Florida Senate - 2005

By the Committees on Government Efficiency Appropriations; Governmental Oversight and Productivity; and Senator Constantine

593-2115-05

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to growth management; creating
3	part II of ch. 171, F.S.; providing a popular
4	name; providing legislative intent with respect
5	to annexation and the coordination of services
6	by local governments; providing definitions;
7	providing for the creation of interlocal
8	service boundary agreements by a county and one
9	or more municipalities or independent special
10	districts; specifying the procedures for
11	initiating an agreement and responding to a
12	proposal for agreements; identifying issues the
13	agreement may address; requiring local
14	governments that are a party to the agreement
15	to amend their comprehensive plans; providing
16	limitations on the review of certain
17	ordinances; providing exception to the
18	limitation on plan amendments; specifying those
19	persons who may challenge a plan amendment
20	required by the agreement; requiring that an
21	agreement be adopted by resolution; providing
22	prerequisites to annexation; providing a
23	process for annexation; providing for the
24	effect of an interlocal service boundary area
25	agreement on the parties to the agreement;
26	providing for a transfer of powers; authorizing
27	a municipality to provide services within an
28	unincorporated area or territory of another
29	municipality; authorizing a county to exercise
30	certain powers within a municipality; providing
31	for the effect on interlocal agreements and

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1	county charters; providing a presumption of
2	validity; providing a procedure to settle a
3	dispute regarding an interlocal service
4	boundary agreement; amending s. 171.042, F.S.;
5	revising the time period for filing of a
6	report; providing for a cause of action to
7	invalidate an annexation; requiring
8	municipalities to provide notice of proposed
9	annexation to certain persons; amending s.
10	171.044, F.S.; revising the time period for
11	providing a copy of a notice; providing for a
12	cause of action to invalidate an annexation;
13	creating s. 171.094, F.S.; providing for the
14	effect of interlocal service boundary
15	agreements adopted under the act; amending s.
16	171.081, F.S.; requiring a governmental entity
17	affected by annexation or contraction to
18	initiate conflict resolution procedures under
19	certain circumstances; amending s. 163.01,
20	F.S.; providing for the place of filing an
21	interlocal agreement in certain circumstances;
22	amending s. 164.1058, F.S.; providing that a
23	governmental entity that fails to participate
24	in conflict resolution procedures shall be
25	required to pay attorney's fees and costs under
26	certain conditions; requesting the Division of
27	Statutory Revision to designate parts I and II
28	of ch. 171, F.S.; providing an effective date.
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30	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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1 Section 1. Part II of chapter 171, Florida Statutes, 2 consisting of sections 171.20, 171.201, 171.202, 171.203, 171.204, 171.205, 171.206, 171.207, 171.208, 171.209, 171.21, 3 171.211, and 171.212, is created to read: 4 171.20 Short title.--This part may be cited as the 5 б "Interlocal Service Boundary Agreement Act." 7 171.201 Legislative intent. -- The Legislature intends 8 to provide an alternative to part I of this chapter for local governments regarding the annexation of territory into a 9 10 municipality and the subtraction of territory from the unincorporated area of the county. The principal goal of this 11 12 part is to encourage local governments to jointly determine 13 how to provide services to residents and property in the most efficient and effective manner while balancing the needs and 14 desires of the community. This part is intended to establish a 15 more flexible process for adjusting municipal boundaries and 16 17 to address a wider range of annexation impacts. This part is 18 intended to encourage intergovernmental coordination in planning, service delivery, and boundary adjustments and to 19 reduce intergovernmental conflicts and litigation between 2.0 21 local governments. It is the intent of this part to promote sensible boundaries that reduce the costs of local 2.2 23 governments, avoid local service duplication, and increase political transparency and accountability. This part is 2.4 intended to prevent inefficient service delivery and an 25 insufficient tax base to support the delivery of those 26 27 services. 2.8 171.202 Definitions.--As used in this part, the term: 29 (1) "Chief administrative officer" means the municipal administrator, municipal manager, county manager, county 30 administrator, or other officer of the municipality, county, 31

