$\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$  the Committee on Environmental Preservation; and Senator Dockery

## 592-1775-05

| 1  | A bill to be entitled                           |
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| 2  | An act relating to water supply policy,         |
| 3  | planning, and production; creating part VII of  |
| 4  | ch. 373, F.S., relating to water supply policy, |
| 5  | planning, and production; creating s. 373.701,  |
| 6  | F.S.; providing a declaration of policy;        |
| 7  | creating s. 373.703, F.S.; providing            |
| 8  | definitions; creating s. 373.705, F.S.;         |
| 9  | providing for the powers and duties of water    |
| 10 | management district governing boards; creating  |
| 11 | s. 373.707, F.S.; requiring the Department of   |
| 12 | Environmental Protection to develop the Florida |
| 13 | water supply plan; providing components of the  |
| 14 | plan; requiring water management district       |
| 15 | governing boards to develop water supply plans  |
| 16 | for their respective regions; providing         |
| 17 | components of district water supply plans;      |
| 18 | creating s. 373.709, F.S.; providing            |
| 19 | legislative findings and intent with respect to |
| 20 | water resource development and water supply     |
| 21 | development; requiring water management         |
| 22 | districts to fund and implement water resource  |
| 23 | development; specifying water supply            |
| 24 | development projects that are eligible to       |
| 25 | receive priority consideration for state or     |
| 26 | water management district funding assistance;   |
| 27 | creating s. 373.711, F.S.; providing            |
| 28 | legislative findings and intent with respect to |
| 29 | alternative water supplies; requiring the       |
| 30 | governing boards of the water management        |
| 31 | districts where water resource caution areas    |

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have been designated to include in their annual budgets an amount for the development of alternative water supply systems; providing funding priority for projects; providing that governing boards are encouraged to establish revolving loan funds; providing requirements with respect to such revolving loan funds; providing legislative intent with respect to the development of rate structures by the appropriate rate-setting authorities for all water, wastewater, and reclaimed water and other alternative water supply utilities in the service area of a funded utility; specifying intended purposes of such rate structures; providing that funding assistance provided by the water management districts for a water reuse system project may include specified grant or loan conditions; providing requirements for eligibility for funding of projects; requiring specified written notice; providing for application of revenues; requiring governing boards to make written quidelines for disbursal of revenues available annually; providing components of such guidelines; requiring the governing board of each water management district to establish an alternative water supplies grants advisory committee to recommend to the governing board projects for funding; providing requirements with respect to revenues made available annually; defining "alternative water

| 1  | supplies"; providing that provisions governing  |
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| 2  | alternative water supplies are not subject to   |
| 3  | the rulemaking requirements of the              |
| 4  | Administrative Procedures Act; requiring water  |
| 5  | management districts to submit annual reports   |
| 6  | accounting for the disbursal of all budget      |
| 7  | amounts; requiring the Florida Public Service   |
| 8  | Commission to allow entities under its          |
| 9  | jurisdiction constructing alternative water     |
| 10 | supply facilities to recover specified costs    |
| 11 | through their rate structure; providing that    |
| 12 | every component of an alternative water supply  |
| 13 | facility constructed by an investor-owned       |
| 14 | utility shall be recovered in current rates;    |
| 15 | creating s. 373.713, F.S.; requiring a water    |
| 16 | management district governing board to conduct  |
| 17 | water supply planning for each region           |
| 18 | identified in the district water supply plan;   |
| 19 | providing procedures and requirements with      |
| 20 | respect to regional water supply plans;         |
| 21 | providing for joint development of a specified  |
| 22 | water supply development component of a         |
| 23 | regional water supply plan within the           |
| 24 | boundaries of the Southwest Florida Water       |
| 25 | Management District; providing that approval of |
| 26 | a regional water supply plan is not subject to  |
| 27 | the rulemaking requirements of the              |
| 28 | Administrative Procedures Act; requiring the    |
| 29 | department to submit annual reports on the      |
| 30 | status of regional water supply planning in     |
| 31 | each district; providing construction with      |

| 1  | respect to the water supply development         |
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| 2  | component of a district water management plan;  |
| 3  | creating s. 373.715, F.S.; requiring the water  |
| 4  | management districts to assist local            |
| 5  | governments in the development and future       |
| 6  | revision of local government comprehensive plan |
| 7  | elements or public facilities reports related   |
| 8  | to water resource issues; requiring each water  |
| 9  | management district to prepare and provide      |
| 10 | information and data to assist local            |
| 11 | governments in the preparation and              |
| 12 | implementation of local government              |
| 13 | comprehensive plans or public facilities        |
| 14 | reports; creating s. 373.717, F.S.; providing   |
| 15 | for the creation of regional water supply       |
| 16 | authorities; providing purpose of such          |
| 17 | authorities; specifying considerations with     |
| 18 | respect to the creation of a proposed           |
| 19 | authority; specifying authority of a regional   |
| 20 | water supply authority; providing authority of  |
| 21 | specified entities to convey title, dedicate    |
| 22 | land, or grant land-use rights to a regional    |
| 23 | water supply authority for specified purposes;  |
| 24 | providing preferential rights of counties and   |
| 25 | municipalities to purchase water from regional  |
| 26 | water supply authorities; providing exemption   |
| 27 | for specified water supply authorities from     |
| 28 | consideration of certain factors and            |
| 29 | submissions; providing applicability of such    |
| 30 | exemptions; creating s. 373.719, F.S.;          |
| 31 | authorizing the West Coast Regional Water       |

| 1  | Supply Authority and its member governments to  |
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| 2  | reconstitute the authority's governance and     |
| 3  | rename the authority under a voluntary          |
| 4  | interlocal agreement; providing compliance      |
| 5  | requirements with respect to the interlocal     |
| 6  | agreement; providing for supersession of        |
| 7  | conflicting general or special laws; providing  |
| 8  | requirements with respect to annual budgets;    |
| 9  | specifying the annual millage for the           |
| 10 | authority; authorizing the authority to request |
| 11 | the governing board of the district to levy ad  |
| 12 | valorem taxes within the boundaries of the      |
| 13 | authority to finance authority functions;       |
| 14 | providing requirements and procedures with      |
| 15 | respect to the collection of such taxes;        |
| 16 | amending ss. 120.52, 163.3167, 163.3177,        |
| 17 | 163.3191, 186.009, 189.404, 189.4155, 189.4156, |
| 18 | and 367.021, F.S.; conforming cross-references; |
| 19 | amending s. 373.019, F.S.; revising             |
| 20 | definitions; amending ss. 373.0421, 373.0695,   |
| 21 | 373.223, 373.2234, 373.229, 373.421, 373.536,   |
| 22 | 373.59, 378.212, 378.404, 403.031, 403.813,     |
| 23 | 403.0891, 556.102, 682.02, F.S.; conforming     |
| 24 | cross-references; repealing s. 373.036, F.S.,   |
| 25 | relating to Florida water and district water    |
| 26 | management plans; repealing s. 373.0361, F.S.,  |
| 27 | relating to regional water supply planning;     |
| 28 | repealing s. 373.0391, F.S., relating to        |
| 29 | technical assistance to local governments;      |
| 30 | repealing s. 373.0831, F.S., relating to water  |
| 31 | resource and water supply development;          |

1 repealing s. 373.196, F.S., relating to 2 legislative findings; repealing s. 373.1961, 3 F.S., relating to water production; repealing 4 s. 373.1962, F.S., relating to regional water 5 supply authorities; repealing s. 373.1963, 6 F.S., relating to assistance to the West Coast 7 Regional Water Supply Authority; providing an effective date. 8 9 10 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 11 12 Section 1. Part VII of chapter 373, Florida Statutes, 13 consisting of sections 373.701, 373.703, 373.705, 373.707, 373.709, 373.711, 373.713, 373.715, 373.717, and 373.719, is 14 created to read: 15 16 PART VII 17 WATER SUPPLY POLICY, PLANNING, AND PRODUCTION 18 373.701 Declaration of policy.--It is declared to be the policy of the Legislature that: 19 20 (1) Water constitutes a public resource benefiting the 21 entire state. 22 (2) The availability of sufficient water for all 23 existing and future reasonable-beneficial uses and natural systems shall be promoted. 2.4 25 (3) Water supply planning and production in the state be conducted on a state and regional basis. 26 27 (4) There is a need to allocate water throughout the 2.8 state so as to meet all reasonable-beneficial uses. However, the Legislature acknowledges that such allocations have in the 29 past adversely affected the water resources of certain areas 30 in this state. To protect such water resources and to meet the

current and future needs of those areas with abundant water, 2 the Legislature directs the department and the water management districts to encourage the use of water from 3 4 sources nearest the area of use or application whenever practicable. Such sources shall include all naturally 5 6 occurring water sources and all alternative water sources, 7 including, but not limited to, desalination, conservation, 8 reuse of nonpotable reclaimed water and stormwater, and 9 aguifer storage and recovery. 10 (5) In establishing the policy outlined in subsection (4), the Legislature realizes that under certain circumstances 11 12 the need to transport water from distant sources may be 13 necessary for environmental, technical, or economic reasons. (6) Cooperative efforts between municipalities, 14 counties, water management districts, and the Department of 15 Environmental Protection are mandatory in order to meet the 16 water needs of rapidly urbanizing areas in a manner that will 18 supply adequate and dependable supplies of water where needed without resulting in adverse effects upon the areas from 19 whence such water is withdrawn. Such efforts should use all 2.0 21 practical means of obtaining water, including, but not limited 2.2 to, withdrawals of surface water and groundwater, recycling of 23 waste water, and desalinization, and will necessitate not only cooperation but also well-coordinated activities. 2.4 (7) Municipalities and counties are encouraged to 2.5 create regional water supply authorities as authorized herein. 26 27 It is further the intent that municipalities, counties, and 2.8 regional water supply authorities are to have the primary responsibility for water supply, and water management 29 districts and their basin boards are to engage only in those 30 functions that are incidental to the exercise of their flood 31

| 1  | control and water management powers or that are related to     |
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| 2  | water resource development pursuant to s. 373.709.             |
| 3  | (8) Nothing herein shall be construed to preclude the          |
| 4  | various municipalities and counties from continuing to operate |
| 5  | existing water production and transmission facilities or to    |
| 6  | enter into cooperative agreements with other municipalities    |
| 7  | and counties for the purpose of meeting their respective needs |
| 8  | for dependable and adequate supplies of water, provided the    |
| 9  | obtaining of water through such operations shall not be done   |
| 10 | in a manner which results in adverse effects upon the areas    |
| 11 | from whence such water is withdrawn.                           |
| 12 | 373.703 DefinitionsWhen appearing in this chapter              |
| 13 | or in any rule, regulation, or order adopted pursuant thereto, |
| 14 | the following words shall, unless the context clearly          |
| 15 | indicates otherwise, mean:                                     |
| 16 | (1) "District water supply plan" means the regional            |
| 17 | water resource plan developed by a governing board under s.    |
| 18 | <u>373.707.</u>  |
| 19 | (2) "Florida water supply plan" means the state-level          |
| 20 | water resource plan developed by the department under s.       |
| 21 | <u>373.707.</u>  |
| 22 | (3) "Regional water supply plan" means a detailed              |
| 23 | water supply plan developed by a governing board under s.      |
| 24 | <u>373.713.</u>  |
| 25 | (4) "Water resource development" means the formulation         |
| 26 | and implementation of regional water resource management       |
| 27 | strategies, including the collection and evaluation of surface |
| 28 | water and groundwater data; structural and nonstructural       |
| 29 | programs to protect and manage water resources; the            |
| 30 | development of regional water resource implementation          |
| 31 | programs; the construction, operation, and maintenance of      |

| 1  | major public works facilities to provide for surface and       |
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| 2  | underground water storage, and groundwater recharge            |
| 3  | augmentation; and related technical assistance to local        |
| 4  | governments and to government-owned and privately owned water  |
| 5  | utilities.   |
| 6  | (5) "Water supply development" means the planning,             |
| 7  | design, construction, operation, and maintenance of public or  |
| 8  | private facilities for water collection, production,           |
| 9  | treatment, transmission, or distribution for sale, resale, or  |
| 10 | end use.   |
| 11 | 373.705 Powers and duties In the performance of, and           |
| 12 | in conjunction with, its other powers and duties, the          |
| 13 | governing board of a water management district existing        |
| 14 | pursuant to this chapter:                                      |
| 15 | (1) Shall engage in planning to assist counties,               |
| 16 | municipalities, private utilities, or regional water supply    |
| 17 | authorities in meeting water supply needs in such manner as    |
| 18 | will give priority to encouraging conservation and reducing    |
| 19 | adverse environmental effects of improper or excessive         |
| 20 | withdrawals of water from concentrated areas. As used in this  |
| 21 | section, regional water supply authorities are regional water  |
| 22 | authorities created under s. 373.717 or other laws of this     |
| 23 | state.   |
| 24 | (2) Shall assist counties, municipalities, private             |
| 25 | utilities, or water supply authorities in meeting water supply |
| 26 | needs in such manner as will give priority to encouraging      |
| 27 | conservation and reducing adverse environmental effects of     |
| 28 | improper or excessive withdrawals of water from concentrated   |
| 29 | areas.   |
| 30 | (3) May establish, design, construct, operate, and             |

