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A bill to be entitled An act relating to child support; amending s. 61.13, F.S.; providing for a civil penalty, costs, and attorney's fees against an employer, union, or plan administrator for failing to enroll a child in health care coverage; providing for enforcement by the Department of Revenue; amending s. 61.1301, F.S.; requiring the repayment of a support delinquency through an additional income deduction; requiring an obligor contesting an income deduction order rendered by the Title IV-D agency to file the petition with the Title IV-D agency; requiring the Department of Revenue to provide payors with Internet access to income deduction and national medical support notices issued on or 16 after a specified date; amending s. 61.13016, F.S.; providing for suspension of a driver's license to enforce compliance with an order to appear for genetic testing; amending s. 61.1354, F.S.; requiring the Department of Revenue to report to consumer reporting agencies the amount of overdue support owed by an obligor and the amount of the obligor's support obligation when the overdue support is paid; amending s. 61.14, F.S.; authorizing a 26 circuit court to order an obligor to seek employment, engage in employment activities, and to inform the court and the Department of 29 Revenue of the employment activities; providing that an obligor may be in contempt of court for

1 failing to comply with work-related activities; 2 providing for recovery of support arrearages 3 from workers' compensation lump-sum 4 settlements; requiring the Office of Judges of 5 Compensation Claims to adopt procedural rules; 6 requiring local depositories to provide the 7 Department of Revenue with certain information each month using electronic means; amending s. 8 9 61.1814, F.S.; providing that certain specified 10 fines be deposited in the Child Support Enforcement Application and Program Revenue 11 12 Trust Fund; amending s. 61.1824, F.S.; 13 requiring the State Disbursement Unit, to the extent feasible, to provide for electronic 14 disbursement of support payments to obligees; 15 requiring certain employers to electronically 16 17 remit support payments to the State 18 Disbursement Unit by a specified date; authorizing the department to issue waivers; 19 20 amending s. 120.80, F.S.; providing for entry 21 of final orders by the Division of 22 Administrative Hearings in proceedings to 23 establish paternity or paternity and child support; providing for the right to immediate 2.4 judicial review to contest an administrative 25 order for genetic testing; providing for 26 27 judicial enforcement of agency final orders; 2.8 providing for venue of administrative hearings in paternity proceedings and determinations of 29 noncovered medical expenses; amending s. 30 322.142, F.S.; authorizing the Department of 31

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Revenue to obtain digital photographs and signatures from the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles for use in establishing paternity and establishing, modifying, or enforcing support obligations; amending s. 382.013, F.S.; requiring the Department of Health to amend a child's birth certificate when paternity is established by the Department of Revenue; amending s. 382.015, F.S.; requiring the clerk of the circuit court to ensure that all judicial determinations of paternity are reported to the Department of Health; requiring the Department of Health to monitor compliance and report data to the clerks of the circuit court; amending s. 382.016, F.S.; providing for the Department of Health not to seal birth certificates and related papers when a father is listed under an acknowledgment of paternity; requiring the Department of Health to amend the birth certificate of a child born in this state but whose paternity is established in another state; providing for an exception; requiring the Department of Revenue and other specified organizations to study the feasibility and report on the filing of birth certificates and other documents by electronic means with the Department of Health; amending s. 395.003, F.S.; requiring a hospital that provides birthing services to affirm as part of its application for a new, provisional, or renewal

1 license that the hospital will comply with 2 assisting unmarried parents who request assistance in executing a voluntary 3 4 acknowledgment of paternity; amending s. 5 409.2557, F.S.; authorizing the Department of 6 Revenue to adopt rules relating to 7 administrative proceedings to establish 8 paternity, paternity and child support orders, 9 and orders to appear for genetic testing; 10 amending s. 409.2558, F.S.; requiring the Department of Revenue to make reasonable 11 12 efforts to locate persons to whom collections 13 or refunds are owed; providing for location efforts to include disclosure through a 14 searchable Internet database using appropriate 15 privacy safeguards; creating s. 409.256, F.S.; 16 17 defining terms relating to administrative 18 procedures to establish paternity and support orders; authorizing the Department of Revenue 19 to establish administrative procedures to 20 21 determine paternity using the results of 22 genetic testing; providing for notice, an 23 opportunity for an administrative hearing, and the right to judicial review; authorizing the 2.4 Department of Revenue to combine a paternity 25 proceeding with an administrative proceeding to 26 27 establish a child support order; providing for 2.8 administrative orders to order a person to 29 appear for genetic testing; providing for the 30 right to contest the order to appear; providing for the scheduling of genetic testing and for 31

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the rescheduling of the test for a claim of good cause; providing specified sanctions for failing or refusing to submit to genetic testing; providing for a presumption of paternity based on genetic testing results; providing for admissibility of genetic testing results at administrative hearings; providing for administrative hearings to be conducted by the Division of Administrative Hearings; providing that a final order issued by an administrative law judge constitutes final agency action by the Department of Revenue; providing that a final order establishing paternity has the same effect as a judgment entered by a court; requiring a respondent to notify the Department of Revenue of changes of address; providing that subsequent notice by mail is deemed to have been received; providing that the administrative procedures are a supplemental remedy; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt rules; amending s. 409.2561, F.S.; providing that no obligation of support is incurred by a recipient of supplemental security income or temporary cash assistance for the benefit of a dependent child; amending s. 409.2563, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Revenue to establish an administrative support order when paternity is determined by administrative procedures; creating s. 409.25635, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Revenue to determine in Title

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IV-D cases the amount owed by an obligor for noncovered medical expenses; defining the term "noncovered medical expenses"; providing for notice, an opportunity for an administrative hearing, and the right to judicial review; requiring the obligee to prepare a written declaration under penalty of perjury documenting the claim; requiring the Department of Revenue to provide specified information in the notice to proceed; authorizing the Department of Revenue to collect noncovered medical expenses by using the same remedies available for the collection of support; providing that the administrative procedure is a supplemental remedy; providing for the Department of Revenue to adopt rules; amending s. 409.2564, F.S.; requiring that the amount of retroactive support permanently assigned to the state be reduced by a specified percentage when the obligor and the department agree to a support order; amending s. 409.25645, F.S.; requiring a correctional facility to assist a putative father to comply with an administrative order for genetic testing; providing that an administrative order for genetic testing has the same force and effect as a court order; amending s. 409.2567, F.S.; requiring the Department of Revenue to waive the federal application fee and pay the fee for certain applicants; providing for the Department of Revenue to seek a federal waiver

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from the requirement that an individual apply for Title IV-D services; providing for the department to adopt rules if a waiver is granted and begin providing Title IV-D services if support payments are not paid as ordered unless the individual elects not to receive services after notice; amending s. 409.259, F.S.; requesting the Supreme Court and others to work cooperatively to implement electronic filing of pleadings and other documents by a specified date; amending s. 409.2598, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Revenue to commence a proceeding to suspend an obligor's occupational, business, trade, professional, or recreational license for noncompliance with a support order; providing for notice by regular mail and an opportunity to contest the suspension of the license in circuit court; providing grounds for contesting the proposed suspension; providing for a stay of the suspension proceedings under certain circumstances; providing for a written agreement with the Department of Revenue to avoid suspension of the license; requiring the Department of Revenue to issue a reinstatement notice if the obligor complies with the support order; providing for the suspension of the license under certain circumstances; providing for reinstatement of the license of the obligor after receiving a court order; authorizing the use of the license-suspension proceedings to

1 enforce subpoenas, orders to appear, or similar 2 orders; providing for a combined proceeding to 3 suspend an occupational license and a driver's 4 license; authorizing the Department of Revenue 5 to adopt rules; amending s. 409.821, F.S.; 6 requiring the Agency for Health Care 7 Administration to disclose information 8 identifying Florida Kidcare applicants or enrollees to the Department of Revenue for 9 10 purposes of administering the state's Title IV-D program; amending s. 414.065, F.S.; 11 12 authorizing a court to order a noncustodial 13 parent who is delinquent under the terms of a support order to participate in work 14 activities; amending s. 443.051, F.S.; defining 15 the terms "support obligations" and "support 16 17 order"; requiring the Agency for Workforce Innovation to deduct and withhold a specified 18 percentage of the unemployment compensation 19 20 otherwise payable to an individual; providing 21 for the Department of Revenue to promptly 22 refund any excess deduction to the obligor; 23 providing that the Agency for Workforce Innovation deduct and withhold support 2.4 according to the terms of the support order as 25 disclosed by the Department of Revenue; 26 27 amending s. 455.203, F.S.; deleting provisions 2.8 requiring the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to screen license 29 applicants for compliance with support 30 obligations; amending s. 742.10, F.S.; 31

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providing that when paternity is adjudicated by the Department of Revenue, the adjudication constitutes the establishment of paternity for purposes of ch. 742, F.S.; amending s. 760.40, F.S.; requiring that DNA testing be conducted only with the informed consent of the person tested, with the exception of genetic testing in paternity cases; authorizing disclosure of test results for genetic testing in paternity cases; amending s. 827.06, F.S.; deleting provisions that require exhaustion of civil remedies and other provisions relating to the criminal prosecution for nonsupport; providing for the state attorneys, the Florida Prosecuting Attorneys Association, and the Department of Revenue to identify strategies for pursuing criminal prosecution in appropriate cases; requiring the collaborating group to file a joint report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by a specified date; reenacting s. 61.30(8), F.S., relating to health insurance costs in the child support guidelines, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 61.13, F.S., in a reference thereto; repealing ss. 61.13(1)(e) and 409.2564(7), F.S., relating to a judicial circuit with a work experience and job training pilot project; providing effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Effective October 1, 2005, paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 61.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 61.13 Custody and support of children; visitation rights; power of court in making orders.--
- (b) Each order for support shall contain a provision for health care coverage for the minor child when the coverage is reasonably available. Coverage is reasonably available if either the obligor or obligee has access at a reasonable rate to a group health plan. The court may require the obligor either to provide health care coverage or to reimburse the obligee for the cost of health care coverage for the minor child when coverage is provided by the obligee. In either event, the court shall apportion the cost of coverage, and any noncovered medical, dental, and prescription medication expenses of the child, to both parties by adding the cost to the basic obligation determined under pursuant to s. 61.30(6). The court may order that payment of uncovered medical, dental, and prescription medication expenses of the minor child be made directly to the obligee on a percentage basis.
- 1. In a non-Title IV-D case, a copy of the court order for health care coverage shall be served on the obligor's union or employer by the obligee when the following conditions are met:
- a. The obligor fails to provide written proof to the obligee within 30 days after receiving effective notice of the court order, that the health care coverage has been obtained or that application for coverage has been made;
- b. The obligee serves written notice of intent to enforce an order for health care coverage on the obligor by mail at the obligor's last known address; and

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- c. The obligor fails within 15 days after the mailing of the notice to provide written proof to the obligee that the health care coverage existed as of the date of mailing.
- 2.a. A support order enforced under Title IV-D of the 4 5 Social Security Act which requires that the obligor provide health care coverage is enforceable by the department through the use of the national medical support notice, and an 8 amendment to the support order is not required. The department shall transfer the national medical support notice to the 9 10 obligor's union or employer. The department shall notify the obligor in writing that the notice has been sent to the 11 12 obligor's union or employer, and the written notification must 13 include the obligor's rights and duties under the national medical support notice. The obligor may contest the 14 withholding required by the national medical support notice 15 based on a mistake of fact. To contest the withholding, the 16 obligor must file a written notice of contest with the 18 department within 15 business days after the date the obligor receives written notification of the national medical support 19 notice from the department. Filing with the department is 20 21 complete when the notice is received by the person designated 22 by the department in the written notification. The notice of 23 contest must be in the form prescribed by the department. Upon the timely filing of a notice of contest, the department 2.4 shall, within 5 business days, schedule an informal conference 25 with the obligor to discuss the obligor's factual dispute. If 26 27 the informal conference resolves the dispute to the obligor's satisfaction or if the obligor fails to attend the informal conference, the notice of contest is deemed withdrawn. If the 29 informal conference does not resolve the dispute, the obligor 30 may request an administrative hearing under chapter 120 within

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- 5 business days after the termination of the informal
 conference, in a form and manner prescribed by the department.

 However, the filing of a notice of contest by the obligor does
 not delay the withholding of premium payments by the union,
 employer, or health plan administrator. The union, employer,
 or health plan administrator must implement the withholding as
 directed by the national medical support notice unless
 notified by the department that the national medical support
 notice is terminated.
 - b. In a Title IV-D case, the department shall notify an obligor's union or employer if the obligation to provide health care coverage through that union or employer is terminated.
 - 3. In a non-Title IV-D case, upon receipt of the order under pursuant to subparagraph 1., or upon application of the obligor under pursuant to the order, the union or employer shall enroll the minor child as a beneficiary in the group health plan regardless of any restrictions on the enrollment period and withhold any required premium from the obligor's income. If more than one plan is offered by the union or employer, the child shall be enrolled in the group health plan in which the obligor is enrolled.
 - 4.a. Upon receipt of the national medical support notice under subparagraph 2. in a Title IV-D case, the union or employer shall transfer the notice to the appropriate group health plan administrator within 20 business days after the date on the notice. The plan administrator must enroll the child as a beneficiary in the group health plan regardless of any restrictions on the enrollment period, and the union or employer must withhold any required premium from the obligor's income upon notification by the plan administrator that the

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child is enrolled. The child shall be enrolled in the group health plan in which the obligor is enrolled. If the group health plan in which the obligor is enrolled is not available where the child resides or if the obligor is not enrolled in group coverage, the child shall be enrolled in the lowest cost group health plan that is available where the child resides.

