## Florida Senate - 2006

By Senator Bennett

21-697-06

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to developments of regional
3	impact; amending s. 380.06, F.S.; conforming a
4	cross-reference; requiring the state land
5	planning agency to initiate rulemaking by a
6	specific date to revise the
7	development-of-regional-impact review process;
8	requiring a local government to issue
9	development orders concurrently with
10	comprehensive plan amendments; specifying
11	certain requirements for a development order;
12	prohibiting a local government from issuing
13	permits for development subsequent to the
14	buildout date; revising the circumstances in
15	which a local government may issue subsequent
16	permits for development; revising the
17	definition of an essentially built-out
18	development; prohibiting the suspension of a
19	development order for failure to submit a
20	biennial report under certain circumstances;
21	revising the criteria under which a proposed
22	change is presumed to create a substantial
23	deviation; requiring that notice of certain
24	changes be given to the state land planning
25	agency, regional planning agency, and local
26	government; requiring that a memorandum of
27	notice of certain changes be filed with the
28	clerk of court; revising the period of time for
29	notice and a public hearing after a change to a
30	development order has been submitted; revising
31	the requirement for further

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1	development-of-regional-impact review of a
2	proposed change; revising the statutory
3	exemptions for the development of certain
4	facilities; providing statutory exemptions for
5	the development of certain facilities;
б	providing that the impacts from a use that will
7	be part of a larger project be included in the
8	development-of-regional-impact review of the
9	larger project; amending s. 380.0651, F.S.;
10	removing the application of statewide
11	guidelines and standards for
12	development-of-regional-impact review to the
13	construction of certain attractions and
14	recreation facilities; revising the statewide
15	guidelines and standards for
16	development-of-regional-impact review of the
17	construction of certain marinas; removing the
18	application of statewide guidelines and
19	standards for development-of-regional-impact
20	review to the construction of certain schools;
21	prohibiting the state land planning agency from
22	considering an impact of an independent
23	development of regional impact cumulatively
24	under certain circumstances; amending s.
25	380.07, F.S.; providing a mechanism for
26	challenging the consistency of a development
27	order with a local government comprehensive
28	plan; providing that the Department of
29	Community Affairs has standing to initiate an
30	action to determine the consistency of a
31	development order with a local government

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1 comprehensive plan; amending s. 380.115, F.S.; 2 providing that a change in a 3 development-of-regional-impact guideline and 4 standard does not abridge or modify any vested 5 right or duty under a development order; б amending ss. 163.3180 and 331.303, F.S.; 7 conforming cross-references; providing an 8 effective date. 9 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 10 11 12 Section 1. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2), paragraph 13 (b) of subsection (7), and subsections (15), (18), (19), and (24) of section 380.06, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 14 380.06 Developments of regional impact. --15 (2) STATEWIDE GUIDELINES AND STANDARDS.--16 17 (d) The quidelines and standards shall be applied as 18 follows: 1. Fixed thresholds.--19 a. A development that is below 100 percent of all 20 21 numerical thresholds in the guidelines and standards shall not 22 be required to undergo development-of-regional-impact review. 23 b. A development that is at or above 120 percent of any numerical threshold shall be required to undergo 2.4 development-of-regional-impact review. 25 c. Projects certified under s. 403.973 which create at 26 27 least 100 jobs and meet the criteria of the Office of Tourism, 2.8 Trade, and Economic Development as to their impact on an area's economy, employment, and prevailing wage and skill 29 levels that are at or below 100 percent of the numerical 30 thresholds for industrial plants, industrial parks, 31