31 maintain water production and transmission facilities for the

purpose of supplying water to counties, municipalities, private utilities, or regional water supply authorities. The 2 permit required by part II for a water management district 3 4 engaged in water production and transmission shall be granted, denied, or granted with conditions by the department. 5 6 (4) Shall not engage in local distribution. 7 (5) Shall not deprive, directly or indirectly, any 8 county wherein water is withdrawn of the prior right to the 9 reasonable and beneficial use of water that is required to 10 supply adequately the reasonable and beneficial needs of the county or any of the inhabitants or property owners therein. 11 12 (6) May provide water and financial assistance to 13 regional water supply authorities, but may not provide water to counties and municipalities that are located within the 14 area of such authority without the specific approval of the 15 authority or, in the event of the authority's disapproval, the 16 approval of the Governor and Cabinet sitting as the Land and 18 Water Adjudicatory Commission. The district may supply water at rates and upon terms mutually agreed to by the parties or, 19 if they do not agree, as set by the governing board and 2.0 21 specifically approved by the Governor and Cabinet sitting as 2.2 the Land and Water Adjudicatory Commission. 23 (7) May acquire title to such interest as is necessary in real property, by purchase, gift, devise, lease, eminent 2.4 domain, or otherwise, for water production and transmission 2.5 consistent with this section. However, the district shall not 26 2.7 use any of the eminent domain powers herein granted to acquire 2.8 water and water rights already devoted to reasonable and beneficial use or any water production or transmission 29

facilities owned by any county, municipality, or regional

water supply authority. The district may exercise eminent

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domain powers outside its district boundaries for the 2 acquisition of pumpage facilities, storage areas, transmission facilities, and the normal appurtenances thereto, provided 3 4 that at least 45 days prior to the exercise of eminent domain, the district notifies the district where the property is 5 6 located after public notice and the district where the 7 property is located does not object within 45 days after 8 notification of such exercise of eminent domain authority. 9 (8) In addition to the power to issue revenue bonds 10 pursuant to s. 373.584, may issue revenue bonds for the purposes of paying the costs and expenses incurred in carrying 11 12 out the purposes of this part or refunding obligations of the 13 district issued pursuant to this section. Such revenue bonds shall be secured by, and be payable from, revenues derived 14 from the operation, lease, or use of its water production and 15 transmission facilities and other water-related facilities and 16 from the sale of water or services relating thereto. Such 18 revenue bonds may not be secured by, or be payable from, moneys derived by the district from the Water Management Lands 19 2.0 Trust Fund or from ad valorem taxes received by the district. 21 All provisions of s. 373.584 relating to the issuance of revenue bonds which are not inconsistent with this section 2.2 23 shall apply to the issuance of revenue bonds pursuant to this section. The district may also issue bond anticipation notes 2.4 in accordance with the provisions of s. 373.584. 2.5 (9) May join with one or more other water management 26 2.7 districts, counties, municipalities, private utilities, or 2.8 regional water supply authorities for the purpose of carrying out any of its powers, and may contract with such other 29 entities to finance acquisitions, construction, operation, and 30 maintenance. The contract may provide for contributions to be 31

made by each party thereto for the division and apportionment 2 of the expenses of acquisitions, construction, operation, and maintenance, and for the division and apportionment of the 3 4 benefits, services, and products therefrom. The contracts may 5 contain other covenants and agreements necessary and 6 appropriate to accomplish their purposes. 7 373.707 Florida water supply plan; district water 8 supply plans. --9 (1) In cooperation with the water management 10 districts, regional water supply authorities, and others, the department shall develop the Florida water supply plan. The 11 12 Florida water supply plan shall include, but not be limited 13 to: (a) The programs and activities of the department 14 15 related to water supply. (b) The district water supply plans. 16 17 (c) Goals, objectives, and guidance for the 18 development and review of programs, rules, and plans relating to water supply based on statutory policies and directives. 19 (2)(a) Each governing board shall develop a district 2.0 21 water supply plan for its region. The district water supply 2.2 plan shall be based on at least a 20-year planning period; 23 shall be developed and revised in cooperation with other agencies, regional water supply authorities, units of 2.4 government, and interested parties; and shall be updated at 2.5 least once every 5 years. The governing board shall hold a 26 2.7 public hearing at least 30 days in advance of completing the 2.8 development or revision of the district water supply plan. (b) The district water supply plan shall include, but 29 30 not be limited to:

| 1  | <ol> <li>The scientific methodologies for establishing</li> </ol> |
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| 2  | minimum flows and levels under s. 373.042, and all established    |
| 3  | minimum flows and levels.   |
| 4  | 2. Identification of one or more water supply planning            |
| 5  | regions that singly or together encompass the entire district.    |
| 6  | 3. Technical data and information prepared under ss.              |
| 7  | 373.715 and 373.0395.   |
| 8  | 4. A districtwide water supply assessment, which                  |
| 9  | determines for each water supply planning region:                 |
| 10 | a. Existing legal uses, reasonably anticipated future             |
| 11 | needs, and existing and reasonably anticipated sources of         |
| 12 | water and conservation efforts; and                               |
| 13 | b. Whether existing and reasonably anticipated sources            |
| 14 | of water and conservation efforts are adequate to supply water    |
| 15 | for all existing legal uses and reasonably anticipated future     |
| 16 | needs and to sustain the water resources and related natural      |
| 17 | systems.  |
| 18 | 5. Any completed regional water supply plans prepared             |
| 19 | pursuant to s. 373.713.   |
| 20 | (c) If necessary for implementation, the governing                |
| 21 | board shall adopt by rule or order relevant portions of the       |
| 22 | district water supply plan, to the extent of its statutory        |
| 23 | authority.  |
| 24 | (d) In the formulation of the district water supply               |
| 25 | plan, the governing board shall give due consideration to:        |
| 26 | 1. The attainment of maximum reasonable-beneficial use            |
| 27 | of water resources.   |
| 28 | 2. The maximum economic development of the water                  |
| 29 | resources consistent with other uses.                             |
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| 1  | 3. The management of water resources for such purposes         |
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| 2  | as environmental protection, drainage, flood control, and      |
| 3  | water storage.   |
| 4  | 4. The quantity of water available for application to          |
| 5  | a reasonable-beneficial use.                                   |
| 6  | 5. The prevention of wasteful, uneconomical,                   |
| 7  | impractical, or unreasonable uses of water resources.          |
| 8  | 6. Presently exercised domestic use and permit rights.         |
| 9  | 7. The state water resources policy as expressed by            |
| 10 | this chapter.  |
| 11 | (3) The department and governing board shall give              |
| 12 | careful consideration to the requirements of public recreation |
| 13 | and to the protection and procreation of fish and wildlife.    |
| 14 | The department or governing board may prohibit or restrict     |
| 15 | other future uses on certain designated bodies of water which  |
| 16 | may be inconsistent with these objectives.                     |
| 17 | (4) The governing board may designate certain uses in          |
| 18 | connection with a particular source of supply which, because   |
| 19 | of the nature of the activity or the amount of water required, |
| 20 | would constitute an undesirable use for which the governing    |
| 21 | board may deny a permit.                                       |
| 22 | (5) The governing board may designate certain uses in          |
| 23 | connection with a particular source of supply which, because   |
| 24 | of the nature of the activity or the amount of water required, |
| 25 | would result in an enhancement or improvement of the water     |
| 26 | resources of the area. Such uses shall be preferred over other |
| 27 | uses in the event of competing applications under the          |
| 28 | permitting systems authorized by this chapter.                 |
| 29 | (6) The department, in cooperation with the Executive          |
| 30 | Office of the Governor or its successor agency, may add to the |
| 31 | Florida water supply plan any other information, directions,   |

| 1  | or objectives it deems necessary or desirable for the quidance |
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| 2  | of the governing boards or other agencies in the               |
| 3  | administration and enforcement of this chapter.                |
| 4  | 373.709 Water resource development; water supply               |
| 5  | development  |
| 6  | (1) The Legislature finds that:                                |
| 7  | (a) The proper role of the water management districts          |
| 8  | in water supply is primarily planning and water resource       |
| 9  | development, but this does not preclude them from providing    |
| 10 | assistance with water supply development.                      |
| 11 | (b) The proper role of local government, regional              |
| 12 | water supply authorities, and government-owned and privately   |
| 13 | owned water utilities in water supply is primarily water       |
| 14 | supply development, but this does not preclude them from       |
| 15 | providing assistance with water resource development.          |
| 16 | (c) Water resource development and water supply                |
| 17 | development must receive priority attention, where needed, to  |
| 18 | increase the availability of sufficient water for all existing |
| 19 | and future reasonable-beneficial uses and natural systems.     |
| 20 | (2) It is the intent of the Legislature that:                  |
| 21 | (a) Sufficient water be available for all existing and         |
| 22 | future reasonable-beneficial uses and the natural systems, and |
| 23 | that the adverse effects of competition for water supplies be  |
| 24 | avoided.   |
| 25 | (b) Water management districts take the lead in                |
| 26 | identifying and implementing water resource development        |
| 27 | projects, and be responsible for securing necessary funding    |
| 28 | for regionally significant water resource development          |
| 29 | projects.  |
| 30 | (c) Local governments, regional water supply                   |
| 31 | authorities, and government-owned and privately owned water    |

| 1  | utilities take the lead in securing funds for and implementing  |
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| 2  | water supply development projects. Generally, direct  |
| 3  | beneficiaries of water supply development projects should pay   |
| 4  | the costs of the projects from which they benefit, and water  |
| 5  | supply development projects should continue to be paid for  |
| 6  | through local funding sources.  |
| 7  | (d) Water supply development be conducted in  |
| 8  | coordination with water management district regional water  |
| 9  | supply planning and water resource development.   |
| 10   | (3) The water management districts shall fund and   |
| 11   | implement water resource development as defined in s. 373.703.  |
| 12   | The water management districts are encouraged to implement  |
| 13   | water resource development as expeditiously as possible in  |
| 14   | areas subject to regional water supply plans. Each governing  |
| 15   | board shall include in its annual budget the amount needed for  |
| 16   | the fiscal year to implement water resource development   |
| 17   | projects, as prioritized in its regional water supply plans   |
| 18   | (4)(a) Water supply development projects that are   |
| 19   | consistent with the relevant regional water supply plans and  |
| 20   | meet one or more of the following criteria shall receive  |
| 21   |   |
| 22   | priority consideration for state or water management district   |
| 22   | funding assistance:   |
| 23   |   |
|  | <pre>funding assistance:</pre>  |
| 23   | <pre>funding assistance:     1. The project supports establishment of a dependable,</pre>   |
| 23<br>24   | <pre>funding assistance:     1. The project supports establishment of a dependable, sustainable supply of water which is not otherwise financially</pre>  |
| 23<br>24<br>25   | <pre>funding assistance:     1. The project supports establishment of a dependable, sustainable supply of water which is not otherwise financially feasible;</pre>  |
| 23<br>24<br>25<br>26   | <pre>funding assistance:     1. The project supports establishment of a dependable, sustainable supply of water which is not otherwise financially feasible;     2. The project provides substantial environmental</pre>  |
| <ul><li>23</li><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li><li>27</li></ul> | funding assistance:  1. The project supports establishment of a dependable, sustainable supply of water which is not otherwise financially feasible;  2. The project provides substantial environmental benefits by preventing or limiting adverse water resource |

