Bill No. <u>HB 1917, 1st Eng.</u>

	CHAMBER ACTION <u>Senate</u> <u>House</u>
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11	Senator Crist moved the following amendment:
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13	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
14	Delete everything after the enacting clause
15	
16	and insert:
17	Section 1. Section 985.03, Florida Statutes, is
18	amended to read:
19	985.03 Definitions <u>As</u> When used in this chapter, the
20	term:
21	(1) "Addictions receiving facility" means a substance
22	abuse service provider as defined in chapter 397.
23	(2) "Adjudicatory hearing" means a hearing for the
24	court to determine whether or not the facts support the
25	allegations stated in the petition, as is provided for under
26	s. 985.228 in delinquency cases.
27	(3) "Adult" means any natural person other than a
28	child.
29	(4) "Arbitration" means a process whereby a neutral
30	third person or panel, called an arbitrator or an arbitration
31	panel, considers the facts and arguments presented by the 1
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parties and renders a decision which may be binding or nonbinding.

(5) "Authorized agent" or "designee" of the department 3 4 means a person or agency assigned or designated by the department of Juvenile Justice or the Department of Children 5 б and Family Services, as appropriate, to perform duties or 7 exercise powers under pursuant to this chapter and includes contract providers and their employees for purposes of 8 providing services to and managing cases of children in need 9 of services and families in need of services. 10 (6) "Child" or "juvenile" or "youth" means any 11 unmarried person under the age of 18 who has not been 12 13 emancipated by order of the court and who has been found or alleged to be dependent, in need of services, or from a family 14 15 in need of services; or any married or unmarried person who is charged with a violation of law occurring prior to the time 16 that person reached the age of 18 years. 17 (7) "Child eligible for an intensive residential 18 19 treatment program for offenders less than 13 years of age" means a child who has been found to have committed a 20 21 delinquent act or a violation of law in the case currently 22 before the court and who meets at least one of the following criteria: 23 24 (a) The child is less than 13 years of age at the time 25 of the disposition for the current offense and has been adjudicated on the current offense for: 26 1. Arson; 27 2. Sexual battery; 28 29 3. Robbery; 4. Kidnapping; 30 31 5. Aggravated child abuse; 2 8:14 PM 05/03/05 h191703eld-12-tal

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1	6. Aggravated assault;
2	7. Aggravated stalking;
3	8. Murder;
4	9. Manslaughter;
5	10. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a
б	destructive device or bomb;
7	11. Armed burglary;
8	12. Aggravated battery;
9	13. Any lewd or lascivious offense committed upon or
10	in the presence of a person less than 16 years of age; or
11	14. Carrying, displaying, using, threatening, or
12	attempting to use a weapon or firearm during the commission of
13	a felony.
14	(b) The child is less than 13 years of age at the time
15	of the disposition, the current offense is a felony, and the
16	child has previously been committed at least once to a
17	delinquency commitment program.
18	(c) The child is less than 13 years of age and is
19	currently committed for a felony offense and transferred from
20	a moderate-risk or high-risk residential commitment placement.
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21	(8) "Child in need of services" means a child for whom
21	(8) "Child in need of services" means a child for whom there is no pending investigation into an allegation or
22	there is no pending investigation into an allegation or
22 23	there is no pending investigation into an allegation or suspicion of abuse, neglect, or abandonment; no pending
22 23 24	there is no pending investigation into an allegation or suspicion of abuse, neglect, or abandonment; no pending referral alleging the child is delinquent; or no current
22 23 24 25	there is no pending investigation into an allegation or suspicion of abuse, neglect, or abandonment; no pending referral alleging the child is delinquent; or no current supervision by the department of Juvenile Justice or the
22 23 24 25 26	there is no pending investigation into an allegation or suspicion of abuse, neglect, or abandonment; no pending referral alleging the child is delinquent; or no current supervision by the department of Juvenile Justice or the Department of Children and Family Services for an adjudication
22 23 24 25 26 27	there is no pending investigation into an allegation or suspicion of abuse, neglect, or abandonment; no pending referral alleging the child is delinquent; or no current supervision by the department of Juvenile Justice or the Department of Children and Family Services for an adjudication of dependency or delinquency. The child must also, <u>under</u>
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	there is no pending investigation into an allegation or suspicion of abuse, neglect, or abandonment; no pending referral alleging the child is delinquent; or no current supervision by the department of Juvenile Justice or the Department of Children and Family Services for an adjudication of dependency or delinquency. The child must also, <u>under</u> pursuant to this chapter, be found by the court:
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	<pre>there is no pending investigation into an allegation or suspicion of abuse, neglect, or abandonment; no pending referral alleging the child is delinquent; or no current supervision by the department of Juvenile Justice or the Department of Children and Family Services for an adjudication of dependency or delinquency. The child must also, <u>under</u> pursuant to this chapter, be found by the court:</pre>

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1 agencies to remedy the conditions contributing to the 2 behavior. Reasonable efforts shall include voluntary 3 participation by the child's parents or legal custodians and 4 the child in family mediation, services, and treatment offered 5 by the department of Juvenile Justice or the Department of 6 Children and Family Services;

7 (b) To be habitually truant from school, while subject 8 to compulsory school attendance, despite reasonable efforts to 9 remedy the situation <u>under pursuant to</u> ss. 1003.26 and 1003.27 10 and through voluntary participation by the child's parents or 11 legal custodians and by the child in family mediation,

12 services, and treatment offered by the Department of Juvenile13 Justice or the Department of Children and Family Services; or

14 (c) To have persistently disobeyed the reasonable and 15 lawful demands of the child's parents or legal custodians, and 16 to be beyond their control despite efforts by the child's 17 parents or legal custodians and appropriate agencies to remedy 18 the conditions contributing to the behavior. Reasonable 19 efforts may include such things as good faith participation in 20 family or individual counseling.

21 (9) "Child who has been found to have committed a 22 delinquent act" means a child who, under pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, is found by a court to have 23 24 committed a violation of law or to be in direct or indirect contempt of court, except that this definition does shall not 25 include an act constituting contempt of court arising out of a 26 dependency proceeding or a proceeding <u>under</u> pursuant to part 27 III of this chapter. 28

29 (10) "Child support" means a court-ordered obligation, 30 enforced under chapter 61 and ss. 409.2551-409.2597, for 31 monetary support for the care, maintenance, training, and 4 8:14 PM 05/03/05 h191703eld-12-tal

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1 education of a child. (11) "Circuit" means any of the 20 judicial circuits 2 as set forth in s. 26.021. 3 4 (12) "Comprehensive assessment" or "assessment" means the gathering of information for the evaluation of a juvenile 5 offender's or a child's physical, psychological, educational, 6 7 vocational, and social condition and family environment as they relate to the child's need for rehabilitative and 8 treatment services, including substance abuse treatment 9 10 services, mental health services, developmental services, 11 literacy services, medical services, family services, and other specialized services, as appropriate. 12 13 (13) "Conditional release" means the care, treatment, help, and supervision provided to a juvenile released from a 14 15 residential commitment program which is intended to promote rehabilitation and prevent recidivism. The purpose of 16 conditional release is to protect the public, reduce 17 recidivism, increase responsible productive behavior, and 18 provide for a successful transition of the youth from the 19 20 department to the family. Conditional release includes, but is not limited to, nonresidential community-based programs. 21 22 (14) "Court," unless otherwise expressly stated, means 23 the circuit court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this 2.4 chapter. (15) "Day treatment" means a nonresidential, 25 community-based program designed to provide therapeutic 26 intervention to youth who are placed on probation or 27 conditional release or are committed to the minimum-risk 28 29 nonresidential level. A day treatment program may provide educational and vocational services and shall provide 30 31 case-management services; individual, group, and family 5 8:14 PM 05/03/05 h191703eld-12-tal

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1	counseling; training designed to address delinquency risk
2	factors; and monitoring of a youth's compliance with, and
3	facilitation of a youth's completion of, sanctions if ordered
4	by the court. Program types may include, but are not limited
5	to, career programs, marine programs, juvenile justice
6	alternative schools, training and rehabilitation programs, and
7	gender-specific programs.
8	<u>(16)(a)</u> (15)(a) "Delinquency program" means any intake,
9	probation, or similar program; regional detention center or
10	facility; or community-based program, whether owned and
11	operated by or contracted by the department of Juvenile
12	Justice, or institution owned and operated by or contracted by
13	the department of Juvenile Justice , which provides intake,
14	supervision, or custody and care of children who are alleged
15	to be or who have been found to be delinquent <u>under</u> pursuant
16	to part II.
17	(b) "Delinquency program staff" means supervisory and
18	direct care staff of a delinquency program as well as support
19	staff who have direct contact with children in a delinquency
20	program.
21	(c) "Delinquency prevention programs" means programs
22	designed for the purpose of reducing the occurrence of
23	delinquency, including youth and street gang activity, and
24	juvenile arrests. The term excludes arbitration, diversionary
25	or mediation programs, and community service work or other
26	treatment available subsequent to a child committing a
27	delinquent act.
28	<u>(17)</u> (16) "Department" means the Department of Juvenile
29	Justice.
30	(18) (17) "Designated facility" or "designated
31	
	treatment facility" means any facility designated by the

