Florida Senate - 2005

By Senator Smith

14-1123C-05

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the state judicial system;
3	amending s. 27.34, F.S.; requiring negotiated
4	rates of reimbursement; amending s. 27.40,
5	F.S., relating to circuit registries for
б	court-appointed counsel; requiring that an
7	attorney enter into a contract to be included
8	on the registry; requiring data on the race,
9	sex, and ethnicity of attorneys; requiring the
10	Justice Administrative Commission to approve
11	uniform procedures and forms for use in billing
12	for an attorney's fees, costs, and related
13	expenses; requiring that a withdrawal order be
14	filed with the commission; providing that
15	withdrawal from a case creates a rebuttable
16	presumption of nonentitlement to the entire
17	flat fee; amending s. 27.42, F.S.; requiring
18	that the circuit Article V indigent services
19	committee establish the compensation rates for
20	court-appointed counsel or in cases of
21	indigency; requiring each committee to
22	establish a schedule of allowances for
23	due-process expenses; authorizing alternate
24	models for providing criminal and civil
25	due-process representation; requiring that the
26	expenses for representing indigent persons be
27	appropriated in a separate category within the
28	Justice Administrative Commission rather than
29	paid from funds appropriated for use by the
30	public defenders; requiring the commission to
31	track and report data on the race, sex, and

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1	ethnicity of private court-appointed counsel;
2	amending s. 27.52, F.S., relating to the
3	determination of indigent status; providing for
4	application to the clerk of court for such a
5	determination and appointment of a public
6	defender; prescribing duties of the clerk and
7	the public defender relating to an application;
8	prescribing application requirements and review
9	criteria; providing for review by the court of
10	a clerk's determination; authorizing the court
11	to determine a person indigent for costs and
12	eligible for payment of due-process expenses;
13	requiring certain parents or legal guardians to
14	furnish legal services and costs; providing for
15	a reevaluation of indigent status and referral
16	to the state attorney upon evidence of
17	financial discrepancies or fraud; providing
18	criminal penalties for the provision of false
19	information; amending s. 27.5304, F.S.;
20	authorizing the Justice Administrative
21	Commission to pay attorney's fees without court
22	approval under certain conditions; requiring
23	the attorney to provide the commission with
24	advance notice of a court hearing on payment of
25	fees and costs; authorizing the commission to
26	participate in such hearings telephonically;
27	specifying intervals other than final
28	disposition of a case at which private
29	court-appointed counsel may request payment;
30	clarifying a prohibition against allowing an
31	attorney who is not on the registry to appear;

1	limiting the reimbursement allowed for the
2	preparation of invoices; amending s. 27.54,
3	F.S.; requiring that the county or municipality
4	pay certain costs for due-process services;
5	prescribing assessment of fees to recover such
б	costs; requiring negotiated rates of
7	reimbursement; requiring that reimbursements
8	received by the public defender be returned to
9	the fund from which the expenditure was made;
10	amending s. 28.24, F.S.; requiring that the
11	clerk of the court provide copies to attorneys
12	ad litem and court-appointed counsel paid by
13	the state; requiring clerks of the court to
14	participate in the Comprehensive Case
15	Information System by a certain date; providing
16	an exception to the designation of the clerk of
17	court as custodian of official records;
18	amending s. 28.2402, F.S.; prohibiting the
19	circuit court from charging a county or
20	municipality more than one filing fee for a
21	single filing containing multiple allegations;
22	exempting enforcement actions of local code
23	violations from the filing fee; amending s.
24	28.241, F.S.; providing for the clerk of the
25	court to collect a service fee for appeals from
26	circuit court; amending s. 28.245, F.S.;
27	requiring that the clerks of the court remit
28	collections to the Department of Revenue within
29	a specified period; amending s. 28.246, F.S.;
30	conforming a reference; revising provisions
31	authorizing an individual to enter into a

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1	payment plan for the payment of fees, costs, or
2	fines; providing for the court to review the
3	payment plan; amending s. 28.345, F.S.;
4	exempting certain court staff, attorneys ad
5	litem, and court-appointed counsel from the
6	payment of fees and charges assessed by the
7	clerk of the circuit court; amending s. 28.35,
8	F.S.; requiring the Florida Clerks of Court
9	Operations Committee to report on additional
10	budget funding authority provided to a clerk;
11	amending s. 28.36, F.S.; revising the date for
12	the county clerk to submit a proposed budget;
13	conforming a reference to the Florida Clerks of
14	Court Operations Corporation; authorizing the
15	corporation to approve additional annual
16	funding for a clerk under prescribed
17	conditions; requiring notice and documentation;
18	amending s. 29.004, F.S.; providing for state
19	appropriations to be used for expert witnesses
20	who are appointed by the court rather than
21	requested by any party; amending s. 29.007,
22	F.S.; providing for state funds to be used in
23	providing mental health professionals in
24	certain civil cases; clarifying the use of
25	state funds at the trial or appellate level to
26	pay certain costs on behalf of a litigant who
27	is indigent; amending s. 29.008, F.S.;
28	requiring that the county where the appellate
29	district is located fund the appellate division
30	of the public defender's office; expanding the
31	definition of the term "facility" to include

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2 narrowing a limitation on the application of 3 certain requirements to specified facilities; 4 including hearing rooms within those facilities	
4 including hearing rooms within those facilities	
5 funded by the county as a court-related	
6 function; including audio equipment within	
7 county-funded communications services; amending	
8 s. 29.015, F.S.; authorizing the Justice	
9 Administrative Commission to transfer funds to	
10 address budget deficits relating to due-process	
11 services; requiring notice of the transfer;	
12 amending s. 29.018, F.S.; eliminating the	
13 authority for court-appointed counsel to	
14 contract to share in court and due-process	
15 costs; providing that the Justice	
16 Administrative Commission may contract for such	
17 cost-sharing on behalf of court-appointed	
18 counsel; creating s. 29.0185, F.S.; specifying	
19 conditions under which state-funded due-process	
20 services are provided; amending s. 34.045,	
21 F.S.; prohibiting the county court from	
22 charging a county or municipality more than one	
23 filing fee for a single filing containing	
24 multiple allegations; exempting certain	
25 enforcement actions of local code violations	
26 from the filing fee; expanding conditions under	
27 which the county or municipality is the	
28 prevailing party; requiring an assessment for a	
29 filing fee; amending s. 34.191, F.S.;	
30 clarifying a requirement that certain fines and	
31 forfeitures committed within an unincorporated	

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1	area of a municipality be paid to the clerk of	
2	the county court; amending s. 39.0132, F.S.;	
3	authorizing the Justice Administrative	
4	Commission to inspect certain court records;	
5	amending s. 39.821, F.S.; requiring that the	
6	Guardian Ad Litem Program rather than the chief	
7	judge request the federal criminal records	
8	check for purposes of certifying guardians ad	
9	litem; amending s. 39.822, F.S.; directing	
10	agencies, persons, and other organizations to	
11	provide a guardian ad litem access to certain	
12	records related to the best interests of a	
13	child; amending s. 40.29, F.S.; clarifying	
14	procedures for the payments made by the state	
15	to the clerk of the court for the costs of	
16	witnesses; creating s. 40.355, F.S.; requiring	
17	the clerk of the court to report on, and refund	
18	to the state attorneys and public defenders,	
19	certain moneys collected for payment of jurors	
20	and due-process costs; amending s. 43.16, F.S.;	
21	providing that the Justice Administrative	
22	Commission is not subject to the Administrative	
23	Procedure Act; amending s. 44.102, F.S.;	
24	revising conditions under which nonvolunteer	
25	court mediators may be compensated by the	
26	county or parties; amending s. 44.108, F.S.;	
27	clarifying the fees charged for scheduled	
28	mediation services provided by a circuit	
29	court's mediation program; requiring the clerk	
30	of the court to report to the chief judge the	
31	amount of such fees collected; creating s.	

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1	57.082, F.S., relating to the determination of
2	civil indigent status; providing for
3	application to the clerk of court for such a
4	determination; prescribing duties of the clerk
5	relating to an application; prescribing
б	application requirements and review criteria;
7	providing for an interim determination by the
8	court and appointment of counsel; providing for
9	review by the court of the clerk's
10	determination; providing for enrollment in a
11	payment plan by a person determined indigent;
12	providing for the waiver of fees and costs
13	under certain conditions; providing for
14	reevaluation of indigent status and referral to
15	the state attorney upon evidence of financial
16	discrepancies or fraud; providing criminal
17	penalties for providing false information;
18	creating s. 61.1828, F.S.; authorizing certain
19	county child support enforcement agencies to
20	receive court services under specified
21	conditions; prohibiting imposition of fees and
22	bonds for such agencies; amending s. 92.142,
23	F.S.; deleting a provision that provides for
24	payment of per diem and travel expenses for a
25	witness in a criminal case at the discretion of
26	the court; amending s. 116.01, F.S.; providing
27	procedures for the clerk of the court to remit
28	funds to the Department of Revenue; amending s.
29	119.07, F.S.; extending the time period during
30	which certain social security numbers and other
31	data included in court or official county

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1	records may be available for public inspection	
2	unless redaction is requested; extending the	
3	deadline by which court clerks and county	
4	recorders must keep such data confidential;	
5	amending s. 142.01, F.S.; clarifying those	
б	moneys to be included within the fine and	
7	forfeiture fund of the clerk of the circuit	
8	court; amending s. 213.13, F.S.; requiring that	
9	the funds remitted by the clerk to the state be	
10	transmitted electronically within a specified	
11	period; amending s. 219.07, F.S.; clarifying	
12	the distributions that the clerk is required to	
13	make as part of his or her court-related	
14	functions; amending s. 219.075, F.S.; exempting	
15	funds collected by the clerk from the	
16	requirements for the investment of surplus	
17	funds of a county; amending s. 318.121, F.S.;	
18	clarifying that certain court costs and	
19	surcharges are added to civil traffic	
20	penalties; amending s. 318.18, F.S.; requiring	
21	that the clerk of the court report the amount	
22	of certain surcharges collected to the chief	
23	judge, the Governor, and the Legislature;	
24	amending s. 318.21, F.S.; providing for the	
25	disposition of traffic-infraction penalties for	
26	violations occurring in unincorporated areas of	
27	certain municipalities having a consolidated	
28	government; amending s. 318.31, F.S.; deleting	
29	provisions concerning the appointment of a	
30	civil traffic infraction hearing officer;	
31	amending s. 318.325, F.S.; deleting provisions	

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1	specifying the funding of such hearing officer;
2	amending s. 322.29, F.S.; increasing the fees
3	charged for reinstating a driver's license;
4	amending s. 372.72, F.S.; requiring that the
5	proceeds from unclaimed bonds be deposited into
6	the clerk's fine and forfeiture fund; amending
7	s. 903.26, F.S.; revising the procedure for
8	determining the amount of the costs incurred in
9	returning a defendant to the county of
10	jurisdiction; amending s. 903.28, F.S.;
11	revising certain notice requirements following
12	the surrender or apprehension of a defendant
13	for purposes of remission of a forfeiture;
14	authorizing the clerk of the circuit court to
15	enter into certain contracts for purposes of
16	representation in an action for the remission
17	of a forfeiture; providing that the clerk is
18	the real party in interest for all appeals
19	arising from such an action; amending s.
20	916.115, F.S.; providing requirements for the
21	payment of experts; specifying those fees which
22	are paid by the state, the office of the public
23	defender, the office of the state attorney, or
24	the Justice Administrative Commission; amending
25	s. 916.12, F.S.; revising the procedures under
26	which the court may take action following a
27	finding that the defendant is incompetent to
28	proceed; amending s. 916.301, F.S.; requiring
29	the court to pay for certain court-appointed
30	retardation and autism experts; amending s.
31	938.29, F.S.; providing for a judgment lien for

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1	the payment of certain attorney's fees to be
2	filed without cost; amending s. 939.06, F.S.;
3	clarifying that an acquitted defendant is not
4	liable for certain fees; providing a procedure
5	for such a defendant to request a refund from
6	the Justice Administrative Commission of costs
7	or fees paid; amending s. 985.05, F.S.;
8	authorizing the Justice Administrative
9	Commission to have access to certain court
10	records; requiring that the party calling a
11	witness in traffic court bear the costs;
12	requiring that the office of the state attorney
13	pay such costs if the witness is required to
14	testify on behalf of the prosecution;
15	authorizing the trial court administrator to
16	recover expenditures for state-funded services
17	if those services were furnished to a user
18	possessing the ability to pay; requiring that
19	the chief judge determine the rate, which may
20	not exceed the cost of the service and
21	recovery; repealing s. 29.005(4), F.S.,
22	relating to prosecution expenses for appointing
23	mental health professionals; repealing s.
24	318.37, F.S., relating to funding for a Civil
25	Traffic Infraction Hearing Officer Program;
26	providing an effective date.
27	
28	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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30	Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 27.34, Florida
31	Statutes, is amended to read:
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1 27.34 Limitations on payment of salaries and other 2 related costs of state attorneys' offices other than by the state.--3 4 (1) A county or municipality may contract with, or appropriate or contribute funds to the operation of, the 5 6 various state attorneys as provided in this subsection. A 7 state attorney prosecuting violations of special laws or county or municipal ordinances punishable by incarceration and 8 not ancillary to a state charge shall contract with counties 9 and municipalities to recover the full cost of services 10 rendered on an hourly basis or reimburse the state for the 11 12 full cost of assigning one or more full-time equivalent 13 attorney positions to work on behalf of the county or municipality. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in 14 the case of a county with a population of less than 75,000, 15 the state attorney shall contract for full reimbursement, or 16 17 for reimbursement as the parties otherwise agree. 18 (a) A contract for reimbursement on an hourly basis shall require counties and municipalities to reimburse the 19 20 state attorney for services rendered at a negotiated rate not 21 exceeding of \$50 per hour. If an hourly rate is specified in 22 the General Appropriations Act, that rate shall control. 23 (b) A contract for assigning one or more full-time equivalent attorney positions to perform work on behalf of a 2.4 county or municipality shall assign one or more full-time 25 26 equivalent positions based on estimates by the state attorney 27 of the number of hours required to handle the projected 2.8 workload. The full cost of each full-time equivalent attorney position on an annual basis shall be the negotiated hourly 29 rate\$50, or the amount specified in the General 30

31 Appropriations Act, multiplied by the legislative budget

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1 request standard for available work hours for one full-time 2 equivalent attorney position, or, in the absence of that standard, 1,854 hours. The contract may provide for funding 3 full-time equivalent positions in one-quarter increments. 4 (c) Persons employed by the county or municipality may 5 б be provided to the state attorney to serve as special 7 investigators pursuant to the provisions of s. 27.251. 8 (d) Any payments received under pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited into the Grants and Donations 9 Trust Fund within the Justice Administrative Commission for 10 use appropriation by the state attorney Legislature. 11 12 Section 2. Subsections (2), (3), (5), and (7) of 13 section 27.40, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 27.40 Court-appointed counsel; circuit registries; 14 minimum requirements; appointment by court .--15 16 (2) No later than October 1, 2004, Private counsel 17 appointed by the court to provide representation shall be 18 selected from a registry established by the circuit Article V indigent services committee or procured through a competitive 19 bidding process. 20 21 (3) In utilizing a registry: 22 (a) Each circuit Article V indigent services committee 23 shall compile and maintain a list of attorneys in private practice; by county by race, sex, and ethnicity of the 2.4 assigned attorneys; and by category of cases. To be included 25 on a registry, attorneys shall certify that they meet any 26 27 minimum requirements established in general law for court 2.8 appointment, are available to represent indigent defendants in 29 cases requiring court appointment of private counsel, and are willing to abide by the terms of the contract for services. To 30 be included on a registry, an attorney also must enter into a 31

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2 <u>Commission. Failure to comply with the terms of the contract</u> for services may result in termination of the contract and removal from the registry. Each attorney on the registry shall be responsible for notifying the circuit Article V indigent services committee of any change in his or her status. Failure to comply with this requirement shall be cause for <u>termination</u> of the contract for services and removal from the registry until the requirement is fulfilled. (b) The court shall appoint attorneys in rotating order in the order in which names appear on the applicable registry, unless the court makes a finding of good cause on the record for appointing an attorney out of order. An attorney not appointed in the order in which his or her name appears on the list shall remain next in order. (c) If it finds the number of attorneys on the registry in a county or circuit for a particular category of cases is inadequate, the circuit Article V indigent services committee shall notify the chief judge of the particular	
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19 committee shall notify the chief judge of the particular	
20 circuit in writing. The chief judge shall submit the names of	
21 at least three private attorneys with relevant experience. The	
22 clerk of court shall send an application to each of these	
23 attorneys to register for appointment.	
(d) Quarterly, beginning no later than October 1,	
25 2004, each circuit Article V indigent services committee shall	
26 provide the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, the chief	
27 judge, the state attorney, and public defender in each	
28 judicial circuit, and the clerk of court in each county with a	
29 current copy of each registry. The copy of a registry shall	
30 <u>identify the race, sex, and ethnicity of each attorney listed</u>	
31 <u>in the registry.</u>	