| 1  | 3. The project significantly implements reuse,                 |
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| 2  | storage, recharge, or conservation of water in a manner that   |
| 3  | contributes to the sustainability of regional water sources.   |
| 4  | (b) Water supply development projects that meet the            |
| 5  | criteria in paragraph (a) and also bring about replacement of  |
| 6  | existing sources in order to help implement a minimum flow or  |
| 7  | level shall be given first consideration for state or water    |
| 8  | management district funding assistance.                        |
| 9  | (c) If a proposed alternative water supply development         |
| 10 | project is identified in the relevant approved regional water  |
| 11 | supply plan, the project shall receive:                        |
| 12 | 1. A 20-year consumptive use permit, if it otherwise           |
| 13 | meets the permit requirements under ss. 373.223 and 373.236    |
| 14 | and rules adopted thereunder.                                  |
| 15 | 2. Consideration for priority funding pursuant to s.           |
| 16 | 373.711 if the project meets one of the criteria in this       |
| 17 | subsection.  |
| 18 | 373.711 Alternative water supplies The Legislature             |
| 19 | finds that, due to a combination of factors, vastly increased  |
| 20 | demands have been placed on natural supplies of fresh water,   |
| 21 | and that, absent increased development of alternative water    |
| 22 | supplies, such demands may increase in the future. The         |
| 23 | Legislature also finds that potential exists in the state for  |
| 24 | the production of significant quantities of alternative water  |
| 25 | supplies, including reclaimed water, and that water production |
| 26 | includes the development of alternative water supplies,        |
| 27 | including reclaimed water, for appropriate uses. It is the     |
| 28 | intent of the Legislature that utilities develop reclaimed     |
| 29 | water systems, where reclaimed water is the most appropriate   |
| 30 | alternative water supply option, to deliver reclaimed water to |
| 31 | as many users as possible through the most cost-effective      |

means, and to construct reclaimed water system infrastructure 2 to their owned or operated properties and facilities where they have reclamation capability. It is also the intent of the 3 4 Legislature that the water management districts that levy ad valorem taxes for water management purposes should share a 5 6 percentage of those tax revenues with water providers and 7 users, including local governments; water, wastewater, and 8 reuse utilities; municipal, industrial, and agricultural water users; and other public and private water users, to be used to 9 10 supplement other funding sources in the development of alternative water supplies. The Legislature finds that public 11 12 moneys or services provided to private entities for such uses 13 constitute public purposes that are in the public interest. In order to further the development and use of alternative water 14 supply systems, including reclaimed water systems, the 15 16 Legislature provides the following: 17 (1) The governing boards of the water management 18 districts where water resource caution areas have been designated shall include in their annual budgets an amount for 19 the development of alternative water supply systems, including 2.0 21 reclaimed water systems, pursuant to the requirements of this subsection. Beginning in 1996, such amounts shall be made 2.2 23 available to water providers and users no later than December 2.4 31 of each year, through grants, matching grants, revolving loans, or the use of district lands or facilities pursuant to 2.5 the requirements of this subsection and quidelines established 2.6 27 by the districts. In making grants or loans, funding priority 2.8 must be given to projects in accordance with s. 373.709(4). Without diminishing amounts available through other means 29 described in this section, the governing boards are encouraged 30 to consider establishing revolving loan funds to expand the 31

30 <u>from natural systems;</u>

| 1  | total funds available to accomplish the objectives of this     |
|----|--|
| 2  | section. A revolving loan fund created under this section must |
| 3  | be a nonlapsing fund from which the water management district  |
| 4  | may make loans with interest rates below prevailing market     |
| 5  | rates to public or private entities for the purposes described |
| 6  | in this section. The governing board may adopt resolutions to  |
| 7  | establish revolving loan funds which must specify the details  |
| 8  | of the administration of the fund, the procedures for applying |
| 9  | for loans from the fund, the criteria for awarding loans from  |
| 10 | the fund, the initial capitalization of the fund, and the      |
| 11 | goals for future capitalization of the fund in subsequent      |
| 12 | budget years. Revolving loan funds created under this section  |
| 13 | must be used to expand the total sums and sources of           |
| 14 | cooperative funding available for the development of           |
| 15 | alternative water supplies. The Legislature does not intend    |
| 16 | for the creation of revolving loan funds to supplant or        |
| 17 | otherwise reduce existing sources or amounts of funds          |
| 18 | currently available through other means.                       |
| 19 | (2) It is the intent of the Legislature that for each          |
| 20 | reclaimed water utility, or any other utility that receives    |
| 21 | funds pursuant to this section, the appropriate rate-setting   |
| 22 | authorities should develop rate structures for all water,      |
| 23 | wastewater, and reclaimed water and other alternative water    |
| 24 | supply utilities in the service area of the funded utility,    |
| 25 | which accomplish the following:                                |
| 26 | (a) Provide meaningful progress toward the development         |
| 27 | and implementation of alternative water supply systems,        |
| 28 | including reclaimed water systems;                             |
| 29 | (b) Promote the conservation of fresh water withdrawn          |

| 1  | (c) Provide for an appropriate distribution of costs           |
|----|--|
| 2  | for all water, wastewater, and alternative water supply        |
| 3  | utilities, including reclaimed water utilities, among all of   |
| 4  | the users of those utilities; and                              |
| 5  | (d) Prohibit rate discrimination within classes of             |
| 6  | utility users.   |
| 7  | (3) Funding assistance provided by the water                   |
| 8  | management districts for a water reuse system project may      |
| 9  | include the following grant or loan conditions for that        |
| 10 | project if the water management district determines that such  |
| 11 | conditions will encourage water use efficiency:                |
| 12 | (a) Metering of reclaimed water use for the following          |
| 13 | activities: residential irrigation, agricultural irrigation,   |
| 14 | industrial uses except for electric utilities as defined in s. |
| 15 | 366.02(2), landscape irrigation, irrigation of other public    |
| 16 | access areas, commercial and institutional uses such as toilet |
| 17 | flushing, and transfers to other reclaimed water utilities.    |
| 18 | (b) Implementation of reclaimed water rate structures          |
| 19 | based on actual use of reclaimed water for the types of reuse  |
| 20 | activities listed in paragraph (a).                            |
| 21 | (c) Implementation of education programs to inform the         |
| 22 | public about water issues, water conservation, and the         |
| 23 | importance and proper use of reclaimed water.                  |
| 24 | (d) Development of location data for key reuse                 |
| 25 | facilities.  |
| 26 | (4) In order to be eliqible for funding pursuant to            |
| 27 | this section, a project must be consistent with a local        |
| 28 | government comprehensive plan and the governing body of the    |
| 29 | local government must require all appropriate new facilities   |
| 30 | within the project's service area to connect to and use the    |
| 31 | project's alternative water supplies. The appropriate local    |

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| 2  | appropriate district that the proposed project is consistent   |
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| 3  | with the local government comprehensive plan.                  |
| 4  | (5) Any and all revenues disbursed pursuant to this            |
| 5  | section shall be applied only for the payment of capital or    |
| 6  | infrastructure costs for the construction of alternative water |
| 7  | supply systems that provide alternative water supplies.        |
| 8  | (6) By January 1 of each year, the governing boards            |
| 9  | shall make available written quidelines for the disbursal of   |
| 10 | revenues pursuant to this section. Such quidelines shall       |
| 11 | include at minimum:  |
| 12 | (a) An application process and a deadline for filing           |
| 13 | applications annually.   |
| 14 | (b) A process for determining project eligibility              |
| 15 | pursuant to the requirements of paragraphs (c) and (d).        |
| 16 | (c) A process and criteria for funding projects                |
| 17 | pursuant to this section which cross district boundaries or    |
| 18 | that serve more than one district.                             |
| 19 | (7) The governing board of each water management               |
| 20 | district shall establish an alternative water supplies grants  |
| 21 | advisory committee to recommend to the governing board         |
| 22 | projects for funding pursuant to this section. The advisory    |
| 23 | committee members shall include, but not be limited to, one or |

government must provide written notification to the

more representatives of county, municipal, and investor-owned

private utilities, and may include, but not be limited to,

representatives of agricultural interests and environmental

interests. Each committee member shall represent his or her

interest group as a whole and shall not represent any specific

entity. The committee shall apply the quidelines and project eligibility criteria established by the governing board in

reviewing proposed projects. After one or more hearings to

| 1  | solicit public input on eligible projects, the committee shall |
|----|--|
| 2  | rank the eliqible projects and shall submit them to the        |
| 3  | governing board for final funding approval. The advisory       |
| 4  | committee may submit to the governing board more projects than |
| 5  | the available grant money would fund.                          |
| 6  | (8) All revenues made available annually pursuant to           |
| 7  | this section must be encumbered annually by the governing      |
| 8  | board if it approves projects sufficient to expend the         |
| 9  | available revenues. Funds must be disbursed within 36 months   |
| 10 | after encumbrance.   |
| 11 | (9) For purposes of this section, the term                     |
| 12 | "alternative water supplies" are supplies of water which have  |
| 13 | been reclaimed after one or more public supply, municipal,     |
| 14 | industrial, commercial, or agricultural uses, or are supplies  |
| 15 | of stormwater, or brackish or salt water, which have been      |
| 16 | treated in accordance with applicable rules and standards      |
| 17 | sufficient to supply the intended use.                         |
| 18 | (10) This section shall not be subject to the                  |
| 19 | rulemaking requirements of chapter 120.                        |
| 20 | (11) By January 30 of each year, each water management         |
| 21 | district shall submit an annual report to the Governor, the    |
| 22 | President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of       |
| 23 | Representatives which accounts for the disbursal of all        |
| 24 | budgeted amounts pursuant to this section. Such report shall   |
| 25 | describe all projects funded and shall account separately for  |
| 26 | moneys provided through grants, matching grants, revolving     |
| 27 | loans, and the use of district lands or facilities.            |
| 28 | (12) The Florida Public Service Commission shall allow         |
| 29 | entities under its jurisdiction constructing alternative water |
| 30 | supply facilities, including, but not limited to, aquifer      |
| 31 | storage and recovery wells, to recover the full, prudently     |

incurred cost of such facilities through their rate structure. 2 Every component of an alternative water supply facility constructed by an investor-owned utility shall be recovered in 3 4 current rates. 5 373.713 Regional water supply planning. --6 (1) The governing board shall conduct water supply planning for each water supply planning region identified in 8 the district water supply plan under s. 373.707, where it determines that sources of water are not adequate for the 9 10 planning period to supply water for all existing and projected reasonable-beneficial uses and to sustain the water resources 11 and related natural systems. The planning must be conducted in 12 13 an open public process and in coordination and cooperation with local governments, regional water supply authorities, 14 government-owned and privately owned water utilities, 15 self-suppliers, and other affected and interested parties. 16 17 During development but prior to completion of the regional 18 water supply plan, the district must conduct at least one public workshop to discuss the technical data and modeling 19 tools anticipated to be used to support the plan. A 2.0 21 determination by the governing board that initiation of a 2.2 regional water supply plan for a specific planning region is 23 not needed pursuant to this section shall be subject to s. 120.569. The governing board shall reevaluate such a 2.4 determination at least once every 5 years and shall initiate a 2.5 regional water supply plan, if needed, pursuant to this 26 2.7 subsection. 2.8 (2) Each regional water supply plan shall be based on at least a 20-year planning period and shall include, but not 29 30 be limited to:

| 1  | (a) A water supply development component that                  |
|----|--|
| 2  | includes:  |
| 3  | 1. A quantification of the water supply needs for all          |
| 4  | existing and reasonably projected future uses within the       |
| 5  | planning horizon. The level-of-certainty planning goal         |
| 6  | associated with identifying the water supply needs of existing |
| 7  | and future reasonable-beneficial uses shall be based upon      |
| 8  | meeting those needs for a 1-in-10-year drought event.          |
| 9  | Population projections used for determining public water       |
| 10 | supply needs must be based upon the best available data. In    |
| 11 | determining the best available data, the district shall        |
| 12 | consider the University of Florida's Bureau of Economic and    |
| 13 | Business Research (BEBR) medium population projections and any |
| 14 | population projection data and analysis submitted by a local   |
| 15 | government pursuant to the public workshop described in        |
| 16 | subsection (1) if the data and analysis support the local      |
| 17 | government's comprehensive plan. Any adjustment of or          |
| 18 | deviation from the BEBR projections must be fully described,   |
| 19 | and the original BEBR data must be presented along with the    |
| 20 | adjusted data.   |
| 21 | 2. A list of water source options, including                   |
| 22 | traditional and alternative source options, from which local   |
| 23 | government, government-owned and privately owned utilities,    |
| 24 | self-suppliers, and others may choose, for water supply        |
| 25 | development, the total capacity of which will, in conjunction  |
| 26 | with water conservation and other demand management measures,  |
| 27 | exceed the needs identified in subparagraph 1.                 |
| 28 | 3. For each option listed in subparagraph 2., the              |
| 29 | estimated amount of water available for use and the estimated  |
| 30 | costs of and potential sources of funding for water supply     |
| 31 | development.   |

