## 7-343-05

A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to refusing to submit to a test 3 for alcohol or chemical or controlled substances; amending s. 313.1932, F.S.; 4 5 requiring that a person whom a law enforcement 6 officer believes is operating a motor vehicle 7 while under the influence of alcohol, chemical substances, or controlled substances be told 8 9 that if he or she refuses to submit to a test 10 of his or her breath, blood, or urine for alcohol, chemical substances, or controlled 11 12 substances, the refusal will result in the 13 person being taken into immediate custody by the law enforcement officer; amending s. 14 316.1939, F.S.; directing a law enforcement 15 officer to take into immediate custody any 16 17 person who refuses to submit to a lawful test for alcohol, chemical substances, or controlled 18 substances under certain circumstances; 19 20 amending s. 322.63, F.S.; requiring that a 21 person whom a law enforcement officer believes 22 is operating a commercial motor vehicle while 23 under the influence of alcohol, chemical substances, or controlled substances be told 2.4 that if he or she refuses to submit to a test 25 of his or her breath, blood, or urine for 26 27 alcohol, chemical substances, or controlled 2.8 substances, the refusal will result in the person being taken into immediate custody by 29 the law enforcement officer; directing a law 30 enforcement officer to take into immediate 31

custody any person operating a commercial motor vehicle who refuses to submit to a lawful test for alcohol, chemical substances, or controlled substances under certain circumstances; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (1) of section 316.1932, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

316.1932 Tests for alcohol, chemical substances, or controlled substances; implied consent; refusal.--

13 (1)(a)1.

a. Any person who accepts the privilege extended by the laws of this state of operating a motor vehicle within this state is, by so operating such vehicle, deemed to have given his or her consent to submit to an approved chemical test or physical test including, but not limited to, an infrared light test of his or her breath for the purpose of determining the alcoholic content of his or her blood or breath if the person is lawfully arrested for any offense allegedly committed while the person was driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcoholic beverages. The chemical or physical breath test must be incidental to a lawful arrest and administered at the request of a law enforcement officer who has reasonable cause to believe such person was driving or was in actual physical control of the motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of alcoholic beverages. The administration of a breath test does not preclude the administration of another type of test. The person shall be

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told that his or her failure to submit to any lawful test of his or her breath will result in the suspension of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle for a period of 1 year for a first refusal, or for a period of 18 months if the driving privilege of such person has been previously suspended as a result of a refusal to submit to such a test or tests, and shall also be told that if he or she refuses to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath and his or her driving privilege has been previously suspended for a prior refusal to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath, urine, or blood, he or she commits a misdemeanor in addition to any other penalties. The refusal to submit to a chemical or physical breath test upon the request of a law enforcement officer as provided in this section is admissible into evidence in any criminal proceeding.

b. The person shall also be told that if he or she refuses to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath, he or she will be taken into immediate custody by the law enforcement officer having reasonable cause to believe that the person was driving or was in actual physical control of the motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of alcoholic beverages, chemical substances, or controlled substances.

c.b. Any person who accepts the privilege extended by the laws of this state of operating a motor vehicle within this state is, by so operating such vehicle, deemed to have given his or her consent to submit to a urine test for the purpose of detecting the presence of chemical substances as set forth in s. 877.111 or controlled substances if the person is lawfully arrested for any offense allegedly committed while the person was driving or was in actual physical control of a

motor vehicle while under the influence of chemical substances 2 or controlled substances. The urine test must be incidental to a lawful arrest and administered at a detention facility or 3 any other facility, mobile or otherwise, which is equipped to 4 5 administer such tests at the request of a law enforcement officer who has reasonable cause to believe such person was driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle 8 within this state while under the influence of chemical substances or controlled substances. The urine test shall be 9 administered at a detention facility or any other facility, 10 mobile or otherwise, which is equipped to administer such test 11 12 in a reasonable manner that will ensure the accuracy of the 13 specimen and maintain the privacy of the individual involved. The administration of a urine test does not preclude the 14 administration of another type of test. The person shall be 15 told that his or her failure to submit to any lawful test of 16 his or her urine will result in the suspension of the person's 18 privilege to operate a motor vehicle for a period of 1 year for the first refusal, or for a period of 18 months if the 19 driving privilege of such person has been previously suspended 20 21 as a result of a refusal to submit to such a test or tests, 22 and shall also be told that if he or she refuses to submit to 23 a lawful test of his or her urine and his or her driving privilege has been previously suspended for a prior refusal to 2.4 submit to a lawful test of his or her breath, urine, or blood, 25 26 he or she commits a misdemeanor in addition to any other penalties. The person shall also be told that if he or she 27 2.8 refuses to submit to a lawful test of his or her urine, he or she will be taken into immediate custody by the law 29 enforcement officer having reasonable cause to believe that 30 the person was driving or was in actual physical control of

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the motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of alcoholic beverages, chemical substances, or controlled substances. The refusal to submit to a urine test upon the request of a law enforcement officer as provided in this section is admissible into evidence in any criminal proceeding.

