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CHAMBER ACTION

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11	The Committee on Judiciary (Campbell) recommended the
12	following amendment:
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14	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
15	Delete everything after the enacting clause
16	
17	and insert:
18	Section 1. Section 817.568, Florida Statutes, is
19	amended to read:
20	817.568 Criminal use of personal identification
21	information
22	(1) As used in this section, the term:
23	(a) "Access device" means any card, plate, code,
24	account number, electronic serial number, mobile
25	identification number, personal identification number, or
26	other telecommunications service, equipment, or instrument
27	identifier, or other means of account access that can be used,
28	alone or in conjunction with another access device, to obtain
29	money, goods, services, or any other thing of value, or that
30	can be used to initiate a transfer of funds, other than a
31	transfer originated solely by paper instrument.

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- "Authorization" means empowerment, permission, or competence to act.
- (c) "Harass" means to engage in conduct directed at a specific person that is intended to cause substantial emotional distress to such person and serves no legitimate purpose. "Harass" does not mean to use personal identification information for accepted commercial purposes. The term does not include constitutionally protected conduct such as organized protests or the use of personal identification information for accepted commercial purposes.
- (d) "Individual" means a single human being and does not mean a firm, association of individuals, corporation, partnership, joint venture, sole proprietorship, or any other entity.
- (e) "Person" means a "person" as defined in s. 1.01(3). The term includes a subsidiary company of a business entity doing business in this state which has contracts with foreign countries and a contractor or subcontractor of the business entity, but does not include an electric utility or a public utility regulated under chapter 366 or the employees, agents, or contractors of an electric utility or a public utility.
- (f) "Personal identification information" means any name or number that may be used, alone or in conjunction with any other information, to identify a specific individual, including any:
- 1. Name, postal or electronic mail address, telephone number, social security number, date of birth, mother's maiden name, official state-issued or United States-issued driver's license or identification number, alien registration number, 31 government passport number, employer or taxpayer

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identification number, Medicaid or food stamp account number, or bank account number, or credit or debit card number, or 2 personal identification number or code assigned to the holder 3 of a debit card by the issuer to permit authorized electronic use of such card; 5 6 2. Unique biometric data, such as fingerprint, voice 7 print, retina or iris image, or other unique physical representation; 8 9 3. Unique electronic identification number, address, 10 or routing code; or 11 4. Medical records; 5.4. Telecommunication identifying information or 12 13 access device; or-6. Other number or information that can be used to 14 15 access a person's financial resources. 16 (g) "Counterfeit or fictitious personal identification information" means any counterfeit, fictitious, or fabricated 17 information in the similitude of the data outlined in 18 19 paragraph (f) that, although not truthful or accurate, would <u>in context lead a reasonably prudent person to credit its</u> 20 21 truthfulness and accuracy. 22 (2)(a) Any person who willfully and without authorization fraudulently uses, or possesses with intent to 23 24 fraudulently use, personal identification information concerning an individual without first obtaining that 25 individual's consent, commits the offense of fraudulent use of 26 personal identification information, which is a felony of the 27 third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 28 29 775.083, or s. 775.084. (b) Any person who willfully and without authorization 30

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concerning an individual without first obtaining that individual's consent commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 3 775.084, if the pecuniary benefit, the value of the services received, the payment sought to be avoided, or the amount of 5 the injury or fraud perpetrated is \$5,000 or more or if the 7 person fraudulently uses the personal identification information of 10 or more individuals, but fewer than 20 8 individuals, without their consent. Notwithstanding any other 10 provision of law, the court shall sentence any person 11 convicted of committing the offense described in this paragraph to a mandatory minimum sentence of 3 years' 12 13 imprisonment. (c) Any person who willfully and without authorization 14 15 fraudulently uses personal identification information 16 concerning an individual without first obtaining that individual's consent commits a felony of the first degree, 17 punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 18 19 775.084, if the pecuniary benefit, the value of the services received, the payment sought to be avoided, or the amount of 20 21 the injury or fraud perpetrated is \$50,000 or more or if the 22 person fraudulently uses the personal identification information of 20 or more individuals, but fewer than 30 23 24 individuals, without their consent. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the court shall sentence any person 25 convicted of committing the offense described in this 26 27 paragraph: 28 1. to a mandatory minimum sentence of 5 years' 29 imprisonment. If the pecuniary benefit, the value of the services received, the payment sought to be avoided, or the 30 amount of the injury or fraud perpetrated is \$100,000 or more,

