Florida Senate - 2005

By Senator Campbell

32-740-05 See HB 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to youthful offenders; amending s. 958.045, F.S.; providing for notice to state 3 attorneys prior to placement of juvenile 4 5 offenders in boot camp programs; revising б sentencing provisions for juvenile offenders 7 who violate the terms of their probation; providing an effective date. 8 9 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 10 11 12 Section 1. Section 958.045, Florida Statutes, is 13 amended to read: 958.045 Youthful offender basic training and boot camp 14 15 programs program. --(1) The department shall develop and implement a basic 16 17 training program for youthful offenders sentenced or classified by the department as youthful offenders pursuant to 18 this chapter. The period of time to be served at the basic 19 training program shall be no less than 120 days. 20 21 (a) The program shall include marching drills, 22 calisthenics, a rigid dress code, manual labor assignments, 23 physical training with obstacle courses, training in decisionmaking and personal development, general education 2.4 development and adult basic education courses, and drug 25 counseling and other rehabilitation programs. 26 27 (b) The department shall adopt rules governing the 2.8 administration of the youthful offender basic training program, requiring that basic training participants complete a 29 structured disciplinary program, and allowing for a 30 31 restriction on general inmate population privileges. 1

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1 (2)(a) Upon receipt of a youthful offender offenders, 2 the department shall screen the offender offenders for the basic training program or a boot camp program pursuant to s. 3 <u>985.309, when available</u>. To participate, an offender must have 4 no physical limitations that preclude participation in 5 б strenuous activity, must not be impaired, and must not have 7 been previously incarcerated in a state or federal 8 correctional facility. In screening an offender offenders for 9 the programs basic training program, the department shall consider the offender's criminal history and the possible 10 rehabilitative benefits of "shock" incarceration. For 11 12 placement in a boot camp program, an offender must meet the <u>criteria in s. 985.309.</u> 13 (b) If an offender meets the specified criteria and 14 space is available, the department shall request, in writing 15 16 from the sentencing court, approval for the offender to 17 participate in <u>a</u> the basic training <u>or boot camp</u> program. When 18 If the person is classified by the department as a youthful offender and the department requests is requesting approval 19 from the sentencing court for placement of an offender in a 20 21 basic training or boot camp the program, the department shall, 22 at the same time, notify the state attorney that the offender 23 is being considered for placement in the requested basic training program. The notice must explain that the purpose of 2.4 such placement is diversion from lengthy incarceration when a 25 26 short "shock" incarceration could produce the same deterrent 27 effect, and that the state attorney may, within 14 days after 2.8 the mailing of the notice, notify the sentencing court in writing of objections, if any, to the placement of the 29 30 offender in the requested basic training program. 31

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1 (c) The sentencing court shall notify the department 2 in writing of placement approval no later than 21 days after receipt of the department's request for placement of the 3 youthful offender in the requested basic training program. 4 Failure to notify the department within 21 days shall be 5 6 considered an approval by the sentencing court for placing the 7 youthful offender in the requested basic training program. 8 Each state attorney may develop procedures for notifying the victim that the offender is being considered for placement in 9 the basic training or boot camp program. 10 (3) The program shall provide a short incarceration 11 12 period of rigorous training to offenders who require a greater 13 degree of supervision than community control or probation provides. Basic training programs may be operated in secure 14 areas in or adjacent to an adult institution notwithstanding 15 s. 958.11. The program is not intended to divert offenders 16 17 away from probation or community control but to divert them 18 from long periods of incarceration when a short "shock" incarceration could produce the same deterrent effect. 19 20 (4) Upon admittance to the department, an educational 21 and substance abuse assessment shall be performed on each 22 youthful offender. Upon admittance to the basic training 23 program, each offender shall have a full substance abuse assessment to determine the offender's need for substance 2.4 abuse treatment. The educational assessment shall be 25 26 accomplished through the aid of the Test of Adult Basic 27 Education or any other testing instrument approved by the 2.8 Department of Education, as appropriate. Each offender who has not obtained a high school diploma shall be enrolled in an 29 adult education program designed to aid the offender in 30 improving his or her academic skills and earning a high school 31

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1 diploma. Further assessments of the prior vocational skills 2 and future career education shall be provided to the offender. A periodic evaluation shall be made to assess the progress of 3 each offender, and upon completion of the basic training 4 program the assessment and information from the department's 5 6 record of each offender shall be transferred to the 7 appropriate community residential program. 8 (5)(a) If an offender in the basic training program becomes unmanageable, the department may revoke the offender's 9 10 gain-time and place the offender in disciplinary confinement for up to 30 days. Upon completion of the disciplinary 11 12 process, the offender shall be readmitted to the basic 13 training program, except for an offender who has committed or threatened to commit a violent act. If the offender is 14 terminated from the program, the department may place the 15 offender in the general population to complete the remainder 16 17 of the offender's sentence. Any period of time in which the 18 offender is unable to participate in the basic training activities may be excluded from the specified time 19 requirements in the program. 20 21 (b) If the offender is unable to participate in the 22 basic training activities due to medical reasons, certified 23 medical personnel shall examine the offender and shall consult with the basic training program director concerning the 2.4 offender's termination from the program. 25 (c) The portion of the sentence served prior to 26 27 placement in the basic training program may not be counted 2.8 toward program completion. Upon the offender's completion of the basic training program, the department shall submit a 29 report to the court that describes the offender's performance. 30 If the offender's performance has been satisfactory, the court 31 4

