## Florida Senate - 2005

By Senator Constantine

22-1212B-05

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to telecommunications; amending
3	s. 364.01, F.S.; specifying the exclusive
4	jurisdiction of the Florida Public Service
5	Commission to regulate telecommunications
6	companies; providing that activities regulated
7	by the commission are exempt from ch. 501,
8	F.S., relating to consumer protection;
9	providing that state laws governing business
10	and consumer protection be applied to
11	communications activities that are not
12	regulated by the commission; deleting certain
13	legislative findings with respect to the
14	provision of local telecommunications services;
15	revising provisions governing the exclusive
16	jurisdiction of the commission; creating s.
17	364.011, F.S.; specifying certain services that
18	are exempt from oversight by the commission;
19	creating s. 364.012, F.S.; requiring that the
20	commission promote consistency with federal law
21	and coordination with federal agencies;
22	providing that ch. 364, F.S., does not limit or
23	modify certain duties of a local exchange
24	carrier; creating s. 364.013, F.S.; requiring
25	that broadband service remain free of state and
26	local regulation; requiring that
27	voice-over-Internet protocol remain free of
28	regulation, except as specifically provided in
29	ch. 364, F.S.; amending s. 364.02, F.S.;
30	defining the terms "broadband service" and
31	"VoIP"; amending s. 364.0361, F.S.; prohibiting
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1 a local government from regulating 2 voice-over-Internet protocol or other advanced 3 telecommunications, regardless of the platform 4 or provider; amending s. 364.10, F.S.; revising 5 the income threshold for eligibility for б Lifeline service; repealing s. 364.502, F.S., 7 relating to video programming services; amending ss. 196.012, 199.183, 212.08, 290.007, 8 9 350.0605, 364.602, and 489.103, F.S.; 10 conforming cross-references; providing an effective date. 11 12 13 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 14 15 Section 1. Section 364.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 16 17 364.01 Powers of commission, legislative intent.--(1) The Florida Public Service Commission shall 18 exercise over and in relation to telecommunications companies 19 the powers conferred by this chapter. 20 21 (2) The Florida Public Service Commission has It is 22 the legislative intent to give exclusive jurisdiction in all 23 matters set forth in this chapter to regulate the Florida Public Service Commission in regulating telecommunications 2.4 companies, and such preemption shall supersede any local or 25 special act or municipal charter where any conflict of 26 27 authority may exist. However, the provisions of this chapter 2.8 shall not affect the authority and powers granted in s. 166.231(9) or s. 337.401. 29 (3) Activities regulated under laws administered by 30 the Florida Public Service Commission are exempt from chapter 31

