Florida Senate - 2005

By Senator Constantine

22-1562B-05

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to university campus planning;
3	amending s. 1013.30, F.S.; requiring each
4	university board of trustees to maintain a copy
5	of the campus master plan on the university's
6	website and provide for electronic copies of
7	its draft master plan; requiring that the
8	university hold an informal public information
9	session before the required public hearings are
10	held on the draft master plan; requiring that
11	the public hearings be held at specified times;
12	limiting the issues that an individual may
13	raise challenging a campus master plan;
14	authorizing the university to execute a campus
15	development agreement during the pendency of a
16	challenge; providing for an evidentiary hearing
17	to be held by the state land planning agency if
18	a challenge to the master plan is not resolved;
19	specifying the evidentiary procedures to be
20	used in such hearing; providing for attorney's
21	fees in any dispute submitted to the state land
22	planning agency or the Administration
23	Commission in which the pleading or motion was
24	made for an improper purpose or for economic
25	advantage; requiring that each university board
26	of trustees rather than the State Board of
27	Education adopt rules to administer the
28	procedures for preparing and adopting the
29	campus master plan; providing an effective
30	date.
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1 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 2 3 Section 1. Section 1013.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 4 5 1013.30 University campus master plans and campus 6 development agreements. --7 (1) This section contains provisions for campus 8 planning and concurrency management that supersede the requirements of part II of chapter 163, except when stated 9 10 otherwise in this section. These special growth management provisions are adopted in recognition of the unique 11 12 relationship between university campuses and the local 13 governments in which they are located. While the campuses provide research and educational benefits of statewide and 14 national importance, and further provide substantial 15 educational, economic, and cultural benefits to their host 16 17 local governments, they may also have an adverse impact on the public facilities and services and natural resources of host 18 governments. On balance, however, universities should be 19 considered as vital public facilities of the state and local 20 21 governments. The intent of this section is to address this 22 unique relationship by providing for the preparation of campus 23 master plans and associated campus development agreements. (2) As used in this section: 2.4 (a) "Affected local government" means a unit of local 25 government that provides public services to or is responsible 26 27 for maintaining facilities within a campus of an institution 2.8 or is directly affected by development that is proposed for a 29 campus. 30 (b) "Affected person" means a host local government; an affected local government; any state, regional, or federal 31 2

agency; or a person who resides, owns property, or owns or 1 2 operates a business within the boundaries of a host local government or affected local government. 3 (c) "Host local government" means a local government 4 within the jurisdiction of which all or part of a campus of an 5 6 institution is located, but does not include a county if no 7 part of an institution is located within its unincorporated 8 area. 9 (d) "Institution" means a university. 10 (3) Each university board of trustees shall prepare and adopt a campus master plan for the university and maintain 11 12 a copy of the plan on the university's website. The master 13 plan must identify general land uses and address the need for and plans for provision of roads, parking, public 14 transportation, solid waste, drainage, sewer, potable water, 15 16 and recreation and open space during the coming 10 to 20 17 years. The plans must contain elements relating to future land 18 use, intergovernmental coordination, capital improvements, recreation and open space, general infrastructure, housing, 19 and conservation. Each element must address compatibility with 20 21 the surrounding community. The master plan must identify 22 specific land uses, <u>general</u> location of structures, densities 23 and intensities of use, and contain standards for onsite development, site design, environmental management, and the 2.4 preservation of historic and archaeological resources. The 25 transportation element must address reasonable transportation 26 27 demand management techniques to minimize offsite impacts where 2.8 possible. Data and analyses on which the elements are based 29 must include, at a minimum: the characteristics of vacant lands; projected impacts of development on onsite and offsite 30 infrastructure, public services, and natural resources; 31

