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Proposed Committee Substitute by the Committee on Health Care

A bill to be entitled An act relating to patients' right to know about adverse medical incidents; creating s. 395.3016, F.S.; requiring that a health care facility provide patients with access to records concerning adverse medical incidents occurring on or after a specified date; prohibiting the facility from disclosing the identity of patients; defining the phrase "adverse medical incident"; providing procedures for making records available to patients; requiring that the Agency for Health Care Administration impose a fine against a facility that fails to provide access to records or that discloses the identity of a patient; amending s. 395.0193, F.S.; providing that an exemption from public-records requirements which is provided for records concerning peer reviews does not apply to those records concerning adverse medical incidents which are subject to disclosure upon the request of a patient; amending s. 395.0197, F.S.; providing that an exemption from public-records requirements which is provided for records collected under an internal risk-management program does not apply to those records concerning adverse incidents which are subject to disclosure upon the request of a patient; amending s. 395.3025, F.S.; authorizing a patient to have access to patient medical records containing information

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concerning adverse medical incidents; exempting							
such records from public-records requirements;							
amending s. 395.51, F.S.; providing that an							
exemption from public-records requirements							
which is provided for hospital records relating							
to the quality assurance activities of trauma							
agencies does not apply to those records							
concerning adverse incidents which are subject							
to disclosure upon the request of a patient;							
amending s. 456.057, F.S.; requiring that a							
records owner release patient records that							
include information concerning adverse medical							
incidents upon the request of a patient;							
creating ss. 458.352, 459.027, and 461.019,							
F.S.; requiring that physicians, osteopathic							
physicians, and podiatric physicians provide							
patients with access to records concerning							
adverse medical incidents occurring on or after							
a specified date; prohibiting the physician							
from disclosing the identity of patients;							
defining the phrase "adverse medical incident";							
providing procedures for making records							
available to patients; requiring that the Board							
of Medicine, Board of Osteopathic Medicine, or							
Board of Podiatric Medicine, as applicable,							
impose a fine against a physician who fails to							
provide access to records or who discloses the							
identity of a patient; providing an effective							
date.							

31 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

1	Section 1. Section 395.3016, Florida Statutes, is								
2	created to read:								
3	395.3016 Patients' right to know about adverse medical								
4	incidents								
5	(1) For purposes of implementing s. 25, Art. X of the								
6	State Constitution, a patient who has sought, is seeking, is								
7	undergoing, or has undergone care or treatment in a health								
8	care facility licensed under this chapter has a right to have								
9	access to any records made or received in the course of								
10	business by the health care facility relating to any adverse								
11	medical incident. In providing such access, the facility may								
12	not disclose the identity of any patient involved in an								
13	incident, and the privacy restrictions imposed by federal law								
14	must be maintained. This section applies only to records of an								
15	adverse medical incident that occurs on or after November 2,								
16	2004.								
10									
17	(2) As used in this section, the phrase "adverse								
17	(2) As used in this section, the phrase "adverse								
17 18	(2) As used in this section, the phrase "adverse medical incident" means medical negligence, intentional								
17 18 19	(2) As used in this section, the phrase "adverse medical incident" means medical negligence, intentional misconduct, and any other act, neglect, or default of a health								
17 18 19 20	(2) As used in this section, the phrase "adverse medical incident" means medical negligence, intentional misconduct, and any other act, neglect, or default of a health care facility or health care provider as defined in s. 381.026								
17 18 19 20 21	(2) As used in this section, the phrase "adverse medical incident" means medical negligence, intentional misconduct, and any other act, neglect, or default of a health care facility or health care provider as defined in s. 381.026 which caused or could have caused injury to or death of a								
17 18 19 20 21 22	(2) As used in this section, the phrase "adverse medical incident" means medical negligence, intentional misconduct, and any other act, neglect, or default of a health care facility or health care provider as defined in s. 381.026 which caused or could have caused injury to or death of a patient, including, but not limited to, those incidents that								
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	(2) As used in this section, the phrase "adverse medical incident" means medical negligence, intentional misconduct, and any other act, neglect, or default of a health care facility or health care provider as defined in s. 381.026 which caused or could have caused injury to or death of a patient, including, but not limited to, those incidents that are required by state or federal law to be reported to any								
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	(2) As used in this section, the phrase "adverse medical incident" means medical negligence, intentional misconduct, and any other act, neglect, or default of a health care facility or health care provider as defined in s. 381.026 which caused or could have caused injury to or death of a patient, including, but not limited to, those incidents that are required by state or federal law to be reported to any governmental agency or body, and incidents that are reported								
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	(2) As used in this section, the phrase "adverse medical incident" means medical negligence, intentional misconduct, and any other act, neglect, or default of a health care facility or health care provider as defined in s. 381.026 which caused or could have caused injury to or death of a patient, including, but not limited to, those incidents that are required by state or federal law to be reported to any governmental agency or body, and incidents that are reported to or reviewed by any health care facility peer review, risk								
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	(2) As used in this section, the phrase "adverse medical incident" means medical negligence, intentional misconduct, and any other act, neglect, or default of a health care facility or health care provider as defined in s. 381.026 which caused or could have caused injury to or death of a patient, including, but not limited to, those incidents that are required by state or federal law to be reported to any governmental agency or body, and incidents that are reported to or reviewed by any health care facility peer review, risk management, quality assurance, credentials, or similar								
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(2) As used in this section, the phrase "adverse medical incident" means medical negligence, intentional misconduct, and any other act, neglect, or default of a health care facility or health care provider as defined in s. 381.026 which caused or could have caused injury to or death of a patient, including, but not limited to, those incidents that are required by state or federal law to be reported to any qovernmental agency or body, and incidents that are reported to or reviewed by any health care facility peer review, risk management, quality assurance, credentials, or similar committee, or any representative of any such committees.								
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	(2) As used in this section, the phrase "adverse medical incident" means medical negligence, intentional misconduct, and any other act, neglect, or default of a health care facility or health care provider as defined in s. 381.026 which caused or could have caused injury to or death of a patient, including, but not limited to, those incidents that are required by state or federal law to be reported to any qovernmental agency or body, and incidents that are reported to or reviewed by any health care facility peer review, risk management, quality assurance, credentials, or similar committee, or any representative of any such committees. (3) In addition to any other procedure for producing								

1	patient, provided that current records which have been made									
2	publicly available by publication or on the Internet may be									
3	"provided" by reference to the location at which the records									
4	are publicly available. The records must be made available in									
5	a timely manner without delay for legal review. The records									
6	must be made available at reasonable times of day and days of									
7	the week within the facility's business hours. The exclusive									
8	charge for copies of the records may include sales tax and									
9	actual postage, and, except for nonpaper records that are									
10	subject to a charge not to exceed \$2, may not exceed \$1 per									
11	page. These charges apply to all records that are furnished,									
12	whether directly from the facility or from a copy service									
13	providing these services on behalf of the facility.									
14	(4) The agency may levy a fine of up to \$500 for a									
15	nonwillful violation and up to \$1,000 for a willful violation									
16	against a facility that fails to provide access to the records									
17	or to provide copies if requested.									
18	(5) The agency may levy a fine of up to \$500 for a									
19	nonwillful violation and up to \$1,000 for a willful violation									
20	against a facility that discloses the identity of a patient									
21	involved in an incident in the provision of records.									
22	Section 2. Section 395.0193, Florida Statutes, is									
23	amended to read:									
24	395.0193 Licensed facilities; peer review;									
25	disciplinary powers; agency or partnership with physicians									
26	(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that good									
27	faith participants in the process of investigating and									
28	disciplining physicians pursuant to the state-mandated peer									
29	review process shall, in addition to receiving immunity from									
30	retaliatory tort suits pursuant to s. 456.073(12), be									
31	protected from federal antitrust suits filed under the Sherman 4									

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Anti-Trust Act, 15 U.S.C.A. ss. 1 et seq. Such intent is within the public policy of the state to secure the provision of quality medical services to the public.

