17-561-05

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to mobile home and recreational
3	vehicle safety and sales; transferring all
4	powers, duties, responsibilities, functions,
5	personnel, property, and appropriations of the
6	Bureau of Mobile Home and Recreational Vehicle
7	Construction in the Department of Highway
8	Safety and Motor Vehicles to the Department of
9	Community Affairs; authorizing the Department
10	of Community Affairs and the Department of
11	Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to enter into
12	agreements to effectuate such transfers;
13	transferring the mobile home portion of the
14	Mobile Home and Recreational Vehicle Protection
15	Trust Fund administered by the Department of
16	Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles into the
17	Operating Trust Fund of the Department of
18	Community Affairs; providing definitions;
19	requiring dealers in secondhand mobile homes to
20	apply for a certificate of title with the
21	Department of Highway Safety and Motor
22	Vehicles; requiring nonresident mobile home
23	dealers to apply for a certificate of title,
24	register with the Department of Revenue, and
25	pay a license tax; specifying the license term;
26	providing for distributing the tax proceeds;
27	providing for service of process on nonresident
28	mobile home dealers; prohibiting engaging in
29	business as a mobile home dealer without a
30	license from the Department of Community
31	Affairs; providing definitions; providing for

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application and renewal of a mobile home dealer license; authorizing the Department of Community Affairs to prescribe an application form; providing for processing of an applicant's fingerprints by the Department of Law Enforcement and payment of associated costs; authorizing issuance of a revocable mobile home dealer license; authorizing investigation of an applicant; prohibiting issuance of a mobile home dealer license under certain conditions; establishing and providing for payment and deposit of application and renewal fees; providing for denial of a license application, including notice and hearing regarding a denial; providing terms of a mobile home dealer license; providing for issuance of a license certificate; requiring the licensee to pay certain fees and costs; providing for distributing fees and costs paid by applicants and licensees; authorizing the Department of Community Affairs to set training requirements for mobile home dealers; requiring an applicant to verify compliance with training requirements; providing for issuance of a supplemental license to a mobile home dealer licensee; providing for supplemental mobile home dealer licenses; requiring recordkeeping by a licensee; requiring that a licensee retain evidence of title of certain mobile homes; authorizing rulemaking by the Department of Community Affairs regarding licensing and

1 mobile home installation; requiring that a 2 licensee comply with criteria for installing 3 mobile homes; requiring a mobile home dealer 4 licensee to place a deposit in escrow; 5 providing a criminal penalty; authorizing the 6 Department of Community Affairs to seek 7 judicial enjoinment of unauthorized action by a 8 mobile home dealer; authorizing suspension, 9 denial, or revocation of a mobile home dealer 10 license; authorizing administrative fines against a licensee and providing for a hearing; 11 12 requiring that an applicant for a mobile home 13 dealer license provide a bond for the benefit of certain retail customer claimants; 14 specifying the amount, terms, and conditions of 15 the bond; requiring notice to the surety 16 17 company of license denial, suspension, or 18 revocation; requiring a surety company to notify the Department of Community Affairs of 19 payment of a claim against the bond or 20 21 cancellation of the bond; authorizing the 22 Department of Community Affairs to charge 23 certain fees for mobile home dealer or manufacturer licensure; providing for use of 2.4 such fees and other mobile home fees collected 25 by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor 26 27 Vehicles to compensate certain claimants; 2.8 limiting use of such fees; providing for 29 application for such compensation; authorizing 30 the Department of Community Affairs to require documentation of a claim; establishing 31

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procedures and terms for claim processing and payment; authorizing the Department of Community Affairs to seek recovery of claim payments rendered and reimbursement of attorney's fees to secure such recovery; requiring maintenance of a log of qualified claimants; specifying the order of payment of claims; providing criminal penalties for false or misleading statements; providing definitions; prohibiting engaging in business as a mobile home manufacturer without a license from the Department of Community Affairs; providing for license application and renewal; authorizing the Department of Community Affairs to prescribe application forms; establishing and providing for payment and deposit of license application and renewal fees; providing for service of process to a nonresident applicant; requiring a mobile home manufacturer to provide a bond or other financial assurance for the benefit of certain retail customers; requiring rulemaking by the Department of Community Affairs regarding assurance of satisfaction of claims; requiring notice to the surety company of license denial, suspension, or revocation; requiring a surety company to notify the Department of Community Affairs of payment of a claim against, or cancellation of, a licensee's bond; establishing the license term; authorizing denial of an application for a mobile home manufacturer's license;

1 authorizing revocation, suspension, or 2 reinstatement of a mobile home manufacturer's 3 license; authorizing civil penalties; requiring 4 certain mobile homes to meet federal and state 5 construction and safety standards; authorizing 6 the Department of Community Affairs to adopt 7 certain mobile home construction and safety standards; establishing criteria for the mobile 8 9 home repair and remodeling code; authorizing 10 administration, enforcement, and rulemaking by the Department of Community Affairs; 11 12 authorizing entry into a mobile home 13 manufacturing establishment to ascertain compliance with the act; prohibiting certain 14 alterations to mobile homes by a licensed 15 dealer; shifting warranty responsibility to a 16 17 mobile home dealer who performs prohibited 18 alternations; authorizing a manufacturer to recover from the dealer when warranty 19 responsibility shifts; providing that a 20 21 warranty is void if a mobile home owner 22 undertakes certain alterations; requiring 23 notice that the warranty will be voided; providing for designation or certification of a 2.4 person authorized to perform mobile home 25 alterations; authorizing rulemaking by the 26 27 Department of Community Affairs regarding 2.8 authorized and unauthorized alternation of mobile homes, including certification fees; 29 30 requiring the Department of Community Affairs to determine the adequacy of local standards 31

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authorizing a person to alter mobile homes; providing criteria for the department's determination; requiring a license from the Department of Community Affairs to install a mobile home; providing application and license fees for mobile home installers; requiring annual license renewal; authorizing the Department of Community Affairs to adopt rules establishing an application fee for mobile home installers; establishing licensing criteria for mobile home installers; requiring a performance bond, insurance, training, and passage of an exam approved by the Department of Community Affairs; authorizing the department to charge an examination fee to mobile home installers; authorizing recourse by a licensed dealer or manufacturer against a mobile home installer's performance bond; authorizing actions by an employee of a licensed mobile home installer; establishing supervisory responsibility of a licensed installer; prohibiting an unlicensed person from claiming licensure as a mobile home installer; providing a criminal penalty; prohibiting certain activities by a licensee or a license applicant; authorizing imposition of penalties by the Department of Community Affairs, including fines and license denial, suspension, or revocation; providing for state preemption of mobile home installer regulation; authorizing a local occupational license fee; providing for an installation decal; requiring

a licensee to maintain a log; prohibiting 2 certain activities by installers; providing for 3 the use of fees received by the department; 4 prohibiting the manufacture of mobile home 5 installation items that are not certified by 6 the Department of Community Affairs; providing 7 for department certification of mobile home 8 installation items; providing for suspension or 9 revocation of certification; delaying 10 application of the certification requirement; requiring new mobile home construction to be 11 12 inspected by the Department of Community 13 Affairs; requiring the department to develop inspection procedures; authorizing rulemaking 14 by the department regarding mobile home 15 inspection; authorizing unannounced visits to 16 17 mobile home manufacturing plants; requiring mobile home manufacturers and dealers to pay an 18 19 inspection fee; authorizing inspections; 20 requiring the department to determine 21 inspection and label fees; providing for use of 22 fees; prohibiting the sale of a new mobile home 23 by a dealer without a label from the Department of Community Affairs and a certification of 2.4 code compliance by the manufacturer; 25 establishing a presumption that a mobile home 26 27 having a label complies with local construction 2.8 law; prohibiting the alteration of a mobile home having a label; providing for issuance of 29 labels by the department; providing for 30 certification by a manufacturer; prohibiting 31

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the manufacture of a mobile home without a label and certification; authorizing the department to prescribe the manner of label display; requiring counties and municipalities to inspect the installation of mobile homes; authorizing the Department of Community Affairs to designate an installation inspector when a county or municipality does not; requiring that only competent inspectors be designated; providing for issuance of a permit for the installation of mobile homes by a county or municipality; providing for issuance of a certificate of occupancy for an inspected mobile home; providing for inspection fees; authorizing the department to issue a guideline for the fee schedule; requiring enforcement by the department; prescribing regulatory authority of county and municipal governments over mobile homes; providing a civil penalty for a violation of the National Mobile Home Construction and Safety Standards Act; providing a criminal penalty for certain violations of that federal act; providing a criminal penalty for a manufacturer, dealer, or inspector for certain violations; preserving the validity of ch. 527, F.S., relating to liquefied petroleum gas; authorizing the Department of Community Affairs to establish uniform standards by rule for mobile home installation and for the manufacture of items used in the installation of mobile homes;

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providing requirements for installation; prohibiting alteration of the uniform standards set by the department by other entities; requiring a mobile home owner to comply with the installation rules; limiting the mobile homes for which a licensed insurer may issue windstorm damage insurance; prohibiting denial of insurance coverage in certain circumstances involving damage to an improperly installed mobile home; authorizing a civil action by an aggrieved person against a person that fails to meet the uniform standards; providing for costs, damages, and injunctive relief; authorizing the department or the state attorneys to pursue injunctive relief, without a bond and regardless of the adequacy of other remedies, against a person that fails to meet uniform standards; limiting application to certain mobile home installations; providing definitions; providing for retention, disposal, and reproduction of records by the Department of Community Affairs; providing for treatment of reproductions as originals in determining admissibility of evidence; requiring a person who engages in the trade of selling mobile homes to make disclosures to a buyer or in an advertisement regarding the manner used to determine the length of a mobile home; providing legislative intent relating to mobile homes; providing for warranties required of a new mobile home dealer, installer, or component

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supplier; authorizing the Department of Community Affairs to establish rules regarding resolution of disputes among the mobile home manufacturer, dealer, installer, or component supplier; providing for presentation of and response to a warranty claim; authorizing the transfer of responsibility to remedy a mobile home defect covered by warranty among mobile home manufacturers, dealers, or suppliers; requiring the warrantor to compensate certain persons who remedy a defect covered by a warranty; prohibiting coercion to secure performance of warranty service; authorizing a civil action to enforce a warranty claim; authorizing award of damages, including punitive damages, and costs, including attorney's fees; prohibiting the waiver of rights conferred by a warranty; providing that the warranty is in addition to and not in derogation of other applicable rights; providing for liquidated damages due to the retail seller of a mobile home when the buyer fails to accept delivery; providing for inspection of records of a licensed mobile home manufacturer or dealer by the Department of Community Affairs relating to a written complaint against the licensee; authorizing the department to compel production of documents and, through subpoena, attendance of witnesses relating to the disposition of a written complaint against a licensed manufacturer or

dealer; providing for denial, suspension, or 1 2 revocation of a license or an application for a 3 license; providing for a licensee's 4 responsibility for actions of its employees; 5 providing requirements regarding maintenance of 6 electronic records regarding licensees by the 7 Department of Community Affairs; authorizing the Department of Community Affairs to accept 8 9 an application by electronic or telephonic 10 means; amending s. 20.18, F.S.; providing a mission statement for the Department of 11 12 Community Affairs with respect to the 13 regulation of mobile homes; amending ss. 205.193, 319.001, 320.131, 320.27, 320.28, and 14 320.71, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes 15 made by the act; repealing s. 320.77, F.S., 16 17 relating to mobile home dealer licenses; amending ss. 320.771, 320.781, 320.822, and 18 320.8225, F.S., conforming provisions to 19 changes made by the act; repealing s. 320.823, 20 21 F.S., relating to mobile home construction and 22 safety standards; amending ss. 320.8232, 23 320.824, and 320.8245, F.S; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 2.4 repealing s. 320.8249, F.S., relating to mobile 25 home installation licensure; repealing s. 26 27 320.8251, F.S., relating to mobile home 2.8 installation products; repealing s. 320.8255, F.S., relating to mobile home inspection; 29 repealing s. 320.827, relating to mobile home 30 labeling and certification; amending s. 31

1 320.8285, F.S.; conforming provisions to 2 changes made by the act; repealing s. 320.830, 3 relating to reciprocity with other states that 4 have mobile home laws; amending ss. 320.831 and 5 320.8325, F.S.; conforming provisions to 6 changes made by the act; repealing s. 320.8335, 7 F.S., relating to disclosure of the manner used 8 in determining the length of mobile homes; 9 repealing s. 320.834, F.S.; relating to 10 legislative intent; amending s. 320.835, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the 11 12 act; repealing s. 320.840, F.S., relating to 13 liquidated damages when a mobile home buyer refuses to accept delivery of a mobile home; 14 amending ss. 320.865, 553.415, 627.351, and 15 1013.37, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes 16 17 made by the act; providing an effective date. 18 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 19 20 21 Section 1. (1) All statutory powers, duties, responsibilities, functions, records, personnel, property, and 22 23 unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, or other funds of the Bureau of Mobile Home and Recreational Vehicle 2.4 Construction in the Department of Highway Safety and Motor 2.5 Vehicles relating to regulation and administration of mobile 26 27 homes, and all existing authority and actions of the bureau, 2.8 including, but not limited to, all pending and completed actions on orders and rules, all enforcement matters and 29 delegations, interagency agreements, and contracts with 30 federal, state, regional, and local governments and private

1	entities relating to regulation and administration of mobile
2	homes, are transferred to the Department of Community Affairs.
3	(2) The Department of Community Affairs and the
4	Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles may enter into
5	interagency agreements with each other concerning any matter
6	affected by the transfer of the Bureau of Mobile Home and
7	Recreational Vehicle Construction to the Department of
8	Community Affairs to promote the efficient and effective
9	operation of both departments.
10	Section 2. The portion of the Mobile Home and
11	Recreational Vehicle Protection Trust Fund created under
12	section 320.781, Florida Statutes, relating to mobile homes is
13	transferred to the Operating Trust Fund of the Department of
14	Community Affairs to be administered and managed by the
15	Department of Community Affairs pursuant to section 7 of this
16	act.
17	Section 3. <u>DefinitionsAs used in sections 1 through</u>
18	35 of this act, the term:
19	(1) "Department" means the Department of Community
20	Affairs.
21	(2) "Mobile home" means a structure, transportable in
22	one or more sections, which is 8 body feet or more in width
23	and which is built on an integral chassis and designed to be
24	used as a dwelling when connected to the required utilities
25	and includes the plumbing, heating, air-conditioning, and
26	electrical systems contained therein.
27	(3) "Manufactured home" means a mobile home fabricated
28	on or after June 15, 1976, in an offsite manufacturing
29	facility for installation or assembly at the building site,
30	with each section bearing a seal certifying that it is built
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in compliance with the federal Manufactured Home Construction 2 and Safety Standard Act. (4) "Nonresident" means a person who is not a 3 4 resident. (5) "Owner" means any person, firm, corporation, or 5 6 association controlling any mobile home or manufactured home 7 by right of purchase, gift, lease, or otherwise. 8 (6) "Person" means and includes natural persons, corporations, copartnerships, firms, companies, agencies, or 9 10 associations, singular or plural. (7) "Resident" means a person who has his or her 11 12 principal place of domicile in this state for a period of more 13 than 6 consecutive months, who has registered to vote in this state, who has made a statement of domicile pursuant to 14 section 222.17, Florida Statutes, or who has filed for 15 16 homestead tax exemption on property in this state. Section 4. Nonresident dealers in secondhand mobile 18 homes. -- Each dealer in used or secondhand mobile homes who is a nonresident, does not have a permanent place of business in 19 this state, and has not qualified as a dealer under section 6 2.0 21 of this act and any person other than a dealer qualified under section 6 of this act, who brings any used or secondhand 2.2 23 mobile home into the state for the purpose of sale, except to a dealer licensed under section 6 of this act, shall, at least 2.4 10 days before the sale of such mobile home, the offering of 2.5 such mobile home for sale, or the advertising of such mobile 26 2.7 home for sale, make and file with the Department of Highway 2.8 Safety and Motor Vehicles the official application for a certificate of title for such mobile home as provided by law. 29 Any person who has had one or more transactions involving the 30

state during any 12-month period shall be deemed to be a 2 secondhand dealer in mobile homes. Section 5. Nonresident mobile home dealer's license. --3 4 (1) A nonresident who does not have a dealer's contract with a manufacturer of mobile homes or with the 5 6 distributor of a manufacturer of mobile homes which authorizes 7 the sale of mobile homes in a definite Florida territory, and 8 who sells or engages in the business of selling mobile homes at retail within the state, shall register with the Department 9 10 of Revenue for a sales tax dealer registration number, comply with chapter 212, Florida Statutes, and pay a license tax of 11 12 \$2,000 per annum in each county where such sales are made; 13 \$1,250 of said tax shall be transmitted to the Department of Banking and Finance to be deposited in the department's 14 Operating Trust Fund of the state, and \$750 thereof shall be 15 returned to the county. The license tax shall cover the 16 period from January 1 to the following December 31, and no 18 such license shall be issued for any fractional part of a 19 year. (2) The acceptance by a person of a license under this 2.0 21 section is equivalent to an appointment by such person of the 2.2 Secretary of State as the agent of such person upon whom may 23 be served all lawful process in any action, suit, or proceeding against such person arising out of any transaction 2.4 or operation connected with or incidental to any activities of 2.5 such person carried on under such license and the acceptance 26 27 of such license shall be signification of the agreement by 2.8 such person that any process against the person which is so served shall be of the same legal force and validity as if 29 served personally on him or her. Service of such process 30 shall be in accordance with and in the same manner as now 31

provided for service of process upon nonresidents under chapter 48, Florida Statutes. 2 License required of mobile home 3 Section 6. 4 dealers.--(1) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term: 5 6 (a) "Dealer" means any person engaged in the business of buying, selling, or dealing in mobile homes or offering or 8 displaying mobile homes for sale. The term "dealer" includes a mobile home broker. Any person who buys, sells, deals in, or 9 10 offers or displays for sale, or who acts as the agent for the sale of, one or more mobile homes in any 12-month period shall 11 12 be prima facie presumed to be a dealer. The terms "selling" 13 and "sale" include lease-purchase transactions. The term "dealer" does not include banks, credit unions, and finance 14 companies that acquire mobile homes as an incident to their 15 regular business and does not include mobile home rental and 16 leasing companies that sell mobile homes to dealers licensed 18 under this section. A licensed dealer may transact business in recreational vehicles, as those units are defined in section 19 320.01(1)(b), Florida Statutes, with a motor vehicle auction 2.0 21 as defined in section 320.27(1)(c)4., Florida Statutes. Any 2.2 licensed dealer dealing exclusively in mobile homes shall not 23 have benefit of the privilege of using dealer license plates. (b) "Mobile home broker" means any person who is 2.4 engaged in the business of offering to procure or procuring 2.5 used mobile homes for the general public; who holds himself or 26 herself out through solicitation, advertisement, or otherwise 27 2.8 as one who offers to procure or procures used mobile homes for 29 the general public; or who acts as the agent or intermediary on behalf of the owner or seller of a used mobile home that is 30 31

