A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to critical access hospitals; amending s. 395.002, F.S.; revising the definition of "hospital" to 3 4 provide an exception with regard to facilities offered by 5 a critical access hospital; revising the definition of 6 "intensive residential treatment programs for children and 7 adolescents" to include additional accrediting organizations for purposes of licensure of such programs; 8 9 correcting a cross reference; amending s. 395.003, F.S.; extending the moratorium on approving additional emergency 10 11 departments located off the premises of licensed hospitals; providing for additional accrediting 12 organizations for purposes of licensure of intensive 13 14 residential treatment programs; correcting a cross reference; amending s. 395.602, F.S.; revising the 15 16 definition of "rural hospital" to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 408.07, F.S.; defining the term 17 "critical access hospital"; revising the definition of 18 "rural hospital"; amending ss. 408.061, 458.345, and 19 20 459.021, F.S.; conforming cross references; providing an 21 effective date. 22 23 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 24 Subsections (13), (16), and (24) of section 25 Section 1. 26 395.002, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 27 395.002 Definitions. -- As used in this chapter: 28 "Hospital" means any establishment that:

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(a) Offers services more intensive than those required for room, board, personal services, and general nursing care, and offers facilities and beds for use beyond 24 hours by individuals requiring diagnosis, treatment, or care for illness, injury, deformity, infirmity, abnormality, disease, or pregnancy; and

(b) Regularly makes available at least clinical laboratory services, diagnostic X-ray services, and treatment facilities for surgery or obstetrical care, or other definitive medical treatment of similar extent, except that a critical access hospital, as defined in s. 408.07, shall not be required to make available treatment facilities for surgery, obstetrical care, or similar services as long as it maintains its critical access hospital designation and shall be required to make such facilities available only if it ceases to be designated as a critical access hospital.

However, the provisions of this chapter do not apply to any institution conducted by or for the adherents of any well-recognized church or religious denomination that depends exclusively upon prayer or spiritual means to heal, care for, or treat any person. For purposes of local zoning matters, the term "hospital" includes a medical office building located on the same premises as a hospital facility, provided the land on which the medical office building is constructed is zoned for use as a hospital; provided the premises were zoned for hospital purposes on January 1, 1992.

(16) "Intensive residential treatment programs for children and adolescents" means a specialty hospital accredited by an accrediting organization as defined in subsection (1) the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations which provides 24-hour care and which has the primary functions of diagnosis and treatment of patients under the age of 18 having psychiatric disorders in order to restore such patients to an optimal level of functioning.

(24) "Premises" means those buildings, beds, and equipment located at the address of the licensed facility and all other buildings, beds, and equipment for the provision of hospital, ambulatory surgical, or mobile surgical care located in such reasonable proximity to the address of the licensed facility as to appear to the public to be under the dominion and control of the licensee. For any licensee that is a teaching hospital as defined in s. 408.07(45)(44), reasonable proximity includes any buildings, beds, services, programs, and equipment under the dominion and control of the licensee that are located at a site with a main address that is within 1 mile of the main address of the licensed facility; and all such buildings, beds, and equipment may, at the request of a licensee or applicant, be included on the facility license as a single premises.

Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and paragraphs (e) and (f) of subsection (2) of section 395.003, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

395.003 Licensure; issuance, renewal, denial, modification, suspension, and revocation.-(1)

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(b)1. It is unlawful for a person to use or advertise to the public, in any way or by any medium whatsoever, any facility as a "hospital," "ambulatory surgical center," or "mobile surgical facility" unless such facility has first secured a license under the provisions of this part.

- 2. This part does not apply to veterinary hospitals or to commercial business establishments using the word "hospital," "ambulatory surgical center," or "mobile surgical facility" as a part of a trade name if no treatment of human beings is performed on the premises of such establishments.
- 3. By December 31, 2004, the agency shall submit a report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives recommending whether it is in the public interest to allow a hospital to license or operate an emergency department located off the premises of the hospital. If the agency finds it to be in the public interest, the report shall also recommend licensure criteria for such medical facilities, including criteria related to quality of care and, if deemed necessary, the elimination of the possibility of confusion related to the service capabilities of such facility in comparison to the service capabilities of an emergency department located on the premises of the hospital. Until July 1, 2006 2005, additional emergency departments located off the premises of licensed hospitals may not be authorized by the agency.

(2)

(e) The agency shall, at the request of a licensee that is a teaching hospital as defined in s.  $408.07 \cdot (45) \cdot (44)$ , issue a

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single license to a licensee for facilities that have been previously licensed as separate premises, provided such separately licensed facilities, taken together, constitute the same premises as defined in s. 395.002(24). Such license for the single premises shall include all of the beds, services, and programs that were previously included on the licenses for the separate premises. The granting of a single license under this paragraph shall not in any manner reduce the number of beds, services, or programs operated by the licensee.