- b. If health care coverage or the obligor's employment is terminated in a Title IV-D case, the union or employer that is withholding premiums for health care coverage under a national medical support notice must notify the department within 20 days after the termination and provide the obligor's last known address and the name and address of the obligor's new employer, if known.
- 5.a. The amount withheld by a union or employer in compliance with a support order may not exceed the amount allowed under s. 303(b) of the Consumer Credit Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. s. 1673(b), as amended. The union or employer shall withhold the maximum allowed by the Consumer Credit Protection Act in the following order:
 - (I) Current support, as ordered.
- (II) Premium payments for health care coverage, as ordered.
 - (III) Past due support, as ordered.
 - (IV) Other medical support or coverage, as ordered.
- b. If the combined amount to be withheld for current support plus the premium payment for health care coverage exceed the amount allowed under the Consumer Credit Protection Act, and the health care coverage cannot be obtained unless the full amount of the premium is paid, the union or employer may not withhold the premium payment. However, the union or

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employer shall withhold the maximum allowed in the following
order:

- (I) Current support, as ordered.
- (II) Past due support, as ordered.
- (III) Other medical support or coverage, as ordered.
- 6. An employer, union, or plan administrator who does not comply with the requirements in sub-subparagraph 4.a. is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$250 for the first violation and \$500 for subsequent violations, plus costs and attorney's fees. The department may file a petition in circuit court to enforce the requirements of this subparagraph.
- 7.6. The Department of Revenue may adopt rules to administer the child support enforcement provisions of this section that which affect Title IV-D cases.
- Section 2. Effective July 1, 2006, paragraphs (b) and (f) of subsection (1) and subsection (3) of section 61.1301, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (5) is added to that section, to read:
 - 61.1301 Income deduction orders.--
- (1) ISSUANCE IN CONJUNCTION WITH AN ORDER
 ESTABLISHING, ENFORCING, OR MODIFYING AN OBLIGATION FOR
 ALIMONY OR CHILD SUPPORT.--
 - (b) The income deduction order shall:
- 1. Direct a payor to deduct from all income due and payable to an obligor the amount required by the court to meet the obligor's support obligation including any attorney's fees or costs owed and forward the deducted amount pursuant to the order.
- 29 2. State the amount of arrearage owed, if any, and
 30 direct a payor to withhold an additional 20 percent or more of
 31 the periodic amount specified in the order establishing,

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enforcing, or modifying the obligation, until full payment is made of any arrearage, attorney's fees and costs owed, provided no deduction shall be applied to attorney's fees and costs until the full amount of any arrearage is paid;

- 3. Provide that, if a delinquency accrues after the order establishing, modifying, or enforcing the obligation has been entered and there is no order for repayment of the delinquency or a preexisting arrearage, a payor shall deduct an additional 20 percent of the current support obligation or other amount agreed to by the parties until the delinquency and any attorney's fees and costs are paid in full, provided that no deduction may be applied to attorney's fees and costs until the delinquency is paid in full;
- $\underline{4.3.}$ Direct a payor not to deduct in excess of the amounts allowed under s. 303(b) of the Consumer Credit Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. s. 1673(b), as amended;
- 5.4. Direct whether a payor shall deduct all, a specified portion, or no income which is paid in the form of a bonus or other similar one-time payment, up to the amount of arrearage reported in the income deduction notice or the remaining balance thereof, and forward the payment to the governmental depository. For purposes of this subparagraph, "bonus" means a payment in addition to an obligor's usual compensation and which is in addition to any amounts contracted for or otherwise legally due and shall not include any commission payments due an obligor;
- $\underline{6.5.}$ In Title IV-D cases, direct a payor to provide to the court depository the date on which each deduction is made;
- 7.6. In Title IV-D cases, if an obligation to pay current support is reduced or terminated due to emancipation of a child and the obligor owes an arrearage, retroactive

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support, delinquency, or costs, direct the payor to continue the income deduction at the rate in effect immediately prior to emancipation until all arrearages, retroactive support, delinquencies, and costs are paid in full or until the amount of withholding is modified; and

- 8.7. Direct that, where at such time as the State Disbursement Unit becomes operational, all payments in those cases in which the obligee is receiving Title IV-D services and in those cases in which the obligee is not receiving Title IV-D services in which the initial support order was issued in this state on or after January 1, 1994, and in which the obligor's child support obligation is being paid through income deduction, be made payable to and delivered to the State Disbursement Unit. Notwithstanding any other statutory provision to the contrary, funds received by the State Disbursement Unit shall be held, administered, and disbursed by the State Disbursement Unit under pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.
- entered before January 1, 1994, or the court orders the income deduction to be effective upon a delinquency as provided in paragraph (c), or a delinquency has accrued under an order entered before July 1, 2006, which established, modified, or enforced the obligation, and there is no order for repayment of the delinquency or a preexisting arrearage, the obligee or, in Title IV-D cases, the Title IV-D agency may enforce the income deduction by serving a notice of delinquency on the obligor under this subsection.
 - 1. The notice of delinquency shall state:
- a. The terms of the order establishing, enforcing, or modifying the obligation.

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- b. The period of delinquency and the total amount of the delinquency as of the date the notice is mailed.
 - c. All fees or interest which may be imposed.
- d. The total amount of income to be deducted for each pay period until the arrearage, and all applicable fees and interest, is paid in full and shall state the total amount of income to be deducted for each pay period thereafter. The amounts deducted may not be in excess of that allowed under s. 303(b) of the Consumer Credit Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. s. 1673(b), as amended.
- e. That the income deduction order applies to current and subsequent payors and periods of employment.
- f. That a copy of the notice of delinquency will be served on the obligor's payor or payors, together with a copy of the income deduction order or, in Title IV-D cases, the income deduction notice, unless the obligor applies to the court to contest enforcement of the income deduction. If the income deduction order being enforced was rendered by the Title IV-D agency under s. 409.2563 and the obligor contests the deduction, the obligor must file a petition for an administrative hearing with the Title IV-D agency. The application or petition shall be filed within 15 days after the date the notice of delinquency was served.
- g. That enforcement of the income deduction order may only be contested on the ground of mistake of fact regarding the amount owed pursuant to the order establishing, enforcing, or modifying the obligation, the amount of arrearages, or the identity of the obligor, the payor, or the obligee.
- h. That the obligor is required to notify the obligee of the obligor's current address and current payors and of the address of current payors. All changes shall be reported by

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the obligor within 7 days. If the IV-D agency is enforcing the order, the obligor shall make these notifications to the agency instead of to the obligee.

- 2. The failure of the obligor to receive the notice of delinquency does not preclude subsequent service of the income deduction order or, in Title IV-D cases, the income deduction notice on the obligor's payor. A notice of delinquency which fails to state an arrearage does not mean that an arrearage is not owed.
- (3)(a) It is the intent of the Legislature that this section may be used to collect arrearages in child support or in alimony payments.
- (b) In a Title IV-D case, if an obligation to pay current support is reduced or terminated due to the emancipation of a child and the obligor owes an arrearage, retroactive support, delinquency, or costs, income deduction continues at the rate in effect immediately prior to emancipation until all arrearages, retroactive support, delinquencies, and costs are paid in full or until the amount of withholding is modified. Any income-deducted amount that is in excess of the obligation to pay current support shall be credited against the arrearages, retroactive support, delinquency, and costs owed by the obligor. The department shall send notice of this requirement by regular mail to the payor and the depository operated under pursuant to s. 61.181, and the notice shall state the amount of the obligation to pay current support, if any, and the amount owed for arrearages, retroactive support, delinquency, and costs. For income deduction orders entered before July 1, 2004, which do not include this requirement, the department shall send by certified mail, restricted delivery, return receipt requested,

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to the obligor at the most recent address provided by the obligor to the tribunal that issued the order or a more recent address if known, notice of this requirement, that the obligor may contest the withholding as provided by paragraph (2)(f), and that the obligor may request the tribunal that issued the income deduction to modify the amount of the withholding. This paragraph provides an additional remedy for collection of unpaid support and applies to cases in which a support order or income deduction order was entered before, on, or after July 1, 2004.

establishing, modifying, or enforcing a support obligation has been entered, an income deduction order entered after July 1, 2006, is in effect, and there is no order for repayment of the delinquency or a preexisting arrearage, a payor who is served with an income deduction order, or in a Title IV-D case, an income deduction notice, shall deduct an additional 20 percent of the current support obligation or other amount agreed to by the parties until the delinquency and any attorney's fees and costs are paid in full. No deduction may be applied to attorney's fees and costs until the delinquency is paid in full.

(5) No later than July 1, 2006, the Department of
Revenue shall provide a payor with Internet access to income
deduction and national medical support notices issued by the
department on or after July 1, 2006, concerning an obligor to
whom the payor pays income. The department shall provide a
payor who requests Internet access with a user code and
password to allow the payor to receive notices electronically
and to download the information necessary to begin income
deduction and health care coverage enrollment. If a

participating payor does not respond to electronic notice by 2 accessing the data posted by the department within 48 hours, the department shall mail the income deduction or medical 3 support notice to the payor. 4 5 Section 3. Effective January 1, 2006, subsection (4) 6 is added to section 61.13016, Florida Statutes, to read: 7 61.13016 Suspension of driver's licenses and motor 8 vehicle registrations. --(4) The procedures prescribed in this section and s. 9 10 322.058 may be used to enforce compliance with an order to appear for genetic testing. 11 12 Section 4. Effective July 1, 2006, subsections (1) and 13 (2) of section 61.1354, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 61.1354 Sharing of information between consumer 14 reporting agencies and the IV-D agency. --15 (1) Upon receipt of a request from a consumer 16 17 reporting agency as defined in s. 603(f) of the Fair Credit 18 Reporting Act, the IV-D agency or the depository in non-Title-IV-D cases shall make available information relating 19 to the amount of <u>current and</u> overdue support owed by an 20 21 obligor. The IV-D agency or the depository in non-Title-IV-D 22 cases shall give the obligor written notice, at least 15 days 23 before prior to the release of information, of the IV-D agency's or depository's authority to release information to 2.4 consumer reporting agencies relating to the amount of <u>current</u> 25 and overdue support owed by the obligor. The obligor must 26 27 shall be informed of his or her right to request a hearing with the IV-D agency or the court in non-Title-IV-D cases to contest the accuracy of the information. 29 30 (2) The IV-D agency shall report periodically to appropriate consumer reporting agencies, as identified by the

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IV-D agency, the name and social security number of any 2 delinquent obligor and the amount of overdue support owed by the obligor, and the amount of the obligator's current support 3 obligation when the overdue support is paid. The IV-D agency, 4 or its designee, shall provide the obligor with written 5 notice, at least 15 days before prior to the initial release 7 of information, of the IV-D agency's authority to release the 8 information periodically to the consumer reporting agencies. The notice shall state the amount of overdue support owed and 9 shall inform the obligor of the right to request a hearing 10 with the IV-D agency within 15 days after receipt of the 11 12 notice to contest the accuracy of the information. After the 13 initial notice is given, no further notice or opportunity for a hearing need be given when updated information concerning 14 the same obligor is periodically released to the consumer 15 16 reporting agencies. 17 Section 5. Effective October 1, 2005, paragraph (b) of 18 subsection (5) of section 61.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 19 2.0 61.14 Enforcement and modification of support, 21 maintenance, or alimony agreements or orders. --22 (5) 23 (b) In a proceeding in circuit court to enforce a support order under this chapter, chapter 88, chapter 409, or 2.4 chapter 742, or any other provision of law, if the court finds 2.5 26 that payments due under the support order are delinquent or 27 overdue and that the obligor is unemployed, underemployed, or 2.8 has no income but is able to work or participate in job training, the court may order the obligor to: 29

1. Seek employment;

File periodic reports with the court, or with the 2 department if the department is providing Title IV-D services, 3 detailing the obligor's efforts to seek and obtain employment 4 during the reporting period; 5 3. Notify the court, or the department as appropriate, upon obtaining employment, income, or property; and 6 7 4. Participate in job training, job placement, work 8 experience, or other work programs that may be available under 9 chapter 445 or chapter 446 or from any other source. 10 An obligor who willfully fails to comply with a court order to 11 12 seek work or participate in other work-related activities may be held in contempt of court. This paragraph is in furtherance 13 of the public policy of ensuring that children are maintained 14 from the resources of their parents to the extent possible. In 15 a judicial circuit with a work experience and job training 16 17 pilot project, if at the time of the contempt hearing the 18 obligor is unemployed or has no income, then the court shall order the obligor to seek employment, if the obligor is able 19 to engage in employment, and to immediately notify the court 2.0 21 upon obtaining employment, upon obtaining any income, or upon 2.2 obtaining any ownership of any asset with a value of \$500 or 23 more. If the obligor is still unemployed 30 days after any 2.4 order for support, the court may order the obligor to enroll 2.5 in a work experience, job placement, and job training program for noncustodial parents as established in s. 409.2565, if the 26 2.7 obligor is eligible for entrance into the pilot program. 2.8 Section 6. Effective December 1, 2005, subsection (8) of section 61.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 29 30 61.14 Enforcement and modification of support, maintenance, or alimony agreements or orders. --31

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When an employee and employer reach agreement for a lump-sum settlement under s. 440.20(11), the proceeds of the settlement may not be disbursed to the employee or for attorney's fees until a judge of compensation claims reviews the proposed disbursement and enters an order finding that the settlement provides for the appropriate recovery of any support arrearage. The employee, or the employee's attorney if the employee is represented, shall submit a written statement from the Department of Revenue as to whether the worker owes unpaid support and, if so, the amount owed. The judge of compensation claims may also require the employee to submit a similar statement from a local depository established under s. 61.181. The employee shall also file a sworn statement with the judge of compensation claims that all existing support obligations have been disclosed to the judge. If the judge finds the proposed allocation of support recovery insufficient, the parties may amend the allocation of proceeds in the settlement agreement to make the allocation sufficient. The Office of Judges of Compensation Claims shall adopt procedural rules to administer this section. When reviewing and approving any lump sum settlement under s. 440.20(11)(a) and (b), a judge of compensation claims must consider whether the settlement serves the interests of the worker and the worker's family, including, but not limited to, whether the settlement provides for appropriate recovery of any child support arrearage. In accordance with the provisions of s. 440.22,

any compensation due or that may become due an employee under

chapter 440 is exempt from garnishment, attachment, execution,

and assignment of income, except for the purposes of enforcing 2 child or spousal support obligations. Section 7. Effective January 1, 2006, paragraph (g) is 3 4 added to subsection (6) of section 61.14, Florida Statutes, to 5 read: 6 61.14 Enforcement and modification of support, maintenance, or alimony agreements or orders. --8 (6) 9 (q) The local depositories shall send the department monthly by electronic means a list of all Title IV-D and 10 non-Title IV-D support cases in which a judgment by operation 11 12 of law has been recorded during the month for which the data 13 is provided. At a minimum, the depository shall provide the names of the obligor and obligee, social security numbers of 14 the obligor and obligee, if available, and depository number. 15 Section 8. Effective January 1, 2006, subsection (2) 16 17 of section 61.1814, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 18 61.1814 Child Support Enforcement Application and Program Revenue Trust Fund. --19 (2) With the exception of fees required to be 20 21 deposited in the Clerk of the Court Child Support Enforcement 22 Collection System Trust Fund under s. 61.181(2)(b) and 23 collections determined to be undistributable or unidentifiable under s. 409.2558, the fund shall be used for the deposit of 2.4 Title IV-D program income received by the department. Each 25 26 type of program income received shall be accounted for 27 separately. Program income received by the department 2.8 includes, but is not limited to: (a) Application fees of nonpublic assistance 29 30 applicants for child support enforcement services;

(b) Court-ordered costs recovered from child support 2 obligors; (c) Interest on child support collections; 3 4 (d) The balance of fees received under s. 61.181(2)(a) on non-Title IV-D cases required to be processed through the 5 State Disbursement Unit after the clerk's share is paid; and 7 (e) Fines imposed under ss. 409.2564(8), 8 409.256(7)(b), and 409.2578. 9 Section 9. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) and 10 subsection (6) of section 61.1824, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 11 12 61.1824 State Disbursement Unit.--13 (3) The State Disbursement Unit shall perform the following functions: 14 (d) To the extent feasible, use automated procedures 15 for the collection and disbursement of support payments, 16 including, but not limited to, having procedures for: 18 1. Receipt of payments from obligors, employers, other states and jurisdictions, and other entities. 19 20 2. Timely disbursement of payments to obligees, the 21 department, and other state Title IV-D agencies. 22 3. Accurate identification of payment source and 23 amount. 4. Furnishing any parent, upon request, timely 2.4 information on the current status of support payments under an 25 order requiring payments to be made by or to the parent, 26 27 except that in cases described in paragraph (1)(b), before 2.8 prior to the date the State Disbursement Unit becomes fully operational, the State Disbursement Unit shall not be required 29

to convert and maintain in automated form records of payments

kept <u>under</u> pursuant to s. 61.181.