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1 distribution, warehousing or wholesaling facilities, office 2 development or multiuse projects other than residential, as described in <u>s. 380.0651(3)(b), (c), and (h)</u> <del>s.</del> 3 380.0651(3)(c), (d), and (i), are not required to undergo 4 5 development-of-regional-impact review. б 2. Rebuttable presumption. -- It shall be presumed that 7 a development that is at 100 percent or between 100 and 120 8 percent of a numerical threshold shall be required to undergo 9 development-of-regional-impact review. 10 (7) PREAPPLICATION PROCEDURES. --(b) The state land regional planning agency shall 11 12 establish by rule a procedure by which a developer may enter 13 into binding written agreements with the regional planning agency to eliminate questions from the application for 14 development approval when those questions are found to be 15 unnecessary for development-of-regional-impact review. By 16 17 August 1, 2006, the department shall initiate rulemaking to revise the development-of-regional-impact review process. The 18 department shall eliminate as many duplicative or unnecessary 19 20 requirements and questions as possible; provide for the 21 acceptability and use of data and information provided by the applicant for federal, state, or local government permits and 22 23 authorizations required for the proposed development; and revise and streamline the application process for development 2.4 25 approval in order to provide for a more efficient review of an application. It is the legislative intent of this subsection 26 27 to encourage reduction of paperwork, to discourage unnecessary 2.8 gathering of data, and to encourage the coordination of the 29 development-of-regional-impact review process with federal, state, and local environmental reviews when such reviews are 30 required by law. 31

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1 (15) LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEVELOPMENT ORDER. --2 (a) The appropriate local government shall render a decision on the application within 30 days after the hearing 3 unless an extension is requested by the developer. 4 5 (b) Unless otherwise requested by the applicant When б possible, the local government governments shall issue 7 development orders concurrently with comprehensive plan 8 amendments and, when practicable, with any other local permits 9 or development approvals that may be applicable to the proposed development. 10 (c) The development order shall include findings of 11 12 fact and conclusions of law consistent with subsections (13) 13 and (14). The development order: 1. Shall specify the monitoring procedures and the 14 local official responsible for assuring compliance by the 15 developer with the development order. 16 17 2. Shall establish compliance dates for the 18 development order, including a deadline for commencing physical development and for compliance with conditions of 19 approval or phasing requirements, and shall include a buildout 20 21 termination date that reasonably reflects the time anticipated 22 required to complete the development. 23 3. Shall establish a date until which the local government agrees that the approved development of regional 2.4 impact shall not be subject to downzoning, unit density 25 26 reduction, or intensity reduction, unless the local government 27 can demonstrate that substantial changes in the conditions 2.8 underlying the approval of the development order have occurred 29 or the development order was based on substantially inaccurate information provided by the developer or that the change is 30 clearly established by local government to be essential to the 31

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1 public health, safety, or welfare. The date established 2 pursuant to this subparagraph shall be no sooner than the buildout date of the project. 3 4 4. Shall specify the requirements for the biennial report designated under subsection (18), including the date of 5 6 submission, parties to whom the report is submitted, and 7 contents of the report, based upon the rules adopted by the 8 state land planning agency. Such rules shall specify the scope of any additional local requirements that may be 9 necessary for the report. 10 5. <u>Shall May</u> specify the types of changes, if any, to 11 12 the development which shall require submission for a 13 substantial deviation determination or a notice of proposed change under subsection (19). 14 6. Shall include a legal description of the property. 15 (d) Conditions of a development order that require a 16 17 developer to contribute land for a public facility or 18 construct, expand, or pay for land acquisition or construction or expansion of a public facility, or portion thereof, shall 19 meet the following criteria: 20 21 1. The need to construct new facilities or add to the 22 present system of public facilities must be reasonably 23 attributable to the proposed development. 2. Any contribution of funds, land, or public 2.4 facilities required from the developer shall be comparable to 25 the amount of funds, land, or public facilities that the state 26 27 or the local government would reasonably expect to expend or 2.8 provide, based on projected costs of comparable projects, to 29 mitigate the impacts reasonably attributable to the proposed 30 development. 31

