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CHAMBER ACTION

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	<u>Senate</u> <u>House</u>
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11	The Committee on Judiciary (Webster) recommended the following
12	amendment:
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14	Senate Amendment
15	In title, on page 1, line 28,
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17	insert:
18	WHEREAS, asbestos is a mineral that was widely used
19	before the mid 1970's for insulation, fireproofing, and other
20	purposes, and
21	WHEREAS, millions of American workers and others were
22	exposed to asbestos, especially during and after World War II
23	and before the advent of regulation by the Occupational Safety
24	and Health Administration in the early 1970's, and
25	WHEREAS, long-term exposure to asbestos has been
26	associated with various types of cancer, including
27	mesothelioma and lung cancer, as well as such nonmalignant
28	conditions as asbestosis, pleural plaques, and diffuse pleural
2930	thickening, and
31	WHEREAS, the diseases caused by asbestos often have long latency periods, and
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1	WHEREAS, although the use of asbestos has dramatically
2	declined since the 1970's and workplace exposures have been
3	regulated since 1971 by the Occupational Safety and Health
4	Administration, past exposures will continue to result in
5	significant claims of death and disability as a result of such
6	exposure, and
7	WHEREAS, exposure to asbestos has created a flood of
8	litigation in state and federal courts that the United States
9	Supreme Court in Ortiz v. Fibreboard Corporation, 119 S. Ct.
10	2295, 2302 (1999), has characterized as "an elephantine mass"
11	of cases that "defies customary judicial administration," and
12	WHEREAS, asbestos personal injury litigation can be
13	unfair and inefficient, imposing a severe burden on litigants
14	and taxpayers alike, and
15	WHEREAS, the inefficiencies and societal costs of
16	asbestos litigation have been well documented in reports such
17	as the RAND Institutes study on Asbestos Litigation Costs and
18	Compensation, the study of Joseph E. Stiglitz on The Impact of
19	Asbestos Liabilities on Workers in Bankrupt Firms, Dr. Joseph
20	Gitlin's report from Johns Hopkins Medical School on
21	Comparison of B Readers' Interpretations of Chest Radiographs
22	for Asbestos Related Changes, and the Report to the House of
23	Delegates from the American Bar Association Commission on
24	Asbestos Litigation, and
25	WHEREAS, the extraordinary volume of nonmalignant
26	asbestos cases continues to strain state courts, and
27	WHEREAS, the vast majority of asbestos claims are filed
28	by individuals who allege they have been exposed to asbestos
29	and who may have some physical sign of exposure but who suffer
30	no present asbestos-related impairment, and
31	WHEREAS, the cost of compensating exposed individuals

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1	who are not sick jeopardizes the ability of defendants to
2	compensate people with cancer and other serious
3	asbestos-related diseases, now and in the future, and
4	WHEREAS, the cost of compensating exposed individuals
5	who are not sick threatens the savings, retirement benefits,
6	and jobs of defendants' current and retired employees and
7	adversely affects the communities in which these defendants
8	operate, and
9	WHEREAS, the crush of asbestos litigation has been
10	costly to employers, employees, litigants, and the court
11	system, and
12	WHEREAS, in 1982, the Johns-Manville Corporation, the
13	nation's largest single supplier of insulation products
14	containing asbestos, declared bankruptcy due to the burden of
15	the asbestos litigation, and
16	WHEREAS, since 1982, more than 70 other companies have
17	declared bankruptcy due to the burden of asbestos litigation,
18	and
19	WHEREAS, estimates show that between 60,000 and 128,000
20	American workers already have lost their jobs as a result of
21	asbestos-related bankruptcies and that the total number of
22	jobs that will be lost due to asbestos-related bankruptcies
23	will eventually reach 432,000, and
24	WHEREAS, each worker who loses his or her job due to an
25	asbestos-related bankruptcy loses between \$25,000 and \$50,000
26	in wages over his or her career and loses 25 percent or more
27	of the value of his or her retirement plan, and
28	WHEREAS, asbestos litigation is estimated to have cost
29	over \$54 billion, with well over half of this expense going to
30	attorney's fees and other litigation costs, and
31	WHEREAS, the seriously ill too often find that the
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1	value of their recovery is substantially reduced due to
2	defendant bankruptcies and the inefficiency of the litigation
3	process, and
4	WHEREAS, silica is a naturally occurring mineral, and
5	WHEREAS, the Earth's crust is over 90 percent silica,
6	and crystalline silica dust is the primary component of sand,
7	quartz, and granite, and
8	WHEREAS, silica-related illness, including silicosis,
9	can occur when tiny silica particles are inhaled, and
10	WHEREAS, silicosis was recognized as an occupational
11	disease many years ago, and
12	WHEREAS, the American Foundrymen's Society has
13	distributed literature for more than 100 years to its members
14	warning of the dangers of silica exposure, and
15	WHEREAS, the number of new lawsuits alleging
16	silica-related disease being filed each year began to rise
17	precipitously in recent years, and
18	WHEREAS, silica claims, like asbestos claims, often
19	arise when an individual is identified as having markings on
20	his or her lungs that are possibly consistent with silica
21	exposure but the individual has no functional or physical
22	impairment from any silica-related disease, and
23	WHEREAS, the Legislature finds that an overpowering
24	public necessity requires it to act to prevent a silica-based
25	litigation crisis, and
26	WHEREAS, concerns about statutes of limitations may
27	prompt claimants who have been exposed to asbestos or silica
28	but who do not have any current injury to bring premature
29	lawsuits in order to protect against losing their rights to
30	future compensation should they become impaired, and
31	WHEREAS, consolidations, joinders, and similar

Bill No. SB 2562

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procedures to which some courts have resorted in order to deal with the mass of asbestos and silica cases can undermine the appropriate functioning of the judicial process and further encourage the filing of thousands of cases by exposed individuals who are not sick and who may never become sick, and

WHEREAS, punitive damage awards unfairly divert the resources of defendants from compensating genuinely impaired claimants and, given the lengthy history of asbestos and silica litigation and the regulatory and other restrictions on the use of asbestos and silica-containing products in the workplace, the legal justification for such awards, punishment, and deterrence is either inapplicable or inappropriate, and

WHEREAS, the Legislature finds that there is an overpowering public necessity to defer the claims of exposed individuals who are not sick in order to preserve, now and for the future, defendants' ability to compensate people who develop cancer and other serious asbestos-related and silica-related injuries and to safeguard the jobs, benefits, and savings of workers in this state and the well-being of the economy of this state, NOW, THEREFORE,

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