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or if the person fraudulently uses the personal identification information of 30 or more individuals without their consent, notwithstanding any other law, the court shall sentence any person convicted of committing the offense described in this paragraph

2. to a mandatory minimum sentence of 10 years' imprisonment, if the pecuniary benefit, the value of the services received, the payment sought to be avoided, or the amount of the injury or fraud perpetrated is \$100,000 or more or if the person fraudulently uses the personal identification information of 30 or more individuals without their consent.

- (3) Neither paragraph (2)(b) nor paragraph (2)(c) prevents a court from imposing a greater sentence of incarceration as authorized by law. If the minimum mandatory terms of imprisonment imposed under paragraph (2)(b) or paragraph (2)(c) exceed the maximum sentences authorized under s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921, the mandatory minimum sentence must be imposed. If the mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment under paragraph (2)(b) or paragraph (2)(c) are less than the sentence that could be imposed under s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921, the sentence imposed by the court must include the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment as required by paragraph (2)(b) or paragraph (2)(c).
- (4) A Any person who willfully and without authorization possesses, uses, or attempts to use personal identification information concerning an individual without first obtaining that individual's consent, and who does so for the purpose of harassing that individual, commits the offense of harassment by use of personal identification information, which is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as

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provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

- (5) If an offense prohibited under this section was facilitated or furthered by the use of a public record, as defined in s. 119.011, the offense is reclassified to the next higher degree as follows:
- (a) A misdemeanor of the first degree is reclassified as a felony of the third degree.
- (b) A felony of the third degree is reclassified as a felony of the second degree.
- (c) A felony of the second degree is reclassified as a felony of the first degree.

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- For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and incentive gain-time eligibility under chapter 944, a felony offense that is reclassified under this subsection is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 of the felony offense committed, and a misdemeanor offense that is reclassified under this subsection is ranked in level 2 of the offense severity ranking chart in s. 921.0022.
- (6) \underline{A} Any person who willfully and without authorization fraudulently uses personal identification information concerning an individual who is less than 18 years of age without first obtaining the consent of that individual or of his or her legal guardian commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (7) \underline{A} Any person who is in the relationship of parent or legal guardian, or who otherwise exercises custodial authority over an individual who is less than 18 years of age, who willfully and fraudulently uses personal identification 31 information of that individual commits a felony of the second

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degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 2 (8)(a) A person who willfully and fraudulently uses, 3 or possesses with intent to fraudulently use, personal 4 identification information concerning a deceased individual 5 6 commits the offense of fraudulent use or possession with 7 intent to use personal identification information of a deceased individual, a felony of the third degree, punishable 8 as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 10 (b) A person who willfully and fraudulently uses 11 personal identification information concerning a deceased individual commits a felony of the second degree, punishable 12 13 as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if the pecuniary benefit, the value of the services received, the 14 15 payment sought to be avoided, or the amount of injury or fraud perpetrated is \$5,000 or more, or if the person fraudulently 16 uses the personal identification information of 10 or more but 17 fewer than 20 deceased individuals. Notwithstanding any other 18 law, the court shall sentence any person convicted of 19 committing the offense described in this paragraph to a 20 mandatory minimum sentence of 3 years' imprisonment. 21 22 (c) A person who willfully and fraudulently uses personal identification information concerning a deceased 23 24 individual commits the offense of aggravated fraudulent use of the personal identification information of multiple deceased 2.5 individuals, a felony of the first degree, punishable as 26 provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if the 27 pecuniary benefit, the value of the services received, the 28 29 payment sought to be avoided, or the amount of injury or fraud perpetrated is \$50,000 or more, or if the person fraudulently 30 31 uses the personal identification information of 20 or more but

