${\bf By}$ the Committees on Regulated Industries; Community Affairs; and Senators Bennett and King

580-2132-05

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to prompt payment for
3	construction services; amending s. 218.70,
4	F.S.; providing a short title; amending s.
5	218.72, F.S.; redefining terms used in part VII
6	of ch. 218, F.S.; amending s. 218.735, F.S.;
7	revising provisions relating to timely payment
8	for purchases of construction services;
9	revising deadlines for payment; providing
10	procedures for project closeout and payment of
11	retainage; providing requirements for local
12	government construction retainage; providing
13	that ss. 218.72-218.76, F.S., apply to the
14	payment of any payment request for retainage;
15	providing exceptions; creating s. 255.0705,
16	F.S.; providing a short title; amending s.
17	255.071, F.S.; revising deadlines for the
18	payment of subcontractors, sub-subcontractors,
19	materialmen, and suppliers on construction
20	contracts for public projects; creating ss.
21	255.072, 255.073, 255.074, 255.075, 255.076,
22	255.077, and 255.078, F.S.; providing
23	definitions; providing for timely payment for
24	purchases of construction services by a public
25	entity; providing procedures for calculating
26	payment-due dates; providing procedures for
27	handling improper payment requests; providing
28	for an award of court costs and attorney's
29	fees; providing for the resolution of disputes;
30	providing for project closeout and payment of
31	retainage; providing that ss. 255.072-255.076,

```
1
           F.S., apply to the payment of any payment
 2
           request for retainage; providing exceptions;
           amending s. 255.05, F.S.; providing
 3
 4
           requirements for certain notices of nonpayment
 5
           served by a claimant who is not in privity with
 6
           the contractor; providing limitations on a
 7
           claimant's institution of certain actions
 8
           against a contractor or surety; amending s.
9
           287.0585, F.S.; providing an exemption for
10
           contractors making late payment to
           subcontractors when the contract is subject to
11
12
           the "Prompt Payment Act"; amending s. 95.11,
13
           F.S., to conform a cross-reference; providing
           that specified sections of the act do not apply
14
           to certain pending contracts and projects;
15
           providing an effective date.
16
17
   Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
18
19
           Section 1. Section 218.70, Florida Statutes, is
20
21
   amended to read:
22
           218.70 Short title.--This part may be cited as the
23
    "Local Government Florida Prompt Payment Act."
           Section 2. Subsections (2), (6), and (7) of section
2.4
   218.72, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (10) is
2.5
   added to that section, to read:
26
27
           218.72 Definitions.--As used in this part:
2.8
           (2) "Local governmental entity" means a county or
   municipal government, school board, school district,
29
   authority, special taxing district, other political
30
   subdivision, or any office, board, bureau, commission,
```

2.4

2.8

department, branch, division, or institution thereof or any project supported by county or municipal funds.

- (6) "Vendor" means any person who sells goods or services, sells or leases personal property, or leases real property directly to a local governmental entity. The term includes any person who provides waste-hauling services to residents or businesses located within the boundaries of a local government pursuant to a contract or local ordinance.
- (7) "Construction services" means all labor, services, and materials provided in connection with the construction, alteration, repair, demolition, reconstruction, or any other improvements to real property that require a license under parts I and II of chapter 489.
- (10) "Contractor" or "provider of construction
 services" means any person who contracts directly with a local
 governmental entity to provide construction services.

Section 3. Subsection (6) of section 218.735, Florida Statutes, is amended, present subsection (7) of that section is redesignated as subsection (9), and new subsections (7) and (8) are added to that section, to read:

218.735 Timely payment for purchases of construction services.--

(6) When a contractor receives payment from a local governmental entity for labor, services, or materials furnished by subcontractors and suppliers hired by the contractor, the contractor shall remit payment due to those subcontractors and suppliers within 10 15 days after the contractor's receipt of payment. When a subcontractor receives payment from a contractor for labor, services, or materials furnished by subcontractors and suppliers hired by the subcontractor, the subcontractor shall remit payment due to

2.4

2.8

those subcontractors and suppliers within 7 15 days after the subcontractor's receipt of payment. Nothing herein shall prohibit a contractor or subcontractor from disputing, pursuant to the terms of the relevant contract, all or any portion of a payment alleged to be due to another party. In the event of such a dispute, the contractor or subcontractor may withhold the disputed portion of any such payment if the contractor or subcontractor notifies the party whose payment is disputed, in writing, of the amount in dispute and the actions required to cure the disputed amounts due within the time limits imposed by this section.