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1	(5) The Justice Administrative Commission shall
2	approve uniform contract forms for use in procuring the
3	services of private court-appointed counsel and uniform
4	procedures and forms for use by a court-appointed attorney in
5	support of billing for attorney's fees, costs, and related
б	expenses to demonstrate the attorney's completion of specified
7	<u>duties</u> .
8	(7)(a) An attorney appointed to represent a defendant
9	or other client is entitled to payment pursuant to s. 27.5304,
10	only upon full performance by the attorney of specified
11	duties: $\overline{\cdot} au$ approval of payment by the court, except for payment
12	based on a flat fee per case as provided in s. 27.5304; and
13	attorney submission of a payment request to the Justice
14	Administrative Commission. Upon being permitted to withdraw
15	from a case, a court-appointed attorney shall submit a copy of
16	the order to the Justice Administrative Commission at the time
17	it is issued by the court. If an attorney is permitted to
18	withdraw or is otherwise removed from representation prior to
19	full performance of the duties specified in this section for
20	reasons other than breach of duty, the trial court shall
21	approve payment of attorney's fees and costs for work
22	performed in an amount not to exceed the amounts specified in
23	s. 27.5304. <u>Withdrawal from a case prior to full performance</u>
24	of the duties specified shall create a rebuttable presumption
25	that the attorney is not entitled to the entire flat fee for
26	those cases paid on a flat-fee-per-case basis.
27	(b) The attorney shall maintain appropriate
28	documentation, including a current and detailed hourly
29	accounting of time spent representing the defendant or other
30	client.
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1 Section 3. Section 27.42, Florida Statutes, is amended 2 to read: 3 27.42 Circuit Article V indigent services committees; composition; staff; responsibilities; funding.--4 5 (1) In each judicial circuit a circuit Article V б indigent services committee shall be established. The 7 committee shall consist of the following: (a) The chief judge of the judicial circuit or the 8 chief judge's designee, who shall serve as the chair. 9 10 (b) The public defender of the judicial circuit, or designee from within the office of the public defender. 11 12 (c) One experienced private criminal defense attorney 13 appointed by the chief judge to serve a 2-year term. During the 2-year term, the attorney is prohibited from serving as 14 court-appointed counsel. 15 (d) One experienced civil trial attorney appointed by 16 17 the chief judge, to serve a 2-year term. During the 2-year term, the attorney is prohibited from serving as 18 court-appointed counsel. 19 (2)(a) The responsibility of the circuit Article V 20 21 indigent services committee is to manage the appointment and 22 compensation of court-appointed counsel within a circuit 23 pursuant to ss. 27.40 and 27.5303. The committee shall also set the compensation rates of due-process service providers in 2.4 cases where the court has appointed counsel or declared a 25 person indigent for costs. The circuit Article V indigent 26 27 services committee shall meet at least quarterly. 28 (b) No later than October 1, 2004, Each circuit Article V indigent services committee shall maintain a 29 registry pursuant to s. 27.40, even when procuring counsel 30 through a competitive bidding process. However, if counsel is 31

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1 procured through a competitive bidding process, the registry 2 shall be used only when counsel obtained through that process is unable to provide representation due to a conflict of 3 interest or reasons beyond their control. The committee shall 4 5 apply any eligibility and performance standards set by the 6 Legislature. 7 (c) Each circuit Article V indigent services committee 8 shall develop a schedule of standard fees and expense allowances for the categories of cases specified in <u>s. 27.5304</u> 9 s. 27.5303, consistent with the overall compensation rates in 10 that section and within the amount of appropriated funds 11 12 allocated by the Justice Administrative Commission to the 13 circuit for this purpose. (d) Each circuit Article V indigent services committee 14 shall establish a schedule of standard allowances for 15 due-process expenses for cases in which the court has declared 16 a person indigent for costs, within the amount of appropriated 17 18 funds allocated by the Justice Administrative Commission to the circuit for this purpose. 19 20 (3) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to 21 the contrary, a circuit Article V indigent services committee 22 may approve, and the Justice Administrative Commission may 23 expend funds for, alternate models for the provision of criminal and civil due-process services and representation 2.4 other than a model based on a per-case fee if a more 25 cost-effective and efficient system can be provided. An 26 27 alternate model may include court-reporting services and the 2.8 provision of court-appointed counsel. 29 (4)(3) The Justice Administrative Commission shall prepare and issue on a quarterly basis a statewide report 30 comparing actual year-to-date expenditures to budgeted amounts 31

for the circuit Article V indigent services committees in each 1 2 of the judicial circuits. Copies of these quarterly reports shall be distributed to each circuit Article V indigent 3 services committee and to the Governor, the Chief Justice of 4 the Supreme Court, the President of the Senate, and the 5 6 Speaker of the House of Representatives. 7 (5)(4)(a) The funding and positions for the processing 8 of committees' fees and expenses shall be as appropriated to the Justice Administrative Commission in the General 9 Appropriations Act. 10 (b) Funds for criminal conflict attorney's fees and 11 12 expenses shall be appropriated by the Legislature in a 13 separate appropriations category within the Justice Administrative Commission. These funds shall be allocated to 14 each circuit as prescribed in the General Appropriations Act. 15 (c) Funds for attorney's fees and expenses for child 16 17 dependency and civil conflict cases shall be appropriated by 18 the Legislature in a separate appropriations category within the Justice Administrative Commission. 19 20 (d) Any funds the Legislature appropriates for other 21 court-appointed counsel cases shall be as appropriated within 22 the Justice Administrative Commission. 23 (e) Funds for due-process expenses in cases in which the court has declared a person indigent for costs shall be 2.4 appropriated by the Legislature in a separate appropriations 25 category within the Justice Administrative Commission. These 26 27 expenses may not be paid from funds appropriated for use by 2.8 the public defenders. 29 The Justice Administrative Commission shall separately track 30 expenditures on private court-appointed counsel for the 31

1 following categories of cases: criminal conflict, civil 2 conflict, dependency and termination of parental rights, and guardianship. The commission shall also track the race, sex, 3 4 and ethnicity of private court-appointed counsel for each 5 circuit and include this data in the quarterly report required 6 under subsection (4). 7 Section 4. Section 27.52, Florida Statutes, is amended 8 to read: 9 (Substantial rewording of section. See s. 10 27.52, F.S., for present text.) 27.52 Determination of indigent status.--11 12 (1) APPLICATION TO THE CLERK. -- A person seeking 13 appointment of a public defender under s. 27.51 based upon an inability to pay must apply to the clerk of the court for a 14 determination of indigent status using an application form 15 developed by the Florida Clerks of Court Operations 16 17 Corporation. 18 (a) The application must include, at a minimum, the following financial information: 19 20 1. Net income, consisting of total salary and wages, 21 minus deductions required by law, including court-ordered 2.2 support payments. 23 2. Other income, including, but not limited to, social security benefits, union funds, veterans' benefits, workers' 2.4 25 compensation, other regular support from absent family members, public or private employee pensions, unemployment 26 27 compensation, dividends, interest, rent, trusts, and gifts. 28 3. Assets, including, but not limited to, cash, savings accounts, bank accounts, stocks, bonds, certificates 29 30 of deposit, equity in real estate, and equity in a boat or a motor vehicle or in other tangible property. 31

1 4. All liabilities and debts. If applicable, the amount of any bail paid for the 2 5. applicant's release from incarceration and the source of the 3 4 funds. 5 б The application must include a signature by the applicant 7 which attests to the truthfulness of the information provided. 8 The application form developed by the corporation must include notice that the applicant may seek court review of a clerk's 9 10 determination that the applicant is not indigent, as provided in this section. 11 12 (b) An applicant shall pay a \$40 application fee to the clerk for each application filed. The applicant shall pay 13 the fee within 7 days after submitting the application. If 14 the applicant does not pay the fee prior to the disposition of 15 the case, the clerk shall notify the court, and the court 16 17 shall: 18 1. Assess the application fee as part of the sentence or as a condition of probation; or 19 20 2. Assess the application fee pursuant to s. 938.29. 21 (c) Notwithstanding any provision of law, court rule, 2.2 or administrative order to the contrary, the clerk shall 23 assign the first \$40 of any fees or costs paid by an indigent person as payment of the application fee. A person found to be 2.4 indigent may not be refused counsel or other required 25 due-process services for failure to pay the fee. 26 27 (d) All application fees collected by the clerk under 2.8 this section shall be transferred monthly by the clerk to the Department of Revenue for deposit in the Indigent Criminal 29 Defense Trust Fund administered by the Justice Administrative 30 Commission, to be used to supplement the general revenue funds 31

1	appropriated by the Legislature to the public defenders. The
2	clerk may retain 2 percent of application fees collected
3	monthly for administrative costs prior to remitting the
4	remainder to the Department of Revenue.
5	(e)1. The clerk shall assist a person who appears
6	before the clerk and requests assistance in completing the
7	application, and the clerk shall notify the court if a person
8	is unable to complete the application after the clerk has
9	provided assistance.
10	2. If the person seeking appointment of a public
11	defender is incarcerated, the public defender is responsible
12	for providing the application to the person and assisting him
13	or her in its completion and is responsible for submitting the
14	application to the clerk on the person's behalf. The public
15	defender may enter into an agreement for jail employees,
16	pretrial services employees, or employees of other criminal
17	justice agencies to assist the public defender in performing
18	functions assigned to the public defender under this
19	subparagraph.
20	(2) DETERMINATION BY THE CLERK The clerk of the
21	court shall determine whether an applicant seeking appointment
22	of a public defender is indigent based upon the information
23	provided in the application and the criteria prescribed in
24	this subsection.
25	(a)1. An applicant, including an applicant who is a
26	<u>minor or an adult tax-dependent person, is indigent if the</u>
27	applicant's income is equal to or below 200 percent of the
28	then-current federal poverty quidelines prescribed for the
29	size of the household of the applicant by the United States
30	<u>Department of Health and Human Services or if the person is</u>
31	receiving Temporary Assistance for Needy Families-Cash

1 Assistance, poverty-related veterans' benefits, or 2 Supplemental Security Income (SSI). 2. There is a presumption that the applicant is not 3 4 indigent if the applicant owns, or has equity in, any 5 intangible or tangible personal property or real property 6 having a net equity value of \$2,500 or more, or the expectancy 7 of an interest in any such property. 8 (b) Based upon its review, the clerk shall make one of the following determinations: 9 10 1. The applicant is not indigent. The applicant is indigent. 11 2. 12 (c)1. If the clerk determines that the applicant is 13 indigent, the clerk shall submit the determination to the office of the public defender and immediately file the 14 determination in the case record. 15 If the public d<u>efender is unable to provide</u> 16 17 representation due to a conflict, the public defender shall 18 motion the court for withdrawal from representation and appointment of private counsel. 19 (d) The duty of the clerk in determining whether an 20 21 applicant is indigent shall be limited to receiving the application and comparing the information provided in the 2.2 23 application to the criteria prescribed in this subsection. The determination of indigent status is a ministerial act of 2.4 the clerk and not a decision based on further investigation or 25 the exercise of independent judgment by the clerk. The clerk 26 27 may contract with third parties to perform functions assigned 2.8 to the clerk under this section. (e) The applicant may seek review of the clerk's 29 determination that the applicant is not indigent in the court 30 having jurisdiction over the matter at the next scheduled 31

1	hearing. If the applicant seeks review of the clerk's
2	determination of indigent status, the court shall make a final
3	determination as provided in subsection (4).
4	(3) APPOINTMENT OF COUNSEL ON INTERIM BASISIf the
5	clerk of the court has not made a determination of indigent
6	status at the time a person requests appointment of a public
7	defender, the court shall make a preliminary determination of
8	indigent status, pending further review by the clerk, and may,
9	by court order, appoint a public defender or private counsel
10	<u>on an interim basis.</u>
11	(4) REVIEW OF CLERK'S DETERMINATION
12	(a) If the clerk of the court determines that the
13	applicant is not indigent, and the applicant seeks review of
14	the clerk's determination, the court shall make a final
15	determination of indigent status by reviewing the information
16	provided in the application against the criteria prescribed in
17	subsection (2) and by considering the following additional
18	<u>factors:</u>
19	1. Whether the applicant has been released on bail in
20	<u>an amount of \$5,000 or more.</u>
21	2. Whether a bond has been posted, the type of bond,
22	and who paid the bond.
23	3. Whether paying for private counsel or other due
24	process services creates a substantial hardship for the
25	applicant or the applicant's family.
26	4. Any other relevant financial circumstances of the
27	applicant or the applicant's family.
28	(b) Based upon its review, the court shall make one of
29	the following determinations and shall, if appropriate,
30	appoint a public defender or private counsel:
31	<u>1. The applicant is not indigent.</u>
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1 The applicant is indigent. 2. 2 (5) INDIGENT FOR COSTS. -- A person who is eligible to be represented by a public defender under s. 27.51 but who is 3 4 represented by private counsel not appointed by the court for 5 a fee or on a pro bono basis, or who is proceeding pro se, may 6 motion the court for a determination that he or she is 7 indigent for costs and eligible for the provision of 8 due-process services, as prescribed by s. 29.006 and s. 29.007, funded by the state. Due-process services are not 9 10 available under this subsection to a person in a criminal proceeding who is seeking postconviction relief. 11 12 (a) The person must submit to the court: The completed application prescribed in subsection 13 1. 14 (1); and In the case of a person represented by counsel, an 15 2. affidavit attesting to the estimated amount of attorney's fees 16 17 and the source of payment for these fees. 18 (b) In reviewing the motion, the court shall consider: 1. Whether the applicant applied for a determination 19 of indigent status under subsection (1) and the outcome of 20 21 such application; 22 The extent to which the person's income equals or 2. 23 exceeds the income criteria prescribed in subsection (2); 3. The additional factors prescribed in subsection 2.4 25 (4); Whether the applicant is proceeding pro se or is 26 27 represented by a private attorney for a fee or on a pro bono 2.8 basis; When the applicant retained private counsel; and 29 5. 30 6. The amount of any attorney's fees and who is paying the fees. 31

2the following determinations:31. The applicant is not indigent for costs.42. The applicant is indigent for costs.5(d) The provision of due-process services based upon a6determination that a person is indigent for costs under this7subsection must be effectuated pursuant to a court order, a8copy of which the clerk shall provide to counsel representing9the person, or to the person directly if he or she is10proceeding pro se, for use in requesting payment of11due-process expenses through the Justice Administrative12Commission.13(f) DUTIES OF PARENT OR LEGAL GUARDIANA nonindigent14parent or legal quardian of an applicant who is a minor or an15adult tax-dependent person shall furnish the minor or adult16tax-dependent person with the necessary legal services and17costs incident to a delinquency proceeding or, upon transfer18of such person for criminal prosecution as an adult pursuant19to chapter 985, a criminal prosecution in which the person has20a right to legal counsel under the Constitution of the United21States or the Constitution of the State of Florida. The22failure of a parent or legal quardian to furnish legal23services and costs under this section does not bar the24appointment of legal counsel pursuant to s. 27.40 or s.2527.5303. When the public defender, a private court-appointed26conflict counsel, or a private attorney is appointed to <th>1</th> <th>(c) Based upon its review, the court shall make one of</th>	1	(c) Based upon its review, the court shall make one of
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25 27.5303. When the public defender, a private court-appointed 26 conflict counsel, or a private attorney is appointed to 27 represent a minor or an adult tax-dependent person in any 28 proceeding in circuit court or in a criminal proceeding in any 29 other court, the parents or the legal guardian shall be liable 30 for payment of the fees, charges, and costs of the	23	services and costs under this section does not bar the
26 conflict counsel, or a private attorney is appointed to 27 represent a minor or an adult tax-dependent person in any 28 proceeding in circuit court or in a criminal proceeding in any 29 other court, the parents or the legal guardian shall be liable 30 for payment of the fees, charges, and costs of the	24	appointment of legal counsel pursuant to s. 27.40 or s.
27 represent a minor or an adult tax-dependent person in any 28 proceeding in circuit court or in a criminal proceeding in any 29 other court, the parents or the legal guardian shall be liable 30 for payment of the fees, charges, and costs of the	25	27.5303. When the public defender, a private court-appointed
28 proceeding in circuit court or in a criminal proceeding in any 29 other court, the parents or the legal guardian shall be liable 30 for payment of the fees, charges, and costs of the	26	conflict counsel, or a private attorney is appointed to
29 <u>other court, the parents or the legal quardian shall be liable</u> 30 <u>for payment of the fees, charges, and costs of the</u>	27	<u>represent a minor or an adult tax-dependent person in any</u>
30 for payment of the fees, charges, and costs of the	28	proceeding in circuit court or in a criminal proceeding in any
	29	other court, the parents or the legal guardian shall be liable
31 representation even if the person is a minor being tried as an	30	for payment of the fees, charges, and costs of the
	31	representation even if the person is a minor being tried as an