1	501. Communications activities that are not regulated by the
2	Florida Public Service Commission, including, but not limited
3	to, VoIP, wireless, and broadband, are subject to this state's
4	generally applicable business regulation and deceptive trade
5	practices and consumer protection laws, as enforced by the
б	appropriate state authority or through actions in the judicial
7	system. This chapter does not limit the availability to any
8	party of any remedy under state or federal antitrust laws. The
9	Legislature finds that the competitive provision of
10	telecommunications services, including local exchange
11	telecommunications service, is in the public interest and will
12	provide customers with freedom of choice, encourage the
13	introduction of new telecommunications service, encourage
14	technological innovation, and encourage investment in
15	telecommunications infrastructure. The Legislature further
16	finds that the transition from the monopoly provision of local
17	exchange service to the competitive provision thereof will
18	require appropriate regulatory oversight to protect consumers
19	and provide for the development of fair and effective
20	competition, but nothing in this chapter shall limit the
21	availability to any party of any remedy under state or federal
22	antitrust laws. The Legislature further finds that changes in
23	regulations allowing increased competition in
24	telecommunications services could provide the occasion for
25	increases in the telecommunications workforce; therefore, it
26	is in the public interest that competition in
27	telecommunications services lead to a situation that enhances
28	the high technological skills and the economic status of the
29	telecommunications workforce. The Legislature further finds
30	that the provision of voice over Internet protocol (VOIP) free
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1 of unnecessary regulation, regardless of the provider, is 2 the public interest. (4) The commission shall exercise its exclusive 3 4 jurisdiction in order to: 5 (a) Protect the public health, safety, and welfare by б ensuring that basic local telecommunications services, such as 7 dial-tone service, access to 911, local calling, and access to 8 a long-distance network, are available to all consumers in the state at reasonable and affordable prices. 9 10 (b) Encourage competition through flexible regulatory treatment among providers of telecommunications services in 11 12 order to ensure the availability of the widest possible range 13 of consumer choice in the provision of all telecommunications services. 14 (c) Protect the public health, safety, and welfare by 15 ensuring that monopoly services provided by telecommunications 16 17 companies continue to be subject to effective price, rate, and 18 service regulation. (d) Promote competition by encouraging innovation and 19 investment in new entrants into telecommunications markets and 20 21 by allowing a transitional period in which new and emerging 22 technologies entrants are subject to a reduced lesser level of 23 regulatory oversight than local exchange telecommunications 2.4 companies. (e) Encourage all providers of telecommunications 25 services to introduce new or experimental telecommunications 26 27 services free of unnecessary regulatory restraints. 2.8 (f) Eliminate any rules or and/or regulations which 29 will delay or impair the transition to competition. 30 31

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1 (q) Ensure that all providers of telecommunications 2 services are treated fairly, by preventing anticompetitive behavior and eliminating unnecessary regulatory restraint. 3 4 (h) Recognize the continuing emergence of a competitive telecommunications environment through the 5 б flexible regulatory treatment of competitive 7 telecommunications services, where appropriate, if doing so does not reduce the availability of adequate basic local 8 telecommunications service to all citizens of the state at 9 10 reasonable and affordable prices, if competitive telecommunications services are not subsidized by monopoly 11 12 telecommunications services, and if all monopoly services are 13 available to all competitors on a nondiscriminatory basis. (i) Continue its historical role as a surrogate for 14 competition for monopoly services provided by local exchange 15 telecommunications companies. 16 17 Section 2. Section 364.011, Florida Statutes, is 18 created to read: 364.011 Exemptions from commission jurisdiction. -- The 19 following services are exempt from oversight by the 20 21 commission, except to the extent delineated in this chapter or 2.2 specifically authorized by federal law: 23 (1) Nonbasic telephone services. (2) Broadband services, regardless of the provider or 2.4 the platform, including, but not limited to, cable modem 25 service, digital subscriber line service, wireless broadband, 26 27 or satellite. 2.8 (3) VoIP. (4) Wireless telecommunications. 29 30 Section 3. Section 364.012, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 31

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1 364.012 Consistency with federal law.--2 (1) The commission shall promote and maintain consistency with federal law and policies. 3 4 (2) In order to promote commission coordination with 5 federal policymakers and regulatory agencies, the commission 6 shall maintain continuous liaisons with appropriate federal 7 agencies whose policy decisions and rulemaking authority 8 affect those telecommunications companies over which the commission has jurisdiction. The commission is encouraged to 9 10 participate in the proceedings of federal agencies in cases in which the state's consumers may be affected and to convey the 11 12 commission's policy positions and information requirements in 13 order to achieve greater efficiency in regulation. (3) This chapter does not limit or modify the duties 14 of a local exchange carrier to provide unbundled access to 15 network elements or the commission's authority to arbitrate 16 17 and enforce interconnection agreements to the extent that 18 those elements are required under 47 U.S.C. ss. 251 and 252, and under any regulations issued by the Federal Communications 19 20 Commission at rates determined in accordance with the 21 standards established by the Federal Communications Commission pursuant to 47 C.F.R. ss. 51.503-51.513, inclusive of any 2.2 23 successor regulation or successor forbearance of regulation. Section 4. Section 364.013, Florida Statutes, is 2.4 created to read: 25 364.013 Emerging and advanced services.--Broadband 26 service shall remain free of state and local regulation, 27 2.8 regardless of the provider or the platform, including, but not limited to, cable modem service, digital subscriber line, 29 wireless, and satellite. In addition, the provision of 30 voice-over-Internet protocol (VoIP) shall be free of 31

