Florida Senate - 2005

By Senator Wilson

33-615-05

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to campaign financing; creating
3	ss. 106.401-106.425, F.S., to establish the
4	"Florida Clean Elections Act"; providing a
5	short title; providing findings and
6	declarations; defining terms; providing
7	eligibility requirements for clean-money
8	campaign funding for candidates for statewide
9	or legislative office; providing transitional
10	requirements for the current election cycle;
11	providing a continuing obligation to comply;
12	providing limitations on contributions and
13	expenditures; providing limitations on the use
14	of personal funds; providing for seed-money
15	contributions; providing for participation in
16	debates; providing for certification of
17	eligibility; specifying benefits for
18	participating candidates; providing for the
19	amounts and payment schedule of clean-money
20	funding; providing limitations on the
21	expenditure of clean-money funds; providing for
22	disclosure of excess spending by
23	nonparticipating candidates; providing for
24	disclosure of and additional clean money to
25	respond to independent expenditures; providing
26	for disclosure of and additional clean money to
27	respond to issue advertisements; directing the
28	Secretary of State to create a nonpartisan
29	Voter Information Commission and providing its
30	duties; requiring publicly funded television
31	and radio stations to provide free coverage of
	_

1

1	debates for specified elections; providing
2	limitations on mailing privileges of certain
3	public officials; providing revenue sources for
4	the Clean Money Trust Fund; providing for the
5	administration and dispersal of clean-money
б	funds; providing limits on political party
7	contributions and expenditures; amending s.
8	106.011, F.S.; redefining the term "political
9	advertisement"; amending s. 106.021, F.S.;
10	eliminating authorization for unrestricted
11	expenditures by political committees and
12	political parties to jointly endorse three or
13	more candidates; amending s. 106.08, F.S.;
14	providing limits on contributions to political
15	parties; revising limits on contributions to
16	candidates by political parties; providing
17	penalties; amending s. 106.087, F.S.;
18	eliminating a restriction on independent
19	expenditures by certain political committees
20	and committees of continuous existence;
21	conforming a cross-reference; reenacting s.
22	106.19(1) and (3), F.S., relating to penalties,
23	to incorporate the amendments to ss. 106.08 and
24	106.265, F.S., in references thereto; amending
25	s. 106.29, F.S; revising reporting requirements
26	of political parties; conforming
27	cross-references; repealing ss. 106.30-106.36,
28	F.S., the "Florida Election Campaign Financing
29	Act," to conform; amending ss. 106.07, 106.141,
30	106.22, 106.265, 320.02, 322.08, 328.72,
31	607.1622, F.S.; revising references and
	3

2

1	providing for deposit of various fines, surplus
2	funds, and voluntary contributions in the Clean
3	Money Trust Fund, to conform; providing for a
4	surcharge on civil penalties to be deposited
5	into the trust fund and for deposit of the
6	surcharge funds into the trust fund; reenacting
7	ss. 106.143(8) and 106.144(2), F.S., relating
8	to the circulation of political advertisements
9	and endorsements or opposition by certain
10	groups and organizations, to incorporate the
11	amendment to s. 106.265, F.S., in references
12	thereto; providing severability; providing a
13	contingent effective date.
14	
15	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
16	
17	Section 1. Sections 106.401 through 106.425, Florida
18	Statutes, are created to read:
19	106.401 Short titleSections 106.401-106.426 may be
20	cited as the "Florida Clean Elections Act."
21	106.402 Findings and declarations
22	(1) The Legislature finds and declares that the
23	current system of privately financed campaigns for election to
24	statewide and legislative offices undermines democracy in this
25	state in the following principal ways:
26	(a) It violates the democratic principle of "one
27	person, one vote" and diminishes the meaning of the right to
28	vote by allowing large contributions to have a deleterious
29	influence on the political process.
30	(b) It violates the rights of all citizens to equal
31	and meaningful participation in the democratic process.
	2

1	(c) It diminishes the free-speech rights of nonwealthy
2	voters and candidates whose voices are drowned out by those
3	who can afford to monopolize the arena of paid political
4	communications.
5	(d) It undermines the First Amendment right of voters
6	and candidates to be heard in the political process, the First
7	Amendment right of voters to hear all candidates' speech, and
8	the core First Amendment value of open and robust debate in
9	the political process.
10	(e) It fuels the public perception of corruption and
11	undermines public confidence in the democratic process and
12	democratic institutions.
13	(f) It drives up the cost of election campaigns,
14	making it difficult for qualified candidates without access to
15	wealthy contributors or personal fortunes to mount competitive
16	campaigns.
17	(q) It places challengers at a disadvantage, because
18	wealthy contributors tend to give their money to incumbents,
19	thus causing elections to be less competitive.
20	(h) It inhibits communication with the electorate by
21	candidates without access to large sums of campaign money.
22	(i) It burdens candidates with the incessant rigors of
23	fundraising and thus decreases the time available to fully
24	present their candidacies and ideas to the public.
25	(2) The Legislature finds and declares that providing
26	a voluntary clean-money campaign finance system for all
27	primary and general elections would enhance democracy in the
28	state in the following principal ways:
29	(a) It would help eliminate the deleterious influence
30	of large contributions on the political process, remove access
31	to wealth as a major determinant of a person's influence

4

1 within the political process, and restore meaning to the 2 principle of "one person, one vote." (b) It would help restore the rights of all citizens 3 4 to equal and meaningful participation in the democratic 5 process. б (c) It would restore the free-speech rights of 7 nonwealthy candidates and voters by providing candidates with 8 the equal resources with which to communicate with the voters. 9 (d) It would help restore the First Amendment right of 10 voters and candidates to be heard in the political process, the First Amendment right of voters to hear all candidates' 11 12 speech, and the core First Amendment value of open and robust 13 debate in the political process. (e) It would diminish the public perception of 14 corruption and strengthen public confidence in the democratic 15 process and democratic institutions. 16 17 (f) It would halt and reverse the escalating cost of 18 elections. (q) It would create a more level playing field for 19 20 incumbents and challengers, create genuine opportunities for 21 gualified residents of this state to run for statewide or 2.2 legislative office, and encourage more competitive elections. 23 (h) It would facilitate communication with the electorate by candidates, regardless of their access to large 2.4 sums of campaign money. 25 (i) It would free candidates from the incessant rigors 26 27 of raising money and allow them more time to fully present 2.8 their candidacies and ideas to the public. (3) The Legislature further finds and declares that 29 the unique factual circumstances in this state require that 30

31 ss. 106.401-106.426 be enacted to promote the compelling state

interests listed in subsection (2). The provisions of ss. 1 2 106.401-106.426 are designed to create a rough proportionality between the benefits and restrictions that apply to 3 4 participating candidates. However, it should be clear that the provisions of ss. 106.401-106.426 are not entirely 5 neutral. Participating candidates are deliberately favored to 6 7 further the compelling state interest of encouraging participation in the public financing program. 8 9 106.403 Definitions.--As used in ss. 106.401-106.426, 10 the term: (1) "Allowable contribution" means a qualifying 11 12 contribution or a seed-money contribution. 13 (2) "Clean-money qualifying period" means the period during which candidates for statewide or legislative office 14 are permitted to collect qualifying contributions in order to 15 qualify for clean-money funding. For legislative races, it 16 17 begins on the 60th day before the beginning of the first 18 primary election campaign period and ends on the 30th day before the day of the first primary election. For 19 qubernatorial and other statewide races, it begins on the 20 21 120th day before the beginning of the first primary election 2.2 campaign period and ends on the 30th day before the day of the 23 first primary election. (3) "Commission" means the Florida Elections 2.4 Commission. 25 (4) "Department" means the Department of State. 26 27 (5) "Division" means the Division of Elections of the 2.8 Department of State. (6) "Excess expenditure amount" means the amount of 29 30 money spent or obligated to be spent by a nonparticipating 31

1

2

3 4

5

б

7

8

9 10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20 21

2.2

23

2.4

25

26 27

2.8

candidate in excess of the clean-money amount available to a participating candidate running for the same office. (7) "First primary election campaign period" means the period beginning on the 60th day before the first primary election and ending on the day of the first primary election. (8) "General election campaign period" means the period beginning the day after the first or second primary election, whichever is the last primary election at which the office sought is contested, and ending on the day of the general election. (9) "Immediate family" means the candidate's spouse, parents, and children. (10) "Independent candidate" means a candidate for statewide or legislative office who does not represent a political party that has been granted ballot status and holds a primary election to choose its nominee for the general election. (11) "Mass mailing" means any mailing of 200 or more identical or substantively identical pieces of mail sent by a candidate for statewide or legislative office or an elected official holding a statewide or legislative office to the voters, residents, or postal boxholders within the territorial jurisdiction of the office sought by such candidate or held by such official. Such mailings, consisting of substantively identical letters, newsletters, pamphlets, brochures, or other written material, are distinct from mailings made in direct response to communications from persons or groups to whom the matter is mailed; mailings to federal, state, or local

29 government officials; and news releases to the communications

30 media, all of which are exempt from this definition.

31

7

1	(12) "Nonparticipating candidate" means a candidate
2	for statewide or legislative office who is on the ballot but
3	has chosen not to apply for clean-money campaign funding or a
4	candidate for statewide or legislative office who is on the
5	ballot and has applied but has not satisfied the requirements
б	for receiving clean-money funding.
7	(13) "Participating candidate" means a candidate for
8	statewide or legislative office who gualifies for clean-money
9	campaign funding. Such candidates are eligible to receive
10	clean-money funding during primary and general election
11	campaign periods.
12	(14) "Party candidate" means a candidate for statewide
13	or legislative office who represents a political party that
14	has been granted ballot status and holds a primary election to
15	choose its nominee for the general election.
16	(15) "Qualifying contribution" means a contribution of
17	\$5 that is received during the applicable clean-money
18	qualifying period by a candidate seeking to become eligible
19	for clean-money campaign funding and that is acknowledged by a
20	written receipt identifying the contributor. Contributors
21	must be registered voters who reside within the territorial
22	jurisdiction of the office and who are therefore eligible to
23	vote for that candidate. Qualifying contributions must be made
24	in cash or by check or money order; must be accompanied by a
25	receipt fully identifying the contributor, which includes a
26	signed statement indicating that he or she fully understands
27	the purpose of the contribution and that the contribution is
28	made without coercion or reimbursement; and must be turned
29	over to the division for deposit in the Clean Money Trust
30	Fund. Qualifying contributions must be gathered by the
31	

