Florida Senate - 2005

By the Committees on Government Efficiency Appropriations; Commerce and Consumer Services; Communications and Public Utilities; and Senators Constantine and Clary

| | 593-2340-05 |
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| 1 | A bill to be entitled |
| 2 | An act relating to telecommunications; amending |
| 3 | s. 364.01, F.S.; specifying the exclusive |
| 4 | jurisdiction of the Florida Public Service |
| 5 | Commission to regulate telecommunications |
| 6 | companies; providing that state laws governing |
| 7 | business and consumer protection be applied to |
| 8 | communications activities that are not |
| 9 | regulated by the commission; revising |
| 10 | provisions governing the exclusive jurisdiction |
| 11 | of the commission; creating s. 364.011, F.S.; |
| 12 | specifying certain services that are exempt |
| 13 | from oversight by the commission; creating s. |
| 14 | 364.012, F.S.; requiring the commission to |
| 15 | coordinate with federal agencies; providing |
| 16 | that ch. 364, F.S., does not limit or modify |
| 17 | certain duties of a local exchange carrier; |
| 18 | creating s. 364.013, F.S.; requiring that |
| 19 | broadband service remain free of state and |
| 20 | local regulation; requiring that |
| 21 | voice-over-Internet protocol remain free of |
| 22 | regulation, except as specifically provided in |
| 23 | ch. 364, F.S., or by federal law; amending s. |
| 24 | 364.02, F.S.; defining the terms "broadband |
| 25 | service" and "VoIP"; redefining the term |
| 26 | "service"; amending s. 364.0361, F.S.; |
| 27 | prohibiting a local government from regulating |
| 28 | voice-over-Internet protocol regardless of the |
| 29 | platform or provider; amending s. 364.10, F.S.; |
| 30 | revising the income threshold for eligibility |
| 31 | for Lifeline service; repealing s. 364.502, |
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| 1 | F.S., relating to video programming services; |
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| 2 | amending s. 364.335, F.S.; increasing to \$500 |
| 3 | from \$250 the maximum allowable filing fee for |
| 4 | certification of telecommunications carriers; |
| 5 | amending s. 364.336, F.S.; authorizing the |
| 6 | Public Service Commission to establish a |
| 7 | minimum fee of up to \$1,000; authorizing |
| 8 | different fees for different types of services |
| 9 | provided by telecommunications companies; |
| 10 | amending ss. 196.012, 199.183, 212.08, 290.007, |
| 11 | 350.0605, 364.602, and 489.103, F.S.; |
| 12 | conforming cross-references; providing |
| 13 | clarification of rights of local governments |
| 14 | and duties of cable service providers to comply |
| 15 | with certain laws and regulations; amending s. |
| 16 | 364.051, F.S.; providing that damage to the |
| 17 | equipment and facilities of a local exchange |
| 18 | telecommunications as a result of a named |
| 19 | tropical system constitutes a compelling |
| 20 | showing of changed circumstances to justify a |
| 21 | rate increase; allowing such companies to |
| 22 | petition for recovery of such costs and |
| 23 | expenses; requiring the Public Service |
| 24 | Commission to verify the intrastate costs and |
| 25 | expenses for repairing, restoring, or replacing |
| 26 | damaged lines, plants, or facilities; requiring |
| 27 | the commission to determine whether the |
| 28 | intrastate costs and expenses are reasonable; |
| 29 | requiring a company to exhaust any |
| 30 | storm-reserve funds prior to recovery from |
| 31 | customers; providing that the commission may |
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1 authorize adding an equal line-item charge per 2 access line for certain customers; providing for a rate cap and providing the maximum number 3 4 of months the rate may be imposed; providing a 5 12-month limit for the application; allowing б recovery for more than one storm within the 7 limit; providing an effective date. 8 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 9 10 Section 1. Section 364.01, Florida Statutes, is 11 12 amended to read: 13 364.01 Powers of commission, legislative intent.--(1) The Florida Public Service Commission shall 14 exercise over and in relation to telecommunications companies 15 the powers conferred by this chapter. 16 17 (2) It is the legislative intent to give exclusive 18 jurisdiction in all matters set forth in this chapter to the Florida Public Service Commission in regulating 19 telecommunications companies, and such preemption shall 20 21 supersede any local or special act or municipal charter where 22 any conflict of authority may exist. However, the provisions 23 of this chapter shall not affect the authority and powers granted in s. 166.231(9) or s. 337.401. 2.4 25 (3) Communications activities that are not regulated by the Florida Public Service Commission, including, but not 26 27 limited to, VoIP, wireless, and broadband, are subject to this 2.8 state's generally applicable business regulation and deceptive trade practices and consumer protection laws, as enforced by 29 the appropriate state authority or through actions in the 30 judicial system. This chapter does not limit the availability 31