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1 or independent special district who reports directly to the 2 governing body of the local government. (2) "Enclave" has the same meaning as provided in s. 3 4 171.031(13). (3) "Indep<u>endent special district" means an</u> 5 6 independent special district, as defined in s. 189.403, which 7 provides fire, emergency medical, water, wastewater, or 8 stormwater services. 9 (4) "Initiating county" means a county that commences 10 the process for negotiation of an interlocal service boundary agreement through the adoption of an initiating resolution. 11 12 (5) "Initiating local government" means a county, 13 municipality, or independent special district that commences the process for negotiation of an interlocal service boundary 14 agreement through the adoption of an initiating resolution. 15 (6) "Initiating municipality" means a municipality 16 17 that commences the process for negotiation of an interlocal 18 service boundary agreement through the adoption of an initiating resolution. 19 20 (7) "Initiating resolution" means a resolution adopted 21 by a county, municipality, or independent special district 2.2 which commences the process for negotiation of an interlocal 23 service boundary agreement and which identifies the unincorporated area and other issues for discussion. 2.4 (8) "Interlocal service boundary agreement" means an 25 agreement adopted under this part, between a county and one or 26 27 more municipalities, which may include one or more independent 2.8 special districts as parties to the agreement. (9) "Invited local government" means an invited 29 county, municipality, or special district and any other local 30 government designated as such in an initiating resolution or a 31

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1 responding resolution that invites the local government to 2 participate in the negotiation of an interlocal service 3 boundary agreement. 4 (10) "Invited municipality" means an initiating municipality and any other municipality designated as such in 5 б an initiating resolution or a responding resolution that 7 invites the municipality to participate in the negotiation of 8 an interlocal service boundary agreement. 9 (11) "Municipal service area" means one or more of the 10 following as designated in an interlocal service boundary 11 agreement: 12 (a) An unincorporated area that has been identified in 13 an interlocal service boundary agreement for municipal annexation by a municipality that is a party to the agreement. 14 (b) An unincorporated area that has been identified in 15 an interlocal service boundary agreement to receive municipal 16 17 services from a municipality that is a party to the agreement 18 or from the municipality's designee. 19 (12) "Notified local government" means the county or a municipality, other than an invited municipality, that 20 21 receives an initiating resolution. 22 (13) "Participating resolution" means the resolution 23 adopted by the initiating local government and the invited 2.4 local government. (14) "Requesting resolution" means the resolution 25 adopted by a municipality seeking to participate in the 26 27 negotiation of an interlocal service boundary agreement. 2.8 (15) "Responding resolution" means the resolution adopted by the county or an invited municipality which 29 responds to the initiating resolution and which may identify 30 an additional unincorporated area or another issue for 31

1 discussion, or both, and may designate an additional invited 2 municipality or independent special district. (16) "Unincorporated service area" means one or more 3 4 of the following as designated in an interlocal service 5 boundary agreement: б (a) An unincorporated area that has been identified in 7 an interlocal service boundary agreement and that may not be 8 annexed without the consent of the county. 9 (b) An unincorporated area or incorporated area, or 10 both, which have been identified in an interlocal service boundary agreement to receive municipal services from a county 11 12 or its designee or an independent special district. 13 171.203 Interlocal service boundary agreement.--The governing body of a county and one or more municipalities or 14 independent special districts within the county may enter into 15 an interlocal service boundary agreement under this part. The 16 17 governing bodies of a county, municipality, or an independent 18 special district may develop a process for reaching an interlocal service boundary agreement which provides for 19 public participation in a manner that meets or exceeds the 2.0 21 requirements of subsection (11), or the governing bodies may 2.2 use the process established in this section. 23 (1) A county, municipality, or an independent special district desiring to enter into an interlocal service boundary 2.4 agreement shall commence the negotiation process by adopting 25 an initiating resolution. The initiating resolution shall 26 27 identify an unincorporated area or incorporated area, or both, 2.8 to be discussed and the issues to be negotiated. The identified area shall be specified in the initiating 29 resolution by a descriptive exhibit that includes, but need 30 not be limited to, a map or legal description of the 31