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1 regulation, except as delineated in this chapter or as 2 specifically authorized by federal law, regardless of the platform or the provider. 3 4 Section 5. Section 364.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 5 б 364.02 Definitions.--As used in this chapter: 7 (1) "Basic local telecommunications service" means 8 voice-grade, flat-rate residential, and flat-rate single-line business local exchange services which provide dial tone, 9 local usage necessary to place unlimited calls within a local 10 exchange area, dual tone multifrequency dialing, and access to 11 12 the following: emergency services such as "911," all locally 13 available interexchange companies, directory assistance, operator services, relay services, and an alphabetical 14 directory listing. For a local exchange telecommunications 15 16 company, such term shall include any extended area service 17 routes, and extended calling service in existence or ordered 18 by the commission on or before July 1, 1995. (2) "Broadband service" means any service that 19 consists of or includes the offering of a capability to 2.0 21 transmit or receive information at a rate of no fewer than 200 22 kilobits per second and: 23 (a) Is used to provide access to the Internet; or 2.4 (b) Provides access to computer processing, information storage, information content, or protocol 25 conversion. 26 27 (3)(2) "Commercial mobile radio service provider" 2.8 means a commercial mobile radio service provider as defined by and pursuant to 47 U.S.C. ss. 153(n) and 332(d). 29 30 (4)(3) "Commission" means the Florida Public Service Commission. 31

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1 (5)(4) "Competitive local exchange telecommunications 2 company" means any company certificated by the commission to provide local exchange telecommunications services in this 3 state on or after July 1, 1995. 4 (6)(5) "Corporation" includes a corporation, company, 5 б association, or joint stock association. 7 (7)(6) "Intrastate interexchange telecommunications 8 company" means any entity that provides intrastate interexchange telecommunications services. 9 10 (8)(7) "Local exchange telecommunications company" means any company certificated by the commission to provide 11 12 local exchange telecommunications service in this state on or 13 before June 30, 1995. (9)(8) "Monopoly service" means a telecommunications 14 service for which there is no effective competition, either in 15 fact or by operation of law. 16 17 (10)(9) "Nonbasic service" means any 18 telecommunications service provided by a local exchange telecommunications company other than a basic local 19 telecommunications service, a local interconnection 20 21 arrangement described in s. 364.16, or a network access 22 service described in s. 364.163. 23 (11)(10) "Operator service" includes, but is not limited to, billing or completion of third-party, 2.4 person-to-person, collect, or calling card or credit card 25 26 calls through the use of a live operator or automated 27 equipment. 2.8 (12)(11) "Operator service provider" means a person 29 who furnishes operator service through a call aggregator. 30 (13) (12) "Service" is to be construed in its broadest and most inclusive sense. The term "service" does not include 31 8

1 broadband service or voice-over-Internet protocol service for 2 purposes of regulation by the commission. Nothing herein shall affect the rights and obligations of any entity related to the 3 payment of switched network access rates or other intercarrier 4 5 compensation, if any, related to voice-over-Internet protocol 6 service. 7 (14)(13) "Telecommunications company" includes every 8 corporation, partnership, and person and their lessees, 9 trustees, or receivers appointed by any court whatsoever, and 10 every political subdivision in the state, offering two-way telecommunications service to the public for hire within this 11 12 state by the use of a telecommunications facility. The term 13 "telecommunications company" does not include: (a) An entity which provides a telecommunications 14 facility exclusively to a certificated telecommunications 15 16 company; 17 (b) An entity which provides a telecommunications 18 facility exclusively to a company which is excluded from the definition of a telecommunications company under this 19 subsection; 20 21 (c) A commercial mobile radio service provider; 22 (d) A facsimile transmission service; 23 (e) A private computer data network company not offering service to the public for hire; 24 (f) A cable television company providing cable service 25 as defined in 47 U.S.C. s. 522; or 26 27 (q) An intrastate interexchange telecommunications 28 company. 29 However, each commercial mobile radio service provider and 30 each intrastate interexchange telecommunications company shall 31 9