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1 department of Juvenile Justice to provide treatment to juvenile offenders. 2 (19)(18) "Detention care" means the temporary care of 3 4 a child in secure, nonsecure, or home detention, pending a court adjudication or disposition or execution of a court 5 order. There are three types of detention care, as follows: 6 7 (a) "Secure detention" means temporary custody of the child while the child is under the physical restriction of a 8 detention center or facility pending adjudication, 9 10 disposition, or placement. 11 (b) "Nonsecure detention" means temporary custody of the child while the child is in a residential home in the 12 13 community in a physically nonrestrictive environment under the supervision of the Department of Juvenile Justice pending 14 15 adjudication, disposition, or placement. 16 "Home detention" means temporary custody of the (C) child while the child is released to the custody of the 17 18 parent, guardian, or custodian in a physically nonrestrictive 19 environment under the supervision of the department of 20 Juvenile Justice staff pending adjudication, disposition, or 21 placement. 22 (20)(19) "Detention center or facility" means a facility used pending court adjudication or disposition or 23 24 execution of court order for the temporary care of a child alleged or found to have committed a violation of law. A 25 detention center or facility may provide secure or nonsecure 26 custody. A facility used for the commitment of adjudicated 27 delinquents shall not be considered a detention center or 28 29 facility. (21)(20) "Detention hearing" means a hearing for the 30 court to determine if a child should be placed in temporary 31 8:14 PM 05/03/05 h191703eld-12-tal

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1 custody, as provided for under ss. 985.213 and 985.215 in 2 delinguency cases. (22)(21) "Disposition hearing" means a hearing in 3 4 which the court determines the most appropriate dispositional services in the least restrictive available setting provided 5 for under s. 985.231, in delinquency cases. 6 7 (23)(22) "Family" means a collective of persons, consisting of a child and a parent, guardian, adult custodian, 8 or adult relative, in which: 9 10 (a) The persons reside in the same house or living 11 unit; or (b) The parent, guardian, adult custodian, or adult 12 13 relative has a legal responsibility by blood, marriage, or court order to support or care for the child. 14 15 (24)(23) "Family in need of services" means a family that has a child for whom there is no pending investigation 16 into an allegation of abuse, neglect, or abandonment or no 17 current supervision by the department of Juvenile Justice or 18 the Department of Children and Family Services for an 19 adjudication of dependency or delinquency. The child must also 20 have been referred to a law enforcement agency or the 21 22 department of Juvenile Justice for: (a) Running away from parents or legal custodians; 23 2.4 (b) Persistently disobeying reasonable and lawful demands of parents or legal custodians, and being beyond their 25 control; or 26 27 (c) Habitual truancy from school. 28 (25)(24) "Foster care" means care provided a child in 29 a foster family or boarding home, group home, agency boarding 30 home, child care institution, or any combination thereof. 31 (26)(25) "Habitually truant" means that: 8 8:14 PM 05/03/05 h191703eld-12-tal

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1	(a) The child has 15 unexcused absences within 90
2	calendar days with or without the knowledge or justifiable
3	consent of the child's parent or legal guardian, is subject to
4	compulsory school attendance under s. 1003.21(1) and (2)(a),
5	and is not exempt under s. 1003.21(3), s. 1003.24, or any
6	other exemptions specified by law or the rules of the State
7	Board of Education.
8	(b) Escalating activities to determine the cause, and
9	to attempt the remediation, of the child's truant behavior
10	under ss. 1003.26 and 1003.27 have been completed.
11	
12	If a child who is subject to compulsory school attendance is
13	responsive to the interventions described in ss. 1003.26 and
14	1003.27 and has completed the necessary requirements to pass
15	the current grade as indicated in the district pupil
16	progression plan, the child shall not be determined to be
17	habitually truant and shall be passed. If a child within the
18	compulsory school attendance age has 15 unexcused absences
19	within 90 calendar days or fails to enroll in school, the
20	state attorney may file a child-in-need-of-services petition.
21	Before Prior to filing a petition, the child must be referred
22	to the appropriate agency for evaluation. After consulting
23	with the evaluating agency, the state attorney may elect to
24	file a child-in-need-of-services petition.
25	(c) A school representative, designated according to
26	school board policy, and a juvenile probation officer of the
27	department of Juvenile Justice have jointly investigated the
28	truancy problem or, if that was not feasible, have performed
29	separate investigations to identify conditions that could be
30	contributing to the truant behavior; and if, after a joint
31	staffing of the case to determine the necessity for services, ${}_{9}$
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1	such services were determined to be needed, the persons who
2	performed the investigations met jointly with the family and
3	child to discuss any referral to appropriate community
4	agencies for economic services, family or individual
5	counseling, or other services required to remedy the
6	conditions that are contributing to the truant behavior.
7	(d) The failure or refusal of the parent or legal
8	guardian or the child to participate, or make a good faith
9	effort to participate, in the activities prescribed to remedy
10	the truant behavior, or the failure or refusal of the child to
11	return to school after participation in activities required by
12	this subsection, or the failure of the child to stop the
13	truant behavior after the school administration and the
14	department of Juvenile Justice have worked with the child as
15	described in s. 1003.27(3) shall be handled as prescribed in
16	s. 1003.27.
17	(27)(26) "Halfway house" means a community-based
18	residential program for 10 or more committed delinquents at
19	the moderate-risk commitment level which is operated or
20	contracted by the department of Juvenile Justice .
21	(28)(27) "Intake" means the initial acceptance and
22	screening by the department of Juvenile Justice of a complaint
23	or a law enforcement report or probable cause affidavit of
24	delinquency, family in need of services, or child in need of
25	services to determine the recommendation to be taken in the
26	best interests of the child, the family, and the community.
27	The emphasis of intake is on diversion and the least
28	restrictive available services. Consequently, intake includes
29	such alternatives as:
30	(a) The disposition of the complaint, report, or
31	probable cause affidavit without court or public agency action 10
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1 or judicial handling when appropriate.

(b) The referral of the child to another public or 2 3 private agency when appropriate. 4 (c) The recommendation by the juvenile probation officer of judicial handling when appropriate and warranted. 5 б (29)(28) "Judge" means the circuit judge exercising 7 jurisdiction pursuant to this chapter. 8 (30)(29) "Juvenile justice continuum" includes, but is 9 not limited to, delinquency prevention programs and services 10 designed for the purpose of preventing or reducing delinquent 11 acts, including criminal activity by youth gangs, and juvenile arrests, as well as programs and services targeted at children 12 13 who have committed delinquent acts, and children who have previously been committed to residential treatment programs 14 15 for delinquents. The term includes children-in-need-of-services and families-in-need-of-services 16 programs; conditional release; substance abuse and mental 17 18 health programs; educational and career programs; recreational 19 programs; community services programs; community service work 20 programs; and alternative dispute resolution programs serving 21 children at risk of delinquency and their families, whether 22 offered or delivered by state or local governmental entities, public or private for-profit or not-for-profit organizations, 23 24 or religious or charitable organizations. (31)(30) "Juvenile probation officer" means the 25 authorized agent of the department of Juvenile Justice who 26 27 performs the intake, case management, or supervision 28 functions. 29 (32)(31) "Juvenile sexual offender" means: (a) A juvenile who has been found by the court under 30 $\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\mathsf{pursuant}}\xspace$ to have committed a violation of 31 11 8:14 PM 05/03/05 h191703eld-12-tal

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1 chapter 794, chapter 796, chapter 800, s. 827.071, or s. 847.0133; 2 (b) A juvenile found to have committed any felony 3 4 violation of law or delinquent act involving juvenile sexual abuse. "Juvenile sexual abuse" means any sexual behavior which 5 occurs without consent, without equality, or as a result of 6 7 coercion. For purposes of this subsection, the following definitions apply: 8 9 1. "Coercion" means the exploitation of authority, use 10 of bribes, threats of force, or intimidation to gain 11 cooperation or compliance. 2. "Equality" means two participants operating with 12 13 the same level of power in a relationship, neither being controlled nor coerced by the other. 14 15 3. "Consent" means an agreement including all of the 16 following: a. Understanding what is proposed based on age, 17 maturity, developmental level, functioning, and experience. 18 19 b. Knowledge of societal standards for what is being 20 proposed. 21 c. Awareness of potential consequences and 22 alternatives. d. Assumption that agreement or disagreement will be 23 24 accepted equally. e. Voluntary decision. 25 f. Mental competence. 26 27 Juvenile sexual offender behavior ranges from noncontact 28 29 sexual behavior such as making obscene phone calls, exhibitionism, voyeurism, and the showing or taking of lewd 30 31 photographs to varying degrees of direct sexual contact, such 12 h191703eld-12-tal 8:14 PM 05/03/05