1 designated area. The issues for negotiation shall be listed in 2 the initiating resolution and may include, but need not be limited to, the issues listed in subsection (6). An 3 4 independent special district may initiate the interlocal service boundary agreement for the purposes of dissolving an 5 6 independent special district or removing more than 10 percent 7 of the service area of an independent special district if proposed annexations would result in an increase to the tax or 8 non-ad valorem assessment rate to the remaining property 9 10 owners within the boundaries of the district. (a) The initiating resolution of an initiating county 11 12 must designate one or more invited municipalities. The 13 initiating resolution of an initiating municipality may designate an invited municipality. The initiating resolution 14 of an independent special district shall designate one or more 15 invited municipalities and invite the county. 16 17 (b) An initiating county shall send the initiating 18 resolution by United States certified mail to the chief 19 administrative officer of every invited municipality and each other municipality within the county. An initiating 20 21 municipality shall send the initiating resolution by United States certified mail to the chief administrative officer of 2.2 23 the county, the invited municipality, if any, and each other municipality within the county. 2.4 (c) The initiating local government shall also send 25 the initiating resolution to the chief administrative officer 26 27 of each independent special district in the unincorporated 2.8 area designated in the initiating resolution. (2) Within 60 days after the receipt of an initiating 29 resolution, the county or the invited municipality, as 30 appropriate, shall adopt a responding resolution. The 31

1 responding resolution may identify an additional 2 unincorporated area or incorporated area, or both, for discussion and may designate additional issues for 3 4 negotiation. The additional identified area, if any, shall be 5 specified in the responding resolution by a descriptive 6 exhibit that includes, but need not be limited to, a map or 7 legal description of the designated area. The additional issues designated for negotiation, if any, shall be listed in 8 the responding resolution and may include, but need not be 9 10 limited to, the issues listed in subsection (6). The responding resolution may also invite an additional 11 12 municipality or independent special district to negotiate the 13 interlocal service boundary agreement. (a) Within 7 days after the adoption of a responding 14 resolution, the responding county shall send the responding 15 resolution by United States certified mail to the chief 16 17 administrative officer of the initiating municipality, each 18 invited municipality, if any, and the independent special district that received an initiating resolution. 19 20 (b) Within 7 days after the adoption of a responding 21 resolution, an invited municipality shall send the responding 2.2 resolution by United States certified mail to the chief 23 administrative officer of the initiating county, each invited municipality, if any, and each independent special district 2.4 that received an initiating resolution. 25 (c) An invited municipality that was invited by a 26 27 responding resolution shall adopt a responding resolution in 2.8 accordance with paragraph (b). 29 (d) Within 60 days after receipt of the initiating resolution, any independent special district that received an 30 initiating resolution and that desires to participate in the 31

1 negotiations shall adopt a resolution indicating that it 2 intends to participate in the negotiation process for the interlocal service boundary agreement. Within 7 days after the 3 4 adoption of the resolution, the independent special district shall send the resolution by United States certified mail to 5 6 the chief administrative officer of the county, the initiating 7 municipality, each invited municipality, if any, and each 8 notified local government. 9 (3) A municipality within the county that is not an 10 invited municipality may request participation in the negotiations for the interlocal service boundary agreement. 11 12 Such a request shall be accomplished by adopting a requesting 13 resolution within 60 days after receipt of the initiating resolution or within 10 days after receipt of the responding 14 resolution. Within 7 days after adoption of the requesting 15 resolution, the requesting municipality shall send the 16 17 resolution by United States certified mail to the chief 18 administrative officer of the initiating local government and each invited municipality. The county and the invited 19 municipality shall consider whether to allow a requesting 2.0 21 municipality to participate in the negotiations, and, if they 2.2 agree, the county and the municipality shall adopt a 23 participating resolution allowing the requesting municipality to participate in the negotiations. 2.4 (4) The county, the invited municipalities, the 25 participating municipalities, if any, and the independent 26 27 special districts, if any have adopted a resolution to 2.8 participate, shall begin negotiations within 60 days after receipt of the responding resolution or a participating 29 30 resolution, whichever occurs later. 31

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1	(5) An invited municipality that fails to adopt a
2	responding resolution shall be deemed to waive its right to
3	participate in the negotiation process and shall be bound by
4	an interlocal agreement resulting from such negotiation
5	process, if any is reached.
6	(6) An interlocal service boundary agreement may
7	address any issue concerning service delivery, fiscal
8	responsibilities, or boundary adjustment. The agreement may
9	include, but need not be limited to, provisions that:
10	(a) Identify a municipal service area.
11	(b) Identify an unincorporated service area.
12	(c) Identify the local government responsible for the
13	delivery or funding of the following services within the
14	municipal service area or the unincorporated service area:
15	<u>1. Public safety.</u>
16	2. Fire, emergency rescue, and medical.
17	3. Water and wastewater.
18	4. Road ownership, construction, and maintenance.
19	5. Conservation, parks, and recreation.
20	6. Stormwater management and drainage.
21	(d) Address other services and infrastructure not
22	currently provided by an electric utility as defined by s.
23	366.02(2) or a natural gas transmission company as defined by
24	s. 368.103(4). However, this paragraph does not affect any
25	territorial agreement between electrical utilities or public
26	utilities as defined in chapter 366 or affect the
27	determination of a territorial dispute by the Public Service
28	Commission under s. 366.04.
29	(e) Establish a process and schedule for annexation of
30	an area within the designated municipal service area
31	consistent with s. 171.205.

