 895.01-895.08, the 1042 term:

1043 (1) "Racketeering activity" means to commit, to attempt to 1044 commit, to conspire to commit, or to solicit, coerce, or 1045 intimidate another person to commit:

1046 (a) Any crime which is chargeable by indictment or
1047 information under the following provisions of the Florida
1048 Statutes:

1049 1. Section 210.18, relating to evasion of payment of 1050 cigarette taxes.

1051 2. Section 403.727(3)(b), relating to environmental 1052 control.

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1053	3. Section 409.920 or s. 409.9201, relating to Medicaid
1054	fraud.
1055	4. Section 414.39, relating to public assistance fraud.
1056	5. Section 440.105 or s. 440.106, relating to workers'
1057	compensation.
1058	6. Section 443.071(4), relating to creation of a
1059	fictitious employer scheme to commit unemployment compensation
1060	fraud.
1061	7.6. Section 465.0161, relating to distribution of
1062	medicinal drugs without a permit as an Internet pharmacy.
1063	<u>8.</u> 7. Sections 499.0051, 499.0052, 499.00535, 499.00545,
1064	and 499.0691, relating to crimes involving contraband and
1065	adulterated drugs.
1066	<u>9.8.</u> Part IV of chapter 501, relating to telemarketing.
1067	<u>10.</u> 9. Chapter 517, relating to sale of securities and
1068	investor protection.
1069	<u>11.10.</u> Section 550.235, s. 550.3551, or s. 550.3605,
1070	relating to dogracing and horseracing.
1071	<u>12.</u> 11. Chapter 550, relating to jai alai frontons.
1072	<u>13.12.</u> Chapter 552, relating to the manufacture,
1073	distribution, and use of explosives.
1074	<u>14.</u> 13. Chapter 560, relating to money transmitters, if the
1075	violation is punishable as a felony.
1076	<u>15.</u> 14. Chapter 562, relating to beverage law enforcement.
1077	<u>16.15. Section 624.401, relating to transacting insurance</u>
1078	without a certificate of authority, s. 624.437(4)(c)1., relating
1079	to operating an unauthorized multiple-employer welfare
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1080	arrangement, or s. 626.902(1)(b), relating to representing or
1081	aiding an unauthorized insurer.
1082	<u>17.16. Section 655.50, relating to reports of currency</u>
1083	transactions, when such violation is punishable as a felony.
1084	<u>18.17. Chapter 687, relating to interest and usurious</u>
1085	practices.
1086	<u>19.18. Section 721.08, s. 721.09, or s. 721.13, relating</u>
1087	to real estate timeshare plans.
1088	20. 19. Chapter 782, relating to homicide.
1089	21.20. Chapter 784, relating to assault and battery.
1090	<u>22.21. Chapter 787, relating to kidnapping.</u>
1091	23.22. Chapter 790, relating to weapons and firearms.
1092	<u>24.23. Section 796.03, s. 796.035, s. 796.04, s. 796.045,</u>
1093	s. 796.05, or s. 796.07, relating to prostitution and sex
1094	trafficking.
1095	25.24. Chapter 806, relating to arson.
1096	26.25. Section 810.02(2)(c), relating to specified
1097	burglary of a dwelling or structure.
1098	27. 26. Chapter 812, relating to theft, robbery, and
1099	related crimes.
1100	<u>28.27.</u> Chapter 815, relating to computer-related crimes.
1101	29.28. Chapter 817, relating to fraudulent practices,
1102	false pretenses, fraud generally, and credit card crimes.
1103	<u>30.</u> 29. Chapter 825, relating to abuse, neglect, or
1104	exploitation of an elderly person or disabled adult.
1105	<u>31.</u> 30. Section 827.071, relating to commercial sexual
1106	exploitation of children.
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1107	32. 31. Chapter 831, relating to forgery and
1108	counterfeiting.
1109	33. 32. Chapter 832, relating to issuance of worthless
1110	checks and drafts.
1111	34. 33. Section 836.05, relating to extortion.
1112	<u>35.34.</u> Chapter 837, relating to perjury.
1113	<u>36.35.</u> Chapter 838, relating to bribery and misuse of
1114	public office.
1115	<u>37.36.</u> Chapter 843, relating to obstruction of justice.
1116	<u>38.37.</u> Section 847.011, s. 847.012, s. 847.013, s. 847.06,
1117	or s. 847.07, relating to obscene literature and profanity.
1118	<u>39.</u> 38. Section 849.09, s. 849.14, s. 849.15, s. 849.23, or
1119	s. 849.25, relating to gambling.
1120	40.39. Chapter 874, relating to criminal street gangs.
1121	41.40. Chapter 893, relating to drug abuse prevention and
1122	control.
1123	42.41. Chapter 896, relating to offenses related to
1124	financial transactions.
1125	43.42. Sections 914.22 and 914.23, relating to tampering
1126	with a witness, victim, or informant, and retaliation against a
1127	witness, victim, or informant.
1128	44.43. Sections 918.12 and 918.13, relating to tampering
1129	with jurors and evidence.
1130	Section 9. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment
1131	to section 895.02, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto,
1132	paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 16.56, Florida
1133	Statutes, is reenacted to read:
1134	16.56 Office of Statewide Prosecution Page 41 of 45

