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| A bill to be entitled |
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| An act relating to instruction for exceptional |
| students; amending s. 1003.57, F.S.; providing |
| guidelines for determining the residency of a |
| student who receives instruction as an |
| exceptional student with a disability; |
| requiring the student's placing authority or |
| parent to pay the cost of such instruction, |
| facilities, and services; providing |
| responsibilities of the Department of |
| Education; providing responsibilities of |
| residential facilities that educate exceptional |
| students with disabilities; providing |
| applicability; amending s. 1003.58, F.S.; |
| correcting a cross-reference; creating s. |
| 1003.575, F.S.; requiring the Department of |
| Education to develop an individual education |
| plan form for use in developing and |
| implementing individual education plans for |
| exceptional students; requiring school |
| districts to use the form; providing an |
| effective date. |
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| Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: |
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| Section 1. Section 1003.57, Florida Statutes, is |
| amended to read: |
| 1003.57 Exceptional students instruction |
| (1) Each district school board shall provide for an |
| appropriate program of special instruction, facilities, and |
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services for exceptional students as prescribed by the State 1 2 Board of Education as acceptable, including provisions that: 3 (a) (1) The district school board provide the necessary professional services for diagnosis and evaluation of 4 5 exceptional students. (b) (b) (2) The district school board provide the special б 7 instruction, classes, and services, either within the district 8 school system, in cooperation with other district school 9 systems, or through contractual arrangements with approved private schools or community facilities that meet standards 10 established by the commissioner. 11 (c) (3) The district school board annually provide 12 13 information describing the Florida School for the Deaf and the 14 Blind and all other programs and methods of instruction available to the parent of a sensory-impaired student. 15 (d)(4) The district school board, once every 3 years, 16 17 submit to the department its proposed procedures for the 18 provision of special instruction and services for exceptional 19 students. (e)(5) A No student may not be given special 20 instruction or services as an exceptional student until after 21 he or she has been properly evaluated, classified, and placed 2.2 23 in the manner prescribed by rules of the State Board of 24 Education. The parent of an exceptional student evaluated and placed or denied placement in a program of special education 25 shall be notified of each such evaluation and placement or 26 denial. Such notice shall contain a statement informing the 27 28 parent that he or she is entitled to a due process hearing on 29 the identification, evaluation, and placement, or lack 30 thereof. Such hearings shall be exempt from the provisions of 31 ss. 120.569, 120.57, and 286.011, except to the extent that

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| 1 | the State Board of Education adopts rules establishing other |
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| 2 | procedures and any records created as a result of such |
| 3 | hearings shall be confidential and exempt from the provisions |
| 4 | of s. 119.07(1). The hearing must be conducted by an |
| 5 | administrative law judge from the Division of Administrative |
| б | Hearings of the Department of Management Services. The |
| 7 | decision of the administrative law judge shall be final, |
| 8 | except that any party aggrieved by the finding and decision |
| 9 | rendered by the administrative law judge shall have the right |
| 10 | to bring a civil action in the circuit court. In such an |
| 11 | action, the court shall receive the records of the |
| 12 | administrative hearing and shall hear additional evidence at |
| 13 | the request of either party. In the alternative, any party |
| 14 | aggrieved by the finding and decision rendered by the |
| 15 | administrative law judge shall have the right to request an |
| 16 | impartial review of the administrative law judge's order by |
| 17 | the district court of appeal as provided by s. 120.68. |
| 18 | Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, during the pendency |
| 19 | of any proceeding conducted pursuant to this section, unless |
| 20 | the district school board and the parents otherwise agree, the |
| 21 | student shall remain in his or her then-current educational |
| 22 | assignment or, if applying for initial admission to a public |
| 23 | school, shall be assigned, with the consent of the parents, in |
| 24 | the public school program until all such proceedings have been |
| 25 | completed. |
| 26 | (f)(6) In providing for the education of exceptional |
| 27 | students, the district school superintendent, principals, and |
| 28 | teachers shall utilize the regular school facilities and adapt |
| 29 | them to the needs of exceptional students to the maximum |
| 30 | extent appropriate. Segregation of exceptional students shall |
| 31 | occur only if the nature or severity of the exceptionality is |

31 occur only if the nature or severity of the exceptionality is

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such that education in regular classes with the use of 1 2 supplementary aids and services cannot be achieved satisfactorily. 3 4 (q) (7) In addition to the services agreed to in a student's individual education plan, the district school 5 superintendent shall fully inform the parent of a student б 7 having a physical or developmental disability of all available 8 services that are appropriate for the student's disability. 9 The superintendent shall provide the student's parent with a summary of the student's rights. 10 (2)(a) An exceptional student with a disability who 11 resides in a residential facility and receives special 12 13 instruction or services is considered a resident of the state 14 in which the student's parent or quardian is a resident. The cost of such instruction, facilities, and services for a 15 nonresident student with a disability shall be provided by the 16 placing authority in the student's state of residence, such as 17 a public school entity, other placing authority, or parent. A 18 19 nonresident student with a disability may not be reported by any school district for FTE funding in the Florida Education 20 Finance Program. 21 22 (b) The Department of Education shall provide to each school district a statement of the specific limitations of the 23 24 district's financial obligation for exceptional students with disabilities under federal and state law. The department shall 25 also provide to each school district technical assistance as 26 necessary for developing a local plan to impose on a student's 27 28 home state the fiscal responsibility for educating a 29 nonresident exceptional student with a disability. (c) The Department of Education shall develop a 30 process by which a school district must, before providing 31

services to an exceptional student with a disability who 1 2 resides in a residential facility in this state, review the residency of the student. The residential facility, not the 3 district, is responsible for billing and collecting from a 4 nonresidential student's home state payment for the student's 5 educational and related services. б 7 (d) This subsection applies to any nonresident student 8 with a disability who resides in a residential facility and who receives instruction as an exceptional student with a 9 disability in any type of residential facility in this state, 10 including, but not limited to, a public school, a private 11 school, a group home facility as defined in s. 393.063, an 12 13 intensive residential treatment program for children and 14 adolescents as defined in s. 395.002, a facility as defined in s. 394.455, an intermediate care facility for the 15 developmentally disabled or ICF/DD as defined in s. 393.063 or 16 s. 400.960, or a community residential home as defined in s. 17 18 419.001. 19 Section 2. Subsection (3) of section 1003.58, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 20 1003.58 Students in residential care facilities.--Each 21 22 district school board shall provide educational programs 23 according to rules of the State Board of Education to students 24 who reside in residential care facilities operated by the Department of Children and Family Services. 25 (3) The district school board shall have full and 26 complete authority in the matter of the assignment and 27 28 placement of such students in educational programs. The parent 29 of an exceptional student shall have the same due process rights as are provided under <u>s. 1003.57(1)(e)</u> s. 1003.57(5). 30 31

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Notwithstanding the provisions herein, the educational program 1 at the Marianna Sunland Center in Jackson County shall be 2 3 operated by the Department of Education, either directly or 4 through grants or contractual agreements with other public or 5 duly accredited educational agencies approved by the Department of Education. б 7 Section 3. Section 1003.575, Florida Statutes, is 8 created to read: 9 1003.575 Individual education plans for exceptional students. -- The Department of Education shall develop an 10 11 individual education plan (IEP) form for use in developing and implementing individual education plans for exceptional 12 13 students. The IEP form must have a streamlined format and, to 14 provide for the use of an existing IEP form when a student transfers from one school district to another, the IEP form 15 developed by the department shall be used in each school 16 district in the state. 17 18 Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005. 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31