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1	(f) Establish a process for land-use decisions
2	consistent with part II of chapter 163, including those made
3	jointly by the governing bodies of the county and the
4	municipality, or allow a municipality to adopt land-use
5	changes consistent with part II of chapter 163 for areas that
6	are scheduled to be annexed within the term of the interlocal
7	agreement; however, the county comprehensive plan and
8	land-development regulations shall control until the
9	municipality annexes the property and amends its comprehensive
10	plan accordingly. Comprehensive plan amendments to incorporate
11	the process established by this paragraph are exempt from the
12	<u>twice-per-year limitation under s. 163.3187.</u>
13	(q) Address other issues concerning service delivery,
14	including the transfer of services and infrastructure and the
15	fiscal compensation to one county, municipality, or
16	independent special district from another county,
17	municipality, or independent special district.
18	(h) Provide for the joint use of facilities and the
19	colocation of services.
20	(i) Include a requirement for a report to the county
21	of the municipality's planned service delivery, as provided in
22	s. 171.042, or as otherwise determined by agreement.
23	(j) Establish a procedure by which the local
24	government responsible for water and wastewater services
25	shall, within 30 days after the annexation or subtraction of
26	territory, apply for any necessary permit modifications to
27	reflect changes in surface water management operating entity
28	responsibilities pursuant to water management district or
29	Department of Environmental Protection permits.
30	(7) If the interlocal service boundary agreement
31	addresses land use planning responsibilities, the agreement
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1 must also establish the procedures for the preparation and 2 adoption of comprehensive plan amendments, for the administration of land development regulations, and for the 3 4 issuance of development orders. 5 (8) Each local government that is a party to the 6 interlocal service boundary agreement shall amend the 7 intergovernmental coordination element of its comprehensive 8 plan, as defined in s. 163.3177(6)(h)1., no later than 6 months following entry of the interlocal service boundary 9 10 agreement consistent with s. 163.3177(6)(h)1. Plan amendments required by this subsection are exempt from the twice-per-year 11 12 limitation under s. 163.3187. 13 (9) An affected person for the purpose of challenging a comprehensive plan amendment required by paragraph (6)(f) 14 includes persons owning real property, residing, or owning or 15 operating a business within the boundaries of the municipal 16 17 service area and owners of real property abutting real 18 property within the municipal service area that is the subject of the comprehensive plan amendment in addition to those 19 affected persons who would have standing under s. 163.3184. 2.0 21 (10)(a) A municipality that is a party to an 2.2 interlocal service boundary agreement that identifies an 23 unincorporated area for municipal annexation under s. 171.202(10)(a) shall adopt a municipal service area as an 2.4 amendment to its comprehensive plan to address future possible 25 municipal annexation. The state land planning agency shall 26 27 review the amendment for compliance with part II of chapter 2.8 163. 29 1. A municipal service area must contain: 30 a. A boundary map of the municipal service area. b. Population projections for the area. 31

1	c. Data and analysis supporting the provision of
2	public facilities for the area.
3	(b) This part shall not authorize the state land
4	planning agency to review, evaluate, determine, approve or
5	disapprove a municipal ordinance relating to municipal
6	annexation or contraction.
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8	A municipality or county may consider the adoption of any
9	comprehensive plan amendment required by this subsection
10	without regard to the provisions of s. 163.3187(1) regarding
11	the frequency of adoption of amendments to the comprehensive
12	plan.
13	(11) An interlocal service boundary agreement may be
14	for a term of 20 years or less. The interlocal service
15	boundary agreement shall also include a provision requiring
16	periodic review. The interlocal service boundary agreement
17	shall require renegotiations to begin at least 18 months
18	before its termination date.
19	(12) No earlier than 6 months after the commencement
20	of negotiations, either of the initiating local governments or
21	both, the county, or the invited municipality may declare an
22	impasse in the negotiations and seek a resolution of the
23	issues under ss. 164.1053-164.1057. If the local governments
24	fail to agree at the conclusion of the process under chapter
25	164, the local governments shall hold a joint public hearing
26	on the issues raised in the negotiations.
27	(13) When the local governments have reached an
28	interlocal service boundary agreement, the county and the
29	municipality shall adopt the agreement by ordinance under s.
30	166.041 or s. 125.66, respectively. An independent special
31	district, if it consents to the agreement, shall adopt the