1	for sale or who assists or represents the seller in finding a
2	buyer for the mobile home.
3	(2) LICENSE REQUIRED No person shall engage in
4	business as, or serve in the capacity of, a dealer in this
5	state unless such person possesses a valid, current license as
6	provided in this section.
7	(3) APPLICATION The application for such license
8	shall be in the form prescribed by the department and subject
9	to rules adopted by the department. The application shall be
10	verified by oath or affirmation and shall contain:
11	(a) A full statement of the name and the date of birth
12	of the person or persons applying therefor.
13	(b) The name of the firm or copartnership with the
14	names and places of residence of all its members, if the
15	applicant is a firm or copartnership.
16	(c) The names and places of residence of the principal
17	officers, if the applicant is a body corporate or other
18	artificial body.
19	(d) The name of the state under whose laws the
20	corporation is organized.
21	(e) The former place or places of residence of the
22	applicant.
23	(f) The prior businesses in which the applicant has
24	been engaged, the dates during which the applicant was engaged
25	in such businesses, and the locations thereof.
26	(q) A description of the exact location of the place
27	of business, when it was acquired, and whether it is owned in
28	fee simple by the applicant. If leased, a true copy of the
29	lease shall be attached to the application.
30	(h) Certification by the applicant that the location

31 is a permanent one, not a tent or a temporary stand or other

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temporary quarters; and, except in the case of a mobile home broker, that the location affords sufficient unoccupied space 2 to store all mobile homes offered and displayed for sale; and 3 4 that the location is a suitable place in which the applicant can in good faith carry on business and keep and maintain 5 6 books, records, and files necessary to conduct such business, 7 which will be available at all reasonable hours to inspection by the department or any of its inspectors or other employees. 8 This paragraph does not preclude a licensed mobile home dealer 9 10 from displaying and offering for sale mobile homes in a mobile 11 home park. 12 (i) Certification by the applicant that the business 13

of a mobile home dealer is the principal business that shall be conducted at that location; however, this paragraph does not apply to mobile home park operators licensed as mobile home dealers.

by the department. Each applicant, general partner in the case of a partnership, or corporate officer and director in the case of a corporate applicant, must file a set of fingerprints with the department for the purpose of determining any prior criminal record or any outstanding warrants. The department shall submit the fingerprinting to the Department of Law Enforcement for state processing and forwarding to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for federal processing. The actual cost of such state and federal processing shall be borne by the applicant and is in addition to the fee for licensure. The department may issue a license to an applicant pending the results of the fingerprint investigation, which license is fully revocable if the department determines that a statement

1	set forth in the application is not true or correctly
2	represented.
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4	The department shall, if it deems necessary, cause an
5	investigation to be made to ascertain if the statements set
6	forth in the application are true and may not issue a license
7	to the applicant until it is satisfied that such statements
8	are true.
9	(4) FEESUpon making initial application, the
10	applicant shall pay the department a fee of \$300 in addition
11	to any other fees required by law. The fee for renewal
12	application shall be \$100. The fee for application for change
13	of location shall be \$25. Any applicant for renewal who has
14	failed to submit his or her renewal application by October 1
15	shall pay a renewal application fee equal to the original
16	application fee. No fee is refundable. All fees shall be
17	deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
18	(5) DENIAL OF LICENSE The department may deny any
19	applicant a license on the ground that:
20	(a) The applicant made a material misstatement in his
21	or her application for a license.
22	(b) The applicant failed to comply with any applicable
23	provision of sections 3 through 33 of this act or chapter 320,
24	Florida Statutes.
25	(c) The applicant failed to provide warranty service.
26	(d) The applicant or one or more of his or her
27	principals or agents violated any law, rule, or regulation
28	relating to the sale of mobile homes.
29	(e) The department has proof of unfitness of the
30	applicant.
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(f) The applicant or licensee engaged in conduct in 2 any state which would have been a ground for revocation or suspension of a license in this state. 3 4 (q) The applicant or licensee violated the National Mobile Home Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974 or 5 6 any rule or regulation of the Department of Housing and Urban 7 <u>Development promulgated thereunder.</u> 8 Upon denial of a license, the department shall notify the 9 10 applicant within 10 days, stating in writing its grounds for denial. The applicant is entitled to a public hearing and may 11 12 request that such hearing be held within 45 days after denial 13 of the license. All proceedings shall be pursuant to chapter 120, Florida Statutes. 14 (6) LICENSE CERTIFICATE. -- A license certificate shall 15 be issued by the department in accordance with the application 16 when the same is regular in form and in compliance with this 18 section. The license certificate may be in the form of a document or a computerized card as determined by the 19 department. The cost of each original, additional, or 2.0 21 replacement computerized card shall be borne by the licensee and is in addition to the fee for licensure. The fees charged 2.2 23 applicants for both the required background investigation and the computerized card as provided in this section shall be 2.4 deposited into the Department of Community Affairs Operating 2.5 Trust Fund. The license, when so issued, entitles the licensee 26 27 to carry on and conduct the business of a mobile home dealer 2.8 at the location set forth in the license for a period of 1 year from October 1 preceding the date of issuance. Each 29 initial application received by the department shall be 30 accompanied by verification that, within the preceding 6 31

months, the applicant or one or more of his or her designated 2 employees has attended a training and information seminar conducted by the department or by a public or private provider 3 4 approved by the department. Such seminar shall include, but 5 not be limited to, statutory dealer requirements that include 6 required bookkeeping and recording procedures, requirements 7 for the collection of sales and use taxes, and such other 8 information that in the opinion of the department will promote 9 good business practices. 10 (7) SUPPLEMENTAL LICENSE. -- Any person licensed pursuant to this section may operate one or more additional 11 12 places of business under a supplemental license for each such 13 business if the ownership of each business is identical to that of the principal business for which the original license 14 is issued. Each supplemental license shall run concurrently 15 with the original license and shall be issued upon application 16 by the licensee on a form to be furnished by the department and payment of a fee of \$50 for each such license. Only one 18 licensed dealer shall operate at the same place of business. A 19 supplemental license authorizing off-premises sales shall be 2.0 21 issued, at no charge to the dealer, for a period not to exceed 2.2 10 consecutive calendar days. 23 (8) RECORDS TO BE KEPT BY LICENSEE. -- Each licensee shall keep records in such form as shall be prescribed by the 2.4 <u>department</u>. Such records shall include: 2.5 (a) A record of the purchase, sale, or exchange, or a 26 2.7 receipt for the purpose of sale, of any mobile home; 2.8 (b) The description of each such mobile home, including the identification or serial number and such other 29 30 numbers or identification marks as may be thereon, and a

statement that a number has been obliterated, defaced, or 2 changed, if such fact is apparent; and (c) The name and address of the seller, the purchaser, 3 4 and the alleged owner or other person from whom the mobile 5 home was purchased or received and the person to whom it was 6 sold or delivered, as the case may be. 7 (9) EVIDENCE OF TITLE REQUIRED. -- The licensee shall 8 also have in his or her possession for each new mobile home a 9 manufacturer's invoice or statement of origin, and for each 10 used mobile home a properly assigned certificate of title or registration certificate if the used mobile home was 11 12 previously registered in a nontitle state, from the time the 13 mobile home is delivered to the licensee until it has been disposed of by him or her. 14 (10) SETUP OPERATIONS. -- Each licensee may perform 15 setup operations only as defined in section 8 of this act, and 16 the department shall provide by rule for the uniform 18 application of all existing statutory provisions relating to licensing and setup operations. 19 (11) ESCROW.--When a licensed mobile home dealer sells 2.0 21 a mobile home to a purchaser under a contract that requires the purchaser to deliver deposit money to the licensee which 2.2 23 is to be applied to the purchase price upon delivery of the mobile home to the purchaser, the licensee shall ensure, 2.4 immediately upon receipt of such deposit, that such deposit is 2.5 placed in escrow with a title company, banking institution, 26 2.7 credit union, or savings and loan association located and 2.8 doing business in this state. (12) PENALTY. -- A violation of this section is a 29 misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in 30

section 775.082 or section 775.083, Florida Statutes.

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(13) INJUNCTION. -- In addition to the other remedies 2 that may be available, and notwithstanding the existence of any adequate remedy at law, the department may apply to any 3 4 circuit court of the state, and the circuit court shall have jurisdiction, upon a hearing and for cause shown, to grant a 5 6 temporary or permanent injunction restraining any person from 7 acting as a mobile home dealer under the terms of this section 8 who is not properly licensed or who violates chapter 319 or chapter 320, Florida Statutes, sections 3 through 35 of this 9 10 act, or a rule adopted thereunder. Such injunction shall be issued without bond. A single act in violation of chapter 319 11 12 or chapter 320, Florida Statutes, or sections 3 through 35 of 13 this act, is sufficient to authorize the issuance of an injunction. 14 (14) DENIAL, SUSPENSION, OR REVOCATION. --15 (a) The department shall, as it deems necessary, 16 17 suspend or revoke any license issued under this section upon a finding that the licensee violated this section or any other 18 law of this state having to do with dealing in mobile homes or 19 perpetrated a fraud upon any person as a result of such 2.0 21 dealing in mobile homes. 22 (b) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke a 23 mobile home dealer license if the applicant or licensee has been convicted of a felony, committed a fraud or willful 2.4 misrepresentation in application for or in obtaining a 2.5 license, or committed, with sufficient frequency so as to 2.6 2.7 establish a pattern of wrongdoing on the part of a licensee, 2.8 one or more of the following activities: Failure to apply for transfer of a title as 29

prescribed in section 319.23(6), Florida Statutes.

Use of the dealer license identification number by 2 any person other than the licensed dealer or his or her 3 designee. 4 3. Failure to continually meet the requirements of the 5 licensure law. 6 4. Willful failure to comply with a rule of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles or a rule 8 adopted by the department pursuant to this act. 9 Violation of chapter 319, chapter 320, sections 10 559.901-559.9221, Florida Statutes, or sections 3-35 of this 11 act. 12 (15) ADMINISTRATIVE FINES. -- The department may assess, 13 impose, levy, and collect by legal process fines, in an amount not to exceed \$1,000 for each violation, against any licensee 14 if it finds that a licensee has violated this section or any 15 other law of this state having to do with dealing in motor 16 vehicles. A licensee is entitled to a hearing pursuant to 18 chapter 120, Florida Statutes, if the licensee wishes to contest the fine levied, or about to be levied, upon him or 19 2.0 her. 21 (16) BOND.--2.2 (a) Before any license shall be issued or renewed, the 23 applicant shall deliver to the department a good and sufficient surety bond, executed by the applicant as principal 2.4 and by a surety company qualified to do business in the state 2.5 as surety. The bond shall be in a form to be approved by the 26 2.7 department and shall be conditioned upon the dealer's 28 complying with any written contract made by the dealer in connection with the sale, exchange, or improvement of a mobile 29 home and with chapter 319 or chapter 320, Florida Statutes, 30

and sections 3 through 35 of this act in the conduct of the

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1	business for which the dealer is licensed. The bond shall be
2	to the department and in favor of any retail customer who
3	shall suffer any loss as a result of any violation of the
4	conditions of this section. The bond shall be for the license
5	period, and a new bond or a proper continuation certificate
6	shall be delivered to the department at the beginning of each
7	license period. However, the aggregate liability of the surety
8	in any one license year shall in no event exceed the sum of
9	such bond. The amount of the bond required shall be as
10	follows:
11	1. A single dealer who buys, sells, or deals in mobile
12	homes and who has four or fewer supplemental licenses shall
13	provide a surety bond in the amount of \$100,000.
14	2. A single dealer who buys, sells, or deals in mobile
15	homes and who has more than four supplemental licenses shall
16	provide a surety bond in the amount of \$200,000.
17	(b) The department shall, upon denial, suspension, or
18	revocation of any license, notify the surety company of the
19	licensee, in writing, that the license has been denied,
20	suspended, or revoked and shall state the reason for such
21	denial, suspension, or revocation.
22	(c) Any surety company that pays any claim against the
23	bond of any licensee shall notify the department, in writing,
24	that it has paid such a claim and shall state the amount of
25	the claim.
26	(d) Any surety company that cancels the bond of any
27	licensee shall notify the department, in writing, of such
28	cancellation, giving reason for the cancellation.
29	Section 7. Claims against mobile home dealers
30	(1) The expenses incurred by the department to

31 administer this section shall be paid only from appropriations

made from the department's operating trust fund from moneys 2 deposited into such fund pursuant to section 320.781, Florida Statutes, or this section. 3 4 (2) The department shall charge a fee of \$40 per annual dealer and manufacturer license and license renewal, 5 6 which shall be deposited into the department's operating trust 7 fund. The sums deposited into such fund pursuant to section 8 320.781, Florida Statutes, or this section shall be used exclusively for carrying out the purposes of this section. 9 10 These sums may be invested and reinvested by the Chief Financial Officer under the same limitations as apply to 11 12 investment of other state moneys, with all interest from these 13 investments deposited to the credit of such fund. (3) Moneys deposited into the department's operating 14 trust fund under section 320.781, Florida Statutes, or this 15 section shall be used to satisfy any judgment secured by any 16 person, as provided by this section, against a mobile home 18 dealer for damages, restitution, or expenses, including reasonable attorney's fees, resulting from a cause of action 19 directly related to the conditions of any written contract 2.0 21 made by him or her in connection with the sale, exchange, or 2.2 improvement of any mobile home, or for any violation of 23 chapter 319 or chapter 320, Florida Statutes, or sections 3 through 35 of this act. 2.4 (4) The department's operating trust fund is not 2.5 liable for any judgment, or part thereof, resulting from any 26 27 tort claim, except as expressly provided in subsection (3), 2.8 and is not liable for any punitive, exemplary, double, or treble damages. A person, the state, or any political 29 subdivision thereof may recover against the mobile home dealer 30 or surety, jointly and severally, for such damages, 31

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restitution, or expenses; however, such fund or the surety is 2 not liable for an amount in excess of actual damages, 3 restitution, or expenses. 4 (5) Subject to the limitations and requirements of this section, moneys deposited into the department's operating 5 6 trust fund under section 320.781, Florida Statutes, or this 7 section shall be used by the department to compensate persons 8 who have unsatisfied judgments, or in certain limited circumstances unsatisfied claims, against a mobile home dealer 9 10 in one of the following situations: (a) The claimant has obtained a final judgment that is 11 12 unsatisfied against the mobile home dealer or its surety 13 jointly and severally, or against the mobile home dealer only, if the court found that the surety was not liable due to prior 14 payment of valid claims against the bond in an amount equal 15 to, or greater than, the face amount of the applicable bond. 16 17 (b) The claimant has obtained a judgment against the 18 surety of the mobile home dealer which is unsatisfied. (c) The claimant has alleged a claim against the 19 mobile home dealer in a lawsuit which has been stayed or 2.0 21 discharged as a result of the filing for reorganization or 2.2 discharge in bankruptcy by the dealer or broker, and judgment 23 against the surety is not possible because of the bankruptcy or liquidation of the surety, or because a court of competent 2.4 jurisdiction found that the surety is not liable due to prior 2.5 payment of valid claims against the bond in an amount equal 26 27 to, or greater than, the face amount of the applicable bond. 2.8 (6) In order to recover from the department's

operating trust fund, the person must file an application and

verified claim with the department.

1	(a) If the claimant has obtained a judgment that is
2	unsatisfied against the mobile home dealer or its surety as
3	set forth in this section, the verified claim must specify the
4	following:
5	1.a. That the judgment against the mobile home dealer
6	and its surety has been entered; or
7	b. That the judgment against the mobile home dealer
8	contains a specific finding that the surety has no liability,
9	that execution has been returned unsatisfied, and that a
10	judqment lien has been perfected;
11	2. The amount of actual damages broken down by
12	category as awarded by the court or jury in the cause that
13	resulted in the unsatisfied judgment, and the amount of
14	attorney's fees set forth in the unsatisfied judgment;
15	3. The amount of payment or other consideration
16	received, if any, from the mobile home dealer or its surety;
17	4. The amount that may be realized, if any, from the
18	sale of real or personal property or other assets of the
19	judgment debtor liable to be sold or applied in satisfaction
20	of the judgment and the balance remaining due on the judgment
21	after application of the amount that has been realized and a
22	certification that the claimant has made a good faith effort
23	to collect the judgment; and
24	5. Such other information as the department requires.
25	(b) If the claimant has alleged a claim as set forth
26	in paragraph (5)(c) and for the reasons set forth therein has
27	not been able to secure a judgment, the verified claim must
28	contain the following:
29	1. A true copy of the pleadings in the lawsuit that
30	was stayed or discharged by the bankruptcy court and the order
31	of the bankruptcy court staying those proceedings;

Allegations of the acts or omissions by the mobile 2 home dealer setting forth the specific acts or omissions 3 complained of which resulted in actual damage to the person, 4 along with the actual dollar amount necessary to reimburse or 5 compensate the person for costs or expenses resulting from the 6 acts or omissions of which the person complained; 7 3. True copies of all purchase agreements, notices, 8 service or repair orders, or papers or documents of any kind 9 which the person received in connection with the purchase, 10 exchange, or lease-purchase of the mobile home from which the person's cause of action arises; and 11 12 Such other information as the department requires. 13 The department may require such proof as it deems necessary to document the matters set forth in the claim. 14 (7) Within 90 days after receipt of the application 15 and verified claim, the department shall issue its 16 determination on the claim. Such determination shall not be 17 18 subject to chapter 120, Florida Statutes, but shall be reviewable only by writ of certiorari in the circuit court in 19 the county in which the claimant resides in the manner and 2.0 21 within the time provided by the Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure. The claim must be paid within 45 days after the 2.2 23 determination, or, if judicial review is sought, within 45 days after the review becomes final. A person may not be paid 2.4 an amount from the department's operating trust fund in excess 2.5 of \$25,000 per mobile home. Prior to payment, the person must 26 2.7 execute an assignment to the department of all the person's 2.8 rights and title to, and interest in, the unsatisfied judgment

and judgment lien or the claim against the dealer and its

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surety.

