Bill No. HB 1893

Amendment No	(for	drafter's	use	only)	
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	CHAMBER ACTION	
Senate		House
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Representative(s) Homan offered the following:

Amendment (with directory and title amendments)

Remove lines 176-701 and insert:

5 to methodologies set forth in the rules of the agency and in б policy manuals and handbooks incorporated by reference therein. 7 These methodologies may include fee schedules, reimbursement 8 methods based on cost reporting, negotiated fees, competitive 9 bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, and other mechanisms the agency 10 considers efficient and effective for purchasing services or 11 goods on behalf of recipients. If a provider is reimbursed based on cost reporting and submits a cost report late and that cost 12 13 report would have been used to set a lower reimbursement rate 14 for a rate semester, then the provider's rate for that semester 15 shall be retroactively calculated using the new cost report, and

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16 full payment at the recalculated rate shall be effected 17 retroactively. Medicare-granted extensions for filing cost reports, if applicable, shall also apply to Medicaid cost 18 reports. Payment for Medicaid compensable services made on 19 behalf of Medicaid eligible persons is subject to the 20 availability of moneys and any limitations or directions 21 22 provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216. Further, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent 23 or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, 24 25 lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or 26 making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the 27 availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, provided the 28 29 adjustment is consistent with legislative intent.

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(2)

Subject to any limitations or directions provided for 31 (b) in the General Appropriations Act, the agency shall establish 32 33 and implement a Florida Title XIX Long-Term Care Reimbursement Plan (Medicaid) for nursing home care in order to provide care 34 35 and services in conformance with the applicable state and federal laws, rules, regulations, and quality and safety 36 37 standards and to ensure that individuals eligible for medical assistance have reasonable geographic access to such care. 38

39 1. Changes of ownership or of licensed operator do not 40 qualify for increases in reimbursement rates associated with the 41 change of ownership or of licensed operator. The agency shall 42 amend the Title XIX Long Term Care Reimbursement Plan to provide

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43 that the initial nursing home reimbursement rates, for the 44 operating, patient care, and MAR components, associated with 45 related and unrelated party changes of ownership or licensed 46 operator filed on or after September 1, 2001, are equivalent to 47 the previous owner's reimbursement rate.

The agency shall amend the long-term care reimbursement 48 2. 49 plan and cost reporting system to create direct care and 50 indirect care subcomponents of the patient care component of the 51 per diem rate. These two subcomponents together shall equal the patient care component of the per diem rate. Separate cost-based 52 53 ceilings shall be calculated for each patient care subcomponent. 54 The direct care and indirect care subcomponents subcomponent of the per diem rate shall be limited by the cost-based class 55 56 ceiling, and the indirect care subcomponent shall be limited by 57 the lower of a the cost-based class ceiling, a by the target 58 rate class ceiling, or an by the individual provider target for 59 each subcomponent. The agency shall adjust the patient care component effective January 1, 2002. The cost to adjust the 60 61 direct care subcomponent shall be the net of the total funds 62 previously allocated for the case mix add-on. The agency shall make the required changes to the nursing home cost reporting 63 64 forms to implement this requirement effective January 1, 2002.

3. The direct care subcomponent shall include salaries and
benefits of direct care staff providing nursing services
including registered nurses, licensed practical nurses, and
certified nursing assistants who deliver care directly to
residents in the nursing home facility. This excludes nursing

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administration, MDS, and care plan coordinators, staffdevelopment, and staffing coordinator.

4. All other patient care costs shall be included in the indirect care cost subcomponent of the patient care per diem rate. There shall be no costs directly or indirectly allocated to the direct care subcomponent from a home office or management company.

5. On July 1 of each year, the agency shall report to the Legislature direct and indirect care costs, including average direct and indirect care costs per resident per facility and direct care and indirect care salaries and benefits per category of staff member per facility.

6. In order to offset the cost of general and professional
liability insurance, the agency shall amend the plan to allow
for interim rate adjustments to reflect increases in the cost of
general or professional liability insurance for nursing homes.
This provision shall be implemented to the extent existing
appropriations are available.

89 It is the intent of the Legislature that the reimbursement plan 90 achieve the goal of providing access to health care for nursing 91 home residents who require large amounts of care while 92 encouraging diversion services as an alternative to nursing home 93 care for residents who can be served within the community. The 94 agency shall base the establishment of any maximum rate of 95 payment, whether overall or component, on the available moneys 96 as provided for in the General Appropriations Act. The agency

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97 may base the maximum rate of payment on the results of 98 scientifically valid analysis and conclusions derived from 99 objective statistical data pertinent to the particular maximum 100 rate of payment.

101 (14) A provider of prescribed drugs shall be reimbursed 102 the least of the amount billed by the provider, the provider's 103 usual and customary charge, or the Medicaid maximum allowable 104 fee established by the agency, plus a dispensing fee.

105 (a) For pharmacies with less than \$75,000 in average aggregate monthly payments, the Medicaid maximum allowable fee 107 for ingredient cost will be based on the lower of: average 108 wholesale price (AWP) minus 15.4 percent, wholesaler acquisition 109 cost (WAC) plus 5.75 percent, the federal upper limit (FUL), the 110 state maximum allowable cost (SMAC), or the usual and customary 111 (UAC) charge billed by the provider.

(b) For pharmacies with \$75,000 or more in average aggregate monthly payments, the Medicaid maximum allowable fee for ingredient cost will be based on the lower of: average wholesale price (AWP) minus 17 percent, wholesaler acquisition cost (WAC) plus 3.5 percent, the federal upper limit (FUL), the state maximum allowable cost (SMAC), or the usual and customary (UAC) charge billed by the provider.

119 (c) Medicaid providers are required to dispense generic 120 drugs if available at lower cost and the agency has not 121 determined that the branded product is more cost-effective, 122 unless the prescriber has requested and received approval to 123 require the branded product. The agency is directed to implement

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124 a variable dispensing fee for payments for prescribed medicines 125 while ensuring continued access for Medicaid recipients. The variable dispensing fee may be based upon, but not limited to, 126 127 either or both the volume of prescriptions dispensed by a specific pharmacy provider, the volume of prescriptions 128 129 dispensed to an individual recipient, and dispensing of 130 preferred-drug-list products. The agency may increase the pharmacy dispensing fee authorized by statute and in the annual 131 132 General Appropriations Act by \$0.50 for the dispensing of a Medicaid preferred-drug-list product and reduce the pharmacy 133 134 dispensing fee by \$0.50 for the dispensing of a Medicaid product 135 that is not included on the preferred drug list. The agency may 136 establish a supplemental pharmaceutical dispensing fee to be paid to providers returning unused unit-dose packaged 137 138 medications to stock and crediting the Medicaid program for the 139 ingredient cost of those medications if the ingredient costs to 140 be credited exceed the value of the supplemental dispensing fee. 141 The agency is authorized to limit reimbursement for prescribed 142 medicine in order to comply with any limitations or directions 143 provided for in the General Appropriations Act, which may 144 include implementing a prospective or concurrent utilization 145 review program.

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Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) and subsection(14) of section 409.908, Florida Statutes, are amended

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HOUSE AMENDMENT
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152 ========= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ===========
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153 Remove lines 14 and 15 and insert:

154 F.S.; revising provisions

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