1 agreement by final order, resolution, or other method consistent with its charter. The interlocal service boundary 2 agreement shall take effect on the day specified in the 3 4 agreement or, if there is no date, upon adoption by the county or the invited municipality, whichever occurs later. Nothing 5 6 in this part shall prohibit a county or municipality from 7 adopting an interlocal service boundary agreement without the 8 consent of an independent special district. 9 (14) For a period of 6 months following the failure of 10 the local governments to consent to an interlocal service boundary agreement, the initiating local government may not 11 12 initiate the negotiation process established in this section 13 to require the responding local government to negotiate an agreement concerning the same identified unincorporated area 14 and the same issues that were specified in the failed 15 16 initiating resolution. 17 (15) This part does not authorize one local government 18 to require another local government to enter into an interlocal service boundary agreement. However, when the 19 process for negotiating an interlocal service boundary 2.0 21 agreement is initiated, the local governments shall negotiate 2.2 in good faith to the conclusion of the process established in 23 this section. (16) This section authorizes local governments to 2.4 simultaneously engage in negotiating more than one interlocal 25 service boundary agreement, notwithstanding that separate 26 27 negotiations concern similar or identical unincorporated areas 2.8 and issues. (17) Elected local government officials are encouraged 29 to participate actively and directly in the negotiation 30 31

1 process for developing an interlocal service boundary 2 agreement. 3 (18) This part does not impair any existing franchise 4 agreement without the consent of the franchisee, any existing 5 territorial agreement between electric utilities or public 6 utilities as defined in chapter 366, or the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission under s. 366.04 to resolve a 7 8 territorial dispute involving electric utilities or public utilities in accordance with the criteria set out in that 9 10 section. In addition, an interlocal agreement entered into under this section has no effect in a territorial dispute 11 12 proceeding before the Public Service Commission. A 13 municipality or county shall retain all existing authority, if any, to negotiate a franchise agreement with any private 14 service provider for use of public rights-of-way or the 15 16 privilege of providing a service. 17 (19) This part does not impair any existing contract 18 without the consent of the parties. 19 171.204 Prerequisites to annexation under this 20 part.--The interlocal service boundary agreement may describe 21 the character of land that may be annexed and may provide that 2.2 the restrictions on the character of land that may be annexed 23 pursuant to part I are not restrictions on land that may be annexed pursuant to this part. As determined in the interlocal 2.4 service boundary agreement, any character of land may be 25 annexed, including, but not limited to, an annexation of land 26 27 not contiguous to the boundaries of the annexing municipality, 2.8 an annexation that creates an enclave, an annexation where the annexed area is not reasonably compact; provided, however, 29 such area shall meet the definition of urban in character as 30 defined in s. 171.031(8). The interlocal service boundary 31

1 agreement may not allow for annexation of land within a 2 municipality that is not a party to the agreement or of land that is within another county. Before annexation of land that 3 4 is not contiguous to the boundaries of the annexing municipality, an annexation that creates an enclave or an 5 6 annexation of land that is not currently served by water or 7 sewer utilities, one of the following options must be 8 followed: 9 (1) The municipality shall transmit a 10 comprehensive-plan amendment that proposes specific amendments relating to the property anticipated for annexation to the 11 12 Department of Community Affairs for review under chapter 163. 13 After considering the department's review, the municipality may approve the annexation and comprehensive-plan amendment 14 concurrently. Adoption of the annexation and 15 16 comprehensive-plan amendment may occur at the same hearing; 17 however, the local government must take separate action on the 18 annexation and comprehensive plan amendment; or 19 (2) A municipality and county shall enter into a joint planning agreement under s. 163.3171, which is adopted into 2.0 21 the municipal comprehensive plan. The joint planning agreement 2.2 must identify the geographic areas anticipated for annexation, 23 the future land uses that the municipality would seek to establish, necessary public facilities and services, including 2.4 transportation and school facilities and how they will be 25 provided, and natural resources, including surface water and 26 27 groundwater resources, and how they will be protected. 2.8 Amendments to a comprehensive plan's future land use map that are consistent with the joint planning agreement shall be 29 30 considered small scale amendments. 31