1	(8) The department, in its discretion and where
2	feasible, may recover from the mobile home dealer, or the
3	judgment debtor or its surety, all sums paid to persons from
4	the department's operating trust fund under section 320.781,
5	Florida Statutes, or this section. Any sums recovered shall
6	be deposited to the credit of such fund. The department shall
7	be awarded a reasonable attorney's fee for all actions taken
8	to recover any sums paid to persons from such fund pursuant to
9	this section.
10	(9) This section does not apply to any claim, and a
11	person may not recover against the department's operating
12	trust fund as the result of any claim, against a mobile home
13	dealer resulting from a cause of action directly related to
14	the sale, lease-purchase, exchange, brokerage, or installation
15	of a mobile home prior to October 1, 1990.
16	(10) Neither the department, nor the department's
17	operating trust fund, shall be liable to any person for
18	recovery if such fund, from moneys deposited into the fund
19	under section 320.781, Florida Statutes, or this section, does
20	not have the moneys necessary to pay amounts claimed. If the
21	fund does not have sufficient assets to pay the claimant, it
22	shall log the time and date of its determination for payment
23	to a claimant. If moneys become available pursuant this
24	section, the department shall pay the claimant whose unpaid
25	claim is the earliest by time and date of determination.
26	(11) A person or his or her agent may not file any
27	notice, statement, or other document required under this
28	section which is false or contains a material misstatement of
29	fact. Any person who violates this subsection commits a
30	misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s.
31	775 082 or s 775 083 Florida Statutes

1	Section 8. <u>DefinitionsAs used in sections 8 through</u>
2	35 of this act, the term:
3	(1) "Buyer" means a person who purchases at retail
4	from a dealer or manufacturer a mobile home for his or her own
5	use as a residence, or other related use.
6	(2) "Code" means the appropriate standards found in:
7	(a) The Federal Manufactured Housing Construction and
8	Safety Standards for single-family mobile homes, adopted by
9	the Department of Housing and Urban Development; or
10	(b) The Mobile Home Repair and Remodeling Code.
11	(3) "Construction" means the minimum requirements for
12	materials, products, equipment, and workmanship needed to
13	ensure that the mobile home will provide structural strength
14	and rigidity; protection against corrosion, decay, and other
15	similar destructive forces; resistance to the elements; and
16	durability and economy of maintenance.
17	(4) "Institute" means the American National Standards
18	Institute.
19	(5) "Length," for purposes of transportation only,
20	means the distance from the extreme front of the mobile home
21	to the extreme rear, including the drawbar and coupling
22	mechanism, but not including expandable features that do not
23	project from the body during transportation.
24	(6) "Length of a mobile home" means the distance from
25	the exterior of the front wall, nearest to the drawbar and
26	coupling mechanism, to the exterior of the rear wall, at the
27	opposite end of the home, where such walls enclose living or
28	other interior space. Such distance includes expandable rooms
29	but not bay windows, porches, drawbars, couplings, hitches,
30	wall and roof extensions, or other attachments.
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1	(7) "Licensee" means any person licensed or required
2	to be licensed under section 9 of this act.
3	(8) "Mobile home dealer" means any person engaged in
4	the business of buying, selling, or dealing in mobile homes or
5	offering or displaying mobile homes for sale. Any person who
6	buys, sells, or deals in one or more mobile homes in any
7	12-month period or who offers or displays for sale one or more
8	mobile homes in any 12-month period shall be prima facie
9	presumed to be engaged in the business of a mobile home
10	dealer. The terms "selling" and "sale" include lease-purchase
11	transactions. The term "mobile home dealer" excludes a bank,
12	credit union, or finance company that acquires mobile homes as
13	an incident to its regular business, a mobile home rental or
14	leasing company that sells mobile homes to mobile home dealers
15	licensed under section 6 of this act, and persons who are
16	selling their own mobile homes.
17	(9) "Mobile home manufacturer" means any person,
18	resident or nonresident, who, as a trade or commerce,
19	manufactures or assembles mobile homes.
20	(10) "Responsible party" means a manufacturer, dealer,
21	or supplier.
22	(11) "Seal" or "label" means a device issued by the
23	department certifying that a mobile home meets the appropriate
24	code, which device is to be displayed on the exterior of the
25	mobile home.
26	(12) "Setup" or "installation" means the operations
27	performed at the occupancy site which render a mobile home fit
28	for habitation. Such operations include, but are not limited
29	to, transporting, positioning, blocking, leveling, supporting,
30	tying down, connecting utility systems, making minor
31	adjustments, or assembling multiple or expandable units.

1	(13) "Substantial defect" means:
2	(a) Any substantial deficiency or defect in materials
3	or workmanship occurring to a mobile home that has been
4	reasonably maintained and cared for in normal use.
5	(b) Any structural element, utility system, or
6	component of the mobile home, which fails to comply with the
7	code.
8	(14) "Supplier" means the original producer of
9	completed components, including refrigerators, stoves, hot
10	water heaters, dishwashers, cabinets, air conditioners,
11	heating units, and similar components, which are furnished to
12	a manufacturer or dealer for installation in the mobile home
13	prior to sale to a buyer.
14	(15) "Width of a mobile home" means the distance from
15	the exterior of one side wall to the exterior of the opposite
16	side wall where such walls enclose living or other interior
17	space. Such distance includes expandable rooms but not bay
18	windows, porches, wall and roof extensions, or other
19	attachments.
20	Section 9. Mobile home manufacturer's license
21	(1) LICENSE REQUIRED Any person who engages in the
22	business of a mobile home manufacturer in this state, or who
23	manufactures mobile homes out of state which are ultimately
24	offered for sale in this state, must obtain annually a license
25	for each factory location in this state and for each factory
26	location out of state which manufactures mobile homes for sale
27	in this state, prior to distributing mobile homes for sale in
28	this state.
29	(2) APPLICATION The application for a license must
30	be in the form prescribed by the department and contain
31	sufficient information to disclose the identity location and

responsibility of the applicant. The application must also 2 include a copy of the warranty and a complete statement of any service agreement or policy to be used by the applicant, any 3 4 information relating to the applicant's solvency and financial 5 standing, and any other pertinent matter commensurate with safequarding the public. The department may prescribe an 6 7 abbreviated application for renewal of a license if the 8 licensee had previously filed an initial application pursuant to this section. The application for renewal must include any 9 10 information necessary to bring current the information required in the initial application. 11 12 (3) FEES.--Upon making initial application, the 13 applicant shall pay the department a fee of \$300. Upon making renewal application, the applicant shall pay the department a 14 fee of \$100. Any applicant for renewal who has failed to 15 submit his or her renewal application by October 1 shall pay a 16 renewal application fee equal to the original application fee. 18 No fee is refundable. The fees shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund. 19 2.0 (4) NONRESIDENT. -- Any person applying for a license 21 who is not a resident of this state must designate an agent 2.2 for service of process pursuant to section 48.181, Florida 23 Statutes. (5) REQUIREMENT OF ASSURANCE. --2.4 (a) Annually, prior to the receipt of a license to 2.5 manufacture mobile homes, the applicant or licensee shall 26 2.7 submit a surety bond, cash bond, or letter of credit from a 2.8 financial institution, or a proper continuation certificate, sufficient to assure satisfaction of claims against the 29 licensee for failure to comply with appropriate code 30

of this section. The amount of the surety bond, cash bond, or 2 letter of credit shall be \$100,000. Only one surety bond, cash bond, or letter of credit is required for each manufacturer, 3 4 regardless of the number of factory locations. The surety 5 bond, cash bond, or letter of credit shall be to the 6 department, in favor of any retail customer who suffers loss 7 arising out of noncompliance with code standards or failure to 8 honor or provide warranty service. The department may disapprove any bond or letter of credit that does not provide 9 10 assurance as specified in this section. (b) The department shall adopt rules pursuant to 11 12 chapter 120, Florida Statutes, consistent with this section in 13 providing assurance of satisfaction of claims. (c) The department shall, upon denial, suspension, or 14 revocation of any license, notify the surety company of the 15 licensee, in writing, that the license has been denied, 16 suspended, or revoked and shall state the reason for such 18 denial, suspension, or revocation. 19 (d) Any surety company that pays any claim against the bond of any licensee shall notify the department, in writing, 2.0 21 that it has paid such a claim and shall state the amount of 2.2 the claim. 23 (e) Any surety company that cancels the bond of any licensee shall notify the department, in writing, of such 2.4 cancellation, giving reason for the cancellation. 2.5 (6) LICENSE YEAR. -- A license issued to a mobile home 26 27 manufacturer entitles the licensee to conduct the business of 2.8 a mobile home manufacturer for a period of 1 year from October 1 preceding the date of issuance. 29 30 (7) DENIAL OF LICENSE. -- The department may deny a

mobile home manufacturer's license on the ground that:

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1	(a) The applicant made a material misstatement in the
2	application for a license.
3	(b) The applicant failed to comply with chapter 320,
4	Florida Statutes, or sections 8 through 35 of this act.
5	(c) The applicant failed to provide warranty service.
6	(d) The applicant or one or more of his or her
7	principals or agents violated any law, rule, or regulation
8	relating to the manufacture or sale of mobile homes.
9	(e) The department has proof of unfitness of the
10	applicant.
11	(f) The applicant or licensee engaged in conduct in
12	any state which would have been a ground for revocation or
13	suspension of a license in this state.
14	(q) The applicant or licensee violated the National
15	Mobile Home Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974 or
16	any regulation of Department of Housing and Urban Development
17	promulgated thereunder.
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19	Upon denial of a license, the department shall notify the
20	applicant within 10 days, stating in writing its grounds for
21	denial. The applicant is entitled to a public hearing and may
22	request that such hearing be held within 45 days after denial
23	of the license. All proceedings shall be pursuant to chapter
24	120, Florida Statutes.
25	(8) REVOCATION OR SUSPENSION OF LICENSE The
26	department shall suspend or, in the case of a subsequent
27	offense, shall revoke any license upon a finding that the
28	licensee violated chapter 320, Florida Statutes, sections 8
29	through 35 of this act or any other law of this state
30	regarding the manufacture, warranty, or sale of mobile homes.
3 1	When any license has been revoked or suspended by the

department, it may be reinstated if the department finds that 2 the former licensee has complied with chapter 320, Florida Statutes, and sections 8 through 35 of this act and an 3 4 application for a license is refiled pursuant to this section. (9) CIVIL PENALTIES, PROCEDURE. -- The department may 5 6 assess, impose, levy, and collect by legal process a civil 7 penalty, in an amount not to exceed \$1,000 for each violation, 8 against any licensee if it finds that a licensee has violated any provision of this section or has violated any other law of 9 10 this state having to do with dealing in mobile homes. A licensee is entitled to a hearing pursuant to chapter 120, 11 12 Florida Statutes, if the licensee wishes to contest the fine 13 levied, or about to be levied, upon him or her. Section 10. Mobile home construction and safety 14 standards. -- Each new single-family or duplex mobile home 15 manufactured in this state or outside this state but sold or 16 offered for sale in this state must be constructed to meet the 18 Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards, promulgated by the Department of Housing and Urban 19 2.0 Development, pursuant to the Manufactured Housing Improvement 21 Act, or meet mobile home construction and safety standards 2.2 adopted by the department which do not exceed the authority 23 granted to the state in 42 U.S.C. 5403(d) which may include, but need not be limited to, standards for body and frame 2.4 construction and the installation of plumbing, HVAC, and 2.5 electrical systems. 2.6 27 Section 11. Establishment of uniform standards for 2.8 repair and remodeling code for mobile homes. -- The provisions of the mobile home repair and remodeling code shall ensure 29 safe and livable housing and may not be more stringent than 30 those standards required to be met in the manufacture of

Τ	mobile homes. Such provisions shall include, but not be
2	limited to, standards for structural adequacy, plumbing,
3	heating, electrical systems, and fire and life safety.
4	Section 12. Administration, enforcement, rules,
5	modification of standards
6	(1) The department shall administer and enforce
7	sections 3 through 35 of this act and may adopt rules pursuant
8	to sections 120.536(1) and 120.54, Florida Statutes.
9	(2) The department may adopt by rule changes in, or
10	additions to, the standards adopted in section 10 of this act,
11	which were approved and officially published by the institute
12	after July 1, 1967, or promulgated by the Department of
13	Housing and Urban Development after July 1, 1977.
14	(3) The department or its authorized agent may enter
15	any place or establishment where mobile homes are
16	manufactured, sold, or offered for sale, for the purpose of
17	ascertaining whether the requirements of the code and the
18	rules adopted by the department have been met.
19	Section 13. Limitation of alteration or modification
20	to mobile homes
21	(1) LIMITATION OF ALTERATIONS OR MODIFICATIONSA
22	licensed dealer may not alter or modify a mobile home after
23	shipment from the manufacturer's plant unless such alteration
24	or modification is authorized in this section.
25	(2) EFFECT ON MOBILE HOME WARRANTY Unless an
26	alteration or modification is performed by a qualified person
27	as defined in subsection (4), the warranty responsibility of
28	the manufacturer as to the altered or modified item shall be
29	void.
30	(a) An alteration or modification performed by a
31	mobile home dealer or his or her agent or employee shall place

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warranty responsibility for the altered or modified item upon
the dealer. If the manufacturer fulfills, or is required to
fulfill, the warranty on the altered or modified item, he or
she is entitled to recover damages in the amount of his or her
costs and attorney's fees from the dealer.

- (b) An alteration or modification performed by a mobile home owner or his or her agent renders the manufacturer's warranty as to that item void. A statement shall be displayed clearly and conspicuously on the face of the warranty that the warranty is void as to the altered or modified item if the alteration or modification is performed by someone other than a qualified person. Failure to display such statement shall result in warranty responsibility on the manufacturer.
- (3) AUTHORITY OF THE DEPARTMENT.--The department may adopt rules pursuant to chapter 120, Florida Statutes, which define the alterations or modifications that must be made by qualified personnel. The department may regulate only those alterations and modifications that substantially impair the structural integrity or safety of the mobile home.
- (4) DESIGNATION AS A QUALIFIED PERSON. --
- (a) In order to be designated as a person qualified to alter or modify a mobile home, a person must comply with local or county licensing or competency requirements in skills relevant to performing alterations or modifications on mobile homes.
- (b) When no local or county licensing or competency requirements exist, the department may certify persons to perform mobile home alterations or modifications. The department shall by rule specify what skills and competency requirements are requisite to the issuance of a certification.

A fee sufficient to cover the costs of issuing certifications 2 may be charged by the department. The certification shall be valid for a period that terminates when the county or other 3 4 local governmental unit enacts relevant competency or licensing requirements. The certification shall be valid only 5 6 in counties or localities without licensing or competency 7 requirements. (c) The department shall determine which counties and 8 localities have licensing or competency requirements adequate 9 10 to eliminate the requirement of certification. This determination shall be based on a review of the relevant 11 12 county or local standards for adequacy in regulating persons 13 who perform alterations or modifications to mobile homes. The department shall find local or county standards adequate when 14 minimal licensing or competency standards are provided. 15 Section 14. Mobile home installers license.--16 17 (1) Any person who installs a mobile home must obtain 18 a mobile home installers license from the department pursuant to this section. The license shall be renewed annually, and 19 each licensee shall pay a fee of \$150. 2.0 21 (2) The department shall issue a license as a mobile 2.2 home installer to any person who applies to the department, 23 pays the appropriate application fee, not to exceed \$100, as set by department rule, and complies with subsection (3). 2.4 (3) In order to obtain licensure as a mobile home 2.5 installer, the applicant must be at least 18 years old; must 2.6 2.7 hold a valid performance bond in an amount set by department 2.8 rule, not to exceed \$100,000, and conditioned upon proper performance of mobile home installation and weather-sealing 29 duties for a period of 1 year; must carry liability insurance 30

in an amount determined by department rule, not to exceed

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1	\$100,000; must complete a minimum 8-hour training course
2	approved by the department, and must pass a
3	department-approved examination designed to test the skills
4	necessary to properly and competently perform mobile home
5	installation and to ascertain that the applicant has adequate
6	knowledge of federal, state, and local laws applicable to
7	mobile home installation contracting. The department may
8	charge an examination fee sufficient to defray the costs of
9	developing or obtaining and providing the examination, not to
10	exceed \$100. Any licensed dealer or licensed manufacturer who
11	has subcontracted with an installer for installation and who
12	remedies any faulty installation performed by said installer
13	shall have recourse against the installer's performance bond.
14	(4) A direct employee of a licensed mobile home
15	installer working under the supervision of the licensee and
16	within the job scope of the licensee is not required to be
17	licensed as a mobile home installer. The licensed mobile home
18	installer is responsible for supervising all such employees
19	and for the proper and competent performance of all employees
20	working under his or her supervision.
21	(5) "Installation," as used in this section, has the
22	same meaning as the term "setup" as defined in section 8 of
23	this act.
24	(6) A person may not:
25	(a) Falsely hold himself or herself or a business
26	organization out as a licensed mobile home installer;
27	(b) Falsely impersonate a licensed mobile home
28	installer;
29	(c) Present as his or her own the mobile home
30	installers license of another;
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1	(d) Knowingly give false or forged evidence to the
2	<pre>department;</pre>
3	(e) Use or attempt to use a mobile home installers
4	license that has been suspended or revoked; or
5	(f) Engage in the business or act in the capacity of a
6	licensed mobile home installer or advertise himself or herself
7	or a business organization as available to engage in the
8	business or act in the capacity of a mobile home installer
9	without being duly licensed.
10	(7) Any unlicensed person who violates subsection (6)
11	commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as
12	provided in section 775.082 or section 775.083, Florida
13	Statutes.
14	(8) A licensed person or licensed applicant may not:
15	(a) Obtain a mobile home installers license by fraud
16	or misrepresentation.
17	(b) Be convicted or found quilty of, or enter a plea
18	of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in
19	any jurisdiction which directly relates to the practice of
20	mobile home installation or the ability to practice.
21	(c) Violate any law or rule relating to installing,
22	repairing, or dealing in mobile homes or any lawful order of
23	the department or the Department of Highway Safety and Motor
24	<u>Vehicles.</u>
25	(d) Commit fraud or deceit in the practice of
26	contracting.
27	(e) Commit incompetence or misconduct in the practice
28	of contracting.
29	(f) Commit gross negligence, repeated negligence, or
30	negligence resulting in a significant danger to life or
31	property.

