CHAMBER ACTION

The Justice Appropriations Committee recommends the following:

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Council/Committee Substitute

Remove the entire bill and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the Interstate Compact for Juveniles; amending s. 985.502, F.S.; revising provisions of the former Interstate Compact on Juveniles; providing purpose of the compact; providing definitions; providing for an Interstate Commission for Juveniles; providing for the appointment of commissioners; providing for an executive committee; providing for meetings; providing powers and duties of the Interstate Commission; providing for its organization and operation; providing for bylaws, officers, and staff; providing for qualified immunity from liability for the commissioners, the executive director, and employees; requiring the Interstate Commission to adopt rules; providing for oversight, enforcement, and dispute resolution by the Interstate Commission; providing for the activities of the Interstate Commission to be financed by an annual assessment from each compacting state; requiring member states to create a State Council for Interstate Juvenile Supervision; providing for the Page 1 of 29

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effective date of the compact and amendments thereto; providing for a state's withdrawal from and reinstatement to the compact; providing for assistance, certain penalties, suspension, or termination following default by a state; providing for judicial enforcement; providing for dissolution of the compact; providing for severability and construction of the compact; providing for the effect of the compact with respect to other laws and for its binding effect; creating s. 985.5025, F.S.; creating the State Council for Interstate Juvenile Offender Supervision to oversee state participation in the compact; providing membership; providing for records and open meetings; prescribing procedures if the council is abolished; repealing ss. 985.503, 985.504, 985.505, 985.506, and 985.507, F.S., relating to obsolete provisions governing the former compact superseded by the act; providing for future repeal; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Section 985.502, Florida Statutes, is amended Section 1. to read: (Substantial rewording of section. See s. 985.502, F.S., for present text.) 985.502 Execution of interstate compact for juveniles. -- The Governor is authorized and directed to execute a

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compact on behalf of this state with any other state or states

legally joining thereto in the form substantially as follows.

This compact does not interfere with this state's authority to determine policy regarding juvenile offenders and nonoffenders within this state.

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THE INTERSTATE COMPACT FOR JUVENILES

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ARTICLE I

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PURPOSE. --

- The compacting states to this Interstate Compact recognize that each state is responsible for the proper supervision or return of juveniles, delinquents, and status offenders who are on probation or parole and who have absconded, escaped, or run away from supervision and control and in so doing have endangered their own safety and the safety of others. The compacting states also recognize that each state is responsible for the safe return of juveniles who have run away from home and in doing so have left their state of residence. The compacting states also recognize that Congress, by enacting the Crime Control Act, 4 U.S.C. s. 112 (1965), has authorized and encouraged compacts for cooperative efforts and mutual assistance in the prevention of crime.
- (2) It is the purpose of this compact, through means of joint and cooperative action among the compacting states to: (A) ensure that the adjudicated juveniles and status offenders subject to this compact are provided adequate supervision and services in the receiving state as ordered by the adjudicating judge or parole authority in the sending state; (B) ensure that

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the public safety interests of the public, including the victims
of juvenile offenders, in both the sending and receiving states
are adequately protected; (C) return juveniles who have run
away, absconded, or escaped from supervision or control or who
have been accused of an offense to the state requesting their
return; (D) make contracts for the cooperative
institutionalization in public facilities in member states for
delinquent youth needing special services; (E) provide for the
effective tracking and supervision of juveniles; (F) equitably
allocate the costs, benefits, and obligations of the compacting
states; (G) establish procedures to manage the movement between
states of juvenile offenders released to the community under the
jurisdiction of courts, juvenile departments, or any other
criminal or juvenile justice agency that has jurisdiction over
juvenile offenders; (H) ensure immediate notice to jurisdictions
where defined offenders are authorized to travel or to relocate
across state lines; (I) establish procedures to resolve pending
charges (detainers) against juvenile offenders prior to transfer
or release to the community under the terms of this compact; (J)
establish a system of uniform data collection of information
pertaining to juveniles subject to this compact which allows
access by authorized juvenile justice and criminal justice
officials, and regular reporting of activities under this
compact to heads of state executive, judicial, and legislative
branches and juvenile and criminal justice administrators; (K)
monitor compliance with rules governing interstate movement of
juveniles and initiate interventions to address and correct
noncompliance; (L) coordinate training and education regarding Page 4 of 29