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1	171.205 Consent requirements for annexation of land
2	under this partNotwithstanding part I, an interlocal
3	service boundary agreement may provide a process for
4	annexation consistent with this section or with part I.
5	(1) For all or a portion of the area within a
6	designated municipal service area, the interlocal service
7	boundary agreement may provide a flexible process for securing
8	the consent of the registered voters who reside in the area
9	proposed to be annexed, or property owners, or both, for
10	annexation of property within a municipal service area, with
11	notice to the registered voters who reside in the area
12	proposed to be annexed, or property owners, or both, as
13	required in the interlocal service boundary agreement. The
14	interlocal service boundary agreement may not authorize
15	annexation unless the consent requirements of part I are met
16	or the annexation is consented to by one or more of the
17	<u>following:</u>
18	(a) The municipality has received a petition for
19	annexation from more than 50 percent of the registered voters
20	who reside in the area proposed to be annexed.
21	(b) The annexation is approved by a majority of the
22	registered voters who reside in the area proposed to be
23	annexed voting in a referendum on the annexation.
24	(c) The municipality has received a petition for
25	annexation from more than 50 percent of the property owners
26	within the area proposed to be annexed.
27	(2) If the area to be annexed includes a privately
28	owned solid waste disposal facility as defined in s.
29	403.703(11) which receives municipal solid waste collected
30	within the jurisdiction of multiple local governments, the
31	annexing municipality must set forth in its plan the impacts
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1	that the annexation of the solid waste disposal facility will
2	have on the other local governments. The plan must also
3	indicate that the owner of the affected solid waste disposal
4	facility has been contacted in writing concerning the
5	annexation, that an agreement between the annexing
6	municipality and the solid waste disposal facility to govern
7	the operations of the solid waste disposal facility if the
8	annexation occurs has been approved, and that the owner of the
9	solid waste disposal facility does not object to the proposed
10	annexation.
11	(3) For all or a portion of an enclave consisting of
12	more than 20 acres within a designated municipal service area,
13	the interlocal service boundary agreement may provide a
14	flexible process for securing the consent of the registered
15	voters who reside in the area proposed to be annexed and
16	property owners in order to annex the property, with notice to
17	the registered voters who reside in the area proposed to be
18	annexed and property owners as required in the interlocal
19	service boundary agreement. The interlocal service boundary
20	agreement may not authorize annexation of enclaves under this
21	subsection unless the consent requirements of part I are met,
22	unless the annexation process includes one or more of the
23	procedures in subsection (1), or unless the municipality has
24	received a petition for annexation from one or more property
25	owners who own real property in excess of 50 percent of the
26	total real property within the area to be annexed.
27	(4) For all or a portion of an enclave, consisting of
28	20 acres or less and with fewer than 100 registered voters
29	within a designated municipal service area, the interlocal
30	service boundary agreement may provide a flexible process for
31	securing the consent of the registered voters who reside in