1	(9) Any licensed person or license applicant who
2	violates subsection (6) or subsection (8) may have any of the
3	following disciplinary penalties imposed by the department, at
4	its discretion:
5	(a) License revocation;
6	(b) License suspension;
7	(c) A fine not to exceed \$1,000 per violation
8	involving a single installation and not to exceed \$5,000 for a
9	violation involving the total setup;
10	(d) A requirement to take and pass, or retake and
11	pass, the department-approved examination;
12	(e) Probation;
13	(f) Probation subject to such restriction of practice
14	as the department chooses to impose;
15	(q) A notice of noncompliance; or
16	(h) Refusal of licensure application.
17	(10) The regulation of mobile home installers is
18	preempted to the state, and a person may not perform mobile
19	home installation unless licensed pursuant to this section,
20	regardless of whether that person holds a local license.
21	(11) A county, municipality, or other unit of local
22	government may not require additional licensing, bonding, or
23	insurance of a duly licensed installer who performs setup
24	operations as defined in section 8 of this act. However, a
25	county, municipality, or other unit of local government may
26	require an installer to obtain a local occupational license,
27	which license shall not require for its issuance any
28	conditions other than those required by sections 8 through 35
29	of this act and payment of the appropriate occupational
30	license fee.
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1	(12) All installers, dealers, and manufacturers shall
2	purchase installation decals from the department for a fee not
3	to exceed \$10 per decal. An installation decal shall be
4	affixed to the manufactured home or mobile home prior to
5	installation. This decal shall denote the date of
6	installation, the name of the installer, and the number of the
7	installer's license or the dealer or manufacturer license
8	number. Such decal shall be positioned immediately next to the
9	HUD decal.
10	(13) Each installer shall maintain a location log for
11	each decal for 2 years. This requirement applies only after
12	the department develops an acceptable format for the log and
13	provides a sample of the acceptable format to each licensed
14	installer.
15	(14) In performing the installation, installers may
16	not perform plumbing or electrical activities prohibited by
17	department rules related to setup operations pursuant to
18	section 8 of this act.
19	(15) Funds received by the department pursuant to this
20	section shall be deposited in the department's operating trust
21	fund.
22	Section 15. Mobile home installation products; product
23	approval
24	(1) Each person or entity that engages in the
25	manufacture of mobile home installation components, products,
26	or systems must obtain a certification from the department
27	which affirms that such component, product, or system is
28	approved for use in the installation of mobile homes in this
29	state.
30	(2) The department shall certify for use in this state
31	any mobile home installation component, product, or system for

which a person or entity applies to the department and which 2 complies with subsection (3). (3) In order to obtain the certification set forth in 3 4 this section, a manufacturer must submit to the department a 5 report certifying that the mobile home installation component, 6 product, or system meets the mobile home installation 7 standards set forth in this section and in department rules. 8 The report must be signed and sealed by a professional engineer registered in this state. In accordance with chapter 9 10 120, Florida Statutes, the department shall review the report and approve or deny the certification of the installation 11 12 component, product, or system for use in the installation of 13 mobile homes in this state. (4) The certification set forth in this section is 14 subject to suspension or revocation, and the person or entity 15 that obtained the certification is subject to a fine set by 16 department rules upon a finding by the department that the 18 person or entity has obtained the certification by misrepresentation or fraud or that the product, component, or 19 system does not meet the mobile home installation standards 2.0 21 set forth in sections 8 through 35 of this act or in 2.2 department rules. 23 (5) Any product, component, or system subject to this section which was being used in the installation of mobile 2.4 homes in this state on June 10, 2004, is not required to be 2.5 certified in accordance with this section until July 1, 2009. 2.6 Section 16. Mobile home inspection .--27 2.8 (1) In order to ensure the highest degree of quality control in the construction of new mobile homes, each new 29 mobile home sold in the state shall be inspected by the 30 department pursuant to procedures developed by the department 31

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which assure compliance with code provisions. The department
may adopt rules pursuant to chapter 120, Florida Statutes, for
the implementation and enforcement of this inspection.

- (2) Department inspectors shall make unannounced visits to manufacturing plants or take any other appropriate action which assures compliance with the code.
- (3) Mobile home manufacturers and dealers shall be charged a fee for special inspections, including, but not limited to, plant approvals, 100 percent plant inspections, increased frequency inspections, reinspections, and special consumer complaint investigations as requested by a manufacturer or dealer or as may be deemed necessary by the department.
 - inspections and for the label authorized under section 17 of this act which are sufficient to cover the cost of inspection and administration under this section. Fees collected shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

Section 17. Label; procedures for issuance; certification; requirements.--No dealer shall sell or offer for sale in this state any new mobile home manufactured after January 1, 1968, unless the mobile home bears a label and the certification by the manufacturer that the mobile home to which the label is attached meets or exceeds the appropriate code. Any mobile home bearing the insignia of approval pursuant to this section complies with all local government ordinances or rules which govern construction, and no mobile home bearing such insignia may be altered or modified in any way except in compliance with sections 3 through 35 of this act and chapter 320, Florida Statutes. Labels may be issued by

that the dealer or manufacturer applying will not attach a 2 label to any new mobile home that does not meet or exceed the appropriate code. No mobile home may be manufactured in this 3 4 state unless it bears a label and certification that the mobile home meets or exceeds the code. The label for each 5 6 mobile home shall be displayed in a manner to be prescribed by 7 the department. 8 Section 18. Onsite inspection. --9 (1) Each county or municipality in this state is 10 responsible for the onsite inspection of each mobile home installation located within the jurisdiction of such entity. 11 12 The onsite inspection shall ensure compliance with the uniform 13 installation standards in section 22 of this act, department rules to implement section 22 of this act, chapter 320, 14 Florida Statutes, and rules of the Department of Highway 15 Safety and Motor Vehicles. 16 (2) Each county or municipality may designate the 18 persons who are to perform the onsite inspection. If a county or municipality does not so designate, the department shall 19 2.0 designate the persons who are to perform the onsite 21 inspection. A person may not be designated to perform onsite 2.2 inspections unless that person is competent in the area of 23 mobile home installation. (3) The county or municipality issuing a permit for 2.4 the installation of a mobile home shall issue such permit only 2.5 to a licensed mobile home installer or to a licensed mobile 2.6 2.7 home dealer or manufactured home owner if the dealer or owner 2.8 demonstrates on the face of the application that a licensed installer will be performing the actual work. In the case of 29 issuance to an owner, the permit must reflect the name and the 30

1	(4) Pursuant to the onsite inspection, each mobile
2	home shall be issued a certificate of occupancy if the mobile
3	home complies with department rules regarding the installation
4	of mobile homes.
5	(5) Fees for onsite inspections and certificates of
6	occupancy of mobile homes shall be reasonable for the services
7	performed. A quideline for fee schedules shall be issued by
8	the department.
9	(6) The department shall enforce this section and the
10	rules adopted pursuant to this section, except that local land
11	use and zoning requirements, fire zones, building setback and
12	side and rear yard requirements, site development and property
13	line requirements, subdivision control, and onsite
14	installation inspection requirements, as well as review and
15	regulation of architectural and aesthetic requirements, are
16	specifically and entirely reserved to local jurisdictions.
17	However, any architectural or aesthetic requirement imposed on
18	the mobile home structure itself may pertain only to roofing
19	and siding materials. Such local requirements and regulations
20	for manufactured homes must be reasonable, uniformly applied,
21	and enforced without distinctions as to whether such housing
22	is manufactured, located in a mobile home park or a mobile
23	home subdivision, or built in a conventional manner. A local
24	jurisdiction may not prohibit the siting or resiting of used
25	mobile homes based solely on the date the unit was
26	manufactured.
27	Section 19. Reciprocity If any other state has codes
28	for mobile homes at least equal to those established by
29	chapter 320, Florida Statutes, and sections 3 through 35 of
30	this act, the department, upon determining that such standards
31	are being enforced by an independent inspection agency, shall

place the other state on a reciprocity list, which list shall be available to any interested person. Any mobile home that 2 bears a seal of any state that has been placed on the 3 4 reciprocity list is not required to bear the seal of this 5 state. A mobile home that does not bear the label as provided 6 in this section may not be manufactured, or offered for sale 7 by a manufacturer or dealer, in this state unless the mobile 8 home is designated for delivery into another state that has not adopted a code entitling the state to be placed on the 9 10 reciprocity list. Section 20. Penalties.--11 12 (1) Whoever violates a provision of the National 13 Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C. ss. 5401 et seq., or of a rule, regulation, or 14 final order issued pursuant to that act is liable for a civil 15 penalty not to exceed \$1,000 for each such violation. Each 16 violation of such a provision constitutes a separate violation 18 with respect to each mobile home or with respect to each failure or refusal to allow or perform an act required by such 19 provision. The maximum civil penalty may not exceed \$1 million 2.0 21 for any related series of violations occurring within 1 year 2.2 following the date of the first violation. 23 (2) Any individual, or a director, officer, or agent of a corporation, who knowingly and willfully violates s. 610 2.4 of the National Mobile Home Construction and Safety Standards 2.5 Act of 1974 in a manner that threatens the health or safety of 2.6 27 any purchaser commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, 2.8 punishable as provided in section 775.082 or section 775.083, 29 Florida Statutes. 30 (3) Any manufacturer, dealer, or inspector who

violates a provision of sections 8 through 33 of this act or

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rules adopted by the department to implement such sections 2 commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in section 775.082 or section 775.083, Florida 3 4 Statutes, provided such violation is not also a violation of the National Mobile Home Construction and Safety Standards Act 5 of 1974 or any rule, regulation, or final order issued 6 7 thereunder. 8 Section 21. Legislative intent. -- Nothing in sections 3 through 35 of this act shall act to nullify or supersede 9 10 chapter 527, Florida Statutes. Section 22. Mobile homes; uniform installation 11 12 standards; injunctions; penalty. --13 (1) The department shall adopt rules establishing uniform standards for the installation of mobile homes and for 14 the manufacture of components, products, or systems used in 15 the installation of mobile homes. The rules must ensure that 16 each home is installed on a permanent foundation that resists 18 wind, flood, flotation, overturning, sliding, and lateral movement of the home. No entity, other than the department, 19 has authority to amend these uniform standards. The owner of 2.0 21 the mobile home is responsible for the installation in 2.2 accordance with department rules. 23 (2)(a) Persons licensed in this state to engage in the business of insuring mobile homes that are subject to this 2.4 25 section against damage from windstorm shall issue such insurance only if the mobile home has been installed in 2.6 27 accordance with sections 3 through 33 of this act, department 2.8 rules to implement those sections, chapter 320, Florida Statutes, and rules of the Department of Highway Safety and 29 30 Motor Vehicles.

(b) If a mobile home is insured against damage caused 2 by windstorm and subsequently sustains windstorm damage of a nature that indicates that the home was not installed in the 3 4 manner required by sections 3 through 33 of this act, department rules to implement those sections, chapter 320, 5 6 Florida Statutes, and rules of the Department of Highway 7 Safety and Motor Vehicles, the person issuing the policy shall 8 not be relieved from meeting the obligations specified in the insurance policy with respect to such damage on the basis that 9 10 the mobile home was not properly installed. (3) If a person or entity engages in this state in the 11 12 business of mobile home installation, or in the business of 13 manufacturing components, products, or systems used in the installation of mobile homes, in a manner that is not in 14 accordance with the uniform standards set by the department, a 15 person or entity aggrieved thereby may bring an action in the 16 appropriate court for actual damages. In addition, the court 18 may provide appropriate equitable relief, including the enjoining of a violator from engaging in the business or from 19 committing further violations. If the court finds that a 2.0 21 willful violation has occurred, the court shall award punitive damages to the aggrieved party. The losing party may be liable 2.2 23 for court costs and reasonable attorney's fees incurred by the 2.4 prevailing party. (4) In addition to other penalties provided in this 2.5 section, the department or the state attorneys and their 26 27 assistants may apply to the circuit courts within their 2.8 respective jurisdictions, and such courts shall have jurisdiction, upon hearing and for cause shown, to grant 29 temporary or permanent injunctions restraining any person or 30 entity engaging in the business of mobile home installation,

Т	or the manufacturing of components, products, or systems used
2	in the installation of mobile homes, from installing such
3	homes or manufacturing or selling such components, products,
4	or systems in a manner not in accordance with the uniform
5	standards established by the department or restraining any
6	persons in the business of installing such components,
7	products, or systems from using devices that do not meet the
8	uniform standards set by the department or from installing
9	such components, products, or systems in a manner not in
10	accordance with such uniform standards, whether or not there
11	exists an adequate remedy at law, and such injunctions shall
12	issue without bond.
13	(5) This section applies only to a mobile home that is
14	being used as a dwelling place and that is located on a
15	particular location for a period of time exceeding 14 days.
16	Section 23. Retention, destruction, and reproduction
17	of records; electronic retention Records and documents of
18	the department, created in compliance with, and in the
19	implementation of, sections 3 through 35 of this act shall be
20	retained by the department as specified in record-retention
21	schedules established under chapter 119, Florida Statutes.
22	Further, the department may:
23	(1) Destroy, or otherwise dispose of, those records
24	and documents, in conformity with the approved retention
25	schedules.
26	(2) Photograph, microphotograph, or reproduce on film,
27	as authorized and directed by the approved retention
28	schedules, whereby each page will be exposed in exact
29	conformity with the original records and documents retained in
30	compliance with this section. Photographs or microphotographs
31	in the form of film or print of any records, made in

compliance with this section, have the same force and effect 2 as the originals thereof would have and shall be treated as originals for the purpose of their admissibility in evidence. 3 4 Duly certified or authenticated reproductions of such photographs or microphotographs shall be admitted in evidence 5 6 equally with the original photographs or microphotographs. 7 (3) Maintain all records required or obtained in 8 compliance with, and in the implementation of, sections 3 9 through 35 of this act exclusively by electronic means. 10 Section 24. Disclosure of manner used in determining length of mobile homes. -- When the length of the coupling 11 12 mechanism is included in the overall length of a mobile home, 13 any person who engages in the trade or commerce of selling mobile homes must disclose in writing to the buyer, before the 14 buyer signs a contract for sale, that the length of the 15 coupling mechanism has been included in the length of the 16 mobile home. Any advertisement or other communication that 18 describes a mobile home in terms of its length or width must conform to the requirements of this section. 19 2.0 Section 25. Purpose. -- It is the intent of the 21 Legislature to ensure the safety and welfare of residents of mobile homes through an inspection program conducted by the 2.2 23 department. Mobile homes are a primary affordable housing resource of many of the residents of the state and satisfy a 2.4 large segment of statewide housing needs. It is the further 2.5 intent of the Legislature that the department, mobile home 2.6 2.7 dealers, and mobile home manufacturers work together to meet 2.8 the applicable code requirements for mobile homes and that such dealers and manufacturers share the responsibilities of 29 30 warranting mobile homes in accordance with applicable codes 31

and resolving legitimate consumer complaints in a timely, 2 efficient manner. 3 Section 26. New mobile home warranties. -- Each 4 manufacturer, dealer, installer, and supplier of mobile homes 5 shall warrant each new mobile home sold in this state and the 6 setup of each such mobile home, in accordance with the 7 warranty requirements prescribed by this section, for a period of at least 12 months, measured from the date of delivery of 8 the mobile home to the buyer in the case of a manufacturer or 9 10 dealer, or from the date of receipt of a certificate of occupancy in the case of an installer. The warranty 11 12 requirements of each manufacturer, dealer, installer, and 13 supplier of such mobile homes are as follows: (1) The manufacturer warrants: 14 (a) For a mobile home, that all structural elements; 15 plumbing systems; heating, cooling, and fuel-burning systems; 16 17 electrical systems; fire-prevention systems; and any other 18 components or conditions included by the manufacturer are free from substantial defect. 19 (b) That 100-ampere electrical service exists in the 2.0 21 mobile home. 22 (2) The dealer warrants: 23 (a) That any modifications or alterations made to the mobile home by the dealer or authorized by the dealer shall be 2.4 25 free from substantial defect. Alterations or modifications made by a dealer shall relieve the manufacturer of warranty 26 2.7 responsibility only as to the item altered or modified. 28 (b) That setup operations performed on the mobile home are performed in compliance with section 22 of this act. 29 30 31

(c) That substantial defects do not occur to the 2 mobile home during setup or by transporting it to the 3 occupancy site. 4 When the setup of a mobile home is performed by a person who 5 6 is not an employee or agent of the mobile home manufacturer or dealer and is not compensated or authorized by, or connected 8 with, such manufacturer or dealer, the warranty responsibility of the manufacturer or dealer as to setup is limited to 9 10 transporting the mobile home to the occupancy site free from substantial defect. 11 12 (3) The installer warrants that the setup operations 13 performed on the mobile home are performed in compliance with section 22 of this act and department rules governing the 14 15 installation. 16 (4) The supplier warrants that any warranties generally offered in the ordinary sale of his or her product 18 to consumers shall be extended to buyers of mobile homes. When no warranty is extended by suppliers, the manufacturer 19 shall assume warranty responsibility for that component. 2.0 21 (5) The department may adopt rules under chapter 120, 2.2 Florida Statutes, to resolve disputes that may arise among the 23 mobile home manufacturer, dealer, installer, or supplier. Those rules must comply with the dispute-resolution process as 2.4 set forth in the federal Manufactured Housing Improvement Act. 2.5 Section 27. Presenting warranty claim. -- The claim in 26 27 writing, stating the substance of the warranty defect, may be 2.8 presented to the manufacturer, dealer, or supplier. When the person notified is not the responsible party he or she shall 29 inform the claimant and shall notify the responsible party of 30 the warranty claim immediately. 31

1	Section 28. Warranty service
2	(1) When a service agreement exists between
3	manufacturers, dealers, and suppliers to provide warranty
4	service, the agreement may specify which party is to remedy
5	warranty defects. However, when a warranty defect is not
6	properly remedied, the responsible party, as determined
7	pursuant to section 26 of this act, is responsible for
8	providing warranty service.
9	(2) When no service agreement exists for warranty
10	service, the responsible party, as designated by section 26 of
11	this act, is responsible for remedying the warranty defect.
12	(3) The defect shall be remedied within 30 days after
13	receipt of the written notification of the warranty claim
14	unless the claim is unreasonable or bona fide reasons exist
15	for not remedying the defect. When sufficient reasons exist
16	for not remedying the defect or the claim is unreasonable, the
17	responsible party shall respond to the claimant in writing
18	with its reasons for not promptly remedying the defect and
19	what further action is contemplated by the responsible party.
20	(4) When the person remedying the defect is not the
21	responsible party as designated by section 26 of this act he
22	or she is entitled to reasonable compensation paid to him or
23	her by the responsible party. Conduct that coerces or requires
24	a nonresponsible party to perform warranty service is a
25	violation of this section.
26	(5) Warranty service shall be performed at the site at
27	which the mobile home is initially delivered to the buyer,
28	except for components that can be removed for service without
29	substantial expense or inconvenience to the buyer.
30	Section 29. <u>Civil actionNotwithstanding the</u>
31	existence of other remedies, a buyer may bring a civil suit

1	for damages against a responsible party who fails to
2	satisfactorily resolve a warranty claim. Damages shall be the
3	actual costs of remedying the defect. Court costs and
4	reasonable attorney's fees may be awarded to the prevailing
5	party. When the court finds that failure to honor warranty
6	claims is a consistent pattern of conduct of the responsible
7	party, or that the defect is so severe as to significantly
8	impair the safety of the mobile home, it may assess punitive
9	damages against the responsible party.
10	Section 30. <u>Cumulative remediesThe warranty</u>
11	provisions in sections 25 through 29 of this act are in
12	addition to, and not in derogation of, any other rights and
13	privileges that the buyer may have under any other law or
14	instrument. The manufacturer, dealer, or supplier may not
15	require the buyer to waive his or her rights under sections 3
16	through 35 of this act or any other rights under law. Any
17	such waiver shall be deemed contrary to public policy and
18	unenforceable and void.
19	Section 31. Liquidated damages The retail seller of
20	a mobile home may, in the absence of an express provision in
21	the sales contract stipulating reasonable liquidated damages
22	or retention of a down payment or deposit if the buyer fails
23	to accept delivery of a mobile home, retain maximum damages
24	according to the following terms:
25	(1) If the mobile home is in the seller's stock and
26	not specially ordered from the manufacturer for the buyer, the
27	maximum retention shall be \$50.
28	(2) If the mobile home is a single-wide and specially
29	ordered from the manufacturer for the buyer, the maximum
30	retention shall be \$350.