1	continue to be liable for any taxes imposed pursuant to
2	chapters 202, 203 and 212 and any fees assessed pursuant to
3	ss. 364.025 and 364.336. Each intrastate interexchange
4	telecommunications company shall continue to be subject to ss.
5	364.04, 364.10(3)(a) and (d), 364.163, 364.285, 364.501,
6	364.603, and 364.604, shall provide the commission with such
7	current information as the commission deems necessary to
8	contact and communicate with the company, shall continue to
9	pay intrastate switched network access rates or other
10	intercarrier compensation to the local exchange
11	telecommunications company or the competitive local exchange
12	telecommunications company for the origination and termination
13	of interexchange telecommunications service, and shall reduce
14	its intrastate long distance toll rates in accordance with s.
15	364.163(2).
16	(15)(14) "Telecommunications facility" includes real
17	estate, easements, apparatus, property, and routes used and
18	operated to provide two-way telecommunications service to the
19	public for hire within this state.
20	(16) "VoIP" means the voice-over-Internet protocol as
21	that term is defined in federal law.
22	Section 6. Section 364.0361, Florida Statutes, is
23	amended to read:
24	364.0361 Local government authority; nondiscriminatory
25	exerciseA local government shall treat each
26	telecommunications company in a nondiscriminatory manner when
27	exercising its authority to grant franchises to a
28	telecommunications company or to otherwise establish
29	conditions or compensation for the use of rights-of-way or
30	other public property by a telecommunications company. A local
31	government may not directly or indirectly regulate the terms
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1 and conditions, including, but not limited to, the operating 2 systems, qualifications, services, service quality, service territory, and prices, applicable to or in connection with the 3 provision of any voice-over-Internet protocol, broadband or 4 other advanced telecommunications or information service, 5 6 regardless of the platform or the provider. This section does 7 not relieve a provider from any obligations under s. 166.046 8 or s. 337.401. Section 7. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 9 364.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 10 364.10 Undue advantage to person or locality 11 12 prohibited; Lifeline service.--13 (3)(a) Effective September 1, 2003, any local exchange telecommunications company authorized by the commission to 14 reduce its switched network access rate pursuant to s. 364.164 15 shall have tariffed and shall provide Lifeline service to any 16 17 otherwise eligible customer or potential customer who meets an income eligibility test at 135 125 percent or less of the 18 federal poverty income guidelines for Lifeline customers. Such 19 a test for eligibility must augment, rather than replace, the 20 21 eligibility standards established by federal law and based on 22 participation in certain low-income assistance programs. Each 23 intrastate interexchange telecommunications company shall, effective September 1, 2003, file a tariff providing at a 2.4 minimum the intrastate interexchange telecommunications 25 carrier's current Lifeline benefits and exemptions to Lifeline 26 27 customers who meet the income eligibility test set forth in 2.8 this subsection. The Office of Public Counsel shall certify and maintain claims submitted by a customer for eligibility 29 30 under the income test authorized by this subsection. 31