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1 student enrollment projections; student housing needs; and the 2 need for academic and support facilities. Master plans must be updated at least every 5 years. 3 (4) Campus master plans may contain additional 4 elements at the discretion of the State Board of Education; 5 6 however, such elements are not subject to review under this 7 section. These additional elements may include the academic 8 mission of the institution, academic program, utilities, 9 public safety, architectural design, landscape architectural design, and facilities maintenance. 10 (5) Subject to the right of the university board of 11 12 trustees to initiate the dispute resolution provisions of 13 subsection (8), a campus master plan must not be in conflict with the comprehensive plan of the host local government and 14 the comprehensive plan of any affected local governments. A 15 16 campus master plan must be consistent with the state 17 comprehensive plan. 18 (6) Before a campus master plan is adopted, a copy of the draft master plan must be sent for review or made 19 available electronically to the host and any affected local 20 21 governments, the state land planning agency, the Department of 22 Environmental Protection, the Department of Transportation, 23 the Department of State, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, and the applicable water management district and 2.4 25 regional planning council. These agencies must be given 90 26 days after receipt of the campus master plans in which to 27 conduct their review and provide comments to the university 2.8 board of trustees. The commencement of this review period must 29 be advertised in newspapers of general circulation within the host local government and any affected local government to 30 allow for public comment. Following receipt and consideration 31

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1 of all comments, and the holding of an informal information 2 session and at least two public hearings within the host jurisdiction, the university board of trustees shall adopt the 3 campus master plan. It is the intent of the Legislature that 4 the university board of trustees comply with the notice 5 б requirements set forth in s. 163.3184(15) to ensure full 7 public participation in this planning process. The informal 8 public information session must be held before the first public hearing. The first public hearing shall be held before 9 10 the draft master plan is sent to the agencies specified in this subsection. The second public hearing shall be held in 11 12 conjunction with the adoption of the draft master plan by the 13 university board of trustees. Campus master plans developed under this section are not rules and are not subject to 14 chapter 120 except as otherwise provided in this section. 15 16 (7) Notice that the campus master plan has been 17 adopted must be forwarded within 45 days after its adoption to 18 any affected person that submitted comments on the draft campus master plan. The notice must state how and where a copy 19 of the master plan may be obtained or inspected. Within 30 20 21 days after receipt of the notice of adoption of the campus 22 master plan, or 30 days after the date the adopted plan is 23 available for review, whichever is later, an affected person who submitted comments on the draft master plan may petition 2.4 the university board of trustees, challenging the campus 25 master plan as not being in compliance with this section or 26 27 any rule adopted under this section. The petition must state 2.8 each objection, identify its source, and provide a recommended action. A petition filed by an affected local government may 29 raise only those issues directly pertaining to the public 30 facilities or services that the affected local government 31

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1 provides to or maintains within the campus or to the direct 2 impact that campus development would have on the affected local government. A petition filed by an individual may raise 3 4 only those issues pertaining to public facilities or services 5 which have a direct and material effect on the individual. The б university may, during the pendency of the challenge, 7 negotiate and execute a campus development agreement as 8 provided in subsection (11). 9 (8) Following receipt of a petition, the petitioning 10 party or parties and the university board of trustees shall mediate the issues in dispute as follows: 11 12 (a) The parties have 60 days to resolve the issues in 13 dispute. Other affected parties that submitted comments on the draft campus master plan must be given the opportunity to 14 participate in these and subsequent proceedings. 15 (b) If resolution of the matter cannot be achieved 16 17 within 60 days, the issues must be submitted to the state land 18 planning agency. The state land planning agency has 60 days to hold an evidentiary hearing informal hearings, if necessary, 19 identify the issues remaining in dispute, prepare a record of 20 21 the proceedings, and submit the matter to the Administration 22 Commission for final action. The evidentiary hearing shall be 23 conducted using the evidentiary procedures set forth in s. <u>120.57(1).</u> The report to the Administration Commission must <u>be</u> 2.4 based on evidence adduced on the record before and during the 25 evidentiary hearing and must list each issue in dispute, 26 27 describe the nature and basis for each dispute, identify 2.8 alternative resolutions of the dispute, determine the petitioner's compliance with the requirements of this section, 29 30 and make recommendations. 31