1	the area proposed to be annexed and the property owners in
2	order to annex property within a municipal service area, with
3	notice to the registered voters who reside in the area
4	proposed to be annexed and the property owners as required in
5	the interlocal service boundary agreement. Such an annexation
6	process may include one or more of the procedures in
7	subsection (1) and may allow annexation according to the terms
8	and conditions provided in the interlocal service boundary
9	agreement, which may include a referendum of the registered
10	voters who reside in the area proposed to be annexed.
11	171.206 Effect of interlocal service boundary area
12	agreement on annexations
13	(1) An interlocal service boundary agreement is
14	binding on the parties to the agreement, and a party may not
15	take any action that violates the interlocal service boundary
16	agreement.
17	(2) Notwithstanding part I, without consent of the
18	county and the affected municipality by resolution, a county
19	or an invited municipality may not take any action that
20	violates the interlocal service boundary agreement.
21	(3) If the independent special district that
22	participated in the negotiation process pursuant to s.
23	171.203(2)(d) does not consent to the interlocal service
24	boundary agreement and a municipality annexes an area within
25	the independent special district, the independent special
26	district may seek compensation pursuant to s. 171.093.
27	171.207 Transfer of powersThis part is an
28	alternative provision otherwise provided by law, as authorized
29	in s. 4, Art. VIII of the State Constitution, for any transfer
30	of power resulting from an interlocal service boundary
31	agreement for the provision of services or the acquisition of
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public facilities entered into by a county, municipality, 1 2 independent special district, or other entity created pursuant 3 <u>to law.</u> 4 171.208 Municipal extraterritorial power.--This part authorizes a municipality to exercise extraterritorial powers 5 6 that include, but are not limited to, the authority to provide 7 services and facilities within the unincorporated area or within the territory of another municipality as provided 8 within an interlocal service boundary agreement. This power is 9 10 in addition to other municipal powers that otherwise exist. However, this power is subject to the jurisdiction of the 11 12 Public Service Commission to resolve territorial disputes 13 under s. 366.04. An interlocal agreement has no effect on the resolution of a territorial dispute to be determined by the 14 15 Public Service Commission. 16 171.209 County incorporated area power.--As provided 17 in an interlocal service boundary agreement, this part 18 authorizes a county to exercise powers within a municipality that include, but are not limited to, the authority to provide 19 services and facilities within the territory of a 2.0 21 municipality. This power is in addition to other county powers 2.2 that otherwise exist. 23 171.21 Effect of part on interlocal agreement and county charter. -- A joint planning agreement, a charter 2.4 provision adopted under s. 171.044(4), or any other interlocal 25 agreement between local governments including a county, 26 27 municipality, or independent special district is not affected 2.8 by this part; however, the county, municipality or independent special district may avail themselves of this part, which may 29 result in the repeal or modification of a joint planning 30 agreement or other interlocal agreement. A local government 31

1 within a county that has adopted a charter provision pursuant 2 to s. 171.044(4) may avail itself of this part, provided that the interlocal agreement is consistent with the approved 3 4 charter or the charter provision is repealed or modified 5 pursuant to s. 125.64. б 171.211 Interlocal service boundary agreement presumed 7 valid and binding .--(1) If there is litigation over the terms, conditions, 8 construction, or enforcement of an interlocal service boundary 9 10 agreement, the agreement shall be presumed valid, and the challenger has the burden of proving its invalidity. 11 (2) Notwithstanding part I, it is the intent of this 12 13 part to authorize a municipality to enter into an interlocal service boundary agreement that enhances, restricts, or 14 precludes annexations during the term of the agreement. 15 16 171.212 Disputes regarding construction and effect of 17 an interlocal service boundary agreement. -- If there is a 18 question or dispute about the construction or effect of an interlocal service boundary agreement, a local government 19 shall initiate and proceed through the conflict resolution 2.0 21 procedures established in chapter 164. If there is a failure to resolve the conflict, no later than 30 days following the 2.2 23 conclusion of the procedures established in chapter 164, the local government may file an action in circuit court. For 2.4 purposes of this section, the term "local government" means a 25 party to the interlocal service boundary agreement. 26 27 Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 171.042, Florida 2.8 Statutes, is amended, and subsection (3) is added to that 29 section, to read: 30 171.042 Prerequisites to annexation. --31

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1 (2) Not fewer than 15 days prior to commencing the 2 annexation procedures under s. 171.0413, the governing body of the municipality shall file a copy of the report required by 3 this section with the board of county commissioners of the 4 county wherein the municipality is located. The notice 5 6 provision provided in this subsection may be the basis for a 7 cause of action invalidating the annexation. (3) Notice shall be provided by the municipality to 8 the affected residents within the proposed area to be annexed. 9 10 Section 3. Subsection (6) of section 171.044, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 11 12 171.044 Voluntary annexation.--13 (6) Not fewer than 10 days prior to Upon publishing or posting the ordinance notice required under subsection (2), 14 the governing body of the municipality must provide a copy of 15 the notice, via certified mail, to the board of the county 16 17 commissioners of the county wherein the municipality is 18 located. The notice provision provided in this subsection may shall not be the basis for a of any cause of action 19 invalidating challenging the annexation. 20 21 Section 4. Section 171.094, Florida Statutes, is 22 created to read: 23 171.094 Effect of interlocal service boundary 2.4 agreements adopted under part II on annexations under this 25 part. (1) An interlocal service boundary agreement entered 26 27 into pursuant to part II is binding on the parties to the 2.8 agreement and a party may not take any action that violates the interlocal service boundary agreement. 29 30 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, without the consent of the county, the affected municipality 31

