By the Committees on Transportation and Economic Development Appropriations; Governmental Oversight and Productivity; Transportation; and Senators Sebesta and Lynn

606-2353-05

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to highway safety; amending s.
3	61.13016, F.S.; directing the department to
4	issue a driver's license restricted for
5	business purposes only under certain
6	circumstances relating to failure to pay child
7	support; amending s. 316.006, F.S.; providing
8	for interlocal agreements between
9	municipalities and counties transferring
10	traffic regulatory authority; amending s.
11	316.083, F.S.; requiring an appropriate signal
12	when overtaking and passing a vehicle; amending
13	s. 316.155, F.S.; specifying that signals are
14	required when moving right or left or
15	overtaking or passing a vehicle; amending s.
16	316.2095, F.S.; revising physical requirements
17	for operating motorcycles under certain
18	circumstances; amending s. 316.212, F.S.;
19	granting local jurisdictions the authority to
20	enact ordinances governing the use of golf
21	carts which are more restrictive than state
22	law; amending s. 316.2126, F.S.; requiring that
23	the use of golf carts upon any state, county,
24	or municipal road within a local jurisdiction
25	be in compliance with local ordinances
26	governing the use of golf carts; amending s.
27	316.302, F.S.; providing a penalty for
28	operating a commercial motor vehicle bearing a
29	false or other illegal identification number;
30	amending s. 316.3045, F.S.; revising criteria
31	related to the operation of radios or other

1	sound-making devices in motor vehicles;
2	amending s. 318.1215, F.S.; clarifying that
3	funds from the Dori Slosberg Driver Education
4	Safety Act be used for driver education
5	programs in schools; requiring that funds be
6	used for enhancement of a driver education
7	program; providing a requirement for
8	behind-the-wheel training; amending s. 318.14,
9	F.S.; providing penalties for certain traffic
10	infractions requiring a mandatory hearing;
11	providing for distribution of moneys collected;
12	amending s. 318.21, F.S.; providing for
13	distribution of specified civil penalties by
14	county courts; amending s. 319.30, F.S.;
15	revising provisions relating to the
16	applicability of certificate of destruction
17	requirements for certain damaged vehicles;
18	amending s. 320.02, F.S.; authorizing the
19	withholding of motor vehicle registrations or
20	re-registrations in certain situations;
21	requiring motor vehicle dealers to maintain
22	certain information; allowing owners and
23	co-owners to dispute a dealer's claims of money
24	owed; amending s. 320.27, F.S.; providing for
25	motor vehicle dealer license discipline for the
26	failure to maintain evidence of notification to
27	the owner or co-owner of a vehicle regarding
28	registration and titling fees owed; revising
29	authorized uses of revenues from the United We
30	Stand specialty license plate; amending s.
31	320.08058, F.S.; redesignating the Florida

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Special Olympics license plate as the Special Olympics Florida license plate and revising design requirements for such specialty license plate; revising requirements for agencies that receive funds from the Choose Life license plate; revising authorized uses of revenues from the Animal Friend specialty license plate; amending s. 320.089, F.S.; allowing retired members of the U.S. Armed Forces Reserve to be issued U.S. Reserve license plates; amending s. 320.77, F.S.; providing that mobile home dealers may provide a cash bond or letter of credit in lieu of a required surety bond; amending s. 322.08, F.S.; revising the use of funds collected from a voluntary contribution associated with driver's license renewals to be used for the purposes designated by the Hearing Research Institute, Inc.; amending s. 322.2615, F.S.; providing that the disposition of a related criminal proceeding may not affect a suspension of a driver's license for refusal to submit to blood, breath, or urine testing; directing the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to invalidate a suspension for driving with an unlawful blood-alcohol level or breath-alcohol level if the suspended person is found not quilty at trial of the underlying violation of law; creating the Manufactured Housing Regulatory Study Commission; providing for membership; providing duties; requiring the commission to file a report with the Governor

1 and the Legislature; amending s. 322.27, F.S.; 2 correcting a cross-reference relating to points assigned for littering violations; amending s. 3 4 322.61, F.S.; specifying additional violations 5 that disqualify a person from operating a 6 commercial motor vehicle; providing penalties; 7 providing an exception to the requirement that a commercial driver's license be in possession 8 9 of the commercial driver; removing requirements 10 for a Class D driver's license; amending s. 321.24, F.S.; providing that certain medical 11 12 professionals who volunteer for Florida Highway 13 Patrol service are considered employees of the state for sovereign immunity purposes; creating 14 s. 549.102, F.S.; authorizing temporary 15 overnight parking during a motorsports event at 16 17 a motorsports entertainment complex; exempting such parking from regulations relating to 18 recreational vehicle parks; providing for 19 application of health agency requirements; 20 21 providing effective dates. 22 23 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 2.4 25 Section 1. Section 61.13016, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 26 27 61.13016 Suspension of driver's licenses and motor 2.8 vehicle registrations .--(1) The driver's license and motor vehicle 29 registration of a support obligor who is delinquent in payment 30

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to appear or show cause relating to paternity or support 2 proceedings may be suspended. When an obligor is 15 days delinquent making a payment in support or failure to comply 3 with a subpoena, order to appear, order to show cause, or similar order in IV-D cases, the Title IV-D agency may provide 5 notice to the obligor of the delinquency or failure to comply with a subpoena, order to appear, order to show cause, or 8 similar order and the intent to suspend by regular United States mail that is posted to the obligor's last address of 9 record with the Department of Highway Safety and Motor 10 Vehicles. When an obligor is 15 days delinquent in making a 11 12 payment in support in non-IV-D cases, and upon the request of 13 the obligee, the depository or the clerk of the court must provide notice to the obligor of the delinquency and the 14 intent to suspend by regular United States mail that is posted 15 to the obligor's last address of record with the Department of 16 Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles. In either case, the notice 18 must state:

- (a) The terms of the order creating the support obligation;
- (b) The period of the delinquency and the total amount of the delinquency as of the date of the notice or describe the subpoena, order to appear, order to show cause, or other similar order which has not been complied with;
- (c) That notification will be given to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to suspend the obligor's driver's license and motor vehicle registration unless, within 20 days after the date the notice is mailed, the obligor:
- 1.a. Pays the delinquency in full and any other costs and fees accrued between the date of the notice and the date the delinquency is paid;

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b. Enters into a written agreement for payment with 2 the obligee in non-IV-D cases or with the Title IV-D agency in IV-D cases; or in IV-D cases, complies with a subpoena or 3 4 order to appear, order to show cause, or a similar order; or 5 c. Files a petition with the circuit court to contest 6 the delinquency action; and 7 2. Pays any applicable delinquency fees. 8 If the obligor in non-IV-D cases enters into a written 9 10 agreement for payment before the expiration of the 20-day period, the obligor must provide a copy of the signed written 11 12 agreement to the depository or the clerk of the court. 13 (2)(a) Upon petition filed by the obligor in the circuit court within 20 days after the mailing date of the 14 notice, the court may, in its discretion, direct the 15 department to issue a license for driving privileges 16 restricted to business purposes only, as defined by s. 18 322.271, if the person is otherwise qualified for such a license. As a condition for the court to exercise its 19 discretion under this subsection, the obliqor must agree to a 2.0 21 schedule of payment on any child support arrearages and to 22 maintain current child support obligations. If the obligor 23 fails to comply with the schedule of payment, the court shall direct the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to 2.4 suspend the obligor's driver's license. 25 (b) The obligor must serve a copy of the petition on 26 27 the Title IV-D agency in IV-D cases or on the depository or 2.8 the clerk of the court in non-IV-D cases. When an obligor

timely files a petition to set aside a suspension, the court

 $\underline{\text{must}}$   $\underline{\text{hear the matter within 15 days after the petition is}}$ 

filed. The court must enter an order resolving the matter

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within 10 days after the hearing, and a copy of the order must be served on the parties. The timely filing of a petition under this subsection stays the intent to suspend until the entry of a court order resolving the matter.