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1	3. Any funds or lands contributed must be expressly
2	designated and used to mitigate impacts reasonably
3	attributable to the proposed development.
4	4. Construction or expansion of a public facility by a
5	nongovernmental developer as a condition of a development
6	order to mitigate the impacts reasonably attributable to the
7	proposed development is not subject to competitive bidding or
8	competitive negotiation for selection of a contractor or
9	design professional for any part of the construction or design
10	unless required by the local government that issues the
11	development order.
12	(e)1. Effective July 1, 1986, A local government shall
13	not include, as a development order condition for a
14	development of regional impact, any requirement that a
15	developer contribute or pay for land acquisition or
16	construction or expansion of public facilities or portions
17	thereof unless the local government has enacted a local
18	ordinance which requires other development not subject to this
19	section to contribute its proportionate share of the funds,
20	land, or public facilities necessary to accommodate any
21	impacts having a rational nexus to the proposed development,
22	and the need to construct new facilities or add to the present
23	system of public facilities must be reasonably attributable to
24	the proposed development.
25	2. A local government shall not approve a development
26	of regional impact that does not make adequate provision for
27	the public facilities needed to accommodate the impacts of the
28	proposed development unless the local government includes in
29	the development order a commitment by the local government to
30	provide these facilities consistently with the development
31	schedule approved in the development order; however, a local
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1 government's failure to meet the requirements of subparagraph 2 1. and this subparagraph shall not preclude the issuance of a development order where adequate provision is made by the 3 developer for the public facilities needed to accommodate the 4 impacts of the proposed development. Any funds or lands 5 6 contributed by a developer must be expressly designated and 7 used to accommodate impacts reasonably attributable to the 8 proposed development.

9 3. The Department of Community Affairs and other state 10 and regional agencies involved in the administration and 11 implementation of this act shall cooperate and work with units 12 of local government in preparing and adopting local impact fee 13 and other contribution ordinances.

(f) Notice of the adoption of a development order or 14 the subsequent amendments to an adopted development order 15 shall be recorded by the developer, in accordance with s. 16 17 28.222, with the clerk of the circuit court for each county in which the development is located. The notice shall include a 18 legal description of the property covered by the order and 19 shall state which unit of local government adopted the 20 21 development order, the date of adoption, the date of adoption 22 of any amendments to the development order, the location where 23 the adopted order with any amendments may be examined, and that the development order constitutes a land development 2.4 regulation applicable to the property. The recording of this 25 26 notice shall not constitute a lien, cloud, or encumbrance on real property, or actual or constructive notice of any such 27 2.8 lien, cloud, or encumbrance. This paragraph applies only to 29 developments initially approved under this section after July 30 1, 1980.

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1 (q) A local government may shall not issue permits for 2 development subsequent to the buildout termination date or expiration date contained in the development order if unless: 3 4 1. The proposed development has been evaluated 5 cumulatively with existing development under the substantial б deviation provisions of subsection (19) subsequent to the 7 termination or expiration date; 8 1.2. The proposed development is consistent with an abandonment of development order that has been issued in 9 10 accordance with the provisions of subsection (26); or 2. The proposed development has satisfied the 11 12 mitigation requirements in the development order and meets the 13 requirements of sub-subparagraph 3.b.(I); or 3. The project has been determined to be an 14 essentially built-out development of regional impact through 15 an agreement executed by the developer, the state land 16 17 planning agency, and the local government, in accordance with s. 380.032, which will establish the terms and conditions 18 under which the development may be continued. If the project 19 is determined to be essentially built-out, development may 20 21 proceed pursuant to the s. 380.032 agreement after the 22 termination or expiration date contained in the development 23 order without further development-of-regional-impact review subject to the local government comprehensive plan and land 2.4 development regulations or subject to a modified 25 26 development-of-regional-impact analysis. As used in this 27 paragraph, an "essentially built-out" development of regional 2.8 impact means: a. The development is in compliance with all 29 30 applicable terms and conditions of the development order except the built-out date; and 31