108 the regulation of interstate movement of juveniles for officials 109 involved in such activity; and (M) coordinate the implementation 110 and operation of the compact with the Interstate Compact for the 111 Placement of Children, the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender 112 Supervision, and other compacts affecting juveniles, 113 particularly in those cases where concurrent or overlapping 114 supervision issues arise. It is the policy of the compacting 115 states that the activities conducted by the Interstate Commission created in this compact are the formation of public 116 117 policies and therefore are public business. Furthermore, the 118 compacting states shall cooperate and observe their individual 119 and collective duties and responsibilities for the prompt return 120 and acceptance of juveniles subject to the provisions of the 121 compact. The provisions of the compact shall be reasonably and 122 liberally construed to accomplish the purposes and policies of 123 the compact.

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125 ARTICLE II

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DEFINITIONS.--As used in this compact, unless the context
clearly requires a different construction:

- 129 (1) "Bylaws" means those bylaws established by the

 130 Interstate Commission for its governance or for directing or

 131 controlling its actions or conduct.
 - (2) "Compact administrator" means the individual in each compacting state, appointed pursuant to the terms of this compact, who is responsible for the administration and management of the state's supervision and transfer of juveniles

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subject to the terms of this compact, the rules adopted by the

Interstate Commission, and the policies adopted by the state

council under this compact.

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- (3) "Compacting state" means any state that has enacted the enabling legislation for this compact.
- (4) "Commissioner" means the voting representative of each compacting state appointed pursuant to Article III of this compact.
- (5) "Court" means any court having jurisdiction over delinquent, neglected, or dependent children.
- (6) "Deputy compact administrator" means the individual, if any, in each compacting state appointed to act on behalf of a compact administrator pursuant to the terms of the compact who is responsible for the administration and management of the state's supervision and transfer of juveniles subject to the terms of this compact, the rules adopted by the Interstate Commission, and the policies adopted by the state council under this compact.
- (7) "Interstate Commission" means the Interstate

 Commission for Juveniles created by Article III of this compact.
- (8) "Juvenile" means any person defined as a juvenile in any member state or by the rules of the Interstate Commission, including:
- (a) Accused delinquent a person charged with an offense that, if committed by an adult, would be a criminal offense;
- (b) Adjudicated delinquent a person found to have

 committed an offense that, if committed by an adult, would be a
 criminal offense;

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(c) Accused status offender - a person charged with an

offense that would not be a criminal offense if committed by an

adult;

(d) Adjudicated status offender - a person found to have

committed an offense that would not be a criminal offense if

- (e) Nonoffender a person in need of supervision who has not been accused or adjudicated a status offender or delinquent.
- (9) "Noncompacting state" means any state that has not enacted the enabling legislation for this compact.
- (10) "Probation or parole" means any kind of supervision or conditional release of juveniles authorized under the laws of the compacting states.
- (11) "Rule" means a written statement by the Interstate

 Commission adopted pursuant to Article VI of this compact which
 is of general applicability and implements, interprets, or
 prescribes a policy or provision of the compact, or an
 organizational, procedural, or practice requirement of the
 commission; has the force and effect of statutory law in a
 compacting state; and includes the amendment, repeal, or
 suspension of an existing rule.
- (12) "State" means a state of the United States, the

 District of Columbia (or its designee), the Commonwealth of

 Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American

 Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands.