(7)(a) Each contract for construction services between a local governmental entity and a contractor must provide for the development of a list of items required to render complete, satisfactory, and acceptable the construction services purchased by the local governmental entity. The contract must specify the process for the development of the list, including responsibilities of the local governmental entity and the contractor in developing and reviewing the list and a reasonable time for developing the list, as follows:

1. For construction projects having an estimated cost of less than \$10 million, within 30 calendar days after reaching substantial completion of the construction services purchased as defined in the contract, or, if not defined in the contract, upon reaching beneficial occupancy or use; or

2. For construction projects having an estimated cost of \$10 million or more, within 30 calendar days, unless otherwise extended by contract not to exceed 60 calendar days, after reaching substantial completion of the construction services purchased as defined in the contract, or, if not

2.2

2.4

2.5

defined in the contract, upon reaching beneficial occupancy or use.

- (b) If the contract between the local governmental entity and the contractor relates to the purchase of construction services on more than one building or structure, or involves a multiphased project, the contract must provide for the development of a list of items required to render complete, satisfactory, and acceptable all the construction services purchased pursuant to the contract for each building, structure, or phase of the project within the time limitations provided in paragraph (a).
- (c) The failure to include any corrective work or pending items not yet completed on the list developed pursuant to this subsection does not alter the responsibility of the contractor to complete all the construction services purchased pursuant to the contract.
- (d) Upon completion of all items on the list, the contractor may submit a payment request for all remaining retainage withheld by the local governmental entity pursuant to this section. If a good-faith dispute exists as to whether one or more items identified on the list have been completed pursuant to the contract, the local governmental entity may continue to withhold an amount not to exceed 150 percent of the total costs to complete such items.
- (e) All items that require correction under the contract and that are identified after the preparation and delivery of the list remain the obligation of the contractor as defined by the contract.
- (f) Warranty items may not affect the final payment of retainage as provided in this section or as provided in the

2.2

2.4

2.5

2.8

contract between the contractor and its subcontractors and
suppliers.

entity or a contractor to secure payment of insurance premiums under a consolidated insurance program or series of insurance policies issued to a local governmental entity or a contractor for a project or group of projects, and the final payment of retainage as provided in this section may not be delayed pending a final audit by the local governmental entity's or contractor's insurance provider.

(h) If a local governmental entity fails to comply with its responsibilities to develop the list required under paragraph (a) or paragraph (b), as defined in the contract, within the time limitations provided in paragraph (a), the contractor may submit a payment request for all remaining retainage withheld by the local governmental entity pursuant to this section. The local governmental entity need not pay or process any payment request for retainage if the contractor has, in whole or in part, failed to cooperate with the local governmental entity in the development of the list or failed to perform its contractual responsibilities, if any, with regard to the development of the list or if paragraph (8)(f) applies.

(8)(a) With regard to any contract for construction services, a local governmental entity may withhold from each progress payment made to the contractor an amount not exceeding 10 percent of the payment as retainage until 50-percent completion of such services.

