## Barcode 390668

## CHAMBER ACTION

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11	Senators Dockery and Law	son moved the	following amendment:
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13	Senate Amendment	(with title a	mendment)
14	On page 1, line 2	0,	
15			
16	and insert:		
17	Section 1. Part	IV of chapter	161, Florida Statutes,
18	consisting of sections 1	61.70, 161.71	, 161.72, 161.74,
19	161.75, and 161.76, is ca	reated to rea	d:
20		PART IV	
21	OCEANS AND COAS'	TAL RESOURCES	MANAGEMENT ACT
22	161.70 Short tit	leThis par	t may be cited as the
23	"Oceans and Coastal Resou	rces Act."	
24	161.71 Definition	nsAs used	in this part, the term:
25	(1) "Commission" n	means the Fis	h and Wildlife
26	Conservation Commission	created in s.	9, Art. IV of the State
27	Constitution.		
28	(2) "Council" mean	ns the Florid	a Oceans and Coastal
29	Council created by this a	act.	
30		means the Dep	artment of Environmental
31	Protection.	1	
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1	(4) "Executive director" means the Executive Director
2	of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission.
3	(5) "Oceans" means those waters from the mean
4	high-water line outward to the state's jurisdictional boundary
5	and those United States waters in which this state has an
6	<u>interest.</u>
7	(6) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Department
8	of Environmental Protection.
9	161.72 Findings and intent
10	(1) The Legislature finds that:
11	(a) The oceans and coastal resources of the United
12	States are of national importance;
13	(b) The U.S. Commission on Ocean Policy has made 212
14	recommendations and the President has responded with an Ocean
15	Action Plan to better protect and preserve our oceans;
16	(c) Florida's ocean and coastal resources contribute
17	significantly to the state economy by supporting multiple
18	beneficial uses and a wide range of economic value that
19	requires balancing of competing considerations;
20	(d) Florida's oceans and coastal resources comprise
21	habitats that support endangered and threatened species and
22	extraordinary marine biodiversity;
23	(e) The coral reefs of southeast Florida and the
24	barrier reef of the Florida Keys, the only barrier reef in the
25	United States, are a national treasure and must continue to be
26	protected;
27	(f) It is Florida's responsibility to be a national
28	leader on oceans and coastal protection;
29	(g) It is in the state's best interest to ensure the
30	productivity and health of our oceans and coastal resources;
31	(h) Florida's marine biodiversity at the species,

1	natural community, seascape, and regional levels must be
2	protected by restoring, rehabilitating, and maintaining the
3	quality and natural function of oceans and coastal resources
4	through an ecosystem-based management approach, as recommended
5	by the U.S. Commission on Ocean Policy;
6	(i) The quality of our beaches and fisheries resources
7	must be protected to ensure the public health;
8	(j) Protection must be provided to highly migratory
9	marine species, such as sea turtles and sea birds;
10	(k) Opportunities must be increased to provide natural
11	resource-based recreation and encourage responsibility and
12	stewardship through educational opportunities;
13	(1) Oceans and coastal research must be prioritized to
14	ensure coordination among researchers and managers and
15	long-term programs to observe, monitor, and assess oceans, and
16	coastal resources must be developed and implemented;
17	(m) Development of coastal areas should be both
18	economically and environmentally sustainable, and
19	inappropriate growth in ecologically fragile or hazard-prone
20	areas should be discouraged; and
21	(n) Conservation and restoration of coastal habitat
22	could be enhanced through the development of regional and
23	local goals, the institution of a program dedicated to coastal
24	and estuarine conservation, better coordination of the state's
25	activities relating to habitat, and improved research,
26	monitoring, and assessment.
27	(2) It is the intent of the Legislature to create the
28	Oceans and Coastal Resources Council to assist the state in
29	identifying new management strategies to achieve the goal of
30	maximizing the protection and conservation of ocean and
31	coastal resources while recognizing their economic benefits.