| 1  | 4. A list of water supply development projects that            |
|----|--|
| 2  | meet the criteria in s. 373.709(4).                            |
| 3  | (b) A water resource development component that                |
| 4  | includes:  |
| 5  | 1. A listing of those water resource development               |
| 6  | projects that support water supply development.                |
| 7  | 2. For each water resource development project listed:         |
| 8  | a. An estimate of the amount of water to become                |
| 9  | available through the project.                                 |
| 10 | b. The timetable for implementing or constructing the          |
| 11 | project and the estimated costs for implementing, operating,   |
| 12 | and maintaining the project.                                   |
| 13 | c. Sources of funding and funding needs.                       |
| 14 | d. Who will implement the project and how it will be           |
| 15 | <pre>implemented.</pre>  |
| 16 | (c) The recovery and prevention strategy described in          |
| 17 | s. 373.0421(2).  |
| 18 | (d) A funding strategy for water resource development          |
| 19 | projects, which shall be reasonable and sufficient to pay the  |
| 20 | cost of constructing or implementing all of the listed         |
| 21 | projects.  |
| 22 | (e) Consideration of how the options addressed in              |
| 23 | paragraphs (a) and (b) serve the public interest or save costs |
| 24 | overall by preventing the loss of natural resources or         |
| 25 | avoiding greater future expenditures for water resource        |
| 26 | development or water supply development. However, unless       |
| 27 | adopted by rule, these considerations do not constitute final  |
| 28 | agency action.   |
| 29 | (f) The technical data and information applicable to           |
| 30 | the planning region which are contained in the district water  |
| 31 |  |

management plan and are necessary to support the regional 2 water supply plan. (q) The minimum flows and levels established for water 3 4 resources within the planning region. 5 (h) Reservations of water adopted by rule pursuant to 6 s. 373.223(4). 7 (i) An analysis, developed in cooperation with the 8 department, of areas or instances in which the variance provisions of s. 378.212(1)(q) or s. 378.404(9) may be used to 9 10 create water supply development or water resource development 11 projects. 12 13 The water supply development component of a regional water supply plan which deals with or affects public utilities and 14 public water supply for those areas served by a regional water 15 supply authority and its member governments within the 16 boundaries of the Southwest Florida Water Management District 18 shall be developed jointly by the authority and the district. (3) Governing board approval of a regional water 19 supply plan shall not be subject to the rulemaking 2.0 21 requirements of chapter 120. However, any portion of an 2.2 approved regional water supply plan which affects the 23 substantial interests of a party shall be subject to s. 2.4 120.569. (4) Annually and in conjunction with the reporting 2.5 requirements of s. 373.536(6)(a)4., the department shall 26 27 submit to the Governor and the Legislature a report on the 2.8 status of regional water supply planning in each district. The 29 report shall include: (a) A compilation of the estimated costs of and 30 potential sources of funding for water resource development

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<u>issues.</u>

and water supply development projects, as identified in the 2 water management district regional water supply plans. 3 (b) A description of each district's progress toward 4 achieving its water resource development objectives, as directed by s. 373.709(3), including the district's 5 6 implementation of its 5-year water resource development work 7 program. (c) An assessment of the overall progress being made 8 to develop water supply that is consistent with regional water 9 10 supply plans to meet existing and future reasonable-beneficial needs during a 1-in-10-year drought. 11 12 (5) Nothing contained in the water supply development 13 component of the district water management plan shall be construed to require local governments, government-owned or 14 privately owned water utilities, self-suppliers, or other 15 water suppliers to select a water supply development option 16 17 identified in the component merely because it is identified in 18 the plan, nor may the plan be used in the review of permits under part II unless the plan, or an applicable portion 19 thereof, has been adopted by rule. However, this subsection 2.0 21 does not prohibit a water management district from employing 2.2 the data or other information used to establish the plan in 23 reviewing permits under part II, nor does it limit the authority of the department or governing board under part II. 2.4 373.715 Technical assistance to local governments.--2.5 (1) The water management districts shall assist local 26 27 governments in the development and future revision of local 2.8 government comprehensive plan elements or public facilities report as required by s. 189.415, related to water resource 29

| 1  | (2) Each water management district shall prepare and           |
|----|--|
| 2  | provide information and data to assist local governments in    |
| 3  | the preparation and implementation of their local government   |
| 4  | comprehensive plans or public facilities report as required by |
| 5  | s. 189.415, whichever is applicable. Such information and data |
| 6  | shall include, but not be limited to:                          |
| 7  | (a) All information and data required in a public              |
| 8  | facilities report pursuant to s. 189.415.                      |
| 9  | (b) A description of regulations, programs, and                |
| 10 | schedules implemented by the district.                         |
| 11 | (c) Identification of regulations, programs, and               |
| 12 | schedules undertaken or proposed by the district to further    |
| 13 | the State Comprehensive Plan.                                  |
| 14 | (d) A description of groundwater characteristics,              |
| 15 | including existing and planned wellfield sites, existing and   |
| 16 | anticipated cones of influence, highly productive groundwater  |
| 17 | areas, aquifer recharge areas, deep well injection zones,      |
| 18 | contaminated areas, an assessment of regional water resource   |
| 19 | needs and sources for the next 20 years, and water quality.    |
| 20 | (e) Information reflecting the minimum flows for               |
| 21 | surface watercourses to avoid harm to water resources or the   |
| 22 | ecosystem and information reflecting the minimum water levels  |
| 23 | for aquifers to avoid harm to water resources or the           |
| 24 | ecosystem.   |
| 25 | 373.717 Regional water supply authorities                      |
| 26 | (1) By agreement between local governmental units              |
| 27 | created or existing pursuant to the provisions of Art. VIII of |
| 28 | the State Constitution, pursuant to the Florida Interlocal     |
| 29 | Cooperation Act of 1969, s. 163.01, and upon the approval of   |
| 30 | the Secretary of Environmental Protection to ensure that such  |
| 31 | agreement will be in the public interest and complies with the |

| 1  | intent and purposes of this part, regional water supply       |
|----|---|
| 2  | authorities may be created for the purpose of developing,     |
| 3  | recovering, storing, and supplying water for county or        |
| 4  | municipal purposes in such a manner as will give priority to  |
| 5  | reducing adverse environmental effects of excessive or        |
| 6  | improper withdrawals of water from concentrated areas. In     |
| 7  | approving said agreement, the Secretary of Environmental      |
| 8  | Protection shall consider, but not be limited to, the         |
| 9  | following:  |
| 10 | (a) Whether the geographic territory of the proposed          |
| 11 | authority is of sufficient size and character to reduce the   |
| 12 | environmental effects of improper or excessive withdrawals of |
| 13 | water from concentrated areas.                                |
| 14 | (b) The maximization of economic development of the           |
| 15 | water resources within the territory of the proposed          |
| 16 | authority.  |
| 17 | (c) The availability of a dependable and adequate             |
| 18 | water supply.   |
| 19 | (d) The ability of any proposed authority to design,          |
| 20 | construct, operate, and maintain water supply facilities in   |
| 21 | the locations, and at the times necessary, to ensure that an  |
| 22 | adequate water supply will be available to all residents      |
| 23 | within the authority.   |
| 24 | (e) The effect or impact of any proposed authority on         |
| 25 | any municipality, county, or existing authority or            |
| 26 | authorities.  |
| 27 | (f) The existing needs of the water users within the          |
| 28 | area of the authority.  |
| 29 | (2) In addition to other powers and duties agreed             |
| 30 | upon, and notwithstanding the provisions of s. 163.01, such   |
| 31 | authority may:  |

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| (a) Upon approval of the electors residing in each             |
|--|
| county or municipality within the territory to be included in  |
| any authority, levy ad valorem taxes, not to exceed 0.5 mill,  |
| pursuant to s. 9(b), Art. VII of the State Constitution. No    |
| tax authorized by this paragraph shall be levied in any county |
| or municipality without an affirmative vote of the electors    |
| residing in such county or municipality.                       |

- (b) Acquire water; develop, store, and transport water; provide, sell, and deliver water for county or municipal uses and purposes; provide for the furnishing of such water and water service upon terms and conditions and at rates that will apportion to parties and nonparties an equitable share of the capital cost and operating expense of the authority's work to the purchaser.
  - (c) Collect, treat, and recover wastewater.
- (d) Not engage in local distribution.
- (e) Exercise the power of eminent domain in the manner provided by law for the condemnation of private property for public use to acquire title to such interest in real property as is necessary to the exercise of the powers herein granted, except water already devoted to reasonable and beneficial use or any water production or transmission facilities owned by any county or municipality.
- (f) Issue revenue bonds in the manner prescribed by the Revenue Bond Act of 1953, as amended, part I of chapter 159, to be payable solely from funds derived from the sale of water by the authority to any county or municipality. Such bonds may be additionally secured by the full faith and credit of any county or municipality, as provided by s. 159.16 or by a pledge of excise taxes, as provided by s. 159.19. For the purpose of issuing revenue bonds, an authority shall be

| 1  | considered a "unit" as defined in s. 159.02(2) and as that     |
|----|--|
| 2  | term is used in the Revenue Bond Act of 1953, as amended. Such |
| 3  | bonds may be issued to finance the cost of acquiring           |
| 4  | properties and facilities for the production and transmission  |
| 5  | of water by the authority to any county or municipality, which |
| 6  | cost shall include the acquisition of real property and        |
| 7  | easements therein for such purposes. Such bonds may be in the  |
| 8  | form of refunding bonds to take up any outstanding bonds of    |
| 9  | the authority or of any county or municipality where such      |
| 10 | outstanding bonds are secured by properties and facilities for |
| 11 | production and transmission of water, which properties and     |
| 12 | facilities are being acquired by the authority. Refunding      |
| 13 | bonds may be issued to take up and refund all outstanding      |
| 14 | bonds of said authority that are subject to call and           |
| 15 | termination, and all bonds of said authority that are not      |
| 16 | subject to call or redemption, when the surrender of said      |
| 17 | bonds can be procured from the holder thereof at prices        |
| 18 | satisfactory to the authority. Such refunding bonds may be     |
| 19 | issued at any time when, in the judgment of the authority, it  |
| 20 | will be to the best interest of the authority financially or   |
| 21 | economically by securing a lower rate of interest on said      |
| 22 | bonds or by extending the time of maturity of said bonds or,   |
| 23 | for any other reason, in the judgment of the authority,        |
| 24 | advantageous to said authority.                                |
| 25 | (q) Sue and be sued in its own name.                           |
| 26 | (h) Borrow money and incur indebtedness and issue              |
| 27 | bonds or other evidence of such indebtedness.                  |
| 28 | (i) Join with one or more other public corporations            |
| 29 | for the purpose of carrying out any of its powers and for that |
| 30 | purpose to contract with such other public corporation or      |
| 31 | corporations for the purpose of financing such acquisitions,   |

construction, and operations. Such contracts may provide for 2 contributions to be made by each party thereto, for the division and apportionment of the expenses of such 3 4 acquisitions and operations, and for the division and apportionment of the benefits, services, and products 5 6 therefrom. Such contract may contain such other and further 7 covenants and agreements as may be necessary and convenient to 8 accomplish the purposes hereof. 9 (3) A regional water supply authority is authorized to 10 develop, construct, operate, maintain, or contract for alternative sources of potable water, including desalinated 11 12 water, and pipelines to interconnect authority sources and 13 facilities, either by itself or jointly with a water management district; however, such alternative potable water 14 sources, facilities, and pipelines may also be privately 15 developed, constructed, owned, operated, and maintained, in 16 which event an authority and a water management district are 18 authorized to pledge and contribute their funds to reduce the wholesale cost of water from such alternative sources of 19 2.0 potable water supplied by an authority to its member 21 governments. 22 (4) When it is found to be in the public interest, for 23 the public convenience and welfare, for a public benefit, and necessary for carrying out the purpose of any regional water 2.4 supply authority, any state agency, county, water control 2.5 district existing pursuant to chapter 298, water management 26 2.7 district existing pursuant to this chapter, municipality, 2.8 governmental agency, or public corporation in this state holding title to any interest in land is hereby authorized, in 29 its discretion, to convey the title to or dedicate land, title 30 to which is in such entity, including tax-reverted land, or to 31

| 1  | grant use-rights therein, to any regional water supply         |
|----|--|
| 2  | authority created pursuant to this section. Land granted or    |
| 3  | conveyed to such authority shall be for the public purposes of |
| 4  | such authority and may be made subject to the condition that   |
| 5  | in the event said land is not so used, or if used and          |
| 6  | subsequently its use for said purpose is abandoned, the        |
| 7  | interest granted shall cease as to such authority and shall    |
| 8  | automatically revert to the granting entity.                   |
| 9  | (5) Each county or municipality that is a party to an          |
| 10 | agreement pursuant to subsection (1) shall have a preferential |
| 11 | right to purchase water from the regional water supply         |
| 12 | authority for use by such county or municipality.              |
| 13 | (6) In carrying out the provisions of this section,            |
| 14 | any county wherein water is withdrawn by the authority shall   |
| 15 | not be deprived, directly or indirectly, of the prior right to |
| 16 | the reasonable and beneficial use of water which is required   |
| 17 | adequately to supply the reasonable and beneficial needs of    |
| 18 | the county or any of the inhabitants or property owners        |
| 19 | therein.   |
| 20 | (7) Upon a resolution adopted by the governing body of         |
| 21 | any county or municipality, the authority may, subject to a    |
| 22 | majority vote of its voting members, include such county or    |
| 23 | municipality in its regional water supply authority upon such  |
| 24 | terms and conditions as may be prescribed.                     |
| 25 | (8) The authority shall design, construct, operate,            |
| 26 | and maintain facilities in the locations and at the times      |
| 27 | necessary to ensure that an adequate water supply will be      |
| 28 | available to all residents within the authority.               |
| 29 | (9) Where a water supply authority exists pursuant to          |

30 this section or s. 373.719 under a voluntary interlocal

31 agreement that is consistent with requirements in s.