(b) After 50-percent completion of the construction services purchased pursuant to the contract, the local governmental entity must reduce to 5 percent the amount of

retainage withheld from each subsequent progress payment made 2 to the contractor. For purposes of this subsection, the term "50-percent completion" has the meaning set forth in the 3 contract between the local governmental entity and the 4 contractor or, if not defined in the contract, the point at 5 6 which the local governmental entity has expended 50 percent of 7 the total cost of the construction services purchased as 8 identified in the contract together with all costs associated with existing change orders and other additions or 9 10 modifications to the construction services provided for in the contract. However, notwithstanding this subsection, a 11 12 municipality having a population of 25,000 or fewer, or a 13 county having a population of 100,000 or fewer, may withhold retainage in an amount not exceeding 10 percent of each 14 progress payment made to the contractor until final completion 15 and acceptance of the project by the local governmental 16 17 entity. 18 (c) After 50-percent completion of the construction services purchased pursuant to the contract, the contractor 19 2.0 may elect to withhold retainage from payments to its 21 subcontractors at a rate higher than 5 percent. The specific 2.2 amount to be withheld must be determined on a case-by-case 23 basis and must be based on the contractor's assessment of the subcontractor's past performance, the likelihood that such 2.4 performance will continue, and the contractor's ability to 2.5 rely on other safeguards. The contractor shall notify the 26 27 subcontractor, in writing, of its determination to withhold 2.8 more than 5 percent of the progress payment and the reasons for making that determination, and the contractor may not 29 request the release of such retained funds from the local 30 governmental entity. 31

1	(d) After 50-percent completion of the construction
2	services purchased pursuant to the contract, the contractor
3	may present to the local governmental entity a payment request
4	for up to one-half of the retainage held by the local
5	governmental entity. The local governmental entity shall
6	promptly make payment to the contractor, unless the local
7	governmental entity has grounds, pursuant to paragraph (f),
8	for withholding the payment of retainage. If the local
9	governmental entity makes payment of retainage to the
10	contractor under this paragraph which is attributable to the
11	labor, services, or materials supplied by one or more
12	subcontractors or suppliers, the contractor shall timely remit
13	payment of such retainage to those subcontractors and
14	suppliers.
15	(e) This section does not prohibit a local
16	governmental entity from withholding retainage at a rate less
17	than 10 percent of each progress payment, from incrementally
18	reducing the rate of retainage pursuant to a schedule provided
19	for in the contract, or from releasing at any point all or a
20	portion of any retainage withheld by the local governmental
21	entity which is attributable to the labor, services, or
22	materials supplied by the contractor or by one or more
23	subcontractors or suppliers. If a local governmental entity
24	makes any payment of retainage to the contractor which is
25	attributable to the labor, services, or materials supplied by
26	one or more subcontractors or suppliers, the contractor shall
27	timely remit payment of such retainage to those subcontractors
28	and suppliers.
29	(f) This section does not require the local
30	governmental entity to pay or release any amounts that are the
31	subject of a good-faith dispute, the subject of a claim

1	brought pursuant to s. 255.05, or otherwise the subject of a
2	claim or demand by the local governmental entity or
3	contractor.
4	(q) The time limitations set forth in this section for
5	payment of payment requests apply to any payment request for
6	retainage made pursuant to this section.
7	(h) Paragraphs (a)-(d) do not apply to construction
8	services purchased by a local governmental entity which are
9	paid for, in whole or in part, with federal funds and are
10	subject to federal grantor laws and regulations or
11	requirements that are contrary to any provision of the Local
12	Government Prompt Payment Act.
13	(i) This subsection does not apply to any construction
14	services purchased by a local governmental entity if the total
15	cost of the construction services purchased as identified in
16	the contract is \$200,000 or less.
17	Section 4. Section 255.0705, Florida Statutes, is
18	created to read:
19	255.0705 Short titleSections 255.0705-255.078 may
20	be cited as the "Florida Prompt Payment Act."
21	Section 5. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 255.071,
22	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
23	255.071 Payment of subcontractors, sub-subcontractors,
24	materialmen, and suppliers on construction contracts for
25	public projects
26	(2) The failure to pay any undisputed obligations for
27	such labor, services, or materials within 30 days after the
28	date the labor, services, or materials were furnished and
29	payment for such labor, services, or materials became due, or
30	within the time limitations set forth in s. 255.073(3) 30 days

31 after the date payment for such labor, services, or materials

2.2

2.8

is received, whichever last occurs, shall entitle any person providing such labor, services, or materials to the procedures specified in subsection (3) and the remedies provided in subsection (4).