(3)(2) If the obligor does not, within 20 days after the mailing date on the notice, pay the delinquency, enter into a payment agreement, comply with the subpoena, order to appear, order to show cause, or other similar order, or file a motion to contest, the Title IV-D agency in IV-D cases, or the depository or clerk of the court in non-IV-D cases, shall file the notice with the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles and request the suspension of the obligor's driver's license and motor vehicle registration in accordance with s. 322.058.

(4) (3) The obligor may, within 20 days after the mailing date on the notice of delinquency or noncompliance and intent to suspend, file in the circuit court a petition to contest the notice of delinquency or noncompliance and intent to suspend on the ground of mistake of fact regarding the existence of a delinquency or the identity of the obligor. The obligor must serve a copy of the petition on the Title IV-D agency in IV-D cases or depository or clerk of the court in non-IV-D cases. When an obligor timely files a petition to contest, the court must hear the matter within 15 days after the petition is filed. The court must enter an order resolving the matter within 10 days after the hearing, and a copy of the order must be served on the parties. The timely filing of a petition to contest stays the notice of delinquency and intent to suspend until the entry of a court order resolving the matter.

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Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 316.006, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.006 Jurisdiction.--Jurisdiction to control traffic is vested as follows:

- (2) MUNICIPALITIES. --
- (a) Chartered municipalities shall have original jurisdiction over all streets and highways located within their boundaries, except state roads, and may place and maintain such traffic control devices which conform to the manual and specifications of the Department of Transportation upon all streets and highways under their original jurisdiction as they shall deem necessary to indicate and to carry out the provisions of this chapter or to regulate, warn, or guide traffic.
- (b) A municipality may exercise jurisdiction over any private road or roads, or over any limited access road or roads owned or controlled by a special district, located within its boundaries if the municipality and party or parties owning or controlling such road or roads provide, by written agreement approved by the governing body of the municipality, for municipal traffic control jurisdiction over the road or roads encompassed by such agreement. Pursuant thereto:
- 1. Provision for reimbursement for actual costs of traffic control and enforcement and for liability insurance and indemnification by the party or parties, and such other terms as are mutually agreeable, may be included in such an agreement.
- 2. The exercise of jurisdiction provided for herein shall be in addition to jurisdictional authority presently exercised by municipalities under law, and nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to limit or remove any such

jurisdictional authority. Such jurisdiction includes regulation of access to such road or roads by security devices or personnel.

- 3. Any such agreement may provide for the installation of multiparty stop signs by the parties controlling the roads covered by the agreement if a determination is made by such parties that the signage will enhance traffic safety.

  Multiparty stop signs must conform to the manual and specifications of the Department of Transportation; however, minimum traffic volumes may not be required for the installation of such signage. Enforcement for the signs shall be as provided in s. 316.123.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, a municipality may, by interlocal agreement with a county, agree to transfer traffic regulatory authority over areas within the municipality to the county.

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This subsection shall not limit those counties which have the charter powers to provide and regulate arterial, toll, and other roads, bridges, tunnels, and related facilities from the proper exercise of those powers by the placement and maintenance of traffic control devices which conform to the manual and specifications of the Department of Transportation on streets and highways located within municipal boundaries.

Section 3. Section 316.083, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.083 Overtaking and passing a vehicle.--The following rules shall govern the overtaking and passing of vehicles proceeding in the same direction, subject to those limitations, exceptions, and special rules hereinafter stated:

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- (1) The driver of a vehicle overtaking another vehicle proceeding in the same direction shall give an appropriate signal as provided for in s. 316.156, shall pass to the left thereof at a safe distance, and shall not again drive to the right side of the roadway until safely clear of the overtaken vehicle.
- (2) Except when overtaking and passing on the right is permitted, the driver of an overtaken vehicle shall give way to the right in favor of the overtaking vehicle, on audible signal or upon the visible blinking of the headlamps of the overtaking vehicle if such overtaking is being attempted at nighttime, and shall not increase the speed of his or her vehicle until completely passed by the overtaking vehicle.
- (3) A violation of this section is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a moving violation as provided in chapter 318.
- Section 4. Section 316.155, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 316.155 When signal required.--
- (1) No person may turn a vehicle from a direct course or move right or left upon a highway unless and until such movement can be made with reasonable safety, and then only after giving an appropriate signal in the manner hereinafter provided, in the event any other vehicle may be affected by the movement.
- (2) A signal of intention to turn right or left must be given continuously during not less than the last 100 feet traveled by the vehicle before turning, except that such a signal by hand or arm need not be given continuously by a bicyclist if the hand is needed in the control or operation of the bicycle.

- (3) No person may stop or suddenly decrease the speed of a vehicle without first giving an appropriate signal in the manner provided herein to the driver of any vehicle immediately to the rear, when there is opportunity to give such signal.
- (4) The signals provided for in s. 316.156 shall be used to indicate an intention to turn, to overtake, or to pass a vehicle and may not, except as provided in s. 316.2397, be flashed on one side only on a parked or disabled vehicle or flashed as a courtesy or "do pass" signal to operators of other vehicles approaching from the rear.
- (5) A violation of this section is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a moving violation as provided in chapter 318.
- Section 5. Section 316.2095, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 316.2095 Footrests, handholds, and handlebars.--
- (1) Any motorcycle carrying a passenger, other than in a sidecar or enclosed cab, shall be equipped with footrests and handholds for such passenger.
- (2) No person shall operate any motorcycle with handlebars or with handqrips that are higher than the top of the shoulders of the person operating the motorcycle while properly seated upon the motorcycle more than 15 inches in height above that portion of the seat occupied by the operator.
- (3) A violation of this section is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a nonmoving violation as provided in chapter 318.
- 30 Section 6. Section 316.212, Florida Statutes, is 31 amended to read:

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316.212 Operation of golf carts on certain roadways.—The operation of a golf cart upon the public roads or streets of this state is prohibited except as provided herein:

- (1) A golf cart may be operated only upon a county road that has been designated by a county, or a <u>municipal city</u> street that has been designated by a <u>municipality city</u>, for use by golf carts. Prior to making such a designation, the responsible local governmental entity must first determine that golf carts may safely travel on or cross the public road or street, considering factors including the speed, volume, and character of motor vehicle traffic using the road or street. Upon a determination that golf carts may be safely operated on a designated road or street, the responsible governmental entity shall post appropriate signs to indicate that such operation is allowed.
- (2) A golf cart may be operated on a part of the State Highway System only under the following conditions:
- (a) To cross a portion of the State Highway System which intersects a county road or <u>municipal</u> city street that has been designated for use by golf carts if the Department of Transportation has reviewed and approved the location and design of the crossing and any traffic control devices needed for safety purposes.
- (b) To cross, at midblock, a part of the State Highway System where a golf course is constructed on both sides of the highway if the Department of Transportation has reviewed and approved the location and design of the crossing and any traffic control devices needed for safety purposes.
- 30 (c) A golf cart may be operated on a state road that
  31 has been designated for transfer to a local government unit

pursuant to s. 335.0415 if the Department of Transportation determines that the operation of a golf cart within the right-of-way of the road will not impede the safe and efficient flow of motor vehicular traffic. The department may authorize the operation of golf carts on such a road if:

- 1. The road is the only available public road along which golf carts may travel or cross or the road provides the safest travel route among alternative routes available; and
- 2. The speed, volume, and character of motor vehicular traffic using the road is considered in making such a determination.

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Upon its determination that golf carts may be operated on a given road, the department shall post appropriate signs on the road to indicate that such operation is allowed.

(3) Any other provision of this section to the contrary notwithstanding, a golf cart may be operated for the purpose of crossing a street or highway where a single mobile home park is located on both sides of the street or highway and is divided by that street or highway, provided that the governmental entity having original jurisdiction over such street or highway shall review and approve the location of the crossing and require implementation of any traffic controls needed for safety purposes. This subsection shall apply only to residents or guests of the mobile home park. Any other provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding, if notice is posted at the entrance and exit to any mobile home park that residents of the park utilize golf carts or electric vehicles within the confines of the park it shall not be necessary that the park have a gate or other device at the entrance and exit

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in order for such golf carts or electric vehicles to be lawfully operated in the park.

- (4) A golf cart may be operated only during the hours between surrise and sunset, unless the responsible governmental entity has determined that a golf cart may be operated during the hours between sunset and sunrise and the golf cart is equipped with headlights, brake lights, turn signals, and a windshield.
- (5) A golf cart must be equipped with efficient brakes, reliable steering apparatus, safe tires, a rearview mirror, and red reflectorized warning devices in both the front and rear.
- (6) A golf cart may not be operated on public roads or streets by any person under the age of 14.
- (7) A local governmental entity may enact an ordinance regarding golf cart operation and equipment which is more restrictive than those enumerated in this section. Upon enactment of any such ordinance, the local governmental entity shall post appropriate signs or otherwise inform the residents that such an ordinance exists and that it shall be enforced within the local government's jurisdictional territory.

(8)(7) A violation of this section is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable pursuant to chapter 318 as either a moving violation for infractions of subsection (1), subsection (2), subsection (3), or subsection (4), or a local ordinance corresponding thereto and enacted pursuant to subsection (7), or punishable pursuant to chapter 318 as a nonmoving violation for infractions of subsection subsections (5), subsection and (6), or a local ordinance corresponding thereto and enacted pursuant to subsection (7).

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Section 7. Section 316.2126, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.2126 Use of golf carts and utility vehicles by municipalities.—In addition to the powers granted by ss.
316.212 and 316.2125, municipalities are hereby authorized to utilize golf carts and utility vehicles, as defined in s.
320.01, upon any state, county, or municipal roads located within the corporate limits of such municipalities, subject to the following conditions:

- (1) Golf carts and utility vehicles must comply with the operational and safety requirements in ss. 316.212 and 316.2125, and with any more restrictive ordinances enacted by the local governmental entity pursuant to s. 316.212(7), and shall only be operated by municipal employees for municipal purposes, including, but not limited to, police patrol, traffic enforcement, and inspection of public facilities.
- (2) In addition to the safety equipment required in s. 316.212(5) and any more restrictive safety equipment required by the local governmental entity pursuant to s. 316.212(7), such golf carts and utility vehicles must be equipped with sufficient lighting and turn signal equipment.
- (3) Golf carts and utility vehicles may only be operated on state roads that have a posted speed limit of 30 miles per hour or less.
- (4) A municipal employee operating a golf cart or utility vehicle pursuant to this section must possess a valid driver's license as required by s. 322.03.
- Section 8. Subsection (11) is added to section 316.302, Florida Statutes, to read:

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316.302 Commercial motor vehicles; safety regulations; transporters and shippers of hazardous materials; enforcement.--

(11) In addition to any other penalty provided in this section, a person who operates a commercial motor vehicle that bears an identification number required by this section which is false, fraudulent, or displayed without the consent of the person to whom it is assigned commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 9. Section 316.3045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.3045 Operation of radios or other mechanical soundmaking devices or instruments in vehicles; exemptions.--

- (1) It is unlawful for any person operating or occupying a motor vehicle on a street or highway to operate or amplify the sound produced by a radio, tape player, or other mechanical soundmaking device or instrument from within the motor vehicle so that the sound is:
- (a) Plainly audible at a distance of  $\underline{25}$   $\underline{100}$  feet or more from the motor vehicle; or
- (b) Louder than necessary for the convenient hearing by persons inside the vehicle in areas adjoining churches, schools, or hospitals.
- (2) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any law enforcement motor vehicle equipped with any communication device necessary in the performance of law enforcement duties or to any emergency vehicle equipped with any communication device necessary in the performance of any emergency procedures.

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- (3) The provisions of this section do not apply to motor vehicles used for business or political purposes, which in the normal course of conducting such business use soundmaking devices. The provisions of this subsection shall not be deemed to prevent local authorities, with respect to streets and highways under their jurisdiction and within the reasonable exercise of the police power, from regulating the time and manner in which such business may be operated.
- (4) The provisions of this section do not apply to the noise made by a horn or other warning device required or permitted by s. 316.271. The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall promulgate rules defining "plainly audible" and establish standards regarding how sound should be measured by law enforcement personnel who enforce the provisions of this section.
- (5) A violation of this section is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a nonmoving violation as provided in chapter 318.
- Section 10. Section 318.1215, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 318.1215 Dori Slosberg Driver Education Safety
  Act.--Effective October 1, 2002, notwithstanding the
  provisions of s. 318.121, a board of county commissioners may
  require, by ordinance, that the clerk of the court collect an
  additional \$3 with each civil traffic penalty, which shall be
  used to fund driver traffic education programs in public and
  nonpublic schools. The ordinance shall provide for the board
  of county commissioners to administer the funds, which shall
  be used for enhancement, and not replacement, of driver
  education program funds. The funds shall be used for direct
  educational expenses and shall not be used for administration.