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fewer than 30 deceased individuals. Notwithstanding any other law, the court shall sentence a person convicted of the 2 offense described in this paragraph to a minimum mandatory 3 4 sentence of 5 years' imprisonment. If the pecuniary benefit, the value of the services received, the payment sought to be 5 avoided, or the amount of the injury or fraud perpetrated is 7 \$100,000 or more, or if the person fraudulently uses the personal identification information of 30 or more deceased 8 individuals, notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 10 court shall sentence a person convicted of an offense 11 described in this paragraph to a mandatory minimum sentence of 10 years' imprisonment. 12 (9) A person who willfully and fraudulently creates or 13 14 uses, or possesses with intent to fraudulently use, 15 counterfeit or fictitious personal identification information concerning a fictitious individual, or concerning a real 16 individual without first obtaining that real individual's 17 18 consent, with intent to use the counterfeit or fictitious personal identification information for the purpose of 19 20 committing or facilitating the commission of a fraud on another person, commits the offense of fraudulent creation or 21 22 use, or possession with intent to fraudulently use, counterfeit or fictitious personal identification information, 23 2.4 a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 25 (10) A person who commits an offense described in this 26 section and for the purpose of obtaining or using personal 27 identification information misrepresents himself or herself to 28 29 be a law enforcement officer; an employee or representative of a bank, credit card company, credit counseling company, or 30 credit reporting agency; or a person who wrongfully represents

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that he or she is seeking to assist the victim with a problem with the victim's credit history shall have the offense 2 reclassified as follows: 3 4 (a) In the case of a misdemeanor, the offense is reclassified as a felony of the third degree. 5 6 (b) In the case of a felony of the third degree, the 7 offense is reclassified as a felony of the second degree. (c) In the case of a felony of the second degree, the 8 offense is reclassified as a felony of the first degree. 9 (d) In the case of a felony of the first degree or a 10 11 felony of the first degree punishable by a term of imprisonment not exceeding life, the offense is reclassified 12 13 as a life felony. 14 15 For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921, a felony offense 16 that is reclassified under this subsection is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the 17 felony offense committed, and a misdemeanor offense that is 18 reclassified under this subsection is ranked in level 2 of the 19 offense severity ranking chart. 20 21 (11) The prosecutor may move the sentencing court to 22 reduce or suspend the sentence of a person who is convicted of a violation of this section and who provides substantial 23 24 assistance in the identification, arrest, or conviction of any of that person's accomplices, accessories, coconspirators, or 2.5 principals or of any other person engaged in fraudulent 26 27 possession or use of personal identification information. The arresting agency shall be given an opportunity to be heard in 28 29 aggravation or mitigation in reference to any such motion. 30 Upon good cause shown, the motion may be filed and heard in camera. The judge hearing the motion may reduce or suspend the

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sentence if the judge finds that the defendant rendered such substantial assistance.

(12)(8) This section does not prohibit any lawfully authorized investigative, protective, or intelligence activity of a law enforcement agency of this state or any of its political subdivisions, of any other state or its political subdivisions, or of the Federal Government or its political subdivisions.

 $(13)\frac{(9)}{(a)}$ In sentencing a defendant convicted of an offense under this section, the court may order that the defendant make restitution under pursuant to s. 775.089 to any victim of the offense. In addition to the victim's out-of-pocket costs, such restitution may include payment of any other costs, including attorney's fees incurred by the victim in clearing the victim's credit history or credit rating, or any costs incurred in connection with any civil or administrative proceeding to satisfy any debt, lien, or other obligation of the victim arising as the result of the actions of the defendant.

(b) The sentencing court may issue such orders as are necessary to correct any public record that contains false information given in violation of this section.