373.719(1)(b) and receives or maintains consumptive use 2 permits under this voluntary agreement consistent with the water supply plan, if any, adopted by the governing board, 3 4 such authority shall be exempt from consideration by the governing board or department of the factors specified in s. 5 6 373.223(3)(a)-(q) and the submissions required by s. 7 373.229(3). Such exemptions shall apply only to water sources 8 within the jurisdictional areas of such voluntary water supply 9 interlocal agreements. 10 373.719 Assistance to west coast regional water supply authority.--11 12 (1) It is the intent of the Legislature to authorize 13 the implementation of changes in governance recommended by the West Coast Regional Water Supply Authority in its reports to 14 the Legislature dated February 1, 1997, and January 5, 1998. 15 The authority and its member governments may reconstitute the 16 authority's governance and rename the authority under a 18 voluntary interlocal agreement with a term of not less than 20 years. The interlocal agreement must comply with this 19 subsection as follows: 2.0 21 (a) The authority and its member governments agree 2.2 that cooperative efforts are mandatory to meet their water 23 needs in a manner that will provide adequate and dependable supplies of water where needed without resulting in adverse 2.4 environmental effects upon the areas from which the water is 2.5 withdrawn or otherwise produced. 26 27 (b) In accordance with s. 4, Art. VIII of the State 2.8 Constitution and notwithstanding s. 163.01, the interlocal agreement may include the following terms, which are 29 considered approved by the parties without a vote of their 30

electors, upon execution of the interlocal agreement by all

| 1              | member governments and upon satisfaction of all conditions  |
|----------------|---|
| 2              | precedent in the interlocal agreement:  |
| 3              | 1. All member governments shall relinquish to the   |
| 4              | authority their individual rights to develop potable water  |
| 5              | supply sources, except as otherwise provided in the interlocal  |
| 6              | agreement.  |
| 7              | 2. The authority shall be the sole and exclusive  |
| 8              | wholesale potable water supplier for all member governments.  |
| 9              | 3. The authority shall have the absolute and  |
| 10             | unequivocal obligation to meet the wholesale needs of the   |
| 11             | member governments for potable water.   |
| 12             | 4. A member government may not restrict or prohibit   |
| 13             | the use of land within a member's jurisdictional boundaries by  |
| 14             | the authority for water supply purposes through use of zoning,  |
| 15             | land use, comprehensive planning, or other form of regulation.  |
| 16             | 5. A member government may not impose any tax, fee, or  |
| 17             | charge upon the authority in conjunction with the production  |
| 18             | or supply of water not otherwise provided for in the  |
| 19             | interlocal agreement.   |
| 20             | 6. The authority may use the powers provided in part  |
| 21             | II of chapter 159 for financing and refinancing water   |
| 22             | treatment, production, or transmission facilities, including,   |
| 23             |   |
|                | but not limited to, desalinization facilities. All such water   |
| 24             | but not limited to, desalinization facilities. All such water treatment, production, or transmission facilities are   |
| 24<br>25       |   |
|                | treatment, production, or transmission facilities are   |
| 25             | treatment, production, or transmission facilities are considered a "manufacturing plant" for purposes of s.   |
| 25<br>26       | treatment, production, or transmission facilities are  considered a "manufacturing plant" for purposes of s.  159.27(5) and serve a paramount public purpose by providing                                 |
| 25<br>26<br>27 | treatment, production, or transmission facilities are considered a "manufacturing plant" for purposes of s.  159.27(5) and serve a paramount public purpose by providing water to residents of the state. |

31 membership of such board or commission is shared, in whole or

| 1  | in part, or appointed by a member government agreeing to be    |
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| 2  | bound by the interlocal agreement shall be limited to the      |
| 3  | procedures set forth therein regarding actions that directly   |
| 4  | or indirectly restrict or prohibit the use of lands or other   |
| 5  | activities related to the production or supply of water.       |
| 6  | (c) The authority shall acquire full or lesser                 |
| 7  | interests in all regionally significant member government      |
| 8  | wholesale water supply facilities and tangible assets and each |
| 9  | member government shall convey such interests in the           |
| 10 | facilities and assets to the authority at an agreed value.     |
| 11 | (d) The authority shall charge a uniform per gallon            |
| 12 | wholesale rate to member governments for the wholesale supply  |
| 13 | of potable water. All capital, operation, maintenance, and     |
| 14 | administrative costs for existing facilities and acquired      |
| 15 | facilities, authority master water plan facilities, and other  |
| 16 | future projects must be allocated to member governments based  |
| 17 | on water usage at the uniform per gallon wholesale rate.       |
| 18 | (e) The interlocal agreement may include procedures            |
| 19 | for resolving the parties' differences regarding water         |
| 20 | management district proposed agency action in the water use    |
| 21 | permitting process within the authority. Such procedures       |
| 22 | should minimize the potential for litigation and include       |
| 23 | alternative dispute resolution. Any governmental or            |
| 24 | quasi-judicial board or commission established by local        |
| 25 | ordinance or general or special law where the governing        |
| 26 | members of such board or commission is shared, in whole or in  |
| 27 | part, or appointed by a member government, may agree to be     |
| 28 | bound by the dispute resolution procedures set forth in the    |
| 29 | interlocal agreement.  |
| 30 | (f) Upon execution of the voluntary interlocal                 |

31 agreement provided for herein, the authority shall jointly

| 1  | develop with the Southwest Florida Water Management District   |
|----|--|
| 2  | alternative sources of potable water and transmission          |
| 3  | pipelines to interconnect regionally significant water supply  |
| 4  | sources and facilities of the authority in amounts sufficient  |
| 5  | to meet the needs of all member governments for a period of at |
| 6  | least 20 years and for natural systems. Nothing herein,        |
| 7  | however, shall preclude the authority and its member           |
| 8  | governments from developing traditional water sources pursuant |
| 9  | to the voluntary interlocal agreement. Development and         |
| 10 | construction costs for alternative source facilities, which    |
| 11 | may include a desalination facility and significant regional   |
| 12 | interconnects, must be borne as mutually agreed to by both the |
| 13 | authority and the Southwest Florida Water Management District. |
| 14 | Nothing herein shall preclude authority or district cost       |
| 15 | sharing with private entities for the construction or          |
| 16 | ownership of alternative source facilities. By December 31,    |
| 17 | 1997, the authority and the Southwest Florida Water Management |
| 18 | District shall:  |
| 19 | 1. Enter into a mutually acceptable agreement                  |
| 20 | detailing the development and implementation of directives     |
| 21 | contained in this paragraph; or                                |
| 22 | 2. Jointly prepare and submit to the President of the          |
| 23 | Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a       |
| 24 | report describing the progress made and impediments            |
| 25 | encountered in their attempts to implement the water resource  |
| 26 | development and water supply development directives contained  |
| 27 | in this paragraph.   |
| 28 |  |
| 29 | Nothing in this section shall be construed to modify the       |
| 30 | rights or responsibilities of the authority or its member      |
| 31 | governments, except as otherwise provided herein, or of the    |

| 1  | Southwest Florida Water Management District or the department  |
|----|--|
| 2  | pursuant to this chapter or chapter 403 and as otherwise set   |
| 3  | forth by statutes.   |
| 4  | (q) Unless otherwise provided in the interlocal                |
| 5  | agreement, the authority shall be governed by a board of       |
| 6  | commissioners consisting of nine voting members, all of whom   |
| 7  | must be elected officers, as follows:                          |
| 8  | 1. Three members from Hillsborough County who must be          |
| 9  | selected by the county commission; provided, however, that one |
| 10 | member shall be selected by the Mayor of Tampa in the event    |
| 11 | that the City of Tampa elects to be a member of the authority; |
| 12 | 2. Three members from Pasco County, two of whom must           |
| 13 | be selected by the county commission and one of whom must be   |
| 14 | selected by the City Council of New Port Richey;               |
| 15 | 3. Three members from Pinellas County, two of whom             |
| 16 | must be selected by the county commission and one of whom must |
| 17 | be selected by the City Council of St. Petersburg.             |
| 18 |  |
| 19 | Except as otherwise provided in this section or in the         |
| 20 | voluntary interlocal agreement between the member governments, |
| 21 | a majority vote shall bind the authority and its member        |
| 22 | governments in all matters relating to the funding of          |
| 23 | wholesale water supply, production, delivery, and related      |
| 24 | activities.  |
| 25 | (2) The provisions of this section supersede any               |
| 26 | conflicting provisions contained in all other general or       |
| 27 | special laws or provisions thereof as they may apply directly  |
| 28 | or indirectly to the exclusivity of water supply or withdrawal |
| 29 | of water, including provisions relating to the environmental   |
| 30 | effects, if any, in conjunction with the production and supply |

31 of potable water, and the provisions of this section are

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intended to be a complete revision of all laws related to a regional water supply authority created under s. 373.717 and this section.

- (3) The authority shall prepare its annual budget in the same manner as prescribed for the preparation of basin budgets, but such authority budget shall not be subject to review by the respective basin boards or by the governing board of the district.
- (4) The annual millage for the authority shall be the amount required to raise the amount called for by the annual budget when applied to the total assessment on all taxable property within the limits of the authority, as determined for county taxing purposes.
- (5) The authority may, by resolution, request the governing board of the district to levy ad valorem taxes within the boundaries of the authority. Upon receipt of such request, together with formal certification of the adoption of its annual budget and of the required tax levy, the authority tax levy shall be made by the governing board of the district to finance authority functions.
- extended by the property appraiser on the county tax roll in each county within, or partly within, the authority boundaries and shall be collected by the tax collector in the same manner and time as county taxes, and the proceeds therefrom paid to the district which shall forthwith pay them over to the authority. Until paid, such taxes shall be a lien on the property against which assessed and enforceable in like manner as county taxes. The property appraisers, tax collectors, and clerks of the circuit court of the respective counties shall

be entitled to compensation for services performed in

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connection with such taxes at the same rates as apply to county taxes.

(7) The governing board of the district shall not be responsible for any actions or lack of actions by the authority.