Each driver education program receiving funds pursuant to this section shall require that a minimum of 30 percent of a 2 student's time in the program be behind-the-wheel training. 3 This section may be cited as the "Dori Slosberg Driver 4 5 Education Safety Act." 6 Section 11. Effective October 1, 2005, subsection (5) 7 of section 318.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 8 318.14 Noncriminal traffic infractions; exception; 9 procedures.--10 (5) Any person electing to appear before the designated official or who is required so to appear shall be 11 12 deemed to have waived his or her right to the civil penalty 13 provisions of s. 318.18. The official, after a hearing, shall make a determination as to whether an infraction has been 14 committed. If the commission of an infraction has been proven, 15 16 the official may impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$500, 17 except that in cases involving unlawful speed in a school zone 18 or, involving unlawful speed in a construction zone, or involving a death, the civil penalty may not exceed \$1,000; or 19 require attendance at a driver improvement school, or both. If 20 21 the person is required to appear before the designated 22 official pursuant to s. 318.19(1) and is found to have 23 committed the infraction, the designated official shall impose a civil penalty of \$1,000 in addition to any other penalties 2.4 and the person's driver's license shall be suspended for 6 2.5 26 months. If the person is required to appear before the 27 designated official pursuant to s. 318.19(2) and is found to 2.8 have committed the infraction, the designated official shall impose a civil penalty of \$500 in addition to any other 29 penalties and the person's driver's license shall be suspended 30

for 3 months. If the official determines that no infraction

has been committed, no costs or penalties shall be imposed and 2 any costs or penalties that have been paid shall be returned. Moneys received from the mandatory civil penalties imposed 3 4 pursuant to this subsection upon persons required to appear before a designated official pursuant to s. 318.19(1) or (2) 5 6 shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue and deposited 7 into the Department of Health Administrative Trust Fund to 8 provide financial support to certified trauma centers to assure the availability and accessibility of trauma services 9 10 throughout the state. Funds deposited into the Administrative Trust Fund under this section shall be allocated as follows: 11 12 (a) Fifty percent shall be allocated equally among all 13 Level I, Level II, and pediatric trauma centers in recognition of readiness costs for maintaining trauma services. 14 (b) Fifty percent shall be allocated among Level I, 15 16 Level II, and pediatric trauma centers based on each center's relative volume of trauma cases as reported in the Department 18 of Health Trauma Registry. Section 12. Effective October 1, 2005, subsection (13) 19 is added to section 318.21, Florida Statutes, to read: 20 21 318.21 Disposition of civil penalties by county 2.2 courts. -- All civil penalties received by a county court 23 pursuant to the provisions of this chapter shall be distributed and paid monthly as follows: 2.4 (13) Notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2), the 25 proceeds from the mandatory civil penalties imposed pursuant 26 27 to s. 318.14(5) shall be distributed as provided in that 2.8 section. Section 13. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 29 30 319.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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319.30 Definitions; dismantling, destruction, change of identity of motor vehicle or mobile home; salvage.-(3)

(b) The owner, including persons who are self-insured, of any motor vehicle or mobile home which is considered to be salvage shall, within 72 hours after the motor vehicle or mobile home becomes salvage, forward the title to the motor vehicle or mobile home to the department for processing. However, an insurance company which pays money as compensation for total loss of a motor vehicle or mobile home shall obtain the certificate of title for the motor vehicle or mobile home and, within 72 hours after receiving such certificate of title, shall forward such title to the department for processing. The owner or insurance company, as the case may be, may not dispose of a vehicle or mobile home that is a total loss before it has obtained a salvage certificate of title or certificate of destruction from the department. When applying for a salvage certificate of title or certificate of destruction, the owner or insurance company must provide the department with an estimate of the costs of repairing the physical and mechanical damage suffered by the vehicle for which a salvage certificate of title or certificate of destruction is sought. If the estimated costs of repairing the physical and mechanical damage to the vehicle are equal to 80 percent or more of the current retail cost of the vehicle, as established in any official used car or used mobile home quide, the department shall declare the vehicle unrebuildable and print a certificate of destruction, which authorizes the dismantling or destruction of the motor vehicle or mobile home described therein. However, if the damaged motor vehicle is equipped with custom-lowered floors for wheelchair access or a

wheelchair lift, the insurance company may, upon determing 2 that the vehicle is repairable to a condition that is safe for operation on public roads, submit the certificate of title to 3 4 the department for reissuance as a salvage rebuildable title and the addition of a title brand of "insurance-declared total 5 6 loss." This certificate of destruction shall be reassignable a maximum of two times before dismantling or destruction of the 8 vehicle shall be required, and shall accompany the motor vehicle or mobile home for which it is issued, when such motor 9 vehicle or mobile home is sold for such purposes, in lieu of a 10 certificate of title, and, thereafter, the department shall 11 12 refuse issuance of any certificate of title for that vehicle. 13 Nothing in this subsection shall be applicable when a vehicle is worth less than \$1,500 retail in undamaged condition in any 14 official used motor vehicle guide or used mobile home guide or 15 when a stolen motor vehicle or mobile home is recovered in 16 substantially intact condition and is readily resalable 18 without extensive repairs to or replacement of the frame or engine. Any person who willfully and deliberately violates 19 this paragraph or falsifies any document to avoid the 20 21 requirements of this paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the 22 first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 23 775.083. Section 14. Subsection (19) is added to section 2.4 320.02, Florida Statutes, to read: 25 320.02 Registration required; application for 26 27 registration; forms.--2.8 (19) The department is authorized to withhold registration or re-registration of a motor vehicle if the name 29 of the owner or of a co-owner appears on a list submitted to 30 the department by a licensed motor vehicle dealer for a

previous registration of that vehicle. The motor vehicle 2 dealer must maintain signed evidence that the owner or co-owner acknowledged the dealer's authority to submit the 3 4 list to the department if he or she failed to pay and must note the amount for which the owner or co-owner would be 5 6 responsible for the vehicle registration. The dealer must 7 maintain the necessary documentation required in this 8 subsection or face penalties as provided in s. 320.27. This subsection does not affect the issuance of a title to a motor 9 10 vehicle. (a) The motor vehicle owner or co-owner may dispute 11 12 the claim that money is owed to a dealer for registration fees 13 by submitting a form to the department if the motor vehicle owner or co-owner has documentary proof that the registration 14 fees have been paid to the dealer for the disputed amount. 15 Without clear evidence of the amounts owed for the vehicle 16 registration and repayment, the department will assume initial 18 payments are applied to government-assessed fees first. 19 (b) If the registered owner's dispute complies with paragraph (a), the department shall immediately remove the 2.0 21 motor vehicle owner or co-owner's name from the list, thereby 2.2 allowing the issuance of a license plate or revalidation 23 sticker. Section 15. Paragraph (b) of subsection (9) of section 2.4 320.27, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2.5 320.27 Motor vehicle dealers.--26 27 (9) DENIAL, SUSPENSION, OR REVOCATION. --2.8 (b) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke any 29 license issued hereunder or under the provisions of s. 320.77 or s. 320.771 upon proof that a licensee has committed, with 30 sufficient frequency so as to establish a pattern of