1	adult. Liability for the fees, charges, and costs of the
2	representation shall be imposed in the form of a lien against
3	the property of the nonindigent parents or legal quardian of
4	the minor or adult tax-dependent person. The lien is
5	enforceable as provided in s. 27.561 or s. 938.29.
б	(7) FINANCIAL DISCREPANCIES; FRAUD; FALSE
7	INFORMATION
8	(a) If the court learns of discrepancies between the
9	application or motion and the actual financial status of the
10	person found to be indigent or indigent for costs, the court
11	shall determine whether the public defender or private
12	attorney shall continue representation or whether the
13	authorization for any other due-process services previously
14	authorized shall be revoked. The person may be heard
15	regarding the information learned by the court. If the court,
16	based on the information, determines that the person is not
17	indigent or indigent for costs, the court shall order the
18	public defender or private attorney to discontinue
19	representation and revoke the provision of any other
20	authorized due-process services.
21	(b) If the court has reason to believe that any
22	applicant, through fraud or misrepresentation, was improperly
23	determined to be indigent or indigent for costs, the matter
24	shall be referred to the state attorney. Twenty-five percent
25	of any amount recovered by the state attorney as reasonable
26	value of the services rendered, including fees, charges, and
27	costs paid by the state on the person's behalf, shall be
28	remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the
29	Grants and Donations Trust Fund within the Justice
30	Administrative Commission for appropriation by the Legislature
31	to the state attorney. Seventy-five percent of any amount

1 recovered shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for 2 deposit into the General Revenue Fund. 3 (c) A person who knowingly provides false information 4 to the clerk or the court in seeking a determination of 5 indigent status under this section commits a misdemeanor of 6 the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 7 775.083. 8 Section 5. Subsections (2) and (6) of section 27.5304, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (7) is added to 9 10 that section, to read: 27.5304 Private court-appointed counsel; 11 12 compensation. --13 (2) The Justice Administrative Commission shall review an intended billing by private court-appointed counsel for 14 attorney's fees based on a flat fee per case for completeness 15 and compliance with contractual, statutory, and circuit 16 17 Article V indigent services committee requirements. The 18 commission may approve the intended bill based on a flat fee per case for payment without approval by the court if the 19 intended billing is correct. For attorney's fees based on 20 21 hourly billings, prior to filing a motion for an order 22 approving payment of attorney's fees, costs, or related 23 expenses, the private court-appointed counsel shall deliver a copy of the intended billing, together with supporting 2.4 affidavits and all other necessary documentation, to the 25 Justice Administrative Commission. The Justice Administrative 26 27 Commission shall review the billings, affidavit, and 2.8 documentation for completeness and compliance with contractual and statutory requirements. If the Justice Administrative 29 30 Commission objects to any portion of the proposed billing, the objection and reasons therefor shall be communicated to the 31

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1 private court-appointed counsel. The private court-appointed 2 counsel may thereafter file his or her motion for order approving payment of attorney's fees, costs, or related 3 expenses together with supporting affidavits and all other 4 necessary documentation. The motion must specify whether the 5 6 Justice Administrative Commission objects to any portion of 7 the billing or the sufficiency of documentation and, if so, 8 the reasons therefor. A copy of the motion and attachments shall be served on the Justice Administrative Commission at 9 least 5 business days prior to the date of a hearing. The 10 Justice Administrative Commission shall have standing to 11 12 appear before the court to contest any motion for order 13 approving payment of attorney's fees, costs, or related expenses and may participate in a hearing on the motion by use 14 of telephonic or other communication equipment. The Justice 15 Administrative Commission may contract with other public or 16 17 private entities or individuals to appear before the court for 18 the purpose of contesting any motion for order approving payment of attorney's fees, costs, or related expenses. The 19 fact that the Justice Administrative Commission has not 20 21 objected to any portion of the billing or to the sufficiency 22 of the documentation is not binding on the court. The court 23 retains primary authority and responsibility for determining the reasonableness of all billings for attorney's fees, costs, 2.4 and related expenses, subject to statutory limitations. 25 Private court-appointed counsel is entitled to compensation 26 27 upon final disposition of a case, except as provided in 2.8 paragraphs (a) and (b). Before final disposition of a case, a 29 private court-appointed counsel may file a motion for fees, costs, and related expenses for services completed up to the 30 date of the motion in any case or matter in which legal 31

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1	services have been provided by the attorney for more than 1
2	year. The amount approved by the court may not exceed 80
3	percent of the fees earned, or costs and related expenses
4	incurred, to date, or an amount proportionate to the maximum
4 5	fees permitted under this section based on legal services
6	provided to date, whichever is less. The court may grant the
7	motion if counsel shows that failure to grant the motion would
8	work a particular hardship upon counsel.
9	<u>(a) Private court-appointed counsel representing a</u>
10	parent in a dependency case that is open and that is not in
11	the termination-of-parental-rights stage may submit a request
12	for payment to the Justice Administrative Commission at the
13	following intervals:
14	1. Upon entry of an order of disposition as to the
15	parent being represented;
16	2. Upon conclusion of a 12-month permanency review;
17	and
18	3. Following a judicial review hearing.
19	
20	In no case, however, may counsel submit requests under this
21	paragraph more than once per quarter, unless the court finds
22	extraordinary circumstances justifying more frequent
23	submission of payment requests.
24	(b) Private court-appointed counsel representing an
25	individual in an appeal to a district court of appeal or the
26	Supreme Court may submit a request for payment to the Justice
27	Administrative Commission at the following intervals:
28	1. Upon the filing of an appellate brief, including,
29	but not limited to, a reply brief; and
30	2. When the opinion of the appellate court is
31	finalized.

1	(6) A private attorney appointed in lieu of the public
2	defender to represent an indigent defendant may not reassign
3	or subcontract the case to another attorney <u>. The</u>
4	<u>court-appointed private attorney may not</u> or allow another
5	attorney to appear at a critical stage of a case who is not on
6	the registry developed <u>under</u> pursuant to s. 27.40.
7	(7) Private court-appointed counsel may bill for no
8	more than one half-hour for preparation of each invoice for
9	attorney's fees in a case paid on the basis of an hourly rate,
10	unless the court has approved the attorney to bill more time
11	for preparation of the invoice. Private court-appointed
12	counsel may not bill for preparation of invoices for cases
13	paid on the basis of a flat fee.
14	Section 6. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 27.54,
15	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
16	27.54 Limitation on payment of expenditures for public
17	defender's office other than by the state
18	(2) A county or municipality may contract with, or
19	appropriate or contribute funds to, the operation of the
20	offices of the various public defenders as provided in this
21	subsection. A public defender defending violations of special
22	laws or county or municipal ordinances punishable by
23	incarceration and not ancillary to a state charge shall
24	contract with counties and municipalities to recover the full
25	cost of services rendered on an hourly basis or reimburse the
26	state for the full cost of assigning one or more full-time
27	equivalent attorney positions to work on behalf of the county
28	or municipality. Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
29	in the case of a county with a population of less than 75,000,
30	the public defender shall contract for full reimbursement, or
31	for reimbursement as the parties otherwise agree. <u>In violation</u>
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1	cases, the county or municipality shall pay for due process
2	services that are approved by the court, including deposition
3	costs, deposition transcript costs, investigative costs,
4	witness fees, expert witness costs, and interpreter costs. The
5	person charged with the violation shall be assessed a fee for
6	the services of a public defender and other costs and fees
7	paid by the county or municipality, which assessed fee may be
8	reduced to a lien, in all instances where the person enters a
9	<u>plea or is found to be in violation or quilty of any count or</u>
10	lesser included offense of the charge or companion case
11	charges, regardless of adjudication. The court shall determine
12	the amount of the obligation. The county or municipality may
13	recover assessed fees through collections court or as
14	otherwise permitted by law, and any recovered fees shall be
15	forwarded to the applicable county or municipality as
16	reimbursement.
17	(a) A contract for reimbursement on an hourly basis
18	shall require a county or municipality to reimburse the public
19	defender for services rendered at a <u>negotiated</u> rate <u>not</u>
20	exceeding of \$50 per hour. If an hourly rate is specified in
21	the General Appropriations Act, that rate shall control.
22	(b) A contract for assigning one or more full-time
23	equivalent attorney positions to perform work on behalf of the
24	county or municipality shall assign one or more full-time
25	equivalent positions based on estimates by the public defender
26	of the number of hours required to handle the projected
27	workload. The full cost of each full-time equivalent attorney
28	position on an annual basis shall be the negotiated hourly
29	rate\$50, or the amount specified in the General
30	Appropriations Act, multiplied by the legislative budget
31	request standard for available work hours for one full-time
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1 equivalent attorney position, or, in the absence of that 2 standard, 1,854 hours. The contract may provide for funding full-time equivalent positions in one-quarter increments. 3 (c) Any payments received <u>under</u> pursuant to this 4 subsection shall be deposited into the Grants and Donations 5 6 Trust Fund within the Justice Administrative Commission for 7 use appropriation by the public defender Legislature. 8 (4) Unless expressly authorized by law or in the General Appropriations Act, public defenders are prohibited 9 10 from spending state-appropriated funds on county funding obligations under s. 14, Art. V of the State Constitution 11 12 beginning January 1, 2005. This includes expenditures on 13 communications services and facilities as defined in s. 29.008. This does not prohibit a public defender from spending 14 funds for these purposes in exceptional circumstances when 15 necessary to maintain operational continuity in the form of a 16 17 short-term advance pending reimbursement from the county. If a 18 public defender provides short-term advance funding for a county responsibility as authorized by this subsection, the 19 public defender shall request full reimbursement from the 20 21 board of county commissioners prior to making the expenditure 22 or at the next meeting of the board of county commissioners 23 after the expenditure is made. The total of all short-term advances authorized by this subsection shall not exceed 2 2.4 percent of the public defender's approved operating budget in 25 any given year. No short-term advances authorized by this 26 27 subsection shall be permitted until all reimbursements arising 2.8 from advance funding in the prior state fiscal year have been 29 received by the public defender. All reimbursement payments received by the public defender shall be deposited into the 30 fund from which the expenditure was made General Revenue Fund. 31

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1 Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, the public defender may expend funds for the purchase of computer 2 systems, including associated hardware and software, and for 3 personnel related to this function. 4 5 Section 7. Section 28.24, Florida Statutes, is amended б to read: 7 28.24 Service charges by clerk of the circuit court. -- The clerk of the circuit court may charge for services 8 rendered by the clerk's office in recording documents and 9 instruments and in performing the duties enumerated in amounts 10 not to exceed those specified in this section. Notwithstanding 11 12 any other provision of this section, the clerk of the circuit 13 court shall provide without charge to the state attorney, public defender, and guardian ad litem, attorney ad litem, and 14 court-appointed counsel paid by the state, and to the 15 authorized staff acting on behalf of each, access to and a 16 17 copy of any public record, if the requesting party is entitled by law to view the exempt or confidential record, as 18 maintained by and in the custody of the clerk of the circuit 19 court as provided in general law and the Florida Rules of 20 21 Judicial Administration. The clerk of the circuit court may 22 provide the requested public record in an electronic format in 23 lieu of a paper format when capable of being accessed by the requesting entity. 2.4 25 26 Charges 27 2.8 (1) For examining, comparing, correcting, verifying, 29 and certifying transcripts of record in appellate proceedings, prepared by attorney for appellant or someone else other than 30 31 clerk per page......4.50 32

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(2) For preparing, numbering, and indexing an original (3) For certifying copies of any instrument in the public records.....1.50 (4) For verifying any instrument presented for certification prepared by someone other than clerk, per page (5)(a) For making copies by photographic process of any instrument in the public records consisting of pages of not more than 14 inches by 8 1/2 inches, per page.....1.00 (b) For making copies by photographic process of any instrument in the public records of more than 14 inches by 8 1/2 inches, per page.....5.00 (6) For making microfilm copies of any public records: (b) (7) For copying any instrument in the public records by other than photographic process, per page......6.00 (8) For writing any paper other than herein specifically mentioned, same as for copying, including signing (9) For indexing each entry not recorded.....1.00 (10) For receiving money into the registry of court: (a)1. First \$500, percent......3 2. (b) Eminent domain actions, per deposit.....\$150.00 (11) For examining, certifying, and recording plats and for recording condominium exhibits larger than 14 inches 29 by 8 1/2 inches:

1 (b) Each additional page.....15.00 2 (12) For recording, indexing, and filing any instrument not more than 14 inches by 8 1/2 inches, including 3 required notice to property appraiser where applicable: 4 5 б (b) Each additional page or fraction thereof.....4.00 7 (c) For indexing instruments recorded in the official 8 records which contain more than four names, per additional 9 10 (d) An additional service charge shall be paid to the clerk of the circuit court to be deposited in the Public 11 12 Records Modernization Trust Fund for each instrument listed in 13 s. 28.222, except judgments received from the courts and notices of lis pendens, recorded in the official records: 14 15 1. First page.....1.00 16 2. Each additional page.....0.50 17 Said fund shall be held in trust by the clerk and used 18 exclusively for equipment and maintenance of equipment, 19 personnel training, and technical assistance in modernizing 20 21 the public records system of the office. In a county where the 22 duty of maintaining official records exists in an office other 23 than the office of the clerk of the circuit court, the clerk of the circuit court is entitled to 25 percent of the moneys 2.4 deposited into the trust fund for equipment, maintenance of 25 equipment, training, and technical assistance in modernizing 26 27 the system for storing records in the office of the clerk of 2.8 the circuit court. The fund may not be used for the payment of travel expenses, membership dues, bank charges, 29 30 staff-recruitment costs, salaries or benefits of employees, construction costs, general operating expenses, or other costs 31 34

1 not directly related to obtaining and maintaining equipment 2 for public records systems or for the purchase of furniture or office supplies and equipment not related to the storage of 3 records. On or before December 1, 1995, and on or before 4 5 December 1 of each year immediately preceding each year during б which the trust fund is scheduled for legislative review under 7 s. 19(f)(2), Art. III of the State Constitution, each clerk of 8 the circuit court shall file a report on the Public Records Modernization Trust Fund with the President of the Senate and 9 the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The report must 10 itemize each expenditure made from the trust fund since the 11 12 last report was filed; each obligation payable from the trust 13 fund on that date; and the percentage of funds expended for each of the following: equipment, maintenance of equipment, 14 personnel training, and technical assistance. The report must 15 16 indicate the nature of the system each clerk uses to store, 17 maintain, and retrieve public records and the degree to which 18 the system has been upgraded since the creation of the trust fund. 19

(e) An additional service charge of \$4 per page shall be paid to the clerk of the circuit court for each instrument listed in s. 28.222, except judgments received from the courts and notices of lis pendens, recorded in the official records. From the additional \$4 service charge collected:

If the counties maintain legal responsibility for
 the costs of the court-related technology needs as defined in
 s. 29.008(1)(f)2. and (h), 10 cents shall be distributed to
 the Florida Association of Court Clerks and Comptroller, Inc.,
 for the cost of development, implementation, operation, and
 maintenance of the clerks' Comprehensive Case Information
 System, in which system all clerks shall participate on or