SB 712

8

1 candidates themselves or by volunteers who receive no 2 compensation. 3 (16) "Second primary election campaign period" means 4 the period beginning the day after the first primary election 5 and ending on the day of the second primary election. б (17) "Seed-money contribution" means a contribution of 7 no more than \$100 in the aggregate from any one source during the seed-money period. The term does not include payments by 8 a membership organization for the costs of communications to 9 10 its members, payments by a membership organization for the purpose of facilitating the making of qualifying 11 12 contributions, and volunteer activity, including the payment 13 of incidental expenses by volunteers. (18) "Seed-money period" means the period beginning 14 the day following the previous general election for the office 15 sought and ending on the last day of the clean-money 16 qualifying period. This is the exploratory period during 17 18 which candidates who wish to become eligible for clean-money funding for the next elections are permitted to raise and 19 spend a limited amount of private seed money, in contributions 20 21 of up to \$100 per individual, for the purpose of testing the 2.2 waters and fulfilling the clean-money eligibility 23 requirements. (19) "Statewide office" means the office of Governor 2.4 or Cabinet member. The office of Governor includes the office 25 of Lieutenant Governor as a single joint candidacy in 26 27 accordance with s. 99.063. 2.8 106.404 Eligibility for clean-money campaign funding 29 for party candidates .--30 31

9

1	(1) A party candidate qualifies as a participating
2	candidate for the first and second primary election campaign
3	periods if the candidate:
4	(a) Files a declaration with the division that he or
5	she has complied and will continue to comply with the
6	requirements of ss. 106.401-106.426, especially the
7	requirement that during the seed-money period and the
8	clean-money qualifying period the candidate not accept or
9	spend private contributions from any source other than
10	seed-money contributions and qualifying contributions unless
11	s. 106.406 applies; and
12	(b) Meets the following qualifying contribution
13	requirements before the close of the clean-money qualifying
14	period:
15	1. A party candidate must collect at least the
16	following number of qualifying contributions:
17	a. For a candidate running for the office of state
18	representative, 500.
19	b. For a candidate running for the office of state
20	<u>senator, 1,500.</u>
21	c. For a candidate running for Cabinet office, 15,000.
22	d. For a candidate running for the office of Governor,
23	<u>20,000.</u>
24	2. Each qualifying contribution must be:
25	a. Acknowledged by a receipt to the contributor with a
26	copy to be kept by the candidate and a copy to be submitted to
27	the division. The receipt shall indicate, by the
28	contributor's signature, that the contributor understands that
29	the purpose of the contribution is to help the candidate
30	qualify for clean-money campaign funding and that he or she is
31	currently registered to vote in the territorial jurisdiction

1 of the office sought by the candidate. The receipt must 2 include the contributor's signature, printed name, home address, and telephone number and the name of the candidate on 3 4 whose behalf the contribution is made. 5 b. Submitted, with the copy of the signed and 6 completed receipt, to the division according to the schedule 7 and procedure determined by the division. A contribution 8 submitted as a qualifying contribution that does not include the copy of the signed and completed receipt may not be 9 10 counted as a qualifying contribution. (2) A party candidate qualifies as a participating 11 12 candidate for the general election campaign period if: 13 (a) He or she has met all of the applicable requirements of ss. 106.401-106.426 and filed a declaration 14 with the division that he or she has fulfilled and will 15 continue to fulfill the requirements of a participating 16 17 candidate as stated in ss. 106.401-106.426; and 18 (b) As a participating candidate during the first and second primary election campaign periods, he or she received 19 the highest number of votes of the candidates contesting the 20 21 primary elections from his or her respective party or, by 2.2 other means, won the party's official nomination. 23 106.405 Eligibility for clean-money campaign funding for independent candidates .--2.4 25 (1) An independent candidate qualifies as a participating candidate for the first and second primary 26 27 election campaign periods if the candidate: 2.8 (a) Files a declaration with the division that he or she has complied and will continue to comply with the 29 requirements of ss. 106.401-106.426, especially the 30 requirement that during the seed-money period and the 31

1 clean-money qualifying period the candidate not accept or 2 spend private contributions from any source other than seed-money contributions and qualifying contributions unless 3 4 s. 106.406 applies; and 5 (b) Meets the following qualifying contribution 6 requirements before the close of the clean-money qualifying 7 <u>period:</u> 1. An independent candidate must collect the same 8 number of qualifying contributions as a party candidate must 9 10 collect for the same office as provided in s. 106.404. 2. Each qualifying contribution must be: 11 12 Acknowledged by a receipt to the contributor, with a. 13 a copy to be kept by the candidate and a copy to be submitted to the division. The receipt must indicate, by the 14 contributor's signature, that the contributor understands that 15 the purpose of the contribution is to help the candidate 16 17 qualify for clean-money campaign funding and that he or she is 18 currently registered to vote in the territorial jurisdiction of the office sought by the candidate. The receipt must 19 include the contributor's signature, printed name, home 20 21 address, and telephone number and the name of the candidate on 2.2 whose behalf the contribution is made. Submitted, with the copy of the signed and 23 b. completed receipt, to the division according to the schedule 2.4 25 and procedure determined by the division. A contribution submitted as a qualifying contribution that does not include 26 27 the copy of the signed and completed receipt may not be 2.8 counted as a qualifying contribution. (2) An independent candidate qualifies as a 29 30 participating candidate for the general election campaign 31 <u>period if:</u>

1	(a) Before the first and second primary election, he
2	or she has met all of the applicable requirements of ss.
3	106.401-106.426 and filed a declaration with the division that
4	he or she has fulfilled and will continue to fulfill the
5	requirements of a participating candidate as stated in ss.
6	<u>106.401-106.426; and</u>
7	(b) During the first and second primary election
8	campaign periods, he or she has fulfilled all of the
9	requirements of a participating candidate as stated in ss.
10	<u>106.401-106.426.</u>
11	106.406 Transitional requirements for current election
12	cycleDuring the election cycle in effect on July 1, 2005, a
13	candidate may be certified as a participating candidate,
14	notwithstanding the acceptance of contributions or the making
15	of expenditures from private funds before July 1, 2005, which
16	would otherwise disqualify the candidate as a participating
17	candidate, if all private funds accepted but not expended
18	before July 1, 2005, are either returned to the contributors
19	or submitted to the division for deposit in the Clean-Money
20	Trust Fund.
21	106.407 Continuing obligation to complyA
22	participating candidate who accepts any benefits during the
23	first and second primary election campaign periods must comply
24	with all requirements of ss. 106.401-106.426 through the
25	general election campaign period whether or not he or she
26	continues to accept benefits, unless the candidate either
27	loses in one of the primary elections or withdraws his or her
28	candidacy and subsequently is selected as a candidate for
29	Lieutenant Governor with a nonparticipating candidate for
30	Governor.
31	

13

1 106.408 Contributions and expenditures; limitations 2 and reporting. --3 (1) During the primary and general election campaign 4 periods, a participating candidate who has voluntarily agreed 5 to participate in and has become eligible for clean-money 6 benefits may not accept private contributions from any source 7 other than the candidate's political party. 8 (2) A person may not make a contribution in the name of another person. A participating candidate who receives a 9 10 qualifying contribution or seed-money contribution that is not from the person listed on the receipt required by s. 11 106.404(1)(b)2., s. 106.405(1)(b)2., or s. 106.41(3) is liable 12 13 to pay the commission the entire amount of the illegal contribution, in addition to any other penalties prescribed by 14 15 this chapter. (3) During the primary and general election campaign 16 17 periods, a participating candidate must pay for all of his or 18 her campaign expenditures, except petty cash expenditures, by means of the clean money debit card, as specified in s. 19 106.424. 2.0 21 (4) Eligible candidates shall furnish complete campaign records, including all records of seed-money 2.2 23 contributions and qualifying contributions, to the division at regular filing times or on request by the division. 2.4 Candidates must cooperate with any audit or examination by the 25 division or the commission. 26 27 106.409 Use of personal funds.--2.8 (1) Personal funds contributed as seed money by a candidate seeking to become eligible as a participating 29 30 candidate or by adult members of his or her immediate family 31

SB 712

1 may not exceed the maximum of \$100 in the aggregate per 2 contributor. 3 (2) Personal funds may not be used to meet the 4 qualifying contribution requirement except for one qualifying contribution from the candidate and one qualifying 5 б contribution from the candidate's spouse, provided the 7 candidate and his or her spouse are registered voters of the territorial jurisdiction of the office sought by the 8 candidate. 9 10 106.41 Seed-money contributions.--(1) The only private contributions a candidate seeking 11 12 to become eligible for clean-money funding may accept, other 13 than qualifying contributions, are seed-money contributions contributed before the end of the clean-money qualifying 14 period. 15 (2) A seed-money contribution may not exceed \$100 in 16 17 the aggregate from any one source, and the aggregate amount of 18 seed-money contributions from all sources accepted by a candidate seeking to become eligible for clean-money funding 19 may not exceed: 20 21 (a) For a candidate running for the office of state 2.2 representative, \$10,000. 23 (b) For a candidate running for the office of state senator, \$30,000. 2.4 (c) For a candidate running for Cabinet office, 25 26 \$200,000. 27 (d) For a candidate running for the office of 2.8 Governor, \$500,000. (3) Receipts for seed-money contributions under \$25 29 must include the contributor's signature, printed name, and 30 address. Receipts for seed-money contributions of \$25 or more 31

1 must include the contributor's signature, printed name, street 2 address and zip code, telephone number, occupation, and name of employer. Contributions may not be accepted if the 3 4 required disclosure information is not provided. 5 (4) Seed money may be spent only during the clean-money qualifying period. Seed money may not be spent 6 7 during the primary or general election campaign periods. 8 (5) Within 48 hours after the close of the clean-money qualifying period, each candidate seeking to become eligible 9 for clean-money funding must fully disclose all seed-money 10 contributions and expenditures to the division and turn over 11 12 to the division for deposit in the Clean Money Trust Fund any 13 seed money raised during the applicable seed-money period that exceeds the aggregate seed-money limit. 14 106.411 Participation in debates.--15 (1) Participating candidates must participate in one 16 17 1-hour debate during a contested first primary election, one 18 1-hour debate during a contested second primary election, and two 1-hour debates during a contested general election when 19 public debate opportunities are available. 2.0 21 (2) Licensed broadcasters receiving state funding or 2.2 providing publicly authorized cable services are required to 23 publicly broadcast one such debate, when practicable, for gubernatorial and other statewide races. 2.4 (3) Nonparticipating candidates for the same offices 25 whose names will appear on the ballot must be invited to join 26 27 the debates. 2.8 106.412 Certification of eligibility.--(1) No more than 5 days after a candidate applies for 29 clean-money benefits, the division shall certify or fail to 30 certify the candidate as eligible. Eligibility may be revoked 31