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wrongdoing on the part of a licensee, violations of one or more of the following activities:

- 1. Representation that a demonstrator is a new motor vehicle, or the attempt to sell or the sale of a demonstrator as a new motor vehicle without written notice to the purchaser that the vehicle is a demonstrator. For the purposes of this section, a "demonstrator," a "new motor vehicle," and a "used motor vehicle" shall be defined as under s. 320.60.
- 2. Unjustifiable refusal to comply with a licensee's responsibility under the terms of the new motor vehicle warranty issued by its respective manufacturer, distributor, or importer. However, if such refusal is at the direction of the manufacturer, distributor, or importer, such refusal shall not be a ground under this section.
- 3. Misrepresentation or false, deceptive, or misleading statements with regard to the sale or financing of motor vehicles which any motor vehicle dealer has, or causes to have, advertised, printed, displayed, published, distributed, broadcast, televised, or made in any manner with regard to the sale or financing of motor vehicles.
- 4. Failure by any motor vehicle dealer to provide a customer or purchaser with an odometer disclosure statement and a copy of any bona fide written, executed sales contract or agreement of purchase connected with the purchase of the motor vehicle purchased by the customer or purchaser.
- 5. Failure of any motor vehicle dealer to comply with the terms of any bona fide written, executed agreement, pursuant to the sale of a motor vehicle.
- 6. Failure to apply for transfer of a title as prescribed in s. 319.23(6).

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- 7. Use of the dealer license identification number by any person other than the licensed dealer or his or her designee.
- 8. Failure to continually meet the requirements of the licensure law.
- 9. Representation to a customer or any advertisement to the public representing or suggesting that a motor vehicle is a new motor vehicle if such vehicle lawfully cannot be titled in the name of the customer or other member of the public by the seller using a manufacturer's statement of origin as permitted in s. 319.23(1).
- 10. Requirement by any motor vehicle dealer that a customer or purchaser accept equipment on his or her motor vehicle which was not ordered by the customer or purchaser.
- 11. Requirement by any motor vehicle dealer that any customer or purchaser finance a motor vehicle with a specific financial institution or company.
- 12. Requirement by any motor vehicle dealer that the purchaser of a motor vehicle contract with the dealer for physical damage insurance.
- 13. Perpetration of a fraud upon any person as a result of dealing in motor vehicles, including, without limitation, the misrepresentation to any person by the licensee of the licensee's relationship to any manufacturer, importer, or distributor.
- 14. Violation of any of the provisions of s. 319.35 by any motor vehicle dealer.
- 15. Sale by a motor vehicle dealer of a vehicle offered in trade by a customer prior to consummation of the sale, exchange, or transfer of a newly acquired vehicle to the customer, unless the customer provides written authorization

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for the sale of the trade-in vehicle prior to delivery of the newly acquired vehicle.

- 16. Willful failure to comply with any administrative rule adopted by the department.
- 17. Violation of chapter 319, this chapter, or ss. 559.901-559.9221, which has to do with dealing in or repairing motor vehicles or mobile homes. Additionally, in the case of used motor vehicles, the willful violation of the federal law and rule in 15 U.S.C. s. 2304, 16 C.F.R. part 455, pertaining to the consumer sales window form.
- 18. Failure to maintain evidence of notification to the owner or co-owner of a vehicle regarding registration or titling fees owned as required in s. 320.02(19).

Section 16. Subsections (7), (30), (33), and (56) of section 320.08058, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 320.08058 Specialty license plates.--
- (7) FLORIDA SPECIAL OLYMPICS FLORIDA LICENSE PLATES.--
- (a) Florida Special Olympics Florida license plates must contain the official Florida Special Olympics Florida logo and must bear a design and colors that are approved by the department. The word "Florida" must be centered at the bottom top of the plate, and the words "Everyone Wins" "Support Florida Special Olympics" must be centered at the top bottom of the plate.
- (b) The license plate annual use fees are to be annually distributed as follows:
- 1. The first \$5 million collected annually must be forwarded to the private nonprofit corporation as described in s. 393.002 and must be used solely for Special Olympics purposes as approved by the private nonprofit corporation.

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- 2. Any additional fees must be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
  - (30) CHOOSE LIFE LICENSE PLATES. --
- (a) The department shall develop a Choose Life license plate as provided in this section. The word "Florida" must appear at the bottom of the plate, and the words "Choose Life" must appear at the top of the plate.
- (b) The annual use fees shall be distributed annually to each county in the ratio that the annual use fees collected by each county bears to the total fees collected for the plates within the state. Each county shall distribute the funds to nongovernmental, not-for-profit agencies within the county, which agencies' services are limited to counseling and meeting the physical needs of pregnant women who are committed to placing their children for adoption. Funds may not be distributed to any agency that is involved or associated with abortion activities, including counseling for or referrals to abortion clinics, providing medical abortion-related procedures, or proabortion advertising, and funds may not be distributed to any agency that charges women for services received.
- 1. Agencies that receive the funds must use at least 70 percent of the funds to provide for the material needs of pregnant women who are committed to placing their children for adoption, including clothing, housing, medical care, food, utilities, and transportation. Such funds may also be expended on infants awaiting placement with adoptive parents.
- 2. The remaining funds may be used for adoption, counseling, training, or advertising, but may not be used for administrative expenses, legal expenses, or capital expenditures.

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- 3. Each agency that receives such funds must submit an annual attestation audit, prepared by a certified public accountant, to the county. The county may conduct a consolidated audit in lieu of the annual audit. Any unused funds that exceed 10 percent of the funds received by an agency during its fiscal year must be returned to the county, which shall distribute them to other qualified agencies.
  - (33) UNITED WE STAND LICENSE PLATES. --
- (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 320.08053, the department shall develop a United We Stand license plate as provided in this section. The American Flag must appear on the license plate in addition to the words "United We Stand." The colors of the license plate must be red, white, and blue.
- (b) The department shall retain all revenues from the sale of such plates until all startup costs for developing and issuing the plates have been recovered. Thereafter, 100 50 percent of the annual use fee shall be distributed to the Department of Transportation SAFE Council to fund a grant program to enhance security at airports throughout the state, pursuant to s. 332.14 and 50 percent of such fees shall be distributed to the Rewards for Justice Fund, to be contributed to the United States State Department's Rewards for Justice program and used solely to apprehend terrorists and bring them to justice.
  - (56) ANIMAL FRIEND LICENSE PLATES. --
- (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 320.08053, the department shall develop an Animal Friend license plate as provided in this section. Animal Friend license plates must bear the colors and design approved by the department. The word "Florida" must appear at the top of the plate, and the words "Animal Friend" must appear at the bottom of the plate.

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- (b) The department shall retain all annual use fee revenues from the sale of such plates until all startup costs for developing and issuing the plates are recovered, not to exceed \$60,000.
- (c) After the department has recovered all startup costs for developing and issuing the plates, the annual use fees shall be distributed to the <u>Florida Animal Friend</u>, <u>Inc.</u>, <u>for Humane Society of the United States for animal welfare programs and</u> spay and neuter programs in the state.
- (d) No more than 10 percent of the fees collected may be used for administrative costs directly associated with marketing and promotion of the Animal Friend license plate and distribution of funds as described in paragraph (c).
- (e) Funds received from the purchase of the Animal Friend license plate shall not be used for litigation.