1	(3) If the mobile home is larger than a single-wide
2	and specially ordered for the buyer from the manufacturer, the
3	maximum retention shall be \$700.
4	Section 32. <u>Inspection of records; production of</u>
5	evidence; subpoena power
6	(1) The department may inspect the pertinent books,
7	records, letters, and contracts of any licensee, whether
8	dealer or manufacturer, relating to any written complaint made
9	to it against such licensee.
10	(2) The department may exercise the power of subpoena
11	for the attendance of witnesses and the production of any
12	documentary evidence necessary to the disposition by it of any
13	written complaint against any licensee, whether dealer or
14	manufacturer.
15	Section 33. Denial, suspension, or revocation of
16	license held by firms or corporationsIf an applicant or
17	licensee is a firm, partnership, or corporation, it is
18	sufficient cause to deny, suspend, or revoke a license
19	provided for in sections 3 through 35 of this act if an
20	officer, director, or trustee of the firm or corporation, or
21	any member of a partnership, has committed an act or omission
22	which would be cause for denying, suspending, or revoking a
23	license to such party as an individual. Each licensee under
24	sections 3 through 35 of this act is responsible for these
25	acts of its employees which are undertaken as the agent of the
26	licensee if the licensee approved of, or had knowledge of, the
27	acts or other similar acts and, after such approval or
28	knowledge, retained the benefits, proceeds, profits, or
29	advantages accruing from, or otherwise ratified, the acts.
30	Section 34. Maintenance of records by the
31	departmentBeginning December 1, 2005, the department shall

maintain electronic records of all complaints filed against 2 licensees licensed under sections 6 and 9 of this act, notwithstanding any other provision of sections 3 through 35 3 4 of this act. The records shall contain all enforcement actions taken against licensees and against unlicensed persons acting 5 6 in a capacity that would require them to be licensed under 7 those sections. The electronic file of each licensee and unlicensed person shall contain a record of any complaints 8 filed against him or her and a record of any enforcement 9 10 actions taken against him or her. The complainant and the referring agency, if there is one, shall be advised of the 11 12 disposition by the department of the complaint within 10 days 13 after such action. Section 35. Transactions by electronic or telephonic 14 means. -- The department may accept any application provided for 15 under sections 3 through 35 of this act by electronic or 16 telephonic means. 18 Section 36. Subsection (7) is added to section 20.18, Florida Statutes, to read: 19 20.18 Department of Community Affairs.--There is 2.0 21 created a Department of Community Affairs. 22 (7) The role of state government required by sections 23 3-35 of this act is the responsibility of the Department of Community Affairs and the department is the agency of state 2.4 government responsible for the state's role in the 2.5 installation of mobile homes to such an extent that the 26 2.7 residents of this state are as safe as possible with respect 2.8 to destructive weather. Section 37. Section 205.193, Florida Statutes, is 29 30 amended to read:

205.193 Mobile home setup operations; local license 2 prohibited; exception. -- No county, municipality, or other unit of local government may require a duly licensed mobile home 3 dealer or a duly licensed mobile home manufacturer, or an 4 employee of such dealer or manufacturer, who performs setup 5 operations as defined in section 8 of this act or in s. 7 320.822 to be licensed to engage in such operations. However, 8 such dealer or manufacturer shall be required to obtain a local occupational license for his or her permanent business 9 location or branch office, which license shall not require for 10 its issuance any conditions other than those required by 11 12 chapter 320 or sections 3-35 of this act. 13 Section 38. Subsection (3) of section 319.001, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 14 319.001 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the 15 16 term: 17 (3) "Licensed dealer," unless otherwise specifically 18 provided, means a motor vehicle dealer licensed under s. 320.27, a mobile home dealer licensed under section 6 of this 19 act s. 320.77, or a recreational vehicle dealer licensed under 20 21 s. 320.771. 22 Section 39. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 23 320.131, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 320.131 Temporary tags.--2.4 (1) The department is authorized and empowered to 25 design, issue, and regulate the use of temporary tags to be 26 27 designated "temporary tags" for use in the following cases: 2.8 (d) For banks, credit unions, and other financial institutions which are not required to be licensed under 29 30 section 6 of this act, the provisions of s. 320.27, s. 320.77, 31

or s. 320.771, but need temporary tags for the purpose of demonstrating repossessions for sale.

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Further, the department is authorized to disallow the purchase of temporary tags by licensed dealers, common carriers, or financial institutions in those cases where abuse has occurred.

Section 40. Subsection (9) of section 320.27, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.27 Motor vehicle dealers.--

- (9) DENIAL, SUSPENSION, OR REVOCATION. --
- (a) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke any license issued hereunder or under the provisions of s. 320.77 or s. 320.771, upon proof that a licensee has committed any of the following activities:
- 1. Commission of fraud or willful misrepresentation in application for or in obtaining a license.
 - 2. Conviction of a felony.
- 3. Failure to honor a bank draft or check given to a motor vehicle dealer for the purchase of a motor vehicle by another motor vehicle dealer within 10 days after notification that the bank draft or check has been dishonored. If the transaction is disputed, the maker of the bank draft or check shall post a bond in accordance with the provisions of s. 559.917, and no proceeding for revocation or suspension shall be commenced until the dispute is resolved.
- (b) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke any license issued hereunder or under the provisions of s. 320.77 or s. 320.771 upon proof that a licensee has committed, with sufficient frequency so as to establish a pattern of

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wrongdoing on the part of a licensee, violations of one or more of the following activities:

- 1. Representation that a demonstrator is a new motor vehicle, or the attempt to sell or the sale of a demonstrator as a new motor vehicle without written notice to the purchaser that the vehicle is a demonstrator. For the purposes of this section, a "demonstrator," a "new motor vehicle," and a "used motor vehicle" shall be defined as under s. 320.60.
- 2. Unjustifiable refusal to comply with a licensee's responsibility under the terms of the new motor vehicle warranty issued by its respective manufacturer, distributor, or importer. However, if such refusal is at the direction of the manufacturer, distributor, or importer, such refusal shall not be a ground under this section.
- 3. Misrepresentation or false, deceptive, or misleading statements with regard to the sale or financing of motor vehicles which any motor vehicle dealer has, or causes to have, advertised, printed, displayed, published, distributed, broadcast, televised, or made in any manner with regard to the sale or financing of motor vehicles.
- 4. Failure by any motor vehicle dealer to provide a customer or purchaser with an odometer disclosure statement and a copy of any bona fide written, executed sales contract or agreement of purchase connected with the purchase of the motor vehicle purchased by the customer or purchaser.
- 5. Failure of any motor vehicle dealer to comply with the terms of any bona fide written, executed agreement, pursuant to the sale of a motor vehicle.
- 6. Failure to apply for transfer of a title as prescribed in s. 319.23(6).

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- 7. Use of the dealer license identification number by any person other than the licensed dealer or his or her designee.
- 8. Failure to continually meet the requirements of the licensure law.
- 9. Representation to a customer or any advertisement to the public representing or suggesting that a motor vehicle is a new motor vehicle if such vehicle lawfully cannot be titled in the name of the customer or other member of the public by the seller using a manufacturer's statement of origin as permitted in s. 319.23(1).
- 10. Requirement by any motor vehicle dealer that a customer or purchaser accept equipment on his or her motor vehicle which was not ordered by the customer or purchaser.
- 11. Requirement by any motor vehicle dealer that any customer or purchaser finance a motor vehicle with a specific financial institution or company.
- 12. Requirement by any motor vehicle dealer that the purchaser of a motor vehicle contract with the dealer for physical damage insurance.
- 13. Perpetration of a fraud upon any person as a result of dealing in motor vehicles, including, without limitation, the misrepresentation to any person by the licensee of the licensee's relationship to any manufacturer, importer, or distributor.
- 26 14. Violation of any of the provisions of s. 319.35 by 27 any motor vehicle dealer.
 - 15. Sale by a motor vehicle dealer of a vehicle offered in trade by a customer prior to consummation of the sale, exchange, or transfer of a newly acquired vehicle to the customer, unless the customer provides written authorization

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for the sale of the trade-in vehicle prior to delivery of the newly acquired vehicle.

- 16. Willful failure to comply with \underline{a} any administrative rule adopted by the department.
- 17. Violation of chapter 319, this chapter, or ss. 559.901-559.9221, which has to do with dealing in or repairing motor vehicles or mobile homes. Additionally, in the case of used motor vehicles, the willful violation of the federal law and rule in 15 U.S.C. s. 2304, 16 C.F.R. part 455, pertaining to the consumer sales window form.
- (c) When a motor vehicle dealer is convicted of a crime which results in his or her being prohibited from continuing in that capacity, the dealer may not continue in any capacity within the industry. The offender shall have no financial interest, management, sales, or other role in the operation of a dealership. Further, the offender may not derive income from the dealership beyond reasonable compensation for the sale of his or her ownership interest in the business.
- Section 41. Section 320.28, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- vehicles <u>or</u>, recreational vehicles, <u>or mobile homes</u>.--Every dealer in used or secondhand motor vehicles <u>or</u>, recreational vehicles, <u>or mobile homes</u> who is a nonresident of the state, does not have a permanent place of business in this state, and has not qualified as a dealer under the provisions of ss. 320.27, 320.77, and 320.771, and any person other than a dealer qualified under the provisions of said ss. 320.27, 320.77, and 320.771, who brings any used or secondhand motor vehicle <u>or</u>, recreational vehicle, <u>or mobile home</u> into the

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state for the purpose of sale, except to a dealer licensed under the provisions of ss. 320.27, 320.77, and 320.771, shall, at least 10 days prior to the sale of said vehicle, the offering of said vehicle for sale, or the advertising of said vehicle for sale, make and file with the department the official application for a certificate of title for said vehicle as provided by law. Any person who has had one or more transactions involving the sale of three or more used or secondhand motor vehicles or, recreational vehicles, or mobile homes in Florida during any 12-month period shall be deemed to be a secondhand dealer in motor vehicles or, recreational vehicles, or mobile homes.

Section 42. Subsection (1) of section 320.71, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.71 Nonresident motor vehicle, mobile home, or recreational vehicle dealer's license.--

(1) Any person who is a nonresident of the state, who does not have a dealer's contract from the manufacturer or manufacturer's distributor of motor vehicles, mobile homes, or recreational vehicles authorizing the sale thereof in definite Florida territory, and who sells or engages in the business of selling said vehicles at retail within the state shall register with the Department of Revenue for a sales tax dealer registration number and comply with chapter 212, and pay a license tax of \$2,000 per annum in each county where such sales are made; \$1,250 of said tax shall be transmitted to the Department of Financial Services to be deposited in the General Revenue Fund of the state, and \$750 thereof shall be returned to the county. The license tax shall cover the period from January 1 to the following December 31, and no

such license shall be issued for any fractional part of a 2 year. 3 Section 43. Section 320.77, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 4 5 Section 44. Subsections (8) and (11) of section 320.771, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 7 320.771 License required of recreational vehicle dealers.--8 9 (8) LICENSE ENDORSEMENT. -- Any mobile home dealer 10 licensed pursuant to section 6 of this act s. 320.77, may apply to the department for authority to sell recreational 11 12 vehicles. The mobile home dealer shall file an application 13 required by this section and shall be governed by the licensing provisions contained herein. No additional license 14 fees or bond shall be required for issuance of this 15 endorsement to the mobile home dealer's license. 16 17 (11) SETUP OPERATIONS. -- Each licensee may perform 18 setup operations only as defined in section 8 of this act s. 320.822, and the department shall provide by rule for the 19 uniform application of all existing statutory provisions 20 21 relating to licensing and setup operations. 22 Section 45. Section 320.781, Florida Statutes, is 23 amended to read: 320.781 Mobile Home and Recreational Vehicle 2.4 Protection Trust Fund. --2.5 (1) There is hereby established a Mobile Home and 26 27 Recreational Vehicle Protection Trust Fund. The trust fund 2.8 shall be administered and managed by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles. The expenses incurred by the 29 department in administering this section shall be paid only 30 from appropriations made from the trust fund.

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- (2) Beginning October 1, 1990, the department shall charge and collect an additional fee of \$1 for each new mobile home and new recreational vehicle title transaction for which it charges a fee. Beginning July 31, 2005, the This additional fee collected for mobile homes shall be deposited into the operating trust fund of the Department of Community Affairs for the purposes specified in section 8 of this act. The additional fee collected for recreational vehicles shall be deposited into the Recreational Vehicle Trust Fund. The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall charge a fee of \$40 per annual recreational vehicle dealer and manufacturer license and license renewal, which shall be deposited into the <u>Recreational Vehicle</u> Trust Fund. The sums deposited in the <u>Recreational Vehicle</u> Trust Fund shall be used exclusively for carrying out the purposes of this section. Such These sums may be invested and reinvested by the Chief Financial Officer under the same limitations as apply to investment of other state funds, with all interest from these investments deposited to the credit of the Recreational Vehicle Trust Fund.
- (3) The <u>Recreational Vehicle</u> Trust Fund shall be used to satisfy any judgment by any person, as provided by this section, against a <u>mobile home or</u> recreational vehicle dealer or broker for damages, restitution, or expenses, including reasonable attorney's fees, resulting from a cause of action directly related to the conditions of any written contract made by him or her in connection with the sale, exchange, or improvement of <u>a any mobile home or</u> recreational vehicle, or for any violation of chapter 319 or this chapter.
- (4) The <u>Recreational Vehicle</u> Trust Fund shall not be liable for any judgment, or part thereof, resulting from any

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tort claim except as expressly provided in subsection (3), nor for any punitive, exemplary, double, or treble damages. A person, the state, or any political subdivision thereof may recover against the mobile home or recreational vehicle dealer, broker, or surety, jointly and severally, for such damages, restitution, or expenses; provided, however, that in no event shall the trust fund or the surety be liable for an amount in excess of actual damages, restitution, or expenses.

- (5) Subject to the limitations and requirements of this section, the <u>Recreational Vehicle</u> Trust Fund shall be used by the department to compensate persons who have unsatisfied judgments, or in certain limited circumstances unsatisfied claims, against a <u>mobile home or</u> recreational vehicle dealer or broker in one of the following situations:
- (a) The claimant has obtained a final judgment which is unsatisfied against the mobile home or recreational vehicle dealer or broker or its surety jointly and severally, or against the mobile home dealer or broker only, if the court found that the surety was not liable due to prior payment of valid claims against the bond in an amount equal to, or greater than, the face amount of the applicable bond.
- (b) The claimant has obtained a judgment against the surety of the mobile home or recreational vehicle dealer or broker that is unsatisfied.
- (c) The claimant has alleged a claim against the mobile home or recreational vehicle dealer or broker in a lawsuit which has been stayed or discharged as a result of the filing for reorganization or discharge in bankruptcy by the dealer or broker, and judgment against the surety is not possible because of the bankruptcy or liquidation of the surety, or because the surety has been found by a court of

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competent jurisdiction not to be liable due to prior payment of valid claims against the bond in an amount equal to, or greater than, the face amount of the applicable bond.

- (6) In order to recover from the <u>Recreational Vehicle</u>
 Trust Fund, the person must file an application and verified claim with the department.
- (a) If the claimant has obtained a judgment which is unsatisfied against the mobile home or recreational vehicle dealer or broker or its surety as set forth in this section, the verified claim must specify the following:
- 1.a. That the judgment against the $\frac{\text{mobile home or}}{\text{recreational vehicle dealer or broker and its surety has been entered; or}$
- b. That the judgment against the mobile home or recreational vehicle dealer or broker contains a specific finding that the surety has no liability, that execution has been returned unsatisfied, and that a judgment lien has been perfected;
- 2. The amount of actual damages broken down by category as awarded by the court or jury in the cause which resulted in the unsatisfied judgment, and the amount of attorney's fees set forth in the unsatisfied judgment;
- 3. The amount of payment or other consideration received, if any, from the mobile home or recreational vehicle dealer or broker or its surety;
- 4. The amount that may be realized, if any, from the sale of real or personal property or other assets of the judgment debtor liable to be sold or applied in satisfaction of the judgment and the balance remaining due on the judgment after application of the amount which has been realized and a

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certification that the claimant has made a good faith effort to collect the judgment; and

- 5. Such other information as the department requires.
- (b) If the claimant has alleged a claim as set forth in paragraph (5)(c) and for the reasons set forth therein has not been able to secure a judgment, the verified claim must contain the following:
- 1. A true copy of the pleadings in the lawsuit which was stayed or discharged by the bankruptcy court and the order of the bankruptcy court staying those proceedings;
- 2. Allegations of the acts or omissions by the mobile home or recreational vehicle dealer or broker setting forth the specific acts or omissions complained of which resulted in actual damage to the person, along with the actual dollar amount necessary to reimburse or compensate the person for costs or expenses resulting from the acts or omissions of which the person complained;
- 3. True copies of all purchase agreements, notices, service or repair orders or papers or documents of any kind whatsoever which the person received in connection with the purchase, exchange, or lease-purchase of the mobile home or recreational vehicle from which the person's cause of action arises; and
 - 4. Such other information as the department requires.
- (c) The department may require such proof as it deems necessary to document the matters set forth in the claim.
- (7) Within 90 days after receipt of the application and verified claim, the department shall issue its determination on the claim. Such determination shall not be subject to the provisions of chapter 120, but shall be reviewable only by writ of certiorari in the circuit court in

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the county in which the claimant resides in the manner and within the time provided by the Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure. The claim must be paid within 45 days after the determination, or, if judicial review is sought, within 45 days after the review becomes final. A person may not be paid an amount from the fund in excess of \$25,000 per mobile home or recreational vehicle. Prior to payment, the person must execute an assignment to the department of all the person's rights and title to, and interest in, the unsatisfied judgment and judgment lien or the claim against the dealer or broker and its surety.