SB 712

1 if the candidate violates any of the requirements of ss. 2 106.401-106.426, in which case all clean-money funds received by the candidate must be repaid. 3 4 (2) The candidate's request for eligibility certification shall be signed by the candidate and his or her 5 б campaign treasurer under penalty of perjury. 7 (3) The division's determination is final, except that 8 it is subject to examination and audit by an outside agency and to a prompt, expedited judicial review. 9 10 106.413 Benefits provided to candidates eligible to 11 receive clean money .--12 (1) Candidates who qualify for clean-money funding for 13 primary and general elections shall: (a) Receive clean-money funding from the division for 14 each election in the amounts specified in s. 106.415. This 15 funding may be used to finance any and all campaign expenses 16 17 during the particular campaign period for which it was 18 allocated. (b) Receive media benefits and mailing privileges as 19 provided in ss. 106.401-106.426, including up to \$5,000 each 20 21 election for broadcasting expenses for qualified political 2.2 advertisements that are determined under s. 106.42 as meeting 23 the standards of "Truth in Campaigning" established by the Voter Information Commission and the division. 2.4 (c) Receive additional clean-money funding to match 25 any excess expenditure amount spent by nonparticipating 26 27 candidates, as specified in s. 106.417. 2.8 (d) Receive additional clean-money funding to match any independent expenditure made in opposition to their 29 candidacies or on behalf of their opponents' candidacies, as 30 specified in s. 106.418. 31

17

1 (e) Receive additional clean-money funding to match 2 any issue advertisement made in opposition to their candidacies or on behalf of their opponents' candidacies, as 3 4 specified in s. 106.419. 5 (2) The maximum aggregate amount of additional funding 6 a participating candidate may receive to match independent 7 expenditures, issue advertisements, and the excess 8 expenditures of nonparticipating candidates is 300 percent of the full amount of clean-money funding allocated to the 9 10 candidate for a particular primary or general election campaign period. 11 12 106.414 Schedule of clean-money payments.--13 (1)(a) An eliqible party candidate shall receive his or her clean-money funding for the first or second primary 14 election campaign period on the date on which the division 15 certifies the candidate as a participating candidate. This 16 17 certification shall take place no later than 5 days after the 18 candidate has submitted the required number of qualifying contributions and a declaration stating that he or she has 19 complied with all other requirements for eligibility as a 20 21 participating candidate, but no earlier than the beginning of 2.2 the first or second primary election campaign period. 23 (b) An eligible party candidate shall receive his or her clean-money funding for the general election campaign 2.4 period within 48 hours after certification of the applicable 25 primary election results. 26 27 (2)(a) An eligible independent candidate shall receive 2.8 his or her clean-money funding for the first or second primary election campaign period on the date on which the division 29 certifies the candidate as a participating candidate. This 30 certification shall take place no later than 5 days after the 31

1 candidate has submitted the required number of qualifying 2 contributions and a declaration stating that he or she has complied with all other requirements for eligibility as a 3 4 participating candidate, but no earlier than the beginning of 5 the first or second primary election campaign period. б (b) An eligible independent candidate shall receive 7 his or her clean-money funding for a general election campaign 8 period within 48 hours after certification of the applicable primary election results. 9 106.415 Determination of clean-money amounts.--10 (1)(a) The amount of clean-money funding for an 11 12 eligible party candidate in a contested first primary election 13 is: 1. For a candidate running for the office of state 14 representative, \$45,000. 15 2. For a candidate running for the office of state 16 17 senator, \$135,000. 18 3. For a candidate running for Cabinet office, 19 \$700,000. 4. For a candidate running for the office of Governor, 20 21 \$2 million. 2.2 (b) The clean-money amount for an eligible party 23 candidate in an uncontested first primary election is 10 percent of the amount provided in a contested first primary 2.4 25 election. (c) The clean-money amount for an eligible party 26 27 candidate in a second primary election is 25 percent of the 2.8 amount authorized for that candidate for the first primary 29 election. (d) The amount of clean-money funding for an eligible 30 party candidate in a contested general election is: 31

1	1. For a candidate running for the office of state
2	representative, \$60,000.
3	2. For a candidate running for the office of state
4	<u>senator, \$180,000.</u>
5	3. For a candidate running for Cabinet office, \$1
б	<u>million.</u>
7	4. For a candidate running for the office of Governor,
8	<u>\$5 million.</u>
9	(2)(a) The clean-money amount for an eligible
10	independent candidate in a primary election is 10 percent of
11	the amount received by a party candidate in a contested
12	primary election.
13	(b) The clean-money amount for an eligible independent
14	candidate in the general election is the same as the full
15	amount received by a party candidate in the general election.
16	(3) After the first cycle of elections subject to ss.
17	106.401-106.426, the division shall adjust the clean-money
18	amounts authorized under this section based on the rate of
19	inflation or the cost-of-living index.
20	106.416 Expenditures made with clean-money funds
21	(1) The clean-money funding received by a
22	participating candidate may be used only for the purpose of
23	defraying that candidate's campaign-related expenses during a
24	particular election campaign period for which the clean-money
25	funding was allocated.
26	(2) Clean-money funding may not be used in violation
27	of the law or to repay any personal, family, or business
28	<u>loans, expenditures, or debts.</u>
29	106.417 Disclosure of excess spending by
30	nonparticipating candidates
31	

SB 712

1 (1) If a nonparticipating candidate's total 2 expenditures for a primary or general election campaign period exceed the amount of clean-money funding allocated to his or 3 4 her clean-money opponent for that period, he or she shall disclose to the division within 48 hours each excess 5 expenditure amount that, in the aggregate, is more than 6 7 \$1,000. (2) During the last 20 days before the end of the 8 applicable campaign period, a nonparticipating candidate shall 9 10 disclose to the division each excess expenditure amount that, in the aggregate, is more than \$500, within 24 hours of when 11 12 the expenditure is made or obligated to be made. 13 (3) The division may make its own determination as to whether excess expenditures have been made by nonparticipating 14 15 candidates. 16 (4) Upon receiving an excess expenditure disclosure 17 under this section, the division shall immediately release additional clean-money funding to the opposing participating 18 19 candidate equal to the excess expenditure amount the nonparticipating candidate has spent or intends to spend, 20 21 subject to the limit set forth in s. 106.413(2). 106.418 Disclosure of and additional clean money to 22 23 respond to independent expenditures. --(1) As used in this section, the term: 2.4 (a) "Coordination" means a payment made for a 25 communication or anything of value that is for the purpose of 26 27 influencing the outcome of an election for statewide or 2.8 legislative office and that is made: 29 By a person in cooperation, consultation, or 1. concert with, at the request or suggestion of, or pursuant to 30 a particular understanding with a candidate, a candidate's 31

1 campaign committee, or an agent acting on behalf of a 2 candidate or a candidate's campaign committee; 2. By a person for the dissemination, distribution, or 3 4 republication, in whole or in part, of any broadcast or any 5 written, graphic, or other form of campaign material prepared 6 by a candidate, a candidate's campaign committee, or an agent 7 of a candidate or a candidate's campaign committee; 8 3. Based on specific information about the candidate's plans, projects, or needs provided to the person making the 9 10 payment by the candidate or the candidate's agent who provides the information with a view toward having the payment made; 11 12 By a person if, in the same election cycle in which 4. 13 the payment is made, the person making the payment is serving or has served as a member, employee, fund raiser, or agent of 14 the candidate's campaign committee in an executive or 15 16 policymaking position; 17 5. By a person if the person making the payment has 18 served in any formal policymaking or advisory position with the candidate's campaign or has participated in strategic or 19 policymaking discussions with the candidate's campaign 20 21 relating to the candidate's pursuit of nomination for election 2.2 or election to a statewide or legislative office in the same 23 election cycle as the election cycle in which the payment is 2.4 made; or 6. By a person if the person making the payment 25 retains the professional services of an individual or person 26 27 who, in a nonministerial capacity, has provided or is 2.8 providing campaign-related services in the same election cycle to a candidate who is pursuing the same nomination or election 29 30 as any of the candidates to whom the communication refers. 31

22

1	(b) "Express advocacy" means a communication that is
2	<u>made through a broadcast medium, newspaper, magazine,</u>
3	<u>billboard, direct mail, or similar type of general public</u>
4	communication or political advertising that advocates the
5	election or defeat of a clearly identifiable candidate,
6	including any communication that contains a phrase such as
7	"vote for," "re-elect," "support," "cast your ballot for,"
8	"(name of candidate) for (name of office)," "(name of
9	<u>candidate) in (year)," "vote against," "defeat," or "reject"</u>
10	or contains campaign slogans or individual words that in
11	context can have no reasonable meaning other than to recommend
12	the election or defeat of one or more clearly identifiable
13	candidates. The term does not include any news story,
14	commentary, or editorial by a broadcasting station, newspaper,
15	magazine, or other publication, if the entity is not owned by
16	or affiliated with any candidate or candidate committee or a
17	regularly published newsletter or other communication whose
18	circulation is limited to an organization's members,
19	employees, shareholders, other affiliated individuals, and
20	those who request or purchase the internal publication.
21	(c) "Independent expenditure" means an expenditure
22	made by a person or group other than a candidate or a
23	candidate's campaign committee which is made for a
24	communication that contains express advocacy and is made
25	without the participation or cooperation of and without
26	coordination with a candidate or a candidate's campaign
27	<u>committee.</u>
28	(d) "Professional services" includes services in
29	support of a candidate's pursuit of nomination for election or
30	election to statewide or legislative office, such as polling,
31	media advice, direct mail, fundraising, or campaign research.
	22

SB 712

1	(2)(a) Any person who makes an independent expenditure
2	in support of or in opposition to a candidate for statewide or
3	legislative office during a primary or general election
4	campaign period which, in the aggregate, exceeds \$1,000 shall
5	report each such expenditure within 48 hours to the division.
6	(b) The report to the division shall include a
7	statement, under penalty of perjury, by the person making the
8	independent expenditure identifying the candidate whom the
9	independent expenditure is intended to help elect or defeat
10	and affirming that the expenditure is totally independent and
11	involves no cooperation or coordination with a candidate or
12	political party.
13	(c) An individual or organization may file a complaint
14	with the commission if the individual or organization believes
15	that such a statement is false. The commission shall make a
16	prompt determination about such a complaint.
17	(3) Upon receiving a report under this section that an
18	independent expenditure has been made or is obligated to be
19	made, the division shall immediately release additional
20	clean-money funding, equal in amount to the cost of the
21	independent expenditure, to all participating candidates whom
22	the independent expenditure is intended to oppose or defeat,
23	if the maximum aggregate amount of additional funding a
24	participating candidate receives to match independent
25	expenditures, issue advertisements, and the excess
26	expenditures of nonparticipating candidates is no more than
27	300 percent of the full amount of clean-money funding
28	allocated to a participating candidate in that election and
29	the aggregate amount of the campaign expenditures combined
30	with the amount of the independent expenditures of the
31	nonparticipating candidate benefiting from the independent