1	(3) It is further the intent of the Legislature that
2	the council shall encourage and support the development of
3	creative public-private partnerships, pursue opportunities to
4	leverage funds, and work in coordination with federal agencies
5	and programs to maximize opportunities for the state's receipt
6	of federal funds.
7	161.73 Composition The Florida Oceans and Coastal
8	Council is created within the Department of Environmental
9	Protection and shall consist of 18 members. The secretary, the
10	executive director, and the commissioner of the Department of
11	Agriculture and Consumer Services, or their designees, shall
12	serve as ex-officio members of the council. The council shall
13	be jointly chaired by the secretary and the executive
14	director. The 15 voting members of the council shall be
15	appointed, within 60 days after this act becomes law, in the
16	following manner:
17	(1) Five members shall be appointed by the Secretary
18	of the Department of Environmental Protection which will be
19	comprised of one scientist specializing in each of the
20	following fields: wetlands and watersheds; nearshore waters or
21	estuaries; offshore waters or open oceans; hydrology and
22	aquatic systems; and coastal geology or coastal erosion and
23	shorelines.
24	(2) Five members shall be appointed by the Executive
25	Director of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission
26	which will be comprised of one scientist specializing in each
27	of the following fields: resource management; wildlife
28	habitat management; fishery habitat management; coastal and
29	pelagic birdlife; and marine biotechnology.
30	(3) Five members shall be appointed by the
31	Commissioner of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer

Services. These appointments shall be selected from a list of
at least eight individuals submitted to the commissioner by
the Florida Ocean Alliance. The individuals selected by the
Florida Ocean Alliance shall be chosen from the following
disciplines or groups: sportsfishing; ports; cruise industry;
energy industry; ecotourism; private marine research
institutes; universities; aquaculture; maritime law;
commercial fisheries; socioeconomics; marine science
education; and environmental groups.
(4) Appointments made by the secretary and executive
director shall be to terms of 4 years each. Appointments made
by the Commissioner of the Department of Agriculture and
Consumer Services shall be to terms of 2 years. Members shall
serve until their successors are appointed. Vacancies shall be
filled in the manner of the original appointment for the
remainder of the term that is vacated.
(5) Members shall serve without compensation, but are
entitled to reimbursement of travel and per diem expenses
pursuant to s. 112.061, relating to completing their duties
and responsibilities.
161.74 Responsibilities
(1) RESEARCH REVIEW Prior to the development of the
research plan the council shall review and compile the
existing, ongoing, and planned ocean and coastal research and
monitoring activities relevant to this state. Included in this
review shall be the "Florida's Ocean Strategies Final Report
to the Governor" by the Florida Governor's Oceans Committee
dated June 1999. To aid the council in fulfilling this
requirement, all public agencies must submit the information
requested by the council, and private research institutes are
encouraged to submit relevant information to the maximum

1	extent practicable. Upon receiving the information required by
2	this subsection, the council shall develop a library to serve
3	as a repository of information for use by those involved in
4	ocean and coastal research. The council shall develop an
5	index of this information to assist researchers in accessing
6	the information.
7	(2) RESEARCH PLAN The council must complete a
8	Florida Oceans and Coastal Scientific Research Plan which
9	shall be used by the Legislature in making funding decisions.
10	The plan must recommend priorities for scientific research
11	projects. The plan must be submitted to the President of the
12	Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by
13	January 15, 2006. Thereafter, annual updates to the plan must
14	be submitted to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of
15	the House of Representatives by February 1 of each year. The
16	research projects contained in the plan must meet at least one
17	of the following objectives:
18	(a) Exploring opportunities to improve coastal
19	ecosystem functioning and health through watershed approaches
20	to managing freshwater and improving water quality.
21	(b) Evaluating current habitat conservation, restoring
22	and maintaining programs, and recommending improvements in the
23	areas of research, monitoring and assessment.
24	(c) Promoting marine biomedical or biotechnology
25	research and product discovery and development to enhance
26	Florida's opportunity to maximize the beneficial uses of
27	marine-derived bioproducts and reduce negative health impacts
28	of marine organisms.
29	(d) Creating consensus and strategies on how Florida
30	can contribute to sustainable management of ocean wildlife and
31	<u>habitat.</u>

1	(e) Documenting through examination of existing and
2	new research the impact of marine and coastal debris and
3	current best practices to reduce debris.
4	(f) Providing methods to achieve sustainable fisheries
5	through better science, governance, stock enhancements and
6	consideration of habitat and secondary impacts such as
7	bycatch.
8	(g) Documenting gaps in current protection strategies
9	for marine mammals.
10	(h) Promoting research and new methods to preserve and
11	restore coral reefs and other coral communities.
12	(i) Achieving sustainable marine aquaculture.
13	(j) Reviewing existing and ongoing studies on
14	preventing and responding to the spread of invasive and
15	nonnative marine and estuarine species.
16	(k) Exploring ocean-based renewable energy
17	technologies and climate change-related impacts to Florida's
18	coastal area.
19	(1) Enhancing science education opportunities such as
20	virtual marine technology centers.
21	(m) Sustaining abundant birdlife and encouraging the
22	recreational and economic benefits associated with ocean and
23	coastal wildlife observation and photography.
24	(n) Developing a statewide analysis of the economic
25	value associated with ocean and coastal resources, developing
26	economic baseline data, methodologies, and consistent measures
27	of oceans and coastal resource economic activity and value,
28	and developing reports that educate Floridians, the National
29	Ocean Policy Commission, local, state, and federal agencies
30	and others on the importance of ocean and coastal resources.
31	(3) RESOURCE ASSESSMENTBy December 1, 2006, the