- (f) Intensive residential treatment programs for children and adolescents which have received accreditation from <u>an</u> accrediting organization as defined in s. 395.002(1) the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations and which meet the minimum standards developed by rule of the agency for such programs shall be licensed by the agency under this part.
- Section 3. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 395.602, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 395.602 Rural hospitals.--

- (2) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this part:
- (e) "Rural hospital" means an acute care hospital licensed under this chapter, having 100 or fewer licensed beds and an emergency room, which is:
- 1. The sole provider within a county with a population density of no greater than 100 persons per square mile;
- 2. An acute care hospital, in a county with a population density of no greater than 100 persons per square mile, which is at least 30 minutes of travel time, on normally traveled roads

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under normal traffic conditions, from any other acute care hospital within the same county;

- 3. A hospital supported by a tax district or subdistrict whose boundaries encompass a population of 100 persons or fewer per square mile;
- 4. A hospital in a constitutional charter county with a population of over 1 million persons that has imposed a local option health service tax pursuant to law and in an area that was directly impacted by a catastrophic event on August 24, 1992, for which the Governor of Florida declared a state of emergency pursuant to chapter 125, and has 120 beds or less that serves an agricultural community with an emergency room utilization of no less than 20,000 visits and a Medicaid inpatient utilization rate greater than 15 percent;
- 5. A hospital with a service area that has a population of 100 persons or fewer per square mile. As used in this subparagraph, the term "service area" means the fewest number of zip codes that account for 75 percent of the hospital's discharges for the most recent 5-year period, based on information available from the hospital inpatient discharge database in the State Center for Health Statistics at the Agency for Health Care Administration; or
- 6. A hospital designated as a critical access hospital, as defined in s. 408.07(15) by the Department of Health in accordance with federal regulations and state requirements.

Population densities used in this paragraph must be based upon the most recently completed United States census. A hospital

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that received funds under s. 409.9116 for a quarter beginning no later than July 1, 2002, is deemed to have been and shall continue to be a rural hospital from that date through June 30, 2012, if the hospital continues to have 100 or fewer licensed beds and an emergency room, or meets the criteria of subparagraph 4. An acute care hospital that has not previously been designated as a rural hospital and that meets the criteria of this paragraph shall be granted such designation upon application, including supporting documentation to the Agency for Health Care Administration.

Section 4. Subsection (4) of section 408.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

408.061 Data collection; uniform systems of financial reporting; information relating to physician charges; confidential information; immunity.--

(4) Within 120 days after the end of its fiscal year, each health care facility, excluding continuing care facilities and nursing homes as defined in s. 408.07(14) and (37)-(36), shall file with the agency, on forms adopted by the agency and based on the uniform system of financial reporting, its actual financial experience for that fiscal year, including expenditures, revenues, and statistical measures. Such data may be based on internal financial reports which are certified to be complete and accurate by the provider. However, hospitals' actual financial experience shall be their audited actual experience. Every nursing home shall submit to the agency, in a format designated by the agency, a statistical profile of the nursing home residents. The agency, in conjunction with the

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Department of Elderly Affairs and the Department of Health, shall review these statistical profiles and develop recommendations for the types of residents who might more appropriately be placed in their homes or other noninstitutional settings.

Section 5. Subsections (15) through (44) of section 408.07, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (16) through (45), respectively, paragraph (e) of subsection (42) is amended, and a new subsection (15) is added to said section, to read:

- 408.07 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, with the exception of ss. 408.031-408.045, the term:
- (15) "Critical access hospital" means a hospital that meets the definition of "critical access hospital" in s.

  1861(mm)(1) of the Social Security Act and that is certified by the Secretary of Health and Human Services as a critical access hospital.
- (43) (42) "Rural hospital" means an acute care hospital licensed under chapter 395, having 100 or fewer licensed beds and an emergency room, and which is:
- (e) A hospital designated as a critical access hospital by the Department of Health in accordance with federal regulations and state requirements.

Population densities used in this subsection must be based upon the most recently completed United States census. A hospital that received funds under s. 409.9116 for a quarter beginning no later than July 1, 2002, is deemed to have been and shall

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continue to be a rural hospital from that date through June 30, 2012, if the hospital continues to have 100 or fewer licensed beds and an emergency room, or meets the criteria of s. 395.602(2)(e)4. An acute care hospital that has not previously been designated as a rural hospital and that meets the criteria of this subsection shall be granted such designation upon application, including supporting documentation, to the Agency for Health Care Administration.

Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 458.345, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.345 Registration of resident physicians, interns, and fellows; list of hospital employees; prescribing of medicinal drugs; penalty.--

- (1) Any person desiring to practice as a resident physician, assistant resident physician, house physician, intern, or fellow in fellowship training which leads to subspecialty board certification in this state, or any person desiring to practice as a resident physician, assistant resident physician, house physician, intern, or fellow in fellowship training in a teaching hospital in this state as defined in s. 408.07(45)(44) or s. 395.805(2), who does not hold a valid, active license issued under this chapter shall apply to the department to be registered and shall remit a fee not to exceed \$300 as set by the board. The department shall register any applicant the board certifies has met the following requirements:
  - (a) Is at least 21 years of age.

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(b) Has not committed any act or offense within or without the state which would constitute the basis for refusal to certify an application for licensure pursuant to s. 458.331.

(c) Is a graduate of a medical school or college as specified in s. 458.311(1)(f).

- Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 459.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 459.021 Registration of resident physicians, interns, and fellows; list of hospital employees; penalty.--
- (1) Any person who holds a degree of Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine from a college of osteopathic medicine recognized and approved by the American Osteopathic Association who desires to practice as a resident physician, assistant resident physician, house physician, intern, or fellow in fellowship training which leads to subspecialty board certification in this state, or any person desiring to practice as a resident physician, assistant resident physician, house physician, intern, or fellow in fellowship training in a teaching hospital in this state as defined in s. 408.07(45)(44) or s. 395.805(2), who does not hold an active license issued under this chapter shall apply to the department to be registered, on an application provided by the department, within 30 days of commencing such a training program and shall remit a fee not to exceed \$300 as set by the board.
  - Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005.