(e) Information regarding disbursement must be 2 transmitted in the following manner: 3 5. Electronic disbursement of support payments to 4 obliques. The State Disbursement Unit shall notify obliques of 5 the options for electronic disbursement and encourage their 6 use through promotional material. 7 (6) 8 (a) Effective October 1, 1999, or such earlier date 9 the State Disbursement Unit becomes operational, all support 10 payments for cases to which the requirements of this section apply shall be made payable to and delivered to the State 11 12 Disbursement Unit. Notwithstanding any other statutory 13 provision to the contrary, funds received by the State Disbursement Unit shall be held, administered, and disbursed 14 by the State Disbursement Unit under pursuant to the 15 16 provisions of this chapter. (b) Effective October 1, 2006, an employer who employs 18 10 or more employees in any quarter during the preceding state fiscal year or who was subject to and paid tax to the 19 department in an amount of \$30,000 or more shall remit support 2.0 21 payments deducted under an income deduction order or income 2.2 deduction notice and provide associated case data to the State 23 Disbursement Unit by electronic means approved by the department. The department shall adopt a rule for electronic 2.4 25 remittance and data transfer that, to the extent feasible, is consistent with the rules for electronic filing and remittance 26 27 of taxes under ss. 213.755 and 443.163. A waiver granted by 2.8 the department from the requirement to file and remit electronically under s. 213.755 or s. 443.163 constitutes a 29 30 waiver from the requirement under this paragraph.

Section 10. Effective January 1, 2006, paragraph (c) 2 of subsection (14) of section 120.80, Florida Statutes, is 3 amended to read: 120.80 Exceptions and special requirements; 4 5 agencies.--6 (14) DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE. --7 (c) Proceedings to establish paternity or paternity 8 and child support; orders to appear for genetic testing; proceedings for administrative support orders.--In proceedings 9 10 to establish paternity or paternity and child support under s. 409.256, and proceedings for the establishment of 11 12 administrative support orders under pursuant to s. 409.2563, 13 final orders in cases referred by the Department of Revenue to the Division of Administrative Hearings shall be entered by 14 the division's administrative law judge and transmitted to the 15 Department of Revenue for filing and rendering. The Department 16 17 of Revenue has the right to seek judicial review under s. 18 120.68 of a final order entered by an administrative law judge. The Department of Revenue or the person ordered to 19 appear for genetic testing may seek immediate judicial review 20 21 under s. 120.68 of an order issued by an administrative law 22 judge under s. 409.256(5)(b). Final orders that adjudicate 23 paternity or paternity and child support under s. 409.256 and administrative support orders rendered under pursuant to s. 2.4 409.2563 may be enforced under pursuant to s. 120.69 or, 25 26 alternatively, by any method prescribed by law for the 27 enforcement of judicial support orders, except contempt. 2.8 Hearings held by the Division of Administrative Hearings under ss. 409.256 and 409.2563 pursuant to s. 409.2563 shall be held 29 in the judicial circuit where the person receiving services 30 under Title IV-D resides or, if the person receiving services

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under Title IV-D does not reside in this state, in the
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    judicial circuit where the respondent resides. If the
   department and the respondent agree, the hearing may be held
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   in another location. If ordered by the administrative law
   judge, the hearing may be conducted telephonically or by
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   videoconference.
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           Section 11. Effective December 1, 2005, subsection (4)
   of section 322.142, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
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           322.142 Color photographic or digital imaged
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   licenses.--
           (4) The department may maintain a film negative or
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   print file. The department shall maintain a record of the
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   digital image and signature of the licensees, together with
   other data required by the department for identification and
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   retrieval. Reproductions from the file or digital record shall
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   be made and issued only for departmental administrative
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   purposes; for the issuance of duplicate licenses; in response
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   to law enforcement agency requests; to the Department of
   Revenue under pursuant to an interagency agreement to use when
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   establishing paternity and establishing, modifying, or
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   enforcing support obligations in Title IV-D cases to
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   facilitate service of process in Title IV D cases; or to the
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   Department of Financial Services pursuant to an interagency
    agreement to facilitate the location of owners of unclaimed
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   property, the validation of unclaimed property claims, and the
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   identification of fraudulent or false claims, and are exempt
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   from the provisions of s. 119.07(1).
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           Section 12. Effective January 1, 2006, present
   paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 382.013, Florida
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   Statutes, is redesignated as paragraph (f), and a new
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paragraph (e) is added to that section, to read:

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382.013 Birth registration.--A certificate for each live birth that occurs in this state shall be filed within 5 days after such birth with the local registrar of the district in which the birth occurred and shall be registered by the local registrar if the certificate has been completed and filed in accordance with this chapter and adopted rules. The information regarding registered births shall be used for comparison with information in the state case registry, as defined in chapter 61.

(2) PATERNITY. --

(e) If the paternity of the child is determined under s. 409.256, the name of the father and the surname of the child must be entered on the certificate according to the finding and order of the Department of Revenue.

Section 13. Effective December 1, 2005, section 382.015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

382.015 New certificates of live birth; duty of clerks of court and department.—The clerk of the court in which any proceeding for adoption, annulment of an adoption, affirmation of parental status, or determination of paternity is to be registered, shall within 30 days after the final disposition, forward to the department a certified copy of the court order, or a report of the proceedings upon a form to be furnished by the department, together with sufficient information to identify the original birth certificate and to enable the preparation of a new birth certificate. The clerk of the circuit court shall implement a monitoring and quality control plan to ensure that all judicial determinations of paternity are reported to the department in compliance with this section. The department shall track paternity determinations reported monthly by county, monitor compliance with the 30-day

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timeframe, and report the data quarterly to the clerks of the circuit court.

- (1) ADOPTION AND ANNULMENT OF ADOPTION. --
- (a) Upon receipt of the report or certified copy of an adoption decree, together with the information necessary to identify the original certificate of live birth, and establish a new certificate, the department shall prepare and file a new birth certificate, absent objection by the court decreeing the adoption, the adoptive parents, or the adoptee if of legal age. The certificate shall bear the same file number as the original birth certificate. All names and identifying information relating to the adoptive parents entered on the new certificate shall refer to the adoptive parents, but nothing in the certificate shall refer to or designate the parents as being adoptive. All other items not affected by adoption shall be copied as on the original certificate, including the date of registration and filing.
- (b) Upon receipt of the report or certified copy of an annulment-of-adoption decree, together with the sufficient information to identify the original certificate of live birth, the department shall, if a new certificate of birth was filed following an adoption report or decree, remove the new certificate and restore the original certificate to its original place in the files, and the certificate so removed shall be sealed by the department.
- (c) Upon receipt of a report or certified copy of an adoption decree or annulment-of-adoption decree for a person born in another state, the department shall forward the report or decree to the state of the registrant's birth. If the adoptee was born in Canada, the department shall send a copy

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of the report or decree to the appropriate birth registration authority in Canada.

- (2) DETERMINATION OF PATERNITY.--Upon receipt of the report or a certified copy of a final decree of determination of paternity, together with sufficient information to identify the original certificate of live birth, the department shall prepare and file a new birth certificate which shall bear the same file number as the original birth certificate. The registrant's name shall be entered as decreed by the court. The names and identifying information of the parents shall be entered as of the date of the registrant's birth.
- (3) AFFIRMATION OF PARENTAL STATUS.--Upon receipt of an order of affirmation of parental status issued <u>under pursuant to</u> s. 742.16, together with sufficient information to identify the original certificate of live birth, the department shall prepare and file a new birth certificate which shall bear the same file number as the original birth certificate. The names and identifying information of the registrant's parents entered on the new certificate shall be the commissioning couple, but the new certificate may not make reference to or designate the parents as the commissioning couple.
- (4) SUBSTITUTION OF NEW CERTIFICATE OF BIRTH FOR ORIGINAL.--When a new certificate of birth is prepared, the department shall substitute the new certificate of birth for the original certificate on file. All copies of the original certificate of live birth in the custody of a local registrar or other state custodian of vital records shall be forwarded to the State Registrar. Thereafter, when a certified copy of the certificate of birth or portion thereof is issued, it shall be a copy of the new certificate of birth or portion

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thereof, except when a court order requires issuance of a certified copy of the original certificate of birth. In an adoption, change in paternity, affirmation of parental status, undetermined parentage, or court-ordered substitution, the department shall place the original certificate of birth and all papers pertaining thereto under seal, not to be broken except by order of a court of competent jurisdiction or as otherwise provided by law.

- (5) FORM.--Except for certificates of foreign birth which are registered as provided in s. 382.017, and delayed certificates of birth which are registered as provided in ss. 382.019 and 382.0195, all original, new, or amended certificates of live birth shall be identical in form, regardless of the marital status of the parents or the fact that the registrant is adopted or of undetermined parentage.
- (6) RULES.--The department shall adopt and enforce all rules necessary for carrying out the provisions of this section.

Section 14. Effective July 1, 2005, paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 382.016, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

382.016 Amendment of records.--The department, upon receipt of the fee prescribed in s. 382.0255; documentary evidence, as specified by rule, of any misstatement, error, or omission occurring in any birth, death, or fetal death record; and an affidavit setting forth the changes to be made, shall amend or replace the original certificate as necessary.

- (1) CERTIFICATE OF LIVE BIRTH AMENDMENT. --
- (b) Upon written request and receipt of an affidavit,
 a notarized voluntary acknowledgment of paternity signed by
 the mother and father acknowledging the paternity of a

registrant born out of wedlock, or a voluntary acknowledgment 2 of paternity that is witnessed by two individuals and signed under penalty of perjury as specified by s. 92.525(2), 3 together with sufficient information to identify the original 4 certificate of live birth, the department shall prepare a new 5 6 birth certificate, which shall bear the same file number as 7 the original birth certificate. The names and identifying 8 information of the parents shall be entered as of the date of the registrant's birth. The surname of the registrant may be 9 10 changed from that shown on the original birth certificate at the request of the mother and father of the registrant, or the 11 12 registrant if of legal age. If the mother and father marry 13 each other at any time after the registrant's birth, the department shall, upon the request of the mother and father or 14 registrant if of legal age and proof of the marriage, amend 15 the certificate with regard to the parents' marital status as 16 17 though the parents were married at the time of birth. The 18 department shall substitute the new certificate of birth for the original certificate on file. All copies of the original 19 certificate of live birth in the custody of a local registrar 20 21 or other state custodian of vital records shall be forwarded 22 to the State Registrar. Thereafter, when a certified copy of 23 the certificate of birth or portion thereof is issued, it shall be a copy of the new certificate of birth or portion 2.4 thereof, except when a court order requires issuance of a 25 certified copy of the original certificate of birth. Except 26 for birth certificates on which a father is listed under an 27 2.8 affidavit or notarized voluntary acknowledgment of paternity signed by the mother and father and except for a voluntary 29 acknowledgment of paternity that is witnessed by two 30 individuals and signed under penalty of perjury as specified

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by s. 92.525(2), the department shall place the original certificate of birth and all papers pertaining thereto under seal, not to be broken except by order of a court of competent jurisdiction or as otherwise provided by law.

Section 15. Effective October 1, 2005, paragraph (d) is added to subsection (1) of section 382.016, Florida Statutes, to read:

382.016 Amendment of records.--The department, upon receipt of the fee prescribed in s. 382.0255; documentary evidence, as specified by rule, of any misstatement, error, or omission occurring in any birth, death, or fetal death record; and an affidavit setting forth the changes to be made, shall amend or replace the original certificate as necessary.

- (1) CERTIFICATE OF LIVE BIRTH AMENDMENT. --
- (d) For a child born in this state but whose paternity is established in another state, the department shall amend the child's birth certificate to include the name of the father upon receipt of:
- 1. A certified copy of an acknowledgment of paternity,
 final judgment, or judicial or administrative order from
 another state which determines the child's paternity; or
- 2. A noncertified copy of an acknowledgment of paternity, final judgment, or judicial or administrative order from another state which determines the paternity of the child when provided with an affidavit or written declaration from the Department of Revenue which states that the document was provided by or obtained from the Title IV-D program of another state.