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1 Section 8. Section 364.502, Florida Statutes, is 2 repealed. 3 Section 9. Subsection (6) of section 196.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 4 5 196.012 Definitions.--For the purpose of this chapter, б the following terms are defined as follows, except where the 7 context clearly indicates otherwise: 8 (6) Governmental, municipal, or public purpose or function shall be deemed to be served or performed when the 9 lessee under any leasehold interest created in property of the 10 United States, the state or any of its political subdivisions, 11 12 or any municipality, agency, special district, authority, or 13 other public body corporate of the state is demonstrated to perform a function or serve a governmental purpose which could 14 properly be performed or served by an appropriate governmental 15 unit or which is demonstrated to perform a function or serve a 16 17 purpose which would otherwise be a valid subject for the 18 allocation of public funds. For purposes of the preceding sentence, an activity undertaken by a lessee which is 19 permitted under the terms of its lease of real property 20 21 designated as an aviation area on an airport layout plan which 22 has been approved by the Federal Aviation Administration and 23 which real property is used for the administration, operation, business offices and activities related specifically thereto 2.4 in connection with the conduct of an aircraft full service 25 26 fixed base operation which provides goods and services to the 27 general aviation public in the promotion of air commerce shall 2.8 be deemed an activity which serves a governmental, municipal, 29 or public purpose or function. Any activity undertaken by a lessee which is permitted under the terms of its lease of real 30 property designated as a public airport as defined in s. 31

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1 332.004(14) by municipalities, agencies, special districts, 2 authorities, or other public bodies corporate and public bodies politic of the state, a spaceport as defined in s. 3 331.303(19), or which is located in a deepwater port 4 5 identified in s. 403.021(9)(b) and owned by one of the 6 foregoing governmental units, subject to a leasehold or other 7 possessory interest of a nongovernmental lessee that is deemed 8 to perform an aviation, airport, aerospace, maritime, or port purpose or operation shall be deemed an activity that serves a 9 governmental, municipal, or public purpose. The use by a 10 lessee, licensee, or management company of real property or a 11 12 portion thereof as a convention center, visitor center, sports 13 facility with permanent seating, concert hall, arena, stadium, park, or beach is deemed a use that serves a governmental, 14 municipal, or public purpose or function when access to the 15 property is open to the general public with or without a 16 17 charge for admission. If property deeded to a municipality by 18 the United States is subject to a requirement that the Federal Government, through a schedule established by the Secretary of 19 the Interior, determine that the property is being maintained 20 21 for public historic preservation, park, or recreational 22 purposes and if those conditions are not met the property will 23 revert back to the Federal Government, then such property shall be deemed to serve a municipal or public purpose. The 2.4 term "governmental purpose" also includes a direct use of 25 26 property on federal lands in connection with the Federal 27 Government's Space Exploration Program or spaceport activities 2.8 as defined in s. 212.02(22). Real property and tangible 29 personal property owned by the Federal Government or the Florida Space Authority and used for defense and space 30 exploration purposes or which is put to a use in support 31

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1 thereof shall be deemed to perform an essential national 2 governmental purpose and shall be exempt. "Owned by the lessee" as used in this chapter does not include personal 3 property, buildings, or other real property improvements used 4 for the administration, operation, business offices and 5 б activities related specifically thereto in connection with the 7 conduct of an aircraft full service fixed based operation 8 which provides goods and services to the general aviation 9 public in the promotion of air commerce provided that the real property is designated as an aviation area on an airport 10 layout plan approved by the Federal Aviation Administration. 11 12 For purposes of determination of "ownership," buildings and 13 other real property improvements which will revert to the airport authority or other governmental unit upon expiration 14 of the term of the lease shall be deemed "owned" by the 15 governmental unit and not the lessee. Providing two-way 16 17 telecommunications services to the public for hire by the use 18 of a telecommunications facility, as defined in <u>s. 364.02(15)</u> s.364.02(14), and for which a certificate is required under 19 chapter 364 does not constitute an exempt use for purposes of 20 21 s. 196.199, unless the telecommunications services are 22 provided by the operator of a public-use airport, as defined 23 in s. 332.004, for the operator's provision of telecommunications services for the airport or its tenants, 2.4 25 concessionaires, or licensees, or unless the 26 telecommunications services are provided by a public hospital. 27 However, property that is being used to provide such 2.8 telecommunications services on or before October 1, 1997, 29 shall remain exempt, but such exemption expires October 1, 2004. 30 31