Section 17. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 320.089, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.089 Members of National Guard and active United States Armed Forces reservists; former prisoners of war; survivors of Pearl Harbor; Purple Heart medal recipients; special license plates; fee.--

(1)(a) Each owner or lessee of an automobile or truck for private use or recreational vehicle as specified in s. 320.08(9)(c) or (d), which is not used for hire or commercial use, who is a resident of the state and an active or retired member of the Florida National Guard, a survivor of the attack on Pearl Harbor, a recipient of the Purple Heart medal, or an active or retired member of any branch of the United States Armed Forces Reserve shall, upon application to the department, accompanied by proof of active membership or retired status in the Florida National Guard, proof of

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membership in the Pearl Harbor Survivors Association or proof of active military duty in Pearl Harbor on December 7, 1941, proof of being a Purple Heart medal recipient, or proof of 3 active or retired membership in any branch of the Armed Forces 4 5 Reserve, and upon payment of the license tax for the vehicle as provided in s. 320.08, be issued a license plate as provided by s. 320.06, upon which, in lieu of the serial 8 numbers prescribed by s. 320.06, shall be stamped the words "National Guard," "Pearl Harbor Survivor," "Combat-wounded 9 veteran, " or "U.S. Reserve, " as appropriate, followed by the 10 serial number of the license plate. Additionally, the Purple 11 Heart plate may have the words "Purple Heart" stamped on the 13 plate and the likeness of the Purple Heart medal appearing on the plate. 14

Section 18. Subsection (15) of section 320.77, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.77 License required of mobile home dealers.--

- (15) <u>SURETY</u> BOND, <u>CASH BOND</u>, <u>OR IRREVOCABLE LETTER OF</u>

  <u>CREDIT REQUIRED</u>.--
- (a) Before any license shall be issued or renewed, the applicant or licensee shall deliver to the department a good and sufficient surety bond, cash bond, or irrevocable letter of credit, executed by the applicant or licensee as principal and by a surety company qualified to do business in the state as surety. The bond or irrevocable letter of credit shall be in a form to be approved by the department and shall be conditioned upon the dealer's complying with the conditions of any written contract made by the dealer in connection with the sale, exchange, or improvement of any mobile home and his or her not violating any of the provisions of chapter 319 or this chapter in the conduct of the business for which the dealer is

licensed. The bond or irrevocable letter of credit shall be to the department and in favor of any retail customer who 2 shall suffer any loss as a result of any violation of the 3 conditions hereinabove contained in this section. The bond or 4 irrevocable letter of credit shall be for the license period, 5 and a new bond or irrevocable letter of credit or a proper 7 continuation certificate shall be delivered to the department 8 at the beginning of each license period. However, the 9 aggregate liability of the surety in any one license year shall in no event exceed the sum of such bond, or, in the case 10 of a letter of credit, the aggregate liability of the issuing 11 12 bank shall not exceed the sum of the credit. The amount of the 13 bond required shall be as follows:

- 1. A single dealer who buys, sells, or deals in mobile homes and who has four or fewer supplemental licenses shall provide a surety bond, cash bond, or irrevocable letter of credit executed by the dealer applicant or licensee in the amount of \$25,000.
- 2. A single dealer who buys, sells, or deals in mobile homes and who has more than four supplemental licenses shall provide a surety bond, cash bond, or irrevocable letter of credit executed by the dealer applicant or licensee in the amount of \$50,000.

For the purposes of this paragraph, any person who buys, sells, or deals in both mobile homes and recreational vehicles

27 shall provide the same surety bond required of dealers who

28 buy, sell, or deal in mobile homes only.

(b) Surety bonds shall be executed by a surety company authorized to do business in the state as surety, and

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1	irrevocable letters of credit shall be issued by a bank
2	authorized to do business in the state as a bank.
3	(c) Irrevocable letters of credit shall be engaged by
4	a bank as an agreement to honor demands for payment as
5	specified in this section.
6	$\frac{(d)}{(b)}$ The department shall, upon denial, suspension,
7	or revocation of any license, notify the surety company of the
8	licensee or bank issuing an irrevocable letter of credit for
9	the licensee, in writing, that the license has been denied,
10	suspended, or revoked and shall state the reason for such
11	denial, suspension, or revocation.
12	(e)(c) Any surety company that which pays any claim
13	against the bond of any licensee or any bank that honors a
14	demand for payment as a condition specified in a letter of
15	<pre>credit of a licensee shall notify the department, in writing,</pre>
16	that it has paid such action has been taken a claim and shall
17	state the amount of the claim or payment.
18	$\frac{(f)(d)}{d}$ Any surety company that which cancels the bond
19	of any licensee or any bank that cancels an irrevocable letter
20	of credit shall notify the department, in writing, of such
21	cancellation, giving reason for the cancellation.
22	Section 19. Subsection (6) of section 322.08, Florida
23	Statutes, is amended to read:
24	322.08 Application for license
25	(6) The application form for a driver's license or
26	duplicate thereof shall include language permitting the
27	following:
28	(a) A voluntary contribution of \$5 per applicant,
29	which contribution shall be transferred into the Election
30	Campaign Financing Trust Fund.

- (b) A voluntary contribution of \$1 per applicant, which contribution shall be deposited into the Florida Organ and Tissue Donor Education and Procurement Trust Fund for organ and tissue donor education and for maintaining the organ and tissue donor registry.
- (c) A voluntary contribution of \$1 per applicant, which contribution shall be distributed to the Florida Council of the Blind.
- (d) A voluntary contribution of \$2 per applicant, which shall be distributed to the Hearing Research Institute, Incorporated, for the purpose of infant hearing screening in Florida.
- (e) A voluntary contribution of \$1 per applicant, which shall be distributed to the Juvenile Diabetes Foundation International.

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A statement providing an explanation of the purpose of the trust funds shall also be included. For the purpose of applying the service charge provided in s. 215.20, contributions received under paragraphs (c), (d), and (e) and under s. 322.18(9)(a) are not income of a revenue nature.

Section 20. Subsection (14) of section 322.2615, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (16) is added to that section, to read:

322.2615 Suspension of license; right to review.-(14)(a) The decision of the department under this
section may shall not be considered in any trial for a
violation of s. 316.193, and a nor shall any written statement
submitted by a person in his or her request for departmental
review under this section may not be admitted admissible into
evidence against him or her in any such trial.