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1	as frottage, fondling, digital penetration, rape, fellatio,
2	sodomy, and various other sexually aggressive acts.
3	(33) (32) "Legal custody or guardian" means a legal
4	status created by court order or letter of guardianship which
5	vests in a custodian of the person or guardian, whether an
6	agency or an individual, the right to have physical custody of
7	the child and the right and duty to protect, train, and
8	discipline the child and to provide him or her with food,
9	shelter, education, and ordinary medical, dental, psychiatric,
10	and psychological care.
11	(34) (33) "Licensed child-caring agency" means a
12	person, society, association, or agency licensed by the
13	Department of Children and Family Services to care for,
14	receive, and board children.
15	(35)(34) "Licensed health care professional" means a
16	physician licensed under chapter 458, an osteopathic physician
17	licensed under chapter 459, a nurse licensed under part I of
18	chapter 464, a physician assistant licensed under chapter 458
19	or chapter 459, or a dentist licensed under chapter 466.
20	(36) (35) "Likely to injure oneself" means that, as
21	evidenced by violent or other actively self-destructive
22	behavior, it is more likely than not that within a 24-hour
23	period the child will attempt to commit suicide or inflict
24	serious bodily harm on himself or herself.
25	(37) (36) "Likely to injure others" means that it is
26	more likely than not that within a 24-hour period the child
27	will inflict serious and unjustified bodily harm on another
28	person.
29	(38) (37) "Mediation" means a process whereby a neutral
30	third person called a mediator acts to encourage and
31	facilitate the resolution of a dispute between two or more 13
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1	parties. It is an informal and nonadversarial process with
2	the objective of helping the disputing parties reach a
3	mutually acceptable and voluntary agreement. In mediation,
4	decisionmaking authority rests with the parties. The role of
5	the mediator includes, but is not limited to, assisting the
6	parties in identifying issues, fostering joint problem
7	solving, and exploring settlement alternatives.
8	(39)(38) "Necessary medical treatment" means care
9	which is necessary within a reasonable degree of medical
10	certainty to prevent the deterioration of a child's condition
11	or to alleviate immediate pain of a child.
12	(40)(39) "Next of kin" means an adult relative of a
13	child who is the child's brother, sister, grandparent, aunt,
14	uncle, or first cousin.
15	(41)(40) "Parent" means a woman who gives birth to a
16	child and a man whose consent to the adoption of the child
17	would be required under s. 63.062(1). If a child has been
18	legally adopted, the term "parent" means the adoptive mother
19	or father of the child. The term does not include an
20	individual whose parental relationship to the child has been
21	legally terminated, or an alleged or prospective parent,
22	unless the parental status falls within the terms of either s.
23	39.503(1) or s. 63.062(1).
24	(42)(41) "Preliminary screening" means the gathering
25	of preliminary information to be used in determining a child's
26	need for further evaluation or assessment or for referral for
27	other substance abuse services through means such as
28	psychosocial interviews; urine and breathalyzer screenings;
29	and reviews of available educational, delinquency, and
30	dependency records of the child.
31	(43)(42) "Preventive services" means social services
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1 and other supportive and rehabilitative services provided to the parent of the child, the legal guardian of the child, or 2 the custodian of the child and to the child for the purpose of 3 4 averting the removal of the child from the home or disruption of a family which will or could result in the placement of a 5 child in foster care. Social services and other supportive 6 7 and rehabilitative services shall promote the child's need for a safe, continuous, stable living environment and shall 8 promote family autonomy and shall strengthen family life as 9 10 the first priority whenever possible. 11 (44) (43) "Probation" means the legal status of probation created by law and court order in cases involving a 12 13 child who has been found to have committed a delinquent act. Probation is an individualized program in which the freedom of 14 the child is limited and the child is restricted to 15 noninstitutional quarters or restricted to the child's home in 16 lieu of commitment to the custody of the department of 17 18 Juvenile Justice. Youth on probation may be assessed and 19 classified for placement in day-treatment probation programs 20 designed for youth who represent a minimum risk to themselves and public safety and do not require placement and services in 21 22 a residential setting. Program types in this more intensive 23 and structured day-treatment probation option include career 2.4 programs, marine programs, juvenile justice alternative 25 schools, training and rehabilitation programs, and 26 gender-specific programs. (45)(44) "Relative" means a grandparent, 27 28 great-grandparent, sibling, first cousin, aunt, uncle, 29 great-aunt, great-uncle, niece, or nephew, whether related by the whole or half blood, by affinity, or by adoption. The term 30 31 does not include a stepparent. 15 05/03/05 h191703eld-12-tal 8:14 PM

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1	(46)(45) "Restrictiveness Residential Commitment
2	level" means the level of programming and security provided by
3	programs that service the supervision, custody, care, and
4	treatment needs of committed children. Sections 985.3141 and
5	985.404(11) apply to children placed in programs at any
6	residential commitment level. The <u>restrictiveness</u> levels of
7	residential commitment are as follows:
8	(a) Minimum-risk nonresidentialPrograms or program
9	models at this commitment level work with youth who remain in
10	the community and participate at least 5 days per week in a
11	day treatment program. Youth assessed and classified for
12	programs at this commitment level represent a minimum risk to
13	themselves and public safety and do not require placement and
14	services in residential settings. Youth in this level have
15	full access to, and reside in, the community. Youth who have
16	been found to have committed delinquent acts that involve
17	firearms, that are sexual offenses, or that would be life
18	felonies or first-degree felonies if committed by an adult may
19	not be committed to a program at this level.
20	<u>(b)</u> (a) Low-risk residentialPrograms or program
21	models at this commitment level are residential but may allow
22	youth to have unsupervised access to the community. Youth
23	assessed and classified for placement in programs at this
24	commitment level represent a low risk to themselves and public
25	safety but do require placement and services in residential
26	settings. Children who have been found to have committed
27	delinquent acts that involve firearms, delinquent acts that
28	are sexual offenses, or delinquent acts that would be life
29	felonies or first degree felonies if committed by an adult
30	shall not be committed to a program at this level.
31	<u>(c)</u> Moderate-risk residentialPrograms or program 16
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1	models at this commitment level are residential but may allow
2	youth to have supervised access to the community. Facilities
3	are either environmentally secure, staff secure, or are
4	hardware-secure with walls, fencing, or locking doors.
5	Facilities shall provide 24-hour awake supervision, custody,
б	care, and treatment of residents. Youth assessed and
7	classified for placement in programs at this commitment level
8	represent a moderate risk to public safety and require close
9	supervision. The staff at a facility at this commitment level
10	may seclude a child who is a physical threat to himself or
11	herself or others. Mechanical restraint may also be used when
12	necessary.
13	<u>(d)(c)</u> High-risk residentialPrograms or program
14	models at this commitment level are residential and <u>do</u> shall
15	not allow youth to have access to the community except that,
16	temporary release providing community access for up to 72
17	continuous hours may be approved by a court for a youth who
18	has made successful progress in his or her program in order
19	for the youth to attend a family emergency or, during the
20	final 60 days of his or her placement, to visit his or her
21	home, enroll in school or a vocational program, complete a job
22	interview, or participate in a community service project.
23	High-risk residential facilities are hardware-secure with
24	perimeter fencing and locking doors. Facilities shall provide
25	24-hour awake supervision, custody, care, and treatment of
26	residents. Youth assessed and classified for this level of
27	placement require close supervision in a structured
28	residential setting. Placement in programs at this level is
29	prompted by a concern for public safety that outweighs
30	placement in programs at lower commitment levels. The staff at
31	a facility at this commitment level may seclude a child who is
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1	a physical threat to himself or herself or others. Mechanical
2	restraint may also be used when necessary. The facility may
3	provide for single cell occupancy.
4	<u>(e)</u> (d) Maximum-risk residentialPrograms or program
5	models at this commitment level include juvenile correctional
б	facilities and juvenile prisons. The programs are long-term
7	residential and do shall not allow youth to have access to the
8	community. Facilities are maximum-custody hardware-secure
9	with perimeter security fencing and locking doors. Facilities
10	shall provide 24-hour awake supervision, custody, care, and
11	treatment of residents. The staff at a facility at this
12	commitment level may seclude a child who is a physical threat
13	to himself or herself or others. Mechanical restraint may
14	also be used when necessary. The facility shall provide for
15	single cell occupancy, except that youth may be housed
16	together during prerelease transition. Youth assessed and
17	classified for this level of placement require close
18	supervision in a maximum security residential setting.
19	Placement in a program at this level is prompted by a
20	demonstrated need to protect the public.
21	(47)(46) "Respite" means a placement that is available
22	for the care, custody, and placement of a youth charged with
23	domestic violence as an alternative to secure detention or for
24	placement of a youth when a shelter bed for a child in need of
25	services or a family in need of services is unavailable.
26	(48)(47) "Secure detention center or facility" means a
27	physically restricting facility for the temporary care of
28	children, pending adjudication, disposition, or placement.
29	(49)(48) "Serious or habitual juvenile offender," for
30	purposes of commitment to a residential facility and for
31	purposes of records retention, means a child who has been 18
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1	found to have committed a delinquent act or a violation of
2	law, in the case currently before the court, and who meets at
3	least one of the following criteria:
4	(a) The youth is at least 13 years of age at the time
5	of the disposition for the current offense and has been
6	adjudicated on the current offense for:
7	1. Arson;
8	2. Sexual battery;
9	3. Robbery;
10	4. Kidnapping;
11	5. Aggravated child abuse;
12	6. Aggravated assault;
13	7. Aggravated stalking;
14	8. Murder;
15	9. Manslaughter;
16	10. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a
17	destructive device or bomb;
18	11. Armed burglary;
19	12. Aggravated battery;
20	13. Any lewd or lascivious offense committed upon or
21	in the presence of a person less than 16 years of age; or
22	14. Carrying, displaying, using, threatening, or
23	attempting to use a weapon or firearm during the commission of
24	a felony.
25	(b) The youth is at least 13 years of age at the time
26	of the disposition, the current offense is a felony, and the
27	child has previously been committed at least two times to a
28	delinquency commitment program.
29	(c) The youth is at least 13 years of age and is
30	currently committed for a felony offense and transferred from
31	a moderate-risk or high-risk residential commitment placement. 19
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1	(50)(49) "Serious or habitual juvenile offender
2	program" means the program established in s. 985.31.
3	<u>(51)</u> "Shelter" means a place for the temporary
4	care of a child who is alleged to be or who has been found to
5	be delinquent.
б	(52)(51) "Shelter hearing" means a hearing provided
7	for under s. 984.14 in family-in-need-of-services cases or
8	child-in-need-of-services cases.
9	(53)(52) "Staff-secure shelter" means a facility in
10	which a child is supervised 24 hours a day by staff members
11	who are awake while on duty. The facility is for the temporary
12	care and assessment of a child who has been found to be
13	dependent, who has violated a court order and been found in
14	contempt of court, or whom the Department of Children and
15	Family Services is unable to properly assess or place for
16	assistance within the continuum of services provided for
17	dependent children.
18	<u>(54)</u> (53) "Substance abuse" means using, without
19	medical reason, any psychoactive or mood-altering drug,
20	including alcohol, in such a manner as to induce impairment
21	resulting in dysfunctional social behavior.
22	<u>(55)(54) "Taken into custody" means the status of a</u>
23	child immediately when temporary physical control over the
24	child is attained by a person authorized by law, pending the
25	child's release, detention, placement, or other disposition as
26	authorized by law.
27	<u>(56)(55) "Temporary legal custody" means the</u>
28	relationship that a juvenile court creates between a child and
29	an adult relative of the child, adult nonrelative approved by
30	the court, or other person until a more permanent arrangement
31	is ordered. Temporary legal custody confers upon the custodian 20
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1	the right to have temporary physical custody of the child and
2	the right and duty to protect, train, and discipline the child
3	and to provide the child with food, shelter, and education,
4	and ordinary medical, dental, psychiatric, and psychological
5	care, unless these rights and duties are otherwise enlarged or
6	limited by the court order establishing the temporary legal
7	custody relationship.
8	(57)(56) "Temporary release" means the terms and
9	conditions under which a child is temporarily released from a
10	residential commitment facility or allowed home visits. If the
11	temporary release is from a moderate-risk residential
12	facility, a high-risk residential facility, or a maximum-risk
13	residential facility, the terms and conditions of the
14	temporary release must be approved by the child, the court,
15	and the facility. The term includes periods during which the
16	child is supervised pursuant to a conditional release program
17	or a period during which the child is supervised by a juvenile
18	probation officer or other nonresidential staff of the
19	department or staff employed by an entity under contract with
20	the department.
21	(58)(57) "Training school" means one of the following
22	facilities: the Arthur G. Dozier School or the Eckerd Youth
23	Development Center.
24	(59)(58) "Violation of law" or "delinquent act" means
25	a violation of any law of this state, the United States, or
26	any other state which is a misdemeanor or a felony or a
27	violation of a county or municipal ordinance which would be
28	punishable by incarceration if the violation were committed by
29	an adult.
30	(60)(59) "Waiver hearing" means a hearing provided for
31	under s. 985.226(3). 21
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1 Section 2. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 985.207, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2 985.207 Taking a child into custody .--3 4 (1) A child may be taken into custody under the following circumstances: 5 (d) By a law enforcement officer who has probable 6 7 cause to believe that the child is in violation of the conditions of the child's probation, home detention, 8 postcommitment probation, or conditional release supervision, 9 10 has absconded from nonresidential commitment, or has escaped 11 from residential commitment. 12 13 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to allow the detention of a child who does not meet the detention criteria 14 15 in s. 985.215. 16 Section 3. Section 985.208, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 17 985.208 Detention of escapee or absconder on authority 18 19 of the department. --(1) If an authorized agent of the department has 20 reasonable grounds to believe that any delinquent child 21 22 committed to the department has escaped from a residential commitment facility of the department or from being lawfully 23 24 transported thereto or therefrom, or has absconded from a nonresidential commitment facility, the agent may take the 25 child into active custody and may deliver the child to the 26 facility or, if it is closer, to a detention center for return 27 to the facility. However, a child may not be held in detention 28 longer than 24 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal 29 holidays, unless a special order so directing is made by the 30 31 judge after a detention hearing resulting in a finding that 22 h191703eld-12-tal 8:14 PM 05/03/05