1 expenditure exceeds the amount of clean-money funding received 2 by the participating candidate. (4) Funding in the same amounts must also be granted 3 4 to any participating candidate when another participating 5 candidate benefits, however unintentionally, from independent 6 expenditures that, in the aggregate with other expenditures, 7 exceed the clean-money amount received by the participating 8 candidates. 9 106.419 Disclosure of, and additional clean money to 10 respond to, issue advertisements .--(1) As used in this section, the term "issue 11 12 advertisement" means a communication through a broadcasting 13 station, newspaper, magazine, outdoor advertising facility, mailing, or any other type of general public political 14 advertising the purchase of which is not an independent 15 expenditure or a contribution and which costs, in the 16 17 aggregate, \$1,000 or more, contains the name or likeness of 18 one or more candidates, is communicated during a primary or general election period, and recommends a position on a 19 political issue. 2.0 21 (2) A person who makes a disbursement to purchase an issue advertisement shall file a report with the division not 2.2 23 later than 48 hours after making the disbursement which specifies the amount of the disbursement, the name and address 2.4 of the person making the disbursement, the purpose of the 25 issue advertisement, and the script or a printed or duplicated 26 27 audio copy of the advertisement. 2.8 (3) Upon receiving a report under this section that an issue advertisement has been made or is obligated to be made, 29 and upon determination that the advertisement can reasonably 30 be interpreted as having the effect of promoting the defeat of 31

1	a participating candidate or the election of that candidate's
2	opponent, the division shall immediately authorize the release
3	to that candidate of additional clean-money funding, equal in
4	amount to the cost of the issue advertisement, subject to the
5	limit set forth in s. 106.413(2).
6	106.42 Voter Information Commission
7	(1) The Secretary of State shall establish and
8	administer a nonpartisan Voter Information Commission
9	consisting of representatives of nonprofit organizations,
10	political parties, the media, and interested citizens.
11	(2) The Voter Information Commission may establish a
12	voter information program for the purpose of providing voters
13	with election-related information and fostering political
14	dialoque and debate.
15	(3) The Voter Information Commission shall organize
16	the publication and distribution of a voter information quide
17	that includes important information about candidates appearing
18	on the ballot, including biographical material submitted by
19	the candidates; information on whether candidates are funding
20	their campaigns with public money or private money; policy
21	statements by the candidates or their political parties on
22	issues designated by the Voter Information Commission and
23	other issues; and, when pertinent, candidates' voting records.
24	(4) The Voter Information Commission shall evaluate,
25	or delegate the evaluation of, the veracity of a candidate's
26	own political advertisements submitted by participating
27	candidates to determine whether each advertisement meets the
28	standards of "Truth in Campaigning" as established by the
29	Voter Information Commission and the division and reviewed
30	biennially before the filing date for candidates in each
31	general election year. Upon determination of qualification

26

1 for an advertisement, the Voter Information Commission shall 2 immediately notify the candidate and the division that the advertisement meets the established standards of "Truth in 3 4 Campaigning." 5 106.421 Broadcast debates.-б (1) All television and radio broadcast stations 7 publicly funded in part or providing publicly approved cable 8 services shall make available, as a condition of their licenses, free coverage for gubernatorial and other statewide 9 10 candidate debates in contested primary and general elections. (2) At a minimum, broadcasters shall broadcast, when 11 12 practicable, and participating candidates in gubernatorial and other statewide races shall participate in, one 1-hour debate 13 during a contested primary election and two 1-hour debates 14 during a contested general election. 15 (3) All participating candidates shall participate in 16 17 public debates when practicable, and all nonparticipating 18 candidates for the same offices whose names will appear on the ballot must be invited to join the debates. 19 106.422 Limit on use of public official mailing 20 21 privileges.--22 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), an elected 23 official holding a statewide or legislative office shall not mail any mass mailing as government mail during the period 2.4 between July 1 of the election year and the date of the 25 general election for that office, unless the official has made 26 27 a public announcement that he or she will not be a candidate 2.8 for reelection to that office or for election to any other statewide or legislative office during that election cycle. 29 30 (2) The normal privileges for elected officials holding a statewide or legislative office shall remain 31

1 applicable to mailings not covered under the definition of 2 mass mailing in s. 106.403. 3 106.423 Revenue sources for the Clean Money Trust <u>Fund.--</u> 4 5 (1) The Legislature may appropriate funds that, when б added to the revenue outlined in subsection (2), will be 7 sufficient to fully carry out the provisions of ss. 8 106.401-106.426, and such funds shall be deposited in the Clean Money Trust Fund. 9 10 (2) Other sources of revenue to be deposited in the Clean Money Trust Fund include: 11 12 (a) The qualifying contributions required of 13 candidates seeking to become certified as participating candidates and such candidates' qualifying contributions in 14 excess of the minimum number to qualify as a participating 15 16 candidate. 17 (b) The excess seed-money contributions of candidates 18 seeking to become certified as participating candidates. (c) Unspent funds distributed to any participating 19 20 candidate who does not remain a candidate until the primary or 21 general election for which they were distributed, or such 2.2 funds that remain unspent by a participating candidate 23 following the date of the primary or general election for which they were distributed. 2.4 (d) Fines levied by the commission against candidates 25 for violation of election laws, except for those fines 26 27 required to be deposited in the Elections Commission Trust 28 Fund. 29 (e) Voluntary donations made directly to the trust 30 <u>fund.</u> 31

28

1	(f) Funds from the surcharge on civil penalties levied
2	<u>under s. 106.265(3).</u>
3	(q) Any interest generated by the trust fund.
4	(h) Any other sources of revenue authorized by law.
5	106.424 Administration and disbursal of clean money
6	(1) Upon determining that a candidate has met all the
7	requirements for becoming a participating candidate as
8	provided in ss. 106.401-106.426, the division shall authorize
9	the issuance to the candidate of a clean-money debit card and
10	a line of debit entitling the candidates and members of the
11	candidate's staff to draw clean-money funds from a state
12	account to pay for all campaign costs and expenses up to the
13	amount of clean-money funding the candidate has been
14	authorized.
15	(2) Neither a participating candidate nor any other
16	person on behalf of a participating candidate shall pay
17	campaign costs by cash, check, money order, loan, or any other
18	financial means besides the clean-money debit card, except as
19	otherwise provided in subsection (3).
20	<u>(3) Cash amounts of \$500 or less per day may be drawn</u>
21	on the clean-money debit card and used to pay expenses of no
22	more than \$100 each. Records of all such expenditures must be
23	maintained and reported to the division.
24	(4) Upon determination by the Voter Information
25	Commission that a candidate's political advertisement
26	gualifies under the "Truth in Campaigning" standards proposed
27	by the Voter Information Commission and adopted by the
28	division, the division shall authorize payment for the
29	broadcast advertisement, which may be made directly to
30	broadcast vendors in the candidate's behalf, except that the
31	

1 amount of payments for each candidate in each election may not 2 exceed an aggregate total of \$5,000. 106.425 Political party contributions and 3 4 expenditures.--5 (1) Participating candidates may accept monetary or б in-kind contributions from political parties if the aggregate 7 amount of the contributions from all political party 8 committees combined does not exceed the equivalent of 10 percent of the clean-money financing amount for that office 9 10 and if that aggregate amount does not exceed \$100,000 per candidate per election cycle. 11 12 (2) Contributions made to, and expenditures made by, 13 political parties during primary and general election campaign periods must be reported to the division on the same basis as 14 contributions and expenditures made to or by candidates. 15 (3) This section does not prevent political party 16 17 funds from being used for general operating expenses of the 18 party; conventions; nominating and endorsing candidates on a nonrecurring basis within each election period; identifying, 19 researching, and developing the party's positions on issues; 2.0 21 party platform activities; noncandidate-specific voter 2.2 registration; noncandidate-specific, get-out-the-vote drives; 23 travel expenses for noncandidate party leaders and staff; and other noncandidate-specific, party-building activities. 2.4 Section 2. Subsection (17) of section 106.011, Florida 25 Statutes, is amended to read: 26 27 106.011 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the 2.8 following terms have the following meanings unless the context 29 clearly indicates otherwise: 30 (17)(a) "Political advertisement" means a paid expression in any communications media prescribed in 31

SB 712

1	subsection (13), whether radio, television, newspaper,
2	magazine, periodical, campaign literature, direct mail, or
3	display or by means other than the spoken word in direct
4	conversation, which expressly advocates the election or defeat
5	of a candidate or the approval or rejection of an issue. <u>A</u>
6	political advertisement shall be deemed to support or oppose a
7	candidate or elected public official if it mentions or shows a
8	clearly identifiable candidate for election or reelection and
9	is distributed at any point during the period following the
10	last day of qualifying for that candidacy through the
11	immediately ensuing general election, regardless of whether
12	the communication contains the words "vote for," "reelect,"
13	"vote against," or "defeat" or any similar words or
14	statements.
15	<u>(b)</u> However,"Political advertisement" does not
16	include:
17	<u>1.(a)</u> A statement by an organization, in existence
18	prior to the time during which a candidate qualifies or an
19	issue is placed on the ballot for that election, in support of
20	or opposition to a candidate or issue, in that organization's
21	newsletter, which newsletter is distributed only to the
22	members of that organization.
23	<u>2.(b)</u> Editorial endorsements by any newspaper, radio
24	or television station, or other recognized news medium.
25	3. A paid expression in any communications medium
26	which mentions or shows a clearly identifiable candidate for
27	election or reelection and which:
28	a. Advertises a business rather than the candidate, is
29	paid for out of funds of that business, and is similar to
30	other advertisements for that business which have mentioned or
31	shown the candidate and have been distributed on a regular

1 basis over a period of at least 1 year before the qualifying 2 period for that candidacy; or 3 b. Is distributed or broadcast only to areas other 4 than the geographical area of the electorate for that 5 candidacy. б Section 3. Subsection (3) of section 106.021, Florida 7 Statutes, is amended to read: 8 106.021 Campaign treasurers; deputies; primary and 9 secondary depositories. --10 (3) No contribution or expenditure, including contributions or expenditures of a candidate or of the 11 12 candidate's family, shall be directly or indirectly made or 13 received in furtherance of the candidacy of any person for nomination or election to political office in the state or on 14 behalf of any political committee except through the duly 15 appointed campaign treasurer of the candidate or political 16 17 committee, subject to the following exceptions: 18 (a) Independent expenditures; (b) Reimbursements to a candidate or any other 19 individual for expenses incurred in connection with the 20 21 campaign or activities of the political committee by a check 22 drawn upon the campaign account and reported pursuant to s. 23 106.07(4). After July 1, 2004, the full name and address of each person to whom the candidate or other individual made 2.4 payment for which reimbursement was made by check drawn upon 25 the campaign account shall be reported pursuant to s. 26 27 106.07(4), together with the purpose of such payment; or 2.8 (c) Expenditures made indirectly through a treasurer for goods or services, such as communications media placement 29 or procurement services, campaign signs, insurance, or other 30 expenditures that include multiple integral components as part 31