1	(b) The disposition of any related criminal							
2	proceedings <u>does</u> <del>shall</del> not affect a suspension <u>for refusal to</u>							
3	submit to a blood, breath, or urine test, authorized by s.							
4	316.1932 or s. 316.1933, imposed under pursuant to this							
5	section.							
6	(16) The department shall invalidate a suspension for							
7	driving with an unlawful blood-alcohol level or breath-alcohol							
8	level imposed under this section if the suspended person is							
9	found not quilty at trial of an underlying violation of s.							
10	<u>316.193.</u>							
11	Section 21. (1) There is created the Manufactured							
12	Housing Regulatory Study Commission. The study commission							
13	shall be composed of 11 members who shall be appointed as							
14	follows:							
15	(a) Four members appointed by the Florida Manufactured							
16	Housing Association, one member representing publicly owned							
17	manufacturers of manufactured housing, one member representing							
18	privately owned manufacturers of manufactured housing, and two							
19	members who are retail sellers of manufactured housing, one of							
20	whom must also sell residential manufactured buildings							
21	approved by the Department of Community Affairs.							
22	(b) Two members from the Senate, appointed by the							
23	President of the Senate.							
24	(c) Two members from the House of Representatives,							
25	appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.							
26	(d) The secretary of the Department of Community							
27	Affairs or the secretary's designee.							
28	(e) The executive director of the Department of							
29	Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles or the director's designee.							
30	(f) The commissioner of the Department of Agriculture							
31	and Consumer Services or the commissioner's designee.							

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2	The commission members representing the departments of						
3	Community Affairs, Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, and						
4	Agriculture and Consumer Services shall serve as ex officio,						
5	nonvoting members of the study commission.						
6	(2) The study commission shall review the programs						
7	regulating manufactured and mobile homes which are currently						
8	located at the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles						
9	and must include a review of the following programs and						
10	activities:						
11	(a) The federal construction and inspection programs.						
12	(b) The installation program, including the regulation						
13	and inspection functions.						
14	(c) The Mobile Home and RV Protection Trust Fund.						
15	(d) The licensing of manufacturers, retailers, and						
16	installers of manufactured and mobile homes.						
17	(e) The titling of manufactured and mobile homes.						
18	(f) Dispute resolution.						
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20	During the course of the study, the study commission must						
21	review the sources funding the programs to determine if the						
22	manufactured and mobile home programs are or can be						
23	self-sustaining. The study commission shall also consider the						
24	impact that changes in regulation may have on the industry and						
25	its consumers.						
26	(3) The study commission shall be administratively						
27	supported by the staff of the transportation committees of the						
28	Senate and the House of Representatives.						
29	(4)(a) The study commission must hold its initial						
30	meeting no later than August 15, 2005, in Tallahassee. Staff						

31 to the commission shall schedule and organize the initial

meeting. Subsequent meetings of the study commission must be 2 held in Tallahassee according to a schedule developed by the 3 <u>chair.</u> 4 (b) At the initial meeting, the study commission shall elect a chair from one of the elected official members. 5 6 (5) The study commission must submit a final report 7 setting forth its findings and recommendations to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the 8 House of Representatives on or before January 1, 2006. 9 10 (6) Members of the study commission shall serve without compensation, but are entitled to be reimbursed for 11 12 per diem and travel expenses under section 112.061, Florida 13 Statutes. (7) The study commission terminates after submitting 14 its final report but not later than February 15, 2006. 15 Section 22. Subsection (3) of section 322.27, Florida 16 17 Statutes, is amended to read: 18 322.27 Authority of department to suspend or revoke 19 license.--(3) There is established a point system for evaluation 2.0 21 of convictions of violations of motor vehicle laws or 22 ordinances, and violations of applicable provisions of s. 23 403.413(6)(b) when such violations involve the use of motor vehicles, for the determination of the continuing 2.4 qualification of any person to operate a motor vehicle. The 2.5 26 department is authorized to suspend the license of any person 27 upon showing of its records or other good and sufficient 2.8 evidence that the licensee has been convicted of violation of motor vehicle laws or ordinances, or applicable provisions of 29 s. 403.413(6)(b), amounting to 12 or more points as determined 30

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by the point system. The suspension shall be for a period of not more than 1 year.

- (a) When a licensee accumulates 12 points within a 12-month period, the period of suspension shall be for not more than 30 days.
- (b) When a licensee accumulates 18 points, including points upon which suspension action is taken under paragraph(a), within an 18-month period, the suspension shall be for a period of not more than 3 months.
- (c) When a licensee accumulates 24 points, including points upon which suspension action is taken under paragraphs (a) and (b), within a 36-month period, the suspension shall be for a period of not more than 1 year.
- (d) The point system shall have as its basic element a graduated scale of points assigning relative values to convictions of the following violations:
  - 1. Reckless driving, willful and wanton--4 points.
- 2. Leaving the scene of a crash resulting in property damage of more than \$50--6 points.
  - 3. Unlawful speed resulting in a crash--6 points.
- 4. Passing a stopped school bus--4 points.
  - 5. Unlawful speed:
- a. Not in excess of 15 miles per hour of lawful or posted speed--3 points.
- 25 b. In excess of 15 miles per hour of lawful or posted 26 speed--4 points.
- 27 6. All other moving violations (including parking on a highway outside the limits of a municipality)--3 points.
- 29 However, no points shall be imposed for a violation of s.
- 30 316.0741 or s. 316.2065(12).

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- 7. Any moving violation covered above, excluding unlawful speed, resulting in a crash--4 points.
- 8. Any conviction under <u>s. 403.413(6)(b)</u> <del>s.</del> 403.413(5)(b) --3 points.
- (e) A conviction in another state of a violation therein which, if committed in this state, would be a violation of the traffic laws of this state, or a conviction of an offense under any federal law substantially conforming to the traffic laws of this state, except a violation of s. 322.26, may be recorded against a driver on the basis of the same number of points received had the conviction been made in a court of this state.
- (f) In computing the total number of points, when the licensee reaches the danger zone, the department is authorized to send the licensee a warning letter advising that any further convictions may result in suspension of his or her driving privilege.
- (g) The department shall administer and enforce the provisions of this law and may make rules and regulations necessary for its administration.
- (h) Three points shall be deducted from the driver history record of any person whose driving privilege has been suspended only once pursuant to this subsection and has been reinstated, if such person has complied with all other requirements of this chapter.
- (i) This subsection shall not apply to persons operating a nonmotorized vehicle for which a driver's license is not required.
- 29 Section 23. Subsections (1), (2), (3), (7), (8), and
  30 (10) of section 322.61, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
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322.61 Disqualification from operating a commercial motor vehicle.--

- (1) A person who, <u>for offenses occurring</u> within a 3-year period, is convicted of two of the following serious traffic violations or any combination thereof, arising in separate incidents committed in a commercial motor vehicle shall, in addition to any other applicable penalties, be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for a period of 60 days. A person who, for offenses occurring within a 3-year period, is convicted of two of the following serious traffic violations, or any combination thereof, arising in separate incidents committed in a noncommercial motor vehicle shall, in addition to any other applicable penalties, be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for a period of 60 days if such convictions result in the suspension, revocation, or cancellation of the licenseholder's driving privilege:
- (a) A violation of any state or local law relating to motor vehicle traffic control, other than a parking violation, a weight violation, or a vehicle equipment violation, arising in connection with a crash resulting in death or personal injury to any person;
  - (b) Reckless driving, as defined in s. 316.192;
  - (c) Careless driving, as defined in s. 316.1925;
- (d) Fleeing or attempting to elude a law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 316.1935;
- (e) Unlawful speed of 15 miles per hour or more above the posted speed limit;
- 29 (f) Driving a commercial motor vehicle, owned by such 30 person, which is not properly insured;
  - (g) Improper lane change, as defined in s. 316.085; or