- (3) Any person providing labor, services, or materials for the construction of a public building, for the prosecution and completion of a public work, or for repairs upon a public building or public work improvements to real property may file a verified complaint alleging:
- (a) The existence of a contract for providing such labor, services, or materials to improve real property.
- (b) A description of the labor, services, or materials provided and alleging that the labor, services, or materials were provided in accordance with the contract.
 - (c) The amount of the contract price.
 - (d) The amount, if any, paid pursuant to the contract.
- (e) The amount that remains unpaid pursuant to the contract and the amount thereof that is undisputed.
- (f) That the undisputed amount has remained due and payable pursuant to the contract for more than 30 days after the date the labor or services were accepted or the materials were received.
- (g) That the person against whom the complaint was filed has received payment on account of the labor, services, or materials described in the complaint and, as of the date the complaint was filed, has failed to make payment within the time limitations set forth in s. 255.073(3) more than 30 days prior to the date the complaint was filed.
- Section 6. Section 255.072, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1	255.072 DefinitionsAs used in ss. 255.073-255.078,
2	the term:
3	(1) "Agent" means project architect, project engineer,
4	or any other agency or person acting on behalf of a public
5	entity.
6	(2) "Construction services" means all labor, services,
7	and materials provided in connection with the construction,
8	alteration, repair, demolition, reconstruction, or any other
9	improvements to real property. The term "construction
10	services" does not include contracts or work performed for the
11	Department of Transportation.
12	(3) "Contractor" means any person who contracts
13	directly with a public entity to provide construction
14	services.
15	(4) "Payment request" means a request for payment for
16	construction services which conforms with all statutory
17	requirements and with all requirements specified by the public
18	entity to which the payment request is submitted.
19	(5) "Public entity" means the state, or any office,
20	board, bureau, commission, department, branch, division, or
21	institution thereof, but does not include a local governmental
22	entity as defined in s. 218.72.
23	(6) "Purchase" means the purchase of construction
24	services.
25	Section 7. Section 255.073, Florida Statutes, is
26	created to read:
27	255.073 Timely payment for purchases of construction
28	services
29	(1) Except as otherwise provided in ss.
30	255.072-255.078, s. 215.422 governs the timely payment for
31	construction services by a public entity

(2) If a public entity disputes a portion of a payment 2 request, the undisputed portion must be timely paid. 3 (3) When a contractor receives payment from a public 4 entity for labor, services, or materials furnished by 5 subcontractors and suppliers hired by the contractor, the 6 contractor shall remit payment due to those subcontractors and 7 suppliers within 10 days after the contractor's receipt of 8 payment. When a subcontractor receives payment from a contractor for labor, services, or materials furnished by 9 10 subcontractors and suppliers hired by the subcontractor, the subcontractor shall remit payment due to those subcontractors 11 12 and suppliers within 7 days after the subcontractor's receipt 13 of payment. This subsection does not prohibit a contractor or subcontractor from disputing, pursuant to the terms of the 14 relevant contract, all or any portion of a payment alleged to 15 be due to another party if the contractor or subcontractor 16 notifies the party whose payment is disputed, in writing, of 18 the amount in dispute and the actions required to cure the dispute. The contractor or subcontractor must pay all 19 2.0 undisputed amounts due within the time limits imposed by this 21 subsection. 22 (4) All payments due for the purchase of construction 23 services and not made within the applicable time limits shall bear interest at the rate specified in s. 215.422. After July 2.4 1, 2006, such payments shall bear interest at the rate of 1 2.5 percent per month, to the extent that the Chief Financial 26 2.7 Officer's replacement project for the state's accounting and 2.8 cash management systems is operational for the particular affected public entity. After January 1, 2007, all such 29 payments due from public entity shall bear interest at the 30 rate of 1 percent per month. 31