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1	(c) After receiving the report from the state land
2	planning agency, the Administration Commission shall take
3	action to resolve the issues in dispute. In deciding upon a
4	proper resolution, the Administration Commission shall
5	consider the nature of the issues in dispute, the compliance
б	of the parties with this section, the extent of the conflict
7	between the parties, the comparative hardships, and the public
8	interest involved. If the Administration Commission
9	incorporates in its final order a term or condition that
10	specifically requires the university board of trustees or a
11	local government to amend or modify its plan, the university
12	board of trustees shall have a reasonable period of time to
13	amend or modify its plan, and a local government shall
14	initiate the required plan amendment, which shall be exempt
15	from the requirements of s. 163.3187(1). Any required
16	amendment to a local government comprehensive plan must be
17	limited in scope so as to only relate to specific impacts
18	attributable to the campus development. The final order of the
19	Administration Commission is subject to judicial review as
20	provided in s. 120.68.
21	(d) The signature of an attorney or party constitutes
22	a certificate that he or she has read the pleading, motion, or
23	other paper and that, to the best of his or her knowledge,
24	information, and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, it is
25	not interposed for any improper purpose, such as to harass or
26	to cause unnecessary delay, or for economic advantage,
27	competitive reasons, frivolous purposes, or needless increase
28	in the cost of litigation. If a pleading, motion, or other
29	paper is signed in violation of these requirements, the
30	Administration Commission, upon motion or its own initiative,
31	shall impose upon either the person who signed it or a

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1 represented party, or both, an appropriate sanction, which may 2 include an order to pay to the other party or parties the amount of reasonable expenses incurred because of the filing 3 4 of the pleading, motion, or other paper, including reasonable attorney's fees. 5 6 (9) An amendment to a campus master plan must be 7 reviewed and adopted under subsections (6)-(8) if such 8 amendment, alone or in conjunction with other amendments, would: 9 10 (a) Increase density or intensity of use of land on the campus by more than 10 percent; 11 12 (b) Decrease the amount of natural areas, open space, 13 or buffers on the campus by more than 10 percent; or (c) Rearrange land uses in a manner that will increase 14 the impact of any proposed campus development by more than 10 15 percent on a road or on another public facility or service 16 17 provided or maintained by the state, the county, the host local government, or any affected local government. 18 19 (10) Upon adoption of a campus master plan, the university board of trustees shall draft a proposed campus 20 21 development agreement for each local government and send it to 22 the local government within 270 days after the adoption of the 23 relevant campus master plan. (11) At a minimum, each campus development agreement: 2.4 (a) Must identify the geographic area of the campus 25 and local government covered by the campus development 26 27 agreement. 28 (b) Must establish its duration, which must be at 29 least 5 years and not more than 10 years. (c) Must address public facilities and services 30 including roads, sanitary sewer, solid waste, drainage, 31 8

1 potable water, parks and recreation, and public 2 transportation. 3 (d) Must, for each of the facilities and services 4 listed in paragraph (c), identify the level-of-service standard established by the applicable local government, 5 6 identify the entity that will provide the service to the 7 campus, and describe any financial arrangements between the State Board of Education and other entities relating to the 8 provision of the facility or service. 9 10 (e) Must, for each of the facilities and services listed in paragraph (c), determine the impact of existing and 11 12 proposed campus development reasonably expected over the term 13 of the campus development agreement on each service or facility and any deficiencies in such service or facility 14 which the proposed campus development will create or to which 15 it will contribute. 16 17 (f) May, if proposed by the university board of 18 trustees, address the issues prescribed in paragraphs (d) and (e) with regard to additional facilities and services, 19 including, but not limited to, electricity, nonpotable water, 20 21 law enforcement, fire and emergency rescue, gas, and 22 telephone. 23 (q) Must, to the extent it addresses issues addressed in the campus master plan and host local government 24 comprehensive plan, be consistent with the adopted campus 25 master plan and host local government comprehensive plan. 26 27 (12)(a) Each proposed campus development agreement 2.8 must clearly identify the lands to which the university board 29 of trustees intends the campus development agreement to apply. 30 (b) Such land may include: 31

