	Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)
	CHAMBER ACTION
	<u>Senate</u> <u>House</u>
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1	Representative Joyner offered the following:
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3	Substitute Amendment for Amendment (336809) (with title
4	amendment)
5	Remove lines 37-39 and insert:
б	Section 2. Effective July 1, 2005, section 925.11, Florida
7	Statutes, is amended to read:
8	925.11 Postsentencing DNA testing
9	(1) Petition for examination
10	(a) A person who <u>is under a sentence of imprisonment or</u>
11	death has been tried and found guilty of committing a crime and
12	has been sentenced by a court established by the laws of this
13	state may petition <u>the</u> that court to order the examination of
14	physical evidence collected at the time of the investigation of
15	the crime for which he or she has been sentenced <u>that</u> which may
	326283

Bill No. HB 1867

Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)

16 contain DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid) and which would exonerate 17 that person or mitigate the sentence that person received.

18 (b) Except as provided in subparagraph 2., a petition for 19 postsentencing DNA testing may be filed or considered:

1. Within 4 years following the date that the judgment and 20 sentence in the case becomes final if no direct appeal is taken, 21 22 within 4 years following the date that the conviction is affirmed on direct appeal if an appeal is taken, within 4 years 23 2.4 following the date that collateral counsel is appointed or 25 retained subsequent to the conviction being affirmed on direct 26 appeal in a capital case, or by October 1, 2005, whichever 27 occurs later; or

28 2. At any time if the facts on which the petition is 29 predicated were unknown to the petitioner or the petitioner's 30 attorney and could not have been ascertained by the exercise of 31 due diligence.

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(2) Method for seeking postsentencing DNA testing .--

33 (a) The petition for postsentencing DNA testing must be
34 made under oath by the sentenced defendant and must include the
35 following:

36 1. A statement of the facts relied on in support of the 37 petition, including a description of the physical evidence 38 containing DNA to be tested and, if known, the present location 39 or the last known location of the evidence and how it was 40 originally obtained.÷

41 2. A statement that the evidence was not previously tested42 for DNA or a statement that the sentenced defendant is

326283

Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)

43 requesting DNA testing using a new method or technology that is 44 substantially more probative than the prior DNA testing. the 45 results of any previous DNA testing were inconclusive and that 46 subsequent scientific developments in DNA testing techniques 47 would likely produce a definitive result;

48 3. A statement that the sentenced defendant is innocent 49 and how the DNA testing requested by the petition will exonerate 50 the defendant of the crime for which the defendant was sentenced 51 or will mitigate the sentence received by the defendant for that 52 crime. \div

4. <u>If a trial was conducted</u>, a statement that
identification of the defendant <u>was</u> is a genuinely disputed
issue in the <u>trial</u>. case, and why it is an issue;

56

5. Any other facts relevant to the petition.; and

57 6. A certificate that a copy of the petition has been58 served on the prosecuting authority.

(b) Upon receiving the petition, the clerk of the courtshall file it and deliver the court file to the assigned judge.

(c) The court shall review the petition and deny it if it is insufficient. If the petition is sufficient, the prosecuting authority shall be ordered to respond to the petition within 30 days. <u>The court shall direct the prosecuting authority to take</u> <u>measures and notify all relevant entities to preserve the</u> <u>specific evidence relating to a petition under subsection (1).</u>

67 68 (d) Upon receiving the response of the prosecuting authority, the court shall review the response and enter an

326283

Bill No. HB 1867

Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)

69 order on the merits of the petition or set the petition for 70 hearing.

(e) Counsel may be appointed to assist the sentenced defendant if the petition proceeds to a hearing and if the court determines that the assistance of counsel is necessary and makes the requisite finding of indigency.

75 (f) The court shall make the following findings when 76 ruling on the petition:

771. Whether the sentenced defendant has shown that the78physical evidence that may contain DNA still exists.

79 2. Whether the results of DNA testing of that physical 80 evidence would be admissible at trial and whether there exists 81 reliable proof to establish that the evidence has not been 82 materially altered and would be admissible at a future hearing.÷ 83 and

3. Whether there is a reasonable probability that the sentenced defendant would have been acquitted or would have received a lesser sentence if the DNA evidence had been admitted at trial.

(g) If the court orders DNA testing of the physical evidence, the cost of such testing may be assessed against the sentenced defendant unless he or she is indigent. If the sentenced defendant is indigent, the state shall bear the cost of the DNA testing ordered by the court.

93 (h) Any DNA testing ordered by the court shall be carried
94 out by the Department of Law Enforcement or its designee, as
95 provided in s. 943.3251.