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1 to any party of any remedy or defense under state or federal 2 antitrust laws. The Legislature finds that the competitive provision of telecommunications services, including local 3 exchange telecommunications service, is in the public interest 4 5 and will provide customers with freedom of choice, encourage 6 the introduction of new telecommunications service, encourage 7 technological innovation, and encourage investment in 8 telecommunications infrastructure. The Legislature further 9 finds that the transition from the monopoly provision of local exchange service to the competitive provision thereof will 10 require appropriate regulatory oversight to protect consumers 11 12 and provide for the development of fair and effective 13 competition, but nothing in this chapter shall limit the availability to any party of any remedy under state or federal 14 antitrust laws. The Legislature further finds that changes in 15 regulations allowing increased competition in 16 17 telecommunications services could provide the occasion for 18 increases in the telecommunications workforce; therefore, it is in the public interest that competition in 19 telecommunications services lead to a situation that enhances 20 21 the high-technological skills and the economic status of the 22 telecommunications workforce. The Legislature further finds 23 that the provision of voice-over-Internet protocol (VOIP) free of unnecessary regulation, regardless of the provider, is in 2.4 25 the public interest. (4) The commission shall exercise its exclusive 26 27 jurisdiction in order to: 2.8 (a) Protect the public health, safety, and welfare by 29 ensuring that basic local telecommunications services are available to all consumers in the state at reasonable and 30 affordable prices. 31

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1 (b) Encourage competition through flexible regulatory 2 treatment among providers of telecommunications services in order to ensure the availability of the widest possible range 3 of consumer choice in the provision of all telecommunications 4 5 services. 6 (c) Protect the public health, safety, and welfare by 7 ensuring that monopoly services provided by telecommunications 8 companies continue to be subject to effective price, rate, and 9 service regulation. 10 (d) Promote competition by encouraging innovation and investment in new entrants into telecommunications markets and 11 12 by allowing a transitional period in which new and emerging 13 technologies entrants are subject to a reduced lesser level of regulatory oversight than local exchange telecommunications 14 15 companies. (e) Encourage all providers of telecommunications 16 17 services to introduce new or experimental telecommunications 18 services free of unnecessary regulatory restraints. (f) Eliminate any rules or and/or regulations which 19 will delay or impair the transition to competition. 20 21 (g) Ensure that all providers of telecommunications 22 services are treated fairly, by preventing anticompetitive 23 behavior and eliminating unnecessary regulatory restraint. (h) Recognize the continuing emergence of a 2.4 competitive telecommunications environment through the 25 flexible regulatory treatment of competitive 26 27 telecommunications services, where appropriate, if doing so 2.8 does not reduce the availability of adequate basic local telecommunications service to all citizens of the state at 29

30 reasonable and affordable prices, if competitive

31 telecommunications services are not subsidized by monopoly

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1 telecommunications services, and if all monopoly services are 2 available to all competitors on a nondiscriminatory basis. (i) Continue its historical role as a surrogate for 3 4 competition for monopoly services provided by local exchange telecommunications companies. 5 б Section 2. Section 364.011, Florida Statutes, is 7 created to read: 364.011 Exemptions from commission jurisdiction. -- The 8 9 following services are exempt from oversight by the 10 commission, except to the extent delineated in this chapter or specifically authorized by federal law: 11 12 (1) Intrastate interexchange telecommunications 13 services. (2) Broadband services, regardless of the provider, 14 15 platform, or protocol. 16 (3) VOIP. 17 (4) Wireless telecommunications, including commercial 18 mobile radio service providers. Section 3. Section 364.012, Florida Statutes, is 19 created to read: 20 21 364.012 Consistency with federal law.--22 (1) In order to promote commission coordination with 23 federal policymakers and regulatory agencies, the commission shall maintain continuous liaisons with appropriate federal 2.4 agencies whose policy decisions and rulemaking authority 25 affect those telecommunications companies over which the 26 commission has jurisdiction. The commission is encouraged to 27 2.8 participate in the proceedings of federal agencies in cases in which the state's consumers may be affected and to convey the 29 commission's policy positions and information requirements in 30 order to achieve greater efficiency in regulation. 31