The department may not amend the birth certificate of a child to include the name of the father of the child if paternity

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was established by adoption and the father would not be
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   eligible to adopt under the law of this state.
           Section 16. The Department of Health, the Department
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   of Revenue, the Florida Hospital Association, the Florida
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   Association of Court Clerks, and one or more local registrars
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   shall study the feasibility of filing original and new or
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   amended birth certificates, documentation of paternity
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   determinations, and adoptions electronically with the
   department. The Department of Health shall submit a report to
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   the Governor, the Cabinet, the President of the Senate, and
   the Speaker of the House of Representatives by July 1, 2006.
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   The report must include the estimated cost to develop and
   implement electronic filing, cost savings resulting from
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   electronic filing, and each potential funding source.
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           Section 17. Effective July 1, 2007, paragraph (c) is
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   added to subsection (5) of section 395.003, Florida Statutes,
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   to read:
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           395.003 Licensure; issuance, renewal, denial,
   modification, suspension, and revocation .--
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          (c) A hospital that provides birthing services must
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   affirm in writing as part of an application for a new,
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   provisional, or renewal license that the hospital will comply
   with s. 382.013(2)(c), which includes assisting unmarried
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   parents who request assistance in executing a voluntary
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   acknowledgment of paternity.
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           Section 18. Effective January 1, 2006, subsection (3)
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   of section 409.2557, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
29
           409.2557 State agency for administering child support
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   enforcement program. --
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- (3) SPECIFIC RULEMAKING AUTHORITY.--The department may has the authority to adopt rules under pursuant to ss.

 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement all laws administered by the department in its capacity as the Title IV-D agency for this state including, but not limited to, the following:
- (a) Background screening of department employees and applicants, including criminal records checks;
- (b) Confidentiality and retention of department records; access to records; record requests;
 - (c) Department trust funds;
 - (d) Federal funding procedures;
- (e) Agreements with law enforcement and other state
 agencies; National Crime Information Center (NCIC) access;
 Parent Locator Service access;
- (f) Written agreements entered into between the department and support obligors in establishment, enforcement, and modification proceedings;
- (g) Procurement of services by the department, pilot programs, and demonstration projects;
- (h) Management of cases by the department involving any documentation or procedures required by federal or state law, including but not limited to, cooperation; review and adjustment; audits; interstate actions; diligent efforts for service of process;
- (i) Department procedures for orders for genetic testing; subpoenas to establish, enforce, or modify orders; increasing the amount of monthly obligations to secure delinquent support; suspending or denying driver's and professional licenses and certificates; fishing and hunting license suspensions; suspending vehicle and vessel registrations; screening applicants for new or renewal

licenses, registrations, or certificates; income deduction; credit reporting and accessing; tax refund intercepts; passport denials; liens; financial institution data matches; 3 expedited procedures; medical support; and all other 4 responsibilities of the department as required by state or 5 federal law; 7 (j) Collection and disbursement of support and alimony 8 payments by the department as required by federal law; 9 collection of genetic testing costs and other costs awarded by 10 the court; (k) Report information to and receive information from 11 12 other agencies and entities; 13 (1) Provide location services, including accessing from and reporting to federal and state agencies; 14 (m) Privatizing location, establishment, enforcement, 15 modification, and other functions; 16 17 (n) State case registry; 18 (o) State disbursement unit; (p) Administrative proceedings to establish paternity 19 or establish paternity and child support, orders to appear for 20 21 genetic testing, and administrative proceedings to establish 22 child-support obligations; and 23 (q) All other responsibilities of the department as required by state or federal law. 2.4 Section 19. Effective October 1, 2005, paragraph (a) 25 of subsection (2) of section 409.2558, Florida Statutes, is 26 27 amended to read: 2.8 409.2558 Support distribution and disbursement.--(2) UNDISTRIBUTABLE COLLECTIONS. --29 The department shall establish by rule the method 30 (a)

31 for determining a collection or refund to a noncustodial

Τ	parent to be undistributable to the final intended recipient.
2	The department shall make reasonable efforts to locate persons
3	to whom collections or refunds are owed so that payment can be
4	made before determining that a collection or refund is
5	undistributable. Location efforts may include disclosure
6	through a searchable database of the names of obliques,
7	obligors, and depository account numbers on the Internet using
8	appropriate safequards to protect the privacy of the persons
9	named in the database.
10	Section 20. Effective January 1, 2006, section
11	409.256, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
12	409.256 Administrative proceeding to establish
13	paternity or paternity and child support; order to appear for
14	<pre>genetic testing</pre>
15	(1) DEFINITIONS As used in this section, the term:
16	(a) "Custodian" means a person, other than the mother
17	or a putative father, who has physical custody of a child or
18	with whom the child primarily resides. References in this
19	section to the obligation of a custodian to submit to genetic
20	testing mean that the custodian is obligated to submit the
21	child for genetic testing, not that the custodian must submit
22	to genetic testing.
23	(b) "Filed" means a document has been received and
24	accepted for filing at the offices of the department by the
25	clerk or an authorized deputy clerk designated by the
26	<u>department.</u>
27	(c) "Genetic testing" means a scientific analysis of
28	genetic markers which is performed by a qualified technical
29	laboratory to exclude an individual as the parent of a child
30	or to show a probability of paternity.

1	(d) "Paternity proceeding" means an administrative
2	action commenced by the department to order genetic testing
3	and establish paternity under this section.
4	(e) "Paternity and child-support proceeding" means an
5	administrative action commenced by the department to order
6	genetic testing, establish paternity, and establish an
7	administrative support order under this section.
8	(f) "Putative father" means an individual who is or
9	may be the biological father of a child whose paternity has
10	not been established and whose mother was unmarried when the
11	child was conceived and born.
12	(q) "Qualified technical laboratory" means a
13	genetic-testing laboratory under contract with the department,
14	which uses tests and methods of a type generally acknowledged
15	as reliable by accreditation bodies designated by the United
16	States Department of Health and Human Services and which is
17	approved by a designated accreditation body. The term also
18	includes a genetic-testing laboratory used by another state,
19	if the laboratory has comparable qualifications.
20	(h) "Rendered" means that a signed, written order has
21	been filed with the clerk or a deputy clerk of the department
22	and served on the respondent. The date of filing must be on
23	the face of the order at the time of rendition.
24	(i) "Respondent" means the person or persons served by
25	the department with a notice of proceeding under subsection
26	(4), which includes the putative father and which may include
27	the mother or the custodian of the child.
28	(j) "State" or "other state" has the same meaning as
29	in s. 88.1011(19).
30	(2) JURISDICTION; LOCATION OF HEARINGS; RIGHT OF
31	ACCESS TO THE COURTS

1	(a) The department may commence a paternity proceeding
2	or a paternity and child-support proceeding as provided by
3	subsection (4) if:
4	1. The child's paternity has not been established;
5	2. No one is named as the father on the child's birth
6	certificate or the person named as the father is the putative
7	father named in an affidavit or written declaration as
8	provided by subparagraph 5.;
9	3. The child's mother was unmarried when the child was
10	conceived and born;
11	4. The department is providing services under Title
12	IV-D; and
13	5. The child's mother or a putative father has stated
14	in an affidavit or written declaration as provided by s.
15	92.525(2) that the putative father is or may be the child's
16	biological father. The affidavit or written declaration must
17	set forth the factual basis for the allegation of paternity as
18	provided by s. 742.12(2).
19	(b) If the department receives a request from another
20	state to assist in the establishment of paternity, the
21	department may serve an order to appear for genetic testing on
22	a person who resides in this state and transmit the test
23	results to the other state without commencing a paternity
24	proceeding in this state.
25	(c) The department may use the procedures authorized
26	by this section against a nonresident over whom this state may
27	assert personal jurisdiction under chapter 48 or chapter 88.
28	(d) If a putative father, mother, or custodian in a
29	Title IV-D case voluntarily submits, the department may
30	schedule that individual or the child for genetic testing
31	without serving that individual with an order to appear for

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genetic testing. A respondent, or other person who is subject 2 to an order to appear for genetic testing, may waive, in writing or on the record at an administrative hearing, formal 3 4 service of notices or orders, or waive any other rights or time periods prescribed by this section. 5 6 (e) Whenever practicable, hearings held by the 7 Division of Administrative Hearings under this section shall 8 be held in the judicial circuit where the person receiving services under Title IV-D resides or, if the person receiving 9 10 services under Title IV-D does not reside in this state, in the judicial circuit where the respondent resides. If the 11 12 department and the respondent agree, the hearing may be held 13 in another location. If ordered by the administrative law judge, the hearing may be conducted telephonically or by video 14 15 conference. (f) The Legislature does not intend to limit the 16 jurisdiction of the circuit courts to hear and determine 18 issues regarding establishment of paternity. This section is intended to provide the department with an alternative 19 2.0 procedure for establishing paternity and child-support 21 obligations in Title IV-D cases. This section does not 2.2 prohibit a person from filing a civil action in circuit court 23 for a determination of paternity or child-support obligations. (q) The provisions of s. 409.2563(2)(e)-(q) apply to a 2.4 proceeding under this section. 2.5 (3) MULTIPLE PUTATIVE FATHERS; MULTIPLE CHILDREN.--If 26 2.7 more than one putative father has been named, the department

may proceed under this section against a single putative
father or may proceed simultaneously against more than one

putative father. If a putative father has been named as a

possible father of more than one child born to the same

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mother, the department may proceed to establish the paternity of each child in the same proceeding.

(4) NOTICE OF PROCEEDING TO ESTABLISH PATERNITY OR PATERNITY AND CHILD SUPPORT; ORDER TO APPEAR FOR GENETIC TESTING; MANNER OF SERVICE; CONTENTS. -- The department shall commence a proceeding to determine paternity, or a proceeding to determine both paternity and child-support, by serving the respondent with a notice as provided in this section. An order to appear for genetic testing may be served at the same time as a notice of the proceeding or may be served separately. A copy of the affidavit or written declaration upon which the proceeding is based shall be provided to the respondent when notice is served. A notice or order to appear for genetic testing shall be served by certified mail, restricted delivery, return receipt requested, or in accordance with the requirements for service of process in a civil action. Service by certified mail is completed when the certified mail is received or refused by the addressee or by an authorized agent as designated by the addressee in writing. If a person other than the addressee signs the return receipt, the department shall attempt to reach the addressee by telephone to confirm whether the notice was received, and the department shall document any telephonic communications. If someone other than the addressee signs the return receipt, the addressee does not respond to the notice, and the department is unable to confirm that the addressee has received the notice, service is not completed and the department shall attempt to have the addressee served personally. For purposes of this section, an employee or an authorized agent of the department may serve the notice or order to appear for genetic testing and execute an affidavit of service. The department may serve an order to

1	appear for genetic testing on a custodian. The department
2	shall provide a copy of the notice or order to appear by
3	regular mail to the mother and custodian, if they are not
4	respondents.
5	(a) A notice of proceeding to establish paternity must
6	state:
7	1. That the department has commenced an administrative
8	proceeding to establish whether the putative father is the
9	biological father of the child named in the notice;
10	2. The name and date of birth of the child and the
11	name of the child's mother;
12	3. That the putative father has been named in an
13	affidavit or written declaration that states the putative
14	father is or may be the child's biological father;
15	4. That the respondent is required to submit to
16	<pre>genetic testing;</pre>
16 17	<pre>genetic testing; 5. That genetic testing will establish either a high</pre>
17	5. That genetic testing will establish either a high
17 18	5. That genetic testing will establish either a high degree of probability that the putative father is the
17 18 19	5. That genetic testing will establish either a high degree of probability that the putative father is the biological father of the child or that the putative father
17 18 19 20	5. That genetic testing will establish either a high degree of probability that the putative father is the biological father of the child or that the putative father cannot be the biological father of the child;
17 18 19 20 21	5. That qenetic testing will establish either a high degree of probability that the putative father is the biological father of the child or that the putative father cannot be the biological father of the child; 6. That if the results of the genetic test do not
17 18 19 20 21 22	5. That genetic testing will establish either a high degree of probability that the putative father is the biological father of the child or that the putative father cannot be the biological father of the child; 6. That if the results of the genetic test do not indicate a statistical probability of paternity which equals
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	5. That genetic testing will establish either a high degree of probability that the putative father is the biological father of the child or that the putative father cannot be the biological father of the child; 6. That if the results of the genetic test do not indicate a statistical probability of paternity which equals or exceeds 99 percent, the paternity proceeding ends as to
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	5. That genetic testing will establish either a high degree of probability that the putative father is the biological father of the child or that the putative father cannot be the biological father of the child; 6. That if the results of the genetic test do not indicate a statistical probability of paternity which equals or exceeds 99 percent, the paternity proceeding ends as to that child unless a second or subsequent test is required;
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	5. That genetic testing will establish either a high degree of probability that the putative father is the biological father of the child or that the putative father cannot be the biological father of the child; 6. That if the results of the genetic test do not indicate a statistical probability of paternity which equals or exceeds 99 percent, the paternity proceeding ends as to that child unless a second or subsequent test is required; 7. That if the results of the genetic test indicate a
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	5. That qenetic testing will establish either a high degree of probability that the putative father is the biological father of the child or that the putative father cannot be the biological father of the child; 6. That if the results of the genetic test do not indicate a statistical probability of paternity which equals or exceeds 99 percent, the paternity proceeding ends as to that child unless a second or subsequent test is required; 7. That if the results of the genetic test indicate a statistical probability of paternity which equals or exceeds
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	5. That genetic testing will establish either a high degree of probability that the putative father is the biological father of the child or that the putative father cannot be the biological father of the child; 6. That if the results of the genetic test do not indicate a statistical probability of paternity which equals or exceeds 99 percent, the paternity proceeding ends as to that child unless a second or subsequent test is required; 7. That if the results of the genetic test indicate a statistical probability of paternity which equals or exceeds 99 percent, the department may:

1	b. Commence a proceeding, as provided by s. 409.2563,
2	to establish an administrative support order for the child, in
3	which notice of that proceeding will be provided to the
4	respondent by regular mail;
5	8. That, if the genetic test results indicate a
6	statistical probability of paternity which equals or exceeds
7	99 percent and a proceeding to establish an administrative
8	support order is commenced, the department will issue a
9	proposed order that addresses paternity and child support
10	which the respondent may consent to or contest at an
11	administrative hearing;
12	9. That if a proposed order of paternity or proposed
13	order of both paternity and child support is not contested,
14	the department will adopt the proposed order and render a
15	final order that establishes paternity and, if appropriate, an
16	administrative support order for the child;
17	10. That, until the proceeding is ended, the
18	respondent shall notify the department in writing of any
19	change in the respondent's mailing address and that the
20	respondent will be deemed to have received any subsequent
21	order, notice, or other paper mailed to the most recent
22	address provided or, if a more recent address is not provided,
23	to the address at which the respondent was served, and that
24	this requirement continues if the department renders a final
25	order that establishes paternity and a support order for the
26	child;
27	11. That the respondent may file an action in circuit
28	court for a determination of paternity, child-support
29	obligations, or both;
30	12. That if the respondent files an action in circuit
31	court and serves the department with a copy of the petition or