- 2. The Alcohol Testing Program within the Department of Law Enforcement is responsible for the regulation of the operation, inspection, and registration of breath test instruments utilized under the driving and boating under the influence provisions and related provisions located in this chapter and chapters 322 and 327. The program is responsible for the regulation of the individuals who operate, inspect, and instruct on the breath test instruments utilized in the driving and boating under the influence provisions and related provisions located in this chapter and chapters 322 and 327. The program is further responsible for the regulation of blood analysts who conduct blood testing to be utilized under the driving and boating under the influence provisions and related provisions located in this chapter and chapters 322 and 327. The program shall:
- a. Establish uniform criteria for the issuance of permits to breath test operators, agency inspectors, instructors, blood analysts, and instruments.
- b. Have the authority to permit breath test operators, agency inspectors, instructors, blood analysts, and instruments.
- c. Have the authority to discipline and suspend, 29 revoke, or renew the permits of breath test operators, agency 30 inspectors, instructors, blood analysts, and instruments.

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- d. Establish uniform requirements for instruction and curricula for the operation and inspection of approved instruments.
- e. Have the authority to specify one approved curriculum for the operation and inspection of approved instruments.
- f. Establish a procedure for the approval of breath test operator and agency inspector classes.
- g. Have the authority to approve or disapprove breath test instruments and accompanying paraphernalia for use pursuant to the driving and boating under the influence provisions and related provisions located in this chapter and chapters 322 and 327.
- h. With the approval of the executive director of the Department of Law Enforcement, make and enter into contracts and agreements with other agencies, organizations, associations, corporations, individuals, or federal agencies as are necessary, expedient, or incidental to the performance of duties.
- i. Issue final orders which include findings of fact and conclusions of law and which constitute final agency action for the purpose of chapter 120.
- j. Enforce compliance with the provisions of this section through civil or administrative proceedings.
- k. Make recommendations concerning any matter within the purview of this section, this chapter, chapter 322, or chapter 327.
- 28 l. Promulgate rules for the administration and 29 implementation of this section, including definitions of 30 terms.

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- m. Consult and cooperate with other entities for the purpose of implementing the mandates of this section.
- n. Have the authority to approve the type of blood test utilized under the driving and boating under the influence provisions and related provisions located in this chapter and chapters 322 and 327.
- o. Have the authority to specify techniques and methods for breath alcohol testing and blood testing utilized under the driving and boating under the influence provisions and related provisions located in this chapter and chapters 322 and 327.
- p. Have the authority to approve repair facilities for the approved breath test instruments, including the authority to set criteria for approval.

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Nothing in this section shall be construed to supersede provisions in this chapter and chapters 322 and 327. The specifications in this section are derived from the power and authority previously and currently possessed by the Department of Law Enforcement and are enumerated to conform with the mandates of chapter 99-379, Laws of Florida.

(c) Any person who accepts the privilege extended by the laws of this state of operating a motor vehicle within this state is, by operating such vehicle, deemed to have given his or her consent to submit to an approved blood test for the purpose of determining the alcoholic content of the blood or a blood test for the purpose of determining the presence of chemical substances or controlled substances as provided in this section if there is reasonable cause to believe the person was driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcoholic beverages or

chemical or controlled substances and the person appears for 2 treatment at a hospital, clinic, or other medical facility and the administration of a breath or urine test is impractical or 3 impossible. As used in this paragraph, the term "other medical 4 facility" includes an ambulance or other medical emergency 5 6 vehicle. The blood test shall be performed in a reasonable 7 manner. Any person who is incapable of refusal by reason of 8 unconsciousness or other mental or physical condition is deemed not to have withdrawn his or her consent to such test. 9 A blood test may be administered whether or not the person is 10 told that his or her failure to submit to such a blood test 11 12 will result in the suspension of the person's privilege to 13 operate a motor vehicle upon the public highways of this state and that a refusal to submit to a lawful test of his or her 14 blood, if his or her driving privilege has been previously 15 suspended for refusal to submit to a lawful test of his or her 16 17 breath, urine, or blood, is a misdemeanor. Any person who is 18 capable of refusal shall be told that his or her failure to submit to such a blood test will result in the suspension of 19 the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle for a period 20 21 of 1 year for a first refusal, or for a period of 18 months if 22 the driving privilege of the person has been suspended 23 previously as a result of a refusal to submit to such a test or tests, and that a refusal to submit to a lawful test of his 2.4 or her blood, if his or her driving privilege has been 25 26 previously suspended for a prior refusal to submit to a lawful 27 test of his or her breath, urine, or blood, is a misdemeanor. 2.8 The person shall also be told that if he or she refuses to submit to a lawful test of his or her blood, he or she will be 29 taken into immediate custody by the law enforcement officer 30 having reasonable cause to believe that the person was driving

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or was in actual physical control of the motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of alcoholic beverages, chemical substances, or controlled substances. The refusal to submit to a blood test upon the request of a law enforcement officer is admissible in evidence in any criminal proceeding.