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1	b.(I) The amount of development that remains to be
2	built is less than <u>20 percent of the development approved by</u>
3	the original development order but not more than the
4	applicable development-of-regional-impact threshold.
5	Development may also be considered essentially built-out if
б	all the infrastructure and horizontal development for the
7	project has been completed and more than 80 percent of the
8	parcels have been conveyed to third-party buyers, including
9	builders and individual lot owners the substantial deviation
10	threshold specified in paragraph (19)(b) for each individual
11	land use category, or, for a multiuse development, the sum
12	total of all unbuilt land uses as a percentage of the
13	applicable substantial deviation threshold is equal to or less
14	than 100 percent; or
15	(II) The state land planning agency and the local
16	government have agreed in writing that the amount of
17	development to be built does not create the likelihood of any
18	additional regional impact not previously reviewed.
19	(h) If the property is annexed by another local
20	jurisdiction, the annexing jurisdiction shall adopt a new
21	development order that incorporates all previous rights and
22	obligations specified in the prior development order.
23	(18) BIENNIAL REPORTSThe developer shall submit a
24	biennial report on the development of regional impact to the
25	local government, the regional planning agency, the state land
26	planning agency, and all affected permit agencies in alternate
27	years on the date specified in the development order, unless
28	the development order by its terms requires more frequent
29	monitoring. If the report is not received, the regional
30	planning agency or the state land planning agency shall notify
31	the local government. If the local government does not receive
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1 the report or receives notification that the regional planning 2 agency or the state land planning agency has not received the report, the local government shall request in writing that the 3 developer submit the report within 30 days. The failure to 4 submit the report after 30 days shall result in the temporary 5 6 suspension of the development order applicable to the property 7 remaining to be developed by the party failing to submit the 8 report. If other developers within a development of regional impact are in compliance with their reporting requirements, 9 10 the development order as it relates to their property may not be suspended by the local government. If no additional 11 12 development pursuant to the development order has occurred 13 since the submission of the previous report, then a letter from the developer stating that no development has occurred 14 shall satisfy the requirement for a report. Development orders 15 that require annual reports shall may be amended to require 16 17 biennial reports the next time they are amended at the option 18 of the local government. (19) SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATIONS.--19 (a) Any proposed change to a previously approved 20 21 development which creates an a reasonable likelihood of 22 additional regional impact, or any type of regional impact 23 created by the change not previously reviewed by the regional planning agency, shall constitute a substantial deviation and 2.4 25 shall cause the proposed change development to be subject to 26 further development-of-regional-impact review. There are a 27 variety of reasons why a developer may wish to propose changes 2.8 to an approved development of regional impact, including changed market conditions. The procedures set forth in this 29 30 subsection are for that purpose. 31

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1 (b) Any proposed change to a previously approved 2 development of regional impact or development order condition which, either individually or cumulatively with other changes, 3 exceeds any of the following criteria shall be presumed to 4 create constitute a substantial deviation and shall cause the 5 6 development to be subject to further 7 development of regional impact review without the necessity 8 for a finding of same by the local government: 1. An increase in the number of parking spaces at an 9 attraction or recreational facility by 10 = 5 percent or 500 = 30010 spaces, whichever is greater, or an increase in the number of 11 12 spectators that may be accommodated at such a facility by 10 5 13 percent or 1,000 spectators, whichever is greater. 2. A new runway, a new terminal facility, a 25-percent 14 lengthening of an existing runway, or a 25-percent increase in 15 the number of gates of an existing terminal, but only if the 16 17 increase adds at least three additional gates. However, if an airport is located in two counties, a 10-percent lengthening 18 of an existing runway or a 20-percent increase in the number 19 of gates of an existing terminal is the applicable criteria. 20 21 3. An increase in the number of hospital beds by 5 22 percent or 60 beds, whichever is greater. 23 <u>3.4.</u> An increase in industrial development area by <u>10</u>  $\frac{5}{2}$  percent or  $\frac{64}{32}$  acres, whichever is greater. 2.4 4.5. An increase in the average annual acreage mined 25 by 10 = 5 percent or 20 = 10 acres, whichever is greater, or an 26 27 increase in the average daily water consumption by a mining 2.8 operation by <u>10</u> 5 percent or <u>600,000</u> <del>300,000</del> gallons, whichever is greater. An increase in the size of the mine by 29 10 5 percent or 1,000 750 acres, whichever is less. An 30 increase in the size of a heavy mineral mine as defined in s. 31

1 378.403(7) will only constitute a substantial deviation if the 2 average annual acreage mined is more than 500 acres and consumes more than 3 million gallons of water per day. 3 4 5.6. An increase in land area for office development by 10 5 percent or an increase of gross floor area of office 5 6 development by <u>10</u> 5 percent or <u>100,000</u> <del>60,000</del> gross square 7 feet, whichever is greater. 6. An increase of development at a marina of 10 8 percent of wet storage or for 30 watercraft slips, whichever 9 10 is greater, or 20 percent of wet storage or 60 watercraft slips in an area identified by a local government in a boat 11 12 facility siting plan as an appropriate site for additional 13 marina development, whichever is greater. 7. An increase in the storage capacity for chemical or 14 petroleum storage facilities by 5 percent, 20,000 barrels, 15 or 16 7 million pounds, whichever is greater. 17 8. An increase of development at a waterport of wet 18 storage for 20 watercraft, dry storage for 30 watercraft, wet/dry storage for 60 watercraft in an area identified in the 19 state marina siting plan as an appropriate site for additional 2.0 21 waterport development or a 5 percent increase in watercraft 22 storage capacity, whichever is greater. 23 7.9. An increase in the number of dwelling units by 105 percent or 100 50 dwelling units, whichever is greater. 2.4 8.10. An increase in commercial development by 100,000 25 50,000 square feet of gross floor area or of parking spaces 26 27 provided for customers for 600 300 cars or a 10-percent 2.8 5 percent increase of either of these, whichever is greater. 9.11. An increase in hotel or motel rooms facility 29 30 units by <u>10</u> 5 percent or <u>100 rooms</u> <del>75 units</del>, whichever is 31 greater.