1	(h) Following too closely, as defined in s. $316.0895$ $\underline{i}$ $\div$							
2	(i) Driving a commercial vehicle without obtaining a							
3	<pre>commercial driver's license;</pre>							
4	(j) Driving a commercial vehicle without the proper							
5	class of commercial driver's license or without the proper							
6	endorsement; or							
7	(k) Driving a commercial vehicle without a commercial							
8	driver's license in possession, as required by s. 322.03. Any							
9	individual who provides proof to the clerk of the court or							
10	designated official in the jurisdiction where the citation was							
11	issued, by the date the individual must appear in court or pay							
12	any fine for such a violation, that the individual held a							
13	valid commercial driver's license on the date the citation was							
14	issued is not quilty of this offense.							
15	(2)(a) Any person who, for offenses occurring within a							
16	3-year period, is convicted of three serious traffic							
17	violations specified in subsection (1) or any combination							
18	thereof, arising in separate incidents committed in a							
19	commercial motor vehicle shall, in addition to any other							
20	applicable penalties, including but not limited to the penalty							
21	provided in subsection (1), be disqualified from operating a							
22	commercial motor vehicle for a period of 120 days.							
23	(b) A person who, for offenses occurring within a							
24	3-year period, is convicted of three serious traffic							
25	violations specified in subsection (1) or any combination							
26	thereof arising in separate incidents committed in a							
27	noncommercial motor vehicle shall, in addition to any other							
28	applicable penalties, including, but not limited to, the							
29	penalty provided in subsection (1), be disqualified from							

30 operating a commercial motor vehicle for a period of 120 days

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if	such	convi	icti	ions	result	in	the	sı	uspension	ı,	revocation,	or
									_			
car	ncella	ation	of	the	licens	eho:	lder	' s	driving	pr	ivilege.	

- (3) Except as provided in subsection (4), any person who is convicted of one of the following offenses shall, in addition to any other applicable penalties, be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for a period of 1 year:
- (a) Driving a commercial motor vehicle while he or she is under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance;
- (b) Driving a commercial motor vehicle while the alcohol concentration of his or her blood, breath, or urine is .04 percent or higher;
- (c) Leaving the scene of a crash involving a commercial motor vehicle driven by such person;
- (d) Using a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of a felony;
- (e) Driving a commercial motor vehicle while in possession of a controlled substance; or
- (f) Refusing to submit to a test to determine his or her alcohol concentration while driving a commercial motor 21 vehicle:
  - (g) Driving a commercial vehicle while the licenseholder's commercial driver's license is suspended, revoked, or canceled or while the licenseholder is disqualified from driving a commercial vehicle; or
- (h) Causing a fatality through the negligent operation 26 27 of a commercial motor vehicle.
- 2.8 (7) A person whose privilege to operate a commercial 29 motor vehicle is disqualified under this section may, if otherwise qualified, be issued a <del>Class D or</del> Class E driver's 30 license, pursuant to s. 322.251.

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- (8) A driver who is convicted of or otherwise found to have committed a violation of an out-of-service order while driving a commercial motor vehicle is disqualified as follows:
- (a) Not less than 90 days nor more than 1 year if the driver is convicted of or otherwise found to have committed a first violation of an out-of-service order.
- (b) Not less than 1 year nor more than 5 years if, <u>for offenses occurring</u> during any 10-year period, the driver is convicted of or otherwise found to have committed two violations of out-of-service orders in separate incidents.
- (c) Not less than 3 years nor more than 5 years if, for offenses occurring during any 10-year period, the driver is convicted of or otherwise found to have committed three or more violations of out-of-service orders in separate incidents.
- (d) Not less than 180 days nor more than 2 years if the driver is convicted of or otherwise found to have committed a first violation of an out-of-service order while transporting hazardous materials required to be placarded under the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act, 49 U.S.C. ss. 5101 et seq., or while operating motor vehicles designed to transport more than 15 passengers, including the driver. A driver is disqualified for a period of not less than 3 years nor more than 5 years if, for offenses occurring during any 10-year period, the driver is convicted of or otherwise found to have committed any subsequent violations of out-of-service orders, in separate incidents, while transporting hazardous materials required to be placarded under the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act 49 U.S.C. ss. 5101 et seq., or while operating motor vehicles designed to transport more than 15 passengers, including the driver.

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(10)(a) A driver must be disqualified for not less 2 than 60 days if the driver is convicted of or otherwise found to have committed a first violation of a railroad-highway 3 grade crossing violation. 4 5 (b) A driver must be disqualified for not less than 6 120 days if, for offenses occurring during any 3-year period, 7 the driver is convicted of or otherwise found to have 8 committed a second railroad-highway grade crossing violation 9 in separate incidents. 10 (c) A driver must be disqualified for not less than 1 year if, for offenses occurring during any 3-year period, the 11 driver is convicted of or otherwise found to have committed a 13 third or subsequent railroad-highway grade crossing violation in separate incidents. 14 Section 24. Subsection (5) is added to section 321.24, 15 16 to read: 321.24 Members of an auxiliary to Florida Highway 18 Patrol.--(5) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, any 19 volunteer highway patrol troop surgeon appointed by the 2.0 21 director of the Florida Highway Patrol, and any volunteer 22 licensed health professional appointed by the director of the 23 Florida Highway Patrol to work under the medical direction of a highway patrol troop surgeon is considered an employee for 2.4 purposes of s. 768.28(9). 2.5 Section 25. Section 549.102, Florida Statutes, is 26 27 created to read: 2.8 549.102 Motorsports entertainment complex; overnight

parking .-- Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the

owner of a motorsports entertainment complex may allow

1	2 days immediately preceding and following such motorsports						
2	event without any other license or permit as long as the area						
3	where such temporary overnight parking is allowed meets						
4	applicable health department requirements other than site						
5	requirements. The Department of Health, or any other health						
6	agency in the state, shall not regard such temporary overnight						
7	parking as a "recreational vehicle park" as described in						
8	chapter 513 and the administrative code adopted under that						
9	chapter.						
10	Section 26. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005.						
11							
12	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN						
13	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR CS/CS Senate Bill 454						
14							
15	The CS allows the department to issue a drivers' license						
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18	Provides penalties for certain traffic infractions requiring a mandatory hearing and provides for distribution of monies collected;						
19	Provides for the distribution of specified civil penalties by						
20	county courts;						
21	Allows mobile home dealers to post a cash bond or irrevocable letter of credit, in lieu of a required surety bond, in order to be licensed mobile home dealers in the state;						
23	Provides an exemption from chapter 513, Florida Statutes, for						
24	temporary overnight parking during a motorsports event at a motorsports entertainment complex.						
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