ARTICLE III

committed by an adult; and

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INTERSTATE COMMISSION FOR JUVENILES. --

(1) The compacting states hereby create the "Interstate Commission for Juveniles." The Interstate Commission shall be a body corporate and joint agency of the compacting states. The Interstate Commission shall have all the responsibilities, powers, and duties set forth in this compact, and such additional powers as may be conferred upon it by subsequent action of the respective legislatures of the compacting states in accordance with the terms of this compact.

- (2) The Interstate Commission shall consist of commissioners appointed by the appropriate appointing authority in each state pursuant to the rules and requirements of each compacting state and in consultation with the State Council for Interstate Juvenile Supervision created hereunder. The commissioner shall be the compact administrator, deputy compact administrator, or designee from that state who shall serve on the Interstate Commission in such capacity under or pursuant to the applicable law of the compacting state.
- representatives of each state, the Interstate Commission shall include individuals who are not commissioners, but who are members of interested organizations. Such noncommissioner members must include a member of the national organization of governors, legislatures, state chief justices, attorneys general, Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision, Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children, juvenile justice and juvenile corrections officials, and crime victims. All noncommissioner members of the Interstate Commission shall

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220 be ex officio, nonvoting members. The Interstate Commission may 221 provide in its bylaws for such additional ex officio, nonvoting members, including members of other national organizations, in 222 223 such numbers as shall be determined by the Interstate 224 Commission.

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- (4) Each compacting state represented at any meeting of the Interstate Commission is entitled to one vote. A majority of the compacting states shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, unless a larger quorum is required by the bylaws of the Interstate Commission.
- The Interstate Commission shall establish an executive committee, which shall include commission officers, members, and others as determined by the bylaws. The executive committee shall have the power to act on behalf of the Interstate Commission during periods when the Interstate Commission is not in session, with the exception of rulemaking or amendment to the compact. The executive committee shall oversee the day-to-day activities of the administration of the compact, which shall be managed by an executive director and Interstate Commission staff. The executive committee shall administer enforcement and compliance with the provisions of the compact, its bylaws, and rules, and shall perform other duties as directed by the Interstate Commission or set forth in the bylaws.
- (6) Each member of the Interstate Commission shall have the right and power to cast a vote to which that compacting state is entitled and to participate in the business and affairs of the Interstate Commission. A member shall vote in person and may not delegate a vote to another compacting state. However, a

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commissioner, in consultation with the state council, shall appoint another authorized representative, in the absence of the commissioner from that state, to cast a vote on behalf of the compacting state at a specified meeting. The bylaws may provide for members' participation in meetings by telephone or other means of telecommunication or electronic communication.

data concerning the interstate movement of juveniles as directed through its rules, which shall specify the data to be collected, the means of collection and data exchange, and reporting requirements. Such methods of data collection, exchange, and reporting shall, insofar as is reasonably possible, conform to up-to-date technology and coordinate its information functions with the appropriate repository of records.

ARTICLE IV

POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION. -- The Interstate Commission shall have the following powers and duties:

- (1) To provide for dispute resolution among compacting states.
- (2) To adopt rules to effect the purposes and obligations as enumerated in this compact, and which shall have the force and effect of statutory law and shall be binding in the compacting states to the extent and in the manner provided in this compact.

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(3) To oversee, supervise, and coordinate the interstate movement of juveniles subject to the terms of this compact and any bylaws and rules adopted by the Interstate Commission.

- (4) To enforce compliance with the compact provisions, the rules adopted by the Interstate Commission, and the bylaws, using all necessary and proper means, including, but not limited to, the use of judicial process.
- (5) To establish and maintain offices that are located within one or more of the compacting states.
 - (6) To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds.
- (7) To borrow, accept, hire, or contract for services of personnel.
- (8) To establish and appoint committees and hire staff that it deems necessary for carrying out its functions, including, but not limited to, an executive committee as required in Article III which shall have the power to act on behalf of the Interstate Commission in carrying out its powers and duties hereunder.
- (9) To elect or appoint such officers, attorneys, employees, agents, or consultants; to fix their compensation, define their duties, and determine their qualifications; and to establish the Interstate Commission's personnel policies and programs relating to, inter alia, conflicts of interest, rates of compensation, and qualifications of personnel.
- (10) To accept any and all donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services, and to receive, use, and dispose of such donations and grants.