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1	detention is required based on the criteria in s. 985.215(2).
2	The order shall state the reasons for such finding. The
3	reasons shall be reviewable by appeal or in habeas corpus
4	proceedings in the district court of appeal.
5	(2) Any sheriff or other law enforcement officer, upon
б	the request of the secretary of the department or duly
7	authorized agent, shall take a child who has escaped or
8	absconded from a <u>residential commitment</u> department facility
9	for committed delinquent children, or from being lawfully
10	transported thereto or therefrom, <u>or has absconded from a</u>
11	nonresidential commitment facility, into custody and deliver
12	the child to the appropriate juvenile probation officer of the
13	department.
14	Section 4. Subsections (2) and (10) of section
15	985.215, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
16	985.215 Detention
17	(2) Subject to the provisions of subsection (1), a
18	child taken into custody and placed into nonsecure or home
19	detention care or detained in secure detention care prior to a
20	detention hearing may continue to be detained by the court if:
21	(a) The child is alleged to be an escapee <u>from a</u>
22	residential commitment program or an absconder from a
23	nonresidential commitment program, a probation program, or
24	conditional release supervision, or is alleged to have escaped
25	while being lawfully transported to or from <u>a residential</u>
26	<u>commitment</u> such program or supervision .
27	(b) The child is wanted in another jurisdiction for an
28	offense which, if committed by an adult, would be a felony.
29	(c) The child is charged with a delinquent act or
30	violation of law and requests in writing through legal counsel
31	to be detained for protection from an imminent physical threat 23
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1 to his or her personal safety. (d) The child is charged with committing an offense of 2 domestic violence as defined in s. 741.28 and is detained as 3 4 provided in s. 985.213(2)(b)3. (e) The child is charged with possession or 5 discharging a firearm on school property in violation of s. 6 790.115. 7 (f) The child is charged with a capital felony, a life 8 felony, a felony of the first degree, a felony of the second 9 degree that does not involve a violation of chapter 893, or a 10 11 felony of the third degree that is also a crime of violence, including any such offense involving the use or possession of 12 13 a firearm. (q) The child is charged with any second degree or 14 15 third degree felony involving a violation of chapter 893 or any third degree felony that is not also a crime of violence, 16 and the child: 17 18 1. Has a record of failure to appear at court hearings 19 after being properly notified in accordance with the Rules of Juvenile Procedure; 20 21 2. Has a record of law violations prior to court 22 hearings; 3. Has already been detained or has been released and 23 24 is awaiting final disposition of the case; 4. Has a record of violent conduct resulting in 25 physical injury to others; or 26 5. Is found to have been in possession of a firearm. 27 (h) The child is alleged to have violated the 28 29 conditions of the child's probation or conditional release supervision. However, a child detained under this paragraph 30 31 may be held only in a consequence unit as provided in s. 24 8:14 PM 05/03/05 h191703eld-12-tal

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1 985.231(1)(a)1.c. If a consequence unit is not available, the 2 child shall be placed on home detention with electronic 3 monitoring.

4 (i) The child is detained on a judicial order for failure to appear and has previously willfully failed to 5 appear, after proper notice, for an adjudicatory hearing on 6 7 the same case regardless of the results of the risk assessment instrument. A child may be held in secure detention for up to 8 72 hours in advance of the next scheduled court hearing 9 pursuant to this paragraph. The child's failure to keep the 10 11 clerk of court and defense counsel informed of a current and valid mailing address where the child will receive notice to 12 13 appear at court proceedings does not provide an adequate ground for excusal of the child's nonappearance at the 14 15 hearings.

16 (j) The child is detained on a judicial order for failure to appear and has previously willfully failed to 17 18 appear, after proper notice, at two or more court hearings of 19 any nature on the same case regardless of the results of the 20 risk assessment instrument. A child may be held in secure detention for up to 72 hours in advance of the next scheduled 21 22 court hearing pursuant to this paragraph. The child's failure to keep the clerk of court and defense counsel informed of a 23 24 current and valid mailing address where the child will receive notice to appear at court proceedings does not provide an 25 adequate ground for excusal of the child's nonappearance at 26 27 the hearings.