- (2) Each licensed facility, as a condition of licensure, shall provide for peer review of physicians who deliver health care services at the facility. Each licensed facility shall develop written, binding procedures by which such peer review shall be conducted. Such procedures shall include:
- (a) Mechanism for choosing the membership of the body or bodies that conduct peer review.
- (b) Adoption of rules of order for the peer review process.
- (c) Fair review of the case with the physician involved.
- Mechanism to identify and avoid conflict of interest on the part of the peer review panel members.
- Recording of agendas and minutes which do not contain confidential material, for review by the Division of Health Quality Assurance of the agency.
- (f) Review, at least annually, of the peer review procedures by the governing board of the licensed facility.
- Focus of the peer review process on review of professional practices at the facility to reduce morbidity and mortality and to improve patient care.
- (3) If reasonable belief exists that conduct by a staff member or physician who delivers health care services at the licensed facility may constitute one or more grounds for discipline as provided in this subsection, a peer review panel shall investigate and determine whether grounds for discipline 31 | exist with respect to such staff member or physician. The

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governing board of any licensed facility, after considering the recommendations of its peer review panel, shall suspend, deny, revoke, or curtail the privileges, or reprimand, 3 counsel, or require education, of any such staff member or 4 physician after a final determination has been made that one 5 or more of the following grounds exist: 6

- Incompetence. (a)
- Being found to be a habitual user of intoxicants or drugs to the extent that he or she is deemed dangerous to himself, herself, or others.
- (c) Mental or physical impairment which may adversely affect patient care.
- (d) Being found liable by a court of competent jurisdiction for medical negligence or malpractice involving negligent conduct.
- (e) One or more settlements exceeding \$10,000 for medical negligence or malpractice involving negligent conduct by the staff member.
- (f) Medical negligence other than as specified in paragraph (d) or paragraph (e).
- Failure to comply with the policies, procedures, or directives of the risk management program or any quality assurance committees of any licensed facility.
- (4) Pursuant to ss. 458.337 and 459.016, any disciplinary actions taken under subsection (3) shall be reported in writing to the Division of Health Quality Assurance of the agency within 30 working days after its initial occurrence, regardless of the pendency of appeals to the governing board of the hospital. The notification shall identify the disciplined practitioner, the action taken, and 31 the reason for such action. All final disciplinary actions

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taken under subsection (3), if different from those which were reported to the agency within 30 days after the initial 2. occurrence, shall be reported within 10 working days to the 3 Division of Health Quality Assurance of the agency in writing 4 and shall specify the disciplinary action taken and the 5 specific grounds therefor. The division shall review each 6 report and determine whether it potentially involved conduct 7 8 by the licensee that is subject to disciplinary action, in which case s. 456.073 shall apply. Except for those records of 9 adverse medical incidents which must be released under s. 25, 10 Art. X of the State Constitution and s. 395.3016, the reports 11 12 are not subject to inspection under s. 119.07(1) even if the division's investigation results in a finding of probable 13 14 cause.

- (5) There shall be no monetary liability on the part of, and no cause of action for damages against, any licensed facility, its governing board or governing board members, peer review panel, medical staff, or disciplinary body, or its agents, investigators, witnesses, or employees; a committee of a hospital; or any other person, for any action taken without intentional fraud in carrying out the provisions of this section.
- For a single incident or series of isolated incidents that are nonwillful violations of the reporting requirements of this section, the agency shall first seek to obtain corrective action by the facility. If correction is not demonstrated within the timeframe established by the agency or if there is a pattern of nonwillful violations of this section, the agency may impose an administrative fine, not to exceed \$5,000 for any violation of the reporting requirements 31 of this section. The administrative fine for repeated

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- nonwillful violations shall not exceed \$10,000 for any violation. The administrative fine for each intentional and willful violation may not exceed \$25,000 per violation, per 3 day. The fine for an intentional and willful violation of this 4 section may not exceed \$250,000. In determining the amount of 5 fine to be levied, the agency shall be guided by s. 6 395.1065(2)(b). 7
 - (7) Except for those records of adverse medical incidents which must be released under s. 25, Art. X of the State Constitution and s. 395.3016, the proceedings and records of peer review panels, committees, and governing boards or agent thereof which relate solely to actions taken in carrying out this section are not subject to inspection under s. 119.07(1); and meetings held pursuant to achieving the objectives of such panels, committees, and governing boards are not open to the public under the provisions of chapter 286.
- (8) The investigations, proceedings, and records of the peer review panel, a committee of a hospital, a disciplinary board, or a governing board, or agent thereof with whom there is a specific written contract for that purpose, as described in this section shall not be subject to discovery or introduction into evidence in any civil or administrative action against a provider of professional health services arising out of the matters which are the subject of evaluation and review by such group or its agent, and a person who was in attendance at a meeting of such group or its agent may not be permitted or required to testify in any such civil or administrative action as to any evidence or other matters produced or presented during the proceedings of 31 | such group or its agent or as to any findings,

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recommendations, evaluations, opinions, or other actions of such group or its agent or any members thereof. However, information, documents, or records otherwise available from original sources are not to be construed as immune from discovery or use in any such civil or administrative action merely because they were presented during proceedings of such group, and any person who testifies before such group or who is a member of such group may not be prevented from testifying as to matters within his or her knowledge, but such witness may not be asked about his or her testimony before such a group or opinions formed by him or her as a result of such group hearings.