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(1) There is created in the Department of Legal Affairs an Office of Statewide Prosecution. The office shall be a separate "budget entity" as that term is defined in chapter 216. The office may:

1139

(a) Investigate and prosecute the offenses of:

Bribery, burglary, criminal usury, extortion, gambling,
 kidnapping, larceny, murder, prostitution, perjury, robbery,
 carjacking, and home-invasion robbery;

1143

2. Any crime involving narcotic or other dangerous drugs;

Any violation of the provisions of the Florida RICO 1144 3. 1145 (Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organization) Act, including 1146 any offense listed in the definition of racketeering activity in s. 895.02(1)(a), providing such listed offense is investigated 1147 1148 in connection with a violation of s. 895.03 and is charged in a separate count of an information or indictment containing a 1149 count charging a violation of s. 895.03, the prosecution of 1150 which listed offense may continue independently if the 1151 prosecution of the violation of s. 895.03 is terminated for any 1152 1153 reason;

1154 4. Any violation of the provisions of the Florida Anti-1155 Fencing Act;

1156 5. Any violation of the provisions of the Florida1157 Antitrust Act of 1980, as amended;

1158 6. Any crime involving, or resulting in, fraud or deceit1159 upon any person;

1160 7. Any violation of s. 847.0135, relating to computer 1161 pornography and child exploitation prevention, or any offense 1162 related to a violation of s. 847.0135; Page 42 of 45

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FLORIDA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES	F	L	0	R		D	Α	н	. ()	U	S	Е	0	F	R	E	ΕP	R	Е	S	Е	N	Т	· A	٦ I	Г	I \	/	E	S
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2005 Legislature

1163	8. Any violation of the provisions of chapter 815;
1164	9. Any criminal violation of part I of chapter 499;
1165	10. Any violation of the provisions of the Florida Motor
1166	Fuel Tax Relief Act of 2004; or
1167	11. Any criminal violation of s. 409.920 or s. 409.9201;
1168	
1169	or any attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit any of the
1170	crimes specifically enumerated above. The office shall have such
1171	power only when any such offense is occurring, or has occurred,
1172	in two or more judicial circuits as part of a related
1173	transaction, or when any such offense is connected with an
1174	organized criminal conspiracy affecting two or more judicial
1175	circuits.
1176	Section 10. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment
1177	to section 895.02, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto,
1178	paragraph (g) of subsection (3) of section 655.50, Florida
1179	Statutes, is reenacted to read:
1180	655.50 Florida Control of Money Laundering in Financial
1181	Institutions Act; reports of transactions involving currency or
1182	monetary instruments; when required; purpose; definitions;
1183	penalties
1184	(3) As used in this section, the term:
1185	(g) "Specified unlawful activity" means any "racketeering
1186	activity" as defined in s. 895.02.
1187	Section 11. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment
1188	to section 895.02, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto,
1189	paragraph (g) of subsection (2) of section 896.101, Florida
1190	Statutes, is reenacted to read:
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1191 896.101 Florida Money Laundering Act; definitions; penalties; injunctions; seizure warrants; immunity.--1192 1193 (2)As used in this section, the term: "Specified unlawful activity" means any "racketeering 1194 (q) 1195 activity" as defined in s. 895.02. Section 12. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 1196 to section 895.02, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, 1197 subsection (3) of section 905.34, Florida Statutes, is reenacted 1198 1199 to read: 1200 905.34 Powers and duties; law applicable.--The 1201 jurisdiction of a statewide grand jury impaneled under this 1202 chapter shall extend throughout the state. The subject matter 1203 jurisdiction of the statewide grand jury shall be limited to the offenses of: 1204 Any violation of the provisions of the Florida RICO 1205 (3)(Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organization) Act, including 1206 1207 any offense listed in the definition of racketeering activity in 1208 s. 895.02(1)(a), providing such listed offense is investigated 1209 in connection with a violation of s. 895.03 and is charged in a 1210 separate count of an information or indictment containing a 1211 count charging a violation of s. 895.03, the prosecution of 1212 which listed offense may continue independently if the 1213 prosecution of the violation of s. 895.03 is terminated for any 1214 reason; 1215 or any attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit any 1216 violation of the crimes specifically enumerated above, when any 1217

1218 such offense is occurring, or has occurred, in two or more Page 44 of 45

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1219 judicial circuits as part of a related transaction or when any 1220 such offense is connected with an organized criminal conspiracy 1221 affecting two or more judicial circuits. The statewide grand jury may return indictments and presentments irrespective of the 1222 1223 county or judicial circuit where the offense is committed or 1224 triable. If an indictment is returned, it shall be certified and 1225 transferred for trial to the county where the offense was 1226 committed. The powers and duties of, and law applicable to, 1227 county grand juries shall apply to a statewide grand jury except 1228 when such powers, duties, and law are inconsistent with the provisions of ss. 905.31-905.40. 1229

1230

Section 13. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005.

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