Section 2. Subsection (12) of section 120.52, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

120.52 Definitions.--As used in this act:

(12) "Party" means:

- (a) Specifically named persons whose substantial interests are being determined in the proceeding.
- (b) Any other person who, as a matter of constitutional right, provision of statute, or provision of agency regulation, is entitled to participate in whole or in part in the proceeding, or whose substantial interests will be affected by proposed agency action, and who makes an appearance as a party.
- (c) Any other person, including an agency staff member, allowed by the agency to intervene or participate in the proceeding as a party. An agency may by rule authorize limited forms of participation in agency proceedings for persons who are not eligible to become parties.
- (d) Any county representative, agency, department, or unit funded and authorized by state statute or county ordinance to represent the interests of the consumers of a county, when the proceeding involves the substantial interests of a significant number of residents of the county and the board of county commissioners has, by resolution, authorized the representative, agency, department, or unit to represent the class of interested persons. The authorizing resolution shall apply to a specific proceeding and to appeals and

ancillary proceedings thereto, and it shall not be required to 2 state the names of the persons whose interests are to be 3 represented. 4 The term "party" does not include a member government of a 5 regional water supply authority or a governmental or 7 quasi-judicial board or commission established by local 8 ordinance or special or general law where the governing membership of such board or commission is shared with, in 9 whole or in part, or appointed by a member government of a 10 regional water supply authority in proceedings under s. 11 12 120.569, s. 120.57, or s. 120.68, to the extent that an 13 interlocal agreement under ss. 163.01 and 373.717 373.1962exists in which the member government has agreed that its 14 substantial interests are not affected by the proceedings or 15 that it is to be bound by alternative dispute resolution in 16 lieu of participating in the proceedings. This exclusion applies only to those particular types of disputes or 18 controversies, if any, identified in an interlocal agreement. 19 Section 3. Subsection (13) of section 163.3167, 20 21 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 22 163.3167 Scope of act.--23 (13) Each local government shall address in its comprehensive plan, as enumerated in this chapter, the water 2.4 supply sources necessary to meet and achieve the existing and 25 26 projected water use demand for the established planning 27 period, considering the applicable plan developed pursuant to 2.8 <u>s. 373.3177</u> <del>s. 373.0361</del>. Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) and 29 paragraphs (c), (d), and (h) of subsection (6) of section 30 163.3177, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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163.3177 Required and optional elements of comprehensive plan; studies and surveys.--

- (4)(a) Coordination of the local comprehensive plan with the comprehensive plans of adjacent municipalities, the county, adjacent counties, or the region; with the appropriate water management district's regional water supply plans approved pursuant to s. 373.713 s. 373.0361; with adopted rules pertaining to designated areas of critical state concern; and with the state comprehensive plan shall be a major objective of the local comprehensive planning process. To that end, in the preparation of a comprehensive plan or element thereof, and in the comprehensive plan or element as adopted, the governing body shall include a specific policy statement indicating the relationship of the proposed development of the area to the comprehensive plans of adjacent municipalities, the county, adjacent counties, or the region and to the state comprehensive plan, as the case may require and as such adopted plans or plans in preparation may exist.
- (6) In addition to the requirements of subsections
  (1)-(5), the comprehensive plan shall include the following
  elements:
- (c) A general sanitary sewer, solid waste, drainage, potable water, and natural groundwater aquifer recharge element correlated to principles and guidelines for future land use, indicating ways to provide for future potable water, drainage, sanitary sewer, solid waste, and aquifer recharge protection requirements for the area. The element may be a detailed engineering plan including a topographic map depicting areas of prime groundwater recharge. The element shall describe the problems and needs and the general facilities that will be required for solution of the problems

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and needs. The element shall also include a topographic map 2 depicting any areas adopted by a regional water management district as prime groundwater recharge areas for the Floridan 3 or Biscayne aquifers, pursuant to s. 373.0395. These areas 4 shall be given special consideration when the local government 5 6 is engaged in zoning or considering future land use for said 7 designated areas. For areas served by septic tanks, soil 8 surveys shall be provided which indicate the suitability of soils for septic tanks. By December 1, 2006, the element must 9 consider the appropriate water management district's regional 10 water supply plan approved pursuant to s. 373.713 s. 373.0361. 11 12 The element must include a work plan, covering at least a 13 10-year planning period, for building water supply facilities that are identified in the element as necessary to serve 14 existing and new development and for which the local 15 16 government is responsible. The work plan shall be updated, at 17 a minimum, every 5 years within 12 months after the governing 18 board of a water management district approves an updated regional water supply plan. Amendments to incorporate the work 19 plan do not count toward the limitation on the frequency of 20 21 adoption of amendments to the comprehensive plan.

(d) A conservation element for the conservation, use, and protection of natural resources in the area, including air, water, water recharge areas, wetlands, waterwells, estuarine marshes, soils, beaches, shores, flood plains, rivers, bays, lakes, harbors, forests, fisheries and wildlife, marine habitat, minerals, and other natural and environmental resources. Local governments shall assess their current, as well as projected, water needs and sources for at least a 10-year period, considering the appropriate regional water supply plan approved pursuant to <u>s. 373.713</u> s. 373.0361, or,

in the absence of an approved regional water supply plan, the district water management plan approved pursuant to <u>s. 373.707</u> <u>s. 373.036(2)</u>. This information shall be submitted to the appropriate agencies. The land use map or map series contained in the future land use element shall generally identify and depict the following:

- 1. Existing and planned waterwells and cones of influence where applicable.
  - 2. Beaches and shores, including estuarine systems.
  - 3. Rivers, bays, lakes, flood plains, and harbors.
  - 4. Wetlands.
  - 5. Minerals and soils.

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The land uses identified on such maps shall be consistent with applicable state law and rules.

(h)1. An intergovernmental coordination element showing relationships and stating principles and guidelines to be used in the accomplishment of coordination of the adopted comprehensive plan with the plans of school boards and other units of local government providing services but not having regulatory authority over the use of land, with the comprehensive plans of adjacent municipalities, the county, adjacent counties, or the region, with the state comprehensive plan and with the applicable regional water supply plan approved pursuant to  $\underline{s. 373.713}$   $\underline{s. 373.0361}$ , as the case may require and as such adopted plans or plans in preparation may exist. This element of the local comprehensive plan shall demonstrate consideration of the particular effects of the local plan, when adopted, upon the development of adjacent municipalities, the county, adjacent counties, or the region, or upon the state comprehensive plan, as the case may require.

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- a. The intergovernmental coordination element shall provide for procedures to identify and implement joint planning areas, especially for the purpose of annexation, municipal incorporation, and joint infrastructure service areas.
- b. The intergovernmental coordination element shall provide for recognition of campus master plans prepared pursuant to s. 1013.30.
- c. The intergovernmental coordination element may provide for a voluntary dispute resolution process as established pursuant to s. 186.509 for bringing to closure in a timely manner intergovernmental disputes. A local government may develop and use an alternative local dispute resolution process for this purpose.
- 2. The intergovernmental coordination element shall further state principles and quidelines to be used in the accomplishment of coordination of the adopted comprehensive plan with the plans of school boards and other units of local government providing facilities and services but not having regulatory authority over the use of land. In addition, the intergovernmental coordination element shall describe joint processes for collaborative planning and decisionmaking on population projections and public school siting, the location and extension of public facilities subject to concurrency, and siting facilities with countywide significance, including locally unwanted land uses whose nature and identity are established in an agreement. Within 1 year of adopting their intergovernmental coordination elements, each county, all the municipalities within that county, the district school board, and any unit of local government service providers in that county shall establish by interlocal or other formal agreement

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executed by all affected entities, the joint processes described in this subparagraph consistent with their adopted intergovernmental coordination elements.

- 3. To foster coordination between special districts and local general-purpose governments as local general-purpose governments implement local comprehensive plans, each independent special district must submit a public facilities report to the appropriate local government as required by s. 189.415.
- 10 4.a. Local governments adopting a public educational facilities element pursuant to s. 163.31776 must execute an 11 12 interlocal agreement with the district school board, the 13 county, and nonexempt municipalities, as defined by s. 163.31776(1), which includes the items listed in s. 14 163.31777(2). The local government shall amend the 15 intergovernmental coordination element to provide that 16 coordination between the local government and school board is 18 pursuant to the agreement and shall state the obligations of the local government under the agreement. 19
  - b. Plan amendments that comply with this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of s. 163.3187(1).
  - 5. The state land planning agency shall establish a schedule for phased completion and transmittal of plan amendments to implement subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3. from all jurisdictions so as to accomplish their adoption by December 31, 1999. A local government may complete and transmit its plan amendments to carry out these provisions prior to the scheduled date established by the state land planning agency. The plan amendments are exempt from the provisions of s. 163.3187(1).

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- 6. By January 1, 2004, any county having a population greater than 100,000, and the municipalities and special districts within that county, shall submit a report to the Department of Community Affairs which:
- a. Identifies all existing or proposed interlocal service-delivery agreements regarding the following: education; sanitary sewer; public safety; solid waste; drainage; potable water; parks and recreation; and transportation facilities.
- b. Identifies any deficits or duplication in the provision of services within its jurisdiction, whether capital or operational. Upon request, the Department of Community Affairs shall provide technical assistance to the local governments in identifying deficits or duplication.
- 7. Within 6 months after submission of the report, the Department of Community Affairs shall, through the appropriate regional planning council, coordinate a meeting of all local governments within the regional planning area to discuss the reports and potential strategies to remedy any identified deficiencies or duplications.
- 8. Each local government shall update its intergovernmental coordination element based upon the findings in the report submitted pursuant to subparagraph 6. The report may be used as supporting data and analysis for the intergovernmental coordination element.
- 9. By February 1, 2003, representatives of municipalities, counties, and special districts shall provide to the Legislature recommended statutory changes for annexation, including any changes that address the delivery of local government services in areas planned for annexation.

Section 5. Paragraph (1) of subsection (2) of section 2 163.3191, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3 163.3191 Evaluation and appraisal of comprehensive 4 plan.--5 The report shall present an evaluation and (2) assessment of the comprehensive plan and shall contain 7 appropriate statements to update the comprehensive plan, 8 including, but not limited to, words, maps, illustrations, or other media, related to: 9 10 (1) The evaluation must consider the appropriate water management district's regional water supply plan approved 11 12 pursuant to s. 373.713 s. 373.0361. The potable water element 13 must be revised to include a work plan, covering at least a 10-year planning period, for building any water supply 14 facilities that are identified in the element as necessary to 15 serve existing and new development and for which the local 16 17 government is responsible. Section 6. Paragraph (n) of subsection (2) of section 18 186.009, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 19 20 186.009 Growth management portion of the state 21 comprehensive plan. --22 The growth management portion of the state 23 comprehensive plan shall: (n) Set forth recommendations on how to integrate the 2.4 Florida water plan required by s. 373.707 s. 373.036 and 2.5 transportation plans required by chapter 339. 26 27 Section 7. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (4) of 2.8 section 189.404, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 29 189.404 Legislative intent for the creation of 30 independent special districts; special act prohibitions; model 31

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elements and other requirements; general-purpose local government/Governor and Cabinet creation authorizations.--

- (4) LOCAL GOVERNMENT/GOVERNOR AND CABINET CREATION AUTHORIZATIONS.--Except as otherwise authorized by general law, only the Legislature may create independent special districts.
- (c) The Governor and Cabinet may create an independent special district which shall be established by rule in accordance with s. 190.005 or as otherwise authorized in general law. The Governor and Cabinet may also approve the establishment of a charter for the creation of an independent special district which shall be in accordance with <u>s. 373.717</u> s. 373.1962, or as otherwise authorized in general law.
- (d)1. Any combination of two or more counties may create a regional special district which shall be established in accordance with s. 950.001, or as otherwise authorized in general law.
- 2. Any combination of two or more counties or municipalities may create a regional special district which shall be established in accordance with  $\underline{s.\ 373.717}\ \underline{s.}$  373.1962, or as otherwise authorized by general law.
- 3. Any combination of two or more counties, municipalities, or other political subdivisions may create a regional special district in accordance with s. 163.567, or as otherwise authorized in general law.
- Section 8. Subsection (3) of section 189.4155, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 28 189.4155 Activities of special districts; local 29 government comprehensive planning.--
- 30 (3) The provisions of this section shall not apply to 31 water management districts created pursuant to s. 373.069, to

regional water supply authorities created pursuant to s. 2 373.717 s. 373.1962, or to spoil disposal sites owned or used 3 by the Federal Government. 4 Section 9. Section 189.4156, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 5 6 189.4156 Water management district technical assistance; local government comprehensive planning. -- Water 8 management districts shall assist local governments in the 9 development of local government comprehensive plan elements related to water resource issues as required by s. 373.715 s. 10 <del>373.0391</del>. 11 12 Section 10. Subsection (7) of section 367.021, Florida 13 Statutes, is amended to read: 367.021 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the 14 following words or terms shall have the meanings indicated: 15 (7) "Governmental authority" means a political 16 17 subdivision, as defined by s. 1.01(8), a regional water supply authority created pursuant to  $\underline{s. 373.717}$   $\underline{s. 373.1962}$ , or a 18 nonprofit corporation formed for the purpose of acting on 19 behalf of a political subdivision with respect to a water or 20 21 wastewater facility. 22 Section 11. Section 373.019, Florida Statutes, is 23 amended to read: 373.019 Definitions.--When appearing in this chapter 2.4 25 or in any rule, regulation, or order adopted pursuant thereto, the following words shall, unless the context clearly 26 27 indicates otherwise, mean: 2.8 (1) "Coastal waters" means waters of the Atlantic 29 Ocean or the Gulf of Mexico within the jurisdiction of the 30 state.

| 1  | (2) "Department" means the Department of Environmental         |
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| 2  | Protection or its successor agency or agencies.                |
| 3  | (3) "District water management plan" means the                 |
| 4  | regional water resource plan developed by a governing board    |
| 5  | under s. 373.036.  |
| 6  | (3)(4) "Domestic use" means the use of water for the           |
| 7  | individual personal household purposes of drinking, bathing,   |
| 8  | cooking, or sanitation. All other uses shall not be considered |
| 9  | domestic.  |
| 10 | (5) "Florida water plan" means the state level water           |
| 11 | resource plan developed by the department under s. 373.036.    |
| 12 | (4) (6) "Governing board" means the governing board of         |
| 13 | a water management district.                                   |
| 14 | (5) (7) "Groundwater" means water beneath the surface          |
| 15 | of the ground, whether or not flowing through known and        |
| 16 | definite channels.   |
| 17 | (6)(8) "Impoundment" means any lake, reservoir, pond,          |
| 18 | or other containment of surface water occupying a bed or       |
| 19 | depression in the earth's surface and having a discernible     |
| 20 | shoreline.   |
| 21 | (7) "Independent scientific peer review" means the             |
| 22 | review of scientific data, theories, and methodologies by a    |
| 23 | panel of independent, recognized experts in the fields of      |
| 24 | hydrology, hydrogeology, limnology, and other scientific       |
| 25 | disciplines relevant to the matters being reviewed under s.    |
| 26 | 373.042.   |
| 27 | (8) (10) "Nonregulated use" means any use of water             |
| 28 | which is exempted from regulation by the provisions of this    |
| 29 | chapter.   |
| 30 | (9)(11) "Other watercourse" means any canal, ditch, or         |

31 other artificial watercourse in which water usually flows in a

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defined bed or channel. It is not essential that the flowing be uniform or uninterrupted.