(14)(10) Prosecutions for violations of this section may be brought on behalf of the state by any state attorney or by the statewide prosecutor.

(15) (11) The Legislature finds that, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, the location where a victim gives or fails to give consent to the use of personal identification information is the county where the victim generally resides.

(16)(12) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, 31 venue for the prosecution and trial of violations of this

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section may be commenced and maintained in any county in which an element of the offense occurred, including the county where the victim generally resides.

(17)(13) A prosecution of an offense prohibited under subsection (2), subsection (6), or subsection (7) must be commenced within 3 years after the offense occurred. However, a prosecution may be commenced within 1 year after discovery of the offense by an aggrieved party, or by a person who has a legal duty to represent the aggrieved party and who is not a party to the offense, if such prosecution is commenced within 5 years after the violation occurred.

Section 2. Section 817.5681, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

817.5681 Breach of security concerning confidential personal information in third-party possession; penalties.--

and maintains computerized data in a system that includes personal information shall disclose any breach of the security of the system, following discovery or notification of the breach in the security of the data, to each resident of this state whose unencrypted personal information was, or is reasonably believed to have been, acquired by an unauthorized person. The disclosure must be made most expeditiously and without unreasonable delay, consistent with the legitimate needs of law enforcement, as provided in subsection (3) and paragraph (7)(a), or any measures necessary to determine the scope of the breach and restore the reasonable integrity of the data system. Disclosure of the breach may only be delayed indefinitely following its discovery under subsection (3).

1	(b) A person required to make disclosures under
2	paragraph (a) who fails to do so within the time periods
3	provided in this subsection is liable for an administrative
4	fine in the amount of \$1,000 for each day the breach goes
5	undisclosed for up to 30 days.
6	(c) Except as required for investigations under
7	subsection (3), a person required to make disclosures under
8	paragraph (a) who fails to do so is subject to an
9	administrative fine of up to \$50,000 for each 30-day period or
10	portion thereof up to 180 days unless acting under a court
11	order. If the disclosure is not made within 180 days, a person
12	required to make disclosures under paragraph (a) who fails to
13	do so is subject to an administrative fine of up to \$500,000.
14	(d) The disclosure required under this subsection must
15	be made by each person in the state in possession of
16	computerized data. However, the administrative sanctions for
17	nondisclosure provided in this subsection do not apply in the
18	case of computerized information in the custody of any
19	governmental agency or political subdivision, unless that
20	governmental agency or political subdivision has entered into
21	a contract with a contractor or third-party administrator to
22	provide governmental services. In this case, the contractor or
23	third-party administrator is a person to whom the
24	administrative sanctions provided in this subsection apply;
25	however, the contractor or third-party administrator found in
26	violation of the nondisclosure restrictions in this section
27	may not bring an action for contribution or set-off available
28	against the employing agency or subdivision.
29	(2)(a) A person who maintains computerized data that
30	includes personal information on behalf of another business
31	entity shall notify the business entity for which the
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information is maintained of any breach of the security of the data within 72 hours after the discovery of the breach, if the 2 personal information was, or is reasonably believed to have 3 been, acquired by an unauthorized person. 4 5 (b) A person required to make disclosures under 6 paragraph (a) who fails to do so within the time periods 7 provided in this subsection is liable for an administrative fine in the amount of \$1,000 for each day the breach goes 8 undisclosed for up to 30 days. 9 (c) Except as required for investigations under 10 11 subsection (3), any person required to make disclosures under paragraph (a) who fails to do so is subject to an 12 13 administrative fine of up to \$50,000 for each 30-day period or portion thereof up to 180 days unless acting under court 14 15 order. If the disclosure is not made within 180 days, a person required to make disclosures under paragraph (a) who fails to 16 do so is subject to an administrative fine of up to \$500,000. 17 18 (d) The disclosure required under this subsection must 19 be made by each person in the state in possession of 20 computerized data. However, the administrative sanctions for 21 nondisclosure provided in this subsection do not apply in the 22 case of computerized information in the custody of any 23 governmental agency or political subdivision unless that 2.4 governmental agency or political subdivision has entered into a contract with a contractor or third-party administrator to 25 provide governmental services. In such case, the contractor or 26 27 third-party administrator is a person to whom the administrative sanctions provided in this subsection would 28 29 apply, provided the contractor or third-party administrator found in violation of the nondisclosure restrictions in this 30 subsection may not bring an action for contribution or set-off