1 (2) This chapter does not limit or modify the duties 2 of a local exchange carrier to provide unbundled access to network elements or the commission's authority to arbitrate 3 and enforce interconnection agreements to the extent that 4 those elements are required under 47 U.S.C. ss. 251 and 252, 5 6 and under any regulations issued by the Federal Communications 7 Commission at rates determined in accordance with the 8 standards established by the Federal Communications Commission pursuant to 47 C.F.R. ss. 51.503-51.513, inclusive of any 9 successor regulation or successor forbearance of regulation. 10 Section 4. Section 364.013, Florida Statutes, is 11 12 created to read: 13 364.013 Emerging and advanced services.--Broadband service and the provision of voice-over-Internet-protocol 14 (VOIP) shall be free of state regulation, except as delineated 15 in this chapter or as specifically authorized by federal law, 16 17 regardless of the provider, platform, or protocol. 18 Section 5. Section 364.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 19 364.02 Definitions.--As used in this chapter: 20 21 (1) "Basic local telecommunications service" means 22 voice-grade, flat-rate residential, and flat-rate single-line 23 business local exchange services which provide dial tone, local usage necessary to place unlimited calls within a local 2.4 25 exchange area, dual tone multifrequency dialing, and access to 26 the following: emergency services such as "911," all locally 27 available interexchange companies, directory assistance, 2.8 operator services, relay services, and an alphabetical 29 directory listing. For a local exchange telecommunications company, the such term shall include any extended area service 30 31

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1 routes, and extended calling service in existence or ordered by the commission on or before July 1, 1995. 2 (2) "Broadband service" means any service that 3 4 consists of or includes the offering of the capability to 5 transmit or receive information at a rate that is not less 6 than 200 kilobits per second and either: 7 (a) Is used to provide access to the Internet; or 8 (b) Provides computer processing, information storage, information content, or protocol conversion in combination 9 10 with the service. 11 12 The definition of broadband service does not include any 13 intrastate telecommunications services that have been tariffed with the commission on or before January 1, 2005. 14 (3)(2) "Commercial mobile radio service provider" 15 16 means a commercial mobile radio service provider as defined by 17 and pursuant to 47 U.S.C. ss. 153(n) and 332(d). 18 (4)(3) "Commission" means the Florida Public Service Commission. 19 (5)(4) "Competitive local exchange telecommunications 20 21 company" means any company certificated by the commission to 2.2 provide local exchange telecommunications services in this 23 state on or after July 1, 1995. (6)(5) "Corporation" includes a corporation, company, 2.4 25 association, or joint stock association. (7)(6) "Intrastate interexchange telecommunications 26 27 company" means any entity that provides intrastate 2.8 interexchange telecommunications services. 29 (8)(7) "Local exchange telecommunications company" means any company certificated by the commission to provide 30 31

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local exchange telecommunications service in this state on or before June 30, 1995. (9)(8) "Monopoly service" means a telecommunications service for which there is no effective competition, either in fact or by operation of law. (10) (9) "Nonbasic service" means any telecommunications service provided by a local exchange telecommunications company other than a basic local telecommunications service, a local interconnection arrangement described in s. 364.16, or a network access service described in s. 364.163. (11)(10) "Operator service" includes, but is not limited to, billing or completion of third-party, person-to-person, collect, or calling card or credit card calls through the use of a live operator or automated equipment. (12)(11) "Operator service provider" means a person who furnishes operator service through a call aggregator. (13)(12) "Service" is to be construed in its broadest and most inclusive sense. The term "service" does not include broadband service or voice-over-Internet protocol service for purposes of regulation by the commission. Nothing herein shall affect the rights and obligations of any entity related to the payment of switched network access rates or other intercarrier compensation, if any, related to voice-over-Internet protocol service. Notwithstanding s. 364.013, and the exemption of services pursuant to this subsection, the commission may arbitrate, enforce, or approve interconnection agreements, and resolve disputes as provided by 47 U.S.C. ss. 251 and 252, or