(10)(12) "Person" means any and all persons, natural or artificial, including any individual, firm, association, organization, partnership, business trust, corporation, company, the United States of America, and the state and all political subdivisions, regions, districts, municipalities, and public agencies thereof. The enumeration herein is not intended to be exclusive or exhaustive.

(11)(13) "Reasonable-beneficial use" means the use of water in such quantity as is necessary for economic and efficient utilization for a purpose and in a manner which is both reasonable and consistent with the public interest.

(14) "Regional water supply plan" means a detailed water supply plan developed by a governing board under s. 373.0361.

(12)(15) "Stream" means any river, creek, slough, or natural watercourse in which water usually flows in a defined bed or channel. It is not essential that the flowing be uniform or uninterrupted. The fact that some part of the bed or channel has been dredged or improved does not prevent the watercourse from being a stream.

(13)(16) "Surface water" means water upon the surface of the earth, whether contained in bounds created naturally or artificially or diffused. Water from natural springs shall be classified as surface water when it exits from the spring onto the earth's surface.

(14)(17) "Water" or "waters in the state" means any and all water on or beneath the surface of the ground or in the atmosphere, including natural or artificial watercourses, lakes, ponds, or diffused surface water and water percolating,

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standing, or flowing beneath the surface of the ground, as well as all coastal waters within the jurisdiction of the state.

(15)(18) "Water management district" means any flood control, resource management, or water management district operating under the authority of this chapter.

formulation and implementation of regional water resource management strategies, including the collection and evaluation of surface water and groundwater data; structural and nonstructural programs to protect and manage water resources; the development of regional water resource implementation programs; the construction, operation, and maintenance of major public works facilities to provide for flood control, surface and underground water storage, and groundwater recharge augmentation; and related technical assistance to local governments and to government owned and privately owned water utilities.

(16)(20) "Water resource implementation rule" means the rule authorized by s. 373.036, which sets forth goals, objectives, and guidance for the development and review of programs, rules, and plans relating to water resources, based on statutory policies and directives. The waters of the state are among its most basic resources. Such waters should be managed to conserve and protect water resources and to realize the full beneficial use of these resources.

(21) "Water supply development" means the planning, design, construction, operation, and maintenance of public or private facilities for water collection, production, treatment, transmission, or distribution for sale, resale, or end use.

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(17) (22) For the sole purpose of serving as the basis for the unified statewide methodology adopted pursuant to s. 373.421(1), as amended, "wetlands" means those areas that are inundated or saturated by surface water or groundwater at a frequency and a duration sufficient to support, and under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soils. Soils present in wetlands generally are classified as hydric or alluvial, or possess characteristics that are associated with reducing soil conditions. The prevalent vegetation in wetlands generally consists of facultative or obligate hydrophytic macrophytes 12 that are typically adapted to areas having soil conditions described above. These species, due to morphological, physiological, or reproductive adaptations, have the ability to grow, reproduce, or persist in aquatic environments or anaerobic soil conditions. Florida wetlands generally include 16 swamps, marshes, bayheads, bogs, cypress domes and strands, sloughs, wet prairies, riverine swamps and marshes, hydric seepage slopes, tidal marshes, mangrove swamps and other similar areas. Florida wetlands generally do not include longleaf or slash pine flatwoods with an understory dominated by saw palmetto. Upon legislative ratification of the methodology adopted pursuant to s. 373.421(1), as amended, the limitation contained herein regarding the purpose of this definition shall cease to be effective. 25 (18)(23) "Works of the district" means those projects 26 and works, including, but not limited to, structures, impoundments, wells, streams, and other watercourses, together with the appurtenant facilities and accompanying lands, which have been officially adopted by the governing board of the district as works of the district.

Section 12. Subsection (2) of section 373.0421, 2 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3 373.0421 Establishment and implementation of minimum 4 flows and levels. --5 (2) If the existing flow or level in a water body is 6 below, or is projected to fall within 20 years below, the 7 applicable minimum flow or level established pursuant to s. 373.042, the department or governing board, as part of the 8 regional water supply plan described in s. 373.713 s. 9 373.0361, shall expeditiously implement a recovery or 10 prevention strategy, which includes the development of 11 12 additional water supplies and other actions, consistent with 13 the authority granted by this chapter, to: (a) Achieve recovery to the established minimum flow 14 or level as soon as practicable; or 15 (b) Prevent the existing flow or level from falling 16 17 below the established minimum flow or level. 18 The recovery or prevention strategy shall include phasing or a 19 20 timetable which will allow for the provision of sufficient 21 water supplies for all existing and projected 22 reasonable-beneficial uses, including development of 23 additional water supplies and implementation of conservation and other efficiency measures concurrent with, to the extent 2.4 practical, and to offset, reductions in permitted withdrawals, 2.5 26 consistent with the provisions of this chapter. 27 Section 13. Subsection (4) of section 373.0695, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 373.0695 Duties of basin boards; authorized 29 30 expenditures.--31

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(4) In the exercise of the duties and powers granted herein, the basin boards shall be subject to all the limitations and restrictions imposed on the water management districts in  $\underline{s}$ .  $\underline{373.705}$   $\underline{s}$ .  $\underline{373.1961}$ .

Section 14. Subsection (3) of section 373.223, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

373.223 Conditions for a permit.--

- (3) Except for the transport and use of water supplied by the Central and Southern Florida Flood Control Project, and anywhere in the state when the transport and use of water is supplied exclusively for bottled water as defined in s. 500.03(1)(d), any water use permit applications pending as of April 1, 1998, with the Northwest Florida Water Management District and self-suppliers of water for which the proposed water source and area of use or application are located on contiguous private properties, when evaluating whether a potential transport and use of ground or surface water across county boundaries is consistent with the public interest, pursuant to paragraph (1)(c), the governing board or department shall consider:
- (a) The proximity of the proposed water source to the area of use or application.
- (b) All impoundments, streams, groundwater sources, or watercourses that are geographically closer to the area of use or application than the proposed source, and that are technically and economically feasible for the proposed transport and use.
- (c) All economically and technically feasible alternatives to the proposed source, including, but not limited to, desalination, conservation, reuse of nonpotable

reclaimed water and stormwater, and aquifer storage and recovery.

- (d) The potential environmental impacts that may result from the transport and use of water from the proposed source, and the potential environmental impacts that may result from use of the other water sources identified in paragraphs (b) and (c).
- (e) Whether existing and reasonably anticipated sources of water and conservation efforts are adequate to supply water for existing legal uses and reasonably anticipated future needs of the water supply planning region in which the proposed water source is located.
- (f) Consultations with local governments affected by the proposed transport and use.
- (g) The value of the existing capital investment in water-related infrastructure made by the applicant.

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Where districtwide water supply assessments and regional water supply plans have been prepared pursuant to  $\underline{ss. 373.707}$  and  $\underline{373.713}$   $\underline{ss. 373.036}$  and  $\underline{373.0361}$ , the governing board or the department shall use the applicable plans and assessments as the basis for its consideration of the applicable factors in this subsection.

Section 15. Section 373.2234, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

373.2234 Preferred water supply sources.--The governing board of a water management district is authorized to adopt rules that identify preferred water supply sources for consumptive uses for which there is sufficient data to establish that a preferred source will provide a substantial new water supply to meet the existing and projected

reasonable-beneficial uses of a water supply planning region 2 identified pursuant to  $\underline{s. 373.713}$   $\underline{s. 373.0361(1)}$ , while 3 sustaining existing water resources and natural systems. At a minimum, such rules must contain a description of the 4 preferred water supply source and an assessment of the water 5 the preferred source is projected to produce. If an applicant 7 proposes to use a preferred water supply source, that 8 applicant's proposed water use is subject to s. 373.223(1), except that the proposed use of a preferred water supply 9 source must be considered by a water management district when 10 determining whether a permit applicant's proposed use of water 11 12 is consistent with the public interest pursuant to s. 13 373.223(1)(c). A consumptive use permit issued for the use of a preferred water supply source must be granted, when 14 requested by the applicant, for at least a 20-year period and 15 may be subject to the compliance reporting provisions of s. 16 17 373.236(3). Nothing in this section shall be construed to 18 exempt the use of preferred water supply sources from the provisions of ss. 373.701 = 373.016(4) and 373.223(2) and (3), 19 or be construed to provide that permits issued for the use of 20 21 a nonpreferred water supply source must be issued for a 22 duration of less than 20 years or that the use of a 23 nonpreferred water supply source is not consistent with the public interest. Additionally, nothing in this section shall 2.4 be interpreted to require the use of a preferred water supply 25 26 source or to restrict or prohibit the use of a nonpreferred 27 water supply source. Rules adopted by the governing board of a 2.8 water management district to implement this section shall specify that the use of a preferred water supply source is not 29 required and that the use of a nonpreferred water supply 30 source is not restricted or prohibited.

Section 16. Subsection (3) of section 373.229, Florida 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 373.229 Application for permit.--4 (3) In addition to the information required in subsection (1), all permit applications filed with the 5 governing board or the department which propose the transport and use of water across county boundaries shall include 8 information pertaining to factors to be considered, pursuant to s. 373.223(3), unless exempt under  $\underline{\text{s. }373.717}$   $\underline{\text{s.}}$ 9 373.1962(9). 10 Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 373.421, Florida 11 12 Statutes, is amended to read: 373.421 Delineation methods; formal determinations.--13 (1) The Environmental Regulation Commission shall 14 adopt a unified statewide methodology for the delineation of 15 the extent of wetlands as defined in s. 373.019(17) s. 16 373.019(22). This methodology shall consider regional differences in the types of soils and vegetation that may 18 serve as indicators of the extent of wetlands. This 19 methodology shall also include provisions for determining the 20 21 extent of surface waters other than wetlands for the purposes 22 of regulation under s. 373.414. This methodology shall not 23 become effective until ratified by the Legislature. Subsequent to legislative ratification, the wetland definition in s. 2.4 373.019(17) s. 373.019(22) and the adopted wetland methodology 25 shall be binding on the department, the water management 26 27 districts, local governments, and any other governmental entities. Upon ratification of such wetland methodology, the 29 Legislature preempts the authority of any water management district, state or regional agency, or local government to 30 define wetlands or develop a delineation methodology to

implement the definition and determines that the exclusive 2 definition and delineation methodology for wetlands shall be that established pursuant to  $\underline{s. 373.019(17)}$   $\underline{s. 373.019(22)}$  and 3 this section. Upon such legislative ratification, any existing 4 wetlands definition or wetland delineation methodology shall 5 6 be superseded by the wetland definition and delineation 7 methodology established pursuant to this chapter. Subsequent 8 to legislative ratification, a delineation of the extent of a surface water or wetland by the department or a water 9 management district, pursuant to a formal determination under 10 subsection (2), or pursuant to a permit issued under this part 11 12 in which the delineation was field-verified by the permitting 13 agency and specifically approved in the permit, shall be binding on all other governmental entities for the duration of 14 the formal determination or permit. All existing rules and 15 16 methodologies of the department, the water management 17 districts, and local governments, regarding surface water or 18 wetland definition and delineation shall remain in full force and effect until the common methodology rule becomes 19 effective. However, this shall not be construed to limit any 20 power of the department, the water management districts, and 2.1 22 local governments to amend or adopt a surface water or wetland 23 definition or delineation methodology until the common 2.4 methodology rule becomes effective. Section 18. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 25 373.536, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 26 27 373.536 District budget and hearing thereon.--2.8 (6) FINAL BUDGET; ANNUAL AUDIT; CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PLAN; WATER RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT WORK PROGRAM. --29 30 (a) Each district must, by the date specified for each item, furnish copies of the following documents to the