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302	(11) To lease, purchase, accept contributions or donations
303	of, or otherwise to own, hold, improve, or use any property,
304	real, personal, or mixed.
305	(12) To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange,
306	abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property, real, personal,
307	or mixed.
308	(13) To establish a budget and make expenditures and levy
309	dues as provided in Article VIII of this compact.
310	(14) To sue and to be sued.
311	(15) To adopt a seal and bylaws governing the management
312	and operation of the Interstate Commission.
313	(16) To perform such functions as may be necessary or
314	appropriate to achieve the purposes of this compact.
315	(17) To report annually to the legislatures, governors,
316	judiciary, and state councils of the compacting states
317	concerning the activities of the Interstate Commission during
318	the preceding year. Such reports shall also include any
319	recommendations that may have been adopted by the Interstate
320	Commission.
321	(18) To coordinate education, training, and public
322	awareness regarding the interstate movement of juveniles for
323	officials involved in such activity.
324	(19) To establish uniform standards of the reporting,
325	collecting, and exchanging of data.
326	(20) To maintain its corporate books and records in
327	accordance with the bylaws.
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ARTICLE V Page 12 of 29

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331	ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION
332	Section A. BylawsThe Interstate Commission shall, by a
333	majority of the members present and voting, within 12 months
334	after the first Interstate Commission meeting, adopt bylaws to
335	govern its conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to carry
336	out the purposes of the compact, including, but not limited to:
337	(1) Establishing the fiscal year of the Interstate
338	Commission;
339	(2) Establishing an executive committee and such other
340	committees as may be necessary;
341	(3) Providing for the establishment of committees
342	governing any general or specific delegation of any authority or
343	function of the Interstate Commission;
344	(4) Providing reasonable procedures for calling and
345	conducting meetings of the Interstate Commission and ensuring
346	reasonable notice of each such meeting;
347	(5) Establishing the titles and responsibilities of the
348	officers of the Interstate Commission;
349	(6) Providing a mechanism for concluding the operation of
350	the Interstate Commission and the return of any surplus funds
351	that may exist upon the termination of the compact after the
352	payment or reserving all of its debts and obligations;
353	(7) Providing start-up rules for initial administration of
354	the compact; and
355	(8) Establishing standards and procedures for compliance
356	and technical assistance in carrying out the compact.
357	Section B. Officers and staff Page 13 of 29

(1) The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of the members, elect annually from among its members a chairperson and vice chairperson, each of whom shall have such authority and duties as may be specified in the bylaws. The chairperson or, in the chairperson's absence or disability, the vice chairperson shall preside at all meetings of the Interstate Commission. The officers so elected shall serve without compensation or remuneration from the Interstate Commission; provided that, subject to the availability of budgeted funds, the officers shall be reimbursed for any ordinary and necessary costs and expenses incurred by them in the performance of their duties and responsibilities as officers of the Interstate Commission.

(2) The Interstate Commission shall, through its executive committee, appoint or retain an executive director for such

- (2) The Interstate Commission shall, through its executive committee, appoint or retain an executive director for such period, upon such terms and conditions, and for such compensation as the Interstate Commission deems appropriate. The executive director shall serve as secretary to the Interstate Commission, but may not be a member, and shall hire and supervise such other staff as may be authorized by the Interstate Commission.
- Section C. Qualified immunity, defense, and indemnification.--
- (1) The Interstate Commission's executive director and employees shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused or arising out of or relating to any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred, or that such

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person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred, within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that any such person is not protected from suit or liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of any such person.