1	Section 8. Section 255.074, Florida Statutes, is
2	created to read:
3	255.074 Procedures for calculation of payment-due
4	dates
5	(1) Each public entity shall establish procedures
6	whereby each payment request received by the public entity is
7	marked as received on the date on which it is delivered to an
8	agent or employee of the public entity or of a facility or
9	office of the public entity.
10	(2) If the terms under which a purchase is made allow
11	for partial deliveries and a payment request is submitted for
12	a partial delivery, the time for payment for the partial
13	delivery must be calculated from the time of the partial
14	delivery and the submission of the payment request.
15	(3) A public entity must submit a payment request to
16	the Chief Financial Officer for payment no more than 20 days
17	after receipt of the payment request.
18	Section 9. Section 255.075, Florida Statutes, is
19	created to read:
20	255.075 Mandatory interest A contract between a
21	public entity and a contractor may not prohibit the collection
22	of late payment interest charges authorized under s.
23	255.073(4).
24	Section 10. Section 255.076, Florida Statutes, is
25	created to read:
26	255.076 Award of court costs and attorney's feesIn
27	an action to recover amounts due for construction services
28	purchased by a public entity, the court shall award court
29	costs and reasonable attorney's fees, including fees incurred
30	through any appeal, to the prevailing party, if the court
31	finds that the nonprevailing party withheld any portion of the

payment that is the subject of the action without any 2 reasonable basis in law or fact to dispute the prevailing party's claim to those amounts. 3 4 Section 11. Section 255.077, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 5 6 255.077 Project closeout and payment of retainage. --7 (1) Each contract for construction services between a 8 public entity and a contractor must provide for the development of a list of items required to render complete, 9 10 satisfactory, and acceptable the construction services purchased by the public entity. The contract must specify the 11 12 process for the development of the list, including 13 responsibilities of the public entity and the contractor in developing and reviewing the list and a reasonable time for 14 developing the list, as follows: 15 16 (a) For construction projects having an estimated cost 17 of less than \$10 million, within 30 calendar days after 18 reaching substantial completion of the construction services purchased as defined in the contract, or, if not defined in 19 the contract, upon reaching beneficial occupancy or use; or 2.0 21 (b) For construction projects having an estimated cost of \$10 million or more, within 30 calendar days, unless 2.2 23 otherwise extended by contract not to exceed 60 calendar days, after reaching substantial completion of the construction 2.4 services purchased as defined in the contract, or, if not 2.5 defined in the contract, upon reaching beneficial occupancy or 26 27 use. 2.8 (2) If the contract between the public entity and the contractor relates to the purchase of construction services on 29 more than one building or structure, or involves a multiphased 30 project, the contract must provide for the development of a 31

1	list of items required to render complete, satisfactory, and
2	acceptable all the construction services purchased pursuant to
3	the contract for each building, structure, or phase of the
4	project within the time limitations provided in subsection
5	<u>(1).</u>
6	(3) The failure to include any corrective work or
7	pending items not yet completed on the list developed pursuant
8	to subsection (1) or subsection (2) does not alter the
9	responsibility of the contractor to complete all the
10	construction services purchased pursuant to the contract.
11	(4) Upon completion of all items on the list, the
12	contractor may submit a payment request for all remaining
13	retainage withheld by the public entity pursuant to s.
14	255.078. If a qood-faith dispute exists as to whether one or
15	more items identified on the list have been completed pursuant
16	to the contract, the public entity may continue to withhold an
17	amount not to exceed 150 percent of the total costs to
18	complete such items.
19	(5) All items that require correction under the
20	contract and that are identified after the preparation and
21	delivery of the list remain the obligation of the contractor
22	as defined by the contract.
23	(6) Warranty items may not affect the final payment of
24	retainage as provided in this section or as provided in the
25	contract between the contractor and its subcontractors and
26	suppliers.
27	(7) Retainage may not be held by a public entity or a
28	contractor to secure payment of insurance premiums under a
29	consolidated insurance program or series of insurance policies
30	issued to a public entity or a contractor for a project or