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Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the 2 House of Representatives, the chairs of all legislative committees and subcommittees having substantive or fiscal 3 jurisdiction over the districts, as determined by the 4 President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House of 5 6 Representatives as applicable, the secretary of the 7 department, and the governing board of each county in which 8 the district has jurisdiction or derives any funds for the 9 operations of the district:

- 1. The adopted budget, to be furnished within 10 days after its adoption.
- 2. A financial audit of its accounts and records, to be furnished within 10 days after its acceptance by the governing board. The audit must be conducted in accordance with the provisions of s. 11.45 and the rules adopted thereunder. In addition to the entities named above, the district must provide a copy of the audit to the Auditor General within 10 days after its acceptance by the governing board.
- 3. A 5-year capital improvements plan, to be furnished within 45 days after the adoption of the final budget. The plan must include expected sources of revenue for planned improvements and must be prepared in a manner comparable to the fixed capital outlay format set forth in s. 216.043.
- 4. A 5-year water resource development work program to be furnished within 45 days after the adoption of the final budget. The program must describe the district's implementation strategy for the water resource development component of each approved regional water supply plan developed or revised under <u>s. 373.713</u> <u>s. 373.0361</u>. The work program must address all the elements of the water resource

development component in the district's approved regional 2 water supply plans and must identify which projects in the work program will provide water, explain how each water 3 resource development project will produce additional water 4 available for consumptive uses, estimate the quantity of water 5 to be produced by each project, and provide an assessment of 7 the contribution of the district's regional water supply plans 8 in providing sufficient water to meet the water supply needs 9 of existing and future reasonable-beneficial uses for a 1-in-10-year drought event. Within 45 days after its 10 submittal, the department shall review the proposed work 11 12 program and submit its findings, questions, and comments to 13 the district. The review must include a written evaluation of the program's consistency with the furtherance of the 14 district's approved regional water supply plans, and the 15 adequacy of proposed expenditures. As part of the review, the 16 17 department shall give interested parties the opportunity to 18 provide written comments on each district's proposed work program. Within 60 days after receipt of the department's 19 evaluation, the governing board shall state in writing to the 20 21 department which changes recommended in the evaluation it will 22 incorporate into its work program or specify the reasons for 23 not incorporating the changes. The department shall include the district's responses in a final evaluation report and 2.4 shall submit a copy of the report to the Governor, the 25 President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 26 27 Representatives. 2.8 Section 19. Subsection (11) of section 373.59, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 29 30 373.59 Water Management Lands Trust Fund. --31

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(11) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to 2 the contrary, the governing board of a water management district may request, and the Secretary of Environmental Protection shall release upon such request, moneys allocated to the districts pursuant to subsection (8) for purposes consistent with the provisions of <u>s. 373.713</u>, <u>s. 373.709</u> <del>s.</del> 373.0361, s. 373.0831, s. 373.139, or ss. 373.451-373.4595 and for legislatively authorized land acquisition and water restoration initiatives. No funds may be used pursuant to this subsection until necessary debt service obligations, requirements for payments in lieu of taxes, and land 11 12 management obligations that may be required by this chapter are provided for.

Section 20. Paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of section 378.212, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

378.212 Variances.--

- (1) Upon application, the secretary may grant a variance from the provisions of this part or the rules adopted pursuant thereto. Variances and renewals thereof may be granted for any one of the following reasons:
- (q) To accommodate reclamation that provides water supply development or water resource development not inconsistent with the applicable regional water supply plan approved pursuant to s. 373.713 s. 373.0361, provided adverse impacts are not caused to the water resources in the basin. A variance may also be granted from the requirements of part IV of chapter 373, or the rules adopted thereunder, when a project provides an improvement in water availability in the basin and does not cause adverse impacts to water resources in the basin.

Section 21. Subsection (9) of section 378.404, Florida 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 378.404 Department of Environmental Protection; powers 4 and duties. -- The department shall have the following powers and duties: 5 6 (9) To grant variances from the provisions of this part to accommodate reclamation that provides for water supply 8 development or water resource development not inconsistent with the applicable regional water supply plan approved 9 pursuant to <u>s. 373.713</u> <del>s. 373.0361</del>, appropriate stormwater 10 management, improved wildlife habitat, recreation, or a 11 mixture thereof, provided adverse impacts are not caused to 13 the water resources in the basin and public health and safety are not adversely affected. 14 Section 22. Subsection (14) of section 403.031, 15 16 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 17 403.031 Definitions.--In construing this chapter, or 18 rules and regulations adopted pursuant hereto, the following words, phrases, or terms, unless the context otherwise 19 indicates, have the following meanings: 20 21 (14) "State water resource implementation rule" means 22 the rule authorized by <u>s. 373.707</u> <del>s. 373.036</del>, which sets forth 23 goals, objectives, and guidance for the development and review of programs, rules, and plans relating to water resources, 2.4 based on statutory policies and directives. The waters of the 25 26 state are among its most basic resources. Such waters should 27 be managed to conserve and protect water resources and to realize the full beneficial use of these resources. Section 23. Paragraphs (r) and (u) of subsection (2) 29 of section 403.813, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 30

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403.813 Permits issued at district centers; exceptions.--

- chapter 373, chapter 61-691, Laws of Florida, or chapter 25214 or chapter 25270, 1949, Laws of Florida, for activities associated with the following types of projects; however, except as otherwise provided in this subsection, nothing in this subsection relieves an applicant from any requirement to obtain permission to use or occupy lands owned by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund or any water management district in its governmental or proprietary capacity or from complying with applicable local pollution control programs authorized under this chapter or other requirements of county and municipal governments:
- (r) The removal of aquatic plants, the removal of tussocks, the associated replanting of indigenous aquatic plants, and the associated removal from lakes of organic detrital material when such planting or removal is performed and authorized by permit or exemption granted under s. 369.20 or s. 369.25, provided that:
- 1. Organic detrital material that exists on the surface of natural mineral substrate shall be allowed to be removed to a depth of 3 feet or to the natural mineral substrate, whichever is less;
- 2. All material removed pursuant to this paragraph shall be deposited in an upland site in a manner that will prevent the reintroduction of the material into waters in the state except when spoil material is permitted to be used to create wildlife islands in freshwater bodies of the state when a governmental entity is permitted pursuant to s. 369.20 to

create such islands as a part of a restoration or enhancement
project;

- 3. All activities are performed in a manner consistent with state water quality standards; and
- 4. No activities under this exemption are conducted in wetland areas, as defined by <u>s. 373.019(17)</u> <del>s. 373.019(22)</del>, which are supported by a natural soil as shown in applicable United States Department of Agriculture county soil surveys, except when a governmental entity is permitted pursuant to s. 369.20 to conduct such activities as a part of a restoration or enhancement project.

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The department may not adopt implementing rules for this paragraph, notwithstanding any other provision of law.

- (u) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in this subsection, a permit or other authorization under chapter 253, chapter 369, chapter 373, or this chapter is not required for an individual residential property owner for the removal of organic detrital material from freshwater rivers or lakes that have a natural sand or rocky substrate and that are not Aquatic Preserves or for the associated removal and replanting of aquatic vegetation for the purpose of environmental enhancement, providing that:
- 1. No activities under this exemption are conducted in wetland areas, as defined by  $\underline{s.\ 373.019(17)}\ \underline{s.\ 373.019(22)}$ , which are supported by a natural soil as shown in applicable United States Department of Agriculture county soil surveys.
  - 2. No filling or peat mining is allowed.
- 3. No removal of native wetland trees, including, but not limited to, ash, bay, cypress, gum, maple, or tupelo, occurs.

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- 4. When removing organic detrital material, no portion of the underlying natural mineral substrate or rocky substrate is removed.
- 5. Organic detrital material and plant material removed is deposited in an upland site in a manner that will not cause water quality violations.
- 6. All activities are conducted in such a manner, and with appropriate turbidity controls, so as to prevent any water quality violations outside the immediate work area.
- 7. Replanting with a variety of aquatic plants native to the state shall occur in a minimum of 25 percent of the preexisting vegetated areas where organic detrital material is removed, except for areas where the material is removed to bare rocky substrate; however, an area may be maintained clear of vegetation as an access corridor. The access corridor width may not exceed 50 percent of the property owner's frontage or 50 feet, whichever is less, and may be a sufficient length waterward to create a corridor to allow access for a boat or swimmer to reach open water. Replanting must be at a minimum density of 2 feet on center and be completed within 90 days after removal of existing aquatic vegetation, except that under dewatered conditions replanting must be completed within 90 days after reflooding. The area to be replanted must extend waterward from the ordinary high water line to a point where normal water depth would be 3 feet or the preexisting vegetation line, whichever is less. Individuals are required to make a reasonable effort to maintain planting density for a period of 6 months after replanting is complete, and the plants, including naturally recruited native aquatic plants, must be allowed to expand and fill in the revegetation area. Native aquatic plants to be used for revegetation must be

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salvaged from the enhancement project site or obtained from an aquatic plant nursery regulated by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. Plants that are not native to the state may not be used for replanting.

- 8. No activity occurs any farther than 100 feet waterward of the ordinary high water line, and all activities must be designed and conducted in a manner that will not unreasonably restrict or infringe upon the riparian rights of adjacent upland riparian owners.
- 9. The person seeking this exemption notifies the applicable department district office in writing at least 30 days before commencing work and allows the department to conduct a preconstruction site inspection. Notice must include an organic-detrital-material removal and disposal plan and, if applicable, a vegetation-removal and revegetation plan.
- 10. The department is provided written certification of compliance with the terms and conditions of this paragraph within 30 days after completion of any activity occurring under this exemption.
- Section 24. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 403.0891, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 403.0891 State, regional, and local stormwater management plans and programs.—The department, the water management districts, and local governments shall have the responsibility for the development of mutually compatible stormwater management programs.
- (3)(a) Each local government required by chapter 163 to submit a comprehensive plan, whose plan is submitted after July 1, 1992, and the others when updated after July 1, 1992, in the development of its stormwater management program described by elements within its comprehensive plan shall

consider the water resource implementation rule, district 2 stormwater management goals, plans approved pursuant to the Surface Water Improvement and Management Act, ss. 3 373.451-373.4595, and technical assistance information 4 5 provided by the water management districts pursuant to s. 373.715 <del>s. 373.0391</del>. 7 Section 25. Subsection (6) of section 556.102, Florida 8 Statutes, is amended to read: 556.102 Definitions. -- As used in this act: 9 10 (6) "Excavate" or "excavation" means any manmade cut, cavity, trench, or depression in the earth's surface, formed 11 12 by removal of earth, intended to change the grade or level of 13 land, or intended to penetrate or disturb the surface of the earth, including land beneath the waters of the state, as 14 defined in s. 373.019(14) s. 373.019(17), and the term 15 16 includes pipe bursting and directional drilling or boring from one point to another point beneath the surface of the earth, 18 or other trenchless technologies. Section 26. Section 682.02, Florida Statutes, is 19 amended to read: 20 21 682.02 Arbitration agreements made valid, irrevocable, 22 and enforceable; scope. -- Two or more parties may agree in 23 writing to submit to arbitration any controversy existing between them at the time of the agreement, or they may include 2.4 in a written contract a provision for the settlement by 25 arbitration of any controversy thereafter arising between them 26 27 relating to such contract or the failure or refusal to perform 2.8 the whole or any part thereof. This section also applies to 29 written interlocal agreements under ss. 163.01 and 373.717 373.1962 in which two or more parties agree to submit to 30

| 1  | permit applications and other matters, regardless of whether   |
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| 2  | or not the water management district with jurisdiction over  |
| 3  | the subject application is a party to the interlocal agreement   |
| 4  | or a participant in the arbitration. Such agreement or   |
| 5  | provision shall be valid, enforceable, and irrevocable without   |
| 6  | regard to the justiciable character of the controversy;  |
| 7  | provided that this act shall not apply to any such agreement   |
| 8  | or provision to arbitrate in which it is stipulated that this  |
| 9  | law shall not apply or to any arbitration or award thereunder.   |
| 10 | Section 27. <u>Sections 373.036, 373.0361, 373.0391,</u>   |
| 11 | 373.0831, 373.196, 373.1961, 373.1962, and 373.1963, Florida   |
| 12 | Statutes, are repealed.  |
| 13 | Section 28. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005.   |
| 14 |  |
| 15 | STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN  |
| 16 | COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR<br><u>Senate Bill 440</u>   |
| 17 |  |
| 18 | The committee substitute creates a new Part VII to Chapter   |
| 19 | 373, F.S., to include all those sections of Chapter 373 that address water supply policy, planning, and production. In |
| 20 | addition, necessary conforming changes and repealers are also contained in the committee substitute.                   |
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