Section 2. Section 316.1939, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.1939 Refusal to submit to testing; penalties.--

- (1) Any person who has refused to submit to a chemical or physical test of his or her breath, blood, or urine, as described in s. 316.1932, and whose driving privilege was previously suspended for a prior refusal to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath, urine, or blood, and:
- (a) Who the arresting law enforcement officer had probable cause to believe was driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle in this state while under the influence of alcoholic beverages, chemical substances, or controlled substances;
- (b) Who was placed under lawful arrest for a violation of s. 316.193 unless such test was requested <u>under pursuant to</u> s. 316.1932(1)(c);
- (c) Who was informed that, if he or she refused to submit to the such test, his or her privilege to operate a motor vehicle would be suspended for a period of 1 year or, in the case of a second or subsequent refusal, for a period of 18 months;
- (d) Who was informed that a refusal to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath, urine, or blood, if his or her driving privilege has been previously suspended for a prior refusal to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath, urine, or blood, is a misdemeanor; and

that section to read:

(e) Who, after having been so informed, refused to 2 submit to any such test when requested to do so by a law enforcement officer or correctional officer 3 4 commits a misdemeanor of the first degree and is subject to 5 punishment as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 7 (2) The arresting law enforcement officer shall 8 immediately take into custody any person whom the officer has probable cause to believe was driving or was in actual 9 10 physical control of a motor vehicle in this state while under the influence of alcoholic beverages, chemical substances, or 11 12 controlled substances, if that person refuses to submit to a 13 lawful test of his or her breath, blood, or urine, as described in s. 316.1932, after being informed by the officer 14 that such refusal will result in the person being immediately 15 16 taken into custody. 17 (3) The disposition of any administrative 18 proceeding that relates to the suspension of a person's 19 driving privilege does not affect a criminal action under this 2.0 section. 21 (4)(3) The disposition of a criminal action under this 22 section does not affect any administrative proceeding that 23 relates to the suspension of a person's driving privilege. The department's records showing that a person's license has been 2.4 previously suspended for a prior refusal to submit to a lawful 2.5 test of his or her breath, urine, or blood shall be admissible 26 27 and shall create a rebuttable presumption of such suspension. 2.8 Section 3. Present subsections (5) and (6) of section 322.63, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (6) 29 and (7), respectively, and a new subsection (5) is added to 30

322.63 Alcohol or drug testing; commercial motor 2 vehicle operators. --3 (5)(a) A person shall be told that if he or she 4 refuses to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath, 5 blood, or urine, he or she will be taken into immediate 6 custody by the law enforcement officer having reasonable cause to believe that the person was operating a commercial motor vehicle with alcohol or a chemical substance or controlled 8 substance in his or her body. 9 10 (b) The arresting law enforcement officer shall immediately take into custody any person whom the officer has 11 12 probable cause to believe was driving or was in actual 13 physical control of a commercial motor vehicle in this state while under the influence of alcoholic beverages, chemical 14 substances, or controlled substances, if that person refuses 15 to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath, blood, or 16 urine, as described in s. 316.1932, after being informed by 18 the officer that such refusal will result in the person being immediately taken into custody. 19 Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005. 2.0 21 22 23 2.4 2.5 26 27 28 29 30 31

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* 2 SENATE SUMMARY 3 Requires that a person who is operating a motor vehicle while under the influence be told that if he or she 4 refuses to submit to a test of his or her breath, blood, or urine for alcohol or chemical or controlled substances, the refusal will result in the person being taken into immediate custody by a law enforcement 5 6 officer. Directs any law enforcement officer to take into immediate custody any person who refuses to submit to a 7 lawful test for alcohol or chemical or controlled substances under certain circumstances. Requires that a 8 person who is operating a commercial motor vehicle while under the influence be told that if he or she refuses to submit to a test of his or her breath, blood, or urine 9 for alcohol or chemical or controlled substances, the refusal will result in the person being taken into immediate custody by a law enforcement officer. Directs 10 11 any law enforcement officer to take into immediate custody any person operating a commercial motor vehicle 12 who refuses to submit to a lawful test for alcohol or chemical or controlled substances under certain 13 circumstances. 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31