1	complaint within 20 days after being served notice under this
2	subsection, the administrative process ends without prejudice
3	and the action must proceed in circuit court; and
4	13. That, if paternity is established, the putative
5	father may file a petition in circuit court for a
6	determination of matters relating to custody and rights of
7	parental contact.
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9	A notice under this paragraph must also notify the respondent
10	of s. 409.2563(4)(m) and (o).
11	(b) A notice of proceeding to establish paternity and
12	child support must state the matters required by paragraph
13	(a), except for subparagraph (a)7., and must state the matters
14	required by s. 409.2563(4), to the extent that the matters
15	required by s. 409.2563(4) are not already required by and do
16	not conflict with this subsection. This section and s.
17	409.2563 apply to a proceeding commenced under this paragraph.
18	(c) The order to appear for genetic testing must
19	inform the person ordered to appear:
20	1. That the department has commenced an administrative
21	proceeding to establish whether the putative father is the
22	biological father of the child;
23	2. The name and date of birth of the child and the
24	name of the child's mother;
25	3. That the putative father has been named in an
26	affidavit or written declaration that states the putative
27	father is or may be the child's biological father;
28	4. The date, time, and place that the person ordered
29	to appear must appear to provide a sample for genetic testing;
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1	5. That if the person has custody of the child whose
2	paternity is the subject of the proceeding, the person must
3	submit the child to genetic testing;
4	6. That when the samples are provided, the person
5	ordered to appear must verify his or her identity and the
6	identity of the child, if applicable, by presenting a form of
7	identification as prescribed by s. 117.05(5)(b)2., which bears
8	the photograph of the person who is providing the sample, or
9	other form of verification approved by the department;
10	7. That if the person ordered to appear submits to
11	genetic testing, the department will pay the cost of the
12	genetic testing and will provide the person ordered to appear
13	with a copy of any test results obtained;
14	8. That if the person ordered to appear does not
15	appear as ordered or refuses to submit to genetic testing
16	without good cause, the department may take one or more of
17	these actions:
18	a. Commence proceedings to suspend the driver's
19	license and motor vehicle registration of the person ordered
20	to appear, as provided by s. 61.13016;
21	b. Impose an administrative fine against the person
22	ordered to appear in the amount of \$500; or
23	c. File a petition in circuit court to establish
24	paternity and obtain a support order for the child and an
25	order for costs against the person ordered to appear,
26	including costs for genetic testing; and
27	9. That the person ordered to appear may contest the
28	order by filing a written request for informal review within
29	15 days after the date of service of the order, with further
30	rights to an administrative hearing following the informal
31	review.

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2	TESTING
3	(a) The person ordered to appear may contest an order
4	to appear for genetic testing by filing a written request for
5	informal review with the department within 15 days after the
6	date of service of the order. The purposes of informal review
7	is to provide the person ordered to appear with an opportunity
8	to discuss the proceeding and the basis of the order. At the
9	conclusion of the informal review, the department shall notify
10	the person ordered to appear, in writing, whether it will
11	proceed with the order to appear. If the department notifies
12	the person ordered to appear of its intent to proceed, the
13	notice must inform the person ordered to appear of the right
14	to contest the order at an administrative hearing.
15	(b) The person ordered to appear may file a request
16	for an administrative hearing to contest whether he or she
17	should be required to submit to genetic testing no later than
18	15 days after the department mails the notification that the
19	department will proceed with an order to appear for genetic
20	testing. A request for an administrative hearing must state
21	the specific reasons why the person ordered to appear believes
22	he or she should not be required to submit to genetic testing

(5) RIGHT TO CONTEST ORDER TO APPEAR FOR GENETIC

28 Procedure. The administrative law judge assigned to the case

as ordered. If the person ordered to appear files a timely

request to the Division of Administrative Hearings. Unless

otherwise provided by this section, administrative hearings

request for a hearing, the department shall refer the hearing

29 <u>shall issue an order as to whether the person must submit to</u>

30 genetic testing in accordance with the order to appear. The

31 department or the person ordered to appear may seek immediate

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1	judicial review under s. 120.68 of an order issued by an
2	administrative law judge under this paragraph.
3	(c) If a timely request for an informal review or an
4	administrative hearing is filed, the department may not
5	proceed under the order to appear for genetic testing and may
6	not impose sanctions for failure or refusal to submit to
7	genetic testing until:
8	1. The department has notified the person of its
9	intent to proceed after informal review, and a timely request
10	for hearing is not filed;
11	2. The person ordered to appear withdraws the request
12	for hearing or informal review; or
13	3. The Division of Administrative Hearings issues an
14	order that the person must submit to genetic testing, or
15	issues an order closing the division's file, and that order
16	has become final.
17	(d) If a request for an informal review or
18	administrative hearing is not timely filed, the person ordered
19	to appear is deemed to have waived the right to a hearing and
20	the department may proceed under the order to appear for
21	genetic testing.
22	(6) SCHEDULING OF GENETIC TESTING
23	(a) The department shall notify the person ordered to
24	appear, in writing, of the date, time, and place at which the
25	person must appear for genetic testing, and of the requirement
26	to bring documentation to verify his or her identity and the
27	identity of the child, if applicable, when the samples are

provided by presenting a form of identification as prescribed by s. 117.05(5)(b)2., which bears the photograph of the person

who is providing the sample or other form of verification

1	the putative father or the mother, that person must appear and
2	submit to genetic testing. If the person ordered to appear is
3	a custodian, or if the putative father or the mother has
4	custody of the child, that person must submit the child for
5	genetic testing.
6	(b) The department shall reschedule genetic testing:
7	1. One time without cause if, in advance of the
8	initial test date, the person ordered to appear requests the
9	department to reschedule the test;
10	2. One time if the person ordered to appear shows good
11	cause for failure to appear for a scheduled test; or
12	3. One time upon request of a person ordered to appear
13	against whom sanctions have been imposed as provided by
14	subsection (7).
15	
16	A claim of good cause for failure to appear must be filed with
17	the department within 10 days after the scheduled test date
18	and must state the facts and circumstances supporting the
19	claim. The department shall notify the person ordered to
20	appear, in writing, whether it accepts or rejects the person's
21	claim of good cause. The person does not have a right to a
22	hearing to challenge the department's decision to accept or
23	
	reject the claim of good cause. The person ordered to appear
24	reject the claim of good cause. The person ordered to appear may raise good cause as a defense to any proceeding initiated
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	may raise good cause as a defense to any proceeding initiated
25	may raise good cause as a defense to any proceeding initiated by the department under subsection (7).
25 26	may raise good cause as a defense to any proceeding initiated by the department under subsection (7). (c) A person ordered to appear may obtain a second
25 26 27	may raise qood cause as a defense to any proceeding initiated by the department under subsection (7). (c) A person ordered to appear may obtain a second genetic test by filing a written request for a second test

1	(d) The department may schedule and require a second
2	genetic test if it has reason to believe the results of the
3	first genetic test may not be reliable.
4	(e) Except as provided by paragraph (c) and subsection
5	(7), the department shall pay for the cost of any genetic
6	testing ordered under this section.
7	(7) FAILURE OR REFUSAL TO SUBMIT TO GENETIC
8	TESTINGIf a person who is served with an order to appear
9	for genetic testing fails to appear without good cause, or
10	refuses to submit to testing without good cause, the
11	department may take one or more of the following actions:
12	(a) Commence a proceeding to suspend the driver's
13	license and motor vehicle registration of the person ordered
14	to appear, as provided by s. 61.13016;
15	(b) Impose an administrative fine against the person
16	ordered to appear in the amount of \$500; or
17	(c) File a petition in circuit court to establish
18	paternity, obtain a support order for the child, and seek
19	reimbursement from the person ordered to appear for the full
20	cost of genetic testing incurred by the department.
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22	A suspended driver's license and motor vehicle registration
23	may be reinstated when the person complies with the order to
24	appear for genetic testing. The department may use civil
25	remedies or other statutory means available to the department
26	to collect any administrative fine imposed under this
27	subsection.
28	(8) GENETIC-TESTING RESULTSThe department shall
29	send a copy of the genetic-testing results to the putative
30	father, to the mother, to the custodian, and to the other
31	state, if applicable. If the genetic-testing results,

1	including second or subsequent genetic-testing results, do not
2	indicate a statistical probability of paternity which equals
3	or exceeds 99 percent, the paternity proceeding ends as to
4	that child.
5	(9) PROPOSED ORDER OF PATERNITY; COMMENCEMENT OF
6	PROCEEDING TO ESTABLISH ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT ORDER; PROPOSED
7	ORDER OF PATERNITY AND CHILD SUPPORT
8	(a) If a paternity proceeding has been commenced under
9	this section and the results of genetic testing indicate a
10	statistical probability of paternity which equals or exceeds
11	99 percent, the department may:
12	1. Issue a proposed order of paternity as provided by
13	paragraph (b); or
14	2. If appropriate, delay issuing a proposed order of
15	paternity and commence, by regular mail, an administrative
16	proceeding to establish a support order for the child under s.
17	409.2563 and issue a single proposed order for paternity and
18	child support.
19	(b) A proposed order of paternity must:
20	1. State proposed findings of fact and conclusions of
21	law;
22	2. Include a copy of the results of genetic testing;
23	<u>and</u>
24	3. Include notice of the respondent's right to
25	informal review and to contest the proposed order of paternity
26	at an administrative hearing.
27	(c) If a paternity and child support proceeding has
28	been commenced under this section and the results of genetic
29	testing indicate a statistical probability of paternity which
30	equals or exceeds 99 percent, the department may issue a
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1	single proposed order that includes paternity as provided by
2	this section and child support as provided by s. 409.2563.
3	(d) The department shall serve a proposed order issued
4	under this section on the respondent by regular mail and shall
5	provide a copy by regular mail to the mother or custodian, if
6	they are not respondents.
7	(10) INFORMAL REVIEW; ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING;
8	PRESUMPTION OF PATERNITY
9	(a) The respondent may contact a department
10	representative at the address or telephone number provided no
11	later than 10 days after the date of mailing or other service
12	of a proposed order in order to request an informal review of
13	the proposed order. If an informal review is timely requested,
14	the time for requesting a hearing is extended until 10 days
15	after the department mails notice to the respondent that the
16	informal review has been concluded.
16 17	informal review has been concluded. (b) Within 20 days after the mailing date of the
17	(b) Within 20 days after the mailing date of the
17 18	(b) Within 20 days after the mailing date of the proposed order, or within 10 days after the mailing date of
17 18 19	(b) Within 20 days after the mailing date of the proposed order, or within 10 days after the mailing date of notice that an informal review has been concluded, whichever
17 18 19 20	(b) Within 20 days after the mailing date of the proposed order, or within 10 days after the mailing date of notice that an informal review has been concluded, whichever is later, the respondent may request an administrative
17 18 19 20 21	(b) Within 20 days after the mailing date of the proposed order, or within 10 days after the mailing date of notice that an informal review has been concluded, whichever is later, the respondent may request an administrative hearing. The respondent may request a hearing by filing a
17 18 19 20 21 22	(b) Within 20 days after the mailing date of the proposed order, or within 10 days after the mailing date of notice that an informal review has been concluded, whichever is later, the respondent may request an administrative hearing. The respondent may request a hearing by filing a written request for a hearing with the department. A request
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	(b) Within 20 days after the mailing date of the proposed order, or within 10 days after the mailing date of notice that an informal review has been concluded, whichever is later, the respondent may request an administrative hearing. The respondent may request a hearing by filing a written request for a hearing with the department. A request for a hearing must state the specific objections to the
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	(b) Within 20 days after the mailing date of the proposed order, or within 10 days after the mailing date of notice that an informal review has been concluded, whichever is later, the respondent may request an administrative hearing. The respondent may request a hearing by filing a written request for a hearing with the department. A request for a hearing must state the specific objections to the proposed order, the specific objections to the genetic testing
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	(b) Within 20 days after the mailing date of the proposed order, or within 10 days after the mailing date of notice that an informal review has been concluded, whichever is later, the respondent may request an administrative hearing. The respondent may request a hearing by filing a written request for a hearing with the department. A request for a hearing must state the specific objections to the proposed order, the specific objections to the qenetic testing results, or both. A respondent who fails to file a timely
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	(b) Within 20 days after the mailing date of the proposed order, or within 10 days after the mailing date of notice that an informal review has been concluded, whichever is later, the respondent may request an administrative hearing. The respondent may request a hearing by filing a written request for a hearing with the department. A request for a hearing must state the specific objections to the proposed order, the specific objections to the genetic testing results, or both. A respondent who fails to file a timely request for a hearing is deemed to have waived the right to a
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(b) Within 20 days after the mailing date of the proposed order, or within 10 days after the mailing date of notice that an informal review has been concluded, whichever is later, the respondent may request an administrative hearing. The respondent may request a hearing by filing a written request for a hearing with the department. A request for a hearing must state the specific objections to the proposed order, the specific objections to the qenetic testing results, or both. A respondent who fails to file a timely request for a hearing is deemed to have waived the right to a hearing.