- (2) The liability of any commissioner, or the employee or agent of a commissioner, acting within the scope of such person's employment or duties for acts, errors, or omissions occurring within such person's state may not exceed the limits of liability set forth under the constitution and laws of that state for state officials, employees, and agents. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to protect any such person from suit or liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of any such person.
- director or the employees or representatives of the Interstate

 Commission and, subject to the approval of the Attorney General
 of the state represented by any commissioner of a compacting
 state, shall defend such commissioner or the commissioner's
 representatives or employees in any civil action seeking to
 impose liability arising out of any actual or alleged act,
 error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate
 Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the
 defendant had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within
 the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or
 responsibilities; provided that the actual or alleged act,

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error, or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such person.

(4) The Interstate Commission shall indemnify and hold the commissioner of a compacting state or the commissioner's representatives or employees, or the Interstate Commission's representatives or employees, harmless in the amount of any settlement or judgment obtained against such persons arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such persons had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such persons.

430 ARTICLE VI

RULEMAKING FUNCTIONS OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION. --

- (1) The Interstate Commission shall adopt and publish rules in order to effectively and efficiently achieve the purposes of the compact.
- (2) Rulemaking shall occur pursuant to the criteria set forth in this article and the bylaws and rules adopted pursuant thereto. Such rulemaking shall substantially conform to the principles of the "Model State Administrative Procedures Act," 1981 Act, Uniform Laws Annotated, Vol. 15, p. 1 (2000), or such other administrative procedures act as the Interstate Commission

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442 deems appropriate consistent with due process requirements under 443 the United States Constitution as now or hereafter interpreted 444 by the United States Supreme Court. All rules and amendments 445 shall become binding as of the date specified, as published with 446 the final version of the rule as approved by the Interstate Commission.

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- (3) When adopting a rule, the Interstate Commission shall, at a minimum:
- (a) Publish the proposed rule's entire text stating the reason for that proposed rule;
- (b) Allow and invite any and all persons to submit written data, facts, opinions, and arguments, which information shall be added to the record and made publicly available;
- Provide an opportunity for an informal hearing if petitioned by 10 or more persons; and
- (d) Adopt a final rule and its effective date, if appropriate, based on input from state or local officials or interested parties.
- (4) Allow, not later than 60 days after a rule is adopted, any interested person to file a petition in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, or in the Federal District Court where the Interstate Commission's principal office is located, for judicial review of such rule. If the court finds that the Interstate Commission's actions are not supported by the substantial evidence in the rulemaking record, the court shall hold the rule unlawful and set it aside. For purposes of this subsection, evidence is substantial if it would

469	be considered substantial evidence under the Model State
470	Administrative Procedures Act.
471	(5) If a majority of the legislatures of the compacting
472	states rejects a rule, those states may, by enactment of a
473	statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the
474	compact, cause that such rule shall have no further force and
475	effect in any compacting state.
476	(6) The existing rules governing the operation of the
477	Interstate Compact on Juveniles superseded by this act shall be
478	null and void 12 months after the first meeting of the
479	Interstate Commission created hereunder.
480	(7) Upon determination by the Interstate Commission that a
481	state of emergency exists, it may adopt an emergency rule that
482	shall become effective immediately upon adoption; provided that
483	the usual rulemaking procedures provided hereunder shall be
484	retroactively applied to said rule as soon as reasonably
485	possible, but no later than 90 days after the effective date of
486	the emergency rule.
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488	ARTICLE VII
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490	OVERSIGHT, ENFORCEMENT, AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION BY THE
491	INTERSTATE COMMISSION
492	Section A. Oversight
493	(1) The Interstate Commission shall oversee the
494	administration and operations of the interstate movement of
495	juveniles subject to this compact in the compacting states and

 $\frac{\text{shall monitor such activities being administered in}}{\text{Page 18 of 29}}$

noncompacting states which may significantly affect compacting states.