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1	<u>10.<del>12.</del> An increase in a recreational vehicle park area</u>
2	by <u>10</u> <del>5</del> percent or 100 vehicle spaces, whichever is less.
3	11.13. A decrease in the area set aside for open space
4	of 5 percent or 20 acres, whichever is less.
5	<u>12.14.</u> A proposed increase to an approved multiuse
б	development of regional impact where the sum of the increases
7	of each land use as a percentage of the applicable substantial
8	deviation criteria is equal to or exceeds $120$ $100$ percent. The
9	percentage of any decrease in the amount of open space shall
10	be treated as an increase for purposes of determining when $\underline{120}$
11	100 percent has been reached or exceeded.
12	<u>13.</u> 15. A <u>20-percent</u> <del>15 percent</del> increase in the number
13	of external vehicle trips generated by the development above
14	that which was projected during the original
15	development-of-regional-impact review. If the transportation
16	mitigation identified in the adopted development order is
17	based upon proportionate-share payments, an increase in the
18	proportionate-share payment commensurate with the increase in
19	external vehicle trips generated by the development is
20	adequate to satisfy the obligation of the developer to rebut
21	the presumption.
22	<u>14.16.</u> Any change <u>that</u> which would result in
23	development of any area which was specifically set aside in
24	the application for development approval or in the development
25	order for preservation or special protection of endangered or
26	threatened plants or animals designated as endangered,
27	threatened, or species of special concern and their habitat,
28	primary dunes, or archaeological and historical sites
29	designated as significant by the Division of Historical
30	Resources of the Department of State. The further
31	science-based refinement of such areas by survey, by habitat
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1 evaluation, by other recognized assessment methodology, or by 2 an environmental assessment is not a substantial deviation 3 shall be considered under sub subparagraph (e)5.b. 4 The substantial deviation numerical standards in subparagraphs 5 б <u>3., 5., 8., 9., 12., and 13.</u> <del>4., 6., 10., 14.</del>, excluding 7 residential uses, and 15., are increased by 100 percent for a 8 project certified under s. 403.973 which creates jobs and meets criteria established by the Office of Tourism, Trade, 9 and Economic Development as to its impact on an area's 10 economy, employment, and prevailing wage and skill levels. The 11 12 substantial deviation numerical standards in subparagraphs 3., 13 5., 7., 8., 9., 12., and 13. 4., 6., 9., 10., 11., and 14. are increased by 50 percent for a project located wholly within an 14 urban infill and redevelopment area designated on the 15 applicable adopted local comprehensive plan future land use 16 17 map and not located within the coastal high hazard area. 18 (c) An extension of the date of buildout of a development, or any phase thereof, by more than 10 7 or more 19 years shall be presumed to create a substantial deviation 20 21 subject to further development-of-regional-impact review. An 22 extension of the date of buildout, or any phase thereof, of 5 23 years or more but less than 7 years shall be presumed not to create a substantial deviation. The extension of the date of 2.4 buildout of an areawide development of regional impact by more 25 than 5 years but less than 10 years is presumed not to create 26 27 a substantial deviation. This presumption These presumptions 2.8 may be rebutted by clear and convincing evidence at the public 29 hearing held by the local government. An extension of 7 years or less than 5 years is not a substantial deviation. For the 30 purpose of calculating when a buildout or, phase, or 31

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1 termination date has been exceeded, the time shall be tolled 2 during the pendency of administrative or judicial proceedings relating to development permits. Any extension of the buildout 3 date of a project or a phase thereof shall automatically 4 extend the commencement date of the project, the buildout date 5 6 the termination date of the development order, the expiration 7 date of the development of regional impact, and the phases 8 thereof by a like period of time.