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1 before January 1, 2006; \$1.90 shall be retained by the clerk 2 to be deposited in the Public Records Modernization Trust Fund and used exclusively for funding court-related technology 3 needs of the clerk as defined in s. 29.008(1)(f)2. and (h); 4 and \$2 shall be distributed to the board of county 5 б commissioners to be used exclusively to fund court-related 7 technology, and court technology needs as defined in s. 8 29.008(1)(f)2. and (h) for the state trial courts, state attorney, and public defender in that county. If the counties 9 maintain legal responsibility for the costs of the 10 court-related technology needs as defined in s. 29.008(1)(f)2. 11 12 and (h), notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 13 county is not required to provide additional funding beyond that provided herein for the court-related technology needs of 14 the clerk as defined in s. 29.008(1)(f)2. and (h). All court 15 records and official records are the property of the State of 16 17 Florida, including any records generated as part of the 18 Comprehensive Case Information System funded pursuant to this paragraph and the clerk of court is designated as the 19 custodian of such records, except that in a county where the 20 21 duty of maintaining official records exists in a county office 22 other than the clerk of court, such county office is 23 designated the custodian of all official records, and the Clerk of Court is designated the Custodian of all court 2.4 records. The clerk of court or any entity acting on behalf of 25 26 the clerk of court, including an association, shall not charge 27 a fee to any agency as defined in s. 119.011, the Legislature, 2.8 or the State Court System for copies of records generated by 29 the Comprehensive Case Information System or held by the clerk of court or any entity acting on behalf of the clerk of court, 30 including an association. 31

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1	2. If the state becomes legally responsible for the
2	costs of court-related technology needs as defined in s.
3	29.008(1)(f)2. and (h), whether by operation of general law or
4	by court order, \$4 shall be remitted to the Department of
5	Revenue for deposit into the General Revenue Fund.
6	(13) Oath, administering, attesting, and sealing, not
7	otherwise provided for herein
8	(14) For validating certificates, any authorized
9	bonds, each
10	(15) For preparing affidavit of domicile5.00
11	(16) For exemplified certificates, including signing
12	and sealing6.00
13	(17) For authenticated certificates, including signing
14	and sealing6.00
15	(18)(a) For issuing and filing a subpoena for a
16	witness, not otherwise provided for herein (includes writing,
17	preparing, signing, and sealing)6.00
18	(b) For signing and sealing only
19	(19) For approving bond7.50
20	(20) For searching of records, for each year's search
21	1.50
22	(21) For processing an application for a tax deed sale
23	(includes application, sale, issuance, and preparation of tax
24	deed, and disbursement of proceeds of sale), other than excess
25	proceeds
26	(22) For disbursement of excess proceeds of tax deed
27	sale, first \$100 or fraction thereof10.00
28	(23) Upon receipt of an application for a marriage
29	license, for preparing and administering of oath; issuing,
30	sealing, and recording of the marriage license; and providing
31	a certified copy
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1 2 (25) For sealing any court file or expungement of any 3 4 (26)(a) For receiving and disbursing all restitution payments, per payment......3.00 5 б (b) For receiving and disbursing all partial payments, 7 other than restitution payments, for which an administrative 8 processing service charge is not imposed pursuant to s. 28.246, per month.....5.00 9 10 (c) For setting up a payment plan, a one-time administrative processing charge in lieu of a per month charge 11 12 13 (27) Postal charges incurred by the clerk of the circuit court in any mailing by certified or registered mail 14 15 shall be paid by the party at whose instance the mailing is 16 made. 17 (28) For furnishing an electronic copy of information 18 contained in a computer database: a fee as provided for in chapter 119. 19 20 Section 8. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 21 28.2402, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 22 28.2402 Cost recovery; use of the circuit court for 23 ordinance or special law violations. --(1)(a) In lieu of payment of a filing fee under s. 2.4 28.241, a filing fee of \$10 shall be paid by a county or 25 municipality when filing a county or municipal ordinance 26 27 violation or violation of a special law in circuit court. This 2.8 fee shall be paid to the clerk of the court for performing court-related functions. A county or municipality is not 29 required to pay more than one filing fee for a single filing 30 that contains multiple alleged violations. A filing fee, other 31

1 than that imposed under this section, may not be assessed for 2 initiating an enforcement proceeding in circuit court for a violation of a county or municipal code or ordinance or a 3 4 violation of a special law. The filing fee does not apply to violations of a local government code that are enforced under 5 б part I of chapter 162. The filing fee does not apply to 7 instances in which a county or a municipality has contracted 8 with the state, or has been delegated by the state, responsibility for enforcing state operations, policies, or 9 10 requirements under s. 125.69, s. 166.0415, or chapter 162. Section 9. Subsection (2) of section 28.241, Florida 11 12 Statutes, is amended to read: 13 28.241 Filing fees for trial and appellate proceedings.--14 (2)(a) Upon the institution of any appellate 15 proceeding from any lower court to the circuit court of any 16 17 such county, including appeals filed by a county or 18 municipality as provided in s. 34.041(5), or from the circuit court to an appellate court of the state, the clerk shall 19 charge and collect from the party or parties instituting such 20 21 appellate proceeding proceedings a filing fee not to exceed 22 \$250 for filing a notice of appeal from the county court to 23 the circuit court. The clerk shall remit the first \$50 to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the General Revenue 2.4 Fund. One-third of the fee collected by the clerk in excess of 25 26 \$50 also shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for 27 deposit into the Clerks of the Court Trust Fund. and, 2.8 (b) In addition to the filing fee required under s. 25.241 or s. 35.22, the clerk shall collect and retain from 29 the party or parties instituting an appellate proceeding a 30 service charge of \$75\$50 for filing a notice of appeal from 31

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   the circuit court to the district court of appeal or to the
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    Supreme Court.
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   If the party is determined to be indigent, the clerk shall
   defer payment of the fee and service charge under this
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   subsection. The clerk shall remit the first $50 to the
 7
    Department of Revenue for deposit into the General Revenue
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   Fund. One third of the fee collected by the clerk in excess of
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   $50 also shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for
    deposit into the Clerks of the Court Trust Fund.
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           Section 10. Section 28.245, Florida Statutes, is
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    amended to read:
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           28.245 Transmittal of funds to Department of Revenue;
    uniform remittance form required .-- Notwithstanding any other
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   provision of law, all moneys collected by the clerks of the
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    court as part of the clerk's court-related functions for
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    subsequent distribution to any state entity must be
    transmitted electronically, by the 20th day of the month
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    immediately following the month in which the moneys are
19
    <u>collected</u>, to the Department of Revenue for appropriate
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   distribution. A uniform remittance form provided by the
22
   Department of Revenue detailing the specific amounts due each
23
    fund must accompany such submittal. All moneys collected by
    the clerks of court for remittance to any entity must be
2.4
   distributed pursuant to the law in effect at the time of
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    collection.
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           Section 11. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 28.246,
2.8
   Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
29
           28.246 Payment of court-related fees, charges, and
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    costs; partial payments; distribution of funds .--
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(1) Beginning July 1, 2003, the clerk of the circuit 1 2 court shall report the following information to the Legislature and the Florida Clerks Clerk of Court Operations 3 Corporation Conference on a form developed by the Department 4 of Financial Services: 5 6 (a) The total amount of mandatory fees, service 7 charges, and costs; the total amount actually assessed; the 8 total amount discharged, waived, or otherwise not assessed; and the total amount collected. 9 10 (b) The amount of discretionary fees, service charges, and costs assessed; the total amount discharged; and the total 11 12 amount collected. 13 (c) The total amount of mandatory fines and other monetary penalties; the total amount assessed; the total 14 amount discharged, waived, or otherwise not assessed; and the 15 total amount collected. 16 17 (d) The amount of discretionary fines and other 18 monetary penalties assessed; the amount discharged; and the total amount collected. 19 20 21 If provided to the clerk of court by the judge, the clerk, in 22 reporting the amount assessed, shall separately identify the 23 amount assessed pursuant to s. 938.30 as community service; assessed by reducing the amount to a judgment or lien; 2.4 satisfied by time served; or other. The form developed by the 25 Chief Financial Officer shall include separate entries for 26 27 recording these amounts. The clerk shall submit the report on 2.8 a quarterly basis 30 days after the end of the quarter for the period from July 1, 2003, through June 30, 2004, and on an 29 annual basis thereafter, 60 days after the end of the county 30 fiscal year. 31

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1	(4) The clerk of the circuit court shall accept
2	partial payments for court-related fees, service charges,
3	costs, and fines in accordance with the terms of an
4	established payment plan. An individual seeking to defer
5	payment of fees, service charges, costs, or fines imposed by
6	operation of law or order of the court under any provision of
7	general law <u>shall apply to the clerk for enrollment in a</u>
8	payment plan. The clerk shall enter into a payment plan with
9	an individual who the court determines is indigent for costs
10	and who demonstrates to the clerk an inability to pay
11	court-related fees, service charges, costs, or fines in full.
12	Periodic payment amounts shall correspond to the individual's
13	ability to pay. The court may review the reasonableness of the
14	payment plan, and determined by the court to be unable to make
15	payment in full, shall be enrolled by the clerk in a payment
16	program, with periodic payment amounts corresponding to the
17	individual's ability to pay.
18	Section 12. Section 28.345, Florida Statutes, is
19	amended to read:
20	28.345 Exemption from court-related fees and
21	chargesNotwithstanding any other provision of this chapter
22	or law to the contrary, judges and those court staff acting on
23	behalf of judges, state attorneys, guardians ad litem,
24	attorneys ad litem, court-appointed private counsel, and
25	public defenders, acting in their official capacity, and state
26	agencies, are exempt from all court-related fees and charges
27	assessed by the clerks of the circuit courts.
28	Section 13. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section
29	28.35, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
30	28.35 Florida Clerks of Court Operations
31	Corporation
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1	(3)(a) The Clerks of Court Operations Corporation
2	shall certify to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of
3	the House of Representatives, the Chief Financial Officer, and
4	the Department of Revenue by October 15 of each year, the
5	amount of the proposed budget certified for each clerk; the
6	revenue projection supporting each clerk's budget; each clerk
7	eligible to retain some or all of the state's share of fines,
8	fees, service charges, and costs; the amount to be paid to
9	each clerk from the Clerks of the Court Trust Fund within the
10	Department of Revenue; the performance measures and standards
11	approved by the conference for each clerk; and the performance
12	of each clerk in meeting the performance standards. This
13	certification must also include a report of any additional
14	budget funding authority the corporation approves for a clerk
15	under s. 28.36(6), as well as the documentation required under
16	s. 28.36 relating to the factual basis for the approval.
17	Section 14. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section
18	28.36, Florida Statutes, is amended, present subsection (6) of
19	that section is redesignated as subsection (7), and a new
20	subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:
21	28.36 Budget procedureThere is hereby established a
22	budget procedure for the court-related functions of the clerks
23	of the court.
24	(3) Each proposed budget shall further conform to the
25	following requirements:
26	(a) On or before August $15 \pm$ for each fiscal year
27	thereafter, the proposed budget shall be prepared, summarized,
28	and submitted by the clerk in each county to the Clerks of
29	Court Operations Corporation in the manner and form prescribed
30	by the <u>corporation</u> conference . The proposed budget must
31	provide detailed information on the anticipated revenues
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1	available and expenditures necessary for the performance of
2	the standard list of court-related functions of the clerk's
3	office developed pursuant to s. 28.35(4)(a) for the county
4	fiscal year beginning the following October 1.
5	(6) The Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation
6	may approve funding for a clerk of the court in excess of the
7	maximum annual budget amounts specified in this section if the
8	corporation finds that additional funding is necessary for the
9	clerk to perform the standard list of court-related functions
10	in s. 28.35(4)(a) and one of the following conditions exists:
11	(a) The additional funding is reasonable and necessary
12	to pay the cost of performing new or additional functions
13	required by changes in law or court rule;
14	(b) The additional funding is reasonable and necessary
15	to pay the additional costs required for the clerk to support
16	increases in the number of judges and other judicial resources
17	authorized by the Legislature; or
18	(c) The additional funding is reasonable and necessary
19	to satisfy court-related expenses incurred by the clerk which
20	result from increases in previously funded fixed expenses
21	outside the control of the clerk.
22	
23	Before approving additional funding in excess of the maximum
24	annual budget amounts, as authorized by this subsection, the
25	corporation must document in detail the factual basis for the
26	approval. Within 30 days after approving additional funding,
27	the corporation shall notify the Chief Financial Officer of
28	the action and submit to him or her the documentation relating
29	to the factual basis for the approval.
30	Section 15. Subsection (6) of section 29.004, Florida
31	Statutes, is amended to read:

1 29.004 State courts system.--For purposes of 2 implementing s. 14, Art. V of the State Constitution, the 3 elements of the state courts system to be provided from state revenues appropriated by general law are as follows: 4 5 (6) Expert witnesses who not requested by any party б which are appointed by the court pursuant to an express grant 7 of statutory authority. Section 16. Section 29.007, Florida Statutes, is 8 amended to read: 9 10 29.007 Court-appointed counsel.--For purposes of implementing s. 14, Art. V of the State Constitution, the 11 12 elements of court-appointed counsel to be provided from state 13 revenues appropriated by general law are as follows: (1) Private attorneys appointed by the court to handle 14 cases where the defendant is indigent and cannot be 15 represented by the public defender under ss. 27.42 and 27.53. 16 17 (2) Private attorneys appointed by the court to represent indigents or other classes of litigants in civil 18 proceedings requiring court-appointed counsel in accordance 19 with state and federal constitutional guarantees and federal 20 21 and state statutes. 22 (3) Reasonable court reporting and transcription 23 services necessary to meet constitutional or statutory requirements, including the cost of transcribing and copying 2.4 depositions of witnesses and the cost of foreign language and 25 sign-language interpreters and translators. 26 27 (4) Witnesses, including expert witnesses, summoned to 2.8 appear for an investigation, preliminary hearing, or trial in a case when the witnesses are summoned on behalf of an 29 30 indigent, and any other expert witnesses approved by the 31 court.

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1	(5) Mental health professionals appointed pursuant to
2	s. 394.473 and required in a court hearing involving an
3	indigent, and mental health professionals appointed pursuant
4	to s. 916.115(2) and required in a court hearing involving an
5	indigent, and any other mental health professionals required
6	by law for the full adjudication of any civil case.
7	(6) Reasonable pretrial consultation fees and costs.
8	(7) Travel expenses reimbursable under s. 112.061
9	reasonably necessary in the performance of constitutional and
10	statutory responsibilities.
11	
12	Subsections (3), (4), (5), (6), and (7) apply when
13	court-appointed counsel is appointed; when the litigant
14	retains, or is represented on a pro-bono basis by, a private
15	attorney and the court determines that the litigant is
16	indigent for costs; or when the litigant is acting pro se and
17	the court determines that the litigant is indigent for costs
18	at the trial or appellate level. This section applies in any
19	situation in which the court appoints counsel to protect a
20	<u>litigant's due-process rights.</u>
21	Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 29.008, Florida
22	Statutes, is amended to read:
23	29.008 County funding of court-related functions
24	(1) Counties are required by s. 14, Art. V of the
25	State Constitution to fund the cost of communications
26	services, existing radio systems, existing multiagency
27	criminal justice information systems, and the cost of
28	construction or lease, maintenance, utilities, and security of
29	facilities for the circuit and county courts, public
30	defenders' offices, state attorneys' offices, guardian ad
31	litem offices, and the offices of the clerks of the circuit
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1	and county courts performing court-related functions. For
2	purposes of this section, the term "circuit and county courts"
3	shall include the offices and staffing of the guardian ad
4	litem programs. The county designated under s. 35.05(1) as the
5	headquarters for each appellate district shall fund these
6	costs for the appellate division of the public defender's
7	office in that county. For purposes of implementing these
8	requirements, the term:
9	(a) "Facility" means reasonable and necessary
10	buildings and office space and appurtenant equipment and
11	furnishings, structures, real estate, easements, and related
12	interests in real estate, including, but not limited to, those
13	for the purpose of housing legal materials for use by the
14	general public and personnel, equipment, or functions of the
15	circuit or county courts, public defenders' offices, state
16	attorneys' offices, and court-related functions of the office
17	of the clerks of the circuit and county courts and all
18	storage. The term "facility" includes all wiring necessary for
19	court-reporting services. The term also includes access to
20	parking for such facilities in connection with such
21	court-related functions that may be available free or from a
22	private provider or a local government for a fee. The office
23	space provided by a county may not be less than the standards
24	for space allotment adopted by the Department of Management
25	Services, except that this requirement applies only to
26	facilities that are leased, or on which construction
27	commences, after June 30, 2003. County funding must include
28	physical modifications and improvements to all facilities as
29	are required for compliance with the Americans with
30	Disabilities Act. Upon mutual agreement of a county and the
31	affected entity in this paragraph, the office space provided
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of the county.

adopted by the Department of Management Services. This section applies only to facilities that are leased, or on which construction commences, after June 30, 2003. 1. As of July 1, 2005, equipment and furnishings shall be limited to that appropriate and customary for courtrooms, hearing rooms, jury facilities, and other public areas in courthouses and any other facility occupied by the courts, state attorneys, and public defenders. Court-reporting equipment in these areas or facilities is not a responsibility 2. Equipment and furnishings under this paragraph in existence and owned by counties on July 1, 2005, except for that in the possession of the clerks, for areas other than courtrooms, hearing rooms, jury facilities, and other public areas in courthouses and any other facility occupied by the

17 courts, state attorneys, and public defenders, shall be 18 transferred to the state at no charge. This provision does not apply to any communication services as defined in paragraph 19 (f). 20

by the county may vary from the standards for space allotment

21 (b) "Construction or lease" includes, but is not 22 limited to, all reasonable and necessary costs of the 23 acquisition or lease of facilities for all judicial officers, staff, jurors, volunteers of a tenant agency, and the public 2.4 for the circuit and county courts, the public defenders' 25 26 offices, state attorneys' offices, and for performing the 27 court-related functions of the offices of the clerks of the 2.8 circuit and county courts. This includes expenses related to 29 financing such facilities and the existing and future cost and bonded indebtedness associated with placing the facilities in 30 31 use.

