#### CHAMBER ACTION

<u>Senate</u> <u>House</u>

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Representative(s) Quinones offered the following:

Remove everything after the enacting clause

### Amendment (with title amendments)

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and insert:

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Section 1. Section 961.01, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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961.01 Short title.--Sections 961.01-961.07 may be cited as the "Wrongful Incarceration Compensation Act."

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Section 2. Section 961.02, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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961.02 Definition; finding of wrongful incarceration upon release from incarceration for felony offenses.--

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	(1)	As	use	d in	ss.	961	.01-96	51.07	, a	wrongf	ull	У		
incar	rcer	ated	pers	son	mean	ıs a	persor	n who	is	actual	ly	inno	cent	and
who h	nas	been	orde	ered	rel	ease	d from	n inca	arce	ration	ı fo	r a	felo	ny
conv	icti	on.	As ı	ısed	in	this	act,	"act	uall	y inno	ocen	ıt" m	eans	<u> </u>

- (a) The person was charged, by indictment or information, with the commission of an offense classified as a felony; and
- (b) The person did not plead guilty or no contest to the offense charged or to any lesser included offense, unless the person was charged with a capital offense; and
  - (c) The person was convicted of the offense; and
- (d) The person was sentenced to incarceration for a term of imprisonment as a result of the conviction; and
- (e) The person was imprisoned solely on the basis of the conviction for the offense; and
- (f) The person did not, by his or her misconduct or neglect, bring about the prosecution; and
  - (g) The person's acts did not constitute a crime; and
- (h) A court of competent jurisdiction found by clear and convincing evidence that the offense for which the person was convicted, sentenced, and imprisoned, including any lesser included offenses, was not committed by the person and issued an order vacating, dismissing, or reversing the conviction and sentence and providing that no further proceedings can be or will be held against the person on any facts and circumstances alleged in the proceedings which had resulted in the conviction.
- Section 3. Section 961.03, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, and
subject to the limitations and procedures prescribed in s.
961.04, a person who is found to be a wrongfully incarcerated
person may petition the Legislature for reasonable compensation
In determining reasonable compensation, the Legislature may
consider the following options:

961.03 Compensation for wrongful incarceration .--

- (a) Loss of wages, salary, or other earned income;
- (b) The amount of any fine or court costs imposed and paid;
- (c) The amount of any fees paid to the Department of Corrections for any required goods or services received during incarceration;
- (d) Loss of assets due to foreclosure, repossession, or other methods of recovery by a creditor;
  - (e) Loss of savings and interest;
  - (f) Lost earnings capacity;
- (g) The value of services performed for the state while incarcerated;
- (h) The reasonable cost of future psychological counseling; and
  - (i) The reasonable amount of any other losses.
- (2) Compensation to a wrongfully incarcerated person may not include punitive or exemplary damages or compensation for pain and suffering, humiliation, loss of consortium, emotional distress, or similar damages. It is the intent of the Legislature to limit compensation of a wrongfully incarcerated

- person to the compensation and reimbursement of expenses authorized in subsection (1) directly resulting from the wrongful incarceration.
- (3) A claimant shall not be eligible for compensation if the claimant was also serving a concurrent felony sentence.
- (4) Any person awarded compensation pursuant to this Act who is subsequently convicted of a felony shall, immediately upon such conviction, not be eligible to receive any unpaid amounts or benefits from any compensation awarded. Any amount from an annuity that is forfeited pursuant to this section shall revert to the state General Revenue Fund.
- Section 4. Section 961.04, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 961.04 Petition for compensation for wrongful incarceration.--
- (1) A wrongfully incarcerated person may petition the Legislature for compensation for losses caused by the incarceration. The petition, at a minimum, must include:
- (a) A certified copy of the order finding the applicant to be a wrongfully incarcerated person;
  - (b) Documentation of the length of the sentence served;
- (c) Available documentation of employment prior to
  incarceration;
- (d) Documentation of education attained prior to and during incarceration;
- (e) Available documentation of income earned prior to
  incarceration;

- (f) Documentation of encumbrances placed on real property or loans used to pay attorney's fees to defend against or seek release from incarceration;
- (g) Documentation of real property in which the applicant owned an interest which has been foreclosed upon due to the incarceration;
  - (h) Documentation of family status prior to incarceration;
  - (i) Documentation of criminal history;
- (j) Other documentation that the applicant believes should be considered for determining compensation; and
- (k) Other documentation, evidence, or information required or requested by the Special Master or the Legislature.
- Section 5. Section 961.05, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 961.05 Holistic relief.—The Legislature may make an award of compensation that includes, but is not limited to, any of the following:
- (1) HEALTH CARE PLAN.—The Legislature may direct the appropriate state agency to purchase a comprehensive health care plan, including dental and mental health coverage.
- (2) EDUCATIONAL ASSISTANCE.—The Legislature may waive tuition and fees for up to a total of 4 years of instruction at any career center established pursuant to section 1001.44, Florida Statutes, at any community college established under part III of chapter 1004, Florida Statutes, or any state university. The Legislature shall require that for any educational benefit made, the person shall be required to meet

and maintain the regular admission requirements of, and be registered at, such career center, community college, or state university and make satisfactory academic progress as defined by the educational institution in which the person is enrolled.

