## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF ANALYSIS

HB 995 BILL #: Theft

SPONSOR(S): Cretul

TIED BILLS: IDEN./SIM. BILLS: SB 1100

REFERENCE	ACTION	ANALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR
1) Criminal Justice Committee		Kramer	Kramer
2) Justice Appropriations Committee			
3) Justice Council			
4)			
5)			

### **SUMMARY ANALYSIS**

HB 995 amends the theft statute to make the theft of property which has been deployed by a law enforcement officer a first degree felony. As written, this bill would treat the theft of a piece of property of any value that has been deployed by a law enforcement officer in the same manner as the theft of other property valued at \$100,000 or more. The bill ranks this offense in level 7 of the offense severity ranking chart of the Criminal Punishment Code. The lowest permissible sentence for the offense (for a person who has no prior record and has committed no additional offenses) will be 21 months in prison. The maximum sentence will be thirty years in prison.

The bill also makes it a second degree felony to alter the "fifth wheel" on a heavy commercial motor vehicle with the intent to use the fifth wheel to commit or attempt to commit a theft.

This document does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill sponsor or House of Representatives. STORAGE NAME: h0995.CRJU.doc 3/9/2005

DATE:

### **FULL ANALYSIS**

### I. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS

#### A. HOUSE PRINCIPLES ANALYSIS:

Provide limited government: The bill will increase the lowest permissible sentence that can be imposed for the theft of property that is deployed by a law enforcement officer.

Promote personal responsibility: The bill increases the sanction for potentially injurious behavior.

## B. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

*Theft*: Section 812.014, F.S. provides that a person commits theft if he or she knowingly obtains or uses, or endeavors to obtain or to use, the property of another with intent to, either temporarily or permanently:

- Deprive the other person of a right to the property or a benefit from the property or
- Appropriate the property to his or her own use or to the use of any person not entitled to the use
  of the property.

If the property stolen is valued at \$100,000 or more, or is cargo valued at \$50,000 or more, the offense is a first degree felony, punishable by up to thirty years in prison.

The bill amends the theft statute to make theft of property which was deployed by a law enforcement officer a first degree felony. Theft of property deployed by a law enforcement officer will be treated in the same manner as property valued at \$100,000 or more. Under current law, the severity of the offense would depend on the value of the property – this bill would treat the theft of all property which was deployed by a law enforcement officer in the same manner, regardless of value. HB 995 ranks the offense in level 7 of the offense severity ranking chart¹and as a result, the lowest permissible sentence for the offense (for a first offender who has committed no additional offenses) will be 21 months in prison.

Altered Fifth Wheel: The bill creates s. 812.0147, F.S. which makes it a second degree felony to modify, alter, or attempt to alter, and if altered, to sell, possess, offer for sale, move, or cause to be moved onto the highways of this state a fifth wheel, with the intent to use the altered fifth wheel to commit or attempt to commit theft. The provision only applies to a fifth wheel on a heavy commercial motor vehicle.

## C. SECTION DIRECTORY:

Section 1. Amends s. 812.014, F.S. relating to theft of property deployed by a law enforcement officer.

Section 2. Creates s. 812.0147, F.S. relating to unlawful possession or use of a fifth wheel.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Criminal Punishment Code applies to sentencing for felony offenses committed on or after October 1, 1998. A defendant's sentence is calculated based on points assigned for factors including: the offense for which the defendant is being sentenced; the injury to the victim; additional offenses that the defendant committed at the time of the primary offense; the defendant's prior record and other aggravating factors. Offenses are ranked in the "offense severity ranking chart" from level one (least severe) to level ten (most severe) and are assigned points based on the severity of the offense as determined by the legislature. The points are added in order to determine the "lowest permissible sentence" for the offense. This is the minimum sentence that a judge may impose. The permissible sentence for an offense ranges from the calculated lowest permissible sentence to the statutory maximum for the primary offense. The statutory maximum sentence for a first degree felony is thirty years, for a second degree felony is fifteen years and for a third degree felony is five years. s. 775.082, F.S.

Section 3. Amends s. 921.0022, F.S. to make corresponding changes to offense severity ranking chart of the Criminal Punishment Code.

Section 4. Reenacts s. 985.227, F.S. for the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 812.014, F.S. by reference.

Section 5. Provides effective date of July 1, 2005.

### II. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

A.	FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:	

1.	Revenues:	

None.

2. Expenditures:

See fiscal comments below.

## **B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:**

1. Revenues:

None.

2. Expenditures:

None.

## C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:

None.

### D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

The Criminal Justice Impact Conference has not met to consider the prison bed impact of this bill on the Department of Corrections. The bill ranks the offense of theft of property deployed by a law enforcement officer in level 7 of the offense severity ranking chart. As a result, the lowest permissible sentence for a first time offender will be 21 months in prison. Under current law, the severity of the offense would depend on the value of the property. The bill also creates a second degree felony offense for altering a fifth wheel on a heavy commercial motor vehicle with the intent to use the fifth wheel to commit theft

#### III. COMMENTS

### A. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:

1. Applicability of Municipality/County Mandates Provision:

The bill appears to be exempt from the requirements of Article VII, Section 18 of the Florida Constitution because it is a criminal law.

2. Other:

None.

## **B. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY:**

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None.

# C. DRAFTING ISSUES OR OTHER COMMENTS:

The provision relating to altering a fifth wheel applies to a fifth wheel on a "heavy commercial motor vehicle". The term "commercial motor vehicle" is defined in chapter 320 but there is no definition of the term "heavy commercial motor vehicle" contained in Florida statutes.

# IV. AMENDMENTS/COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE & COMBINED BILL CHANGES

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