30 any other applicable federal law or regulation. With respect

31 to the services exempted in this subsection, regardless of the

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1 technology, the duties of a local exchange telecommunications 2 company are only those that the company is obligated to extend or provide under applicable federal law and regulations. 3 4 (14)(13) "Telecommunications company" includes every corporation, partnership, and person and their lessees, 5 б trustees, or receivers appointed by any court whatsoever, and 7 every political subdivision in the state, offering two-way 8 telecommunications service to the public for hire within this state by the use of a telecommunications facility. The term 9 10 "telecommunications company" does not include: (a) An entity which provides a telecommunications 11 12 facility exclusively to a certificated telecommunications 13 company; (b) An entity which provides a telecommunications 14 facility exclusively to a company which is excluded from the 15 definition of a telecommunications company under this 16 17 subsection; (c) A commercial mobile radio service provider; 18 (d) A facsimile transmission service; 19 20 (e) A private computer data network company not 21 offering service to the public for hire; 22 (f) A cable television company providing cable service 23 as defined in 47 U.S.C. s. 522; or (g) An intrastate interexchange telecommunications 2.4 25 company. 26 27 However, each commercial mobile radio service provider and 2.8 each intrastate interexchange telecommunications company shall 29 continue to be liable for any taxes imposed under pursuant to chapters 202, 203, and 212 and any fees assessed under 30 pursuant to ss. 364.025 and 364.336. Each intrastate 31

1 interexchange telecommunications company shall continue to be 2 subject to ss. 364.04, 364.10(3)(a) and (d), 364.163, 364.285, 364.501, 364.603, and 364.604, shall provide the commission 3 with such current information as the commission deems 4 necessary to contact and communicate with the company, shall 5 6 continue to pay intrastate switched network access rates or 7 other intercarrier compensation to the local exchange 8 telecommunications company or the competitive local exchange 9 telecommunications company for the origination and termination of interexchange telecommunications service, and shall reduce 10 its intrastate long distance toll rates in accordance with s. 11 12 364.163(2). 13 (15)(14) "Telecommunications facility" includes real estate, easements, apparatus, property, and routes used and 14 operated to provide two-way telecommunications service to the 15 16 public for hire within this state. 17 (16) "VoIP" means the voice-over-Internet protocol as 18 that term is defined in federal law. Section 6. Section 364.0361, Florida Statutes, is 19 amended to read: 20 21 364.0361 Local government authority; nondiscriminatory 22 exercise.--A local government shall treat each 23 telecommunications company in a nondiscriminatory manner when exercising its authority to grant franchises to a 2.4 25 telecommunications company or to otherwise establish 26 conditions or compensation for the use of rights-of-way or 27 other public property by a telecommunications company. A local 2.8 government may not directly or indirectly regulate the terms and conditions, including, but not limited to, the operating 29 systems, qualifications, services, service quality, service 30 territory, and prices, applicable to or in connection with the 31

11

 Florida Senate - 2005
 CS for CS for SB 2068

 593-2340-05

1 provision of any voice-over-Internet protocol, regardless of 2 the platform, provider, or protocol, broadband or information service. This section does not relieve a provider from any 3 obligations under s. 166.046 or s. 337.401. 4 Section 7. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 5 б 364.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 7 364.10 Undue advantage to person or locality 8 prohibited; Lifeline service.--9 (3)(a) Effective September 1, 2003, any local exchange 10 telecommunications company authorized by the commission to reduce its switched network access rate under pursuant to s. 11 12 364.164 shall have tariffed and shall provide Lifeline service 13 to any otherwise eligible customer or potential customer who meets an income eligibility test at 135 125 percent or less of 14 the federal poverty income guidelines for Lifeline customers. 15 The Such a test for eligibility must augment, rather than 16 17 replace, the eligibility standards established by federal law 18 and based on participation in certain low-income assistance programs. Each intrastate interexchange telecommunications 19 company shall, effective September 1, 2003, file a tariff 20 21 providing at a minimum the intrastate interexchange 22 telecommunications carrier's current Lifeline benefits and 23 exemptions to Lifeline customers who meet the income eligibility test set forth in this subsection. The Office of 2.4 Public Counsel shall certify and maintain claims submitted by 25 26 a customer for eligibility under the income test authorized by 27 this subsection. 2.8 Section 8. Section 364.502, Florida Statutes, is 29 <u>repealed.</u> 30 Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 364.335, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 31