- (2) The courts and executive agencies in each compacting state shall enforce this compact and shall take all actions necessary and appropriate to effectuate the compact's purposes and intent. The provisions of this compact and the rules adopted hereunder shall be received by all the judges, public officers, commissions, and departments of the state government as evidence of the authorized statute and administrative rules. All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact and the rules. In any judicial or administrative proceeding in a compacting state pertaining to the subject matter of this compact which may affect the powers, responsibilities, or actions of the Interstate Commission, the commission shall be entitled to receive all service of process in any such proceeding and shall have standing to intervene in the proceeding for all purposes.
 - Section B. Dispute resolution .--

- (1) The compacting states shall report to the Interstate

 Commission on all issues and activities necessary for the

 administration of the compact as well as issues and activities

 pertaining to compliance with the provisions of the compact and its bylaws and rules.
- (2) The Interstate Commission shall attempt, upon the request of a compacting state, to resolve any disputes or other issues that are subject to the compact and that may arise among compacting states and between compacting and noncompacting states. The commission shall adopt a rule providing for both

mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes among the compacting states.

(3) The Interstate Commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion, shall enforce the provisions and rules of this compact using any or all means set forth in Article XI of this compact.

ARTICLE VIII

FINANCE.--

- (1) The Interstate Commission shall pay or provide for the payment of the reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization, and ongoing activities.
- annual assessment from each compacting state to cover the cost of the internal operations and activities of the Interstate

 Commission and its staff which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover the Interstate Commission's annual budget as approved each year. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated based upon a formula to be determined by the Interstate Commission, taking into consideration the population of each compacting state and the volume of interstate movement of juveniles in each compacting state, and the Interstate Commission shall adopt a rule that is binding upon all compacting states governing the assessment.
- (3) The Interstate Commission shall not incur any obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the same, nor shall the Interstate Commission pledge the

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credit of any of the compacting states, except by and with the authority of the compacting state.

(4) The Interstate Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the Interstate Commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the Interstate Commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant, and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the annual report of the Interstate Commission.

ARTICLE IX

THE STATE COUNCIL. -- Each member shall create a State

Council for Interstate Juvenile Supervision. While each state

may determine the membership of its own state council, its

membership must include at least one representative from the

legislative, judicial, and executive branches of government; at

least one representative of victims groups; a parent of a youth

who is not currently in the juvenile justice system; and the

compact administrator, deputy compact administrator, or

designee. Each compacting state retains the right to determine

the qualifications of the compact administrator or deputy

compact administrator. Each state council may advise and

exercise oversight and advocacy concerning that state's

participation in the activities of the Interstate Commission and

other duties as may be determined by that state, including, but

Page 21 of 29

not limited to, development of policy concerning operations and procedures of the compact within that state.

583 <u>ARTICLE X</u>

COMPACTING STATES, EFFECTIVE DATE, AND AMENDMENT. --

- (1) Any state, including the District of Columbia (or its designee), the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States

 Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana

 Islands, as defined in Article II of this compact, is eligible to become a compacting state.
- (2) The compact shall become effective and binding upon legislative enactment of the compact into law by no less than 35 of the states. The initial effective date shall be the later of July 1, 2005, or upon enactment into law by the 35th jurisdiction. Thereafter, it shall become effective and binding as to any other compacting state upon enactment of the compact into law by that state. The governors of nonmember states or their designees shall be invited to participate in the activities of the Interstate Commission on a nonvoting basis prior to adoption of the compact by all states and territories of the United States.
- (3) The Interstate Commission may propose amendments to the compact for enactment by the compacting states. No amendment shall become effective and binding upon the Interstate

 Commission and the compacting states unless and until it is enacted into law by unanimous consent of the compacting states.