326283

Bill No. HB 1867

Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)

96 (i) The results of the DNA testing ordered by the court
97 shall be provided to the court, the sentenced defendant, and the
98 prosecuting authority. <u>The prosecuting authority shall enter any</u>
99 <u>DNA profile found into the National DNA Index System. If the DNA</u>
100 <u>test results exclude the petitioner, then the petitioner's DNA</u>
101 <u>reference sample must be destroyed.</u>

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(3) Right to appeal; rehearing. --

(a) An appeal from the court's order on the petition for
postsentencing DNA testing may be taken by any adversely
affected party.

106 (b) An order denying relief shall include a statement that
107 the sentenced defendant has the right to appeal within 30 days
108 after the order denying relief is entered.

(c) The sentenced defendant may file a motion for rehearing of any order denying relief within 15 days after service of the order denying relief. The time for filing an appeal shall be tolled until an order on the motion for rehearing has been entered.

(d) The clerk of the court shall serve on all parties a copy of any order rendered with a certificate of service, including the date of service.

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(4) Preservation of evidence.--

(a) Governmental entities that may be in possession of any
physical evidence in the case, including, but not limited to,
any investigating law enforcement agency, the clerk of the
court, the prosecuting authority, or the Department of Law
Enforcement shall maintain any physical evidence collected at

326283

Bill No. HB 1867

Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)

123 the time of the crime for which a postsentencing testing of DNA 124 may be requested.

(b) Except for a case in which the death penalty is imposed, the evidence shall be maintained for at least the period of time <u>a person is incarcerated for the crime in</u> <u>connection with which the evidence was collected</u> set forth in subparagraph (1)(b)1. In a case in which the death penalty is imposed, the evidence shall be maintained for 60 days after execution of the sentence.

(c) A governmental entity may dispose of the physical evidence before the expiration of the period of time set forth in paragraph (1)(b) if all of the conditions set forth below are met:

136 <u>1. The evidence must be returned to its rightful owner or</u>
 137 <u>is of such a size, bulk, or physical character as to render</u>
 138 <u>retention impracticable</u>.

139 <u>2. The governmental entity takes reasonable measures to</u>
 140 remove and preserve portions of the material evidence sufficient
 141 to permit future DNA testing.

142 <u>3.1.</u> The governmental entity notifies all of the following 143 individuals of its intent to dispose of the evidence: the 144 sentenced defendant, any counsel of record, the prosecuting 145 authority, and the Attorney General.

146 <u>4.2.</u> The notifying entity does not receive, within <u>180</u> 90 147 days after sending the notification, either a copy of a petition 148 for postsentencing DNA testing filed pursuant to this section or 149 a request that the evidence not be destroyed because the

326283

Bill No. HB 1867

Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) 150 sentenced defendant will be filing the petition before the time for filing it has expired. 151 5.3. No other provision of law or rule requires that the 152 153 physical evidence be preserved or retained. (5) DNA identification of missing persons.--Each 154 155 governmental entity in possession of any physical evidence in 156 the case of a missing person or unidentified human remains shall 157 be required to submit the DNA profiles obtained from the 158 evidence to the National Missing Persons DNA Database of the 159 Federal Bureau of Investigation. 160 (6) System for reporting petitions.--(a) The Attorney General shall establish a system for 161 reporting and tracking petitions filed in accordance with this 162 163 section. (b) In operating the system established under paragraph 164 (a), the state courts shall provide to the Attorney General any 165 requested assistance in operating such a system and in ensuring 166 167 the accuracy and completeness of information included in that 168 system. (c) Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of 169 170 this act, the Attorney General shall submit a report to the 171 Legislature that lists each petition filed under this section 172 and the following information about each petition: 173 1. Whether DNA testing was ordered. 174 2. Whether the applicant obtained relief on the basis of 175 DNA test results.

326283

Bill No. HB 1867

	Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)
176	3. Whether further proceedings occurred following a
177	granting of relief and the outcome of such proceedings.
178	Section 3. Effective July 1, 2005, section 925.12, Florida
179	Statutes, is created to read:
180	925.12 Florida Commission on Innocence
181	(1) As used in this section, the term "exoneration"
182	includes any case in which:
183	(a) The courts of this state or the Board of Executive
184	Clemency have made a postconviction determination of actual
185	innocence;
186	(b) Postconviction DNA testing has led to a conviction
187	being vacated, an indictment being dismissed, or an acquittal
188	upon retrial;
189	(c) A conviction has been reversed and vacated, an
190	indictment dismissed, or a defendant was subsequently acquitted
191	based on new evidence of innocence or other constitutional
192	violation that calls into question the integrity of the judicial
193	process; or
194	(d) Any other postconviction vacation of conviction or
195	dismissal of indictment that the Florida Commission on Innocence
196	feels is appropriate to investigate.
197	(2)(a) The Florida Commission on Innocence is hereby
198	created.
199	(b) The commission shall be composed of 12 members. The
200	Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall appoint one member, who
201	will be the commission's presiding officer. The presiding
202	officer shall appoint two members of the general public who do
	326283

	Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)
203	not have any legal, law enforcement, criminal justice, or
204	forensic science background from a pool of applications
205	submitted by members of the general public. The presiding
206	officer shall also appoint two members of the academic
207	community, one specializing in criminal justice and one
208	specializing in forensic science. One member shall be appointed
209	by the Florida Public Defenders Association. One member shall be
210	appointed by the Florida Prosecuting Attorneys Association. The
211	Criminal Courts Steering Committee shall appoint one member, who
212	shall have experience in the judiciary or be a certified court
213	mediator or arbitrator. One member shall be appointed by The
214	Florida Bar. One member shall be appointed by the Governor. One
215	member shall be appointed by the chair of the Democratic Caucus
216	of the House of Representatives. One member shall be appointed
217	by the chair of the Republican Caucus of the House of
218	Representatives.
219	(c) Each member shall serve a 2-year term.
220	(3)(a) The commission shall thoroughly investigate:
221	1. All postconviction exonerations, including convictions
222	vacated based on a plea to time served, to:
223	a. Ascertain what errors or defects, if any, occurred in
224	the investigation, prosecution, defense, or judicial
225	administration of the case that led to the wrongful conviction.
226	b. Identify errors and defects in the criminal justice
227	process in the state generally.
228	c. Develop solutions to correct the identified errors and
229	defects.
	206002

326283

	Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)
230	d. Identify procedures and programs to prevent future
231	wrongful convictions.
232	2. Any colorable allegations that an innocent person has
233	been executed.
234	(b) The commission shall determine meeting frequency,
235	place, and protocol, except that the commission shall not meet
236	less than once per quarter.
237	(c) The commission may enter contracts for research
238	services it considers necessary to complete the investigation of
239	a particular case, including forensic testing and autopsies.
240	(d) The commission may administer oaths and issue
241	subpoenas signed by the presiding officer to compel the
242	production of documents and attendance of witnesses considered
243	necessary to an investigation. A commission subpoena shall be
244	served as provided in s. 48.031. On application of the
245	commission, a circuit court shall compel compliance with a
246	subpoena in the same manner as for circuit court subpoenas.
247	(4)(a) The commission shall compile a detained annual
248	report of its findings and recommendations, including any
249	proposed legislation to implement procedures and programs to
250	prevent future wrongful convictions, and present the report to
251	the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, the chair of the
252	Democratic Caucus of the House of Representatives, and the chair
253	of the Republican Caucus of the House of Representatives.
254	(b) The report shall be available to the public upon
255	request.

326283

Bill No. HB 1867

	Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)
256	(c) The findings and recommendations contained in the
257	report may not be used as evidence in any subsequent civil or
258	criminal proceeding.
259	(d) Not later than the 60th day after the date of receipt
260	of the report required by this subsection, the Chief Justice of
261	the Supreme Court, the chair of the Democratic Caucus of the
262	House of Representatives, and the chair of the Republican Caucus
263	of the House of Representatives, singly or jointly, shall
264	respond to the commission in writing concerning the findings and
265	recommendations in the report.
266	(e) The report and the responses may be used by the
267	commission to request appropriate legislation or court rule as
268	required.
269	(5)(a) The commission shall receive an annual
270	appropriation to cover copying, mailing, and meeting expenses;
271	expert travel expenses and consulting fees; and contractor
272	services for administrative or research needs.
273	(b) Commission members shall donate their time, energy,
274	and expertise. Expenses for per diem and travel by commission
275	members may be reimbursed as provided in s. 112.061.
276	(6) The initial appointments to the commission shall be
277	made no later than 60 days after the effective date of this
278	section.
279	Section 4. Except as otherwise provided herein, this act
280	shall take effect upon becoming a law. The repeal of Rule 3.203,
281	Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure, in this act shall take
	326283

Amendment No. (for drafter's use only) 282 effect only if this act is enacted by a two-thirds vote of the 283 membership of each house of the Legislature.

288 An act relating to criminal law; repealing Rule 3.203, 289 Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure, relating to 290 imposition of the death penalty; amending s. 925.11, F.S.; revising requirements for petitions for examination of 291 292 evidence and postconviction DNA testing; requiring entry 293 of DNA profile information into a national DNA index 294 system; revising requirements for retention of DNA 295 evidence; providing additional requirements for disposal 296 of physical evidence; providing for DNA identification of 297 missing persons; requiring a system for reporting and 298 tracking specified motions; requiring a report; creating 299 s. 925.12, F.S.; creating the Florida Commission on 300 Innocence; defining the term "exoneration"; providing 301 membership; providing terms of office; providing powers 302 and duties; providing for a report and responses; 303 providing for an annual appropriation to cover expenses; 304 providing a deadline for initial appointments; providing effective dates. 305

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326283