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1 364.335 Application for certificate.--2 (1) Each applicant for a certificate shall: 3 (a) Provide all information required by rule or order of the commission, which may include a detailed inquiry into 4 the ability of the applicant to provide service, a detailed 5 6 inquiry into the territory and facilities involved, and a 7 detailed inquiry into the existence of service from other 8 sources within geographical proximity to the territory applied 9 for. 10 (b) File with the commission schedules showing all rates for service of every kind furnished by it and all rules 11 12 and contracts relating to such service. 13 (c) File the application fee required by the commission in an amount not to exceed $\frac{500}{250}$. Such fees 14 shall be deposited in accordance with s. 350.113. 15 (d) Submit an affidavit that the applicant has caused 16 17 notice of its application to be given to such persons and in such manner as may be prescribed by commission rule. 18 Section 10. Section 364.336, Florida Statutes, is 19 amended to read: 20 21 364.336 Regulatory assessment fees.--Notwithstanding 22 any provisions of law to the contrary, each telecommunications 23 company licensed or operating under this chapter, for any part of the preceding 6-month period, shall pay to the commission, 2.4 within 30 days following the end of each 6-month period, a fee 25 that may not exceed 0.25 percent annually of its gross 26 27 operating revenues derived from intrastate business, except, 2.8 for purposes of this section and the fee specified in s. 29 350.113(3), any amount paid to another telecommunications company for the use of any telecommunications network shall be 30 deducted from the gross operating revenue for purposes of 31

1 computing the fee due. The commission shall by rule assess a 2 minimum fee in an amount up to \$1,000. The minimum amount may vary depending on the type of service provided by the 3 4 telecommunications company, and shall, to the extent practicable, be related to the cost of regulating such type of 5 6 company. Differences, if any, between the amount paid in any 7 6-month period and the amount actually determined by the 8 commission to be due shall, upon motion by the commission, be immediately paid or refunded. Fees under this section may not 9 be less than \$50 annually. Such fees shall be deposited in 10 accordance with s. 350.113. The commission may by rule 11 12 establish criteria for payment of the regulatory assessment 13 fee on an annual basis rather than on a semiannual basis. Section 11. Subsection (6) of section 196.012, Florida 14 Statutes, is amended to read: 15 196.012 Definitions.--For the purpose of this chapter, 16 17 the following terms are defined as follows, except where the 18 context clearly indicates otherwise: (6) Governmental, municipal, or public purpose or 19 function shall be deemed to be served or performed when the 20 21 lessee under any leasehold interest created in property of the 22 United States, the state or any of its political subdivisions, 23 or any municipality, agency, special district, authority, or other public body corporate of the state is demonstrated to 2.4 perform a function or serve a governmental purpose which could 25 26 properly be performed or served by an appropriate governmental 27 unit or which is demonstrated to perform a function or serve a 2.8 purpose which would otherwise be a valid subject for the 29 allocation of public funds. For purposes of the preceding

30 sentence, an activity undertaken by a lessee which is

31 permitted under the terms of its lease of real property

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1 designated as an aviation area on an airport layout plan which 2 has been approved by the Federal Aviation Administration and which real property is used for the administration, operation, 3 business offices and activities related specifically thereto 4 in connection with the conduct of an aircraft full service 5 6 fixed base operation which provides goods and services to the 7 general aviation public in the promotion of air commerce shall 8 be deemed an activity which serves a governmental, municipal, 9 or public purpose or function. Any activity undertaken by a lessee which is permitted under the terms of its lease of real 10 property designated as a public airport as defined in s. 11 12 332.004(14) by municipalities, agencies, special districts, 13 authorities, or other public bodies corporate and public bodies politic of the state, a spaceport as defined in s. 14 331.303(19), or which is located in a deepwater port 15 16 identified in s. 403.021(9)(b) and owned by one of the 17 foregoing governmental units, subject to a leasehold or other 18 possessory interest of a nongovernmental lessee that is deemed to perform an aviation, airport, aerospace, maritime, or port 19 purpose or operation shall be deemed an activity that serves a 20 21 governmental, municipal, or public purpose. The use by a 22 lessee, licensee, or management company of real property or a 23 portion thereof as a convention center, visitor center, sports facility with permanent seating, concert hall, arena, stadium, 2.4 25 park, or beach is deemed a use that serves a governmental, 26 municipal, or public purpose or function when access to the 27 property is open to the general public with or without a 2.8 charge for admission. If property deeded to a municipality by 29 the United States is subject to a requirement that the Federal Government, through a schedule established by the Secretary of 30 the Interior, determine that the property is being maintained 31