9 (d) A change in the plan of development of an approved 10 development of regional impact resulting from requirements imposed by the Department of Environmental Protection or any 11 12 water management district created by s. 373.069 or any of 13 their successor agencies or by any appropriate federal regulatory agency shall be submitted to the local government 14 pursuant to this subsection. These changes do The change shall 15 be presumed not to create a substantial deviation subject to 16 17 further development-of-regional-impact review. In addition, if 18 a change to a permit involving property within the development of regional impact is approved by the agencies with 19 jurisdiction, the change does not create a substantial 20 21 deviation. The presumption may be rebutted by clear and 22 convincing evidence at the public hearing held by the local 23 government.

(e)1. Except for a development order rendered pursuant 2.4 to subsection (22) or subsection (25), a proposed change to a 25 development order that individually or cumulatively with any 26 27 previous change is less than any numerical criterion contained 2.8 in subparagraphs(b)1.-14.(b)1. 15. and does not exceed any other criterion, or that involves an extension of the buildout 29 date of a development, or any phase thereof, of less than 7 5 30 years is not subject to the public hearing requirements of 31

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1 subparagraph (f)3., and is not subject to a determination 2 pursuant to subparagraph (f)5. Notice of the proposed change shall be made to the regional planning council and the state 3 land planning agency. Such notice shall include a description 4 of previous individual changes made to the development, 5 6 including changes previously approved by the local government, 7 and shall include appropriate amendments to the development order. 8 2. The following changes, individually or cumulatively 9 with any previous changes, are not substantial deviations: 10 a. Changes in the name of the project, developer, 11 12 owner, or monitoring official. 13 b. Changes to a setback that do not affect noise buffers, environmental protection or mitigation areas, or 14 archaeological or historical resources. 15 c. Changes to minimum lot sizes. 16 17 d. Changes in the configuration of internal roads that do not affect external access points. 18 e. Changes to the building design or orientation that 19 stay approximately within the approved area designated for 20 21 such building and parking lot, and which do not affect 22 historical buildings designated as significant by the Division 23 of Historical Resources of the Department of State. f. Changes to increase the acreage in the development, 2.4 provided that no development is proposed on the acreage to be 25 added. 26 27 q. Changes to eliminate an approved land use, provided 2.8 that there are no additional regional impacts. 29 h. Changes required to conform to permits approved by any federal, state, or regional permitting agency, provided 30 that these changes do not create additional regional impacts. 31 17

1 i. Any renovation or redevelopment of development 2 within a previously approved development of regional impact which does not change land use or increase density or 3 4 intensity of use. 5 j. Changes to internal utility locations. б k. Changes to the internal location of public 7 facilities. 8 1.j. Any other change which the state land planning 9 agency agrees in writing is similar in nature, impact, or 10 character to the changes enumerated in sub-subparagraphs  $\underline{a.-k.}$ a. i. and which does not create the likelihood of any 11 12 additional regional impact. 13 This subsection does not require a development order amendment 14 for any change listed in sub-subparagraphs <u>a.-1. but shall</u> 15 require notice to the state land planning agency, the regional 16 17 planning agency, and the local government. In addition, a memorandum of that notice shall be filed with the clerk of the 18 circuit court along with a legal description of the affected 19 development of regional impact. If a subsequent change 20 21 requiring a substantial deviation determination is made to the development of regional impact, modifications to the 22 23 development of regional impact made in all prior notices must be reflected as amendments to the development memorandum. 2.4 unless such issue is addressed either in the existing 25 26 development order or in the application for development 27 approval, but, in the case of the application, only if, and in 2.8 the manner in which, the application is incorporated in the 29 development order. 30 3. Except for the change authorized by sub-subparagraph 2.f., any addition of land not previously 31