- (9)(a) If the defendant prevails in an action brought by a staff member or physician who delivers health care services at the licensed facility against any person or entity that initiated, participated in, was a witness in, or conducted any review as authorized by this section, the court shall award reasonable attorney's fees and costs to the defendant.
- (b) As a condition of any staff member or physician bringing any action against any person or entity that initiated, participated in, was a witness in, or conducted any review as authorized by this section and before any responsive pleading is due, the staff member or physician shall post a bond or other security, as set by the court having jurisdiction of the action, in an amount sufficient to pay the costs and attorney's fees.
- (10)(a) A hospital's compliance with the requirements of this chapter or s. 766.110(1) may not be the sole basis to establish an agency or partnership relationship between the 31 | hospital and physicians who provide services within the

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1	hospital.
2	(b) A hospital may create an agency relationship with
3	a physician by written contract signed by the hospital and:
4	1. The physician;
5	2. A health care professional association; or
6	3. A corporate medical group and its employees.
7	
8	A written contract is not the exclusive means to establish an
9	agency or partnership relationship between a hospital and any
10	other person described in this paragraph.
11	Section 3. Section 395.0197, Florida Statutes, is
12	amended to read:
13	395.0197 Internal risk management program
14	(1) Every licensed facility shall, as a part of its
15	administrative functions, establish an internal risk
16	management program that includes all of the following
17	components:
18	(a) The investigation and analysis of the frequency
19	and causes of general categories and specific types of adverse
20	incidents to patients.
21	(b) The development of appropriate measures to
22	minimize the risk of adverse incidents to patients, including,
23	but not limited to:
24	1. Risk management and risk prevention education and
25	training of all nonphysician personnel as follows:
26	a. Such education and training of all nonphysician
27	personnel as part of their initial orientation; and
28	b. At least 1 hour of such education and training
29	annually for all personnel of the licensed facility working in
30	clinical areas and providing patient care, except those
31	persons licensed as health care practitioners who are required 10

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to complete continuing education coursework pursuant to chapter 456 or the respective practice act.

- 2. A prohibition, except when emergency circumstances require otherwise, against a staff member of the licensed facility attending a patient in the recovery room, unless the staff member is authorized to attend the patient in the recovery room and is in the company of at least one other person. However, a licensed facility is exempt from the two-person requirement if it has:
 - a. Live visual observation;
 - b. Electronic observation; or
- c. Any other reasonable measure taken to ensure patient protection and privacy.
- 3. A prohibition against an unlicensed person from assisting or participating in any surgical procedure unless the facility has authorized the person to do so following a competency assessment, and such assistance or participation is done under the direct and immediate supervision of a licensed physician and is not otherwise an activity that may only be performed by a licensed health care practitioner.
- 4. Development, implementation, and ongoing evaluation of procedures, protocols, and systems to accurately identify patients, planned procedures, and the correct site of the planned procedure so as to minimize the performance of a surgical procedure on the wrong patient, a wrong surgical procedure, a wrong-site surgical procedure, or a surgical procedure otherwise unrelated to the patient's diagnosis or medical condition.
- (c) The analysis of patient grievances that relate to patient care and the quality of medical services.
- (d) A system for informing a patient or an individual 11 3:29 PM 03/25/05 s0938p-he00-c3y

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- identified pursuant to s. 765.401(1) that the patient was the subject of an adverse incident, as defined in subsection (5). Such notice shall be given by an appropriately trained person designated by the licensed facility as soon as practicable to allow the patient an opportunity to minimize damage or injury.
- The development and implementation of an incident reporting system based upon the affirmative duty of all health care providers and all agents and employees of the licensed health care facility to report adverse incidents to the risk manager, or to his or her designee, within 3 business days after their occurrence.
- (2) The internal risk management program is the responsibility of the governing board of the health care facility. Each licensed facility shall hire a risk manager, licensed under s. 395.10974, who is responsible for implementation and oversight of such facility's internal risk management program as required by this section. A risk manager must not be made responsible for more than four internal risk management programs in separate licensed facilities, unless the facilities are under one corporate ownership or the risk management programs are in rural hospitals.
- In addition to the programs mandated by this section, other innovative approaches intended to reduce the frequency and severity of medical malpractice and patient injury claims shall be encouraged and their implementation and operation facilitated. Such additional approaches may include extending internal risk management programs to health care providers' offices and the assuming of provider liability by a licensed health care facility for acts or omissions occurring 31 | within the licensed facility. Each licensed facility shall

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annually report to the agency and the Department of Health the name and judgments entered against each health care 2. practitioner for which it assumes liability. The agency and 3 Department of Health, in their respective annual reports, 4 shall include statistics that report the number of licensed 5 facilities that assume such liability and the number of health 6 care practitioners, by profession, for whom they assume 7 8 liability.

- (4) The agency shall adopt rules governing the establishment of internal risk management programs to meet the needs of individual licensed facilities. Each internal risk management program shall include the use of incident reports to be filed with an individual of responsibility who is competent in risk management techniques in the employ of each licensed facility, such as an insurance coordinator, or who is retained by the licensed facility as a consultant. The individual responsible for the risk management program shall have free access to all medical records of the licensed facility. The incident reports are part of the workpapers of the attorney defending the licensed facility in litigation relating to the licensed facility and are subject to discovery, but are not admissible as evidence in court. A person filing an incident report is not subject to civil suit by virtue of such incident report. As a part of each internal risk management program, the incident reports shall be used to develop categories of incidents which identify problem areas. Once identified, procedures shall be adjusted to correct the problem areas.
- For purposes of reporting to the agency pursuant to this section, the term "adverse incident" means an event 31 | over which health care personnel could exercise control and

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which is associated in whole or in part with medical intervention, rather than the condition for which such intervention occurred, and which:

- (a) Results in one of the following injuries:
- 1. Death;

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- 2. Brain or spinal damage;
- Permanent disfigurement;
 - 4. Fracture or dislocation of bones or joints;
 - 5. A resulting limitation of neurological, physical, or sensory function which continues after discharge from the facility;
 - 6. Any condition that required specialized medical attention or surgical intervention resulting from nonemergency medical intervention, other than an emergency medical condition, to which the patient has not given his or her informed consent; or
 - 7. Any condition that required the transfer of the patient, within or outside the facility, to a unit providing a more acute level of care due to the adverse incident, rather than the patient's condition prior to the adverse incident;
 - (b) Was the performance of a surgical procedure on the wrong patient, a wrong surgical procedure, a wrong-site surgical procedure, or a surgical procedure otherwise unrelated to the patient's diagnosis or medical condition;
 - (c) Required the surgical repair of damage resulting to a patient from a planned surgical procedure, where the damage was not a recognized specific risk, as disclosed to the patient and documented through the informed-consent process;
- 30 (d) Was a procedure to remove unplanned foreign 31 objects remaining from a surgical procedure.

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- Each licensed facility subject to this section shall submit an annual report to the agency summarizing the incident reports that have been filed in the facility for that year. The report shall include:
 - 1. The total number of adverse incidents.
- 2. A listing, by category, of the types of operations, diagnostic or treatment procedures, or other actions causing the injuries, and the number of incidents occurring within each category.
- 3. A listing, by category, of the types of injuries caused and the number of incidents occurring within each category.
- 4. A code number using the health care professional's licensure number and a separate code number identifying all other individuals directly involved in adverse incidents to patients, the relationship of the individual to the licensed facility, and the number of incidents in which each individual has been directly involved. Each licensed facility shall maintain names of the health care professionals and individuals identified by code numbers for purposes of this section.
- 5. A description of all malpractice claims filed against the licensed facility, including the total number of pending and closed claims and the nature of the incident which led to, the persons involved in, and the status and disposition of each claim. Each report shall update status and disposition for all prior reports.
- The information reported to the agency pursuant to paragraph (a) which relates to persons licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 461, or chapter 466 shall be 31 reviewed by the agency. The agency shall determine whether

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any of the incidents potentially involved conduct by a health care professional who is subject to disciplinary action, in which case the provisions of s. 456.073 shall apply.