- (8) The department, in its discretion and where feasible, may try to recover from the mobile home or recreational vehicle dealer or broker, or the judgment debtor or its surety, all sums paid to persons from the Recreational Vehicle Trust Fund. Any sums recovered shall be deposited to the credit of such the trust fund. The department shall be awarded a reasonable attorney's fee for all actions taken to recover any sums paid to persons from such the trust fund pursuant to this section.
- (9) This section does not apply to any claim, and a person may not recover against the <u>Recreational Vehicle</u> Trust Fund as the result of any claim, against a <u>mobile home or</u> recreational vehicle dealer or broker resulting from a cause of action directly related to the sale, lease-purchase, exchange, brokerage, or installation of a <u>mobile home or</u> recreational vehicle prior to October 1, 1990.
- (10) Neither the department, nor the <u>Recreational</u> <u>Vehicle</u> Trust Fund shall be liable to any person for recovery if the trust fund does not have the moneys necessary to pay amounts claimed. If $\underline{\text{such}}$ the trust fund does not have

sufficient assets to pay the claimant, it shall log the time and date of its determination for payment to a claimant. If moneys become available, the department shall pay the claimant whose unpaid claim is the earliest by time and date of determination.

Section 46. Section 320.822, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.822 Definitions; ss. 320.822-320.862.--In construing ss. 320.822-320.862, unless the context otherwise requires, the following words or phrases have the following meanings:

- (1) "Buyer" means a person who purchases at retail from a dealer or manufacturer a mobile home or recreational vehicle for his or her own use as a residence, or other related use.
- (2) "Code" means the appropriate standards found in:

 (a) The Federal Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards for single family mobile homes, promulgated by the Department of Housing and Urban Development;

(a)(b) The Uniform Standards Code approved by the American National Standards Institute, ANSI A-119.2 for recreational vehicles and ANSI A-119.5 for park trailers or the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development standard for park trailers certified as meeting that standard; or

(b)(c) The Mobile Home Repair and Remodeling Code and Used Recreational Vehicle Code.

(3) "Construction" means the minimum requirements for materials, products, equipment, and workmanship needed to assure that the mobile home or recreational vehicle will provide structural strength and rigidity; protection against

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corrosion, decay, and other similar destructive forces; resistance to the elements; and durability and economy of maintenance.

- (4) "Institute" means the United States of America Standards Institute.
- (5) "Length," for purposes of transportation only, means the distance from the extreme front of the mobile home or recreational vehicle, to the extreme rear, including the drawbar and coupling mechanism, but not including expandable features that do not project from the body during transportation.
- (6) "Length of a mobile home" means the distance from the exterior of the front wall (nearest to the drawbar and coupling mechanism) to the exterior of the rear wall (at the opposite end of the home) where such walls enclose living or other interior space and such distance includes expandable rooms but not bay windows, porches, drawbars, couplings, hitches, wall and roof extensions, or other attachments.
- (6)(7) "Licensee" means any person licensed or required to be licensed under s. 320.8225.
- (8) "Mobile home dealer" means any person engaged in the business of buying, selling, or dealing in mobile homes or offering or displaying mobile homes for sale. Any person who buys, sells, or deals in one or more mobile homes in any 12 month period or who offers or displays for sale one or more mobile homes in any 12 month period shall be prima facie presumed to be engaged in the business of a mobile home dealer. The terms "selling" and "sale" include lease purchase transactions. The term "mobile home dealer" does not include a bank, credit union, or finance company that acquires mobile homes as an incident to its regular business, does not include

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a mobile home rental or leasing company that sells mobile homes to mobile home dealers licensed under s. 320.77, and does not include persons who are selling their own mobile homes.

engaged in the business of buying, selling, or dealing in recreational vehicles or offering or displaying recreational vehicles for sale. The term "dealer" includes a recreational vehicle broker. Any person who buys, sells, deals in, or offers or displays for sale, or who acts as the agent for the sale of, one or more recreational vehicles in any 12-month period shall be prima facie presumed to be a dealer. The terms "selling" and "sale" include lease-purchase transactions. The term "dealer" does not include banks, credit unions, and finance companies that acquire recreational vehicles as an incident to their regular business and does not include mobile home rental and leasing companies that sell recreational vehicles to dealers licensed under s. 320.771.

(10) "Mobile home manufacturer" means any person, resident or nonresident, who, as a trade or commerce, manufactures or assembles mobile homes.

(8)(11) "Recreational vehicle manufacturer" means any person, resident or nonresident, who, as a trade or commerce, manufactures or assembles recreational vehicles or van-type vehicles in such manner that they then qualify as recreational vehicles, for sale in this state.

(9)(12) "Responsible party" means a manufacturer, dealer, or supplier.

(10)(13) "Seal" or "label" means a device issued by the department certifying that a mobile home or recreational vehicle meets the appropriate code, which device is to be

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displayed on the exterior of the mobile home or recreational vehicle.

(11)(14) "Setup" or "installation" means the operations performed at the occupancy site which render a mobile home or park trailer fit for habitation. Such operations include, but are not limited to, transporting; positioning; blocking; leveling, supporting, installing foundation products, components, and systems; connecting utility systems; making minor adjustments; or assembling multiple or expandable units.

(12)(15) "Substantial defect" means:

- (a) Any substantial deficiency or defect in materials or workmanship occurring to a mobile home or recreational vehicle which has been reasonably maintained and cared for in normal use.
- (b) Any structural element, utility system, or component of the mobile home or recreational vehicle, which fails to comply with the code.

(13)(16) "Supplier" means the original producer of completed components, including refrigerators, stoves, hot water heaters, dishwashers, cabinets, air conditioners, heating units, and similar components, which are furnished to a manufacturer or dealer for installation in the mobile home or recreational vehicle prior to sale to a buyer.

(17) "Width of a mobile home" means the distance from the exterior of one side wall to the exterior of the opposite side wall where such walls enclose living or other interior space and such distance includes expandable rooms but not bay windows, porches, wall and roof extensions, or other attachments.

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(14)(18) "Body size" of a park trailer, travel trailer, or fifth-wheel trailer means the distance from the exterior side or end to the opposite exterior side or end of the body. Such distance includes expandable rooms, bay windows, wall and roof extensions, or other extrusions in the travel mode. The following exceptions apply:

- (a) Travel trailers shall not exceed 320 square feet. All square footage measurements are of the exterior when in setup mode, including bay windows.
- (b) Park trailers constructed to ANSI A-119.5 shall not exceed 400 square feet. Park trailers constructed to the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development standard shall not exceed 500 square feet. All square footage measurements are of the exterior when in setup mode and do not include bay windows.
- (c) Fifth-wheel trailers may not exceed 400 square feet. All square footage measurements are of the exterior when in setup mode, including bay windows.

Section 47. Section 320.8225, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.8225 Mobile home and Recreational vehicle manufacturer's license.--

(1) LICENSE REQUIRED.--Any person who engages in the business of a mobile home or recreational vehicle manufacturer in this state, or who manufactures mobile homes or recreational vehicles out of state which are ultimately offered for sale in this state, shall obtain annually a license for each factory location in this state and for each factory location out of state which manufactures mobile homes or recreational vehicles for sale in this state, prior to

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distributing mobile homes or recreational vehicles for sale in this state.

- (2) APPLICATION.--The application for a license shall be in the form prescribed by the department and shall contain sufficient information to disclose the identity, location, and responsibility of the applicant. The application shall also include a copy of the warranty and a complete statement of any service agreement or policy to be utilized by the applicant, any information relating to the applicant's solvency and financial standing, and any other pertinent matter commensurate with safeguarding the public. The department may prescribe an abbreviated application for renewal of a license if the licensee had previously filed an initial application pursuant to this section. The application for renewal shall include any information necessary to bring current the information required in the initial application.
- (3) FEES.--Upon making initial application, the applicant shall pay to the department a fee of \$300. Upon making renewal application, the applicant shall pay to the department a fee of \$100. Any applicant for renewal who has failed to submit his or her renewal application by October 1 shall pay a renewal application fee equal to the original application fee. No fee is refundable. All fees shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- (4) NONRESIDENT.--Any person applying for a license who is not a resident of this state shall have designated an agent for service of process pursuant to s. 48.181.
 - (5) REQUIREMENT OF ASSURANCE. --
- (a) Annually, prior to the receipt of a license to manufacture mobile homes, the applicant or licensee shall submit a surety bond, cash bond, or letter of credit from a

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financial institution, or a proper continuation certificate, sufficient to assure satisfaction of claims against the licensee for failure to comply with appropriate code standards, failure to provide warranty service, or violation of any provisions of this section. The amount of the surety bond, cash bond, or letter of credit shall be \$50,000. Only one surety bond, cash bond, or letter of credit shall be required for each manufacturer, regardless of the number of factory locations. The surety bond, cash bond, or letter of credit shall be to the department, in favor of any retail customer who shall suffer loss arising out of noncompliance with code standards or failure to honor or provide warranty service. The department shall have the right to disapprove any bond or letter of credit that does not provide assurance as provided in this section.

(a)(b) Annually, prior to the receipt of a license to manufacture recreational vehicles, the applicant or licensee shall submit a surety bond, or a proper continuation certificate, sufficient to assure satisfaction of claims against the licensee for failure to comply with appropriate code standards, failure to provide warranty service, or violation of any provisions of this section. The amount of the surety bond shall be \$10,000 per year. The surety bond shall be to the department, in favor of any retail customer who shall suffer loss arising out of noncompliance with code standards or failure to honor or provide warranty service. The department shall have the right to disapprove any bond which does not provide assurance as provided in this section.

 $\underline{\text{(b)}(c)}$ The department shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 120 consistent with this section in providing assurance of satisfaction of claims.

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(c)(d) The department shall, upon denial, suspension, or revocation of any license, notify the surety company of the licensee, in writing, that the license has been denied, suspended, or revoked and shall state the reason for such denial, suspension, or revocation.

(d)(e) Any surety company which pays any claim against the bond of any licensee shall notify the department, in writing, that it has paid such a claim and shall state the amount of the claim.

<u>(e)(f)</u> Any surety company which cancels the bond of any licensee shall notify the department, in writing, of such cancellation, giving reason for the cancellation.

- or recreational vehicle manufacturer entitles the licensee to conduct the business of a mobile home or recreational vehicle manufacturer for a period of 1 year from October 1 preceding the date of issuance.
- (7) DENIAL OF LICENSE.--The department may deny a mobile home or recreational vehicle manufacturer's license on the ground that:
- 21 (a) The applicant has made a material misstatement in 22 his or her application for a license.
 - (b) The applicant has failed to comply with any applicable provision of this chapter.
 - (c) The applicant has failed to provide warranty service.
 - (d) The applicant or one or more of his or her principals or agents has violated any law, rule, or regulation relating to the manufacture or sale of mobile homes or recreational vehicles.

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- (e) The department has proof of unfitness of the applicant.
- (f) The applicant or licensee has engaged in previous conduct in any state which would have been a ground for revocation or suspension of a license in this state.
- (g) The applicant or licensee has violated the code, any of the provisions of the National Mobile Home Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, or any rule or regulation of the Department of Housing and Urban Development promulgated under that act thereunder.

Upon denial of a license, the department shall notify the applicant within 10 days, stating in writing its grounds for denial. The applicant is entitled to a public hearing and may request that such hearing be held within 45 days of denial of the license. All proceedings shall be pursuant to chapter 120.

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- department shall suspend or, in the case of a subsequent offense, shall revoke any license upon a finding that the licensee violated any provision of this chapter or any other law of this state regarding the manufacture, warranty, or sale of mobile homes or recreational vehicles. When any license has been revoked or suspended by the department, it may be reinstated if the department finds that the former licensee has complied with all applicable requirements of this chapter and an application for a license is refiled pursuant to this section.
- (9) CIVIL PENALTIES; PROCEDURE.--In addition to the exercise of other powers provided in this section, the department is authorized to assess, impose, levy, and collect

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by legal process a civil penalty, in an amount not to exceed \$1,000 for each violation, against any licensee if it finds that a licensee has violated any provision of this section or has violated any other law of this state having to do with dealing in motor vehicles. Any licensee shall be entitled to a hearing pursuant to chapter 120 should the licensee wish to contest the fine levied, or about to be levied, upon him or her.

Section 48. <u>Section 320.823</u>, <u>Florida Statutes</u>, is repealed.

Section 49. Section 320.8232, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.8232 Establishment of uniform standards for used recreational vehicles and repair and remodeling code for mobile homes.--

(1) Each used recreational vehicle manufactured after January 1, 1968, and sold or offered for sale in this state by a dealer or manufacturer shall meet the standards of the Used Recreational Vehicle Code. The provisions of said code shall ensure safe and livable housing and shall not be more stringent than those standards required to be met in the manufacture of recreational vehicles. Such provisions shall include, but not be limited to, standards for structural adequacy, plumbing, heating, electrical systems, and fire and life safety.

(2) The provisions of the repair and remodeling code shall ensure safe and livable housing and shall not be more stringent than those standards required to be met in the manufacture of mobile homes. Such provisions shall include, but not be limited to, standards for structural adequacy,

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void.

plumbing, heating, electrical systems, and fire and life 2 safety. 3 Section 50. Section 320.824, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 4 5 320.824 Changes and modifications of standards.--6 (1) The department may adopt by rule changes in, or additions to, the standards adopted in s. 320.823 or s. 8 320.82317 which are approved and officially published by the institute after July 1, 1967, or promulgated by the Department 9 of Housing and Urban Development after July 1, 1977 subsequent 10 to the effective date of this act. 11 12 (2) The department or its authorized agent may enter 13 any place or establishment where mobile homes are manufactured, sold, or offered for sale, for the purpose of 14 15 ascertaining whether the requirements of the code and the rules adopted by the department have been met. 16 17 Section 51. Section 320.8245, Florida Statutes, is 18 amended to read: 320.8245 Limitation of alteration or modification to 19 mobile homes or recreational vehicles. --2.0 21 (1) LIMITATION OF ALTERATIONS OR MODIFICATIONS. -- No alteration or modification shall be made to a mobile home or 23 recreational vehicle by a licensed dealer after shipment from the manufacturer's plant unless such alteration or 2.4 modification is authorized in this section. 2.5 (2) EFFECT ON MOBILE HOME WARRANTY. -- Unless an 26 27 alteration or modification is performed by a qualified person as defined in subsection (4), the warranty responsibility of

the manufacturer as to the altered or modified item shall be

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- (a) An alteration or modification performed by a mobile home or recreational vehicle dealer or his or her agent or employee shall place warranty responsibility for the altered or modified item upon the dealer. If the manufacturer fulfills, or is required to fulfill, the warranty on the altered or modified item, he or she shall be entitled to recover damages in the amount of his or her costs and attorneys' fees from the dealer.
- mobile home or recreational vehicle owner or his or her agent shall render the manufacturer's warranty as to that item void. A statement shall be displayed clearly and conspicuously on the face of the warranty that the warranty is void as to the altered or modified item if the alteration or modification is performed by other than a qualified person. Failure to display such statement shall result in warranty responsibility on the manufacturer.
- (3) AUTHORITY OF THE DEPARTMENT. The department is authorized to promulgate rules and regulations pursuant to chapter 120 which define the alterations or modifications which must be made by qualified personnel. The department may regulate only those alterations and modifications which substantially impair the structural integrity or safety of the mobile home.
 - (3)(4) DESIGNATION AS A QUALIFIED PERSON. --
- (a) In order to be designated as a person qualified to alter or modify a mobile home or recreational vehicle, a person must comply with local or county licensing or competency requirements in skills relevant to performing alterations or modifications on mobile homes or recreational vehicles.

1	(b) When no local or county licensing or competency
2	requirements exist, the department may certify persons to
3	perform mobile home alterations or modifications. The
4	department shall by rule or regulation determine what skills
5	and competency requirements are requisite to the issuance of a
6	certification. A fee sufficient to cover the costs of issuing
7	certifications may be charged by the department. The
8	certification shall be valid for a period which terminates
9	when the county or other local governmental unit enacts
10	relevant competency or licensing requirements. The
11	certification shall be valid only in counties or localities
12	without licensing or competency requirements.
13	(c) The department shall determine which counties and
14	localities have licensing or competency requirements adequate
15	to eliminate the requirement of certification. This
16	determination shall be based on a review of the relevant
17	county or local standards for adequacy in regulating persons
18	who perform alterations or modifications to mobile homes. The
19	department shall find local or county standards adequate when
20	minimal licensing or competency standards are provided.
21	Section 52. <u>Section 320.8249, Florida Statutes, is</u>
22	repealed.
23	Section 53. <u>Section 320.8251, Florida Statutes, is</u>
24	repealed.
25	Section 54. <u>Section 320.8255, Florida Statutes, is</u>
26	repealed.
27	Section 55. <u>Section 320.827, Florida Statutes, is</u>
28	repealed.
29	Section 56. Section 320.8285, Florida Statutes, is
30	amended to read:
31	320.8285 Onsite inspection

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- (1) Each county or municipality in this state shall be responsible for the onsite inspection of each <u>park trailer</u> mobile home installation located within the jurisdiction of such entity. The onsite inspection shall ensure compliance with the department's uniform installation standards set forth in this chapter and in department rules.
- (2) Each county or municipality may designate the persons who are to perform the onsite inspection. If a county or municipality does not so designate, the department shall designate the persons who are to perform the onsite inspection. A person may not be designated to perform onsite inspections unless that person is competent in the area of park trailer mobile home installation.
- (3) The county or municipality issuing a permit for the installation of a <u>park trailer mobile home</u> shall issue such permit only to a <u>licensed</u> mobile home installer <u>who is licensed under section 14 of this act, or to a licensed mobile home dealer who is licensed under section 6 of this act, or a <u>park trailer manufactured home</u> owner if <u>such the dealer or owner demonstrates on the face of the application that <u>such</u> a licensed <u>mobile home</u> installer will <u>perform be performing</u> the actual work. In the case of issuance to an owner, the permit must reflect the name and the license number of the licensed installer performing the work.</u></u>
- (4) Pursuant to the onsite inspection, each <u>park</u> <u>trailer</u> <u>mobile home</u> shall be issued a certificate of occupancy if the <u>park trailer installation</u> <u>mobile home</u> complies with department rules regarding the installation of <u>park trailers</u> <u>mobile homes</u>.
- (5) Fees for onsite inspections and certificates of occupancy of <u>park trailers</u> mobile homes shall be reasonable

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for the services performed. A guideline for fee schedules shall be issued by the department.