31 by this section or by s. 409.2563, the conduct of the

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administrative hearing is governed by chapter 120 and the 2 Uniform Rules of Procedure. (d) The genetic-testing results shall be admitted into 3 4 evidence and made a part of the hearing record. For purposes 5 of this section, a statistical probability of paternity which 6 equals or exceeds 99 percent creates a presumption that the putative father is the biological father of the child. The 8 presumption may be overcome only by clear and convincing evidence. The respondent or the department may call an expert 9 10 witness to refute or support the testing procedure or results, or the mathematical theory on which they are based. Verified 11 12 documentation of the chain of custody of the samples tested is 13 competent evidence to establish the chain of custody. (11) FINAL ORDER ESTABLISHING PATERNITY OR PATERNITY 14 AND CHILD SUPPORT; CONSENT ORDER; NOTICE TO OFFICE OF VITAL 15 16 STATISTICS. --17 (a) If a hearing is held, the administrative law judge 18 shall issue a final order that adjudicates paternity or, if appropriate, paternity and child support. A final order of the 19 2.0 administrative law judge constitutes final agency action by 21 the department. The Division of Administrative Hearings shall 2.2 transmit the order to the department for filing and rendering. 23 (b) If the respondent does not file a timely request for a hearing or consents in writing to the entry of a final 2.4 order without a hearing, the department may render a final 2.5 order of paternity or a final order of paternity and child 26 27 support, as appropriate. 2.8 (c) The department shall mail a copy of the final order to the putative father, the mother, and the custodian, 29

if any. The department shall notify the respondent of the

right to seek judicial review of a final order according to s. 2 120.68. (d) Upon rendering a final order of paternity or a 3 4 final order of paternity and child support, the department 5 shall notify the Office of Vital Statistics that the paternity 6 of the child has been established. 7 (e) A final order rendered under this section has the 8 same effect as a judgment entered by the court under chapter 9 742. 10 (f) The provisions of s. 409.2563 which apply to a final administrative support order rendered under that section 11 12 apply to a final order rendered under this section when a 13 child support obligation is established. (12) RIGHT TO JUDICIAL REVIEW .-- A respondent has the 14 right to seek judicial review, according to s. 120.68, of a 15 final order rendered under subsection (11) and an order issued 16 under paragraph (5)(b). The department has the right to seek 18 judicial review, according to s. 120.68, of a final order issued by an administrative law judge under subsection (11) 19 and an order issued by an administrative law judge under 2.0 21 paragraph (5)(b). 22 (13) DUTY TO PROVIDE AND MAINTAIN CURRENT MAILING 23 ADDRESS. -- Until a proceeding that has been commenced under this section has ended, a respondent who is served with a 2.4 notice of proceeding must inform the department, in writing, 2.5 of any change in the respondent's mailing address and is 26 2.7 deemed to have received any subsequent order, notice, or other 2.8 paper mailed to that address, or the address at which the respondent was served, if the respondent has not provided a 29 30 more recent address.

1	(14) PROCEEDINGS IN CIRCUIT COURT The results of
2	genetic testing performed under this section are admissible as
3	evidence to the same extent as scientific testing ordered by
4	the court under chapter 742.
5	(15) GENDER NEUTRAL This section shall be construed
6	impartially, regardless of a person's gender, and applies with
7	equal force to the mother of a child whose paternity has not
8	been established and is not presumed by law.
9	(16) REMEDIES SUPPLEMENTAL The remedies provided by
10	this section are supplemental and in addition to other
11	remedies available to the department for establishing
12	paternity and child support obligations.
13	(17) RULEMAKING AUTHORITY The department may adopt
14	rules to administer this section.
15	Section 21. Effective July 1, 2005, subsection (4) of
16	section 409.2561, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
17	409.2561 Support obligations when public assistance is
18	paid; assignment of rights; subrogation; medical and health
19	insurance information
20	(4) No obligation of support under this section shall
21	be incurred by any person who is the recipient of supplemental
22	security income or temporary cash assistance public assistance
23	moneys for the benefit of a dependent child or who is
24	incapacitated and financially unable to pay as determined by
25	the department.
26	Section 22. Effective January 1, 2006, paragraphs (b)
27	and (c) of subsection (2) of section 409.2563, Florida
28	Statutes, are amended to read:
29	409.2563 Administrative establishment of child support
30	obligations
31	(2) PURPOSE AND SCOPE

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- (b) The administrative procedure set forth in this section concerns only the establishment of child support obligations. This section does not grant jurisdiction to the department or the Division of Administrative Hearings to hear or determine issues of dissolution of marriage, separation, alimony or spousal support, termination of parental rights, dependency, disputed paternity except for a determination of paternity as provided by s. 409.256, award of or change of custody, or visitation. This paragraph notwithstanding, the department and the Division of Administrative Hearings may make findings of fact that are necessary for a proper determination of a noncustodial parent's support obligation as authorized by this section.
- (c) If there is no support order for a child in a Title IV-D case whose paternity has been established or is presumed by law, or whose paternity is the subject of a proceeding under s. 409.256, the department may establish the noncustodial parent's child support obligation under pursuant to this section, s. 61.30, and other relevant provisions of state law. The noncustodial parent's obligation determined by the department may include any obligation to pay retroactive support and any obligation to provide for health care for a child, whether through insurance coverage, reimbursement of expenses, or both. The department may proceed on behalf of:
- An applicant or recipient of public assistance, as provided by ss. 409.2561 and 409.2567;
- A former recipient of public assistance, as provided by s. 409.2569;
- 3. An individual who has applied for services as provided by s. 409.2567;
 - 4. Itself or the child, as provided by s. 409.2561; or

1	5. A state or local government of another state, as
2	provided by chapter 88.
3	Section 23. Effective October 1, 2006, section
4	409.25635, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
5	409.25635 Determination and collection of noncovered
6	medical expenses
7	(1) DEFINITION As used in this section, the term
8	"noncovered medical expenses" means uninsured medical, dental,
9	or prescription medication expenses that are ordered to be
10	paid on behalf of a child as provided by s. 61.13(1)(b) or a
11	similar law of another state.
12	(2) PROCEEDING TO DETERMINE AMOUNT OWED FOR NONCOVERED
13	MEDICAL EXPENSES In a Title IV-D case, the department may
14	proceed under this section to determine the amount owed by an
15	obligor for noncovered medical expenses if:
16	(a) The obligor is subject to a support order that
17	requires the obligor to pay all or part of a child's
18	noncovered medical expenses;
19	(b) The oblique provides the department with a written
20	declaration under penalty of perjury that states:
21	1. Noncovered medical expenses have been incurred on
22	behalf of the dependent child whom the obliqor has been
23	ordered to support;
24	2. The oblique has paid for noncovered medical
25	expenses that have been incurred on behalf of the child;
26	3. The obligor has not paid all or part of the child's
27	noncovered medical expenses as ordered; and
28	4. The amount paid by the oblique for noncovered
29	medical expenses and the amount the obliqor allegedly owes to
30	the oblique; and
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2	the written declaration.
3	(3) NOTICE OF PROCEEDING
4	(a) To proceed under this section the department shall
5	serve a notice on the obligor which states:
6	1. That the department has commenced a proceeding to
7	determine the amount the obliqor owes for noncovered medical
8	expenses;
9	2. The name of the court or other tribunal that issued
10	the support order that requires the obliqor to pay noncovered
11	medical expenses and the date of the order;
12	3. That the proceeding is based on the requirements of
13	the support order, the oblique's written sworn statement, and
14	the supporting documentation provided to the department by the
15	obliqee;
16	4. The amount of noncovered medical expenses that the
17	oblique alleques the oblique owes;
18	5. That the obligor may file a motion in the circuit
19	court to contest the amount of noncovered medical expenses
20	owed within 25 days after the date of mailing of the notice,
21	if the support order was entered by a court of this state or a
22	tribunal of another state. If the support order was entered by
23	the department, the obligor may file with the department a
24	petition to contest the amount owed within 25 days after the
25	date of mailing of the notice;
26	6. That the court will determine the amount owed by
27	the obliqor and enter judgment, as appropriate, if the obliqor
28	timely files a motion in the circuit court to contest the
29	amount of noncovered medical expenses owed and if the support
30	order was entered by a court of this state or a tribunal of
31	another state. If the support order was entered by the

(c) The oblique provides documentation in support of

1	department, the department will determine the amount owed by
2	the obligor and render a final order as appropriate if the
3	obligor timely files with the department a petition to contest
4	the amount of noncovered medical expenses owed;
5	7. That the obligor will owe the amount alleged in the
6	notice if the obligor does not timely file a motion or
7	petition to contest the amount; and
8	8. That the department will attempt to collect the
9	amount owed if an amount owed is determined after a hearing or
10	becomes final because the obligor does not file a timely
11	motion or petition to contest the amount.
12	(b) The notice shall be served on the obliqor by
13	regular mail sent to the obligor's address of record with the
14	clerk of court, or with the department if the support order
15	was entered by the department, or a more recent address if
16	known. A copy of the oblique's written declaration and
17	supporting documentation must be served on the obligor with
18	the notice. The department shall provide the oblique with a
19	copy of the notice and with any subsequent notice of hearing.
20	(4) RIGHT TO HEARING; DETERMINATION AFTER HEARING;
21	WAIVER OF HEARING
22	(a) The obligor may file a motion in the circuit court
23	within 25 days after the date the notice required by
24	subsection (3) is mailed to contest the amount of noncovered
25	medical expenses owed if the support order was entered by a
26	court of this state or a tribunal of another state. If a
27	timely motion is filed, the court shall conduct a hearing to
28	determine if the obliqor owes the oblique the amount alleged
29	for noncovered medical expenses and enter judgment as
30	appropriate.

1	(b) If the support order was entered by the
2	department, the obligor may file with the department a
3	petition to contest the amount of noncovered medical expenses
4	owed no later than 25 days after the date the notice required
5	by subsection (3) is mailed. If a timely petition is filed,
6	the department shall conduct a hearing under chapter 120 to
7	determine if the obligor owes the obligee for the amount
8	alleged for noncovered medical expenses and render a final
9	order as appropriate.
10	(c) If the obligor does not timely file a motion or
11	petition to contest the amount owed, the amount owed alleged
12	in the notice becomes final and legally enforceable.
13	(5) EFFECT OF DETERMINATION BY THE DEPARTMENT AND
14	UNCONTESTED PROCEEDINGS The amount owed for noncovered
15	medical expenses which is determined by the department as
16	provided by paragraph (4)(b) or which becomes final as
17	provided by paragraph (4)(c) has the same effect as a judgment
18	entered by a court.
19	(6) FILING WITH THE DEPOSITORY; RECORDING; MAINTENANCE
20	OF ACCOUNTS When an amount owed for noncovered medical
21	expenses is determined, the department shall file a certified
22	copy of the final order or uncontested notice with the
23	depository. Upon receipt of a final order or uncontested
24	notice, the depository shall record the final order or
25	uncontested notice in the same manner as a final judgment. The
26	depository shall maintain necessary accounts to reflect
27	obligations and payments for noncovered medical expenses.
28	(7) COLLECTION ACTION; ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES Any
29	administrative remedy available for collection of support may
30	be used to collect noncovered medical expenses that are
31	determined or established under this section.

(8) SUPPLEMENTAL REMEDY. -- This section provides a 2 supplemental remedy for determining and collecting noncovered 3 medical expenses. As an alternative, the department or any 4 other party may petition the circuit court for enforcement of an obligation to pay noncovered medical expenses. 5 6 (9) RULEMAKING AUTHORITY. -- The department may adopt 7 rules to administer this section. Section 24. Effective January 1, 2006, subsection (4) 8 of section 409.2564, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 9 10 409.2564 Actions for support.--(4) Whenever the department has undertaken an action 11 12 for enforcement of support, the department may enter into an 13 agreement with the obligor for the entry of a judgment determining paternity, if applicable, and for periodic child 14 support payments based on the support quidelines in s. 61.30 15 obligor's reasonable ability to pay. Before Prior to entering 16 into this agreement, the obligor shall be informed that a 18 judgment will be entered based on the agreement. The clerk of the court shall file the agreement without the payment of any 19 2.0 fees or charges, and the court, upon entry of the judgment, 21 shall forward a copy of the judgment to the parties to the 2.2 action. To encourage settlements without litigation and to 23 promote support order compliance, if the obligor and the department agree on entry of a support order and its terms, 2.4 25 the quideline amount owed for retroactive support which is permanently assigned to the state shall be reduced by 25 26 27 percent. In making a determination of the obligor's reasonable 2.8 ability to pay and until guidelines are established for 29 determining child support award amounts, the following 30 criteria shall be considered: 31

(a) All earnings, income, and resources of the 2 obligor. 3 (b) The ability of the obligor to earn. 4 The reasonable necessities of the obligor. 5 (d) The needs of the dependent child for whom support 6 is sought. 7 Section 25. Effective October 1, 2005, section 409.25645, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 8 9 409.25645 Administrative orders for genetic testing.--10 (1) The department is authorized to use administrative orders to require genetic testing in Title IV-D cases. In 11 12 these such cases the department or an authorized agent may 13 issue an administrative order to a putative father who has not voluntarily submitted to genetic testing, directing him to 14 appear for a genetic test to determine the paternity of a 15 child, provided that the department has shall have no 16 authority to issue such an order in the absence of an affidavit or written declaration as provided in s. 92.525(2) 18 of the child's mother stating that the putative father is or 19 may be a parent of the child. The administrative order shall 20 21 state: 22 (a) (1) The type of genetic test that will be used. 23 (b) $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$ The date, time, and place to appear for the genetic test, except as provided in subsection (3). 2.4 (c) (3) That upon failure to appear for the genetic 25 test, or refusal to be tested, the department shall file a 26 27 petition in circuit court to establish paternity and child 2.8 support. (2) A copy of the affidavit or written declaration 29 which is the basis for the issuance of the administrative 30 order shall be attached to the order. The administrative

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order is exempt from the hearing provisions in chapter 120, because the person to whom it is directed shall have an opportunity to object in circuit court in the event the department pursues the matter by filing a petition in circuit court. The department may serve the administrative order to appear for a genetic test by regular mail. In any case in which more than one putative father has been identified, the department may proceed under this section with respect to all putative fathers. If the department receives a request from another state Title IV-D agency to assist in the establishment of paternity, the department may cause an administrative order to appear for a genetic test to be served on a putative father who resides in Florida.

- (3) If the putative father is incarcerated, the correctional facility shall assist the putative father to comply with the administrative order, whether issued under this section or s. 409.256.
- 18 (4) An administrative order for genetic testing has
 19 the same force and effect as an order of the court.

20 Section 26. Effective October 1, 2005, section 21 409.2567, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.2567 Services to individuals not otherwise eligible.—All support services provided by the department shall be made available on behalf of all dependent children. Services shall be provided upon acceptance of public

26 assistance or upon proper application filed with the

27 department. The federally required application fee for

28 individuals who do not receive public assistance is \$1, which

29 shall be waived for all applicants and paid by the department.