- (3) JOB PREFERENCE.—The Legislature may award first preference in employment by the state and its political subdivisions.
- (a) If awarded, the Legislature must require that the person must be otherwise eligible for employment with the hiring agency or political subdivision.
- (b) If awarded, the Legislature must require that the job preference benefits awarded do not apply to positions that are exempt from the State Career Service System under section 110.205(2), Florida Statutes, positions which are filled by officers elected by popular vote or persons appointed to fill vacancies in such offices, members of boards and commissions, persons employed on a temporary basis without benefits, heads of departments, and positions that require licensure as a physician, osteopathic physician, chiropractic physician, engineer, or membership in The Florida Bar.
- (4) WAIVER OF FEES.—The Legislature may waive any statutory fees required to expunge any arrest or court records as otherwise subject to expunction by law or court rule and shall waive any fees for copying costs or other costs of obtaining public records in furtherance of such expunction.

- (5) MONETARY COMPENSATION.--Reasonable compensation as provided in s. 961.03, may be provided in an amount to be determined by the Legislature.
- (6) Any compensation computed pursuant to subsection (5) may be awarded in a lump sum or may be paid in an initial lump sum equal to 20 percent of the compensation award with the remaining 80 percent of the principal of the compensation award to be used by the Chief Financial Officer to purchase an annuity. If the Legislature directs that an annuity be purchased, the Legislature must provide for the following:
- (a) That any annuity purchased shall be purchased from any A+ rated company, to provide equal monthly installments to the claimant for a period certain of a stated number of years commencing no later than 1 year after the effective date of the appropriation;
- (b) That the annuity shall provide that it shall not be sold, discounted, or used as security for loans and mortgages by the claimant; and
- (c) That the annuity shall contain beneficiary provisions providing for the annuity's continued disbursement in the event of the death of the claimant, subject to the provisions of s. 961.03(4).
- (7) An applicant for compensation under this section must apply for compensation by July 1, 2007, or within 2 years after he or she is ordered released from incarceration, whichever occurs later.

Section 6. Section 961.06, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 961.06 Sovereign immunity; limits of liability; release and waiver; collateral sources.—
- (1) Any award of relief pursuant to this Act shall not be deemed to have waived any defense of sovereign immunity or to have increased the limits of liability on behalf of the state or any person or entity subject to the provisions of s. 768.28, Florida Statutes.
- (2) As a condition of receiving any compensation under this Act, a person shall execute a release and waiver on behalf of the person or his or her heirs, successors, and/or assigns forever releasing the State of Florida or any agency, instrumentality, officer, employee, or political subdivision thereof, or any other entity subject to the provisions of s. 768.28, Florida Statutes, from any and all present or future claims the person or his or her heirs, successors, and/or assigns may have against such enumerated entities and arising out of the factual situation in connection with the conviction for which the compensation is being sought under this Act.
- (3) The person is not eligible for compensation if the person was awarded a final judgment in a court of law, or has received any funds pursuant to a settlement agreement for compensation or damages arising out of the factual situation in connection with the conviction for which compensation is sought under this Act.

#### Bill No. CS/CS/SB 1964

Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)

201 Section 7. Section 961.07, Florida Statutes, is created to 202 read:

961.07 Attorney's and Lobbyist's Fees.--

Attorney's and lobbyist's fees are subject to the provisions of section 768.28(8), Florida Statutes. No compensation shall be made for attorney's fees charged for legal services relating to a finding of actual innocence as defined by this Act.

Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005.

213 Remove the entire title

and insert:

217 A bill to be entitled

An act relating to compensation for wrongfully incarcerated persons; creating s. 961.01, F.S.; providing a short title; creating s. 961.02, F.S.; defining the term "actually innocent"; requiring court findings; creating s. 961.03, F.S.; authorizing petitions to the Legislature for reasonable compensation; authorizing compensation for certain wrongfully incarcerated persons; providing exceptions and limitations; creating s. 961.04, F.S.; providing procedures to petition the Legislature for compensation; creating s. 961.05, F.S.; providing for non-

### HOUSE AMENDMENT

## Bill No. CS/CS/SB 1964

# Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)

monetary and monetary relief; providing for the manner of
payment of compensation; providing timeframes for applying
for compensation; creating s. 961.06, F.S.; providing for
the preservation of sovereign immunity; providing for
release and waiver; providing for collateral sources;
creating s. 961.07, F.S.; providing for attorney's and
lobbyist's fees; providing an effective date.

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