- (6) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall enforce every provision of this section and the rules adopted pursuant hereto, except that local land use and zoning requirements, fire zones, building setback and side and rear yard requirements, site development and property line requirements, subdivision control, and onsite installation inspection requirements, as well as review and regulation of architectural and aesthetic requirements, are hereby specifically and entirely reserved to local jurisdictions. However, any architectural or aesthetic requirement imposed on the park trailer mobile home structure itself may pertain only to roofing and siding materials. Such local requirements and regulations for park trailers manufactured homes must be reasonable, uniformly applied, and enforced without distinctions as to whether such housing is manufactured, located in a mobile home park or a mobile home subdivision, or built in a conventional manner. No local jurisdiction shall prohibit siting or resiting of used park trailers mobile homes based solely on the date the unit was manufactured.
- (7) Park trailers are subject to inspection in the same manner as are mobile homes pursuant to this section.

 Section 57. Section 320.830, Florida Statutes, is
- repealed.Section 58. Section 320.831, is amended to read:

320.831 Penalties.--

(1) Whoever violates <u>a</u> any provision of the National
Mobile Home Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, 42
U.S.C. ss. 5401 et seq., or <u>a rule</u>, regulation any rules,

regulations, or final order issued <u>under such act is</u>

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thereunder shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000 for each such violation. Each violation of <u>such</u> a provision <u>constitutes</u> of the act or any rule, regulation, or order issued thereunder shall constitute a separate violation with respect to each mobile home or with respect to each failure or refusal to allow or perform an act required <u>by the provision</u>. thereby, except that The maximum civil penalty may not exceed \$1 million for any related series of violations occurring within 1 year from the date of the first violation.

- (2) Any individual, or a director, officer, or agent of a corporation, who knowingly and willfully violates the provisions of s. 610 of the National Mobile Home Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974 in a manner which threatens the health or safety of any purchaser is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- violates or fails to comply with a provision of any of the provisions of ss. 320.822-320.862 or any of the rules adopted by the department commits is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, provided such violation is not also a violation of the National Mobile Home Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974 or any rule, regulation, or final order issued thereunder.

Section 59. Section 320.8325, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

28 320.8325 Mobile homes, manufactured homes, and Park 29 trailers; uniform installation standards; injunctions; 30 penalty.--

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- (1) The department shall adopt rules setting forth uniform standards for the installation of mobile homes, manufactured homes, and park trailers and for the manufacture of components, products, or systems used in the installation of mobile homes, manufactured homes, and park trailers. The rules shall ensure that the home or park trailer is installed on a permanent foundation that resists wind, flood, flotation, overturning, sliding, and lateral movement of the home or park trailer. No entity, other than the department, has authority to amend these uniform standards. The owner of the mobile home, manufactured home, or park trailer shall be responsible for the installation in accordance with department rules.
- (2)(a) Persons licensed in this state to engage in the business of insuring mobile homes, manufactured homes, or park trailers that are subject to the provisions of this section against damage from windstorm shall issue such insurance only if the mobile home, manufactured home, or park trailer has been installed in accordance with the requirements of this chapter and department rules.
- (b) If a mobile home, manufactured home, or park trailer is insured against damage caused by windstorm and subsequently sustains windstorm damage of a nature that indicates that the mobile home, manufactured home, or park trailer was not installed in the manner required by this chapter and department rules, the person issuing the policy shall not be relieved from meeting the obligations specified in the insurance policy with respect to such damage on the basis that the mobile home or park trailer was not properly installed.
- (3) <u>If</u> Whenever a person or entity that engages <u>in</u> this state in the business of <u>park trailer</u> manufactured

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housing installation or in the business of manufacturing components, products, or systems used in the installation of park trailers, in this state and does so in a manner that is not in accordance with the uniform standards set forth by the department, a person or entity aggrieved thereby may bring an action in the appropriate court for actual damages. In addition, the court may provide appropriate equitable relief, including the enjoining of a violator from engaging in the business or from committing engaging in further violations. If Whenever it is established to the satisfaction of the court finds that a willful violation has occurred, the court shall award punitive damages to the aggrieved party. The losing party may be liable for court costs and reasonable attorney's fees incurred by the prevailing party.

(4) In addition to other penalties provided in this section, the department or the state attorneys and their assistants are authorized to apply to the circuit courts within their respective jurisdictions, and such courts shall have jurisdiction, upon hearing and for cause shown, to grant temporary or permanent injunctions restraining any person or entity engaging in the business of park trailer manufactured housing installation or in the business or, the manufacturing of components, products, or systems used in the installation of park trailers from installing such trailers homes or manufacturing or selling such components, products, or systems in a manner not in accordance with the uniform standards set forth by the department or restraining any persons in the business of installing such components, products, or systems from using devices that do not meet the uniform standards set forth by the department or from installing such components, products, or systems in a manner not in accordance with the

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uniform standards set forth by the department, whether or not there exists an adequate remedy at law, and such injunctions shall issue without bond.

- (5) This section applies only to a mobile home, manufactured home, or park trailer that is being used as a dwelling place and that is located on a particular location for a period of time exceeding 14 days, for a mobile or manufactured home, or 45 days, for a park trailer.
- (6) For the purposes of this section, the definitions set forth in s. 320.822 apply.
- Section 60. <u>Section 320.8335</u>, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
 - Section 61. <u>Section 320.834</u>, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
 - Section 62. Section 320.835, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 17 320.835 <u>New Mobile home and recreational vehicle</u> 18 warranties.--Each manufacturer, dealer, installer, and
- 19 supplier of mobile homes or recreational vehicles shall
- 20 warrant each new mobile home or recreational vehicle sold in
- 21 this state and the setup of each such mobile home, in
- 22 accordance with the warranty requirements prescribed by this
- 23 section, for a period of at least 12 months, measured from the
- 24 date of delivery of the mobile home to the buyer or the date
- 25 of sale of the recreational vehicle in the case of a
- 26 manufacturer or dealer, or from the date of receipt of a
- 27 certificate of occupancy in the case of an installer. The
- 28 warranty requirements of each manufacturer, dealer, installer,
- 29 and supplier of <u>such</u> mobile homes or recreational vehicles are
- 30 as follows:
- 31 (1) The manufacturer warrants÷

(a) For a mobile home or recreational vehicle, that 2 all structural elements; plumbing systems; heating, cooling, and fuel-burning systems; electrical systems; fire prevention 3 systems; and any other components or conditions included by 4 the manufacturer are free from substantial defect. 5 6 (b) That 100 ampere electrical service exists in the 7 mobile home. 8 (2) The dealer warrants÷ 9 (a) that any modifications or alterations made to the 10 mobile home or recreational vehicle by the dealer or authorized by the dealer shall be free from substantial 11 12 defect. Alterations or modifications made by a dealer shall 13 relieve the manufacturer of warranty responsibility only as to the item altered or modified. 14 15 (b) That setup operations performed on the mobile home are performed in compliance with s. 320.8325. 16 17 (c) That substantial defects do not occur to the 18 mobile home during setup or by transporting it to the occupancy site. 19 2.0 21 When the setup of a mobile home is performed by a person who 22 is not an employee or agent of the mobile home manufacturer or 23 dealer and is not compensated or authorized by, or connected 2.4 with, such manufacturer or dealer, then the warranty 2.5 responsibility of the manufacturer or dealer as to setup shall be limited to transporting the mobile home to the occupancy 26 27 site free from substantial defect. 28 (3) The installer warrants that the setup operations performed on the mobile home are performed in compliance with 29 30 320.8325 and department rules governing the installation.

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(3)(4) The supplier warrants that any warranties generally offered in the ordinary sale of his or her product to consumers shall be extended to buyers of mobile homes and recreational vehicles. When no warranty is extended by suppliers, the manufacturer shall assume warranty responsibility for that component.

(5) The department may adopt rules under chapter 120 to resolve disputes that may arise among the mobile home manufacturer, dealer, installer, or supplier. Those rules must comply with the dispute resolution process as set forth in the federal Manufactured Housing Improvement Act.

Section 63. <u>Section 320.840</u>, <u>Florida Statutes</u>, is repealed.

Section 64. Section 320.865, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

department.--Beginning December 1, 2001, the department shall maintain electronic records of all complaints filed against licensees licensed under the provisions of ss. 320.27, 320.61, 320.77, 320.771, and 320.8225, any other provision of this chapter to the contrary notwithstanding. The records shall contain all enforcement actions taken against licensees and against unlicensed persons acting in a capacity which would require them to be licensed under those sections. The electronic file of each licensee and unlicensed person shall contain a record of any complaints filed against him or her and a record of any enforcement actions taken against him or her. The complainant and the referring agency, if there is one, shall be advised of the disposition by the department of the complaint within 10 days of such action.

Section 65. Subsection (1) of section 553.415, Florida 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 553.415 Factory-built school buildings.--3 4 (1) It is the purpose of this section to provide an alternative procedure for the construction and installation of 5 factory-built school buildings designed or intended for use as 7 school buildings. As used in this section, the term 8 "factory-built school building" means any building designed or intended for use as a school building, which is in whole or in 9 part, manufactured at an offsite facility in compliance with 10 the State Uniform Code for Public Educational Facilities and 11 12 Department of Education rule, effective on January 5, 2000. 13 After March 1, 2002, the Uniform Code for Public Educational Facilities shall be incorporated into the Florida Building 14 Code, including specific requirements for Public Educational 15 Facilities and the Department of Education rule, effective on 16 17 January 5, 2000. For the purpose of this section, factory-built school buildings include prefabricated 18 educational facilities, factory-built educational facilities, 19 and modular-built educational facilities, that are designed to 20 be portable, relocatable, demountable, or reconstructible; are 2.1 22 used primarily as classrooms or the components of an entire 23 school; and do not fall under the provisions of ss. 320.822-320.862 or sections 8-33 of this act. 2.4 Section 66. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 25 627.351, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 26 27 627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans.--2.8 (2) WINDSTORM INSURANCE RISK APPORTIONMENT. --29 (b) The department shall require all insurers holding a certificate of authority to transact property insurance on a 30 direct basis in this state, other than joint underwriting

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associations and other entities formed pursuant to this 2 section, to provide windstorm coverage to applicants from areas determined to be eligible pursuant to paragraph (c) who 3 in good faith are entitled to, but are unable to procure, such 4 coverage through ordinary means; or it shall adopt a 5 reasonable plan or plans for the equitable apportionment or 7 sharing among such insurers of windstorm coverage, which may 8 include formation of an association for this purpose. As used in this subsection, the term "property insurance" means 9 insurance on real or personal property, as defined in s. 10 624.604, including insurance for fire, industrial fire, allied 11 12 lines, farmowners multiperil, homeowners' multiperil, 13 commercial multiperil, and mobile homes, and including liability coverages on all such insurance, but excluding 14 inland marine as defined in s. 624.607(3) and excluding 15 vehicle insurance as defined in s. 624.605(1)(a) other than 16 insurance on mobile homes used as permanent dwellings. The 18 department shall adopt rules that provide a formula for the recovery and repayment of any deferred assessments. 19 20 1. For the purpose of this section, properties 21 eligible for such windstorm coverage are defined as dwellings, 22 buildings, and other structures, including mobile homes which 23 are used as dwellings and which are tied down in compliance with mobile home tie-down requirements prescribed by the 2.4 Department of Community Affairs Highway Safety and Motor 25 26 Vehicles pursuant to section 22 of this act s. 320.8325, and 27 the contents of all such properties. An applicant or 2.8 policyholder is eligible for coverage only if an offer of coverage cannot be obtained by or for the applicant or 29

policyholder from an admitted insurer at approved rates.

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2.a.(I) All insurers required to be members of such association shall participate in its writings, expenses, and losses. Surplus of the association shall be retained for the payment of claims and shall not be distributed to the member insurers. Such participation by member insurers shall be in the proportion that the net direct premiums of each member insurer written for property insurance in this state during the preceding calendar year bear to the aggregate net direct premiums for property insurance of all member insurers, as reduced by any credits for voluntary writings, in this state during the preceding calendar year. For the purposes of this subsection, the term "net direct premiums" means direct written premiums for property insurance, reduced by premium for liability coverage and for the following if included in allied lines: rain and hail on growing crops; livestock; association direct premiums booked; National Flood Insurance Program direct premiums; and similar deductions specifically authorized by the plan of operation and approved by the department. A member's participation shall begin on the first day of the calendar year following the year in which it is issued a certificate of authority to transact property insurance in the state and shall terminate 1 year after the end of the calendar year during which it no longer holds a certificate of authority to transact property insurance in the state. The commissioner, after review of annual statements, other reports, and any other statistics that the commissioner deems necessary, shall certify to the association the aggregate direct premiums written for property insurance in this state by all member insurers. (II) Effective July 1, 2002, the association shall

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governors who are the same individuals that have been appointed by the Treasurer to serve on the board of governors of the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation.

- (III) The plan of operation shall provide a formula whereby a company voluntarily providing windstorm coverage in affected areas will be relieved wholly or partially from apportionment of a regular assessment pursuant to sub-sub-subparagraph d.(II) or sub-sub-subparagraph d.(II).
- (IV) A company which is a member of a group of companies under common management may elect to have its credits applied on a group basis, and any company or group may elect to have its credits applied to any other company or group.
- (V) There shall be no credits or relief from apportionment to a company for emergency assessments collected from its policyholders under sub-sub-subparagraph d.(III).
- (VI) The plan of operation may also provide for the award of credits, for a period not to exceed 3 years, from a regular assessment pursuant to sub-sub-subparagraph d.(I) or sub-sub-subparagraph d.(II) as an incentive for taking policies out of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association. In order to qualify for the exemption under this sub-sub-subparagraph, the take-out plan must provide that at least 40 percent of the policies removed from the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association cover risks located in Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach Counties or at least 30 percent of the policies so removed cover risks located in Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach Counties and an additional 50 percent of the policies so removed cover risks located in other coastal counties, and must also provide that no more than 15 percent of the policies

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so removed may exclude windstorm coverage. With the approval 2 of the department, the association may waive these geographic criteria for a take-out plan that removes at least the lesser 3 of 100,000 Residential Property and Casualty Joint 4 Underwriting Association policies or 15 percent of the total 5 number of Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association policies, provided the governing board of the 8 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association certifies that the take-out plan will materially 9 reduce the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 10 Underwriting Association's 100-year probable maximum loss from 11 12 hurricanes. With the approval of the department, the board 13 may extend such credits for an additional year if the insurer guarantees an additional year of renewability for all policies 14 removed from the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 15 Underwriting Association, or for 2 additional years if the 16 insurer guarantees 2 additional years of renewability for all 18 policies removed from the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association. 19

- b. Assessments to pay deficits in the association under this subparagraph shall be included as an appropriate factor in the making of rates as provided in s. 627.3512.
- c. The Legislature finds that the potential for unlimited deficit assessments under this subparagraph may induce insurers to attempt to reduce their writings in the voluntary market, and that such actions would worsen the availability problems that the association was created to remedy. It is the intent of the Legislature that insurers remain fully responsible for paying regular assessments and collecting emergency assessments for any deficits of the association; however, it is also the intent of the Legislature

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to provide a means by which assessment liabilities may be amortized over a period of years.

- d.(I) When the deficit incurred in a particular calendar year is 10 percent or less of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for property insurance for the prior calendar year for all member insurers, the association shall levy an assessment on member insurers in an amount equal to the deficit.
- calendar year exceeds 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for property insurance for the prior calendar year for all member insurers, the association shall levy an assessment on member insurers in an amount equal to the greater of 10 percent of the deficit or 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for property insurance for the prior calendar year for member insurers. Any remaining deficit shall be recovered through emergency assessments under sub-sub-subparagraph (III).
- that a deficit exceeds the amount that will be recovered through regular assessments on member insurers, pursuant to sub-sub-subparagraph (I) or sub-sub-subparagraph (II), the board shall levy, after verification by the department, emergency assessments to be collected by member insurers and by underwriting associations created pursuant to this section which write property insurance, upon issuance or renewal of property insurance policies other than National Flood Insurance policies in the year or years following levy of the regular assessments. The amount of the emergency assessment collected in a particular year shall be a uniform percentage of that year's direct written premium for property insurance

for all member insurers and underwriting associations, 2 excluding National Flood Insurance policy premiums, as annually determined by the board and verified by the 3 department. The department shall verify the arithmetic 4 calculations involved in the board's determination within 30 5 days after receipt of the information on which the determination was based. Notwithstanding any other provision 8 of law, each member insurer and each underwriting association 9 created pursuant to this section shall collect emergency assessments from its policyholders without such obligation 10 being affected by any credit, limitation, exemption, or 11 12 deferment. The emergency assessments so collected shall be 13 transferred directly to the association on a periodic basis as determined by the association. The aggregate amount of 14 emergency assessments levied under this sub-sub-subparagraph 15 in any calendar year may not exceed the greater of 10 percent 16 of the amount needed to cover the original deficit, plus 18 interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs associated with financing of the original deficit, or 10 19 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for 20 21 property insurance written by member insurers and underwriting 22 associations for the prior year, plus interest, fees, 23 commissions, required reserves, and other costs associated with financing the original deficit. The board may pledge the 2.4 proceeds of the emergency assessments under this 2.5 26 sub-sub-subparagraph as the source of revenue for bonds, to 27 retire any other debt incurred as a result of the deficit or 2.8 events giving rise to the deficit, or in any other way that 29 the board determines will efficiently recover the deficit. The emergency assessments under this sub-sub-subparagraph shall 30 continue as long as any bonds issued or other indebtedness

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incurred with respect to a deficit for which the assessment was imposed remain outstanding, unless adequate provision has been made for the payment of such bonds or other indebtedness pursuant to the document governing such bonds or other indebtedness. Emergency assessments collected under this sub-sub-subparagraph are not part of an insurer's rates, are not premium, and are not subject to premium tax, fees, or commissions; however, failure to pay the emergency assessment shall be treated as failure to pay premium.