The department shall adopt rules to provide for the payment of

31 a \$25 application fee from each applicant who is not a public

assistance recipient. The application fee shall be deposited 2 the Child Support Enforcement Application and Program 3 Revenue Trust Fund within the Department of Revenue to be used for the Child Support Enforcement Program. The obligor is 4 responsible for all administrative costs, as defined in s. 5 409.2554. The court shall order payment of administrative 7 costs without requiring the department to have a member of the 8 bar testify or submit an affidavit as to the reasonableness of the costs. An attorney-client relationship exists only between 9 the department and the legal services providers in Title IV-D 10 cases. The attorney shall advise the obligee in Title IV-D 11 12 cases that the attorney represents the agency and not the 13 obligee. In Title IV-D cases, any costs, including filing fees, recording fees, mediation costs, service of process 14 fees, and other expenses incurred by the clerk of the circuit 15 16 court, shall be assessed only against the nonprevailing obligor after the court makes a determination of the 18 nonprevailing obligor's ability to pay the such costs and fees. In any case where the court does not award all costs, 19 the court shall state in the record its reasons for not 20 21 awarding the costs. The Department of Revenue is shall not be 22 considered a party for purposes of this section; however, fees 23 may be assessed against the department under pursuant to s. 57.105(1). The department shall submit a monthly report to the 2.4 Governor and the chairs of the Health and Human Services 2.5 Fiscal Committee of the House of Representatives and the Ways 26 27 and Means Committee of the Senate specifying the funds 2.8 identified for collection from the noncustodial parents of 29 children receiving temporary assistance and the amounts actually collected. The department shall seek a waiver from 30 the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services to

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and (4).

- authorize the department to provide services to individuals 2 who are owed support in accordance with Title IV-D of the Social Security Act, without need of an application. If the 3 4 waiver is granted, the department shall adopt rules to implement the waiver and begin providing Title IV-D services 5 to those who are owed support but are not receiving support payments as ordered. However, the department must first give 8 written notice to an individual who is owed support of his or her right to refuse Title IV-D services and a reasonable time 9 10 to respond. Section 27. Section 409.259, Florida Statutes, is 11 12 amended to read: 13 409.259 Filing fees in Title IV-D cases; electronic filing of pleadings and other papers .--14 (1) Notwithstanding s. 28.241, each clerk of the 15 circuit court shall accept petitions, complaints, and motions 16 filed by the department in Title IV-D cases without billing 18 the department separately for each filing, as long as the clerk is being reimbursed in a different manner for expenses 19 incurred in such filings under the cooperative agreement with 20 21 the department under pursuant to ss. 61.181(1) and 61.1826(2)
 - (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), the department <u>is</u> shall continue to be entitled to the other necessary services of the clerk of court in any proceedings under the IV-D program as authorized under s. 409.2571.
 - (3) The Supreme Court, clerks of the circuit court, chief judges, sheriffs, the Office of the Attorney General, the Office of the State Courts Administrator, and the Department of Revenue shall work cooperatively to implement electronic filing of pleadings, returns of service, and other

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papers with the clerks of the circuit court in Title IV-D cases by October 1, 2009.

Section 28. Effective July 1, 2006, section 409.2598, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.2598 <u>License-suspension proceeding to enforce a</u>

<u>support order Suspension or denial of new or renewal licenses;</u>

<u>registrations; certifications.</u>--

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "License" means a license, permit, certificate, registration, franchise, or other form of written permission issued by a licensing agency to an individual which authorizes the individual to engage in an occupation, business, trade, or profession or to engage in a recreational activity, including hunting or fishing. Where the context permits, the term also includes an application for a new or renewal license.
 - (b) "Licensee" means an individual who has a license.
- (c) "Licensing agency" means a department, commission, agency, district, county, municipality, or other subdivision of state or local government which issues licenses.
- (2) The department may commence a license-suspension proceeding to enforce compliance with a support order if an obligor has not complied with the order for at least 30 days by providing written notice to an obligor which states:
- (a) That the obligor is not in compliance with the support order and specifies that the noncompliance is due to the obligor's nonpayment of current support, delinquencies, or arrears, or the failure to provide health care coverage or medical support;
 - (b) The kind of license that is subject to suspension;
- 30 <u>(c) That the obliqor may avoid suspension of the</u>
 31 <u>license by complying with the support order or entering into a</u>

written agreement with the department no later than 30 days 2 after the notice was mailed; (d) That the license-suspension proceeding will cease 3 4 and the license will not be suspended if the obligor timely 5 complies with the support order or a written agreement entered 6 into with the department; 7 (e) That the obligor may contest the license 8 suspension by filing a petition in circuit court within 30 days after the notice of noncompliance was mailed; and 9 10 (f) That the license-suspension proceeding is stayed pending a ruling by the court if the obligor files a timely 11 12 petition with the circuit court. 13 The notice shall be served on the obligor by regular mail sent 14 to the obligor's last address of record on file with the local 15 depository or a more recent address, if known, which may 16 include the obligor's mailing address as reflected by the 18 records of the licensing agency. 19 (3) The obligor may contest license suspension by 2.0 filing a petition in circuit court within 30 days after the 21 notice of noncompliance has been mailed and by serving a copy of the petition on the department. If the obligor timely files 2.2 23 a petition in circuit court, the license-suspension proceeding is stayed pending a ruling by the court. The obligor may 2.4 contest the license suspension on the basis of a mistake of 2.5 fact concerning the obligor's compliance with the support 26 2.7 order, the reasonableness of a payment agreement offered by 2.8 the department, or the identity of the obligor. A petition to contest the license suspension must be heard by the court 29 30 within 15 days after the petition is filed. The court must

enter an order ruling on the matter within 10 days after the 2 hearing and a copy of the order must be served on the parties. (4)(a) If the obligor complies with the support order 3 4 or with the written agreement entered into with the department 5 after a proceeding is commenced but before the obligor's 6 license is suspended, the proceeding shall end and the license 7 may not be suspended. If the obligor at a later date fails to 8 comply with the support order or agreement, the department may commence a new proceeding or proceed as provided in paragraph 9 (c). 10 (b) If the obligor complies with the support order or 11 12 a written agreement entered into with the department after the 13 obligor's license is suspended, the department must provide the obligor with a reinstatement notice and the agency that 14 issued the license must reinstate the license at no additional 15 16 charge to the obligor. 17 (c) If the obligor enters into a written agreement 18 with the department and later does not comply with it, the department shall notify the agency issuing the license to 19 2.0 suspend the license unless the obligor notifies the department 21 that the obligor cannot comply with the written agreement. If 2.2 the obligor notifies the department of the inability to comply 23 with the written agreement, the obligor shall provide full disclosure to the department of the obligor's income, assets, 2.4 and employment. If after full disclosure the written agreement 2.5 cannot be renegotiated, the department or the obligor may file 26 27 a petition in circuit court to determine the matter. 2.8 (d) The agency issuing the license shall promptly reinstate the license of the obligor after receiving a court 29 30 order for reinstating the license.

1	(e) Notwithstanding any other law, a notice from a
2	court or the department to reinstate a license shall reinstate
3	to a licensee all licenses established in chapters 370 and 372
4	that were valid at the time of suspension.
5	(5)(a) The department shall notify the licensing
6	agency to suspend the license of an obligor when:
7	1. Thirty or more days have elapsed after a proceeding
8	has been commenced and the obligor has not complied with the
9	support order or a written agreement entered into with the
10	department or filed a timely petition to contest license
11	suspension in circuit court;
12	2. The obligor enters into a written agreement with
13	the department and does not comply with it, unless the obligor
14	notifies the department that the obligor can no longer comply
15	with the written agreement; or
16	3. Ordered to do so by the circuit court.
17	(b) Upon notice by the department or the circuit
18	court, the agency issuing the license shall suspend the
19	license of the obligor and may reinstate the license only
20	after receiving notice from the department or the court.
21	(6) A license may be suspended under this section to
22	enforce compliance with a subpoena, order to appear, order to
23	show cause, or similar order in a child support or paternity
24	proceeding by using the same procedures for enforcing
25	compliance with a support order.
26	(7) The department may combine a proceeding under this
27	section with a proceeding to suspend a driver's license under
28	s. 61.13016. A proceeding to suspend a license under this
29	section may apply to one or more of the licenses issued to the
30	obligor.

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enforce the requirements of this section. The Title IV D agency may petition the court that entered the support order or the court that is enforcing the support order to deny or suspend the license of any obligor with a delinquent support obligation or who fails, after receiving appropriate notice, to comply with subpoenas, orders to appear, orders to show cause, or similar orders relating to paternity or support proceedings. However, a petition may not be filed until the Title IV D agency has exhausted all other available remedies. The purpose of this section is to promote the public policy of the state as established in s. 409.2551.

(3) The Title IV D agency shall give notice to any obligor who is an applicant for a new or renewal license or the holder of a current license when a delinquency exists in the support obligation or when an obligor has failed to comply with a subpoena, order to appear, order to show cause, similar order relating to paternity or support proceeding. The notice shall specify that the obligor has 30 days from the date of mailing of the notice to pay the delinquency or to reach an agreement to pay the delinquency with the Title IV D agency or comply with the subpoena, order to appear, order to show cause, or similar order. The notice shall specify that, if payment is not made or an agreement cannot be reached, or if the subpoena, order to appear, order to show cause, similar order is not complied with, the application may be denied or the license may be suspended pursuant to a court order.

(4) If the obligor fails to pay the delinquency or enter into a repayment agreement with the department or comply with the subpoena, order to appear, order to show cause, or

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similar order within 30 days following completion of service of the notice, the Title IV D agency shall send a second notice to the obligor stating that the obligor has 30 days to pay the delinquency or reach an agreement to pay the delinquency with the Title IV D agency or comply with the subpoena, order to appear, order to show cause, or similar order. If the obligor fails to respond to either notice from the Title IV D agency or if the obligor fails to pay the delinquency or reach an agreement to pay the delinquency or comply with the subpoena, order to appear, order to show cause, or similar order after the second notice, the Title IV D agency may petition the court which entered the support order or the court which is enforcing the support order to deny the application for the license or to suspend the license of the obligor. However, no petition may be filed until the Title IV D agency has exhausted all other available remedies. The court may find that it would be inappropriate to deny a license or suspend a license if: (a) Denial or suspension would result in irreparable harm to the obligor or employees of the obligor or would not accomplish the objective of collecting the delinquency; or The obligor demonstrates that he or she has made a good faith effort to reach an agreement with the Title IV D agency. The court may not deny or suspend a license if the court determines that an alternative remedy is available to the Title IV D agency which is likely to accomplish the objective of collecting the delinquency or obtaining compliance with the subpoena, order to appear, order to show cause, or similar order. If the obligor fails in the defense of a petition for

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denial or suspension, the court which entered the support order or the court which is enforcing the support order shall enter an order to deny the application for the license or to suspend the license of the obligor. The court shall order the obligor to surrender the license to the Title IV D agency, which will return the license and a copy of the order of suspension to the appropriate licensing agency.

obligor subsequently pays the delinquency or reaches an agreement with the Title IV D agency to settle the delinquency and makes the first payment required by the agreement, or complies with the subpoena, order to appear, order to show cause, or similar order, the license shall be issued or reinstated upon written proof to the court that the obligor has complied with the terms of the court order, subpoena, order to appear, order to show cause, or similar order. Proof of payment shall consist of a certified copy of the payment record issued by the depository. The court shall order the appropriate licensing agency to issue or reinstate the license without additional charge to the obligor.

(6) The licensing agency shall, when directed by the court, suspend or deny the license of any licensee under its jurisdiction found to have a delinquent support obligation or not to be in compliance with a subpoena, order to appear, order to show cause, or similar order. The licensing agency shall issue or reinstate the license without additional charge to the licensee when notified by the court that the licensee has complied with the terms of the court order, or subpoena, order to appear, order to show cause, or similar order.

record with the local depository or a more recent address if 2 known. 3 Section 29. Effective October 1, 2005, section 409.821, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 4 5 409.821 Florida Kidcare program public records 6 exemption .-- Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, any 7 information identifying a Florida Kidcare program applicant or 8 enrollee, as defined in s. 409.811, held by the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Department of Children and 9 Family Services, the Department of Health, or the Florida 10 Healthy Kids Corporation is confidential and exempt from s. 11 12 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. The 13 Such information may be disclosed to another governmental entity only if disclosure is necessary for the entity to 14 perform its duties and responsibilities under the Florida 15 Kidcare program and shall be disclosed to the Department of 16 Revenue for purposes of administering the state's Title IV-D 18 program. The receiving governmental entity must maintain the confidential and exempt status of such information. 19 Furthermore, such information may not be released to any 20 21 person without the written consent of the program applicant. 22 This exemption applies to any information identifying a 23 Florida Kidcare program applicant or enrollee held by the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Department of 2.4 Children and Family Services, the Department of Health, or the 25 26 Florida Healthy Kids Corporation before, on, or after the 27 effective date of this exemption. A violation of this section 2.8 is a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 29 30 31

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Section 30. Effective October 1, 2005, paragraph (a) 2 of subsection (5) of section 414.065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3 414.065 Noncompliance with work requirements. --4

- (5) WORK ACTIVITY REQUIREMENTS FOR NONCUSTODIAL PARENTS. --
- (a) The court may order a noncustodial parent who is delinquent in support payments under the terms of a support order, as defined in s. 61.046, to participate in work activities under this chapter, or as provided by s. 61.14(5)(b), so that the parent may obtain employment and fulfill the obligation to provide support payments. A noncustodial parent who fails to satisfactorily engage in court-ordered work activities may be held in contempt.
- Section 31. Effective July 1, 2006, subsection (1) and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (3) of section 443.051, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 443.051 Benefits not alienable; exception, child support intercept. --
 - (1) DEFINITIONS. -- As used in this section:
- "Unemployment compensation" means any compensation payable under state law, including amounts payable under pursuant to an agreement under any federal law providing for compensation, assistance, or allowances for unemployment.
- "Support obligations" includes only those (b) obligations that are being enforced under a plan described in s. 454 of the Social Security Act which has been approved by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under Part D of Title IV of the Social Security Act. Support obligations include any legally required payments to reduce delinquencies,
- arrearages, or retroactive support.