1 of the expenditure and reported pursuant to s. 2 106.07(4)(a)13.; or 3 (d) Expenditures made directly by any political 4 committee or political party regulated by chapter 103 for 5 obtaining time, space, or services in or by any communications б medium for the purpose of jointly endorsing three or more 7 candidates, and any such expenditure shall not be considered a 8 contribution or expenditure to or on behalf of any such 9 candidates for the purposes of this chapter. 10 Section 4. Section 106.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 11 106.08 Contributions; limitations on.--12 13 (1)(a) Except for political parties, no person, political committee, or committee of continuous existence may, 14 in any election, make contributions in excess of \$500 to any 15 candidate for election to or retention in office or to any 16 17 political committee supporting or opposing one or more candidates. Candidates for the offices of Governor and 18 Lieutenant Governor on the same ticket are considered a single 19 candidate for the purpose of this section. 20 21 (b)1. The contribution limits provided in this 22 subsection do not apply to contributions made by a state or 23 county executive committee of a political party regulated by chapter 103 or to amounts contributed by a candidate to his or 2.4 25 her own campaign. 2. Notwithstanding the limits provided in this 26 27 subsection, an unemancipated child under the age of 18 years 2.8 of age may not make a contribution in excess of \$100 to any 29 candidate or to any political committee supporting one or more 30 candidates. 31

33

1	(c) The contribution limits of this subsection apply
2	to each election. For purposes of this subsection, the first
3	primary, second primary, and general election are separate
4	elections so long as the candidate is not an unopposed
5	candidate as defined in s. 106.011(15). However, for the
6	purpose of contribution limits with respect to candidates for
7	retention as a justice or judge, there is only one election,
8	which is the general election. With respect to candidates in a
9	circuit holding an election for circuit judge or in a county
10	holding an election for county court judge, there are only two
11	elections, which are the first primary election and general
12	election.
13	(2) A person, political committee, or committee of
14	continuous existence may not make contributions to the state
15	and county executive committees of a political party,
16	including any subordinate committee of a state or county
17	executive committee of a political party, which contributions,
18	including in-kind contributions, in the aggregate in any
19	<u>calendar year exceed \$5,000.</u>
20	(3)(2)(a) Except as otherwise provided in s. 106.425,
21	a candidate for an office other than a statewide office may
22	not accept contributions from national, state, including any
23	subordinate committee of a national, state, or county
24	committee of a political party, and county executive
25	committees of a political party, including any subordinate
26	committee of a national, state, or county executive committee
27	of a political party, which contributions, including in-kind
28	<u>contributions,</u> in the aggregate exceed <u>\$5,000 in any calendar</u>
29	year. A candidate for statewide office may not accept
30	contributions from national, state, or county executive
31	committees of a political party, including any subordinate

SB 712

1 committee of a national, state, or county executive committee 2 of a political party, which contributions, including in-kind contributions, in the aggregate in any election cycle exceed 3 \$100,000\$50,000, no more than \$25,000 of which may be 4 5 accepted prior to the 28 day period immediately preceding the 6 date of the general election. 7 (b) Except as otherwise provided in s. 106.425, 8 national, state, and county executive committees of a 9 political party, including any subordinate committee of a 10 national, state, or county executive committee of a political party, may not make contributions to a candidate for other 11 12 than statewide office which contributions, including in-kind 13 contributions, in the aggregate in any calendar year exceed \$5,000. National, state, and county executive committees of a 14 political party, including any subordinate committee of a 15 national, state, or county executive committee of a political 16 17 party, may not make contributions to a candidate for statewide office which contributions, including in-kind contributions, 18 in the aggregate in any election cycle exceed \$100,000. 19 2.0 Polling services, research services, costs for campaign staff, 21 professional consulting services, and telephone calls are not 2.2 contributions to be counted toward the contribution limits of 23 paragraph (a). Any item not expressly identified in this 2.4 paragraph as nonallocable is a contribution in an amount equal the fair market value of the item and must be counted as 25 allocable toward the \$50,000 contribution limits of paragraph 26 27 (a). Nonallocable, in kind contributions must be reported by 2.8 the candidate under s. 106.07 and by the political party under s. 106.29. 29 30 (4) (3) (a) Any contribution received by a candidate with opposition in an election or by the campaign treasurer or 31

SB 712

a deputy campaign treasurer of such a candidate on the day of 1 2 that election or less than 5 days prior to the day of that election must be returned by him or her to the person or 3 committee contributing it and may not be used or expended by 4 or on behalf of the candidate. 5 б (b) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (c), any 7 contribution received by a candidate or by the campaign 8 treasurer or a deputy campaign treasurer of a candidate after the date at which the candidate withdraws his or her 9 10 candidacy, or after the date the candidate is defeated, becomes unopposed, or is elected to office must be returned to 11 12 the person or committee contributing it and may not be used or 13 expended by or on behalf of the candidate. (c) With respect to any campaign for an office in 14 which an independent or minor party candidate has filed as 15 required in s. 99.0955 or s. 99.096, but whose qualification 16 17 is pending a determination by the Department of State or supervisor of elections as to whether or not the required 18 number of petition signatures was obtained: 19 1. The department or supervisor shall, no later than 3 20 21 days after that determination has been made, notify in writing 22 all other candidates for that office of that determination. 23 2. Any contribution received by a candidate or the campaign treasurer or deputy campaign treasurer of a candidate 2.4 after the candidate has been notified in writing by the 25 26 department or supervisor that he or she has become unopposed 27 as a result of an independent or minor party candidate failing 2.8 to obtain the required number of petition signatures shall be returned to the person, political committee, or committee of 29 continuous existence contributing it and shall not be used or 30 expended by or on behalf of the candidate. 31

36
1 (5) (4) Any contribution received by the chair, 2 campaign treasurer, or deputy campaign treasurer of a political committee supporting or opposing a candidate with 3 opposition in an election or supporting or opposing an issue 4 on the ballot in an election on the day of that election or 5 6 less than 5 days prior to the day of that election may not be 7 obligated or expended by the committee until after the date of 8 the election. 9 (6) (5) (a) A person may not make any contribution 10 through or in the name of another, directly or indirectly, in any election. 11 12 (b) Candidates, political committees, and political 13 parties may not solicit contributions from any religious, charitable, civic, or other causes or organizations 14 established primarily for the public good. 15 (c) Candidates, political committees, and political 16 17 parties may not make contributions, in exchange for political 18 support, to any religious, charitable, civic, or other cause or organization established primarily for the public good. It 19 is not a violation of this paragraph for: 20 21 1. A candidate, political committee, or political 22 party executive committee to make gifts of money in lieu of 23 flowers in memory of a deceased person; 2. A candidate to continue membership in, or make 2.4 regular donations from personal or business funds to, 25 religious, political party, civic, or charitable groups of 26 27 which the candidate is a member or to which the candidate has 2.8 been a regular donor for more than 6 months; or 29 3. A candidate to purchase, with campaign funds, 30 tickets, admission to events, or advertisements from religious, civic, political party, or charitable groups. 31 37

1 (7) (6) A political party may not accept any 2 contribution which has been specifically designated for the partial or exclusive use of a particular candidate. Any 3 contribution so designated must be returned to the contributor 4 5 and may not be used or expended by or on behalf of the 6 candidate. 7 (8)(7)(a) Any person who knowingly and willfully makes 8 no more than one contribution in violation of subsection (1), 9 <u>subsection (2)</u>, or subsection (6), or any person who knowingly and willfully fails or refuses to return any 10 contribution as required in subsection (4) (3), commits a 11 12 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 13 775.082 or s. 775.083. If any corporation, partnership, or other business entity or any political party, political 14 committee, or committee of continuous existence is convicted 15 of knowingly and willfully violating any provision punishable 16 17 under this paragraph, it shall be fined not less than \$1,000 and not more than \$10,000. If it is a domestic entity, it may 18 be ordered dissolved by a court of competent jurisdiction; if 19 it is a foreign or nonresident business entity, its right to 20 21 do business in this state may be forfeited. Any officer, 22 partner, agent, attorney, or other representative of a 23 corporation, partnership, or other business entity or of a political party, political committee, or committee of 2.4 continuous existence who aids, abets, advises, or participates 25 26 in a violation of any provision punishable under this 27 paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, 2.8 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 29 (b) Any person who knowingly and willfully makes two or more contributions in violation of subsection (1), 30 <u>subsection (2)</u>, or subsection (6)(5) commits a felony of the 31

38

1

2

3

4

5 6

7

8

9

third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. If any corporation, partnership, or other business entity or any political party, political committee, or committee of continuous existence is convicted of knowingly and willfully violating any provision punishable under this paragraph, it shall be fined not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$50,000. If it is a domestic entity, it may be ordered dissolved by a court of competent jurisdiction; if it is a foreign or nonresident business entity, its right to do business in this state may be forfeited. Any officer, partner, agent, attorney, or other representative of a

do business in this state may be forfeited. Any officer, partner, agent, attorney, or other representative of a corporation, partnership, or other business entity, or of a political committee, committee of continuous existence, or political party who aids, abets, advises, or participates in a violation of any provision punishable under this paragraph commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(9)(8) Except when otherwise provided in subsection 18 (8) (7), any person who knowingly and willfully violates any 19 provision of this section shall, in addition to any other 20 21 penalty prescribed by this chapter, pay to the state a sum 22 equal to twice the amount contributed in violation of this 23 chapter. Each campaign treasurer shall pay all amounts contributed in violation of this section to the state for 2.4 deposit in the General Revenue Fund. 25

26 (10)(9) This section does not apply to the transfer of 27 funds between a primary campaign depository and a savings 28 account or certificate of deposit or to any interest earned on 29 such account or certificate.