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608	ARTICLE XI
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610	WITHDRAWAL, DEFAULT, TERMINATION, AND JUDICIAL
611	ENFORCEMENT
612	Section A. Withdrawal
613	(1) Once effective, the compact shall continue in force
614	and remain binding upon each and every compacting state;
615	provided that a compacting state may withdraw from the compact
616	by specifically repealing the statute that enacted the compact
617	into law.
618	(2) The effective date of withdrawal is the effective date
619	of the repeal.
620	(3) The withdrawing state shall immediately notify the
621	chairperson of the Interstate Commission in writing upon the
622	introduction of legislation repealing this compact in the
623	withdrawing state. The Interstate Commission shall notify the
624	other compacting states of the withdrawing state's intent to
625	withdraw within 60 days after its receipt thereof.
626	(4) The withdrawing state is responsible for all
627	assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the
628	effective date of withdrawal, including any obligations the
629	performance of which extends beyond the effective date of
630	withdrawal.
631	(5) Reinstatement following withdrawal of any compacting
632	state shall occur upon the withdrawing state's reenacting the
633	compact or upon such later date as determined by the Interstate
634	Commission.

535	Section B. Technical assistance, fines, suspension,
536	termination, and default
537	(1) If the Interstate Commission determines that any
538	compacting state has at any time defaulted in the performance of
539	any of its obligations or responsibilities under this compact,
540	or the bylaws or duly adopted rules, the Interstate Commission
541	may impose any or all of the following penalties:
542	(a) Remedial training and technical assistance as directed
543	by the Interstate Commission;
544	(b) Alternative dispute resolution;
545	(c) Fines, fees, and costs in such amounts as are deemed
546	to be reasonable as fixed by the Interstate Commission; or
547	(d) Suspension or termination of membership in the
548	compact, which shall be imposed only after all other reasonable
549	means of securing compliance under the bylaws and rules have
550	been exhausted and the Interstate Commission has therefore
551	determined that the offending state is in default. Immediate
552	notice of suspension shall be given by the Interstate Commission
553	to the Governor, the Chief Justice or the Chief Judicial Officer
554	of the state, the majority and the minority leaders of the
555	defaulting state's legislature, and the state council. The
556	grounds for default include, but are not limited to, failure of
557	a compacting state to perform such obligations or
558	responsibilities imposed upon it by this compact, the bylaws, or
559	duly adopted rules and any other ground designated in commission
560	bylaws and rules. The Interstate Commission shall immediately
561	notify the defaulting state in writing of the penalty imposed by
562	the Interstate Commission and of the default pending a cure of
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the default. The commission shall stipulate the conditions and the time period within which the defaulting state must cure its default. If the defaulting state fails to cure the default within the period specified by the commission, the defaulting state shall be terminated from the compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the compacting states and all rights, privileges, and benefits conferred by this compact shall be terminated from the effective date of termination.

- (2) Within 60 days after the effective date of termination of a defaulting state, the Interstate Commission shall notify the Governor, the Chief Justice or Chief Judicial Officer, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and the state council of such termination.
- (3) The defaulting state is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of termination, including any obligations the performance of which extends beyond the effective date of termination.
- (4) The Interstate Commission shall not bear any costs relating to the defaulting state unless otherwise mutually agreed upon in writing between the Interstate Commission and the defaulting state.
- (5) Reinstatement following termination of any compacting state requires both a reenactment of the compact by the defaulting state and the approval of the Interstate Commission pursuant to the rules.
- Section C. Judicial enforcement.--The Interstate

 Commission may, by majority vote of the members, initiate legal
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action in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or, at the discretion of the Interstate Commission, in the federal district where the Interstate Commission has its offices, to enforce compliance with the provisions of the compact and its duly adopted rules and bylaws against any compacting state in default. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees.

Section D. Dissolution of compact. --

- (1) The compact dissolves effective upon the date of the withdrawal or default of the compacting state which reduces membership in the compact to one compacting state.
- (2) Upon the dissolution of the compact, the compact becomes null and void and shall be of no further force or effect, the business and affairs of the Interstate Commission shall be concluded, and any surplus funds shall be distributed in accordance with the bylaws.