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1	(c) "Maintenance" includes, but is not limited to, all
2	reasonable and necessary costs of custodial and groundskeeping
3	services and renovation and reconstruction as needed to
4	accommodate functions for the circuit and county courts, the
5	public defenders' offices, and state attorneys' offices and
6	for performing the court-related functions of the offices of
7	the clerks of the circuit and county court and for maintaining
8	the facilities in a condition appropriate and safe for the use
9	intended.
10	(d) "Utilities" means all electricity services for
11	light, heat, and power; natural or manufactured gas services
12	for light, heat, and power; water and wastewater services and
13	systems, stormwater or runoff services and systems, sewer
14	services and systems, all costs or fees associated with these
15	services and systems, and any costs or fees associated with
16	the mitigation of environmental impacts directly related to
17	the facility.
18	(e) "Security" includes but is not limited to, all
19	reasonable and necessary costs of services of law enforcement
20	officers or licensed security guards and all electronic,
21	cellular, or digital monitoring and screening devices
22	necessary to ensure the safety and security of all persons
23	visiting or working in a facility; to provide for security of
24	the facility, including protection of property owned by the
25	county or the state; and for security of prisoners brought to
26	any facility. This includes bailiffs while providing courtroom
27	and other security for each judge and other quasi-judicial
28	officers.
29	(f) "Communications services" are defined as any
30	reasonable and necessary transmission, emission, and reception
31	of signs, signals, writings, images, and sounds of

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1 intelligence of any nature by wire, radio, optical, audio 2 equipment, or other electromagnetic systems and includes all facilities and equipment owned, leased, or used by judges, 3 clerks, public defenders, state attorneys, and all staff of 4 the state courts system, state attorneys' offices, public 5 6 defenders' offices, and clerks of the circuit and county 7 courts performing court-related functions. Such system or 8 services shall include, but not be limited to: 9 1. Telephone system infrastructure, including computer 10 lines, telephone switching equipment, and maintenance, and facsimile equipment, wireless communications, cellular 11 12 telephones, pagers, and video teleconferencing equipment and 13 line charges. Each county shall continue to provide access to a local carrier for local and long distance service and shall 14 pay toll charges for local and long distance service. 15 16 2. All computer networks, systems and equipment, 17 including computer hardware and software, modems, printers, 18 wiring, network connections, maintenance, support staff or services including any county-funded support staff located in 19 the offices of the circuit court, county courts, state 20 21 attorneys, and public defenders, training, supplies, and line 22 charges necessary for an integrated computer system to support 23 the operations and management of the state courts system, the offices of the public defenders, the offices of the state 2.4 attorneys, and the offices of the clerks of the circuit and 25 county courts and the capability to connect those entities and 26 27 reporting data to the state as required for the transmission 2.8 of revenue, performance accountability, case management, data collection, budgeting, and auditing purposes. The integrated 29 computer system shall be operational by July 1, 2006, and, at 30 a minimum, permit the exchange of financial, performance 31

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1 accountability, case management, case disposition, and other 2 data across multiple state and county information systems involving multiple users at both the state level and within 3 each judicial circuit and be able to electronically exchange 4 judicial case background data, sentencing scoresheets, and 5 6 video evidence information stored in integrated case 7 management systems over secure networks. Once the integrated 8 system becomes operational, counties may reject requests to 9 purchase communication services included in this subparagraph not in compliance with standards, protocols, or processes 10 adopted by the board established pursuant to s. 29.0086. 11 12 3. Courier messenger and subpoena services. 13 4. Auxiliary aids and services for qualified individuals with a disability which are necessary to ensure 14 access to the courts. Such auxiliary aids and services 15 include, but are not limited to, sign language interpretation 16 17 services required under the federal Americans with 18 Disabilities Act other than services required to satisfy due process requirements and identified as a state funding 19 responsibility pursuant to ss. 29.004, 29.005, 29.006, and 20 21 29.007, real-time transcription services for individuals who 22 are hearing impaired, and assistive listening devices and the 23 equipment necessary to implement such accommodations. (g) "Existing radio systems" includes, but is not 2.4 limited to, law enforcement radio systems that are used by the 25 26 circuit and county courts, the offices of the public 27 defenders, the offices of the state attorneys, and for 2.8 court-related functions of the offices of the clerks of the circuit and county courts. This includes radio systems that 29 were operational or under contract at the time Revision No. 7, 30 1998, to Art. V of the State Constitution was adopted and any 31

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1 enhancements made thereafter, the maintenance of those 2 systems, and the personnel and supplies necessary for 3 operation. 4 "Existing multiagency criminal justice information (h) systems" includes, but is not limited to, those components of 5 б the multiagency criminal justice information system as defined 7 in s. 943.045, supporting the offices of the circuit or county courts, the public defenders' offices, the state attorneys' 8 offices, or those portions of the offices of the clerks of the 9 circuit and county courts performing court-related functions 10 that are used to carry out the court-related activities of 11 12 those entities. This includes upgrades and maintenance of the 13 current equipment, maintenance and upgrades of supporting technology infrastructure and associated staff, and services 14 and expenses to assure continued information sharing and 15 reporting of information to the state. The counties shall also 16 17 provide additional information technology services, hardware, 18 and software as needed for new judges and staff of the state courts system, state attorneys' offices, public defenders' 19 offices, and the offices of the clerks of the circuit and 20 21 county courts performing court-related functions. 22 Section 18. Subsection (2) of section 29.015, Florida 23 Statutes, is amended to read: 29.015 Contingency fund; limitation of authority to 2.4 transfer funds in contracted due process services 25 26 appropriation categories. --27 (2) In the event that a state attorney or public 2.8 defender incurs a deficit in a contracted due process services appropriation category, the following steps shall be taken in 29 30 order: 31

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1 (a) The state attorney or public defender shall first 2 attempt to identify surplus funds from other appropriation 3 categories within his or her office and submit a budget amendment pursuant to chapter 216 to transfer funds from 4 within the office. 5 б (b) In the event that the state attorney or public 7 defender is unable to identify surplus funds from within his or her office, he or she shall certify this to the Justice 8 Administrative Commission along with a complete explanation of 9 10 the circumstances which led to the deficit and steps the office has taken to reduce or alleviate the deficit. The 11 12 Justice Administrative Commission shall inquire as to whether 13 any other office has surplus funds in its contracted due process services appropriation categories which can be 14 transferred to the office that is experiencing the deficit. If 15 other offices indicate that surplus funds are available within 16 17 the same appropriation category, the Justice Administrative 18 Commission shall transfer the amount needed to fund the deficit and notify the Governor and the chair and vice chair 19 of the legislative budget commission 14 days prior to a 20 21 transfer pursuant to the notice, review, and objection provisions of s. 216.177. If funds appropriated for this 22 23 purpose are available in a different budget entity, the Justice Administrative Commission shall request a budget 2.4 amendment pursuant to chapter 216 request a budget amendment 25 to transfer funds from the office or offices to alleviate the 26 27 deficit upon agreement of the contributing office or offices. 2.8 (c) If no office indicates that surplus funds are available to alleviate the deficit, the Justice Administrative 29 30 Commission may request a budget amendment to transfer funds from the contingency fund. Such transfers shall be in 31

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1	accordance with all applicable provisions of chapter 216 and
2	shall be subject to review and approval by the Legislative
3	Budget Commission. The Justice Administrative Commission shall
4	submit the documentation provided by the office explaining the
5	circumstances that led to the deficit and the steps taken by
б	the office and the Justice Administrative Commission to
7	identify surplus funds to the Legislative Budget Commission.
8	Section 19. Section 29.018, Florida Statutes, is
9	amended to read:
10	29.018 Cost sharing of <u>due-process</u> due process costs ;
11	legislative intentIt is the intent of the Legislature to
12	provide state-funded <u>due-process</u> due process services to the
13	state courts system, state attorneys, public defenders, and
14	court-appointed counsel in the most cost-effective and
15	efficient manner. The state courts system, state attorneys,
16	public defenders, and <u>the Justice Administrative Commission on</u>
17	behalf of court-appointed counsel may enter into contractual
18	agreements to share, on a pro rata basis, the costs associated
19	with court reporting services, court interpreter and
20	translation services, court experts, and all other <u>due-process</u>
21	due process services funded by the state pursuant to this
22	chapter. These costs shall be budgeted within the funds
23	appropriated to each of the affected users of services.
24	Section 20. Section 29.0185, Florida Statutes, is
25	created to read:
26	29.0185 Provision of state-funded due-process services
27	to individualsDue-process services may not be provided with
28	<u>state revenues to an individual unless:</u>
29	(1) The individual on whose behalf the due-process
30	services are being provided is eligible for court-appointed
31	counsel under s. 27.40, based upon a determination of
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1 indigency under s. 27.52, regardless of whether such counsel 2 is appointed; and (2) The due-process services are provided pursuant to 3 <u>a court order.</u> 4 5 Section 21. Subsection (1) of section 34.045, Florida 6 Statutes, is amended to read: 7 34.045 Cost recovery; use of the county court for 8 ordinance or special law violations .--9 (1)(a) In lieu of payment of a filing fee under s. 10 34.041, a filing fee of \$10 shall be paid by a county or municipality when filing a violation of a county or municipal 11 12 ordinance or a violation of a special law in county court. 13 This fee shall be paid to the clerk of the court for performing court-related functions. A county or municipality 14 is not required to pay more than one filing fee for a single 15 filing that contains multiple alleged violations. A filing 16 17 fee, other than that imposed under this section, may not be 18 assessed for initiating an enforcement proceeding in county court for a violation of a county or municipal code or 19 ordinance or a violation of a special law. The filing fee 20 21 under this section does not apply to: 22 1. Violations of a local government code that are 23 enforced under part I of chapter 162; 2. Instances in which a county or a municipality has 2.4 25 contracted with the state, or has been delegated by the state, responsibility for enforcing state operations, policies, or 26 27 requirements under s. 125.69, s. 166.0415, or chapter 162; or 2.8 3. Instances in which the filing of a violation of a county or municipal code or ordinance or a violation of a 29 30 special law also includes a violation of state law. 31

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1 (b) No other filing fee may be assessed for filing the 2 violation in county court. If a person contests the violation in court, the court shall assess \$40 in costs against the 3 nonprevailing party. The county or municipality shall be 4 considered the prevailing party when there is a plea or 5 б finding of violation or quilt to any count or lesser included 7 offense of the charge or companion case charges, regardless of 8 adjudication. Costs Cost recovered pursuant to this paragraph 9 shall be deposited into the clerk's fine and forfeiture fund established pursuant to s. 142.01. 10 (c) If the person does not contest the violation in 11 12 court, or if the county or municipality is the prevailing 13 party, the court shall assess the person or nonprevailing party \$10 for the filing fee provided in paragraph (a), which 14 amount shall be forwarded to the county or municipality. 15 Section 22. Section 34.191, Florida Statutes, is 16 17 amended to read: 34.191 Fines and forfeitures; dispositions.--18 (1) All fines and forfeitures arising from offenses 19 tried in the county court shall be collected and accounted for 20 21 by the clerk of the court and, other than the charge provided 22 in s. 318.1215, disbursed in accordance with ss. 28.2402, 23 34.045, 142.01, and 142.03 142.13 and subject to the provisions of s. 28.246(5) and (6). Notwithstanding the 2.4 provisions of this section, all fines and forfeitures arising 25 26 from operation of the provisions of s. 318.1215 shall be 27 disbursed in accordance with that section. 2.8 (2)(a) All fines and forfeitures received from 29 violations of municipal ordinances committed within a municipality within the territorial jurisdiction of the county 30 court, other than the charge provided in s. 318.1215, shall be 31

1 paid monthly to the municipality except as provided in s. 2 28.2402(2), s. 34.045(2), s. 318.21, or s. 943.25. (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), all fines and 3 4 forfeitures arising from offenses committed within an 5 unincorporated area of a municipality having a consolidated government under s. 6(e), Art. VIII of the State Constitution 6 7 shall be paid monthly to the clerk of the county court. 8 (3) All other fines and forfeitures collected by the clerk, other than the charge provided in s. 318.1215, shall be 9 10 considered income of the office of the clerk for use in performing court-related duties of the office. 11 12 Section 23. Subsection (3) of section 39.0132, Florida 13 Statutes, is amended to read: 39.0132 Oaths, records, and confidential 14 information.--15 (3) The clerk shall keep all court records required by 16 17 this chapter separate from other records of the circuit court. All court records required by this chapter shall not be open 18 to inspection by the public. All records shall be inspected 19 only upon order of the court by persons deemed by the court to 20 21 have a proper interest therein, except that, subject to the 22 provisions of s. 63.162, a child and the parents of the child 23 and their attorneys, guardian ad litem, law enforcement agencies, and the department and its designees shall always 2.4 have the right to inspect and copy any official record 25 26 pertaining to the child. The Justice Administrative Commission 27 may inspect court records required by this chapter as 2.8 necessary to audit compensation of court-appointed attorneys. 29 The court may permit authorized representatives of recognized organizations compiling statistics for proper purposes to 30 inspect and make abstracts from official records, under 31

1 whatever conditions upon their use and disposition the court 2 may deem proper, and may punish by contempt proceedings any violation of those conditions. 3 Section 24. Subsection (1) of section 39.821, Florida 4 Statutes, is amended to read: 5 6 39.821 Qualifications of guardians ad litem.--7 (1) Because of the special trust or responsibility 8 placed in a guardian ad litem, the Guardian Ad Litem Program may use any private funds collected by the program, or any 9 state funds so designated, to conduct a security background 10 investigation before certifying a volunteer to serve. A 11 12 security background investigation must include, but need not 13 be limited to, employment history checks, checks of references, local criminal records checks through local law 14 enforcement agencies, and statewide criminal records checks 15 through the Department of Law Enforcement. Upon request, an 16 17 employer shall furnish a copy of the personnel record for the 18 employee or former employee who is the subject of a security background investigation conducted under this section. The 19 information contained in the personnel record may include, but 20 21 need not be limited to, disciplinary matters and the reason 22 why the employee was terminated from employment. An employer 23 who releases a personnel record for purposes of a security background investigation is presumed to have acted in good 2.4 faith and is not liable for information contained in the 25 26 record without a showing that the employer maliciously 27 falsified the record. A security background investigation 2.8 conducted under this section must ensure that a person is not 29 certified as a guardian ad litem if the person has been convicted of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of 30 nolo contendere or guilty to, any offense prohibited under the 31