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1 Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 199.183, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2 3 199.183 Taxpayers exempt from annual and nonrecurring 4 taxes.--5 Intangible personal property owned by this state (1)6 or any of its political subdivisions or municipalities shall 7 be exempt from taxation under this chapter. This exemption 8 does not apply to: (b) Property related to the provision of two-way 9 telecommunications services to the public for hire by the use 10 of a telecommunications facility, as defined in <u>s. 364.02(15)</u> 11 12 s. 364.02(14), and for which a certificate is required under 13 chapter 364, when such service is provided by any county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the state. Any 14 immunity of any political subdivision of the state or other 15 entity of local government from taxation of the property used 16 17 to provide telecommunication services that is taxed as a 18 result of this paragraph is hereby waived. However, intangible personal property related to the provision of such 19 telecommunications services provided by the operator of a 20 21 public-use airport, as defined in s. 332.004, for the 22 operator's provision of telecommunications services for the 23 airport or its tenants, concessionaires, or licensees, and intangible personal property related to the provision of such 2.4 telecommunications services provided by a public hospital, are 25 exempt from taxation under this chapter. 26 27 Section 11. Subsection (6) of section 212.08, Florida 2.8 Statutes, is amended to read: 212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, 29 and storage tax; specified exemptions. -- The sale at retail, 30 the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and 31 15

1 the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the 2 following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed 3 by this chapter. (6) EXEMPTIONS; POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS.--There are 4 also exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter sales made to 5 б the United States Government, a state, or any county, 7 municipality, or political subdivision of a state when payment 8 is made directly to the dealer by the governmental entity. 9 This exemption shall not inure to any transaction otherwise taxable under this chapter when payment is made by a 10 government employee by any means, including, but not limited 11 12 to, cash, check, or credit card when that employee is 13 subsequently reimbursed by the governmental entity. This exemption does not include sales of tangible personal property 14 made to contractors employed either directly or as agents of 15 any such government or political subdivision thereof when such 16 17 tangible personal property goes into or becomes a part of public works owned by such government or political 18 subdivision. A determination whether a particular transaction 19 is properly characterized as an exempt sale to a government 20 21 entity or a taxable sale to a contractor shall be based on the 22 substance of the transaction rather than the form in which the 23 transaction is cast. The department shall adopt rules that give special consideration to factors that govern the status 2.4 of the tangible personal property before its affixation to 25 26 real property. In developing these rules, assumption of the 27 risk of damage or loss is of paramount consideration in the 2.8 determination. This exemption does not include sales, rental, use, consumption, or storage for use in any political 29 subdivision or municipality in this state of machines and 30 equipment and parts and accessories therefor used in the 31

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generation, transmission, or distribution of electrical energy 1 2 by systems owned and operated by a political subdivision in this state for transmission or distribution expansion. 3 Likewise exempt are charges for services rendered by radio and 4 television stations, including line charges, talent fees, or 5 6 license fees and charges for films, videotapes, and 7 transcriptions used in producing radio or television 8 broadcasts. The exemption provided in this subsection does not include sales, rental, use, consumption, or storage for use in 9 any political subdivision or municipality in this state of 10 machines and equipment and parts and accessories therefor used 11 12 in providing two-way telecommunications services to the public 13 for hire by the use of a telecommunications facility, as defined in <u>s. 364.02(15)</u> <del>s. 364.02(14)</del>, and for which a 14 certificate is required under chapter 364, which facility is 15 16 owned and operated by any county, municipality, or other 17 political subdivision of the state. Any immunity of any political subdivision of the state or other entity of local 18 government from taxation of the property used to provide 19 telecommunication services that is taxed as a result of this 20 21 section is hereby waived. However, the exemption provided in 22 this subsection includes transactions taxable under this 23 chapter which are for use by the operator of a public-use airport, as defined in s. 332.004, in providing such 2.4 telecommunications services for the airport or its tenants, 25 26 concessionaires, or licensees, or which are for use by a 27 public hospital for the provision of such telecommunications 2.8 services. Section 12. Subsection (8) of section 290.007, Florida 29 30 Statutes, is amended to read: 31