28

A child who meets any of these criteria and who is ordered to be detained pursuant to this subsection shall be given a hearing within 24 hours after being taken into custody. The 8:14 PM 05/03/05 h191703eld-12-tal

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1	purpose of the detention hearing is to determine the existence
2	of probable cause that the child has committed the delinquent
3	act or violation of law with which he or she is charged and
4	the need for continued detention, except when the child is
5	alleged to have absconded from a nonresidential commitment
б	program, in which case the court, at the detention hearing,
7	shall order that the child be released from detention and
8	returned to his or her nonresidential commitment program.
9	Unless a child is detained under paragraph (d) or paragraph
10	(e), the court shall <u>use</u> utilize the results of the risk
11	assessment performed by the juvenile probation officer and,
12	based on the criteria in this subsection, shall determine the
13	need for continued detention. A child placed into secure,
14	nonsecure, or home detention care may continue to be so
15	detained by the court pursuant to this subsection. If the
16	court orders a placement more restrictive than indicated by
17	the results of the risk assessment instrument, the court shall
18	state, in writing, clear and convincing reasons for such
19	placement. Except as provided in s. 790.22(8) or in
20	<pre>subparagraph (10)(a)2., paragraph (10)(b), paragraph (10)(c),</pre>
21	or paragraph (10)(d), when a child is placed into secure or
22	nonsecure detention care, or into a respite home or other
23	placement pursuant to a court order following a hearing, the
24	court order must include specific instructions that direct the
25	release of the child from such placement no later than 5 p.m.
26	on the last day of the detention period specified in paragraph
27	(5)(b) or paragraph (5)(c), or subparagraph (10)(a)1.,
28	whichever is applicable, unless the requirements of such
29	applicable provision have been met or an order of continuance
30	has been granted pursuant to paragraph (5)(f).
31	(10)(a)1. When a child is committed to the department 26
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1	of Juvenile Justice awaiting dispositional placement, removal
2	of the child from detention care shall occur within 5 days,
3	excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays. Any child
4	held in secure detention during the 5 days must meet detention
5	admission criteria pursuant to this section. If the child is
6	committed to a moderate-risk residential program, the
7	department may seek an order from the court authorizing
8	continued detention for a specific period of time necessary
9	for the appropriate residential placement of the child.
10	However, such continued detention in secure detention care may
11	not exceed 15 days after commitment, excluding Saturdays,
12	Sundays, and legal holidays, and except as otherwise provided
13	in this subsection.
14	2. The court must place all children who are
15	adjudicated and awaiting placement in a residential commitment
16	program in detention care. Children who are in home detention
17	care or nonsecure detention care may be placed on electronic
18	monitoring.
19	(b) A child who is placed in home detention care,
20	nonsecure detention care, or home or nonsecure detention care
21	with electronic monitoring, while awaiting placement in a
22	<u>minimum-risk,</u> low-risk <u>,</u> or moderate-risk program, may be held
23	in secure detention care for 5 days, if the child violates the
24	conditions of the home detention care, the nonsecure detention
25	care, or the electronic monitoring agreement. For any
26	subsequent violation, the court may impose an additional 5
27	days in secure detention care.
28	(c) If the child is committed to a high-risk
29	residential program, the child must be held in detention care
30	until placement or commitment is accomplished.
31	(d) If the child is committed to a maximum-risk 27
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1	residential program, the child must be held in detention care
2	until placement or commitment is accomplished.
3	(e) Upon specific appropriation, the department may
4	obtain comprehensive evaluations, including, but not limited
5	to, medical, academic, psychological, behavioral,
6	sociological, and vocational needs of a youth with multiple
7	arrests for all level criminal acts or a youth committed to a
8	minimum-risk or low-risk commitment program.
9	(f) Regardless of detention status, a child being
10	transported by the department to a <u>residential</u> commitment
11	facility of the department may be placed in secure detention
12	overnight, not to exceed a 24-hour period, for the specific
13	purpose of ensuring the safe delivery of the child to his or
14	her residential commitment program, court, appointment,
15	transfer, or release.
16	Section 5. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
17	985.2155, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
18	985.2155 Shared county and state responsibility for
19	juvenile detention
20	(2) As used in this section, the term:
21	(b) "Fiscally constrained county" means a county
22	designated as a rural area of critical economic concern under
23	s. 288.0656 for which the value of a mill in the county is no
24	more than <u>\$4</u> 3 million, based on the property valuations and
25	tax data annually published by the Department of Revenue under
26	s. 195.052.
27	Section 6. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (1)
28	and subsection (2) of section 985.231, Florida Statutes, are
29	amended to read:
30	985.231 Powers of disposition in delinquency cases
31	(1)(a) The court that has jurisdiction of an 28
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1 adjudicated delinquent child may, by an order stating the facts upon which a determination of a sanction and 2 rehabilitative program was made at the disposition hearing: 3 4 1. Place the child in a probation program or a postcommitment probation program under the supervision of an 5 authorized agent of the Department of Juvenile Justice or of 6 7 any other person or agency specifically authorized and appointed by the court, whether in the child's own home, in 8 the home of a relative of the child, or in some other suitable 9 10 place under such reasonable conditions as the court may 11 direct. A probation program for an adjudicated delinquent child must include a penalty component such as restitution in 12 money or in kind, community service, a curfew, revocation or 13 suspension of the driver's license of the child, or other 14 15 nonresidential punishment appropriate to the offense and must also include a rehabilitative program component such as a 16 requirement of participation in substance abuse treatment or 17 in school or other educational program. If the child is 18 19 attending or is eligible to attend public school and the court finds that the victim or a sibling of the victim in the case 20 21 is attending or may attend the same school as the child, the 22 court placement order shall include a finding pursuant to the proceedings described in s. 985.23(1)(d). Upon the 23 24 recommendation of the department at the time of disposition, or subsequent to disposition pursuant to the filing of a 25 petition alleging a violation of the child's conditions of 26 postcommitment probation, the court may order the child to 27 28 submit to random testing for the purpose of detecting and 29 monitoring the use of alcohol or controlled substances. a. A restrictiveness level classification scale for 30 31 levels of supervision shall be provided by the department, 29 8:14 PM 05/03/05 h191703eld-12-tal

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1 taking into account the child's needs and risks relative to probation supervision requirements to reasonably ensure the 2 public safety. Probation programs for children shall be 3 4 supervised by the department or by any other person or agency specifically authorized by the court. These programs must 5 include, but are not limited to, structured or restricted 6 7 activities as described in this subparagraph, and shall be designed to encourage the child toward acceptable and 8 functional social behavior. If supervision or a program of 9 10 community service is ordered by the court, the duration of 11 such supervision or program must be consistent with any treatment and rehabilitation needs identified for the child 12 13 and may not exceed the term for which sentence could be imposed if the child were committed for the offense, except 14 15 that the duration of such supervision or program for an 16 offense that is a misdemeanor of the second degree, or is equivalent to a misdemeanor of the second degree, may be for a 17 period not to exceed 6 months. When restitution is ordered by 18 the court, the amount of restitution may not exceed an amount 19 20 the child and the parent or guardian could reasonably be 21 expected to pay or make. A child who participates in any work 22 program under this part is considered an employee of the state 23 for purposes of liability, unless otherwise provided by law. 2.4 b. The court may conduct judicial review hearings for a child placed on probation for the purpose of fostering 25 accountability to the judge and compliance with other 26 requirements, such as restitution and community service. The 27 28 court may allow early termination of probation for a child who 29 has substantially complied with the terms and conditions of 30 probation. 31 c. If the conditions of the probation program or the 30

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1 postcommitment probation program are violated, the department or the state attorney may bring the child before the court on 2 a petition alleging a violation of the program. Any child who 3 4 violates the conditions of probation or postcommitment probation must be brought before the court if sanctions are 5 sought. A child taken into custody under s. 985.207 for 6 7 violating the conditions of probation or postcommitment probation shall be held in a consequence unit if such a unit 8 is available. The child shall be afforded a hearing within 24 9 10 hours after being taken into custody to determine the 11 existence of probable cause that the child violated the conditions of probation or postcommitment probation. A 12 consequence unit is a secure facility specifically designated 13 by the department for children who are taken into custody 14 15 under s. 985.207 for violating probation or postcommitment probation, or who have been found by the court to have 16 violated the conditions of probation or postcommitment 17 probation. If the violation involves a new charge of 18 19 delinquency, the child may be detained under s. 985.215 in a facility other than a consequence unit. If the child is not 20 eligible for detention for the new charge of delinquency, the 21 22 child may be held in the consequence unit pending a hearing and is subject to the time limitations specified in s. 23 24 985.215. If the child denies violating the conditions of probation or postcommitment probation, the court shall appoint 25 counsel to represent the child at the child's request. Upon 26 the child's admission, or if the court finds after a hearing 27 that the child has violated the conditions of probation or 28 postcommitment probation, the court shall enter an order 29 revoking, modifying, or continuing probation or postcommitment 30 31 probation. In each such case, the court shall enter a new 31 8:14 PM 05/03/05 h191703eld-12-tal