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1	provisions of the Florida Statutes specified in s. 435.04(2)
2	or under any similar law in another jurisdiction. Before
3	certifying an applicant to serve as a guardian ad litem, the
4	<u>Guardian Ad Litem Program</u> chief judge of the circuit court may
5	request a federal criminal records check of the applicant
б	through the Federal Bureau of Investigation. In analyzing and
7	evaluating the information obtained in the security background
8	investigation, the program must give particular emphasis to
9	past activities involving children, including, but not limited
10	to, child-related criminal offenses or child abuse. The
11	program has the sole discretion in determining whether to
12	certify a person based on his or her security background
13	investigation. The information collected pursuant to the
14	security background investigation is confidential and exempt
15	from s. 119.07(1).
16	Section 25. Section 39.822, Florida Statutes, is
17	amended to read:
18	39.822 Appointment of guardian ad litem for abused,
19	abandoned, or neglected child
20	(1) A guardian ad litem shall be appointed by the
21	court at the earliest possible time to represent the child in
22	any child abuse, abandonment, or neglect judicial proceeding,
23	whether civil or criminal. Any person participating in a civil
24	or criminal judicial proceeding resulting from such
25	appointment shall be presumed prima facie to be acting in good
26	faith and in so doing shall be immune from any liability,
27	civil or criminal, that otherwise might be incurred or
28	imposed.
29	(2) In those cases in which the parents are
30	financially able, the parent or parents of the child shall
31	reimburse the court, in part or in whole, for the cost of
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1 provision of guardian ad litem services. Reimbursement to the 2 individual providing guardian ad litem services shall not be 3 contingent upon successful collection by the court from the 4 parent or parents. 5 (3) Upon presentation by a quardian ad litem of a 6 court order appointing the guardian ad litem: 7 (a) An agency, defined in chapter 119, shall allow the 8 guardian ad litem to inspect and copy records related to the best interests of the child who is the subject of the 9 10 appointment, including, but not limited to, confidential and exempt records. The guardian ad litem shall maintain the 11 12 confidential and exempt status of any records shared by an 13 agency under this paragraph. (b) A person or organization, other than an agency 14 under paragraph (a), shall allow the guardian ad litem to 15 inspect and copy records related to the best interests of the 16 17 child who is the subject of the appointment. 18 For the purposes of this subsection, the term "records related 19 to the best interests of the child" includes, but is not 20 21 limited to, medical, mental health, substance abuse, child care, education, law enforcement, court, social services, and 2.2 23 financial records. (4) (3) The guardian ad litem or the program 2.4 representative shall review all disposition recommendations 25 and changes in placements, and must be present at all critical 26 27 stages of the dependency proceeding or submit a written report 2.8 of recommendations to the court. Written reports must be filed 29 with the court and served on all parties whose whereabouts are 30 known at least 72 hours prior to the hearing. 31

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1 Section 26. Subsection (1) of section 40.29, Florida 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 40.29 Payment of due process costs.--3 4 (1)(a) Each clerk of the circuit court, on behalf of 5 the courts, the state attorney, and the public defender, shall 6 forward to the Justice Administrative Commission, by county, a 7 quarterly estimate of funds necessary to pay for ordinary 8 witnesses, including, but not limited to, witnesses in civil traffic cases and witnesses of the state attorney, public 9 10 defender, court-appointed counsel, and persons determined to 11 be indigent for costs except expert witnesses paid pursuant to 12 a contract or other professional services agreement, pursuant 13 to ss. 29.005 and 29.006. Each quarter of the state fiscal year, the commission, based upon the estimates, shall advance 14 funds to each clerk to pay for these ordinary witnesses from 15 state funds specifically appropriated for the payment of 16 17 ordinary witnesses. (b) Each clerk of the circuit court shall forward to 18 the Office of the State Courts Administrator, by county, a 19 quarterly estimate of funds necessary to pay juror 20 21 compensation. 22 Section 27. Section 40.355, Florida Statutes, is 23 created to read: 40.355 Accounting and payment to public defenders and 2.4 state attorneys. -- The clerk of the court shall, within 2 weeks 25 after the last day of the state's quarterly fiscal period, 26 27 render to the state attorney and the public defender in each 2.8 circuit a full statement of accounts for moneys received and disbursed under this chapter and, upon request of the state 29 attorney or public defender, shall refund to the state 30 attorney or public defender any balance in the clerk's hands. 31

1 Section 28. Subsection (7) is added to section 43.16, 2 Florida Statutes, to read: 3 43.16 Justice Administrative Commission; membership, powers and duties.--4 5 (7) Chapter 120 does not apply to the Justice б Administrative Commission. 7 Section 29. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 8 44.102, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 44.102 Court-ordered mediation.--9 10 (4) The chief judge of each judicial circuit shall maintain a list of mediators who have been certified by the 11 12 Supreme Court and who have registered for appointment in that 13 circuit. (b) Nonvolunteer mediators shall be compensated 14 according to rules adopted by the Supreme Court. If a 15 mediation program is not funded pursuant to s. 44.108, a 16 17 mediator may be compensated by the county or by the parties. 18 When a party has been declared indigent or insolvent, that party's pro rata share of a mediator's compensation shall be 19 paid by the county at the rate set by administrative order of 20 21 the chief judge of the circuit. 22 Section 30. Section 44.108, Florida Statutes, is 23 amended to read: 44.108 Funding of mediation and arbitration.--2.4 (1) Mediation and arbitration should be accessible to 25 all parties regardless of financial status. A filing fee of \$1 26 27 is levied on all proceedings in the circuit or county courts 2.8 to fund mediation and arbitration services which are the responsibility of the Supreme Court pursuant to the provisions 29 30 of s. 44.106. The clerk of the court shall forward the moneys 31

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   collected to the Department of Revenue for deposit in the
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    state courts' Mediation and Arbitration Trust Fund.
           (2) When court-ordered mediation services are provided
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   by a circuit court's mediation program, the following fees,
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   unless otherwise established in the General Appropriations
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   Act, shall be collected by the clerk of court:
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           (a) Eighty dollars per person per <u>scheduled</u> session in
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    family mediation when the parties' combined income is greater
    than $50,000, but less than $100,000 per year;
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           (b) Forty dollars per person per scheduled session in
    family mediation when the parties' combined income is less
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    than $50,000; or
13
           (c) Forty dollars per person per <u>scheduled</u> session in
    county court cases.
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   No mediation fees shall be assessed under this subsection in
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    eviction cases, against a party found to be indigent, or for
    any small claims action. Fees collected by the clerk of court
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    pursuant to this section shall be remitted to the Department
19
    of Revenue for deposit into the state courts' Mediation and
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   Arbitration Trust Fund to fund court-ordered mediation. The
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    clerk of court may deduct $1 per fee assessment for processing
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    this fee. The clerk of the court shall submit to the chief
    judge of the circuit, no later than 30 days after the end of
2.4
    each quarter, a report specifying the amount of funds
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    collected under this section during each quarter of the fiscal
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   year.
2.8
           Section 31. Section 57.082, Florida Statutes, is
    created to read:
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           57.082 Determination of civil indigent status .--
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1	(1) APPLICATION TO THE CLERK A person seeking
2	<u>appointment of a private attorney in a civil case eligible for</u>
3	court-appointed counsel, or seeking relief from prepayment of
4	fees and costs under s. 57.081, based upon an inability to pay
5	must apply to the clerk of the court for a determination of
6	civil indigent status using an application form developed by
7	the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation.
8	(a) The application must include, at a minimum, the
9	following financial information:
10	1. Net income, consisting of total salary and wages,
11	minus deductions required by law, including court-ordered
12	support payments.
13	2. Other income, including, but not limited to, social
14	security benefits, union funds, veterans' benefits, workers'
15	compensation, other regular support from absent family
16	members, public or private employee pensions, unemployment
17	compensation, dividends, interest, rent, trusts, and gifts.
18	3. Assets, including, but not limited to, cash,
19	savings accounts, bank accounts, stocks, bonds, certificates
20	of deposit, equity in real estate, and equity in a boat or a
21	motor vehicle or in other tangible property.
22	4. All liabilities and debts.
23	
24	The application must include a signature by the applicant
25	which attests to the truthfulness of the information provided.
26	The application form developed by the corporation must include
27	notice that the applicant may seek court review of a clerk's
28	determination that the applicant is not indigent, as provided
29	in this section.
30	(b) The clerk shall assist a person who appears before
31	the clerk and requests assistance in completing the

1 application, and the clerk shall notify the court if a person 2 is unable to complete the application after the clerk has provided assistance. 3 4 (c) The clerk shall accept an application that is signed by the applicant and submitted on his or her behalf by 5 б a private attorney who is representing the applicant in the 7 applicable matter. 8 (2) DETERMINATION BY THE CLERK. -- The clerk of the court shall determine whether an applicant seeking such 9 10 designation is indigent based upon the information provided in the application and the criteria prescribed in this 11 12 subsection. 13 (a)1. An applicant, including an applicant who is a minor or an adult tax-dependent person, is indigent if the 14 applicant's income is equal to or below 200 percent of the 15 then-current federal poverty guidelines prescribed for the 16 17 size of the household of the applicant by the United States 18 Department of Health and Human Services. 2. There is a presumption that the applicant is not 19 indigent if the applicant owns, has equity in, or has the 20 21 expectancy of any interest in any intangible or tangible 2.2 personal property or real property having a net equity value 23 of \$2,500 or more, excluding the value of the person's homestead and one vehicle having a net value not exceeding 2.4 25 \$5,000. (b) Based upon its review, the clerk shall make one of 26 27 the following determinations: 28 1. The applicant is not indigent. 2. The applicant is indigent. 29 30 31

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1 (c) If the clerk determines that the applicant is 2 indigent, the clerk shall immediately file the determination 3 in the case record. 4 (d) The duty of the clerk in determining whether an applicant is indigent, is limited to receiving the application 5 6 and comparing the information provided in the application to 7 the criteria prescribed in this subsection. The determination of indigent status is a ministerial act of the clerk and may 8 not be based on further investigation or the exercise of 9 10 independent judgment by the clerk. The clerk may contract with third parties to perform functions assigned to the clerk under 11 12 this section. 13 (e) The applicant may seek review of the clerk's determination that the applicant is not indigent in the court 14 having jurisdiction over the matter by filing a petition to 15 review the clerk's determination of nonindigent status for 16 17 which a filing fee may not be charged. If the applicant seeks 18 review of the clerk's determination of indigent status, the court shall make a final determination as provided in 19 subsection (4). 2.0 21 (3) APPOINTMENT OF COUNSEL ON AN INTERIM BASIS.--If 2.2 the clerk of the court has not made a determination of 23 indigent status at the time a person requests appointment of a private attorney in a civil case eligible for court-appointed 2.4 counsel, the court shall make a preliminary determination of 25 indigent status, pending further review by the clerk, and may, 26 27 by court order, appoint private counsel on an interim basis. 2.8 (4) REVIEW OF THE CLERK'S DETERMINATION. --(a) If the clerk of the court determines that the 29 applicant is not indigent, and the applicant seeks review of 30 the clerk's determination, the court shall make a final 31

determination of indigent status by reviewing the information 1 2 provided in the application against the criteria prescribed in subsection (2) and by considering the following additional 3 4 factors: 5 1. Whether paying for private counsel or other fees 6 and costs creates a substantial hardship for the applicant or 7 the applicant's family. 2. Whether the applicant is proceeding pro se or is 8 represented by a private attorney for a fee or on a pro-bono 9 10 basis. 3. When the applicant retained private counsel. 11 12 The amount of any attorney's fees and who is paying 4. 13 the fees. 5. Any other relevant financial circumstances of the 14 applicant or the applicant's family. 15 (b) Based upon its review, the court shall make one of 16 17 the following determinations and shall, if appropriate, 18 appoint private counsel: 1. The applicant is not indigent. 19 20 2. The applicant is indigent. 21 (5) PROCESSING CHARGE; PAYMENT PLANS. --2.2 (a) A person who the clerk or the court determines is 23 indigent for civil proceedings under this section shall, upon the request of the party, be enrolled in a payment plan under 2.4 25 s. 28.246 and shall be charged a one-time administrative processing charge under s. 28.24(26)(c). A monthly payment 26 27 amount, calculated based upon all fees and all anticipated 2.8 costs, is presumed to correspond to the person's ability to pay if it does not exceed 2 percent of the person's annual net 29 income, as defined in subsection (1), divided by 12. The 30 person may seek review of the clerk's decisions regarding a 31

1 payment plan established under s. 28.246 in the court having 2 jurisdiction over the matter. A case may not be delayed in filing or delayed in its progress, including the final hearing 3 4 and order, due to nonpayment of any fees by an indigent 5 person. б (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a person who the 7 clerk or the court determines is indigent is entitled to the 8 waiver of all costs for the services listed in s. 57.081 if that person's income is equal to or below 150 percent of the 9 10 then-current federal poverty quidelines prescribed for the size of the household of the applicant by the United States 11 12 Department of Health and Human Services or if the person is 13 receiving Temporary Assistance for Needy Families-Cash Assistance, poverty-related veterans' benefits, or 14 Supplemental Security Income (SSI). 15 16 (6) FINANCIAL DISCREPANCIES; FRAUD; FALSE 17 INFORMATION. --18 (a) If the court learns of discrepancies between the application and the actual financial status of the person 19 found to be indigent, the court shall determine whether the 20 21 status and any relief provided as a result of that status shall be revoked. The person may be heard regarding the 2.2 23 information learned by the court. If the court, based on the information, determines that the person is not indigent, the 2.4 court shall revoke the provision of any relief under this 25 26 section. 27 (b) If the court has reason to believe that any 2.8 applicant, through fraud or misrepresentation, was improperly determined to be indigent, the matter shall be referred to the 29 state attorney. Twenty-five percent of any amount recovered by 30 the state attorney as reasonable value of the services 31

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 on the person's behalf, shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the Grants and Donations Trust Fund within the Justice Administrative Commission for appropriation by the Legislature to the state attorney. Seventy-five percent of any amount recovered shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the General Revenue Fund. (c) A person who knowingly provides false information to the clerk or the court in seeking a determination of indigent status under this section commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
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<pre>6 of any amount recovered shall be remitted to the Department of 7 Revenue for deposit into the General Revenue Fund. 8 (c) A person who knowingly provides false information 9 to the clerk or the court in seeking a determination of 10 indigent status under this section commits a misdemeanor of 11 the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.</pre>
7 Revenue for deposit into the General Revenue Fund. 8 (c) A person who knowingly provides false information 9 to the clerk or the court in seeking a determination of 10 indigent status under this section commits a misdemeanor of 11 the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
8 (c) A person who knowingly provides false information 9 to the clerk or the court in seeking a determination of 10 indigent status under this section commits a misdemeanor of 11 the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
9 to the clerk or the court in seeking a determination of 10 indigent status under this section commits a misdemeanor of 11 the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
10 <u>indigent status under this section commits a misdemeanor of</u> 11 <u>the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.</u>
11 the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
12 <u>775.083.</u>
13 Section 32. Section 61.1828, Florida Statutes, is
14 created to read:
15 <u>61.1828 Court and witness fees non-Title IV-D cases;</u>
16 <u>bond</u>
17 (1) A non-Title IV-D county child support enforcement
18 agency or an authorized agent thereof is entitled to the
19 necessary services of the clerk and court reporter in any
20 proceedings brought to enforce child support orders or to
21 otherwise collect child support on behalf of eligible county
22 residents, including contempt proceedings. Fees for such court
23 reporter or clerk services may not be charged against the
24 agency or agency's client. A bond is not required of the
25 agency for any action taken to enforce child support orders or
26 to otherwise collect child support on behalf of eligible
27 county residents, except by order of the court. This
28 subsection does not prevent the depository from charging and
29 collecting fees for services rendered.
30 (2) Notwithstanding s. 28.241, each clerk of the
31 circuit court shall accept petitions, complaints, and motions

1	filed by a non-Title IV-D county child support enforcement
2	agency or an authorized agent thereof in non-Title IV-D cases
3	and may not collect any fees from the non-Title IV-D county
4	child support enforcement agency or the agency's client.
5	(3) Witness fees may not be paid to any party to a
б	petition or complaint or to any parent or legal custodian of a
7	dependent child described in a petition or complaint filed by
8	a non-Title IV-D county child support enforcement agency or an
9	authorized agent thereof.
10	(4) As used in this section, the term "non-Title IV-D
11	county child support enforcement agency" has the same meaning
12	<u>as in s. 61.1827(3).</u>
13	Section 33. Subsection (1) of section 92.142, Florida
14	Statutes, is amended to read:
15	92.142 Witnesses; pay
16	(1) Witnesses in all cases, civil and criminal, in all
17	courts, now or hereafter created, and witnesses summoned
18	before any arbitrator or general or special magistrate
19	appointed by the court shall receive for each day's actual
20	attendance \$5 and also 6 cents per mile for actual distance
21	traveled to and from the courts. A witness in a criminal case
22	required to appear in a county other than the county of his or
23	her residence and residing more than 50 miles from the
24	location of the trial shall be entitled to per diem and travel
25	expenses at the same rate provided for state employees under
26	s. 112.061, in lieu of any other witness fee at the discretion
27	of the court.
28	Section 34. Subsection (1) of section 116.01, Florida
29	Statutes, is amended to read:
30	116.01 Payment of public funds into treasury
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1	(1) Every state and county officer within this state
2	authorized to collect funds due the state or county shall pay
3	all sums officially received by the officer into the state or
4	county treasury not later than 7 working days from the close
5	of the week in which the officer received the funds. Funds
6	received by the county officer on behalf of the state shall be
7	deposited directly to the account of the State Treasury not
8	later than 7 working days from the close of the week in which
9	the officer received the funds. The clerk of the court, when
10	collecting funds as part of the clerk's court-related
11	functions, must remit those funds as required under s. 28.245.
12	Section 35. Paragraph (gg) of subsection (6) of
13	section 119.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
14	119.07 Inspection and copying of records;
15	photographing public records; fees; exemptions
16	(6)
17	(gg)1. Until January 1, <u>2007</u> 2006 , if a social
18	security number, made confidential and exempt pursuant to s.
19	119.0721, created pursuant to s. 1, ch. 2002-256, passed
20	during the 2002 regular legislative session, or a complete
21	bank account, debit, charge, or credit card number made exempt
22	pursuant to paragraph (dd), created pursuant to s. 1, ch.
23	2002-257, passed during the 2002 regular legislative session,
24	is or has been included in a court file, such number may be
25	included as part of the court record available for public
26	inspection and copying unless redaction is requested by the
27	holder of such number, or by the holder's attorney or legal
28	guardian, in a signed, legibly written request specifying the
29	case name, case number, document heading, and page number. The
30	request must be delivered by mail, facsimile, electronic
31	transmission, or in person to the clerk of the circuit court.