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1	290.007 State incentives available in enterprise
2	zonesThe following incentives are provided by the state to
3	encourage the revitalization of enterprise zones:
4	(8) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the
5	Public Service Commission may allow public utilities and
6	telecommunications companies to grant discounts of up to 50
7	percent on tariffed rates for services to small businesses
8	located in an enterprise zone designated pursuant to s.
9	290.0065. Such discounts may be granted for a period not to
10	exceed 5 years. For purposes of this subsection, the term
11	"public utility" has the same meaning as in s. 366.02(1) and
12	the term "telecommunications company" has the same meaning as
13	in <u>s. 364.02(14)</u> <del>s. 364.02(13)</del> .
14	Section 13. Subsection (3) of section 350.0605,
15	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
16	350.0605 Former commissioners and employees;
17	representation of clients before commission
18	(3) For a period of 2 years following termination of
19	service on the commission, a former member may not accept
20	employment by or compensation from a business entity which,
21	directly or indirectly, owns or controls a public utility
22	regulated by the commission, from a public utility regulated
23	by the commission, from a business entity which, directly or
24	indirectly, is an affiliate or subsidiary of a public utility
25	regulated by the commission or is an actual business
26	competitor of a local exchange company or public utility
27	regulated by the commission and is otherwise exempt from
28	regulation by the commission under ss. $364.02(14)$ $364.02(13)$
29	and 366.02(1), or from a business entity or trade association
30	that has been a party to a commission proceeding within the 2
31	years preceding the member's termination of service on the

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1 commission. This subsection applies only to members of the 2 Florida Public Service Commission who are appointed or reappointed after May 10, 1993. 3 Section 14. Subsection (4) of section 364.602, Florida 4 Statutes, is amended to read: 5 6 364.602 Definitions.--For purposes of this part: 7 (4) "Originating party" means any person, firm, 8 corporation, or other entity, including a telecommunications company or a billing clearinghouse, that provides any 9 10 telecommunications service or information service to a customer or bills a customer through a billing party, except 11 12 the term "originating party" does not include any entity 13 specifically exempted from the definition of "telecommunications company" as provided in <u>s. 364.02(14)</u> <del>s.</del> 14 364.02(13). 15 Section 15. Subsection (5) of section 489.103, Florida 16 17 Statutes, is amended to read: 489.103 Exemptions. -- This part does not apply to: 18 (5) Public utilities, including special gas districts 19 as defined in chapter 189, telecommunications companies as 20 21 defined in <u>s. 364.02(14)</u> <del>s. 364.02(13)</del> and natural gas 22 transmission companies as defined in s. 368.103(4), on 23 construction, maintenance, and development work performed by their employees, which work, including, but not limited to, 2.4 25 work on bridges, roads, streets, highways, or railroads, is incidental to their business. The board shall define, by rule, 26 27 the term "incidental to their business" for purposes of this 28 subsection. Section 16. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005. 29 30 31

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\*\*\*\*\* SENATE SUMMARY Requires that broadband and certain other telecommunications services be provided free of regulation, except as otherwise provided in ch. 364, F.S. Requires that the Florida Public Service Commission maintain liaisons with federal agencies. Prohibits a local government from regulating voice-over-Internet

protocol or other advanced telecommunications, regardless of the platform or provider. Revises the income threshold for eligibility for Lifeline service. Repeals provisions governing video programming services. (See bill for details.)

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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