- (c) The report submitted to the agency shall also contain the name and license number of the risk manager of the licensed facility, a copy of its policy and procedures which govern the measures taken by the facility and its risk manager to reduce the risk of injuries and adverse incidents, and the results of such measures. Except for those records of adverse medical incidents which must be released under s. 25, Art. X of the State Constitution and s. 395.3016, the annual report is confidential and is not available to the public pursuant to s. 119.07(1) or any other law providing access to public records. The annual report is not discoverable or admissible in any civil or administrative action, except in disciplinary proceedings by the agency or the appropriate regulatory board. The annual report is not available to the public as part of the record of investigation for and prosecution in disciplinary proceedings made available to the public by the agency or the appropriate regulatory board. However, the agency or the appropriate regulatory board shall make available, upon written request by a health care professional against whom probable cause has been found, any such records which form the basis of the determination of probable cause.
- (7) Any of the following adverse incidents, whether occurring in the licensed facility or arising from health care prior to admission in the licensed facility, shall be reported by the facility to the agency within 15 calendar days after its occurrence:
 - (a) The death of a patient;
 - (b) Brain or spinal damage to a patient;

1	(c) The performance of a surgical procedure on the									
2	wrong patient;									
3	(d) The performance of a wrong-site surgical									
4	procedure;									
5	(e) The performance of a wrong surgical procedure;									
6	(f) The performance of a surgical procedure that is									
7	medically unnecessary or otherwise unrelated to the patient's									
8	diagnosis or medical condition;									
9	(g) The surgical repair of damage resulting to a									
10	patient from a planned surgical procedure, where the damage is									
11	not a recognized specific risk, as disclosed to the patient									
12	and documented through the informed-consent process; or									
13	(h) The performance of procedures to remove unplanned									
14	foreign objects remaining from a surgical procedure.									
15										
16	The agency may grant extensions to this reporting requirement									
17	for more than 15 days upon justification submitted in writing									
18	by the facility administrator to the agency. The agency may									
19	require an additional, final report. Except for those records									
20	of adverse medical incidents which must be released under s.									
21	25, Art. X of the State Constitution and s. 395.3016, these									
22	reports shall not be available to the public pursuant to s.									
23	119.07(1) or any other law providing access to public records.									
24	The records are not, nor be discoverable or admissible in any									
25	civil or administrative action, except in disciplinary									
26	proceedings by the agency or the appropriate regulatory board,									
27	nor shall they be available to the public as part of the									
28	record of investigation for and prosecution in disciplinary									
29	proceedings made available to the public by the agency or the									
30	appropriate regulatory board. However, the agency or the									
31	appropriate regulatory board shall make available, upon									

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written request by a health care professional against whom probable cause has been found, any such records which form the basis of the determination of probable cause. The agency may 3 investigate, as it deems appropriate, any such incident and 4 prescribe measures that must or may be taken in response to 5 the incident. The agency shall review each incident and 6 determine whether it potentially involved conduct by the 7 health care professional who is subject to disciplinary action, in which case the provisions of s. 456.073 shall 9 10 apply.

- (8) The agency shall publish on the agency's website, no less than quarterly, a summary and trend analysis of adverse incident reports received pursuant to this section, which shall not include information that would identify the patient, the reporting facility, or the health care practitioners involved. The agency shall publish on the agency's website an annual summary and trend analysis of all adverse incident reports and malpractice claims information provided by facilities in their annual reports, which shall not include information that would identify the patient, the reporting facility, or the practitioners involved. The purpose of the publication of the summary and trend analysis is to promote the rapid dissemination of information relating to adverse incidents and malpractice claims to assist in avoidance of similar incidents and reduce morbidity and mortality.
- (9) The internal risk manager of each licensed facility shall:
- Investigate every allegation of sexual misconduct which is made against a member of the facility's personnel who 31 has direct patient contact, when the allegation is that the

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sexual misconduct occurred at the facility or on the grounds of the facility.

- (b) Report every allegation of sexual misconduct to the administrator of the licensed facility.
- (c) Notify the family or guardian of the victim, if a minor, that an allegation of sexual misconduct has been made and that an investigation is being conducted.
- (d) Report to the Department of Health every allegation of sexual misconduct, as defined in chapter 456 and the respective practice act, by a licensed health care practitioner that involves a patient.
- (10) Any witness who witnessed or who possesses actual knowledge of the act that is the basis of an allegation of sexual abuse shall:
 - (a) Notify the local police; and
- (b) Notify the hospital risk manager and the administrator.

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For purposes of this subsection, "sexual abuse" means acts of a sexual nature committed for the sexual gratification of anyone upon, or in the presence of, a vulnerable adult, without the vulnerable adult's informed consent, or a minor.

"Sexual abuse" includes, but is not limited to, the acts defined in s. 794.011(1)(h), fondling, exposure of a vulnerable adult's or minor's sexual organs, or the use of the vulnerable adult or minor to solicit for or engage in prostitution or sexual performance. "Sexual abuse" does not

28 include any act intended for a valid medical purpose or any
29 act which may reasonably be construed to be a normal
30 caregiving action.

(11) A person who, with malice or with intent to 19

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discredit or harm a licensed facility or any person, makes a false allegation of sexual misconduct against a member of a licensed facility's personnel is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.

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- (12) In addition to any penalty imposed pursuant to this section, the agency shall require a written plan of correction from the facility. For a single incident or series of isolated incidents that are nonwillful violations of the reporting requirements of this section, the agency shall first seek to obtain corrective action by the facility. If the correction is not demonstrated within the timeframe established by the agency or if there is a pattern of nonwillful violations of this section, the agency may impose an administrative fine, not to exceed \$5,000 for any violation of the reporting requirements of this section. The administrative fine for repeated nonwillful violations shall not exceed \$10,000 for any violation. The administrative fine for each intentional and willful violation may not exceed \$25,000 per violation, per day. The fine for an intentional and willful violation of this section may not exceed \$250,000. In determining the amount of fine to be levied, the agency shall be guided by s. 395.1065(2)(b).
- (13) The agency shall have access to all licensed facility records necessary to carry out the provisions of this section. Except for those records of adverse medical incidents which must be released under s. 25, Art. X of the State Constitution and s. 395.3016, the records obtained by the agency under subsection (6), subsection (7), or subsection (9) are not available to the public under s. 119.07(1). The 31 | records are not, nor shall they be discoverable or admissible

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in any civil or administrative action, except in disciplinary proceedings by the agency or the appropriate regulatory board, and nor shall records obtained pursuant to s. 456.071 are not be available to the public as part of the record of investigation for and prosecution in disciplinary proceedings made available to the public by the agency or the appropriate regulatory board. However, the agency or the appropriate regulatory board shall make available, upon written request by a health care professional against whom probable cause has been found, any such records which form the basis of the determination of probable cause, except that, with respect to medical review committee records, s. 766.101 controls.