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1 The clerk of the circuit court does not have a duty to inquire 2 beyond the written request to verify the identity of a person requesting redaction. A fee may not be charged for the 3 redaction of a social security number or a bank account, 4 debit, charge, or credit card number pursuant to such request. 5 6 2. Any person who prepares or files a document to be 7 recorded in the official records by the county recorder as 8 provided in chapter 28 may not include a person's social 9 security number or complete bank account, debit, charge, or 10 credit card number in that document unless otherwise expressly required by law. Until January 1, 2007 2006, if a social 11 12 security number or a complete bank account, debit, charge or 13 credit card number is or has been included in a document presented to the county recorder for recording in the official 14 records of the county, such number may be made available as 15 part of the official record available for public inspection 16 17 and copying. Any person, or his or her attorney or legal 18 guardian, may request that a county recorder remove from an image or copy of an official record placed on a county 19 recorder's publicly available Internet website, or a publicly 20 21 available Internet website used by a county recorder to 22 display public records outside the office or otherwise made 23 electronically available outside the county recorder's office to the general public, his or her social security number or 2.4 complete account, debit, charge, or credit card number 25 contained in that official record. Such request must be 26 27 legibly written, signed by the requester, and delivered by 2.8 mail, facsimile, electronic transmission, or in person to the 29 county recorder. The request must specify the identification page number of the document that contains the number to be 30

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redacted. The county recorder does not have a duty to inquire
1 beyond the written request to verify the identity of a person 2 requesting redaction. A fee may not be charged for redacting such numbers. 3 4 3. Upon the effective date of this act, subsections (3) and (4) of s. 119.0721, do not apply to the clerks of the 5 6 court or the county recorder with respect to circuit court 7 records and official records. 4. On January 1, 2007 2006, and thereafter, the clerk 8 of the circuit court and the county recorder must keep 9 complete bank account, debit, charge, and credit card numbers 10 exempt as provided for in paragraph (dd), and must keep social 11 12 security numbers confidential and exempt as provided for in s. 13 119.0721, without any person having to request redaction. Section 36. Section 142.01, Florida Statutes, is 14 amended to read: 15 142.01 Fine and forfeiture fund; clerk of the circuit 16 17 court. -- There shall be established by the clerk of the circuit court in each county of this state a separate fund to be known 18 as the fine and forfeiture fund for use by the clerk of the 19 circuit court in performing court-related functions. The fund 20 21 shall consist of the following: 22 (1) Fines and penalties pursuant to ss. 28.2402(2), 23 34.045(2), 316.193, 327.35, 327.72, 372.72(1), and 775.083(1). (2) That portion of civil penalties directed to this 2.4 fund pursuant to s. 318.21. 25 (3) Court costs pursuant to ss. 28.2402(1)(b), 26 27 34.045(1)(b), 318.14(10)(b), 318.18(11)(a), 327.73(9)(a) and 2.8 (11)(a), and 938.05(3). (4) Proceeds from forfeited bail bonds, unclaimed 29 30 bonds, unclaimed moneys, or recognizances pursuant to ss. 321.05(4)(a), 372.72(1), and 903.26(3)(a). 31

1 (5) Fines and forfeitures pursuant to s. 34.191. 2 (6) All other revenues received by the clerk as revenue authorized by law to be retained by the clerk. 3 4 Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, all fines and 5 6 forfeitures arising from operation of the provisions of s. 7 318.1215 shall be disbursed in accordance with that section. 8 Section 37. Subsection (5) is added to section 213.13, 9 Florida Statutes, to read: 10 213.13 Electronic remittance and distribution of funds collected by clerks of the court.--11 12 (5) All court-related collections, including fees, 13 fines, reimbursements, court costs, and other court-related funds that the clerks must remit to the state pursuant to law, 14 must be transmitted electronically by the 20th day of the 15 month immediately following the month in which the funds are 16 17 collected. 18 Section 38. Section 219.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 19 219.07 Disbursements.--Each officer shall, not later 20 21 than 7 working days from the close of the week in which the 22 officer received the funds, distribute the money which is 23 required to be paid to other officers, agencies, funds, or persons entitled to receive the same; provided, that 2.4 distributions or partial distributions may be made more 25 frequently; and provided further, that money required by law 26 27 or court order, or by the purpose for which it was collected, 2.8 to be held and disbursed for a particular purpose in a manner 29 different from that set out herein shall be held and disbursed accordingly. Further, money collected by the county officer on 30 behalf of the state, except for money collected by the clerk 31

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1 of the court as part of court-related functions, shall be deposited directly to the account of the State Treasury not 2 later than 7 working days from the close of the week in which 3 the officer received the funds. The clerk of the court, when 4 collecting money as part of the clerk's court-related 5 6 functions, must remit that money as required under s. 28.245. 7 Section 39. Subsection (1) of section 219.075, Florida 8 Statutes, is amended to read: 9 219.075 Investment of surplus funds by county 10 officers.--(1)(a) Except when another procedure is prescribed by 11 12 law or by ordinance as to particular funds, a tax collector or 13 any other county officer having, receiving, or collecting any money, either for his or her office or on behalf of and 14 subject to subsequent distribution to another officer of state 15 or local government, while such money is in excess of that 16 17 required to meet current expenses or is pending distribution, 18 shall invest such money, without limitation, as provided in s. 218.415. 19 20 (b) These investments shall be planned so as not to 21 slow the normal distribution of the subject funds. The 22 investment earnings shall be reasonably apportioned and 23 allocated and shall be credited to the account of, and paid to, the office or distributee, together with the principal on 2.4 which such earnings accrued. 25 (c) This section does not apply to the clerk of the 26 circuit court with respect to money collected as part of the 27 2.8 clerk's court-related functions. The clerk, however, shall remit this money as provided under s. 28.245. 29 30 Section 40. Section 318.121, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 31

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1 318.121 Preemption of additional fees, fines, 2 surcharges, and costs. -- Notwithstanding any general or special law, or municipal or county ordinance, additional fees, fines, 3 surcharges, or costs, other than the court costs and 4 surcharges assessed under s. 318.18(11) and (13), may not be 5 6 added to the civil traffic penalties assessed in this chapter. 7 Section 41. Subsection (13) of section 318.18, Florida 8 Statutes, is amended to read: 318.18 Amount of civil penalties.--The penalties 9 10 required for a noncriminal disposition pursuant to s. 318.14 11 are as follows: 12 (13) In addition to any penalties imposed for 13 noncriminal traffic infractions pursuant to this chapter or imposed for criminal violations listed in s. 318.17, a board 14 of county commissioners or any unit of local government which 15 is consolidated as provided by s. 9, Art. VIII of the State 16 17 Constitution of 1885, as preserved by s. 6(e), Art. VIII of the Constitution of 1968: 18 (a) May impose by ordinance a surcharge of up to \$15 19 for any infraction or violation to fund state court 20 21 facilities. The court shall not waive this surcharge. 22 (b) That imposed increased fees or service charges by 23 ordinance under s. 28.2401, s. 28.241, or s. 34.041 for the purpose of securing payment of the principal and interest on 2.4 bonds issued by the county before July 1, 2003, to finance 25 state court facilities, may impose by ordinance a surcharge 26 27 for any infraction or violation for the exclusive purpose of 2.8 securing payment of the principal and interest on bonds issued by the county before July 1, 2003, to fund state court 29 facilities until the date of stated maturity. The court shall 30 not waive this surcharge. Such surcharge may not exceed an 31

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amount per violation calculated as the quotient of the maximum annual payment of the principal and interest on the bonds as of July 1, 2003, divided by the number of traffic citations for county fiscal year 2002-2003 certified as paid by the clerk of the court of the county. Such quotient shall be rounded up to the next highest dollar amount. The bonds may be refunded only if savings will be realized on payments of debt service and the refunding bonds are scheduled to mature on the same date or before the bonds being refunded. A county may not impose both of the surcharges authorized under paragraphs (a) and (b) concurrently. The clerk of court shall report, no later than 30 days after the end of the quarter, the amount of funds collected under this subsection during each quarter of the fiscal year. The clerk shall submit the report, in a format developed by the Office of State Courts Administrator, to the chief judge of the circuit, the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. Section 42. Paragraph (g) of subsection (2) of section 318.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

21 22 318.21 Disposition of civil penalties by county 23 courts. -- All civil penalties received by a county court pursuant to the provisions of this chapter shall be 2.4 distributed and paid monthly as follows: 25 (2) Of the remainder: 26 27 (q)1. If the violation occurred within a special 2.8 improvement district of the Seminole Indian Tribe or Miccosukee Indian Tribe, 56.4 percent shall be paid to that 29 30 special improvement district.

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1	2. If the violation occurred within a municipality,
2	50.8 percent shall be paid to that municipality and 5.6
3	percent shall be deposited into the fine and forfeiture trust
4	fund established pursuant to s. 142.01.
5	3. If the violation occurred within the unincorporated
6	area of a county that is not within a special improvement
7	district of the Seminole Indian Tribe or Miccosukee Indian
8	Tribe or, notwithstanding subparagraph 2., if the violation
9	occurred within the unincorporated area of a municipality
10	having a consolidated government under s. 6(e), Article VIII
11	of the State Constitution, 56.4 percent shall be deposited
12	into the fine and forfeiture fund established pursuant to s.
13	142.01.
14	Section 43. Section 318.31, Florida Statutes, is
15	amended to read:
16	318.31 ObjectivesThe Supreme Court is hereby
17	requested to adopt rules and procedures for the establishment
18	and operation of Civil Traffic Infraction Hearing Officer
19	Programs under ss. 318.30-318.38. However, the appointment of
20	a hearing officer shall be at the option of the county
21	electing to establish such a program, upon recommendation by
22	the county court judge or judges, as the case may be, and the
23	Chief Judge of the Circuit and approval by the Chief Justice
24	of the Supreme Court.
25	Section 44. Section 318.325, Florida Statutes, is
26	amended to read:
27	318.325 Jurisdiction and procedure for parking
28	infractionsAny county or municipality may adopt an
29	ordinance that allows the county or municipality to refer
30	cases involving the violation of a county or municipal parking
31	ordinance to a hearing officer funded by the county or
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municipality. Notwithstanding the provisions of ss. 318.14 and

2 775.08(3), any parking violation shall be deemed to be an infraction as defined in s. 318.13(3). However, the violation 3 must be enforced and disposed of in accordance with the 4 provisions of general law applicable to parking violations and 5 6 with the charter or code of the county or municipality where 7 the violation occurred. The clerk of the court or the 8 designated traffic violations bureau must collect and distribute the fines, forfeitures, and court costs assessed 9 under this section. 10 Section 45. Section 322.29, Florida Statutes, is 11 12 amended to read: 322.29 Surrender and return of license.--13 (1) The department, upon suspending or revoking a 14 license, shall require that such license be surrendered to the 15 department. At the end of the period of suspension, such 16 17 license so surrendered shall be returned, or a duplicate 18 license issued, to the licensee after the applicant has successfully passed the vision, sign, and traffic law 19 examinations. In addition, pursuant to s. 322.221, the 20 21 department may require the licensee to successfully complete a 22 driving examination. The department is prohibited from 23 requiring the surrender of a license except as authorized by 2.4 this chapter. (2) The provisions of subsection (1) to the contrary 25 notwithstanding, no examination is required for the return of 26 27 a license suspended under s. 318.15 or s. 322.245 unless an 2.8 examination is otherwise required by this chapter. Every 29 person applying for the return of a license suspended under s. 318.15 or s. 322.245 shall present to the department 30 certification from the court that he or she has complied with 31 79

1 all obligations and penalties imposed on him or her pursuant 2 to s. 318.15 or, in the case of a suspension pursuant to s. 322.245, that he or she has complied with all directives of 3 the court and the requirements of s. 322.245 and shall pay to 4 the department a nonrefundable service fee of \$47.50; of 5 6 which\$37.50\$25 shall be deposited into the General Revenue 7 Fund and \$10 shall be deposited into the Highway Safety 8 Operating Trust Fund. If reinstated by the clerk of the court or tax collector, $\frac{$37.50}{225}$ shall be retained and \$10 shall 9 be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the 10 Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. However, the service fee 11 12 is not required if the person is required to pay a \$35 fee or 13 \$60 fee under the provisions of s. 322.21. Section 46. Section 372.72, Florida Statutes, is 14 amended to read: 15 372.72 Disposition of fines, penalties, and 16 17 forfeitures.--(1) All moneys collected from fines, penalties, 18 proceeds from unclaimed bonds, or forfeitures of bail of 19 persons convicted under this chapter shall be deposited in the 20 21 fine and forfeiture fund established pursuant to s. 142.01 22 where such convictions are had, except for the disposition of 23 moneys as provided in subsection (2). (2) All moneys collected from fines, penalties, or 2.4 forfeitures of bail of persons convicted of violations of 25 26 rules, regulations, or orders of the Fish and Wildlife 27 Conservation Commission concerning endangered or threatened 2.8 species or of violation of s. 372.662, s. 372.663, s. 372.667, 29 or s. 372.671 shall be remitted by the clerk of the court to the Department of Revenue to be deposited in the Nongame 30 Wildlife Trust Fund. 31

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1 Section 47. Subsection (8) of section 903.26, Florida 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 903.26 Forfeiture of the bond; when and how directed; discharge; how and when made; effect of payment .--4 5 (8) If the defendant is arrested and returned to the 6 county of jurisdiction of the court prior to judgment, the 7 clerk, upon affirmation by the sheriff or the chief correctional officer, shall, without further order of the 8 court, discharge the forfeiture of the bond. However, if the 9 surety agent fails to pay the costs and expenses incurred in 10 returning the defendant to the county of jurisdiction, the 11 12 clerk shall not discharge the forfeiture of the bond. If the 13 surety agent and the sheriff state attorney fail to agree on the amount of said costs, then the court, after notice to the 14 sheriff and the state attorney, shall determine the amount of 15 16 the costs. 17 Section 48. Section 903.28, Florida Statutes, is 18 amended to read: 903.28 Remission of forfeiture; conditions.--19 (1) On application within 2 years from forfeiture, the 20 21 court shall order remission of the forfeiture if it determines 22 that there was no breach of the bond. 23 (2) If the defendant surrenders or is apprehended within 90 days after forfeiture, the court, on motion at a 2.4 hearing upon notice having been given to the clerk of the 25 circuit court county attorney and the state attorney as 26 27 required in subsection (8), shall direct remission of up to, 2.8 but not more than, 100 percent of a forfeiture if the surety apprehended and surrendered the defendant or if the 29 apprehension or surrender of the defendant was substantially 30 procured or caused by the surety, or the surety has 31