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1	1. Land to be purchased by the university board of
2	trustees and if purchased with state appropriated funds titled
3	in the name of the board of trustees of the Internal
4	Improvement Trust Fund for use by an institution over the life
5	of the campus development agreement.
6	2. Land not owned by the board of trustees of the
7	Internal Improvement Trust Fund if the university board of
8	trustees intends to undertake development activities on the
9	land during the term of the campus development agreement.
10	(c) Land owned by the Board of Trustees of the
11	Internal Improvement Trust Fund for lease to the State Board
12	of Education acting on behalf of the institution may be
13	excluded, but any development activity undertaken on excluded
14	land is subject to part II of chapter 163.
15	(13) With regard to the impact of campus development
16	on the facilities and services listed in paragraph (11)(c),
17	the following applies:
18	(a) All improvements to facilities or services which
19	are necessary to eliminate the deficiencies identified in
20	paragraph (11)(e) must be specifically listed in the campus
21	development agreement.
22	(b) The university board of trustees' fair share of
23	the cost of the measures identified in paragraph (a) must be
24	stated in the campus development agreement. In determining the
25	fair share, the effect of any demand management techniques,
26	which may include such techniques as flexible work hours and
27	carpooling, that are used by the State Board of Education to
28	minimize the offsite impacts shall be considered.
29	(c) The university board of trustees is responsible
30	for paying the fair share identified in paragraph (b), and it
31	may do so by:
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1 1. Paying a fair share of each of the improvements 2 identified in paragraph (a); or 3 2. Taking on full responsibility for the improvements, 4 selected from the list of improvements identified in paragraph (a), and agreed to between the host local government and the 5 6 State Board of Education, the total cost of which equals the 7 contribution identified in paragraph (b). 8 (d) All concurrency management responsibilities of the university board of trustees are fulfilled if the university 9 10 board of trustees expends the total amount of funds identified in paragraph (b) notwithstanding that the university board of 11 12 trustees may not have undertaken or made contributions to some 13 of the measures identified in paragraph (a). (e) Capital projects included in the campus 14 development agreement may be used by the local government for 15 16 the concurrency management purposes. 17 (f) Funds provided by universities in accordance with 18 campus development agreements are subject to appropriation by the Legislature. A development authorized by a campus 19 development agreement may not be built until the funds to be 20 21 provided pursuant to paragraph (b) are appropriated by the 22 Legislature. 23 (14) A campus development agreement may not address or include any standards or requirements for onsite development, 2.4 including environmental management requirements or 25 requirements for site preparation. 26 27 (15) Once the university board of trustees and host 2.8 local government agree on the provisions of the campus development agreement, the campus development agreement shall 29 be executed by the university board of trustees and the host 30 local government in a manner consistent with the requirements 31 11