- (14) The meetings of the committees and governing board of a licensed facility held solely for the purpose of achieving the objectives of risk management as provided by this section shall not be open to the public under the provisions of chapter 286. The records of such meetings are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1), except as provided in subsection (13).
- (15) The agency shall review, as part of its licensure inspection process, the internal risk management program at each licensed facility regulated by this section to determine whether the program meets standards established in statutes and rules, whether the program is being conducted in a manner designed to reduce adverse incidents, and whether the program is appropriately reporting incidents under this section.
- (16) There shall be no monetary liability on the part of, and no cause of action for damages shall arise against, any risk manager, licensed under s. 395.10974, for the implementation and oversight of the internal risk management 31 program in a facility licensed under this chapter or chapter

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390 as required by this section, for any act or proceeding undertaken or performed within the scope of the functions of such internal risk management program if the risk manager acts without intentional fraud.

- (17) A privilege against civil liability is hereby granted to any licensed risk manager or licensed facility with regard to information furnished pursuant to this chapter, unless the licensed risk manager or facility acted in bad faith or with malice in providing such information.
- (18) If the agency, through its receipt of any reports required under this section or through any investigation, has a reasonable belief that conduct by a staff member or employee of a licensed facility is grounds for disciplinary action by the appropriate regulatory board, the agency shall report this fact to such regulatory board.
- (19) It shall be unlawful for any person to coerce, intimidate, or preclude a risk manager from lawfully executing his or her reporting obligations pursuant to this chapter. Such unlawful action shall be subject to civil monetary penalties not to exceed \$10,000 per violation.
- Section 4. Section 395.3025, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 395.3025 Patient and personnel records; copies; examination. --
- (1) Any licensed facility shall, upon written request, and only after discharge of the patient, furnish, in a timely manner, without delays for legal review, to any person admitted therein for care and treatment or treated thereat, or to any such person's quardian, curator, or personal representative, or in the absence of one of those persons, to 31 I the next of kin of a decedent or the parent of a minor, or to

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anyone designated by such person in writing, a true and correct copy of all patient records, including X rays, and insurance information concerning such person, which records 3 are in the possession of the licensed facility, provided the 4 person requesting such records agrees to pay a charge. The 5 exclusive charge for copies of patient records may include 6 sales tax and actual postage, and, except for nonpaper records 7 8 that are subject to a charge not to exceed \$2, may not exceed \$1 per page. A fee of up to \$1 may be charged for each year of 9 records requested. These charges shall apply to all records 10 furnished, whether directly from the facility or from a copy 11 12 service providing these services on behalf of the facility. However, a patient whose records are copied or searched for 13 14 the purpose of continuing to receive medical care is not required to pay a charge for copying or for the search. The 15 16 licensed facility shall further allow any such person to examine the original records in its possession, or microforms 17 or other suitable reproductions of the records, upon such 18 reasonable terms as shall be imposed to assure that the 19 20 records will not be damaged, destroyed, or altered.

- (2) This section does not apply to records maintained at any licensed facility the primary function of which is to provide psychiatric care to its patients, or to records of treatment for any mental or emotional condition at any other licensed facility which are governed by the provisions of s. 394.4615.
- This section does not apply to records of substance abuse impaired persons, which are governed by s. 397.501.
- (4) Patient records are confidential and must not be 31 disclosed without the consent of the person to whom they

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pertain, but appropriate disclosure may be made without such consent to:

- (a) Licensed facility personnel and attending physicians for use in connection with the treatment of the patient.
- (b) Licensed facility personnel only for administrative purposes or risk management and quality assurance functions.
- (c) The agency, for purposes of health care cost containment.
- In any civil or criminal action, unless otherwise prohibited by law, upon the issuance of a subpoena from a court of competent jurisdiction and proper notice by the party seeking such records to the patient or his or her legal representative.
- (e) The agency upon subpoena issued pursuant to s. 456.071, but the records obtained thereby must be used solely for the purpose of the agency and the appropriate professional board in its investigation, prosecution, and appeal of disciplinary proceedings. If the agency requests copies of the records, the facility shall charge no more than its actual copying costs, including reasonable staff time. The records must be sealed and must not be available to the public pursuant to s. 119.07(1) or any other statute providing access to records, nor may they be available to the public as part of the record of investigation for and prosecution in disciplinary proceedings made available to the public by the agency or the appropriate regulatory board. However, the agency must make available, upon written request by a practitioner against whom probable cause has been found, any 31 | such records that form the basis of the determination of

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probable cause.

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- (f) The Department of Health or its agent, for the purpose of establishing and maintaining a trauma registry and for the purpose of ensuring that hospitals and trauma centers are in compliance with the standards and rules established under ss. 395.401, 395.4015, 395.4025, 395.404, 395.4045, and 395.405, and for the purpose of monitoring patient outcome at hospitals and trauma centers that provide trauma care services.
- (g) The Department of Children and Family Services or its agent, for the purpose of investigations of cases of abuse, neglect, or exploitation of children or vulnerable adults.
- (h) The State Long-Term Care Ombudsman Council and the local long-term care ombudsman councils, with respect to the records of a patient who has been admitted from a nursing home or long-term care facility, when the councils are conducting an investigation involving the patient as authorized under part II of chapter 400, upon presentation of identification as a council member by the person making the request. Disclosure under this paragraph shall only be made after a competent patient or the patient's representative has been advised that disclosure may be made and the patient has not objected.
- (i) A local trauma agency or a regional trauma agency that performs quality assurance activities, or a panel or committee assembled to assist a local trauma agency or a regional trauma agency in performing quality assurance activities. Patient records obtained under this paragraph are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
- (j) Organ procurement organizations, tissue banks, and \$25\$ 3:29 PM 03/25/05 s0938p-he00-c3y

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eye banks required to conduct death records reviews pursuant to s. 395.2050.

- (k) The Medicaid Fraud Control Unit in the Department of Legal Affairs pursuant to s. 409.920.
- The Department of Financial Services, or an agent, employee, or independent contractor of the department who is auditing for unclaimed property pursuant to chapter 717.
- (m) A patient who has sought, is seeking, is undergoing, or has undergone care or treatment in a health care facility licensed under this chapter and who requests access to records of adverse medical incidents under s. 395.3016, so long as the facility does not disclose the identify of a patient who is the subject of such records.
- (5) The Department of Health may examine patient records of a licensed facility, whether held by the facility or the Agency for Health Care Administration, for the purpose of epidemiological investigations. The unauthorized release of information by agents of the department which would identify an individual patient is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- Patient records shall contain information required for completion of birth, death, and fetal death certificates.
- (7)(a) If the content of any record of patient treatment is provided under this section, the recipient, if other than the patient or the patient's representative, may use such information only for the purpose provided and may not further disclose any information to any other person or entity, unless expressly permitted by the written consent of the patient. A general authorization for the release of medical information is not sufficient for this purpose. Except 31 | for those records of adverse medical incidents which must be

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released under s. 25, Art. X of the State Constitution and s. 395.3016, the content of such patient treatment record is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) 3 and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. 4

- (b) Absent a specific written release or authorization permitting utilization of patient information for solicitation or marketing the sale of goods or services, any use of that information for those purposes is prohibited.
- (8) Patient records at hospitals and ambulatory surgical centers are exempt from disclosure under s. 119.07(1), except as provided by subsections (1) - (7) and s. $395.3016 \frac{(1)-(5)}{}$.
- (9) A licensed facility may prescribe the content and custody of limited-access records which the facility may maintain on its employees. Such records shall be limited to information regarding evaluations of employee performance, including records forming the basis for evaluation and subsequent actions, and shall be open to inspection only by the employee and by officials of the facility who are responsible for the supervision of the employee. The custodian of limited-access employee records shall release information from such records to other employers or only upon authorization in writing from the employee or upon order of a court of competent jurisdiction. Any facility releasing such records pursuant to this part shall be considered to be acting in good faith and may not be held liable for information contained in such records, absent a showing that the facility maliciously falsified such records. Except for those records of adverse medical incidents which must be released under s. 25, Art. X of the State Constitution and s. 395.3016, such 31 | limited-access employee records are exempt from the provisions

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of s. 119.07(1) for a period of 5 years following from the date such records are designated limited-access records.