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1 substantially attempted to procure or cause the apprehension 2 or surrender of the defendant, and the delay has not thwarted the proper prosecution of the defendant. In addition, 3 remission shall be granted when the surety did not 4 substantially participate or attempt to participate in the 5 6 apprehension or surrender of the defendant when the costs of 7 returning the defendant to the jurisdiction of the court have 8 been deducted from the remission and when the delay has not thwarted the proper prosecution of the defendant. 9 10 (3) If the defendant surrenders or is apprehended within 180 days after forfeiture, the court, on motion at a 11 12 hearing upon notice having been given to the clerk of the 13 circuit court county attorney and the state attorney as required in subsection (8), shall direct remission of up to, 14 but not more than, 95 percent of a forfeiture if the surety 15 apprehended and surrendered the defendant or if the 16 17 apprehension or surrender of the defendant was substantially 18 procured or caused by the surety, or the surety has substantially attempted to procure or cause the apprehension 19 or surrender of the defendant, and the delay has not thwarted 20 21 the proper prosecution of the defendant. In addition, 22 remission shall be granted when the surety did not 23 substantially participate or attempt to participate in the apprehension or surrender of the defendant when the costs of 2.4 returning the defendant to the jurisdiction of the court have 25 26 been deducted from the remission and when the delay has not 27 thwarted the proper prosecution of the defendant. 2.8 (4) If the defendant surrenders or is apprehended within 270 days after forfeiture, the court, on motion at a 29 hearing upon notice having been given to the <u>clerk of the</u> 30 <u>circuit court</u> county attorney and <u>the</u> state attorney as 31

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1 required in subsection (8), shall direct remission of up to, 2 but not more than, 90 percent of a forfeiture if the surety apprehended and surrendered the defendant or if the 3 apprehension or surrender of the defendant was substantially 4 procured or caused by the surety, or the surety has 5 6 substantially attempted to procure or cause the apprehension 7 or surrender of the defendant, and the delay has not thwarted 8 the proper prosecution of the defendant. In addition, remission shall be granted when the surety did not 9 10 substantially participate or attempt to participate in the apprehension or surrender of the defendant when the costs of 11 12 returning the defendant to the jurisdiction of the court have 13 been deducted from the remission and when the delay has not thwarted the proper prosecution of the defendant. 14 (5) If the defendant surrenders or is apprehended 15 within 1 year after forfeiture, the court, on motion at a 16 17 hearing upon notice having been given to the clerk of the 18 <u>circuit court</u> county attorney and <u>the</u> state attorney as required in subsection (8), shall direct remission of up to, 19 but not more than, 85 percent of a forfeiture if the surety 20 21 apprehended and surrendered the defendant or if the 22 apprehension or surrender of the defendant was substantially 23 procured or caused by the surety, or the surety has substantially attempted to procure or cause the apprehension 2.4 or surrender of the defendant, and the delay has not thwarted 25 the proper prosecution of the defendant. In addition, 26 27 remission shall be granted when the surety did not 2.8 substantially participate or attempt to participate in the apprehension or surrender of the defendant when the costs of 29 30 returning the defendant to the jurisdiction of the court have 31

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1 been deducted from the remission and when the delay has not 2 thwarted the proper prosecution of the defendant. (6) If the defendant surrenders or is apprehended 3 4 within 2 years after forfeiture, the court, on motion at a 5 hearing upon notice having been given to the clerk of the б <u>circuit court</u> county attorney and <u>the</u> state attorney as 7 required in subsection (8), shall direct remission of up to, 8 but not more than, 50 percent of a forfeiture if the surety apprehended and surrendered the defendant or if the 9 apprehension or surrender of the defendant was substantially 10 procured or caused by the surety, or the surety has 11 12 substantially attempted to procure or cause the apprehension 13 or surrender of the defendant, and the delay has not thwarted the proper prosecution of the defendant. In addition, 14 remission shall be granted when the surety did not 15 substantially participate or attempt to participate in the 16 17 apprehension or surrender of the defendant when the costs of 18 returning the defendant to the jurisdiction of the court have been deducted from the remission and when the delay has not 19 thwarted the proper prosecution of the defendant. 20 21 (7) The remission of a forfeiture may not be ordered 22 for any reason other than as specified herein. 23 (8) An application for remission must be accompanied by affidavits setting forth the facts on which it is founded; 2.4 however, the surety must establish by further documentation or 25 other evidence any claimed attempt at procuring or causing the 26 27 apprehension or surrender of the defendant before the court 2.8 may order remission based upon an attempt to procure or cause 29 such apprehension or surrender. The clerk of the circuit court and the state attorney must be given 20 days' notice before a 30 hearing on an application and be furnished copies of all 31

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papers, applications, and affidavits. Remission shall be 1 2 granted on the condition of payment of costs, unless the ground for remission is that there was no breach of the bond. 3 (9) The clerk of the circuit court may enter into a 4 contract with a private attorney or into an interagency 5 б agreement with a governmental agency to represent the clerk of 7 the court in an action for the remission of a forfeiture under 8 this section. (10) The clerk of the circuit is the real party in 9 10 interest for all appeals arising from an action for the remission of a forfeiture under this section. 11 12 Section 49. Section 916.115, Florida Statutes, is 13 amended to read: 916.115 Appointment of experts.--14 (1)(a) Annually, the department shall provide the 15 courts with a list of mental health professionals who have 16 17 completed approved training as experts. 18 (b) The court may appoint no more than three nor fewer than two experts to determine issues of the mental condition 19 of a defendant in a criminal case, including the issues of 20 21 competency to proceed, insanity, and involuntary 22 hospitalization or placement. An expert The panel of experts 23 may evaluate the defendant in jail or in another appropriate local facility. 2.4 (c) To the extent possible, an the appointed expert 25 26 experts shall have completed forensic evaluator training 27 approved by the department and be either a psychiatrist, 2.8 licensed psychologist, or physician. 29 (2) Expert witnesses appointed by the court to 30 evaluate the mental condition of a defendant in a criminal case shall be allowed reasonable fees for services rendered as 31 85

1	evaluators of competence or sanity and as witnesses , which
2	shall be paid by the county in which the indictment was found
3	or the information or affidavit was filed.
4	(a)1. The court shall pay for any expert that it
5	appoints by court order, upon motion of counsel for the
б	defendant or the state or upon its own motion, using funds
7	specifically appropriated on behalf of the state courts for
8	due process costs. If the defense or the state retains an
9	expert and waives the confidentiality of the expert's report,
10	the court may pay for no more than two additional experts
11	appointed by court order. If an expert appointed by the court
12	upon motion of counsel for the defendant specifically to
13	evaluate the competence of the defendant to proceed also
14	addresses in his or her evaluation issues related to sanity as
15	an affirmative defense, the court shall pay only for that
16	portion of the experts' fees relating to the evaluation on
17	competency to proceed, and the balance of the fees shall be
18	chargeable to the defense.
19	2. Pursuant to s. 29.006, the office of the public
20	defender shall pay for any expert it retains.
21	3. Pursuant to s. 29.005, the office of the state
22	attorney shall pay for any expert it retains. Notwithstanding
23	subparagraph 1., the office of the state attorney shall pay
24	for any expert whom it retains and whom it moves the court to
25	appoint in order to ensure that the expert has access to the
26	defendant.
27	4. An expert retained by the defendant who is
28	represented by private counsel appointed under s. 27.5303
29	shall be paid by the Justice Administrative Commission from
30	funds specifically appropriated for such expenses.
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1	5. An expert retained by a defendant who is indigent
2	for costs as determined by the court and who is represented by
3	private counsel, other than private counsel appointed under s.
4	27.5303, on a fee or pro bono basis, or who is representing
5	himself or herself, shall be paid by the Justice
6	Administrative Commission from funds specifically appropriated
7	for these expenses.
8	(b) State employees shall be paid expenses pursuant to
9	s. 112.061.
10	(c) The fees shall be taxed as costs in the case.
11	<u>(d)</u> In order for <u>an expert</u> the experts to be paid for
12	the services rendered, the <u>expert's report</u> reports and
13	testimony must explicitly address each of the factors and
14	follow the procedures set out in this chapter and in the
15	Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure.
16	Section 50. Subsections (2) , (3) , and (4) of section
17	916.12, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
18	916.12 Mental competence to proceed
19	(2) <u>An expert</u> The experts shall first determine
20	whether the person is mentally ill and, if so, consider the
21	factors related to the issue of whether the defendant meets
22	the criteria for competence to proceed; that is, whether the
23	defendant has sufficient present ability to consult with
24	counsel with a reasonable degree of rational understanding and
25	whether the defendant has a rational, as well as factual,
26	understanding of the pending proceedings. <u>A defendant must be</u>
27	evaluated by no fewer than two experts before the court
28	commits the defendant or takes other action authorized by this
29	chapter or the Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure, except
30	that if one expert finds that the defendant is incompetent to
31	proceed and the parties stipulate to that finding, the court

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1 may commit the defendant or take other action authorized by 2 this chapter or the rules without further evaluation or hearing, or the court may appoint no more than two additional 3 4 experts to evaluate the defendant. Notwithstanding any 5 stipulation by the state and the defendant, the court may б require a hearing with testimony from the expert or experts before ordering the commitment of a defendant. 7 (3) In considering the issue of competence to proceed, 8 9 an the examining expert experts shall first consider and 10 specifically include in his or her their report the defendant's capacity to: 11 12 (a) Appreciate the charges or allegations against the defendant; 13 (b) Appreciate the range and nature of possible 14 penalties, if applicable, that may be imposed in the 15 proceedings against the defendant; 16 17 (c) Understand the adversarial nature of the legal 18 process; (d) Disclose to counsel facts pertinent to the 19 proceedings at issue; 2.0 21 (e) Manifest appropriate courtroom behavior; and 22 (f) Testify relevantly; 23 and include in his or her their report any other factor deemed 2.4 25 relevant by the <u>expert</u> experts. (4) If an expert finds the experts should find that 26 27 the defendant is incompetent to proceed, the expert experts 2.8 shall report on any recommended treatment for the defendant to attain competence to proceed. In considering the issues 29 relating to treatment, the examining expert experts shall 30 specifically report on: 31

1 (a) The mental illness causing the incompetence; 2 (b) The treatment or treatments appropriate for the mental illness of the defendant and an explanation of each of 3 the possible treatment alternatives in order of choices; 4 (c) The availability of acceptable treatment and, if 5 б treatment is available in the community, the expert shall so 7 state in the report; and (d) The likelihood of the defendant's attaining 8 competence under the treatment recommended, an assessment of 9 10 the probable duration of the treatment required to restore competence, and the probability that the defendant will attain 11 12 competence to proceed in the foreseeable future. 13 Section 51. Subsection (7) of section 916.301, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 14 916.301 Appointment of experts.--15 (7) Expert witnesses appointed by the court to 16 17 evaluate the mental condition of a defendant in a criminal case shall be allowed reasonable fees for services rendered as 18 evaluators and as witnesses, which shall be paid by the court 19 county in which the indictment was found or the information or 20 21 affidavit was filed. State employees shall be paid expenses 22 pursuant to s. 112.061. The fees shall be taxed as costs in 23 the case. In order for the experts to be paid for the services rendered, the reports and testimony must explicitly address 2.4 each of the factors and follow the procedures set out in this 25 chapter and in the Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure. 26 27 Section 52. Subsection (2) of section 938.29, Florida 2.8 Statutes, is amended to read: 938.29 Legal assistance; lien for payment of 29 30 attorney's fees or costs. --31

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1	(2)(a) There is created in the name of the state a
2	lien, enforceable as hereinafter provided, upon all the
3	property, both real and personal, of any person who:
4	1. Has received any assistance from any public
5	defender of the state, from any special assistant public
6	defender, or from any conflict attorney; or
7	2. Is a parent of an accused minor or an accused adult
8	tax-dependent person who is being, or has been, represented by
9	any public defender of the state, by any special assistant
10	public defender, or by a conflict attorney.
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12	Such lien constitutes a claim against the defendant-recipient
13	or parent and his or her estate, enforceable according to law.
14	(b) A judgment showing the name and residence of the
15	defendant-recipient or parent shall be <u>recorded in the public</u>
16	record, without cost, by filed for record in the office of the
17	clerk of the circuit court in the county where the
18	defendant-recipient or parent resides and in each county in
19	which such defendant-recipient or parent then owns or later
20	acquires any property. Such judgments shall be enforced on
21	behalf of the state by the clerk of the circuit court of the
22	county in which assistance was rendered.
23	Section 53. Section 939.06, Florida Statutes, is
24	amended to read:
25	939.06 Acquitted defendant not liable for costs
26	<u>(1) A</u> No defendant in a criminal prosecution who is
27	acquitted or discharged <u>is not</u> shall be liable for any costs
28	or fees of the court or any ministerial office, or for any
29	charge of subsistence while detained in custody. If the
30	defendant <u>has</u> shall have paid any taxable costs <u>, or fees</u>
31	required under s. 27.52(1)(b), in the case, the clerk or judge
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1 shall give him or her a certificate of the payment of such 2 costs, with the items thereof, which, when audited and approved according to law, shall be refunded to the defendant. 3 4 (2) To receive a refund under this section, a defendant must submit a request for the refund to the Justice 5 б Administrative Commission on a form and in a manner prescribed 7 by the commission. The defendant must attach to the form an 8 order from the court demonstrating the defendant's right to the refund and the amount of the refund. 9 10 Section 54. Subsection (2) of section 985.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 11 12 985.05 Court records.--13 (2) The clerk shall keep all official records required by this section separate from other records of the circuit 14 court, except those records pertaining to motor vehicle 15 violations, which shall be forwarded to the Department of 16 17 Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles. Except as provided in ss. 18 943.053 and 985.04(4), official records required by this part are not open to inspection by the public, but may be inspected 19 only upon order of the court by persons deemed by the court to 20 21 have a proper interest therein, except that a child and the 22 parents, guardians, or legal custodians of the child and their 23 attorneys, law enforcement agencies, the Department of Juvenile Justice and its designees, the Parole Commission, and 2.4 the Department of Corrections, and the Justice Administrative 25 Commission shall always have the right to inspect and copy any 26 27 official record pertaining to the child. The court may permit 2.8 authorized representatives of recognized organizations 29 compiling statistics for proper purposes to inspect, and make abstracts from, official records under whatever conditions 30 upon the use and disposition of such records the court may 31

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1 deem proper and may punish by contempt proceedings any 2 violation of those conditions. 3 Section 55. Compensation to traffic court 4 witnesses .-- Any party who secures the attendance of a witness 5 in traffic court shall bear all costs of calling the witness, 6 including witness fees. If the witness is required to testify 7 on behalf of the prosecution, the office of the state attorney of the respective judicial circuit shall pay the fees and 8 costs of calling the witness. 9 10 Section 56. <u>Recovery of expenditures for state-funded</u> services.--The trial court administrator of each circuit may 11 12 recover expenditures for state-funded services when those 13 services have been furnished to a user of the state court system who possesses the present ability to pay. The rate of 14 compensation for such services shall be determined by the 15 chief judge of the circuit and may not exceed the actual cost 16 17 of the services, including the cost of recovery. The trial 18 court administrator shall deposit moneys recovered under this section in the Grants and Donations Trust Fund within the 19 state court system. The trial court administrator may recover 2.0 21 the costs of court-reporter services and transcription; 2.2 court-interpreter services, including translation; and any 23 other service for which state funds were used to provide a product or service within the circuit. This section does not 2.4 25 authorize cost recovery from entities described in ss. 29.005, 29.006, and 29.007. 26 27 Section 57. Subsection (4) of section 29.005, Florida 2.8 Statutes, is repealed, 29 Section 58. Section 318.37, Florida Statutes, is 30 repealed. Section 59. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005. 31

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1	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
2	SENATE SUMMARY
3	Revises various provisions governing the funding of the judicial system within the state. Revises the procedures
4	for attorneys who register to act as court-appointed counsel. Requires that the circuit Article V indigent
5	services committee establish compensation rates for court-appointed counsel. Revises certain procedures for
б	paying private court-appointed counsel. Clarifies various provisions governing filing fees. Revises procedures for
7	determining and paying fees to witnesses and expert witnesses. Exempts the Justice Administrative Commission
8	from application of the Administrative Procedure Act. Revises procedures for determining the amount and payment
9	of costs when a defendant is surrendered or apprehended. Provides requirements and procedures for the remission of
10	a forfeiture. Provides a procedure whereby an acquitted defendant may request a refund of certain fees. (See bill
11	for details.)
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