30 Section 5. Section 106.087, Florida Statutes, is 31 amended to read:

39

1 106.087 Independent expenditures; contribution limits; 2 restrictions on political parties, political committees, and committees of continuous existence. --3 4 (1)(a) As a condition of receiving a rebate of filing 5 fees and party assessment funds pursuant to s. 99.061(2), s. 6 99.092(1), s. 99.103, or s. 103.121(1)(b), the chair or 7 treasurer of a state or county executive committee shall take and subscribe to an oath or affirmation in writing. During the 8 qualifying period for state candidates and prior to 9 distribution of such funds, a printed copy of the oath or 10 affirmation shall be filed with the Secretary of State and 11 12 shall be substantially in the following form: 13 State of Florida 14 County of 15 Before me, an officer authorized to administer oaths, 16 17 personally appeared ... (name) ... , to me well known, who, being 18 sworn, says that he or she is the ...(title)... of the ... (name of party)... ... (state or specified county)... 19 executive committee; that the executive committee has not 20 21 made, either directly or indirectly, an independent 22 expenditure in support of or opposition to a candidate or 23 elected public official in the prior 6 months; that the executive committee will not make, either directly or 2.4 indirectly, an independent expenditure in support of or 25 opposition to a candidate or elected public official, through 26 27 and including the upcoming general election; and that the 2.8 executive committee will not violate the contribution limits applicable to candidates under section 106.08(3) 106.08(2), 29 30 Florida Statutes. ... (Signature of committee officer)... 31

1 ...(Address)... 2 3 Sworn to and subscribed before me this day of, 4 ... (year)..., at County, Florida. 5 ... (Signature and title of officer administering oath)... б 7 (2)(b) Any executive committee found to have violated 8 the provisions of the oath or affirmation in this section prior to receiving funds shall be ineligible to receive the 9 10 rebate for that general election year. (3) (c) Any executive committee found to have violated 11 12 the provisions of the oath or affirmation in this section 13 after receiving funds shall be ineligible to receive the rebate from candidates qualifying for the following general 14 election cycle. 15 (4) (4) (d) Any funds not distributed to the state or 16 17 county executive committee pursuant to this section shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund of the state. 18 19 (2)(a) Any political committee or committee of continuous existence that accepts the use of public funds, 2.0 21 equipment, personnel, or other resources to collect dues from 22 its members agrees not to make independent expenditures in 23 support of or opposition to a candidate or elected public 2.4 official. However, expenditures may be made for the sole 25 purpose of jointly endorsing three or more candidates. 26 (b) Any political committee or committee of continuous 27 existence that violates this subsection is liable for a civil 2.8 fine of up to \$5,000 to be determined by the Florida Elections 29 Commission or the entire amount of the expenditures, whichever 30 is greater. 31

SB 712

1 Section 6. For the purpose of incorporating the 2 amendments made by this act to sections 106.08 and 106.265, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsections (1) and 3 (3) of section 106.19, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to 4 5 read: 6 106.19 Violations by candidates, persons connected 7 with campaigns, and political committees .--8 (1) Any candidate; campaign manager, campaign treasurer, or deputy treasurer of any candidate; committee 9 10 chair, vice chair, campaign treasurer, deputy treasurer, or other officer of any political committee; agent or person 11 12 acting on behalf of any candidate or political committee; or 13 other person who knowingly and willfully: (a) Accepts a contribution in excess of the limits 14 prescribed by s. 106.08; 15 (b) Fails to report any contribution required to be 16 17 reported by this chapter; (c) Falsely reports or deliberately fails to include 18 any information required by this chapter; or 19 (d) Makes or authorizes any expenditure in violation 20 21 of s. 106.11(4) or any other expenditure prohibited by this 22 chapter; 23 is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as 2.4 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 25 (3) A political committee sponsoring a constitutional 26 27 amendment proposed by initiative which submits a petition form 2.8 gathered by a paid petition circulator which does not provide the name and address of the paid petition circulator on the 29 form is subject to the civil penalties prescribed in s. 30 31 106.265.

42

1 Section 7. Subsection (6) of section 106.29, Florida 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 106.29 Reports by political parties; restrictions on 4 contributions and expenditures; penalties .--5 (6)(a) The national, state, and county executive 6 committees of a political party, including any subordinate 7 committee of a national, state, or county executive committee 8 of a political party, may not contribute to any candidate any amount in excess of the limits contained in <u>s. 106.08(3)</u> s. 9 10 106.08(2), and all contributions required to be reported under s. 106.08(2) by the national executive committee of a 11 12 political party shall be reported by the state executive 13 committee of that political party. (b) A violation of the contribution limits contained 14 in <u>s. 106.08(3)</u> s. 106.08(2) is a misdemeanor of the first 15 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. A 16 17 civil penalty equal to three times the amount in excess of the limits contained in <u>s. 106.08(3)</u> s. 106.08(2) shall be 18 assessed against any executive committee found in violation 19 thereof. 20 21 Section 8. <u>Sections 106.30, 106.31, 106.32, 106.33</u>, 106.34, 106.35, 106.353, 106.355, and 106.36, Florida 22 23 Statutes, are repealed. Section 9. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 2.4 106.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 25 106.07 Reports; certification and filing.--26 27 (1) Each campaign treasurer designated by a candidate 2.8 or political committee pursuant to s. 106.021 shall file regular reports of all contributions received, and all 29 expenditures made, by or on behalf of such candidate or 30 political committee. Reports shall be filed on the 10th day 31

SB 712

1 following the end of each calendar guarter from the time the 2 campaign treasurer is appointed, except that, if the 10th day following the end of a calendar quarter occurs on a Saturday, 3 Sunday, or legal holiday, the report shall be filed on the 4 next following day which is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal 5 6 holiday. Quarterly reports shall include all contributions 7 received and expenditures made during the calendar quarter 8 which have not otherwise been reported pursuant to this 9 section.

10 (b) Following the last day of qualifying for office, any statewide or legislative candidate who has requested to 11 12 receive contributions from the Clean Money Election Campaign 13 Financing Trust Fund or any statewide or legislative candidate in a race with a candidate who has requested to receive 14 contributions from the trust fund shall file reports on the 15 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th, and 32nd days prior to the first 16 17 primary and general elections, and on the 4th, 11th, 18th, and 18 25th days prior to the second primary.

19 Section 10. Subsection (4) of section 106.141, Florida 20 Statutes, is amended to read:

21 106.141 Disposition of surplus funds by candidates.--(4)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), any 23 candidate required to dispose of funds pursuant to this 24 section shall, at the option of the candidate, dispose of such 25 funds by any of the following means, or any combination 26 thereof: 27 definition of the candidate of the section o

27 1. Return pro rata to each contributor the funds that28 have not been spent or obligated.

29 2. Donate the funds that have not been spent or 30 obligated to a charitable organization or organizations that 31

44

1

SB 712

2 Revenue Code. 3. Give not more than \$10,000 of the funds that have 3 not been spent or obligated to the political party of which 4 such candidate is a member, except that a candidate for the 5 6 Florida Senate may give not more than \$30,000 of such funds to 7 the political party of which the candidate is a member. 8 4. Give the funds that have not been spent or obligated: 9 10 a. In the case of a candidate for state office, to the state, to be deposited in either the Clean Money Election 11 12 Campaign Financing Trust Fund or the General Revenue Fund, as 13 designated by the candidate; or b. In the case of a candidate for an office of a 14 political subdivision, to such political subdivision, to be 15 deposited in the general fund thereof. 16 17 (b) Any candidate required to dispose of funds 18 pursuant to this section who has received contributions from the <u>Clean Money</u> Election Campaign Financing Trust Fund shall 19 return all surplus campaign funds to the Clean Money Election 20 21 Campaign Financing Trust Fund. 22 Section 11. Subsection (6) of section 106.22, Florida 23 Statutes, is amended to read: 106.22 Duties of the Division of Elections.--It is the 2.4 duty of the Division of Elections to: 25 (6) Make, from time to time, audits and field 26 27 investigations with respect to reports and statements filed 2.8 under the provisions of this chapter and with respect to alleged failures to file any report or statement required 29 30 under the provisions of this chapter. The division shall conduct a postelection audit of the campaign accounts of all 31

meet the qualifications of s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal

1 candidates receiving contributions from the Clean Money 2 Election Campaign Financing Trust Fund. Section 12. Subsections (3), (4), and (5) of section 3 106.265, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 4 5 106.265 Civil penalties.-б (3)(a) Any civil penalty collected pursuant to the 7 provisions of this section shall be deposited into the Clean 8 Money Election Campaign Financing Trust Fund. (b)(4) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this 9 10 chapter, any fine assessed pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, which fine is designated to be deposited or which 11 12 would otherwise be deposited into the General Revenue Fund of 13 the state, shall be deposited into the <u>Clean Money</u> Election Campaign Financing Trust Fund. 14 (c) A 10-percent surcharge shall be assessed against 15 each civil fine required to be deposited into the Clean Money 16 Trust Fund, and the funds from the surcharge shall also be 17 18 deposited into the Clean Money Trust Fund. (4) (4) (5) In any case in which the commission determines 19 that a person has filed a complaint against another person 20 21 with a malicious intent to injure the reputation of the person 22 complained against by filing the complaint with knowledge that 23 the complaint contains one or more false allegations or with reckless disregard for whether the complaint contains false 2.4 allegations of fact material to a violation of this chapter or 25 chapter 104, the complainant shall be liable for costs and 26 27 reasonable attorney's fees incurred in the defense of the 2.8 person complained against, including the costs and reasonable 29 attorney's fees incurred in proving entitlement to and the amount of costs and fees. If the complainant fails to pay such 30 costs and fees voluntarily within 30 days following such 31

46

1 finding by the commission, the commission shall forward such 2 information to the Department of Legal Affairs, which shall bring a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction to 3 recover the amount of such costs and fees awarded by the 4 commission. 5 б Section 13. Subsection (13) of section 320.02, Florida 7 Statutes, is amended to read: 8 320.02 Registration required; application for 9 registration; forms.--10 (13) The application form for motor vehicle registration shall include language permitting a voluntary 11 12 contribution of \$5 per applicant, which contribution shall be 13 transferred into the Clean Money Election Campaign Financing Trust Fund. A statement providing an explanation of the 14 purpose of the trust fund shall also be included. 15 Section 14. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 16 17 322.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 322.08 Application for license.--18 19 (6) The application form for a driver's license or 20 duplicate thereof shall include language permitting the 21 following: 22 (a) A voluntary contribution of \$5 per applicant, 23 which contribution shall be transferred into the Clean Money Election Campaign Financing Trust Fund. 2.4 25 A statement providing an explanation of the purpose of the 26 27 trust funds shall also be included. For the purpose of 2.8 applying the service charge provided in s. 215.20, 29 contributions received under paragraphs (c), (d), and (e) and 30 under s. 322.18(9)(a) are not income of a revenue nature. 31

47

1 Section 15. Subsection (11) of section 328.72, Florida 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 328.72 Classification; registration; fees and charges; surcharge; disposition of fees; fines; marine turtle 4 5 stickers.-б (11) VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS. -- The application form 7 for boat registration shall include a provision to allow each 8 applicant to indicate a desire to pay an additional voluntary contribution to the Save the Manatee Trust Fund to be used for 9 the purposes specified in s. 370.12(4). This contribution 10 shall be in addition to all other fees and charges. The amount 11 12 of the request for a voluntary contribution solicited shall be 13 \$2 or \$5 per registrant. A registrant who provides a voluntary contribution of \$5 or more shall be given a sticker or emblem 14 by the tax collector to display, which signifies support for 15 the Save the Manatee Trust Fund. All voluntary contributions 16 17 shall be deposited in the Save the Manatee Trust Fund and shall be used for the purposes specified in s. 370.12(4). The 18 form shall also include language permitting a voluntary 19 contribution of \$5 per applicant, which contribution shall be 20 21 transferred into the Clean Money Election Campaign Financing 22 Trust Fund. A statement providing an explanation of the 23 purpose of the trust fund shall also be included. Section 16. Subsection (1) of section 607.1622, 2.4 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 25 607.1622 Annual report for Department of State.--26 27 (1) Each domestic corporation and each foreign 2.8 corporation authorized to transact business in this state 29 shall deliver to the Department of State for filing a sworn annual report on such forms as the Department of State 30 prescribes that sets forth: 31