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1	disposition order and, in addition to the sanctions set forth
2	in this paragraph, may impose any sanction the court could
3	have imposed at the original disposition hearing. If the child
4	is found to have violated the conditions of probation or
5	postcommitment probation, the court may:
б	(I) Place the child in a consequence unit in that
7	judicial circuit, if available, for up to 5 days for a first
8	violation, and up to 15 days for a second or subsequent
9	violation.
10	(II) Place the child on home detention with electronic
11	monitoring. However, this sanction may be used only if a
12	residential consequence unit is not available.
13	(III) Modify or continue the child's probation program
14	or postcommitment probation program.
15	(IV) Revoke probation or postcommitment probation and
16	commit the child to the department.
17	d. Notwithstanding s. 743.07 and paragraph (d), and
18	except as provided in s. 985.31, the term of any order placing
19	a child in a probation program must be until the child's 19th
20	birthday unless he or she is released by the court, on the
21	motion of an interested party or on its own motion.
22	2. Commit the child to a licensed child-caring agency
23	willing to receive the child, but the court may not commit the
24	child to a jail or to a facility used primarily as a detention
25	center or facility or shelter.
26	3. Commit the child to the department of Juvenile
27	Justice at a <u>restrictiveness</u> residential commitment level
28	defined in s. 985.03. Such commitment must be for the purpose
29	of exercising active control over the child, including, but
30	not limited to, custody, care, training, urine monitoring, and
31	treatment of the child and release of the child \underline{from}
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1	residential commitment into the community in a postcommitment
2	nonresidential conditional release program. If the child is
3	eligible to attend public school following residential
4	commitment and the court finds that the victim or a sibling of
5	the victim in the case is or may be attending the same school
6	as the child, the commitment order shall include a finding
7	pursuant to the proceedings described in s. 985.23(1)(d). If
8	the child is not successful in the conditional release
9	program, the department may use the transfer procedure under
10	s. 985.404. Notwithstanding s. 743.07 and paragraph (d), and
11	except as provided in s. 985.31, the term of the commitment
12	must be until the child is discharged by the department or
13	until he or she reaches the age of 21.
14	4. Revoke or suspend the driver's license of the
15	child.
16	5. Require the child and, if the court finds it
17	appropriate, the child's parent or guardian together with the
18	child, to render community service in a public service
19	program.
20	6. As part of the probation program to be implemented
21	by the Department of Juvenile Justice, or, in the case of a
22	committed child, as part of the community-based sanctions
23	ordered by the court at the disposition hearing or before the
24	child's release from commitment, order the child to make
25	restitution in money, through a promissory note cosigned by
26	the child's parent or guardian, or in kind for any damage or
27	loss caused by the child's offense in a reasonable amount or
28	manner to be determined by the court. The clerk of the circuit
29	court shall be the receiving and dispensing agent. In such
30	case, the court shall order the child or the child's parent or
31	guardian to pay to the office of the clerk of the circuit
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1 court an amount not to exceed the actual cost incurred by the clerk as a result of receiving and dispensing restitution 2 payments. The clerk shall notify the court if restitution is 3 4 not made, and the court shall take any further action that is necessary against the child or the child's parent or guardian. 5 A finding by the court, after a hearing, that the parent or 6 7 guardian has made diligent and good faith efforts to prevent the child from engaging in delinquent acts absolves the parent 8 or guardian of liability for restitution under this 9 10 subparagraph. 7. Order the child and, if the court finds it 11 appropriate, the child's parent or guardian together with the 12 child, to participate in a community work project, either as 13 an alternative to monetary restitution or as part of the 14 15 rehabilitative or probation program. 16 8. Commit the child to the Department of Juvenile Justice for placement in a program or facility for serious or 17 habitual juvenile offenders in accordance with s. 985.31. Any 18 19 commitment of a child to a program or facility for serious or 20 habitual juvenile offenders must be for an indeterminate period of time, but the time may not exceed the maximum term 21 22 of imprisonment that an adult may serve for the same offense. The court may retain jurisdiction over such child until the 23 24 child reaches the age of 21, specifically for the purpose of the child completing the program. 25 9. In addition to the sanctions imposed on the child, 26 order the parent or guardian of the child to perform community 27 28 service if the court finds that the parent or guardian did not 29 make a diligent and good faith effort to prevent the child from engaging in delinquent acts. The court may also order the 30 31 parent or guardian to make restitution in money or in kind for

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1	any damage or loss caused by the child's offense. The court
2	shall determine a reasonable amount or manner of restitution,
3	and payment shall be made to the clerk of the circuit court as
4	provided in subparagraph 6.
5	10. Subject to specific appropriation, commit the
6	juvenile sexual offender to the Department of Juvenile Justice
7	for placement in a program or facility for juvenile sexual
8	offenders in accordance with s. 985.308. Any commitment of a
9	juvenile sexual offender to a program or facility for juvenile
10	sexual offenders must be for an indeterminate period of time,
11	but the time may not exceed the maximum term of imprisonment
12	that an adult may serve for the same offense. The court may
13	retain jurisdiction over a juvenile sexual offender until the
14	juvenile sexual offender reaches the age of 21, specifically
15	for the purpose of completing the program.
16	(d) Any commitment of a delinquent child to the
17	Department of Juvenile Justice must be for an indeterminate
18	period of time, which may include periods of temporary
19	release <u>; however</u> , but the <u>period of</u> time may not exceed the
20	maximum term of imprisonment that an adult may serve for the
21	same offense, except that the duration of a minimum-risk,
22	nonresidential commitment for an offense that is a misdemeanor
23	of the second degree, or is equivalent to a misdemeanor of the
24	second degree, may be for a period not to exceed 6 months. The
25	duration of the child's placement in a residential commitment
26	program of any <u>restrictiveness</u> level shall be based on
27	objective performance-based treatment planning. The child's
28	treatment plan progress and adjustment-related issues shall be
29	reported to the court <u>quarterly, unless the court requests</u>
30	monthly reports each month. The child's length of stay in a
31	residential commitment program may be extended if the child 35
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1 fails to comply with or participate in treatment activities. The child's length of stay in such program shall not be 2 extended for purposes of sanction or punishment. Any temporary 3 4 release from such program must be approved by the court. Any child so committed may be discharged from institutional 5 confinement or a program upon the direction of the department 6 7 with the concurrence of the court. The child's treatment plan progress and adjustment-related issues must be communicated to 8 the court at the time the department requests the court to 9 10 consider releasing the child from the residential commitment 11 program. Notwithstanding s. 743.07 and this subsection, and except as provided in ss. 985.201 and 985.31, a child may not 12 be held under a commitment from a court under pursuant to this 13 section after becoming 21 years of age. The department shall 14 15 give the court that committed the child to the department reasonable notice, in writing, of its desire to discharge the 16 child from a commitment facility. The court that committed the 17 18 child may thereafter accept or reject the request. If the 19 court does not respond within 10 days after receipt of the 20 notice, the request of the department shall be deemed granted. This section does not limit the department's authority to 21 22 revoke a child's temporary release status and return the child to a commitment facility for any violation of the terms and 23 2.4 conditions of the temporary release. (2) Following a delinquency adjudicatory hearing 25 pursuant to s. 985.228 and a delinquency disposition hearing 26 pursuant to s. 985.23 which results in a commitment 27 determination, the court shall, on its own or upon request by 28 29 the state or the department, determine whether the protection of the public requires that the child be placed in a program 30 for serious or habitual juvenile offenders and whether the 31 36 8:14 PM 05/03/05 h191703eld-12-tal

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1 particular needs of the child would be best served by a program for serious or habitual juvenile offenders as provided 2 in s. 985.31. The determination shall be made pursuant to ss. 3 4 <u>985.03(49)</u> ss. <u>985.03(48)</u> and <u>985.23(3)</u>. Section 7. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 5 б 985.2311, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 985.2311 Cost of supervision; cost of care.--7 (1) Except as provided in subsection (3) or subsection 8 9 (4): (a) When any child is placed into home detention, 10 11 probation, or other supervision status with the Department of Juvenile Justice, or is committed to the minimum-risk, 12 nonresidential restrictiveness level, the court shall order 13 the parent of such child to pay to the department a fee for 14 15 the cost of the supervision of such child in the amount of \$1 16 per day for each day that the child is in such supervision status. 17 Section 8. Subsection (4) of section 985.407, Florida 18 19 Statutes, is amended to read: 20 985.407 Departmental contracting powers; personnel standards and screening. --21 22 (4)(a) For any person employed by the department, or by a provider under contract with the department, in 23 24 delinquency facilities, services, or programs, the department shall require: 25 1. A level 2 employment screening pursuant to chapter 26 27 435 prior to employment; and, using the level 1 standards for 28 screening set forth in that chapter, for personnel in 29 delinquency facilities, services, or programs. 2. A federal criminal records check by the Federal 30 31 Bureau of Investigation every 5 years following the date of 37 8:14 PM 05/03/05 h191703eld-12-tal