31 group of projects, and the final payment of retainage as

provided in this section may not be delayed pending a final audit by the public entity's or contractor's insurance 2 3 provider. 4 (8) If a public entity fails to comply with its responsibilities to develop the list required under subsection 5 (1) or subsection (2), as defined in the contract, within the 7 time limitations provided in subsection (1), the contractor 8 may submit a payment request for all remaining retainage withheld by the public entity pursuant to s. 255.078. The 9 public entity need not pay or process any payment request for 10 retainage if the contractor has, in whole or in part, failed 11 12 to cooperate with the public entity in the development of the 13 list or failed to perform its contractual responsibilities, if any, with regard to the development of the list or if s. 14 255.078(6) applies. 15 Section 12. Section 255.078, Florida Statutes, is 16 17 created to read: 255.078 Public construction retainage. --18 (1) With regard to any contract for construction 19 services, a public entity may withhold from each progress 20 21 payment made to the contractor an amount not exceeding 10 2.2 percent of the payment as retainage until 50-percent 23 completion of such services. (2) After 50-percent completion of the construction 2.4 services purchased pursuant to the contract, the public entity 2.5 must reduce to 5 percent the amount of retainage withheld from 26 27 each subsequent progress payment made to the contractor. For 2.8 purposes of this section, the term "50-percent completion" has the meaning set forth in the contract between the public 29 entity and the contractor or, if not defined in the contract, 30

the point at which the public entity has expended 50 percent

31

of the total cost of the construction services purchased as 2 identified in the contract together with all costs associated with existing change orders and other additions or 3 4 modifications to the construction services provided for in the contract. 5 6 (3) After 50-percent completion of the construction services purchased pursuant to the contract, the contractor 8 may elect to withhold retainage from payments to its subcontractors at a rate higher than 5 percent. The specific 9 10 amount to be withheld must be determined on a case-by-case basis and must be based on the contractor's assessment of the 11 12 subcontractor's past performance, the likelihood that such performance will continue, and the contractor's ability to 13 rely on other safequards. The contractor shall notify the 14 subcontractor, in writing, of its determination to withhold 15 16 more than 5 percent of the progress payment and the reasons for making that determination, and the contractor may not 18 request the release of such retained funds from the public entity. 19 (4) After 50-percent completion of the construction 2.0 21 services purchased pursuant to the contract, the contractor 2.2 may present to the public entity a payment request for up to 23 one-half of the retainage held by the public entity. The public entity shall promptly make payment to the contractor, 2.4 unless the public entity has grounds, pursuant to subsection 2.5 (6), for withholding the payment of retainage. If the public 26 27 entity makes payment of retainage to the contractor under this 2.8 subsection which is attributable to the labor, services, or materials supplied by one or more subcontractors or suppliers, 29 the contractor shall timely remit payment of such retainage to 30 those subcontractors and suppliers. 31

1	(5) Neither this section nor s. 255.077 prohibits a
2	public entity from withholding retainage at a rate less than
3	10 percent of each progress payment, from incrementally
4	reducing the rate of retainage pursuant to a schedule provided
5	for in the contract, or from releasing at any point all or a
6	portion of any retainage withheld by the public entity which
7	is attributable to the labor, services, or materials supplied
8	by the contractor or by one or more subcontractors or
9	suppliers. If a public entity makes any payment of retainage
10	to the contractor which is attributable to the labor,
11	services, or materials supplied by one or more subcontractors
12	or suppliers, the contractor shall timely remit payment of
13	such retainage to those subcontractors and suppliers.
14	(6) Neither this section nor s. 255.077 requires the
15	public entity to pay or release any amounts that are the
16	subject of a good-faith dispute, the subject of a claim
17	brought pursuant to s. 255.05, or otherwise the subject of a
18	claim or demand by the public entity or contractor.
19	(7) The same time limits for payment of a payment
20	request apply regardless of whether the payment request is
21	for, or includes, retainage.
22	(8) Subsections (1)-(4) do not apply to construction
23	services purchased by a public entity which are paid for, in
24	whole or in part, with federal funds and are subject to
25	federal grantor laws and regulations or requirements that are
26	contrary to any provision of the Florida Prompt Payment Act.
27	(9) This section does not apply to any construction
28	services purchased by a public entity if the total cost of the
29	construction services purchased as identified in the contract
30	is \$200,000 or less.