48

1 (a) The name of the corporation and the state or 2 country under the law of which it is incorporated; 3 (b) The date of incorporation or, if a foreign 4 corporation, the date on which it was admitted to do business in this state; 5 б (c) The address of its principal office and the 7 mailing address of the corporation; (d) The corporation's federal employer identification 8 number, if any, or, if none, whether one has been applied for; 9 10 (e) The names and business street addresses of its directors and principal officers; 11 12 (f) The street address of its registered office and 13 the name of its registered agent at that office in this state; (g) Language permitting a voluntary contribution of \$5 14 per taxpayer, which contribution shall be transferred into the 15 Clean Money Election Campaign Financing Trust Fund. A 16 17 statement providing an explanation of the purpose of the trust fund shall also be included; and 18 (h) Such additional information as may be necessary or 19 appropriate to enable the Department of State to carry out the 20 21 provisions of this act. 22 Section 17. For the purpose of incorporating the 23 amendment made by this act to section 106.265, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (8) of section 2.4 106.143, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read: 25 106.143 Political advertisements circulated prior to 26 27 election; requirements. --2.8 (8) Any person who willfully violates any provision of this section is subject to the civil penalties prescribed in 29 s. 106.265. 30 31

49

1 Section 18. For the purpose of incorporating the 2 amendment made by this act to section 106.265, Florida 3 Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (2) of section 4 106.144, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read: 5 106.144 Endorsements or opposition by certain groups 6 and organizations. --7 (2) Any officer, director, or other person acting on behalf of an organization who willfully violates the 8 provisions of subsection (1) is subject to the civil penalties 9 10 prescribed in s. 106.265. Section 19. If any provision of this act or its 11 12 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the 13 invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the act which can be given effect without the invalid 14 provision or application, and to this end the provisions of 15 this act are declared severable. 16 Section 20. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005, 17 if Senate Bill ____ or similar legislation creating the Clean 18 Money Trust Fund is adopted in the same legislative session or 19 an extension thereof and becomes law. 20 21 22 23 2.4 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