1 of s. 163.3225. Once the campus development agreement is 2 executed, it is binding upon the university board of trustees and host local government. A copy of the executed campus 3 development agreement must be sent to the state land planning 4 agency within 14 days after the date of execution. 5 б (16) If, within 180 days following the host local 7 government's receipt of the proposed campus development 8 agreement, the university board of trustees and host local 9 government cannot reach agreement on the provisions of the 10 campus development agreement, the following procedures for resolving the matter must be followed: 11 12 (a) The matter must be submitted to the state land 13 planning agency, which has 60 days to hold informal hearings, if necessary, and identify the issues remaining in dispute, 14 prepare a record of the proceedings, and submit the matter to 15 the Administration Commission for final action. The report to 16 17 the Administration Commission must list each issue in dispute, describe the nature and basis for each dispute, identify 18 alternative resolutions of each dispute, and make 19 recommendations. 2.0 21 (b) After receiving the report from the state land 22 planning agency, the Administration Commission shall take 23 action to resolve the issues in dispute. In deciding upon a proper resolution, the Administration Commission shall 2.4 consider the nature of the issues in dispute, the compliance 25 26 of the parties with this section, the extent of the conflict 27 between the parties, the comparative hardships, and the public 2.8 interest involved. In resolving the matter, the Administration Commission may prescribe, by order, the contents of the campus 29 30 development agreement. 31

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1 (17) Disputes that arise in the implementation of an 2 executed campus development agreement must be resolved as 3 follows: 4 (a) Each party shall select one mediator and notify the other in writing of the selection. Thereafter, within 15 5 б days after their selection, the two mediators selected by the 7 parties shall select a neutral, third mediator to complete the 8 mediation panel. 9 (b) Each party is responsible for all costs and fees 10 payable to the mediator selected by it and shall equally bear responsibility for the costs and fees payable to the third 11 12 mediator for services rendered and costs expended in 13 connection with resolving disputes pursuant to the campus development agreement. 14 15 (c) Within 10 days after the selection of the mediation panel, proceedings must be convened by the panel to 16 17 resolve the issues in dispute. (d) Within 60 days after the convening of the panel, 18 19 the panel shall issue a report containing a recommended resolution of the issues in dispute. 20 21 (e) If either the university board of trustees or 22 local government rejects the recommended resolution of the 23 issues in dispute, the disputed issues must be resolved pursuant to the procedures provided by subsection (16). 2.4 25 (18) Once the campus development agreement is executed, all campus development may proceed without further 26 27 review by the host local government if it is consistent with 2.8 the adopted campus master plan and associated campus 29 development agreement. (19) A campus development agreement may be amended 30 under subsections (10)-(16): 31

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1 (a) In conjunction with any amendment to the campus 2 master plan subject to the requirements in subsection (9). 3 If either party delays by more than 12 months the (b) 4 construction of a capital improvement identified in the 5 agreement. б (20) Any party to a campus development agreement or 7 aggrieved or adversely affected person, as defined in s. 8 163.3215(2), may file an action for injunctive relief in the circuit court where the host local government is located to 9 10 enforce the terms of a campus development agreement or to challenge compliance of the agreement with this section. This 11 12 action shall be the sole and exclusive remedy of an adversely 13 affected person other than a party to the agreement to enforce any rights or obligations arising from a development 14 15 agreement. (21) State and regional environmental program 16 17 requirements remain applicable, except that this section supersedes all other sections of part II of chapter 163 and s. 18 380.06 except as provided in this section. 19 (22) In consultation with the state land planning 20 21 agency, each university board of trustees the State Board of 22 Education shall adopt rules to administer implementing 23 subsections (3)-(6). The rules must set specific schedules and procedures for the development and adoption of campus master 2.4 25 plans. 26 (23) Until the campus master plan and campus 27 development agreement for an institution have been finalized, 2.8 any dispute between the university board of trustees and a local government relating to campus development for that 29 30 institution shall be resolved by the process established in 31 subsection (8).

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1	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005.
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4	SENATE SUMMARY
5	Revises various requirements for university boards of trustees in preparing and adopting campus master plans.
6	Provides requirements for informal public information sessions and public hearings. Limits the issues that an
7	individual may raise challenging a campus master plan.
8	Requires that the state land planning agency hold an evidentiary hearing if a challenge to the master plan is not resolved. Provides for attorney's fees under certain
9	circumstances. Requires that each university board of
10	trustees rather than the State Board of Education adopt rules to administer the procedures for preparing and
11	adopting the campus master plan.
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