Section 13. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 2 255.05, Florida Statutes, is amended and subsection (10) is added to that section, to read: 3 4 255.05 Bond of contractor constructing public buildings; form; action by materialmen. --5 6 (2)(a)1. If a claimant is no longer furnishing labor, services, or materials on a project, a contractor or the 8 contractor's agent or attorney may elect to shorten the 9 prescribed time in this paragraph within which an action to enforce any claim against a payment bond provided pursuant to 10 this section may be commenced by recording in the clerk's 11 office a notice in substantially the following form: 13 NOTICE OF CONTEST OF CLAIM 14 AGAINST PAYMENT BOND 15 16 17 To: ...(Name and address of claimant)... 18 19 You are notified that the undersigned contests your notice of nonpayment, dated, and served 20 21 on the undersigned on $\ldots \ldots$, and that the time within which you may file suit to enforce your claim is 23 limited to 60 days after the date of service of this notice. 2.4 25 DATED on, 26 27 Signed:...(Contractor or Attorney)... 28 29 The claim of any claimant upon whom such notice is served and who fails to institute a suit to enforce his or her claim 30 against the payment bond within 60 days after service of such

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15 16

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

29

30

notice shall be extinguished automatically. The clerk shall
mail a copy of the notice of contest to the claimant at the
address shown in the notice of nonpayment or most recent
amendment thereto and shall certify to such service on the
face of such notice and record the notice. Service is complete
upon mailing.

2. A claimant, except a laborer, who is not in privity with the contractor shall, before commencing or not later than 45 days after commencing to furnish labor, materials, or supplies for the prosecution of the work, furnish the contractor with a notice that he or she intends to look to the bond for protection. A claimant who is not in privity with the contractor and who has not received payment for his or her labor, materials, or supplies shall deliver to the contractor and to the surety written notice of the performance of the labor or delivery of the materials or supplies and of the nonpayment. The notice of nonpayment may be served at any time during the progress of the work or thereafter but not before 45 days after the first furnishing of labor, services, or materials, and not later than 90 days after the final furnishing of the labor, services, or materials by the claimant or, with respect to rental equipment, not later than 90 days after the date that the rental equipment was last on the job site available for use. Any notice of nonpayment served by a claimant who is not in privity with the contractor which includes sums for retainage must specify the portion of the amount claimed for retainage. No action for the labor, materials, or supplies may be instituted against the contractor or the surety unless both notices have been given. Notices required or permitted under this section may be served in accordance with s. 713.18. An action, except for an action

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

2526

27

2.8

29

30

exclusively for recovery of retainage, must be instituted against the contractor or the surety on the payment bond or the payment provisions of a combined payment and performance bond within 1 year after the performance of the labor or completion of delivery of the materials or supplies. An action exclusively for recovery of retainage must be instituted against the contractor or the surety within 1 year after the performance of the labor or completion of delivery of the materials or supplies, or within 90 days after receipt of final payment (or the payment estimate containing the owner's final reconciliation of quantities if no further payment is earned and due as a result of deductive adjustments) by the contractor or surety, whichever comes last. A claimant may not waive in advance his or her right to bring an action under the bond against the surety. In any action brought to enforce a claim against a payment bond under this section, the prevailing party is entitled to recover a reasonable fee for the services of his or her attorney for trial and appeal or for arbitration, in an amount to be determined by the court, which fee must be taxed as part of the prevailing party's costs, as allowed in equitable actions. The time periods for service of a notice of nonpayment or for bringing an action against a contractor or a surety shall be measured from the last day of furnishing labor, services, or materials by the claimant and shall not be measured by other standards, such as the issuance of a certificate of occupancy or the issuance of a certificate of substantial completion. (10) An action, except an action for recovery of retainage, must be instituted against the contractor or the surety on the payment bond or the payment provisions of a combined payment and performance bond within 1 year after the