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1	available against the employing agency or subdivision.
2	(3) The notification required by this section may be
3	delayed if a law enforcement agency determines that the
4	notification will impede a criminal investigation. The
5	notification required by this section shall be made after the
6	law enforcement agency determines that the notification will
7	not compromise the investigation. The delay in notification
8	allowed under this subsection shall not exceed 90 days unless
9	ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction.
10	(4) For purposes of this section, the term:
11	(a) "Breach of the security of the system" means
12	unauthorized acquisition of computerized data that materially
13	compromises the security, confidentiality, or integrity of
14	personal information maintained by the person. Good faith
15	acquisition of personal information by an employee or agent of
16	a person for the purposes of the person is not a breach of the
17	security of the system, provided the information is not used
18	for a purpose unrelated to the business or subject to further
19	unauthorized disclosure.
20	(b) "Personal information" means an individual's first
21	name or first initial and last name in combination with any
22	one or more of the following data elements, when the data
23	elements are not encrypted:
24	1. Social security number.
25	2. Driver's license number or Florida identification
26	card number.
27	3. Account number or credit or debit card number, in
28	combination with any required security code, access code, or
29	password that would permit access to an individual's financial
30	account.
31	(c) "Unauthorized person" means a person who is not

1	the person to whom the personal information belongs and who
2	does not have permission from or a password issued by the
3	person who stores the computerized data to acquire the data.
4	(5) For purposes of this section, notice may be
5	provided by one of the following methods:
6	(a) Written notice;
7	(b) Electronic notice, if the notice provided is
8	consistent with the provisions regarding electronic records
9	and signatures set forth in 15 U.S.C. s. 7001; or
10	(c) Substitute notice, if the person demonstrates that
11	the cost of providing notice would exceed \$250,000, the
12	affected class of subject persons to be notified exceeds
13	500,000, or the person does not have sufficient contact
14	information. Substitute notice shall consist of all of the
15	following:
16	1. Electronic mail notice when the person has an
17	electronic mail address for the subject person.
18	2. Conspicuous posting of the notice on the person's
19	website, if the person maintains a website.
20	3. Notification to major statewide media.
21	(6) Notwithstanding subsection (5), a person who
22	maintains his or her own notification procedures as part of an
23	information security or privacy policy for the treatment of
24	personal information and which procedures are otherwise
25	consistent with the timing requirements of this part is deemed
26	to be in compliance with the notification requirements of this
27	section if the person notifies subject persons in accordance
28	with its procedures in the event of a breach of security of
29	the system.
30	(7)(a) Notwithstanding subsection (2), notification is
31	not required if, after an appropriate investigation and after 15

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consultation with relevant federal, state, and local agencies responsible for law enforcement, the person reasonably 2 determines that the breach has not and will not likely result 3 4 in harm to the individuals whose personal information has been acquired and accessed. Such a determination must be documented 5 6 in writing and the documentation must be maintained for 5 7 years. (b) A person required to document a failure to notify 8 affected persons who fails to document the failure as required 9 in this subsection or who, if documentation was created, fails 10 11 to maintain the documentation for the full 5 years as required in this subsection is liable for an administrative fine in the 12 13 amount of up to \$50,000 for such failure. (c) The documentation and maintenance of documentation 14 15 required under this subsection must be made by each person in 16 the state in possession of computerized data. However, the administrative sanctions outlined in this subsection do not 17 apply in the case of computerized information in the custody 18 19 of any governmental agency or political subdivision, unless 20 that governmental agency or political subdivision has entered 21 into a contract with a contractor or third-party administrator 22 to provide governmental services. In such case, the contractor or third-party administrator is a person to whom the 23 2.4 administrative sanctions outlined in this subsection apply, provided the contractor or third-party administrator found in 25 violation of the documentation and maintenance of 26 27 documentation requirements in this subsection may not bring an action for contribution or set-off available against the 28 29 employing agency or subdivision. 30 (8)(a) An individual whose property or person is injured by a violation of this section may:

1	1. Institute a civil action to enjoin and restrain
2	future acts that constitute a violation of this section and to
3	recover for financial loss. Financial loss under this section
4	includes actual losses, lost wages, attorney's fees, and other
5	costs incurred by the individual in correcting his or her
6	credit history or credit rating or incurred in connection with
7	any criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding brought
8	against the individual resulting from a breech of security
9	incident.
10	2. Bring a civil action for damages in an amount of up
11	to \$5,000 for each breech of security, or three times the
12	amount of actual damages, whichever amount is greater. The
13	court, in an action brought under this subsection, may award
14	reasonable attorney's fees to the prevailing party.
15	(b) The venue for a civil action brought under this
16	subsection shall be the county in which the plaintiff resides
17	or any county in which any part of the alleged violation of
18	this section took place, regardless of whether the defendant
19	was ever actually present in that county. A civil action filed
20	under this subsection must be brought within 5 years after the
21	violation occurred.
22	(c) A civil action may be filed under this subsection
23	regardless of whether a criminal prosecution has been or will
24	be instituted for the acts that are the subject of the civil
25	action. The rights and remedies provided by this subsection
26	are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by
27	law.
28	(9) A person who willfully and without authorization
29	violates this section commits a misdemeanor of the third
30	degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

1	proceedings to assess and collect the fines provided in this
2	section.
3	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2005.
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6	======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========
7	And the title is amended as follows:
8	Delete everything before the enacting clause
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10	and insert:
11	A bill to be entitled
12	An act relating to unlawful use of personal
13	identification information; amending s.
14	817.568, F.S.; redefining the terms "person"
15	and "personal identification information" and
16	defining the term "counterfeit or fictitious
17	personal identification information"; revising
18	criminal penalties relating to the offense of
19	fraudulently using, or possessing with intent
20	to fraudulently use, personal identification
21	information; providing minimum mandatory terms
22	of imprisonment; creating the offenses of
23	willfully and fraudulently using, or possessing
24	with intent to fraudulently use, personal
25	identification information concerning a
26	deceased individual; providing criminal
27	penalties; providing for minimum mandatory
28	terms of imprisonment; creating the offense of
29	willfully and fraudulently creating or using,
30	or possessing with intent to fraudulently use,
31	counterfeit or fictitious personal 18
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identification information; providing criminal penalties; providing for reclassification of offenses under certain circumstances; providing for reduction or suspension of sentences under certain circumstances; creating s. 817.5681, F.S.; requiring business persons maintaining computerized data that includes personal information to disclose breaches of system security under certain circumstances; providing requirements; providing for administrative fines; providing exceptions and limitations; authorizing delays of such disclosures under certain circumstances; providing definitions; providing for alternative notice methods; specifying conditions of compliance for persons maintaining certain alternative notification procedures; specifying conditions under which notification is not required; providing requirements for documentation and maintenance of documentation; providing an administrative fine for failing to document certain failures to comply; providing for application of administrative sanctions to certain persons under certain circumstances; providing that an individual whose property or person is injured may institute a civil action for injunctive relief, civil damages, and financial loss; providing for attorney's fees; providing that a civil action may be filed regardless of whether a criminal prosecution has been or will be instituted and that the rights and remedies are

1	in addition to any other rights and remedies
2	provided by law; providing that a violation of
3	the breech of security provisions is a
4	misdemeanor of the third degree; providing
5	criminal penalties; authorizing the Department
6	of Legal Affairs to institute proceedings to
7	assess and collect fines; providing an
8	effective date.
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