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1	the person's employment.			
2	(b) Except for law enforcement, correctional, and			
3	correctional probation officers, to whom s. 943.13(5) applies,			
4	the department shall electronically submit to the Department			
5	of Law Enforcement:			
6	1. Fingerprint information obtained during the			
7	employment screening required by subparagraph (a)1.; and			
8	2. Beginning December 15, 2005, fingerprint			
9	information for all persons employed by the department, or by			
10	a provider under contract with the department, in delinquency			
11	facilities, services, or programs if such fingerprint			
12	information has not previously been electronically submitted			
13	to the Department of Law Enforcement under this paragraph.			
14	(c) All fingerprint information electronically			
15	submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement under paragraph			
16	(b) shall be retained by the Department of Law Enforcement and			
	entered into the statewide automated fingerprint			
17	entered into the statewide automated fingerprint			
17 18	entered into the statewide automated fingerprint identification system authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b) and shall			
18	identification system authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b) and shall			
18 19	identification system authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b) and shall thereafter be available for all purposes and uses authorized			
18 19 20	identification system authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b) and shall thereafter be available for all purposes and uses authorized for arrest fingerprint information entered into the statewide			
18 19 20 21	identification system authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b) and shall thereafter be available for all purposes and uses authorized for arrest fingerprint information entered into the statewide automated fingerprint identification system pursuant to s.			
18 19 20 21 22	identification system authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b) and shall thereafter be available for all purposes and uses authorized for arrest fingerprint information entered into the statewide automated fingerprint identification system pursuant to s. 943.051 until the fingerprint information is removed pursuant			
18 19 20 21 22 23	identification system authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b) and shall thereafter be available for all purposes and uses authorized for arrest fingerprint information entered into the statewide automated fingerprint identification system pursuant to s. 943.051 until the fingerprint information is removed pursuant to paragraph (e). The Department of Law Enforcement shall			
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	identification system authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b) and shall thereafter be available for all purposes and uses authorized for arrest fingerprint information entered into the statewide automated fingerprint identification system pursuant to s. 943.051 until the fingerprint information is removed pursuant to paragraph (e). The Department of Law Enforcement shall search all arrest fingerprint information received pursuant to			
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	identification system authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b) and shall thereafter be available for all purposes and uses authorized for arrest fingerprint information entered into the statewide automated fingerprint identification system pursuant to s. 943.051 until the fingerprint information is removed pursuant to paragraph (e). The Department of Law Enforcement shall search all arrest fingerprint information received pursuant to s. 943.051 against the fingerprint information entered into			
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	identification system authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b) and shall thereafter be available for all purposes and uses authorized for arrest fingerprint information entered into the statewide automated fingerprint identification system pursuant to s. 943.051 until the fingerprint information is removed pursuant to paragraph (e). The Department of Law Enforcement shall search all arrest fingerprint information received pursuant to s. 943.051 against the fingerprint information entered into the statewide automated fingerprint system pursuant to this			
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	identification system authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b) and shall thereafter be available for all purposes and uses authorized for arrest fingerprint information entered into the statewide automated fingerprint identification system pursuant to s. 943.051 until the fingerprint information is removed pursuant to paragraph (e). The Department of Law Enforcement shall search all arrest fingerprint information received pursuant to s. 943.051 against the fingerprint information entered into the statewide automated fingerprint system pursuant to this subsection. Any arrest records identified as a result of the			
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	identification system authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b) and shall thereafter be available for all purposes and uses authorized for arrest fingerprint information entered into the statewide automated fingerprint identification system pursuant to s. 943.051 until the fingerprint information is removed pursuant to paragraph (e). The Department of Law Enforcement shall search all arrest fingerprint information received pursuant to s. 943.051 against the fingerprint information entered into the statewide automated fingerprint system pursuant to this subsection. Any arrest records identified as a result of the search shall be reported to the department in the manner and			
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	identification system authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b) and shall thereafter be available for all purposes and uses authorized for arrest fingerprint information entered into the statewide automated fingerprint identification system pursuant to s. 943.051 until the fingerprint information is removed pursuant to paragraph (e). The Department of Law Enforcement shall search all arrest fingerprint information received pursuant to s. 943.051 against the fingerprint information entered into the statewide automated fingerprint system pursuant to this subsection. Any arrest records identified as a result of the search shall be reported to the department in the manner and timeframe established by rule of the Department of Law			

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1	Department of Law Enforcement for its costs resulting from the			
2	fingerprint-information-retention services required by this			
3				
	subsection. The amount of the annual fee and procedures for			
4	the submission and retention of fingerprint information and			
5	for the dissemination of search results shall be established			
6	by rule of the Department of Law Enforcement which is			
7	applicable to the department individually pursuant to this			
8	subsection or is applicable to the department and other			
9	employing agencies pursuant to rulemaking authority otherwise			
10	provided by law.			
11	(e) The department shall notify the Department of Law			
12	Enforcement when a person whose fingerprint information is			
13	retained by the Department of Law Enforcement under this			
14	subsection is no longer employed by the department, or by a			
15	provider under contract with the department, in a delinquency			
16	facility, service, or program. This notice shall be provided			
17	by the department to the Department of Law Enforcement no			
18	later than 6 months after the date of the change in the			
19	person's employment status. Fingerprint information for			
20	persons identified by the department in the notice shall be			
21	removed from the statewide automated fingerprint system.			
22	Section 9. <u>The sums of \$36,834 in recurring funds and</u>			
23	\$86,407 in nonrecurring funds are appropriated from the			
24	General Revenue Fund to the Department of Juvenile Justice for			
25	expenses for the 2005-2006 fiscal year. The sum of \$133,335 in			
26	recurring funds is appropriated from the Administrative Trust			
27	Fund to the Department of Juvenile Justice for expenses for			
28	<u>the 2005-2006 fiscal year.</u>			
29	Section 10. Subsection (3) of section 985.316, Florida			
30	Statutes, is amended to read:			
31	985.316 Conditional release			
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1	(3) For juveniles referred or committed to the			
2	department, the function of the department may include, but			
3	shall not be limited to, assessing each committed juvenile			
4	placed in a residential commitment program to determine the			
5	need for conditional release services upon release from <u>the</u> $\frac{1}{2}$			
б	commitment program, supervising the juvenile when released			
7	into the community from a residential commitment facility of			
8	the department, providing such counseling and other services			
9	as may be necessary for the families and assisting their			
10	preparations for the return of the child. Subject to specific			
11	appropriation, the department shall provide for outpatient			
12	sexual offender counseling for any juvenile sexual offender			
13	released from a commitment program as a component of			
14	conditional release.			
15	Section 11. Section 985.403, Florida Statutes, is			
16	repealed.			
17	Section 12. <u>Task force on juvenile sexual offenders</u>			
18	and their victims			
19	(1) On or before August 1, 2005, the Department of			
20	Juvenile Justice shall create a task force to review and			
21	evaluate the state's laws that address juvenile sex offenders			
22	and the department's practices and procedures for serving			
23	these offenders and their victims. The task force shall make			
24	findings that include, but are not limited to, a profile of			
25	this state's juvenile sex offenders and of dispositions			
26	received by those offenders, identification of statutes that			
27	address these offenders, identification of community-based and			
28	commitment programming available for these offenders and of			
29	such programming's effectiveness, the appropriateness and			
30	rehabilitative efficacy of placing these offenders in			
31	residential commitment programs, and identification of 40			
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1	qualifications required for staff who serve these offenders.			
2	Based on its findings, the task force shall make			
3	recommendations for how the state's laws, policies, programs,			
4	and funding for juvenile sexual offenders may be improved.			
5	(2) The Secretary of Juvenile Justice, or his or her			
6	designee, shall appoint up to 12 members to the task force.			
7	The task force shall be composed of representatives who shall			
8	include, but are not limited to, the following: a circuit			
9	court judge with at least 1 year's experience in the juvenile			
10	division, a state attorney with at least 1 year's experience			
11	in the juvenile division, a public defender with at least 1			
12	year's experience in the juvenile division, one representative			
13	of the Department of Juvenile Justice, two representatives of			
14	providers of juvenile sexual offender services, one member of			
15	the Florida Juvenile Justice Association, one member of the			
16	Florida Association for the Treatment of Sexual Abusers, and			
17	one victim of a juvenile sexual offense.			
18	(3) The task force shall submit a written report of			
	its findings and recommendations to the Governor, the			
19	its findings and recommendations to the Governor, the			
19 20	its findings and recommendations to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of			
20	President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of			
20 21	President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 1, 2005.			
20 21 22	President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 1, 2005. (4) Administrative support for the task force shall be			
20 21 22 23	President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 1, 2005. (4) Administrative support for the task force shall be provided by the Department of Juvenile Justice. Members of the			
20 21 22 23 24	President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 1, 2005. (4) Administrative support for the task force shall be provided by the Department of Juvenile Justice. Members of the task force shall receive no salary from the state beyond the			
20 21 22 23 24 25	President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 1, 2005. (4) Administrative support for the task force shall be provided by the Department of Juvenile Justice. Members of the task force shall receive no salary from the state beyond the salary already received from their sponsoring agency, if any,			
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 1, 2005. (4) Administrative support for the task force shall be provided by the Department of Juvenile Justice. Members of the task force shall receive no salary from the state beyond the salary already received from their sponsoring agency, if any, and are not entitled to reimbursement for travel and per diem			
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 1, 2005. (4) Administrative support for the task force shall be provided by the Department of Juvenile Justice. Members of the task force shall receive no salary from the state beyond the salary already received from their sponsoring agency, if any, and are not entitled to reimbursement for travel and per diem expenses.			
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 1, 2005. (4) Administrative support for the task force shall be provided by the Department of Juvenile Justice. Members of the task force shall receive no salary from the state beyond the salary already received from their sponsoring agency, if any, and are not entitled to reimbursement for travel and per diem expenses. (5) The task force shall be dissolved upon the			
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 1, 2005. (4) Administrative support for the task force shall be provided by the Department of Juvenile Justice. Members of the task force shall receive no salary from the state beyond the salary already received from their sponsoring agency, if any, and are not entitled to reimbursement for travel and per diem expenses. (5) The task force shall be dissolved upon the submission of its report.			