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1 reviewed or any change not specified in paragraph (b) or 2 paragraph (c) shall be presumed to create a substantial deviation. This presumption may be rebutted by clear and 3 convincing evidence. 4 5 4. Any submittal of a proposed change to a previously 6 approved development shall include a description of individual 7 changes previously made to the development, including changes 8 previously approved by the local government. The local government shall consider the previous and current proposed 9 10 changes in deciding whether such changes cumulatively constitute a substantial deviation requiring further 11 12 development-of-regional-impact review. 13 5. The following changes to an approved development of regional impact shall be presumed to create a substantial 14 deviation. Such presumption may be rebutted by clear and 15 convincing evidence. 16 17 a. A change proposed for 15 percent or more of the 18 acreage to a land use not previously approved in the development order. Changes of less than 15 percent shall be 19 presumed not to create a substantial deviation. 20 21 b. Except for the types of uses listed in subparagraph 22 (b)14.(b)16., any change which would result in the 23 development of any area which was specifically set aside in the application for development approval or in the development 2.4 order for preservation, buffers, or special protection, 25 including habitat for plant and animal species, archaeological 26 27 and historical sites, dunes, and other special areas. 28 c. Notwithstanding any provision of paragraph (b) to 29 the contrary, a proposed change consisting of simultaneous increases and decreases of at least two of the uses within an 30 authorized multiuse development of regional impact which was 31

1 originally approved with three or more uses specified in s. 2 380.0651(3)(c), (d), (f), and (g) and residential use. 3 (f)1. The state land planning agency shall establish 4 by rule standard forms for submittal of proposed changes to a previously approved development of regional impact which may 5 6 require further development-of-regional-impact review. At a 7 minimum, the standard form shall require the developer to 8 provide the precise language that the developer proposes to delete or add as an amendment to the development order. 9 10 2. The developer shall submit, simultaneously, to the local government, the regional planning agency, and the state 11 12 land planning agency the request for approval of a proposed 13 change. 3. No sooner than 15 30 days but no later than 30 45 14 days after submittal by the developer to the local government, 15 the state land planning agency, and the appropriate regional 16 17 planning agency, the local government shall give 15 days' notice and schedule a public hearing to consider the change 18 that the developer asserts does not create a substantial 19 deviation. This public hearing shall be held within <u>60</u> 90 days 20 21 after submittal of the proposed changes, unless that time is 22 extended by the developer. 23 4. The appropriate regional planning agency or the state land planning agency shall review the proposed change 24 and, no later than 30 45 days after submittal by the developer 25 of the proposed change, unless that time is extended by the 26 27 developer, and prior to the public hearing at which the 2.8 proposed change is to be considered, shall advise the local government in writing whether it objects to the proposed 29 30 change, shall specify the reasons for its objection, if any, and shall provide a copy to the developer. 31

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1	5. At the public hearing, the local government shall
2	determine whether the proposed change requires further
3	development-of-regional-impact review. The provisions of
4	paragraphs (a) and (e), the thresholds set forth in paragraph
5	(b), and the presumptions set forth in paragraphs (c) and (d)
6	and subparagraph (e)3. shall be applicable in determining
7	whether further development-of-regional-impact review is
8	required.
9	6. If the local government determines that the
10	proposed change does not require further
11	development-of-regional-impact review and is otherwise
12	approved, or if the proposed change is not subject to a
13	hearing and determination pursuant to subparagraphs 3. and 5.
14	and is otherwise approved, the local government shall issue an
15	amendment to the development order incorporating the approved
16	change and conditions of approval relating to the change. The
17	decision of the local government to approve, with or without
18	conditions, or to deny the proposed change that the developer
19	asserts does not require further review shall be subject to
20	the appeal provisions of s. 380.07. However, the state land
21	planning agency may not appeal the local government decision
22	if it did not comply with subparagraph 4. The state land
23	planning agency may not appeal a change to a development order
24	made pursuant to subparagraph (e)1. or subparagraph (e)2. for
25	developments of regional impact approved after January 1,
26	1980, unless the change would result in a significant impact
27	to a regionally significant archaeological, historical, or
28	natural resource not previously identified in the original
29	development of regional impact review.
30	(g) If a proposed change requires further
31	development-of-regional-impact review pursuant to this
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1 section, the review shall be conducted subject to the 2 following additional conditions: 1. The development-of-regional-impact review conducted 3 by the appropriate regional planning agency shall address only 4 those issues raised by the proposed change except as provided 5 6 in subparagraph 2. 7 2. The regional planning agency shall consider, and 8 the local government shall determine whether to approve, approve with conditions, or deny the proposed change as it 9 relates to the entire development. If the local government 10 determines that the proposed change, as it relates to the 11 12 entire development, is unacceptable, the local government 13 shall deny the change. 3. If the local government determines that the 14 15 proposed change, as it relates to the entire development, 16 should be approved, any new conditions in the amendment to the 17 development order issued by the local government shall address only those issues raised by the proposed change and require 18 mitigation only for the impacts of the proposed charge. 19 20 4. Development within the previously approved 21 development of regional impact may continue, as approved, 22 during the development-of-regional-impact review in those 23 portions of the development which are not <u>directly</u> affected by 2.4 the proposed change. (h) When further development-of-regional-impact review 25 is required because a substantial deviation has been 26 27 determined or admitted by the developer, the amendment to the 2.8 development order issued by the local government shall be consistent with the requirements of subsection (15) and shall 29 be subject to the hearing and appeal provisions of s. 380.07. 30 The state land planning agency or the appropriate regional 31