SB 712

2 ENTRE SUMMARY 3 Several Summary Several	1	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
 clean-money campaign funding for candidates for statewide or legislative office. Provides cligibility requirements for clean-money campaign funding for candidates for statewide or legislative office. Provides limitational requirements for the current election cycle. Provides a continuing obligation to comply. Provides limitations on contributions and expenditures and on the use of personal funds. Provides for seed-money contributions. Provides for participation in debates. Provides for certification of eligibility. Specifies benefits for participating candidates. Provides for the amounts and payment schedule of excess spending by nonparticipating candidates. Provides for disclosure of and additional clean money to respond to independent expenditures. Provides for disclosure of and additional clean money to respond to issue advertisements. Directs the Secretary of State to create a nonpartisan Voter Information Commission and provides its duties. Requires publicly funded television and radio stations to provide free coverage of debates for specified elections. Provides limitations on mailing provides limits on political party contributions to committees and political parties of jointly endorse three or more candidates. Provides limits on contributions to committees of continuous existence that use public resources to collect dues. Revises reporting requirements defines the term "political advertisement." Eliminates authorization for unrestricted expenditures by political committees of continuous existence that use public resources to collect dues. Revises reporting requirements of mideent expenditures by political committees and<	2	SENATE SUMMARY
 or legislative office. Provides eligibility requirements for clean-money campaign funding for candidates for statewide or legislative office. Provides transitional requirements for the current election cycle. Provides a contributions and expenditures and on the use of personal funds. Provides for seed-money contributions. Provides for participation in debates. Provides limitations on contributions of clean-money funds. Provides for certification of eligibility. Specifies benefits for participating candidates. Provides for the amounts and payment schedule of clean-money funds. Provides for disclosure of clean-money funds. Provides for disclosure of excess spending by nonparticipating candidates. Provides for disclosure of and additional clean money to respond to independent expenditures. Provides for disclosure of and additional clean money to respond to issue advertisements. Directs the Sceretary of State to create a nonpartisan Voter Information Commission and provides its duties. Requires publicly funded television and radio stations to provide free coverage of debates for specified elections. Provides limitations on mailing privileges of certain public officials. Provides for the administration and dispersal of clean-money funds. Provides limits on political party contributions and expenditures. Redefines the term "political advertisement." Eliminates authorization for unrestricted expenditures by political committees and political parties to jointly endorse three or more candidates. Provides limits on contributions to political parties. Reliminates a restriction on independent expenditures by political committees of continuous existence that use public resources to collect dues. Revises reporting requirements of political parties. Nerv	3	Creates the "Florida Clean Elections Act" to provide
 statewide or legislative office. Provides transitional requirements for the current election cycle. Provides a contributions and expenditures and on the use of personal funds. Provides for seed-money contributions. Provides for participation in debates. Provides for certification of eligibility. Specifies benefits for participating candidates. Provides for the amounts and payment schedule of clean-money funds. Provides for disclosure of excess spending by nonparticipating candidates. Provides for disclosure of and additional clean money to isclosure of and additional clean money to respond to and radio stations to provide free coverage of debates for specified elections. Provides limitations on mailing privileges of certain public officials. Provides for the administration and dispersal of clean-money funds. Provides limits on political party contributions and expenditures. Redefines the term "political advertisement." Eliminates authorization for unrestricted expenditures by political committees and political parties to jointly endorse three or more candidates. Provides limits on contributions to candidates by political parties. Eliminates a restriction on independent expenditures by political committees of continuous existence that use public resources to collect dues. Revises reporting requirements of political parties. Repeals the "Florida Election Campaign Financing Act." Provides for deposit of various fines, surplus funds, and voluntary contributions in the Clean Money Trust Fund. Provides for a surcharge on civil penalties to be deposited into the trust fund. (See bill for details.) 	4	or legislative office. Provides eligibility requirements
 contributions and expenditures and on the use of personal funds. Provides for seed-money contributions. Provides for participation in debates. Provides for certification of eligibility. Specifies benefits for participating candidates. Provides for the amounts and payment schedule of clean-money funding. Provides for disclosure for excess spending by nonparticipating candidates. Provides for disclosure of and additional clean money to respond to independent expenditures. Provides for disclosure disclosure of and additional clean money to respond to issue advertisements. Directs the Secretary of State to create a nonparticipating candidates. provides its duties. Requires publicly funded television and radio stations to provide free coverage of debates for specified elections. Provides limitations on mailing privileges of certain public officials. Provides for the administration and dispersal of clean-money funds. Provides limits on political party contributions and expenditures. Redefines the term "political advertisement." Eliminates authorization for unrestricted expenditures by political committees and political parties to jointly endorse three or more candidates. Provides limits on contributions to political parties and revises limits on contributions to candidates by political parties. Reiminates a restriction on independent expenditures by political committees and condidates by political parties to be dean funds, and voluntary contributions in the Clean Morey Trust Fund. 	5	statewide or legislative office. Provides transitional
 funds. Provides for seed-money contributions. Provides for participation in debates. Provides for certification of eligibility. Specifies benefits for participating candidates. Provides for the amounts and payment schedule of clean-money funding. Provides for disclosure of excess spending by nonparticipating candidates. Provides for disclosure of and additional clean money to respond to independent expenditures. Provides for disclosure of and additional clean money to respond to issue advertisements. Directs the Secretary of State to create a nonpartisan Voter Information Commission and provides its duties. Requires publicly funded television and radio stations to provide free coverage of debates for specified elections. Provides for the administration and dispersal of clean-money funds. Provides limits on political party contributions and expenditures. Redefines the term "political advertisement." Eliminates authorization for unrestricted expenditures by political committees and political parties to jointly endorse three or more candidates. Provides limits on contributions to political parties. Eliminates are restriction on independent expenditures by political committees and political parties. Eliminates are restriction on independent expenditures by political committees and collect dues. Revises reporting requirements of political parties. Repeals the "Florida Election Campaign Financing Act." Provides for a surcharge on civil penalties to be deposited into the trust fund. (See bill for details.) Beads of the trust fund. (See bill for details.) 	6	continuing obligation to comply. Provides limitations on
 of eligibility. Specifies benefits for participating candidates. Provides for the amounts and payment schedule of clean-money funding. Provides limitations on the expenditure of clean-money funds. Provides for disclosure of excess spending by nonparticipating candidates. Provides for disclosure of and additional clean money to respond to independent expenditures. Provides for disclosure of and additional clean money to respond to issue advertisements. Directs the Secretary of State to create a nonpartisan Voter Information Commission and provides its duties. Requires publicly funded television and radio stations to provide free coverage of debates for specified elections. Provides limitations on mailing privileges of certain public officials. Provides for the administration and dispersal of clean-money funds. Provides limits on political party contributions and expenditures. Redefines the term "political advertisement." Eliminates authorization for unrestricted expenditures by political committees and political parties. Eliminates a restriction on independent expenditures by political committees and committees of continuous existence that use public resources to collect dues. Revises reporting requirements of political parties. 	7	funds. Provides for seed-money contributions. Provides
 of clean-money funding. Provides limitations on the expenditure of clean-money funds. Provides for disclosure of excess spending by nonparticipating candidates. Provides for disclosure of and additional clean money to disclosure of and additional clean money to caspond to independent expenditures. Provides for disclosure of and additional clean money to respond to issue advertisements. Directs the Secretary of State to create a nonpartisan Voter Information Commission and provides its duties. Requires publicly funded television and radio stations to provide free coverage of debates for specified elections. Provides limitations on mailing privileges of certain public officials. Provides for the administration and dispersal of clean-money funds. Provides limits on political party contributions and expenditures. Redefines the term "political advertisement." Eliminates authorization for unrestricted expenditures by political committees and political parties to jointly endorse three or more candidates. Provides limits on contributions to political parties and revises limits on contributions to candidates by political parties. Eliminates a restriction on independent expenditures by political committees of continuous existence that use public resources to collect dues. Revises reporting requirements of political parties. Repeals the "Florida Election Campaign Financing Act." Provides for deposit of various fines, surplus funds, and voluntary contributions in the Clean Money Trust Fund. Provides for deposit of various fines, surplus funds, and voluntary contributions in the trust fund. (See bill for details.) 	8	of eligibility. Specifies benefits for participating
 of excess spending by nonparticipating candidates. Provides for disclosure of and additional clean money to respond to independent expenditures. Provides for disclosure of and additional clean money to respond to issue advertisements. Directs the Secretary of State to create a nonpartisan Voter Information Commission and provides its duties. Requires publicly funded television and radio stations to provide free coverage of debates for specified elections. Provides limitations on mailing privileges of certain public officials. Provides for the administration and dispersal of clean-money funds. Provides limits on political party contributions and expenditures. Redefines the term "political advertisement." Eliminates authorization for unrestricted expenditures by political committees and political parties to jointly endorse three or more candidates. Provides limits on contributions to candidates by political parties. Eliminates a restriction on independent expenditures by political committees of continuous existence that use public resources to collect dues. Revises reporting requirements of political parties. Repeals the "Florida Election Campaign Financing Act." Provides for deposit of various fines, surplus funds, and voluntary contributions in the Clean Money Trust Fund. Provides for a surcharge on civil penalties to be deposited into the trust fund and for deposit of the surcharge funds into the trust fund. (See bill for details.) 	9	of clean-money funding. Provides limitations on the
respond to independent expenditures. Provides for disclosure of and additional clean money to respond to issue advertisements. Directs the Secretary of State to create a nonpartisan Voter Information Commission and provides its duties. Requires publicly funded television and radio stations to provide free coverage of debates for specified elections. Provides limitations on mailing privileges of certain public officials. Provides revenue sources for the Clean Money Trust Fund. Provides for the administration and dispersal of clean-money funds. Provides limits on political party contributions and expenditures. Redefines the term "political advertisement." Eliminates authorization for unrestricted expenditures by political committees and political parties to jointly endorse three or more candidates. Provides limits on contributions to political parties and revises limits on contributions to candidates by political parties. Eliminates a restriction on independent expenditures by political committees and committees of continuous existence that use public resources to collect dues. Revises reporting requirements of political parties. Repeals the "Florida Election Campaign Financing Act." Provides for a surcharge on civil penalties to be deposited into the trust fund and for deposit of the surcharge funds into the trust fund. (See bill for details.)	10	of excess spending by nonparticipating candidates.
 12 issue advertisements. Directs the Secretary of State to create a nonpartisan Voter Information Commission and provides its duties. Requires publicly funded television and radio stations to provide free coverage of debates for specified elections. Provides limitations on mailing privileges of certain public officials. Provides revenue sources for the Clean Money Trust Fund. Provides for the administration and dispersal of clean-money funds. 16 Provides limits on political party contributions and expenditures. 17 18 Redefines the term "political advertisement." Eliminates authorization for unrestricted expenditures by political committees and political parties to jointly endorse three or more candidates. Provides limits on contributions to political parties and revises limits on contributions to candidates by political parties. Eliminates a restriction on independent expenditures by political committees and committees of continuous existence that use public resources to collect dues. Revises reporting requirements of political parties. 24 Repeals the "Florida Election Campaign Financing Act." Provides for deposit of various fines, surplus funds, and voluntary contributions in the Clean Money Trust Fund. Provides for a surcharge on civil penalties to be deposited into the trust fund and for deposit of the surcharge funds into the trust fund. (See bill for details.) 28 	11	respond to independent expenditures. Provides for
 provides its duties. Requires publicly funded television and radio stations to provide free coverage of debates for specified elections. Provides limitations on mailing privileges of certain public officials. Provides for the administration and dispersal of clean-money funds. Provides limits on political party contributions and expenditures. Redefines the term "political advertisement." Eliminates authorization for unrestricted expenditures by political committees and political parties to jointly endorse three or more candidates. Provides limits on contributions to political parties and revises limits on contributions to candidates by political parties. Eliminates a restriction on independent expenditures by political committees and committees of continuous existence that use public resources to collect dues. Revises reporting requirements of political parties. Repeals the "Florida Election Campaign Financing Act." Provides for deposit of various fines, surplus funds, and voluntary contributions in the Clean Money Trust Fund. Provides for a surcharge on civil penalties to be deposited into the trust fund and for deposit of the surcharge funds into the trust fund. (See bill for details.) 	12	issue advertisements. Directs the Secretary of State to
for specified elections. Provides limitations on mailing privileges of certain public officials. Provides revenue administration and dispersal of clean-money funds. Provides limits on political party contributions and expenditures. Redefines the term "political advertisement." Eliminates authorization for unrestricted expenditures by political committees and political parties to jointly endorse three or more candidates. Provides limits on contributions to political parties and revises limits on contributions to candidates by political parties. Eliminates a restriction on independent expenditures by political committees and committees of continuous existence that use public resources to collect dues. Revises reporting requirements of political parties. Repeals the "Florida Election Campaign Financing Act." Provides for deposit of various fines, surplus funds, and voluntary contributions in the Clean Money Trust Fund. Provides for a surcharge on civil penalties to be deposited into the trust fund and for deposit of the surcharge funds into the trust fund. (See bill for details.)	13	provides its duties. Requires publicly funded television
15 sources for the Clean Money Trust Fund. Provides for the administration and dispersal of clean-money funds. Provides limits on political party contributions and expenditures. 17 18 Redefines the term "political advertisement." Eliminates authorization for unrestricted expenditures by political or more candidates. Provides limits on contributions to political parties and revises limits on contributions to candidates by political parties. Eliminates a restriction on independent expenditures by political committees and committees of continuous existence that use public resources to collect dues. Revises reporting requirements of political parties. 23 24 Repeals the "Florida Election Campaign Financing Act." Provides for deposit of various fines, surplus funds, and voluntary contributions in the Clean Money Trust Fund. Provides for a surcharge on civil penalties to be deposited into the trust fund and for deposit of the surcharge funds into the trust fund. (See bill for details.) 28	14	for specified elections. Provides limitations on mailing
Provides limits on political party contributions and expenditures. Redefines the term "political advertisement." Eliminates authorization for unrestricted expenditures by political committees and political parties to jointly endorse three or more candidates. Provides limits on contributions to political parties and revises limits on contributions to candidates by political parties. Eliminates a restriction on independent expenditures by political committees and committees of continuous existence that use public resources to collect dues. Revises reporting requirements of political parties. Repeals the "Florida Election Campaign Financing Act." Provides for deposit of various fines, surplus funds, and voluntary contributions in the Clean Money Trust Fund. Provides for a surcharge on civil penalties to be deposited into the trust fund and for deposit of the surcharge funds into the trust fund. (See bill for details.)	15	sources for the Clean Money Trust Fund. Provides for the
 Redefines the term "political advertisement." Eliminates authorization for unrestricted expenditures by political committees and political parties to jointly endorse three or more candidates. Provides limits on contributions to political parties and revises limits on contributions to candidates by political parties. Eliminates a restriction on independent expenditures by political committees and committees of continuous existence that use public resources to collect dues. Revises reporting requirements of political parties. Repeals the "Florida Election Campaign Financing Act." Provides for deposit of various fines, surplus funds, and voluntary contributions in the Clean Money Trust Fund. Provides for a surcharge on civil penalties to be deposited into the trust fund and for deposit of the surcharge funds into the trust fund. (See bill for details.) 	16	Provides limits on political party contributions and
authorization for unrestricted expenditures by political committees and political parties to jointly endorse three or more candidates. Provides limits on contributions to political parties and revises limits on contributions to candidates by political parties. Eliminates a restriction on independent expenditures by political committees and committees of continuous existence that use public resources to collect dues. Revises reporting requirements of political parties. Repeals the "Florida Election Campaign Financing Act." Provides for deposit of various fines, surplus funds, and voluntary contributions in the Clean Money Trust Fund. Provides for a surcharge on civil penalties to be deposited into the trust fund and for deposit of the surcharge funds into the trust fund. (See bill for details.)	17	
19 committees and political parties to jointly endorse three or more candidates. Provides limits on contributions to political parties and revises limits on contributions to candidates by political parties. Eliminates a restriction on independent expenditures by political committees and committees of continuous existence that use public resources to collect dues. Revises reporting requirements of political parties. 23 24 Repeals the "Florida Election Campaign Financing Act." Provides for deposit of various fines, surplus funds, and voluntary contributions in the Clean Money Trust Fund. Provides for a surcharge on civil penalties to be deposited into the trust fund and for deposit of the surcharge funds into the trust fund. (See bill for details.) 28 30	18	
20 political parties and revises limits on contributions to candidates by political parties. Eliminates a restriction on independent expenditures by political committees and committees of continuous existence that use public resources to collect dues. Revises reporting requirements of political parties. 23 24 Repeals the "Florida Election Campaign Financing Act." Provides for deposit of various fines, surplus funds, and voluntary contributions in the Clean Money Trust Fund. Provides for a surcharge on civil penalties to be deposited into the trust fund and for deposit of the surcharge funds into the trust fund. (See bill for details.) 28 30	19	committees and political parties to jointly endorse three
on independent expenditures by political committees and committees of continuous existence that use public resources to collect dues. Revises reporting requirements of political parties. Repeals the "Florida Election Campaign Financing Act." Provides for deposit of various fines, surplus funds, and voluntary contributions in the Clean Money Trust Fund. Provides for a surcharge on civil penalties to be deposited into the trust fund and for deposit of the surcharge funds into the trust fund. (See bill for details.)	20	political parties and revises limits on contributions to
of political parties. 23 24 Repeals the "Florida Election Campaign Financing Act." Provides for deposit of various fines, surplus funds, and 25 voluntary contributions in the Clean Money Trust Fund. Provides for a surcharge on civil penalties to be 26 deposited into the trust fund and for deposit of the surcharge funds into the trust fund. (See bill for 27 details.) 28 29 30	21	on independent expenditures by political committees and
23 24 Repeals the "Florida Election Campaign Financing Act." Provides for deposit of various fines, surplus funds, and voluntary contributions in the Clean Money Trust Fund. Provides for a surcharge on civil penalties to be deposited into the trust fund and for deposit of the surcharge funds into the trust fund. (See bill for details.) 28 29 30	22	
Provides for deposit of various fines, surplus funds, and voluntary contributions in the Clean Money Trust Fund. Provides for a surcharge on civil penalties to be deposited into the trust fund and for deposit of the surcharge funds into the trust fund. (See bill for details.)	23	
voluntary contributions in the Clean Money Trust Fund. Provides for a surcharge on civil penalties to be deposited into the trust fund and for deposit of the surcharge funds into the trust fund. (See bill for details.)		
<pre>26 deposited into the trust fund and for deposit of the surcharge funds into the trust fund. (See bill for details.) 28 29 30</pre>	25	voluntary contributions in the Clean Money Trust Fund.
27 details.) 28 29 30	26	deposited into the trust fund and for deposit of the
29 30	27	
30	28	
	29	
31		
	31	