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1	(1) On or before August 1, 2005, the Department of			
2	Juvenile Justice shall create a task force to study the			
3	feasibility of establishing a certification process for staff			
4	employed by a provider under contract with the Department of			
5	Juvenile Justice to provide juvenile justice services to			
6	youth.			
7	(2) The Secretary of Juvenile Justice, or his or her			
8	designee, shall appoint up to 12 members to the task force.			
9	The task force shall be composed of representatives who shall			
10	include, but are not limited to, the following: two			
11	representatives of the Department of Juvenile Justice, two			
12	representatives of providers of juvenile justice services, two			
13	members of the Florida Juvenile Justice Association, two			
14	provider employees who provide direct care services, and two			
15	representatives of the Florida Certification Board.			
16	(3) The task force shall consider the feasibility of			
17	implementing and operating a certification system for staff			
18	who work in juvenile justice facilities, services, or			
19	programs. At a minimum, the task force shall consider, and			
20	make recommendations concerning, the occupational levels of			
21	staff subject to certification, the criteria that may be used			
22	to certify staff, the levels of certification, and a process			
23	for testing and validating the effectiveness of any			
24	recommended staff certification system. In making its			
25	recommendations, the task force shall make findings regarding			
26	the benefits of a staff certification system for this state's			
27	juvenile justice programming and the cost to implement such a			
28	system.			
29	(4) The task force shall submit a written report of			
30	its findings and recommendations to the Governor, the			
31	President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 42			
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1 Representatives by January 1, 2006. (5) Administrative support for the task force shall be 2 provided by the Department of Juvenile Justice. Members of the 3 4 task force shall receive no salary from the state beyond the salary already received from their sponsoring agency, if any, 5 and are not entitled to reimbursement for travel and per diem 6 7 <u>expenses.</u> (6) The task force shall be dissolved upon the 8 submission of its report. 9 Section 14. Subsection (10) of section 985.4135, 10 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 11 985.4135 Juvenile justice circuit boards and juvenile 12 justice county councils .--13 (10) Membership of the juvenile justice county 14 15 councils, or juvenile justice circuit boards established under 16 subsection (9), may must include representatives from the following entities: 17 (a) Representatives from the school district, which 18 may include elected school board officials, the school 19 superintendent, school or district administrators, teachers, 20 21 and counselors. 22 (b) Representatives of the board of county commissioners. 23 24 (c) Representatives of the governing bodies of local municipalities within the county. 25 (d) A representative of the corresponding circuit or 26 regional entity of the Department of Children and Family 27 28 Services. 29 (e) Representatives of local law enforcement agencies, including the sheriff or the sheriff's designee. 30 31 (f) Representatives of the judicial system. 43 8:14 PM 05/03/05 h191703e1d-12-ta1

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1	(g) Representatives of the business community.				
2	(h) Representatives of other interested officials,				
3	groups, or entities, including, but not limited to, a				
4	children's services council, public or private providers of				
5	juvenile justice programs and services, students, parents, and				
6	advocates. Private providers of juvenile justice programs may				
7	not exceed one-third of the voting membership.				
8	(i) Representatives of the faith community.				
9	(j) Representatives of victim-service programs and				
10	victims of crimes.				
11	(k) Representatives of the Department of Corrections.				
12	Section 15. Section 784.075, Florida Statutes, is				
13	amended to read:				
14	784.075 Battery on detention or commitment facility				
15	staff or a juvenile probation officerA person who commits a				
16	battery on a juvenile probation officer, as defined in s.				
17	984.03 or s. 985.03, on other staff of a detention center or				
18	facility as defined in s. 984.03(19) or <u>s. 985.03(20)</u> s.				
19	985.03(19) , or on a staff member of a commitment facility as				
20	defined in <u>s. 985.03(46)</u> s. 985.03(45) , commits a felony of				
21	the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.				
22	775.083, or s. 775.084. For purposes of this section, a staff				
23	member of the facilities listed includes persons employed by				
24	the Department of Juvenile Justice, persons employed at				
25	facilities licensed by the Department of Juvenile Justice, and				
26	persons employed at facilities operated under a contract with				
27	the Department of Juvenile Justice.				
28	Section 16. Subsection (2) of section 985.231, Florida				
29	Statutes, is amended to read:				
30	985.231 Powers of disposition in delinquency cases				
31	(2) Following a delinquency adjudicatory hearing 44				
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1	pursuant to s. 985.228 and a delinquency disposition hearing			
2	pursuant to s. 985.23 which results in a commitment			
3	determination, the court shall, on its own or upon request by			
4	the state or the department, determine whether the protection			
5	of the public requires that the child be placed in a program			
6	for serious or habitual juvenile offenders and whether the			
7	particular needs of the child would be best served by a			
8	program for serious or habitual juvenile offenders as provided			
9	in s. 985.31. The determination shall be made pursuant to <u>ss.</u>			
10	985.03(49) ss. $985.03(48)$ and $985.23(3)$.			
11	Section 17. Paragraph (e) of subsection (3) and			
12	paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 985.31, Florida			
13	Statutes, are amended to read:			
14	985.31 Serious or habitual juvenile offender			
15	(3) PRINCIPLES AND RECOMMENDATIONS OF ASSESSMENT AND			
16	TREATMENT			
17	(e) After a child has been adjudicated delinquent			
18	pursuant to s. 985.228, the court shall determine whether the			
19	child meets the criteria for a serious or habitual juvenile			
20	offender pursuant to <u>s. 985.03(49)</u> s. 985.03(48) . If the court			
21	determines that the child does not meet such criteria, the			
22	provisions of s. 985.231(1) shall apply.			
23	(4) ASSESSMENTS, TESTING, RECORDS, AND INFORMATION			
24	(a) Pursuant to the provisions of this section, the			
25	department shall implement the comprehensive assessment			
26	instrument for the treatment needs of serious or habitual			
27	juvenile offenders and for the assessment, which assessment			
28	shall include the criteria under <u>s. 985.03(49)</u> s. 985.03(48)			
29	and shall also include, but not be limited to, evaluation of			
30	the child's:			
31	1. Amenability to treatment. 45			
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1 2. Proclivity toward violence. 3. Tendency toward gang involvement. 2 4. Substance abuse or addiction and the level thereof. 3 4 5. History of being a victim of child abuse or sexual abuse, or indication of sexual behavior dysfunction. 5 6. Number and type of previous adjudications, findings 6 7 of guilt, and convictions. 7. Potential for rehabilitation. 8 9 Section 18. Section 985.3141, Florida Statutes, is 10 amended to read: 11 985.3141 Escapes from secure detention or residential commitment facility. -- An escape from: 12 13 (1) Any secure detention facility maintained for the temporary detention of children, pending adjudication, 14 15 disposition, or placement; 16 (2) Any residential commitment facility described in s. 985.03(46) s. 985.03(45), maintained for the custody, 17 treatment, punishment, or rehabilitation of children found to 18 have committed delinquent acts or violations of law; or 19 (3) Lawful transportation to or from any such secure 20 21 detention facility or residential commitment facility, 22 constitutes escape within the intent and meaning of s. 944.40 23 24 and is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 25 Section 19. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005. 26 27 28 29 And the title is amended as follows: 30 31 Delete everything before the enacting clause 46 8:14 PM 05/03/05 h191703eld-12-tal

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1	and insert:	
2	A bill	l to be entitled
3	An act relating	g to juvenile justice; amending
4	s. 985.03, F.S.	; redefining terms relating to
5	juvenile justic	ce; redefining the terms "day
б	treatment" and	"restrictiveness level";
7	amending s. 985	5.207, F.S.; clarifying when a
8	child who escar	pes from a residential commitment
9	or absconds fro	om a nonresidential commitment
10	may be taken in	nto custody; amending s. 985.208,
11	F.S.; providing	g that a child may be taken into
12	custody for abs	sconding from a nonresidential
13	commitment fact	ility; amending s. 985.215, F.S.;
14	providing for a	release from detention for a
15	child who has a	absconded; providing for
16	detention for a	committed children awaiting
17	placement; prov	viding secure detention for
18	children await	ing minimum-risk placement who
19	violate home or	r nonsecure detention or
20	electronic mon	itoring; providing for secure
21	detention for a	children being transported to
22	residential cor	mmitment programs; amending s.
23	985.2155, F.S.	defining the term "fiscally
24	constrained cou	inty"; amending s. 985.231, F.S.;
25	incorporating r	newly defined terms to clarify
26	the terms of a	child's commitment; providing
27	for the maximur	n length of a minimum-risk,
28	nonresidential	commitment for a child who
29	commits a secor	nd-degree misdemeanor; providing
30	that the depart	ement or a provider report
31	quarterly to th	ne court the child's progress 47
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1	with his	or her treatment plan; cor	nforming a	
2	cross-reference; amending s. 985.2311, F.S.;			
3	requiring parents to pay the costs of			
4	supervision related to minimum-risk,			
5	nonresidential commitment to the department;			
6	amending s. 985.316, F.S.; providing for			
7	assessment by the department of the need of			
8	juveniles in residential commitment for			
9	condition	al release services; amend	ling s.	
10	985.407,	F.S.; revising employee-so	creening	
11	procedure	s of the Department of Juv	venile	
12	Justice;	requiring the department t	co provide	
13	fingerpri	nt information to the Depa	artment of	
14	Law Enfor	cement and pay an annual f	lee;	
15	providing appropriations; repealing s. 985.403,			
16	F.S., relating to the Task Force on Juvenile			
17	Sexual Of	fenders and their Victims;	requiring	
18	the depar	tment to create a task for	cce on	
19	juvenile	sexual offenders and their	victims;	
20	providing	for membership, powers, d	duties, and	
21	dissoluti	on of the task force; requ	iring a	
22	written r	eport; directing the Depar	rtment of	
23	Juvenile	Justice to provide adminis	strative	
24	support;	prohibiting certain comper	nsation or	
25	reimburse	ment of task force members	; requiring	
26	the Depar	tment of Juvenile Justice	to create a	
27	task forc	e to study certification f	for juvenile	
28	justice p	rovider staff; providing f	for	
29	membershi	p, powers, duties and diss	solution of	
30	the task	force; requiring a writter	n report;	
31	directing	the department to provide 48	2	
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SENATOR AMENDMENT

Bill No. <u>HB 1917, 1st Eng.</u>

1		administrative support; prohibiting certa:	in		
2		compensation or reimbursement of task for	ce		
3		members; amending s. 985.4135, F.S.; providing			
4		that membership of juvenile justice county			
5		councils or circuit boards may, rather than			
6		must, include certain entities; amending s	55.		
7		784.075, 985.231, 985.31, and 985.3141, F.S.;			
8		conforming cross-references; providing an			
9		effective date.			
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