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1 for public historic preservation, park, or recreational 2 purposes and if those conditions are not met the property will revert back to the Federal Government, then such property 3 shall be deemed to serve a municipal or public purpose. The 4 term "governmental purpose" also includes a direct use of 5 6 property on federal lands in connection with the Federal 7 Government's Space Exploration Program or spaceport activities 8 as defined in s. 212.02(22). Real property and tangible 9 personal property owned by the Federal Government or the Florida Space Authority and used for defense and space 10 exploration purposes or which is put to a use in support 11 12 thereof shall be deemed to perform an essential national 13 governmental purpose and shall be exempt. "Owned by the lessee" as used in this chapter does not include personal 14 15 property, buildings, or other real property improvements used 16 for the administration, operation, business offices and 17 activities related specifically thereto in connection with the 18 conduct of an aircraft full service fixed based operation which provides goods and services to the general aviation 19 public in the promotion of air commerce provided that the real 20 21 property is designated as an aviation area on an airport 22 layout plan approved by the Federal Aviation Administration. 23 For purposes of determination of "ownership," buildings and other real property improvements which will revert to the 2.4 airport authority or other governmental unit upon expiration 25 of the term of the lease shall be deemed "owned" by the 26 27 governmental unit and not the lessee. Providing two-way 2.8 telecommunications services to the public for hire by the use of a telecommunications facility, as defined in <u>s. 364.02(15)</u> 29 s.364.02(14), and for which a certificate is required under 30 chapter 364 does not constitute an exempt use for purposes of 31

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1 s. 196.199, unless the telecommunications services are 2 provided by the operator of a public-use airport, as defined in s. 332.004, for the operator's provision of 3 telecommunications services for the airport or its tenants, 4 5 concessionaires, or licensees, or unless the 6 telecommunications services are provided by a public hospital. 7 However, property that is being used to provide such 8 telecommunications services on or before October 1, 1997, 9 shall remain exempt, but such exemption expires October 1, 10 2004. Section 12. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 11 12 199.183, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 13 199.183 Taxpayers exempt from annual and nonrecurring taxes.--14 (1) Intangible personal property owned by this state 15 or any of its political subdivisions or municipalities shall 16 17 be exempt from taxation under this chapter. This exemption 18 does not apply to: (b) Property related to the provision of two-way 19 telecommunications services to the public for hire by the use 20 21 of a telecommunications facility, as defined in <u>s. 364.02(15)</u> 22 s. 364.02(14), and for which a certificate is required under 23 chapter 364, when the such service is provided by any county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the state. Any 2.4 immunity of any political subdivision of the state or other 25 26 entity of local government from taxation of the property used 27 to provide telecommunication services that is taxed as a 2.8 result of this paragraph is hereby waived. However, intangible 29 personal property related to the provision of such telecommunications services provided by the operator of a 30 public-use airport, as defined in s. 332.004, for the 31

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1 operator's provision of telecommunications services for the 2 airport or its tenants, concessionaires, or licensees, and intangible personal property related to the provision of such 3 telecommunications services provided by a public hospital, are 4 5 exempt from taxation under this chapter. 6 Section 13. Subsection (6) of section 212.08, Florida 7 Statutes, is amended to read: 8 212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions. -- The sale at retail, 9 the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and 10 the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the 11 12 following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter. 13 (6) EXEMPTIONS; POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS.--There are 14 15 also exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter sales made to the United States Government, a state, or any county, 16 17 municipality, or political subdivision of a state when payment 18 is made directly to the dealer by the governmental entity. This exemption shall not inure to any transaction otherwise 19 taxable under this chapter when payment is made by a 20 21 government employee by any means, including, but not limited 22 to, cash, check, or credit card when that employee is 23 subsequently reimbursed by the governmental entity. This exemption does not include sales of tangible personal property 2.4 made to contractors employed either directly or as agents of 25 26 any such government or political subdivision thereof when such 27 tangible personal property goes into or becomes a part of 2.8 public works owned by such government or political subdivision. A determination whether a particular transaction 29 is properly characterized as an exempt sale to a government 30 entity or a taxable sale to a contractor shall be based on the 31