1 or affected independent special district by resolution, a 2 county, an invited municipality or independent special district may not take any action that violates an interlocal 3 service boundary agreement. 4 5 Section 5. Section 171.081, Florida Statutes, is б amended to read: 7 171.081 Appeal on annexation or contraction.--8 (1) No later than 30 days following the passage of an 9 annexation or contraction ordinance, Any party affected who 10 believes that he or she will suffer material injury by reason of the failure of the municipal governing body to comply with 11 12 the procedures set forth in this chapter for annexation or 13 contraction or to meet the requirements established for 14 annexation or contraction as they apply to his or her property may file a petition in the circuit court for the county in 15 which the municipality or municipalities are located seeking 16 17 review by certiorari. The action may be initiated at the 18 party's option either within 30 days following the passage of the annexation or contraction ordinance or within 30 days 19 following the completion of the dispute resolution process in 20 21 subsection (2). In any action instituted pursuant to this 22 subsection section, the complainant, should he or she prevail, 23 shall be entitled to reasonable costs and attorney's fees. (2) If the affected party is a governmental entity, no 2.4 later than 30 days following the passage of an annexation or 25 contraction ordinance, the governmental entity must initiate 26 27 and proceed through the conflict resolution procedures 2.8 established in chapter 164. If there is a failure to resolve the conflict, no later than 30 days following the conclusion 29 of the procedures established in chapter 164, the governmental 30 entity that initiated the conflict resolution procedures may 31

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1 file a petition in the circuit court for the county in which the municipality or municipalities are located seeking review 2 by certiorari. In any legal action instituted pursuant to this 3 4 subsection, the prevailing party is entitled to reasonable costs and attorney's fees. 5 б Section 6. Subsection (11) of section 163.01, Florida 7 Statutes, is amended to read: 163.01 Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969.--8 9 (11) Prior to its effectiveness, an interlocal agreement and subsequent amendments thereto shall be filed 10 with the clerk of the circuit court of each county where a 11 12 party to the agreement is located; however, if the parties to 13 the agreement are located in multiple counties and the agreement, pursuant to subsection (7), provides for a separate 14 legal entity or administrative entity to administer the 15 agreement, the interlocal agreement and any amendments thereto 16 17 may be filed with the clerk of the circuit court in the county 18 where the legal or administrative entity maintains its principal place of business. 19 20 Section 7. Section 164.1058, Florida Statutes, is 21 amended to read: 22 164.1058 Penalty.--If a primary conflicting 23 governmental entity which has received notice of intent to initiate the conflict resolution procedure pursuant to this 2.4 25 act fails to participate in good faith in the conflict 26 assessment meeting, mediation, or other remedies provided for 27 in this act, and the initiating governmental entity files suit 2.8 and is the prevailing party in such suit, the primary 29 disputing governmental entity that which failed to participate in good faith shall be required to pay the attorney's fees and 30 costs in that proceeding of the prevailing primary conflicting 31

1 governmental entity which initiated the conflict resolution 2 procedure. 3 Section 8. The Division of Statutory Revision is requested to designate sections 171.011-171.094, Florida 4 5 Statutes, as part I of chapter 171, Florida Statutes, and 6 sections 171.20-171.212, Florida Statutes, as created by this 7 act, as part II of chapter 171, Florida Statutes. 8 Section 9. This act shall take effect upon becoming a 9 law. 10 STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN 11 COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR 12 CS/SB 926 13 The Committee Substitute for SB 926: 14 15 Allows independent special districts to be invited to 1) participate in a responding resolution; 16 2) Allows an independent special district to initiate an 17 interlocal agreement for the purpose of removing more than 10 percent of the service area when a proposed 18 annexation would result in a rate increase for the remaining property owners; 19 3) Provides options that must be followed for the annexation of land not currently service by water or sewer 2.0 utilities; 21 4) Provides conditions that must be satisfied for annexing 22 an area that contains a privately owned solid waste disposal facility; 23 Deletes a provision that would have allowed an independent special district to receive ad valorem tax 5) 2.4 revenues with the consent of a municipality; 25 6) Allows an interlocal agreement that provides for a 26 separate legal or administrative body to administer the agreement, and any amendments to the agreement, to be filed with the clerk of the county where that body maintains its principal place of business; and 27 2.8 Allows an interlocal agreement among local governments 7) 29 within a charter county, if the agreement is consistent with the charter or the charter is repealed or modified. 30 31