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order, whether temporary or final, issued by a court of competent jurisdiction or administrative agency for the support and maintenance of a child which provides for monetary support, health care, arrearages, or past support. When the child support obligation is being enforced by the Department of Revenue, the term "support order" also means a judgment, decree, or order, whether temporary or final, issued by a court of competent jurisdiction for the support and maintenance of a child and the spouse or former spouse of the obligor with whom the child is living which provides for monetary support, health care, arrearages, or past support.

- (3) EXCEPTION, SUPPORT INTERCEPT. --
- unemployment compensation must disclose at the time of filing the claim whether she or he owes support obligations that are being enforced by the Department of Revenue. If an applicant discloses that she or he owes support obligations and she or he is determined to be eligible for unemployment compensation benefits, the Agency for Workforce Innovation shall notify the Department of Revenue if the department is enforcing the support obligation. The Department of Revenue shall, at least biweekly, provide the Agency for Workforce Innovation with a magnetic tape or other electronic data file disclosing the individuals who owe support obligations and the amount of any legally required deductions.
- (b) For support obligations established on or after
 July 1, 2006, and for support obligations established before
 July 1, 2006, when the support order does not address the
 withholding of unemployment compensation, the Agency for
 Workforce Innovation shall deduct and withhold 40 percent of

1	the unemployment compensation otherwise payable to an
2	individual disclosed under paragraph (a). If delinquencies,
3	arrearages, or retroactive support are owed and repayment has
4	not been ordered, the unpaid amounts are included in the
5	support obligation and are subject to withholding. If the
6	amount deducted exceeds the support obligation, the Department
7	of Revenue shall promptly refund the amount of the excess
8	deduction to the obligor. For support obligations in effect
9	before July 1, 2006, if the support order addresses the
10	withholding of unemployment compensation, the Agency for
11	Workforce Innovation shall deduct and withhold the amount
12	ordered by the court or administrative agency that issued the
13	support order as disclosed by the Department of Revenue. The
14	Agency for Workforce Innovation shall deduct and withhold from
15	any unemployment compensation otherwise payable to an
16	individual disclosed under paragraph (a) who owes support
17	obligations:
18	1. The amount determined under an agreement submitted
19	to the Agency for Workforce Innovation under s. 454(19)(B)(i)
20	of the Social Security Act by the Department of Revenue;
21	2. The amount required to be deducted and withheld
22	from unemployment compensation through legal process as
23	defined in s. 459 of the Social Security Act; or
24	3. The amount otherwise specified by the individual to
25	the Agency for Workforce Innovation to be deducted and
26	withheld under this section.
27	Section 32. Effective July 1, 2006, subsection (9) of
28	section 455.203, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
29	455.203 Department; powers and dutiesThe
30	department, for the boards under its jurisdiction, shall:
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(9) Allow applicants for new or renewal licenses and current licensees to be screened by the Title IV D child support agency pursuant to s. 409.2598 to assure compliance with a support obligation. The purpose of this subsection is to promote the public policy of this state as established in s. 409.2551. The department shall, when directed by the court, suspend or deny the license of any licensee found to have a delinquent support obligation, as defined in s. 409.2554. The department shall issue or reinstate the license without additional charge to the licensee when notified by the court that the licensee has complied with the terms of the court order. The department is shall not be held liable for any license denial or suspension resulting from the discharge of its duties under this subsection. Section 33. Effective January 1, 2006, subsection (1) of section 742.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 742.10 Establishment of paternity for children born out of wedlock.--(1) This chapter provides the primary jurisdiction and procedures for the determination of paternity for children born out of wedlock. When the establishment of paternity has been raised and determined within an adjudicatory hearing brought under the statutes governing inheritance, or dependency under workers' compensation or similar compensation programs, or when an affidavit acknowledging paternity or a stipulation of paternity is executed by both parties and filed with the clerk of the court, or when an affidavit, a notarized voluntary acknowledgment of paternity, or a voluntary acknowledgment of paternity that is witnessed by two individuals and signed under penalty of perjury as provided

for in s. 382.013 or s. 382.016 is executed by both parties,

or when paternity is adjudicated by the Department of Revenue 2 as provided by s. 409.256, the adjudication, affidavit, or acknowledgment constitutes it shall constitute the 3 4 establishment of paternity for purposes of this chapter. If no adjudicatory proceeding was held, a notarized voluntary 5 acknowledgment of paternity or voluntary acknowledgment of 7 paternity that is witnessed by two individuals and signed 8 under penalty of perjury as specified by s. 92.525(2) creates shall create a rebuttable presumption, as defined by s. 9 90.304, of paternity and is subject to the right of any 10 signatory to rescind the acknowledgment within 60 days after 11 12 the date the acknowledgment was signed or the date of an 13 administrative or judicial proceeding relating to the child, including a proceeding to establish a support order, in which 14 the signatory is a party, whichever is earlier. Both parents 15 must provide their social security numbers on any 16 17 acknowledgment of paternity, consent affidavit, or stipulation of paternity. Except for affidavits under seal under pursuant 18 to ss. 382.015 and 382.016, the Office of Vital Statistics 19 shall provide certified copies of affidavits to the Title IV-D 20 21 agency upon request. 22 Section 34. Effective January 1, 2006, paragraph (a) 23 of subsection (2) of section 760.40, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2.4 760.40 Genetic testing; informed consent; 25 confidentiality; penalties; notice of use of results .--26 27 (2)(a) Except for purposes of criminal prosecution, 2.8 except for purposes of determining paternity as provided in s. 409.256 or s. 742.12(1), and except for purposes of acquiring 29 specimens from persons convicted of certain offenses or as 30 otherwise provided in s. 943.325, DNA analysis may be

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performed only with the informed consent of the person to be tested, and the results of such DNA analysis, whether held by a public or private entity, are the exclusive property of the person tested, are confidential, and may not be disclosed without the consent of the person tested. Such information held by a public entity is exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.

Section 35. Effective October 1, 2005, subsections (1), (2), and (6) of section 827.06, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

827.06 Nonsupport of dependents.--

(1) The Legislature finds that most noncustodial parents want to support their children and remain connected to their families. The Legislature also finds that while many noncustodial parents lack the financial resources and other skills necessary to provide that support, some a small percentage of such parents willfully fail to provide support to their children even when they are aware of the obligation and have the ability to do so pursuant to s. 61.30. Legislature further finds that existing statutory provisions for civil enforcement of support have not proven sufficiently effective or efficient in gaining adequate support for all children. Recognizing that it is the public policy of this state that children shall be maintained primarily from the resources of their parents, thereby relieving, at least in part, the burden presently borne by the general citizenry through public assistance programs, it is the intent of the Legislature that the criminal penalties provided for in this section are to be pursued in all appropriate cases where exhaustion of appropriate civil enforcement has not resulted in payment.

1	(2) Any person who, after notice as specified in
2	subsection (6), and who has been previously adjudged in
3	contempt for failure to comply with a support order, willfully
4	fails to provide support which he or she has the ability to
5	provide to a child or a spouse whom the person knows he or she
6	is legally obligated to support commits a misdemeanor of the
7	first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
8	775.083. In lieu of any punishment imposed pursuant to s.
9	775.082 or s. 775.083, any person who is convicted of a
10	violation of this subsection shall be punished:
11	(a) By a fine to be paid after restitution for:
12	1. Not less than \$250 nor more than \$500 for a first
13	conviction.
14	2. Not less than \$500 nor more than \$750 for a second
15	conviction.
16	3. Not less than \$750 nor more than \$1,000 for a third
17	conviction; and
18	(b) By imprisonment for:
19	1. Not less than 15 days nor more than 1 month for a
20	first conviction.
21	2. Not less than 1 month nor more than 3 months for a
22	second conviction.
23	3. Not less than 3 months nor more than 6 months for a
24	third conviction.
25	(6) It is the intent of the Legislature for the state
26	attorneys, the Florida Prosecuting Attorneys Association, and
27	the Department of Revenue to work collaboratively to identify
28	strategies that will allow the criminal penalties provided for
29	in this section to be pursued in all appropriate cases,
30	including, but not limited to, strategies that would assist
31	the state attorneys in obtaining additional resources from

available federal Title IV-D funds to initiate prosecution 2 under this section. The Florida Prosecuting Attorneys Association and the Department of Revenue shall submit a joint 3 4 report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the 5 Speaker of the House of Representatives no later than December 6 31, 2005. Prior to commencing prosecution under this section, 7 the state attorney must notify the person responsible for 8 support by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by 9 using any other means permitted for service of process in a civil action, that a prosecution under this section will be 10 11 commenced against him or her unless the person pays the total 12 unpaid support obligation or provides a satisfactory 13 explanation as to why he or she has not made such payments. Section 36. For the purpose of incorporating the 14 amendment made by this act to section 61.13, Florida Statutes, 15 in references thereto, subsection (8) of section 61.30, 16 Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read: 18 61.30 Child support guidelines; retroactive child 19 support. --(8) Health insurance costs resulting from coverage 2.0 21 ordered pursuant to s. 61.13(1)(b), and any noncovered 22 medical, dental, and prescription medication expenses of the 23 child, shall be added to the basic obligation unless these expenses have been ordered to be separately paid on a 2.4 percentage basis. After the health insurance costs are added 2.5 to the basic obligation, any moneys prepaid by the 26 27 noncustodial parent for health-related costs for the child or 2.8 children of this action shall be deducted from that 29 noncustodial parent's child support obligation for that child 30 or those children.

1	Section 37. Effective October 1, 2005, paragraph (e)
2	of subsection (1) of section 61.13, Florida Statutes, is
3	repealed.
4	Section 38. Effective October 1, 2005, subsection (7)
5	of section 409.2564, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
6	Section 39. Except as otherwise expressly provided in
7	this act, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law.
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2 SENATE SUMMARY 3 Requires the repayment of a support delinquency through an additional income deduction. Requires an obligor contesting an income deduction order rendered by the 4 Title IV-D agency to file the petition with the Title 5 IV-D agency. Requires the Department of Revenue to provide payors with Internet access to income deduction 6 and national medical support notices issued on or after a specified date. Provides for suspension of a driver's 7 license to enforce compliance with an order to appear for genetic testing. Requires the Department of Revenue to 8 report to consumer reporting agencies the amount of overdue support owed by an obligor and the amount of the 9 obligor's support obligation when the overdue support is paid. Authorizes a circuit court to order an obligor to seek employment, engage in employment activities, and to inform the court and the Department of Revenue of the 10 employment activities. Provides that an obligor may be in contempt of court for failing to comply with work-related 11 12 activities. Provides for recovery of support arrearages from workers' compensation lump-sum settlements. Requires 13 the State Disbursement Unit, to the extent feasible, to provide for electronic disbursement of support payments to obligees. Requires certain employers to electronically 14 remit support payments to the State Disbursement Unit by 15 a specified date. Provides for the right to immediate judicial review to contest an administrative order for genetic testing. Provides for venue of administrative 16 hearings in paternity proceedings and determinations of 17 noncovered medical expenses. Authorizes the Department of Revenue to obtain digital photographs and signatures from 18 the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles for use in establishing paternity and establishing, 19 modifying, or enforcing support obligations. Require the Department of Health to amend a child's birth certificate 2.0 when paternity is established by the Department of Revenue. Requires the clerk of the circuit court to 21 ensure that all judicial determinations of paternity are reported to the Department of Health. Requires the 2.2 Department of Health to amend the birth certificate of a child born in this state but whose paternity is 23 established in another state. Requires the Department of Revenue and other specified organizations to study the 2.4 feasibility and report on the filing of birth certificates and other documents by electronic means with 25 the Department of Health. Requires a hospital that provides birthing services to affirm as part of its 26 application for a new, provisional, or renewal license that the hospital will comply with assisting unmarried 2.7 parents who request assistance in executing a voluntary acknowledgment of paternity. Requires the Department of Revenue to make reasonable efforts to locate persons to 2.8 whom collections or refunds are owed. Provides for 29 location efforts to include disclosure through a searchable Internet database with appropriate privacy 30 safeguards. Provides for notice, an opportunity for an administrative hearing, and the right to judicial review. Authorizes the Department of Revenue to combine a 31 paternity proceeding with an administrative proceeding to

establish a child support order. Provides for administrative orders to order a person to appear for 2 genetic testing. Provides for the scheduling of genetic testing and for the rescheduling of the test for a claim 3 of good cause. Provides specified sanctions for failing or refusing to submit to genetic testing. Provides for a presumption of paternity based on genetic testing 4 results. Requires a respondent to notify the Department of Revenue of changes of address and that subsequent notice by mail is deemed to have been received. 5 6 Authorizes the Department of Revenue to establish an administrative support order when paternity is determined 7 by administrative procedures. Authorizes the Department of Revenue to determine in Title IV-D cases the amount 8 owed by an obligor for noncovered medical expenses. Provides for notice, an opportunity for an administrative hearing, and the right to judicial review. Requires the 9 obligee to prepare a written declaration under penalty of 10 perjury documenting the claim. Authorizes the Department of Revenue to collect noncovered medical expenses by using the same remedies available for collection of 11 support. Provides that an administrative order for 12 genetic testing has the same force and effect as a court order. Requires the Department of Revenue to waive the 13 federal application fee and to pay the fee for certain applicants. Requires the Department of Revenue to seek a 14 federal waiver from the requirement that an individual must apply for Title IV-D services. Authorizes the 15 Department of Revenue to commence a proceeding to suspend an obligor's occupational, business, trade, professional, or recreational license for noncompliance with a support 16 order. Provides grounds for contesting the proposed 17 suspension. Provides for a stay of the suspension proceedings under certain circumstances. Provides for a 18 written agreement with the Department of Revenue to avoid suspension of the license. Requires the Department of 19 Revenue to issue a reinstatement notice if the obligor complies with the support order. Authorizes using the 2.0 license suspension proceedings to enforce subpoenas, orders to appear, or similar orders. Provides for a 21 combined proceeding to suspend an occupational license and a driver's license. Provides that when paternity is adjudicated by the Department of Revenue, the adjudication constitutes the establishment of paternity. 23 Requires that DNA testing be conducted only with the informed consent of the person tested with the exception 2.4 of genetic testing in paternity cases. (See bill for details.) 25 26 2.7 28 29 30