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1 substance of the transaction rather than the form in which the 2 transaction is cast. The department shall adopt rules that give special consideration to factors that govern the status 3 of the tangible personal property before its affixation to 4 5 real property. In developing these rules, assumption of the б risk of damage or loss is of paramount consideration in the 7 determination. This exemption does not include sales, rental, 8 use, consumption, or storage for use in any political 9 subdivision or municipality in this state of machines and equipment and parts and accessories therefor used in the 10 generation, transmission, or distribution of electrical energy 11 12 by systems owned and operated by a political subdivision in 13 this state for transmission or distribution expansion. Likewise exempt are charges for services rendered by radio and 14 television stations, including line charges, talent fees, or 15 license fees and charges for films, videotapes, and 16 17 transcriptions used in producing radio or television 18 broadcasts. The exemption provided in this subsection does not include sales, rental, use, consumption, or storage for use in 19 any political subdivision or municipality in this state of 20 21 machines and equipment and parts and accessories therefor used 22 in providing two-way telecommunications services to the public 23 for hire by the use of a telecommunications facility, as defined in <u>s. 364.02(15)</u> s. 364.02(14), and for which a 2.4 certificate is required under chapter 364, which facility is 25 26 owned and operated by any county, municipality, or other 27 political subdivision of the state. Any immunity of any 2.8 political subdivision of the state or other entity of local 29 government from taxation of the property used to provide telecommunication services that is taxed as a result of this 30 section is hereby waived. However, the exemption provided in 31

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1 this subsection includes transactions taxable under this 2 chapter which are for use by the operator of a public-use airport, as defined in s. 332.004, in providing such 3 telecommunications services for the airport or its tenants, 4 5 concessionaires, or licensees, or which are for use by a 6 public hospital for the provision of such telecommunications 7 services. 8 Section 14. Subsection (8) of section 290.007, Florida 9 Statutes, is amended to read: 10 290.007 State incentives available in enterprise zones.--The following incentives are provided by the state to 11 12 encourage the revitalization of enterprise zones: 13 (8) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the Public Service Commission may allow public utilities and 14 telecommunications companies to grant discounts of up to 50 15 percent on tariffed rates for services to small businesses 16 17 located in an enterprise zone designated pursuant to s. 18 290.0065. Such discounts may be granted for a period not to exceed 5 years. For purposes of this subsection, the term 19 "public utility" has the same meaning as in s. 366.02(1) and 20 21 the term "telecommunications company" has the same meaning as 22 in <u>s. 364.02(14)</u> s. 364.02(13). 23 Section 15. Subsection (3) of section 350.0605, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 24 350.0605 Former commissioners and employees; 25 representation of clients before commission .--26 27 (3) For a period of 2 years following termination of 2.8 service on the commission, a former member may not accept 29 employment by or compensation from a business entity which, directly or indirectly, owns or controls a public utility 30 regulated by the commission, from a public utility regulated 31 20

1 by the commission, from a business entity which, directly or 2 indirectly, is an affiliate or subsidiary of a public utility regulated by the commission or is an actual business 3 competitor of a local exchange company or public utility 4 regulated by the commission and is otherwise exempt from 5 6 regulation by the commission under ss. 364.02(14) 364.02(13)7 and 366.02(1), or from a business entity or trade association 8 that has been a party to a commission proceeding within the 2 years preceding the member's termination of service on the 9 commission. This subsection applies only to members of the 10 Florida Public Service Commission who are appointed or 11 12 reappointed after May 10, 1993. Section 16. Subsection (4) of section 364.602, Florida 13 Statutes, is amended to read: 14 364.602 Definitions.--For purposes of this part: 15 16 (4) "Originating party" means any person, firm, 17 corporation, or other entity, including a telecommunications 18 company or a billing clearinghouse, that provides any telecommunications service or information service to a 19 customer or bills a customer through a billing party, except 20 21 the term "originating party" does not include any entity 22 specifically exempted from the definition of 23 "telecommunications company" as provided in s. 364.02(14) s. 364.02(13). 2.4 Section 17. Subsection (5) of section 489.103, Florida 25 Statutes, is amended to read: 26 27 489.103 Exemptions. -- This part does not apply to: 2.8 (5) Public utilities, including special gas districts as defined in chapter 189, telecommunications companies as 29 defined in <u>s. 364.02(14)</u> s. 364.02(13) and natural gas 30 transmission companies as defined in s. 368.103(4), on 31 21