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1 shall issue an order modifying the sentence imposed and 2 placing the offender on probation. The term of probation may include placement in a community residential program. If the 3 offender violates the conditions of probation, the court may 4 revoke probation and impose any sentence that it might have 5 6 originally imposed as a condition of probation. 7 (6)(a) Upon completing the basic training program, an 8 offender shall be transferred to a community residential 9 program and reside there for a term designated by department rule. If the basic training program director determines that 10 the offender is not suitable for the community residential 11 12 program but is suitable for an alternative postrelease program 13 or release plan, within 30 days prior to program completion the department shall evaluate the offender's needs and 14 determine an alternative postrelease program or plan. The 15 department's consideration shall include, but not be limited 16 17 to, the offender's employment, residence, family situation, 18 and probation or postrelease supervision obligations. Upon the approval of the department, the offender shall be released to 19 an alternative postrelease program or plan. 20 21 (b) While in the community residential program, as 22 appropriate, the offender shall engage in gainful employment, 23 and if any, shall pay restitution to the victim. If appropriate, the offender may enroll in substance abuse 2.4 counseling, and if suitable, shall enroll in a general 25 education development or adult basic education class for the 26 27 purpose of attaining a high school diploma. Upon release from 2.8 the community residential program, the offender shall remain 29 on probation, or other postrelease supervision, and abide by 30 the conditions of the offender's probation or postrelease supervision. If, upon transfer from the community residential 31

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1 program, the offender has not completed the enrolled 2 educational program, the offender shall continue the educational program until completed. If the offender fails to 3 complete the program, the department may request the court or 4 the control release authority to execute an order returning 5 6 the offender back to the community residential program until 7 completion of the program. 8 (7) The department shall implement the basic training program to the fullest extent feasible within the provisions 9 10 of this section. (8)(a) The Assistant Secretary for Youthful Offenders 11 12 shall continuously screen all institutions, facilities, and 13 programs for any inmate who meets the eligibility requirements for youthful offender designation specified in s. 958.04, 14 whose age does not exceed 24 years. The department may 15 classify and assign as a youthful offender any inmate who 16 17 meets the criteria of s. 958.04. (b) A youthful offender who is designated as such by 18 the department and assigned to the basic training program must 19 be eligible for control release pursuant to s. 947.146. 20 21 (c) The department shall work cooperatively with the 22 Control Release Authority or the Parole Commission to effect 23 the release of an offender who has successfully completed the requirements of the basic training program. 2.4 (d) Upon an offender's completion of the basic 25 training program, the department shall submit a report to the 26 27 releasing authority that describes the offender's performance. 2.8 If the performance has been satisfactory, the release 29 authority shall establish a release date that is within 30 days following program completion. As a condition of release, 30 the offender shall be placed in a community residential 31

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1 program as provided in this section or on community 2 supervision as provided in chapter 947, and shall be subject to the conditions established therefor. 3 4 (9) Upon commencement of the community residential program, the department shall submit annual reports to the 5 б Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the 7 House of Representatives detailing the extent of 8 implementation of the basic training program and the community residential program, and outlining future goals and any 9 10 recommendation the department has for future legislative action. 11 12 (10) Due to serious and violent crime, the Legislature 13 declares the construction of a basic training facility is necessary to aid in alleviating an emergency situation. 14 15 (11) The department shall provide a special training program for staff selected for the basic training program. 16 17 (12) The department may develop performance-based contracts with qualified individuals, agencies, or 18 corporations for the provision of any or all of the youthful 19 20 offender programs. 21 (13) An offender in the basic training program is 22 subject to rules of conduct established by the department and 23 may have sanctions imposed, including loss of privileges, restrictions, disciplinary confinement, alteration of release 2.4 plans, or other program modifications in keeping with the 25 nature and gravity of the program violation. Administrative or 26 27 protective confinement, as necessary, may be imposed. 28 (14) The department may establish a system of incentives within the basic training program which the 29 30 department may use to promote participation in rehabilitative 31

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   programs and the orderly operation of institutions and
   facilities.
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           (15) The department shall develop a system for
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   tracking recidivism, including, but not limited to, rearrests
   and recommitment of youthful offenders, and shall report on
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    that system in its annual reports of the programs.
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           Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005.
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