## **HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF ANALYSIS**

BILL #: HB 997 Florida Retirement System

SPONSOR(S): Bilirakis

TIED BILLS: None IDEN./SIM. BILLS: SB 1626

REFERENCE	ACTION	ANALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR
1) Governmental Operations Committee	6 Y, 0 N	Williamson	Everhart
2) Criminal Justice Committee	5 Y, 0 N	Bond	Kramer
3) Fiscal Council	20 Y, 0 N	Dobbs	Kelly
4) State Administration Council	7 Y, 0 N	Williamson	Bussey
5)			

### **SUMMARY ANALYSIS**

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) is a multi-employer, non-contributory pension plan providing retirement income benefits to Florida government employees. The active membership of the FRS is divided into five membership classes, one of which is the Senior Management Service Class. In 2000, the three capital collateral regional counsels were added to the Senior Management Service Class.

The bill authorizes each of the capital collateral regional counsels to designate an additional position in their office for membership in the Senior Management Service Class, provided certain criteria are met.

The effect of this bill on the northern region capital collateral regional counsel is unclear, as that office currently has no employees.

The bill will have a minimal fiscal impact on governmental entities.

The bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2005.

DATE:

### **FULL ANALYSIS**

## I. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS

#### A. HOUSE PRINCIPLES ANALYSIS:

This bill does not appear to implicate any of the House Principles.

### B. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

## Background

## Florida Retirement System

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) is a multi-employer, non-contributory pension plan providing retirement income benefits to more than 630,000 active and 226,000 retired members and beneficiaries of its more than 800 government employers. The active membership of the FRS is divided into five membership classes: Regular Class; Special Risk Class; Special Risk Administrative Support Class; Elected Officers' Class; and Senior Management Service Class. Each class is separately funded based upon the costs attributable to the members of that class.

# Senior Management Service Class

The Senior Management Service Class consists of members who serve in a managerial capacity, for example, community college presidents and school superintendents. Contribution rates for the Senior Management Service Class are 11.64 percent versus 9.98 percent for the Regular Class.

In 2000, capital collateral regional counsels were added to the Senior Management Service Class; however, they were not given the authority to designate additional positions in the regional offices for membership in the Senior Management Service Class.<sup>2</sup>

## Capital Collateral Regional Counsels

There are three regional offices of capital collateral counsel that are located in the northern, middle, and southern regions of the state.<sup>3</sup> Each capital collateral regional counsel (counsel) is appointed for a term of three years.<sup>4</sup> The counsel represents each person convicted and sentenced to death in Florida. The purpose is to institute and prosecute collateral actions challenging the legality of the judgment and sentence imposed against each person.<sup>5</sup> The northern region currently has no employees, the duties of the office are performed by attorneys in private practice.

### Effect of Bill

The bill authorizes a capital collateral regional counsel to designate an additional position in the regional office for membership in the Senior Management Service Class. Notice of intent to designate the positions must be published once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Department of Management Services 2005 Substantive Bill Analysis, HB 215, January 27, 2005, at 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 19, chapter 2000-169, L.O.F.; s. 121.055(1)(h), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Section 27.701(1), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Section 27.701(2), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Section 27.702(1), F.S.

circulation in the affected counties. One non-elective full-time position may be designated.<sup>6</sup> Each position designated by the counsel must be a managerial or policymaking position.

The effect of this bill as to the northern region capital collateral regional counsel is unclear. There are no current employees of the office, and attorneys in private practice (who are not covered by the FRS) perform the duties of the office.

## C. SECTION DIRECTORY:

Section 1 amends s. 121.055, F.S., relating to the Senior Management Service Class.

Section 2 provides a July 1, 2005, effective date.

## **II. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT**

#### A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:

1. Revenues:

None.

## 2. Expenditures:

The capital collateral regional counsels would pay an increased retirement contribution rate (currently an additional 1.98%) for, at most, three positions changed to the Senior Management Service Class.

### B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:

1. Revenues:

None.

2. Expenditures:

None.

## C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:

None.

## D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

The fiscal impact of the bill is minimal. The increased retirement contributions will be absorbed using existing budget.

### III. COMMENTS

### A. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:

1. Applicability of Municipality/County Mandates Provision:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> If the counsel's office has 200 or more regularly established positions, then additional designations can be made so long as the designations do not exceed 0.5 percent of the regularly established positions within the counsel's office. No capital collateral regional counsel office has 200 positions.

The bill does not appear to: require the counties or cities to spend funds or take an action requiring the expenditure of funds; reduce the authority that cities or counties have to raise revenues in the aggregate; or reduce the percentage of a state tax shared with cities or counties.

### 2. Other:

The bill, by adding members to the Senior Management Services Class and providing for their funding, is in compliance with Art. X, s. 14 of the Florida Constitution.

### Article X, s. 14, Florida Constitution

Since 1976, the Florida Constitution has required that retirement benefit increases under public pension plans in the state of Florida must be concurrently funded on a sound actuarial basis, as set forth below:

SECTION 14. State retirement systems benefit changes.--A governmental unit responsible for any retirement or pension system supported in whole or in part by public funds shall not after January 1, 1977, provide any increase in the benefits to the members or beneficiaries of such system unless such unit has made or concurrently makes provision for the funding of the increase in benefits on a sound actuarial basis.

## Part VII of chapter 112, F.S.

Article X. s. 14 of the Florida Constitution is implemented by statute under part VII of chapter 112. F.S., the "Florida Protection of Public Employee Retirement Benefits Act," which establishes minimum standards for the operation and funding of public employee retirement systems and plans in the State of Florida. The key provision of this act states the legislative intent to "prohibit the use of any procedure, methodology, or assumptions the effect of which is to transfer to future taxpayers any portion of the costs which may reasonably have been expected to be paid by the current taxpayers."

## **B. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY:**

None.

C. DRAFTING ISSUES OR OTHER COMMENTS:

None.

### IV. AMENDMENTS/COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE & COMBINED BILL CHANGES

None.

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