709 ARTICLE XII 710

SEVERABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION. --

- (1) The provisions of this compact are severable, and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision is deemed unenforceable, the remaining provisions of the compact shall be enforceable.
- (2) The provisions of this compact shall be liberally construed to effectuate its purposes.

719	ARTICLE XIII
720	
721	BINDING EFFECT OF COMPACT AND OTHER LAWS
722	Section A. Other laws
723	(1) Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any other
724	law of a compacting state which is not inconsistent with this
725	compact.
726	(2) All compacting states' laws other than state
727	constitutions and other interstate compacts conflicting with
728	this compact are superseded to the extent of the conflict.
729	Section B. Binding effect of the compact
730	(1) All lawful actions of the Interstate Commission,
731	including all rules and bylaws adopted by the Interstate
732	Commission, are binding upon the compacting states.
733	(2) All agreements between the Interstate Commission and
734	the compacting states are binding in accordance with their
735	terms.
736	(3) Upon the request of a party to a conflict over meaning
737	or interpretation of Interstate Commission actions, and upon a
738	majority vote of the compacting states, the Interstate
739	Commission may issue advisory opinions regarding such meaning or
740	interpretation.
741	(4) In the event any provision of this compact exceeds the
742	constitutional limits imposed on any compacting state, the
743	obligations, duties, powers, or jurisdiction sought to be
744	conferred by such provision upon the Interstate Commission shall
745	be ineffective and such obligations, duties, powers, or
746	jurisdiction shall remain in the compacting state and shall be Page 27 of 29
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747 exercised by the agency thereof to which such obligations,
748 duties, powers, or jurisdiction are delegated by law in effect
749 at the time this compact becomes effective.

Section 2. Section 985.5025, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

985.5025 State Council for Interstate Juvenile Offender
Supervision.--

- (1) Pursuant to Article IX of the Interstate Compact for Juveniles in s. 985.502, the State Council for Interstate

 Juvenile Offender Supervision is created. The purpose of the council is to oversee state participation in the activities of the Interstate Commission for Juveniles.
- (2) The council shall consist of seven members and the Secretary of the Department of Juvenile Justice or his or her designee, who shall serve as the chair of the council and may vote only to break a tie. The compact administrator or his or her designee and the Executive Director of the Department of Law Enforcement or his or her designee shall serve as members of the council. The remaining members shall be appointed by the Governor for terms of 4 years; however, the Governor may, for any year, delegate the power of appointment to the Secretary of the Department of Juvenile Justice. Of the initial appointees, one shall be appointed for a term of 1 year, one shall be appointed for a term of 2 years, one shall be appointed for a term of 3 years, and two shall be appointed for terms of 4 years each.
- (3) Appointees shall be selected from individuals with personal or professional experience in the juvenile justice

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system and may include a victim's advocate, employees of the
Department of Children and Family Services, employees of the
Department of Law Enforcement who work with missing and
exploited children, and a parent who, at the time of
appointment, does not have a child involved in the juvenile
justice system.

- (4) Council members shall serve without compensation, but they are entitled to reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses as provided in s. 112.061.
- (5) The provisions of s. 24, Art. I of the State

 Constitution and of chapter 119 and s. 286.011 apply to

 proceedings and records of the council. Minutes, including a

 record of all votes cast, must be maintained for all meetings.
- appropriately stored, within 30 days after the effective date of its abolition, by the Department of Juvenile Justice or its successor agency. Any property assigned to the council must be reclaimed by the department or its successor agency. The council may not perform any activities after the effective date of its abolition.
- Section 3. <u>Sections 985.503, 985.504, 985.505, 985.506,</u> and 985.507, Florida Statutes, are repealed.
- Section 4. This act shall be repealed 2 years following the date it takes effect.
- Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005, or upon enactment of the compact into law by the 35th compacting state, whichever date occurs later.

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