(IV) Each member insurer's share of the total regular assessments under sub-sub-subparagraph (I) or sub-sub-subparagraph (II) shall be in the proportion that the insurer's net direct premium for property insurance in this state, for the year preceding the assessment bears to the aggregate statewide net direct premium for property insurance of all member insurers, as reduced by any credits for voluntary writings for that year.

(V) If regular deficit assessments are made under sub-sub-subparagraph (I) or sub-sub-subparagraph (II), or by the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association under sub-subparagraph (6)(b)3.a. or sub-subparagraph (6)(b)3.b., the association shall levy upon the association's policyholders, as part of its next rate filing, or by a separate rate filing solely for this purpose, a market equalization surcharge in a percentage equal to the total amount of such regular assessments divided by the aggregate statewide direct written premium for property insurance for member insurers for the prior calendar year.

Market equalization surcharges under this sub-sub-subparagraph are not considered premium and are not subject to commissions, fees, or premium taxes; however, failure to pay a market

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equalization surcharge shall be treated as failure to pay premium.

e. The governing body of any unit of local government, any residents of which are insured under the plan, may issue bonds as defined in s. 125.013 or s. 166.101 to fund an assistance program, in conjunction with the association, for the purpose of defraying deficits of the association. In order to avoid needless and indiscriminate proliferation, duplication, and fragmentation of such assistance programs, any unit of local government, any residents of which are insured by the association, may provide for the payment of losses, regardless of whether or not the losses occurred within or outside of the territorial jurisdiction of the local government. Revenue bonds may not be issued until validated pursuant to chapter 75, unless a state of emergency is declared by executive order or proclamation of the Governor pursuant to s. 252.36 making such findings as are necessary to determine that it is in the best interests of, and necessary for, the protection of the public health, safety, and general welfare of residents of this state and the protection and preservation of the economic stability of insurers operating in this state, and declaring it an essential public purpose to permit certain municipalities or counties to issue bonds as will provide relief to claimants and policyholders of the association and insurers responsible for apportionment of plan losses. Any such unit of local government may enter into such contracts with the association and with any other entity created pursuant to this subsection as are necessary to carry out this paragraph. Any bonds issued under this sub-subparagraph shall be payable from and secured by moneys received by the association from assessments under this

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subparagraph, and assigned and pledged to or on behalf of the unit of local government for the benefit of the holders of such bonds. The funds, credit, property, and taxing power of the state or of the unit of local government shall not be pledged for the payment of such bonds. If any of the bonds remain unsold 60 days after issuance, the department shall require all insurers subject to assessment to purchase the bonds, which shall be treated as admitted assets; each insurer shall be required to purchase that percentage of the unsold portion of the bond issue that equals the insurer's relative share of assessment liability under this subsection. An insurer shall not be required to purchase the bonds to the extent that the department determines that the purchase would endanger or impair the solvency of the insurer. The authority granted by this sub-subparagraph is additional to any bonding authority granted by subparagraph 6.

3. The plan shall also provide that any member with a surplus as to policyholders of \$20 million or less writing 25 percent or more of its total countrywide property insurance premiums in this state may petition the department, within the first 90 days of each calendar year, to qualify as a limited apportionment company. The apportionment of such a member company in any calendar year for which it is qualified shall not exceed its gross participation, which shall not be affected by the formula for voluntary writings. In no event shall a limited apportionment company be required to participate in any apportionment of losses pursuant to sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II) in the aggregate which exceeds \$50 million after payment of available plan funds in any calendar year. However, a limited apportionment company shall collect from its policyholders any

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- emergency assessment imposed under sub-sub-subparagraph

 2.d.(III). The plan shall provide that, if the department

 determines that any regular assessment will result in an

 impairment of the surplus of a limited apportionment company,

 the department may direct that all or part of such assessment

 be deferred. However, there shall be no limitation or

 deferment of an emergency assessment to be collected from

 policyholders under sub-subparagraph 2.d.(III).
 - 4. The plan shall provide for the deferment, in whole or in part, of a regular assessment of a member insurer under sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II), but not for an emergency assessment collected from policyholders under sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(III), if, in the opinion of the commissioner, payment of such regular assessment would endanger or impair the solvency of the member insurer. In the event a regular assessment against a member insurer is deferred in whole or in part, the amount by which such assessment is deferred may be assessed against the other member insurers in a manner consistent with the basis for assessments set forth in sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II) or sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II).
 - 5.a. The plan of operation may include deductibles and rules for classification of risks and rate modifications consistent with the objective of providing and maintaining funds sufficient to pay catastrophe losses.
 - b. The association may require arbitration of a rate filing under s. 627.062(6). It is the intent of the Legislature that the rates for coverage provided by the association be actuarially sound and not competitive with approved rates charged in the admitted voluntary market such that the association functions as a residual market mechanism

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to provide insurance only when the insurance cannot be procured in the voluntary market. The plan of operation shall provide a mechanism to assure that, beginning no later than January 1, 1999, the rates charged by the association for each line of business are reflective of approved rates in the voluntary market for hurricane coverage for each line of business in the various areas eligible for association coverage.

- c. The association shall provide for windstorm coverage on residential properties in limits up to \$10 million for commercial lines residential risks and up to \$1 million for personal lines residential risks. If coverage with the association is sought for a residential risk valued in excess of these limits, coverage shall be available to the risk up to the replacement cost or actual cash value of the property, at the option of the insured, if coverage for the risk cannot be located in the authorized market. The association must accept a commercial lines residential risk with limits above \$10 million or a personal lines residential risk with limits above \$1 million if coverage is not available in the authorized market. The association may write coverage above the limits specified in this subparagraph with or without facultative or other reinsurance coverage, as the association determines appropriate.
- d. The plan of operation must provide objective criteria and procedures, approved by the department, to be uniformly applied for all applicants in determining whether an individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable. In making this determination and in establishing the criteria and procedures, the following shall be considered:

- (I) Whether the likelihood of a loss for the individual risk is substantially higher than for other risks of the same class; and
- (II) Whether the uncertainty associated with the individual risk is such that an appropriate premium cannot be determined.

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The acceptance or rejection of a risk by the association pursuant to such criteria and procedures must be construed as the private placement of insurance, and the provisions of chapter 120 do not apply.

- e. If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through the market assistance program or through a mechanism established by the association, either before the policy is issued by the association or during the first 30 days of coverage by the association, and the producing agent who submitted the application to the association is not currently appointed by the insurer, the insurer shall:
- (I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the association; or
- (II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the association's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance

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with sub-subparagraph (I). Subject to the provisions of s. 627.3517, the policies issued by the association must provide that if the association obtains an offer from an authorized insurer to cover the risk at its approved rates under either a standard policy including wind coverage or, if consistent with the insurer's underwriting rules as filed with the department, a basic policy including wind coverage, the risk is no longer eligible for coverage through the association. Upon termination of eligibility, the association shall provide written notice to the policyholder and agent of record stating that the association policy must be canceled as of 60 days after the date of the notice because of the offer of coverage from an authorized insurer. Other provisions of the insurance code relating to cancellation and notice of cancellation do not apply to actions under this sub-subparagraph.

- f. When the association enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record of the association policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on the policy, and the insurer shall:
- (I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the association policy, for the first year, an amount that is the greater of the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written or a fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the association; or
- (II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the association policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the association's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.

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If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance with sub-sub-subparagraph (I).

- 6.a. The plan of operation may authorize the formation of a private nonprofit corporation, a private nonprofit unincorporated association, a partnership, a trust, a limited liability company, or a nonprofit mutual company which may be empowered, among other things, to borrow money by issuing bonds or by incurring other indebtedness and to accumulate reserves or funds to be used for the payment of insured catastrophe losses. The plan may authorize all actions necessary to facilitate the issuance of bonds, including the pledging of assessments or other revenues.
- b. Any entity created under this subsection, or any entity formed for the purposes of this subsection, may sue and be sued, may borrow money; issue bonds, notes, or debt instruments; pledge or sell assessments, market equalization surcharges and other surcharges, rights, premiums, contractual rights, projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, other reinsurance recoverables, and other assets as security for such bonds, notes, or debt instruments; enter into any contracts or agreements necessary or proper to accomplish such borrowings; and take other actions necessary to carry out the purposes of this subsection. The association may issue bonds or incur other indebtedness, or have bonds issued on its behalf by a unit of local government pursuant to subparagraph (6)(g)2., in the absence of a hurricane or other weather-related event, upon a determination by the association subject to approval by the department that such action would enable it to efficiently meet the financial obligations of the association and that such financings are reasonably necessary

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to effectuate the requirements of this subsection. Any such entity may accumulate reserves and retain surpluses as of the end of any association year to provide for the payment of losses incurred by the association during that year or any future year. The association shall incorporate and continue the plan of operation and articles of agreement in effect on the effective date of chapter 76-96, Laws of Florida, to the extent that it is not inconsistent with chapter 76-96, and as subsequently modified consistent with chapter 76-96. The board of directors and officers currently serving shall continue to serve until their successors are duly qualified as provided under the plan. The assets and obligations of the plan in effect immediately prior to the effective date of chapter 76-96 shall be construed to be the assets and obligations of the successor plan created herein.

- c. In recognition of s. 10, Art. I of the State

 Constitution, prohibiting the impairment of obligations of

 contracts, it is the intent of the Legislature that no action

 be taken whose purpose is to impair any bond indenture or

 financing agreement or any revenue source committed by

 contract to such bond or other indebtedness issued or incurred

 by the association or any other entity created under this

 subsection.
- 7. On such coverage, an agent's remuneration shall be that amount of money payable to the agent by the terms of his or her contract with the company with which the business is placed. However, no commission will be paid on that portion of the premium which is in excess of the standard premium of that company.
- 8. Subject to approval by the department, the association may establish different eligibility requirements

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and operational procedures for any line or type of coverage for any specified eligible area or portion of an eligible area if the board determines that such changes to the eligibility requirements and operational procedures are justified due to the voluntary market being sufficiently stable and competitive in such area or for such line or type of coverage and that consumers who, in good faith, are unable to obtain insurance through the voluntary market through ordinary methods would continue to have access to coverage from the association. When coverage is sought in connection with a real property transfer, such requirements and procedures shall not provide for an effective date of coverage later than the date of the closing of the transfer as established by the transferor, the transferee, and, if applicable, the lender.

- 9. Notwithstanding any other provision of law:
- a. The pledge or sale of, the lien upon, and the security interest in any rights, revenues, or other assets of the association created or purported to be created pursuant to any financing documents to secure any bonds or other indebtedness of the association shall be and remain valid and enforceable, notwithstanding the commencement of and during the continuation of, and after, any rehabilitation, insolvency, liquidation, bankruptcy, receivership, conservatorship, reorganization, or similar proceeding against the association under the laws of this state or any other applicable laws.
- b. No such proceeding shall relieve the association of its obligation, or otherwise affect its ability to perform its obligation, to continue to collect, or levy and collect, assessments, market equalization or other surcharges, projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe

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Fund, reinsurance recoverables, or any other rights, revenues, or other assets of the association pledged.

- c. Each such pledge or sale of, lien upon, and security interest in, including the priority of such pledge, lien, or security interest, any such assessments, emergency assessments, market equalization or renewal surcharges, projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, reinsurance recoverables, or other rights, revenues, or other assets which are collected, or levied and collected, after the commencement of and during the pendency of or after any such proceeding shall continue unaffected by such proceeding.
- d. As used in this subsection, the term "financing documents" means any agreement, instrument, or other document now existing or hereafter created evidencing any bonds or other indebtedness of the association or pursuant to which any such bonds or other indebtedness has been or may be issued and pursuant to which any rights, revenues, or other assets of the association are pledged or sold to secure the repayment of such bonds or indebtedness, together with the payment of interest on such bonds or such indebtedness, or the payment of any other obligation of the association related to such bonds or indebtedness.
- e. Any such pledge or sale of assessments, revenues, contract rights or other rights or assets of the association shall constitute a lien and security interest, or sale, as the case may be, that is immediately effective and attaches to such assessments, revenues, contract, or other rights or assets, whether or not imposed or collected at the time the pledge or sale is made. Any such pledge or sale is effective, valid, binding, and enforceable against the association or

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other entity making such pledge or sale, and valid and binding 2 against and superior to any competing claims or obligations owed to any other person or entity, including policyholders in 3 this state, asserting rights in any such assessments, 4 5 revenues, contract, or other rights or assets to the extent set forth in and in accordance with the terms of the pledge or sale contained in the applicable financing documents, whether 8 or not any such person or entity has notice of such pledge or sale and without the need for any physical delivery, 9 recordation, filing, or other action. 10

f. There shall be no liability on the part of, and no cause of action of any nature shall arise against, any member insurer or its agents or employees, agents or employees of the association, members of the board of directors of the association, or the department or its representatives, for any action taken by them in the performance of their duties or responsibilities under this subsection. Such immunity does not apply to actions for breach of any contract or agreement pertaining to insurance, or any willful tort.

Section 67. Subsection (1) of section 1013.37, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1013.37 State uniform building code for public educational facilities construction.--

(1) UNIFORM BUILDING CODE.--A uniform statewide building code for the planning and construction of public educational and ancillary plants by district school boards and community college district boards of trustees shall be adopted by the Florida Building Commission within the Florida Building Code, pursuant to s. 553.73. Included in this code must be flood plain management criteria in compliance with the rules and regulations in 44 C.F.R. parts 59 and 60, and subsequent

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revisions thereto which are adopted by the Federal Emergency
Management Agency. It is also the responsibility of the
department to develop, as a part of the uniform building code,
standards relating to:

- (a) Prefabricated facilities or factory-built facilities that are designed to be portable, relocatable, demountable, or reconstructible; are used primarily as classrooms; and do not fall under the provisions of ss. 320.822-320.862 or sections 8-33 of this act. Such standards must permit boards to contract with the Department of Community Affairs for factory inspections by certified building code inspectors to certify conformance with applicable law and rules. The standards must comply with the requirements of s. 1013.20 for relocatable facilities intended for long-term use as classroom space, and the relocatable facilities shall be designed subject to missile impact criteria of s. 423(24)(d)(1) of the Florida Building Code when located in the windborne debris region.
- (b) The sanitation of educational and ancillary plants and the health of occupants of educational and ancillary plants.
- (c) The safety of occupants of educational and ancillary plants as provided in s. 1013.12, except that the firesafety criteria shall be established by the State Fire Marshal in cooperation with the Florida Building Commission and the department and such firesafety requirements must be incorporated into the Florida Fire Prevention Code.
- (d) Accessibility for children, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 553.512.

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- (e) The performance of life-cycle cost analyses on alternative architectural and engineering designs to evaluate their energy efficiencies.
- 1. The life-cycle cost analysis must consist of the sum of:
- a. The reasonably expected fuel costs over the life of the building which are required to maintain illumination, water heating, temperature, humidity, ventilation, and all other energy-consuming equipment in a facility; and
- b. The reasonable costs of probable maintenance, including labor and materials, and operation of the building.
- 2. For computation of the life-cycle costs, the department shall develop standards that must include, but need not be limited to:
- a. The orientation and integration of the facility with respect to its physical site.
- b. The amount and type of glass employed in the facility and the directions of exposure.
- c. The effect of insulation incorporated into the facility design and the effect on solar utilization of the properties of external surfaces.
- d. The variable occupancy and operating conditions of the facility and subportions of the facility.
- e. An energy-consumption analysis of the major equipment of the facility's heating, ventilating, and cooling system; lighting system; and hot water system and all other major energy-consuming equipment and systems as appropriate.
- 3. Life-cycle cost criteria published by the Department of Education for use in evaluating projects.
- 4. Standards for construction materials and systems based on life-cycle costs that consider initial costs,

maintenance costs, custodial costs, operating costs, and life 2 expectancy. The standards may include multiple acceptable materials. It is the intent of the Legislature to require 3 4 district school boards to comply with these standards when expending funds from the Public Education Capital Outlay and 5 Debt Service Trust Fund or the School District and Community College District Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund and to prohibit district school boards from expending local 8 capital outlay revenues for any project that includes 9 materials or systems that do not comply with these standards, 10 unless the district school board submits evidence that 11 12 alternative materials or systems meet or exceed standards 13 developed by the department. 14 It is not a purpose of the Florida Building Code to inhibit 15 the use of new materials or innovative techniques; nor may it 16 specify or prohibit materials by brand names. The code must be flexible enough to cover all phases of construction so as to 18 afford reasonable protection for the public safety, health, 19 and general welfare. The department may secure the service of 20 21 other state agencies or such other assistance as it finds 22 desirable in recommending to the Florida Building Commission 23 revisions to the code. Section 68. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005. 2.4 25 26 27 28 29

********** 2 SENATE SUMMARY 3 Transfers certain powers, duties, personnel, property, and appropriations relating to mobile home safety and sales from the Department of Highway Safety and Motor 4 Vehicles to the Department of Community Affairs. Authorizes both departments to enter into agreements to effectuate such transfers. Transfers the mobile home 5 6 portion of the Mobile Home and Recreational Vehicle Protection Trust Fund administered by the Florida 7 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles into the Department of Community Affairs Operating Trust Fund. 8 Requires a mobile home dealer licensee to place a purchase deposit in escrow. Authorizes application of 9 current civil, criminal, administrative, and judicial remedies to inappropriate action of a licensed mobile 10 home dealer against a licensee who violates the escrow requirement. Provides a mission statement for the Department of Community Affairs. Makes conforming 11 amendments. Repeals provisions relating to mobile home dealer licensure, mobile home construction and safety standards, mobile home installation licensure, mobile 12 13 home installation products, mobile home inspection, mobile home labeling and certification, reciprocity with other states that have mobile home laws, disclosure of 14 manner used in determining length of mobile homes, and to liquidated damages when a mobile home buyer refuses to 15 accept delivery of a mobile home, to conform. 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 2.4 25 26 27 28 29 30 31