## CHAMBER ACTION

The Health & Families Council recommends the following:

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## Council/Committee Substitute

Remove the entire bill and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to Medicaid eligibility; amending s. 409.902, F.S.; providing for determination of eligibility for nursing facility services under the Medicaid program; specifying a penalty period; requiring the Agency for Health Care Administration to develop a reimbursement methodology for certain facilities; specifying criteria for certain personal services contracts; providing for certain financial instruments signed within a specified period of time to be considered countable assets when determining Medicaid eligibility; specifying criteria for certain annuities; providing direction to hearing officers relating to revisions of community spouse income or resource allowances; authorizing the Department of Children and Family Services to adopt rules; providing a contingent effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 409.902, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.902 Designated single state agency; payment requirements; program title; release of medical records; eligibility requirements.--

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The Agency for Health Care Administration is (1)designated as the single state agency authorized to make payments for medical assistance and related services under Title XIX of the Social Security Act. These payments shall be made, subject to any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, only for services included in the program, shall be made only on behalf of eligible individuals, and shall be made only to qualified providers in accordance with federal requirements for Title XIX of the Social Security Act and the provisions of state law. This program of medical assistance is designated the "Medicaid program." The Department of Children and Family Services is responsible for Medicaid eligibility determinations, including, but not limited to, policy, rules, and the agreement with the Social Security Administration for Medicaid eligibility determinations for Supplemental Security Income recipients, as well as the actual determination of eligibility. As a condition of Medicaid eligibility, subject to federal approval, the Agency for Health Care Administration and the Department of Children and Family Services shall ensure that each recipient of Medicaid consents to the release of her or his medical records to the Agency for Health Care Administration and the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Department of Legal Affairs.

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(2)(a) In determining eligibility for nursing facility services, including institutional hospice services and home and community-based waiver programs under the Medicaid program, the Department of Children and Family Services shall apply the following asset transfer limitations effective for transfers made on or after October 1, 2005:

1.a. The penalty period associated with all transfers of assets for less than fair market value begins on the first day of the month in which an individual applies for medical assistance and is otherwise eligible. For recipients of medical assistance, the penalty period begins on the first day of the month in which the Department of Children and Family Services becomes aware of the transfer or on the first day of the month following a period of ineligibility for an earlier transfer.

b. The Agency for Health Care Administration shall amend the Medicaid state plan to create a methodology to reimburse facilities licensed under chapter 400 for the bad debts incurred as a result of the obligation to care for residents without payment during this period of ineligibility. Payments shall be limited to the daily Medicaid rate, shall be offset by any collections from the resident or resident's responsible party, and shall be limited to the period of ineligibility from the date of application to the date of discharge or eligibility, whichever is earlier. This payment methodology shall be effective for bad debts incurred for any resident determined ineligible under this subsection for a period of 2 years after federal law relating to the period of ineligibility is changed or federal approval of the waiver is granted. Upon expiration of

this methodology, bad debts incurred as a result of the obligation to care for residents without payment during this period of ineligibility shall be deemed an allowable Medicaid bad debt and shall be reported on a facility's Medicaid cost report. This sub-subparagraph shall take effect when federal law is changed or when a waiver is received that allows federal participation in this reimbursement methodology.

- 2. Individuals who enter into a personal services contract with a relative shall be considered to have transferred assets without fair compensation to qualify for Medicaid unless all of the following criteria are met:
- a. The contracted services do not duplicate services available through other sources or providers, such as Medicaid, Medicare, private insurance, or another legally obligated third party.
- b. The contracted services directly benefit the individual and are not services normally provided out of love and consideration for the individual.
- c. The actual cost to deliver services is computed in a manner that clearly reflects the actual number of hours to be expended and the contract clearly identifies each specific service and the average number of hours of each service to be delivered each month.
- d. The hourly rate for each contracted service is equal to or less than the amount normally charged by a professional who traditionally provides the same or similar services.
- e. The contracted services are provided on a prospective
  basis only and not for services provided in the past.

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f. The contract provides fair compensation to the individual in his or her lifetime as set forth in life expectancy tables adopted in rule 65A-1.716, Florida Administrative Code.

- 3. A financial instrument signed within the transfer look-back period for institutional Medicaid coverage or home and community-based waiver programs that allows deferred payments, graduated payments, balloon payments, or debt forgiveness shall be considered a countable asset to the individual in the amount of the outstanding value of the financial instrument when determining Medicaid eligibility.
- (b) In determining eligibility for nursing facility services, including institutional hospice services and home and community-based waiver programs under the Medicaid program, the following limitations apply to annuities purchased on or after October 1, 2005, when the applicant or the applicant's spouse owns an annuity, other than a work-related pension annuity, such as a civil service annuity, a railroad retirement annuity, or another similar pension annuity.
- 1. An annuity is an excluded resource and the monthly payments are counted as unearned income if the annuity:
- a. Was purchased from an insurance company or financial institution that is subject to licensing or regulation by the Office of Insurance Regulation or a similar regulatory agency of another state;
  - b. Is irrevocable;
- c. Pays out principal and interest in equal monthly

  installments wherein the principal investment is paid within the

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annuitant's life expectancy based on the life expectancy table used by the Social Security Administration or based on a shorter life expectancy, if the annuitant has a condition that would shorten the annuitant's life and that was diagnosed by a physician before funds were placed into the annuity; and

- d. With the exception of an annuity for a community spouse who is not requesting Medicaid nursing facility care or home and community-based services waiver care, names the State of Florida or the Agency for Health Care Administration, or its successor agency, as the beneficiary of any funds remaining in the annuity, not to exceed the amount of any Medicaid fund paid on the individual's behalf during his or her lifetime.
- 2. If all of the conditions in subparagraph 1. are not met, the annuity's fair market value is counted as a resource in the amount of its fair market value with the following exception: When an annuity does not provide for payout of principal and interest in equal installments within the annuitant's lifetime and the issuing company indicates the payout arrangement cannot be changed, the annuity shall be excluded as a resource if the contract is amended to name the State of Florida as the beneficiary of any funds remaining in the annuity, not to exceed the amount of Medicaid funds paid on the individual's behalf during his or her lifetime.
- (c) Under the spousal impoverishment policies of s. 1924
  of the Social Security Act, the following special provision
  applies: When a hearing officer considers revisions of community
  spouse income or resource allowances permitted by s. 1924(e)(2)
  of the Social Security Act, the hearing officer must consider

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186 187 all income first, including the community spouse's own income as well as all potential income that would be available from the institutionalized spouse upon approval of Medicaid institutional care, before raising the community spouse's income or resource allowance.

(d) The Department of Children and Family Services may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the requirements of this subsection.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005, except that if any provision of subsection (2) of section 409.902, Florida Statutes, as created by this act, is prohibited by federal law, that provision shall take effect when federal law is changed to permit its application or when a waiver is received. If, by October 1, 2005, any provision of subsection (2) of section 409.902, Florida Statutes, as created by this act, has not taken effect because of prohibitions in federal law, the Secretary of Health Care Administration shall apply to the Federal Government by January 1, 2006, for a waiver of the prohibitions in federal law or other federal authority, and the provisions of subsection (2) of section 409.902, Florida Statutes, as created by this act, shall take effect upon receipt of a federal waiver or other federal approval, notification to the Secretary of State, and publication of a notice in the Florida Administrative Weekly to that effect.