1	performance of the labor or completion of delivery of the
2	materials or supplies. An action for recovery of retainage
3	must be instituted against the contractor or the surety within
4	1 year after the performance of the labor or completion of
5	delivery of the materials or supplies; however, such an action
6	may not be instituted until one of the following conditions is
7	satisfied:
8	(a) The public entity has paid out the claimant's
9	retainage to the contractor, and the time provided under s.
10	255.073(3) or s. 218.735(6) for payment of that retainage to
11	the claimant has expired;
12	(b) The claimant has completed all work required under
13	its contract and 70 days have passed since the contractor sent
14	its final payment request to the public entity;
15	(c) One hundred and sixty days have passed since
16	reaching substantial completion of the construction services
17	purchased, as defined in the contract, or if not defined in
18	the contract, since reaching beneficial occupancy or use of
19	the project; or
20	(d) The claimant has asked the contractor, in writing,
21	for any of the following information and the contractor has
22	failed to respond to the claimant's request, in writing,
23	within 10 days after receipt of the request:
24	1. Whether the project has reached substantial
25	completion, as that term is defined in the contract, or if not
26	defined in the contract, if beneficial occupancy or use of the
27	project has occurred.
28	2. Whether the contractor has received payment of the
29	claimant's retainage, and if so, the date the retainage was
30	received by the contractor.

1	3. Whether the contractor has sent its final payment
2	request to the public entity, and if so, the date on which the
3	final payment request was sent.
4	
5	If none of the conditions described in paragraphs (a) through
6	(d) is satisfied and an action for recovery of retainage
7	therefore cannot be instituted within the 1-year limitation
8	period set forth in this subsection, this limitation period
9	shall be extended until 120 days after one of these conditions
10	is satisfied.
11	Section 14. Subsection (2) of section 287.0585,
12	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
13	287.0585 Late payments by contractors to
14	subcontractors and suppliers; penalty
15	(2) This section <u>does</u> shall not apply when the
16	contract between the contractor and subcontractors or
17	subvendors provides otherwise or when payments under the
18	contract are otherwise governed by ss. 255.0705-255.078.
19	Section 15. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
20	95.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
21	95.11 Limitations other than for the recovery of real
22	propertyActions other than for recovery of real property
23	shall be commenced as follows:
24	(2) WITHIN FIVE YEARS
25	(b) A legal or equitable action on a contract,
26	obligation, or liability founded on a written instrument,
27	except for an action to enforce a claim against a payment
28	bond, which shall be governed by the applicable provisions of
29	ss. $255.05(10)$ $255.05(2)(a)2$. and $713.23(1)(e)$.
30	Section 16. Neither the amendments to sections 95.11,
31	218.70, 218.72, 218.735, and 255.071, Florida Statutes, and

1	subsection (2) of section 255.05, Florida Statutes, as
2	provided in this act, nor subsection (10) of section 255.05,
3	Florida Statutes, and section 255.078, Florida Statutes, as
4	created by this act, applies to any existing construction
5	contract pending approval by a local governmental entity or
6	public entity, or to any project advertised for bid by the
7	local government entity or public entity, on or before October
8	<u>1, 2005.</u>
9	Section 17. This act shall take effect October 1,
10	2005.
11	
12	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN
13	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR <u>CS for Senate Bill 632</u>
14	
15	The CS for CS amends s. 287.0585, F.S., (which governs late
16	payments by contractors to subcontractors and penalties in contracts between a contractor and a state agency), to provide
17	that the section is not applicable when payments under a contract are governed by the newly created "Florida Prompt Payment Act" in ss. 255.0705-255.078, F.S.
18	Payment Act in ss. 255.0705-255.078, F.S.
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
29	
30	
31	