1 construction, maintenance, and development work performed by 2 their employees, which work, including, but not limited to, work on bridges, roads, streets, highways, or railroads, is 3 incidental to their business. The board shall define, by rule, 4 5 the term "incidental to their business" for purposes of this 6 subsection. 7 Section 18. This act may not be construed to limit the 8 rights of local government or the duties of providers of cable service to comply with any and all requirements of federal, 9 state, or local law, including, but not limited to, 47 U.S.C. 10 s.541, s. 166.046, and s. 337.401. 11 12 Section 19. Subsection (4) of section 364.051, Florida 13 Statutes, is amended to read: 364.051 Price regulation. --14 (4)(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 15 (2), any local exchange telecommunications company that 16 17 believes circumstances have changed substantially to justify 18 any increase in the rates for basic local telecommunications services may petition the commission for a rate increase, but 19 the commission shall grant the such petition only after an 20 21 opportunity for a hearing and a compelling showing of changed 22 circumstances. The costs and expenses of any government 23 program or project required in part II may shall not be recovered under this subsection unless the such costs and 2.4 expenses are incurred in the absence of a bid and subject to 25 26 carrier-of-last-resort obligations as provided for in part II. 27 The commission shall act upon the any such petition within 120 28 days <u>after</u> of its filing. 29 (b) For purposes of this section, evidence of damage occurring to the lines, plants, or facilities of a local 30 exchange telecommunications company that is subject to the 31

1 carrier-of-last-resort obligations, which damage is the result 2 of a tropical system occurring after June 1, 2005, and named by the National Hurricane Center, constitutes a compelling 3 4 showing of changed circumstances. 5 1. A company may file a petition to recover its б intrastate costs and expenses relating to repairing, 7 restoring, or replacing the lines, plants, or facilities 8 damaged by a named tropical system. 9 The commission shall verify the intrastate costs 2. 10 and expenses submitted by the company in support of its 11 petition. 12 The company must show and the commission shall 3. 13 determine whether the intrastate costs and expenses are reasonable under the circumstances for the named tropical 14 15 system. 16 A company having a storm-reserve fund may recover 4. 17 tropical-system-related costs and expenses from its customers 18 only in excess of any amount available in the storm-reserve 19 fund. 5. The commission may determine the amount of any 20 21 increase that the company may charge its customers, but the 2.2 charge per line item may not exceed 50 cents per month per 23 customer line for a period of not more than 12 months. 6. The commission may order the company to add an 2.4 25 equal line-item charge per access line to the billing statement of the company's retail basic local 26 telecommunications service customers, its retail nonbasic 27 2.8 telecommunications service customers, and, to the extent the commission determines appropriate, its wholesale loop 29 30 unbundled network element customers. At the end of the collection period, the commission shall verify that the 31

1 collected amount does not exceed the amount authorized by the 2 order. If collections exceed the ordered amount, the commission shall order the company to refund the excess. 3 4 7. In order to qualify for filing a petition under 5 this paragraph, a company with one million or more access 6 lines, but fewer than three million access lines, must have 7 tropical-system-related costs and expenses exceeding \$1.5 8 million, and a company with three million or more access lines must have tropical-system-related costs and expenses of \$5 9 10 million or more. A company with fewer than one million access lines is not required to meet a minimum damage threshold in 11 12 order to qualify to file a petition under this paragraph. 13 8. A company may file only one petition for storm recovery in any 12-month period for the previous storm season, 14 but the application may cover damages from more than one named 15 16 tropical system. 17 This paragraph is not intended to adversely affect the 18 commission's consideration of any petition for an increase in 19 basic rates to recover costs related to storm damage which was 2.0 21 filed before the effective date of this act. 22 Section 20. This act shall take effect upon becoming a 23 law. 2.4 25 2.6 27 28 29 30 31

| 1 | STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR |
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| 2 3 | <u>CS/CS/SB_2068</u> |
| 4 | This committee substitute provides that evidence of damage |
| - 5 | occurring after June 1, 2005, as a result of a named tropical system, to the lines, plant, or facilities of a local exchange |
| 6 | telecommunications company constitutes a change of circumstances thereby justifying a rate increase. The |
| 7 | committee substitute sets forth the procedure a company must follow to petition the commission for a rate increase that |
| , 8 | includes meeting a threshold cost and expense amount. The commission must verify the costs and expenses relating to |
| 9 | repairing, restoring, or replacing storm-related damage to the lines, plant, or facilities of a company and find such costs |
| 10 | and expenses were reasonable. The commission is to determine |
| 11 | substitute, and order the company to add a separate line-item increase for certain customers. |
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