- (10) The home addresses, telephone numbers, and photographs of employees of any licensed facility who provide direct patient care or security services; the home addresses, telephone numbers, and places of employment of the spouses and children of such persons; and the names and locations of schools and day care facilities attended by the children of such persons are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. However, any state or federal agency that is authorized to have access to such information by any provision of law shall be granted such access in the furtherance of its statutory duties, notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection. The Department of Financial Services, or an agent, employee, or independent contractor of the department who is auditing for unclaimed property pursuant to chapter 717, shall be granted access to the name, address, and social security number of any employee owed unclaimed property.
- (11) The home addresses, telephone numbers, and photographs of employees of any licensed facility who have a reasonable belief, based upon specific circumstances that have been reported in accordance with the procedure adopted by the facility, that release of the information may be used to threaten, intimidate, harass, inflict violence upon, or defraud the employee or any member of the employee's family; the home addresses, telephone numbers, and places of employment of the spouses and children of such persons; and the names and locations of schools and day care facilities attended by the children of such persons are confidential and 31 exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State

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Constitution. However, any state or federal agency that is authorized to have access to such information by any provision of law shall be granted such access in the furtherance of its 3 statutory duties, notwithstanding the provisions of this 4 subsection. The licensed facility shall maintain the 5 confidentiality of the personal information only if the 6 employee submits a written request for confidentiality to the 7 8 licensed facility.

Section 5. Section 395.51, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

395.51 Confidentiality and quality assurance activities of trauma agencies .--

- (1) All information which is confidential by operation of law and which is obtained by a local or regional trauma agency or a panel or committee assembled by a local or regional trauma agency pursuant to s. 395.50, shall retain its confidential status and be exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
- (2) Except for a hospital's records of adverse medical incidents which must be released under s. 25, Art. X of the State Constitution and s. 395.3016, all information that which is confidential by operation of law and which is obtained by a hospital or emergency medical services provider from a local or regional trauma agency or a panel or committee assembled by a local or regional trauma agency pursuant to s. 395.50, shall retain its confidential status and is shall be exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
- (3) Portions of meetings, proceedings, reports, and records of a local or regional trauma agency, or a panel or 31 committee assembled by a local or regional trauma agency

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pursuant to this chapter, which relate solely to patient care quality assurance are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 286.011, and s. 24(b), Art. I of the State 3 Constitution and are confidential and exempt from the 4 provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State 5 Constitution, respectively. Patient care quality assurance, 6 for the purpose of this section, shall include consideration 7 of specific persons, cases, incidents relevant to the 8 performance of quality control, and system evaluation. 9 Section 6. Section 456.057, Florida Statutes, is 10 amended to read: 11

456.057 Ownership and control of patient records; report or copies of records to be furnished .--

- (1) As used in this section, the term "records owner" means any health care practitioner who generates a medical record after making a physical or mental examination of, or administering treatment or dispensing legend drugs to, any person; any health care practitioner to whom records are transferred by a previous records owner; or any health care practitioner's employer, including, but not limited to, group practices and staff-model health maintenance organizations, provided the employment contract or agreement between the employer and the health care practitioner designates the employer as the records owner.
- (2) As used in this section, the terms "records owner, " "health care practitioner, " and "health care practitioner's employer" do not include any of the following persons or entities; furthermore, the following persons or entities are not authorized to acquire or own medical records, but are authorized under the confidentiality and disclosure 31 | requirements of this section to maintain those documents

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1 required by the part or chapter under which they are licensed 2 or regulated:

- (a) Certified nursing assistants regulated under part II of chapter 464.
- 5 (b) Pharmacists and pharmacies licensed under chapter 6 465.
 - (c) Dental hygienists licensed under s. 466.023.
- 8 (d) Nursing home administrators licensed under part II 9 of chapter 468.
- 10 (e) Respiratory therapists regulated under part V of chapter 468.
- 12 (f) Athletic trainers licensed under part XIII of 13 chapter 468.
 - (g) Electrologists licensed under chapter 478.
- 15 (h) Clinical laboratory personnel licensed under part 16 III of chapter 483.
- 17 (i) Medical physicists licensed under part IV of thapter 483.
- (j) Opticians and optical establishments licensed or
 permitted under part I of chapter 484.
- 21 (k) Persons or entities practicing under s.
 22 627.736(7).
 - (3) This section does not apply to facilities licensed under chapter 395.
- 25 (4) Any health care practitioner licensed by the
 26 department or a board within the department who makes a
 27 physical or mental examination of, or administers treatment or
 28 dispenses legend drugs to, any person shall, upon request of
 29 such person or the person's legal representative, furnish, in
 30 a timely manner, without delays for legal review, copies of
 31 all reports and records relating to such examination or

fee for services rendered.

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- treatment, including X rays and insurance information. However, when a patient's psychiatric, chapter 490 2. psychological, or chapter 491 psychotherapeutic records are 3 requested by the patient or the patient's legal 4 representative, the health care practitioner may provide a 5 report of examination and treatment in lieu of copies of 6 records. Upon a patient's written request, complete copies of 7 the patient's psychiatric records shall be provided directly 8 to a subsequent treating psychiatrist. The furnishing of such 9 report or copies shall not be conditioned upon payment of a 10
 - (5)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section and in s. 440.13(4)(c), such records may not be furnished to, and the medical condition of a patient may not be discussed with, any person other than the patient or the patient's legal representative or other health care practitioners and providers involved in the care or treatment of the patient, except upon written authorization of the patient. However, such records may be furnished without written authorization under the following circumstances:
 - 1. To any person, firm, or corporation that has procured or furnished such examination or treatment with the patient's consent.
 - 2. When compulsory physical examination is made pursuant to Rule 1.360, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, in which case copies of the medical records shall be furnished to both the defendant and the plaintiff.
- 3. In any civil or criminal action, unless otherwise prohibited by law, upon the issuance of a subpoena from a court of competent jurisdiction and proper notice to the 31 | patient or the patient's legal representative by the party

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seeking such records.