1	council shall prepare a comprehensive oceans and coastal
2	resource assessment that shall serve as a baseline of
3	information to be used in assisting in its research plan. The
4	resource assessment must include:
5	(a) Patterns of use of oceans and coastal resources;
6	(b) Natural resource features, including, but not
7	limited to, habitat, bathymetry, surficial geology,
8	circulation, and tidal currents;
9	(c) The location of current and proposed oceans and
10	coastal research and monitoring infrastructure;
11	(d) Industrial, commercial, coastal observing system,
12	ships, subs, and recreational transit patterns; and
13	(e) Socioeconomic trends of the state's oceans and
14	coastal resources and oceans and coastal economy.
15	161.75 Rulemaking authorityThe department and the
16	commission may adopt rules, pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and
17	120.54, to administer this part.
18	161.76 Preservation of authorityThis part does not
19	restrict or limit the authority otherwise granted to the
20	commission, or other state agencies by law.
21	Section 2. In order to protect, conserve, and restore
22	declining recreational fisheries, stimulate economic growth,
23	and help meet the state's seafood needs, the council created
24	in section 161.73, Florida Statutes, shall, as a pilot project
25	to demonstrate the feasibility of collaborative research
26	efforts, direct research by two or more marine science
27	research entities to evaluate the potential for inland,
28	recirculating, and aquaculture technology to produce marine
29	species and to implement new marine stock enhancement
30	initiatives. This project shall be designed to expand new
31	aquaculture and marine stock enhancement technology to include

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additional species and evaluate the potential to successfully enhance those marine stocks. The council shall present to the 2 Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the 3 House of Representatives the results of this research project by February 1, 2007. 5 6 7 (Redesignate subsequent sections.) 8 9 ======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= 10 11 And the title is amended as follows: On page 1, lines 2 through 17, delete those lines 12 13 and insert: 14 15 An act relating to natural resources; creating part IV of ch. 161, F.S., consisting of ss. 16 161.70, 161.71, 161.72, 161.73, 161.74, 161.75, 17 and 161.76, F.S.; providing definitions; 18 19 providing findings and intent; requiring that 20 the Department of Environmental Protection, the 21 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, and 22 the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to establish the Florida Oceans and 23 2.4 Coastal Council; providing for membership of the council; providing for the Secretary of 25 Environmental Protection and the executive 26 director of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation 27 Commission to jointly chair the council; 28 29 providing responsibilities of the council; 30 requiring that the council undertake a research 31 review; providing for content and access to the

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1 review; requiring the council to prepare a research plan that recommends research 2 priorities; providing for annual updates of the 3 4 plan; providing for distribution of the plan to the Legislature; prepare an oceans and coastal 5 б resource assessment; providing for contents of 7 the assessment; requiring the council to establish objectives for research projects; 8 9 providing for a pilot project; authorizing 10 rulemaking by the Department of Environmental 11 Protection and the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission; preserving authority 12 otherwise granted to the commission and state 13 agencies; amending s. 376.121, F.S.; providing 14 15 an alternative to the compensation schedule for 16 calculating natural resources damages; revising procedures relating to damage assessment; 17 18 removing a restriction on amount of 19 compensation; amending s. 380.06, F.S.; 20 revising factors for determining a substantial 21 deviation in developments of regional impact; 22 amending s. 380.23, F.S.; revising the federally licensed or permitted activities 23 2.4 subject to consistency review under the coastal management program; requiring certain 25 environmental impact reports to be data and 26 information for the state's consistency 27 reviews; providing an effective date. 28 29 30 WHEREAS, Florida's coastline is the second longest coastline of the fifty states, and

1	WHEREAS, the oceans and coastal resources of the state
2	are held in trust for the people of the state and should be
3	protected and managed for the benefit of current and future
4	generations, and
5	WHEREAS, it is imperative for the state, regional, and
6	local governments, academic and environmental communities, and
7	agricultural and fishery interests to commit to working
8	together to manage, rehabilitate, and protect Florida's oceans
9	and coastal resources, NOW, THEREFORE,
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