- 4. For statistical and scientific research, provided the information is abstracted in such a way as to protect the identity of the patient or provided written permission is received from the patient or the patient's legal representative.
- 5. When a patient requests those records of adverse medical incidents which must be released under s. 25, Art. X of the State Constitution and s. 458.352, s. 459.027, or s. 461.019.
- (b) Absent a specific written release or authorization permitting utilization of patient information for solicitation or marketing the sale of goods or services, any use of that information for those purposes is prohibited.
- (6) Except in a medical negligence action or administrative proceeding when a health care practitioner or provider is or reasonably expects to be named as a defendant and except for those records of adverse medical incidents which must be released under s. 25, Art. X of the State Constitution and s. 458.352, s. 459.027, or s. 461.019, information disclosed to a health care practitioner by a patient in the course of the care and treatment of such patient is confidential and may be disclosed only to other health care practitioners and providers involved in the care or treatment of the patient, or if permitted by written authorization from the patient or compelled by subpoena at a deposition, evidentiary hearing, or trial for which proper notice has been given.
- (7)(a)1. The department may obtain patient records pursuant to a subpoena without written authorization from the 31 patient if the department and the probable cause panel of the

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appropriate board, if any, find reasonable cause to believe that a health care practitioner has excessively or inappropriately prescribed any controlled substance specified 3 in chapter 893 in violation of this chapter or any 4 professional practice act or that a health care practitioner 5 has practiced his or her profession below that level of care, 6 skill, and treatment required as defined by this chapter or 7 8 any professional practice act and also find that appropriate, reasonable attempts were made to obtain a patient release. 9

- 2. The department may obtain patient records and insurance information pursuant to a subpoena without written authorization from the patient if the department and the probable cause panel of the appropriate board, if any, find reasonable cause to believe that a health care practitioner has provided inadequate medical care based on termination of insurance and also find that appropriate, reasonable attempts were made to obtain a patient release.
- 3. The department may obtain patient records, billing records, insurance information, provider contracts, and all attachments thereto pursuant to a subpoena without written authorization from the patient if the department and probable cause panel of the appropriate board, if any, find reasonable cause to believe that a health care practitioner has submitted a claim, statement, or bill using a billing code that would result in payment greater in amount than would be paid using a billing code that accurately describes the services performed, requested payment for services that were not performed by that health care practitioner, used information derived from a written report of an automobile accident generated pursuant to chapter 316 to solicit or obtain patients personally or 31 through an agent regardless of whether the information is

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derived directly from the report or a summary of that report or from another person, solicited patients fraudulently, received a kickback as defined in s. 456.054, violated the 3 patient brokering provisions of s. 817.505, or presented or 4 caused to be presented a false or fraudulent insurance claim 5 within the meaning of s. 817.234(1)(a), and also find that, within the meaning of s. 817.234(1)(a), patient authorization cannot be obtained because the patient cannot be located or is deceased, incapacitated, or suspected of being a participant 9 in the fraud or scheme, and if the subpoena is issued for 10 specific and relevant records. 11

- 4. Notwithstanding subparagraphs 1.-3., when the department investigates a professional liability claim or undertakes action pursuant to s. 456.049 or s. 627.912, the department may obtain patient records pursuant to a subpoena without written authorization from the patient if the patient refuses to cooperate or if the department attempts to obtain a patient release and the failure to obtain the patient records would be detrimental to the investigation.
- (b) Patient records, billing records, insurance information, provider contracts, and all attachments thereto obtained by the department pursuant to this subsection shall be used solely for the purpose of the department and the appropriate regulatory board in disciplinary proceedings. This section does not limit the assertion of the psychotherapist-patient privilege under s. 90.503 in regard to records of treatment for mental or nervous disorders by a medical practitioner licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459 who has primarily diagnosed and treated mental and nervous disorders for a period of not less than 3 years, 31 | inclusive of psychiatric residency. However, the health care

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practitioner shall release records of treatment for medical conditions even if the health care practitioner has also treated the patient for mental or nervous disorders. If the department has found reasonable cause under this section and the psychotherapist-patient privilege is asserted, the department may petition the circuit court for an in camera review of the records by expert medical practitioners appointed by the court to determine if the records or any part thereof are protected under the psychotherapist-patient privilege.

- (8) (a) All patient records obtained by the department and any other documents maintained by the department which identify the patient by name are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and shall be used solely for the purpose of the department and the appropriate regulatory board in its investigation, prosecution, and appeal of disciplinary proceedings. The records shall not be available to the public as part of the record of investigation for and prosecution in disciplinary proceedings made available to the public by the department or the appropriate board.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), all patient records obtained by the department and any other documents maintained by the department which relate to a current or former Medicaid recipient shall be provided to the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit in the Department of Legal Affairs, upon request.
- (9) All records owners shall develop and implement policies, standards, and procedures to protect the confidentiality and security of the medical record. Employees of records owners shall be trained in these policies, standards, and procedures.
- (10) Records owners are responsible for maintaining a \$36\$ 3:29 PM 03/25/05 s0938p-he00-c3y

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record of all disclosures of information contained in the medical record to a third party, including the purpose of the disclosure request. The record of disclosure may be 3 maintained in the medical record. The third party to whom 4 information is disclosed is prohibited from further disclosing 5 any information in the medical record without the expressed 6 written consent of the patient or the patient's legal 7 8 representative.

- (11) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 456.058, records owners shall place an advertisement in the local newspaper or notify patients, in writing, when they are terminating practice, retiring, or relocating, and no longer available to patients, and offer patients the opportunity to obtain a copy of their medical record.
- (12) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 456.058, records owners shall notify the appropriate board office when they are terminating practice, retiring, or relocating, and no longer available to patients, specifying who the new records owner is and where medical records can be found.
- (13) Whenever a records owner has turned records over to a new records owner, the new records owner shall be responsible for providing a copy of the complete medical record, upon written request, of the patient or the patient's legal representative.
- (14) Licensees in violation of the provisions of this section shall be disciplined by the appropriate licensing authority.
- (15) The Attorney General is authorized to enforce the provisions of this section for records owners not otherwise licensed by the state, through injunctive relief and fines not 31 to exceed \$5,000 per violation.

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- (16) A health care practitioner or records owner furnishing copies of reports or records or making the reports or records available for digital scanning pursuant to this section shall charge no more than the actual cost of copying, including reasonable staff time, or the amount specified in administrative rule by the appropriate board, or the department when there is no board.
- (17) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit health care practitioner consultations, as necessary.
- practitioner who, as an employee of the records owner, previously provided treatment to a patient, those records that the health care practitioner actually created or generated when the health care practitioner treated the patient.

 Records released pursuant to this subsection shall be released only upon written request of the health care practitioner and shall be limited to the notes, plans of care, and orders and summaries that were actually generated by the health care practitioner requesting the record.
- (19) The board, or department when there is no board, may temporarily or permanently appoint a person or entity as a custodian of medical records in the event of the death of a practitioner, the mental or physical incapacitation of the practitioner, or the abandonment of medical records by a practitioner. The custodian appointed shall comply with all provisions of this section, including the release of patient records.
- Section 7. Section 458.352, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 30 458.352 Patients' right to know about adverse medical
 31 incidents.--

1	(1) For purposes of implementing s. 25, Art. X of the								
2	State Constitution, a patient who has sought, is seeking, is								
3	undergoing, or has undergone care or treatment by a physician								
4	licensed under this chapter has a right to have access to any								
5	records made or received in the course of business by the								
6	physician relating to any adverse medical incident. In								
7	providing such access, the identity of any patient involved in								
8	an incident may not be disclosed, and the privacy restriction								
9	imposed by federal law must be maintained. This section								
10	applies only to records of an adverse medical incident that								
11	occurs on or after November 2, 2004.								
12	(2) As used in this section, the phrase "adverse								
13	medical incident" means medical negligence, intentional								
14	misconduct, and any other act, neglect, or default of a health								
15	care facility licensed under chapter 395 or health care								
16	provider as defined in s. 381.026 which caused or could have								
17	caused injury to or death of a patient, including, but not								
18	limited to, those incidents that are required by state or								
19	federal law to be reported to any governmental agency or body,								
20	and incidents that are reported to or reviewed by any health								
21	care facility peer review, risk management, quality assurance,								
22	credentials, or similar committee, or any representative of								
23	any such committees.								
24	(3) In addition to any other procedure for producing								
25	such records provided by general law, a physician must make								
26	the records available for inspection and copying upon formal								
27	or informal request by the patient or a representative of the								
28	patient, provided that current records which have been made								
29	publicly available by publication or on the Internet may be								
30	"provided" by reference to the location at which the records								
31	are publicly available. The records must be made available in 39								

1	a timely manner without delay for legal review. The records
2	must be made available at reasonable times of day and days of
3	the week within the physician's business hours. The charge for
4	copies of the records must be no more than the actual cost of
5	copying, including reasonable staff time, and the charges may
6	not exceed \$1 per page for the first 25 pages and 25 cents per
7	page for each page in excess of 25 pages. These charges apply
8	to all records furnished, whether directly from the physician
9	or from a copy service providing these services on behalf of
10	the physician.
11	(4) The board may levy a fine of up to \$500 for a
12	nonwillful violation and up to \$1,000 for a willful violation
13	against a physician who fails to provide access to the records
14	or to provide copies if requested.
15	(5) The board may levy a fine of up to \$500 for a
16	nonwillful violation and up to \$1,000 for a willful violation
17	against a physician who discloses the identity of a patient
18	involved in an incident in the provision of records.
19	Section 8. Section 459.027, Florida Statutes, is
20	created to read:
21	459.027 Patients' right to know about adverse medical
22	incidents
23	(1) For purposes of implementing s. 25, Art. X of the
24	State Constitution, a patient who has sought, is seeking, is
25	undergoing, or has undergone care or treatment by an
26	osteopathic physician licensed under this chapter has a right
27	to have access to any records made or received in the course
28	of business by the osteopathic physician relating to any
29	adverse medical incident. In providing such access, the
30	identity of any patient involved in an incident may not be
31	disclosed, and the privacy restrictions imposed by federal law

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must be maintained. This section applies only to records of an adverse medical incident that occurs on or after November 2, 3 2004. (2) As used in this section, the phrase "adverse 4 medical incident" means medical negligence, intentional 5 misconduct, and any other act, neglect, or default of a health 6 care facility licensed under chapter 395 or health care 7 provider as defined in s. 381.026 which caused or could have 8 caused injury to or death of a patient, including, but not 9 limited to, those incidents that are required by state or 10 federal law to be reported to any governmental agency or body, 11 12 and incidents that are reported to or reviewed by any health care facility peer review, risk management, quality assurance, 13 14 credentials, or similar committee, or any representative of any such committees. 15 16 (3) In addition to any other procedure for producing such records provided by general law, an osteopathic physician 17 must make the records available for inspection and copying 18 19 upon formal or informal request by the patient or a 20 representative of the patient, provided that current records 21 which have been made publicly available by publication or on the Internet may be "provided" by reference to the location at 22 which the records are publicly available. The records must be 23 made available in a timely manner without delay for legal 24 review. The records must be made available at reasonable times 25 26 of day and days of the week within the physician's business hours. The charge for copies of the records must be no more 27 2.8 than the actual cost of copying, including reasonable staff time, and the charges may not exceed \$1 per page for the first 29 30 25 pages and 25 cents per page for each page in excess of 25 31 | pages. These charges apply to all records furnished, whether

1	directly from the physician or from a copy service providing
2	these services on behalf of the physician.
3	(4) The board may levy a fine of up to \$500 for a
4	nonwillful violation and up to \$1,000 for a willful violation
5	against an osteopathic physician who fails to provide access
6	to the records or to provide copies if requested.
7	(5) The board may levy a fine of up to \$500 for a
8	nonwillful violation and up to \$1,000 for a willful violation
9	against an osteopathic physician who discloses the identity of
10	a patient involved in an incident in the provision of records.
11	Section 9. Section 461.019, Florida Statutes, is
12	created to read:
13	461.019 Patients' right to know about adverse medical
14	incidents
15	(1) For purposes of implementing s. 25, Art. X of the
16	State Constitution, a patient who has sought, is seeking, is
17	undergoing, or has undergone care or treatment by a podiatric
18	physician licensed under this chapter has a right to have
19	access to any records made or received in the course of
20	business by the podiatric physician relating to any adverse
21	medical incident. In providing such access, the identity of
22	any patient involved in an incident may not be disclosed, and
23	the privacy restrictions imposed by federal law must be
24	maintained. This section applies only to records of an adverse
25	medical incident that occurs on or after November 2, 2004.
26	(2) As used in this section, the phrase "adverse
27	medical incident" means medical negligence, intentional
28	misconduct, and any other act, neglect, or default of a health
29	care facility licensed under chapter 395 or health care
30	provider as defined in s. 381.026 which caused or could have
31	caused injury to or death of a patient, including, but not

1	limited to, those incidents that are required by state or
2	federal law to be reported to any governmental agency or body,
3	and incidents that are reported to or reviewed by any health
4	care facility peer review, risk management, quality assurance,
5	credentials, or similar committee, or any representative of
6	any such committees.
7	(3) In addition to any other procedure for producing
8	such records provided by general law, a podiatric physician
9	must make the records available for inspection and copying
10	upon formal or informal request by the patient or a
11	representative of the patient, provided that current records
12	which have been made publicly available by publication or on
13	the Internet may be "provided" by reference to the location at
14	which the records are publicly available. The records must be
15	made available in a timely manner without delay for legal
16	review. The records must be made available at reasonable times
17	of day and days of the week within the physician's business
18	hours. The charge for copies of the records must be no more
19	than the actual cost of copying, including reasonable staff
20	time, and the charges may not exceed \$1 per page for the first
21	25 pages and 25 cents per page for each page in excess of 25
22	pages. These charges apply to all records furnished, whether
23	directly from the physician or from a copy service providing
24	these services on behalf of the physician.
25	(4) The board may levy a fine of up to \$500 for a
26	nonwillful violation and up to \$1,000 for a willful violation
27	against a podiatric physician who fails to provide access to
28	the records or to provide copies if requested.
29	(5) The board may levy a fine of up to \$500 for a
30	nonwillful violation and up to \$1,000 for a willful violation
31	against a podiatric physician who discloses the identity of a

1	<u>patient</u>	<u>involve</u>	ed in	an i	ncide	ent in	the p	provisio	on of	records.	
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