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1 planning agency need not participate at the local hearing in 2 order to appeal a local government development order issued pursuant to this paragraph. 3 4 (24) STATUTORY EXEMPTIONS.--5 (a) Any proposed hospital which has a designed б capacity of not more than 100 beds is exempt from the 7 provisions of this section. 8 (b) Any proposed electrical transmission line or 9 electrical power plant is exempt from the provisions of this 10 section, except any steam or solar electrical generating facility of less than 50 megawatts in capacity attached to a 11 12 development of regional impact. 13 (c) Any proposed addition to an existing sports facility complex is exempt from the provisions of this section 14 if the addition meets the following characteristics: 15 1. It would not operate concurrently with the 16 17 scheduled hours of operation of the existing facility. 2. Its seating capacity would be no more than 75 18 percent of the capacity of the existing facility. 19 3. The sports facility complex property is owned by a 20 21 public body prior to July 1, 1983. 22 23 This exemption does not apply to any pari-mutuel facility. (d) Any proposed addition or cumulative additions 2.4 25 subsequent to July 1, 1988, to an existing sports facility complex owned by a state university is exempt if the increased 26 27 seating capacity of the complex is no more than 30 percent of 2.8 the capacity of the existing facility. 29 (e) Any addition of permanent seats or parking spaces 30 for an existing sports facility located on property owned by a public body prior to July 1, 1973, is exempt from the 31

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1 provisions of this section if future additions do not expand 2 existing permanent seating or parking capacity more than 15 percent annually in excess of the prior year's capacity. 3 4 (f) Any increase in the seating capacity of an existing sports facility having a permanent seating capacity 5 6 of at least 50,000 spectators is exempt from the provisions of 7 this section, provided that such an increase does not increase 8 permanent seating capacity by more than 5 percent per year and not to exceed a total of 10 percent in any 5-year period, and 9 provided that the sports facility notifies the appropriate 10 local government within which the facility is located of the 11 12 increase at least 6 months prior to the initial use of the 13 increased seating, in order to permit the appropriate local government to develop a traffic management plan for the 14 traffic generated by the increase. Any traffic management 15 plan shall be consistent with the local comprehensive plan, 16 17 the regional policy plan, and the state comprehensive plan. 18 (g) Any expansion in the permanent seating capacity or additional improved parking facilities of an existing sports 19 facility is exempt from the provisions of this section, if the 20 21 following conditions exist: 22 1.a. The sports facility had a permanent seating 23 capacity on January 1, 1991, of at least 41,000 spectator 2.4 seats; 25 b. The sum of such expansions in permanent seating capacity does not exceed a total of 10 percent in any 5-year 26 27 period and does not exceed a cumulative total of 20 percent 2.8 for any such expansions; or 29 c. The increase in additional improved parking 30 facilities is a one-time addition and does not exceed 3,500 parking spaces serving the sports facility; and 31 24

1	2. The local government having jurisdiction of the
2	sports facility includes in the development order or
3	development permit approving such expansion under this
4	paragraph a finding of fact that the proposed expansion is
5	consistent with the transportation, water, sewer and
6	stormwater drainage provisions of the approved local
7	comprehensive plan and local land development regulations
8	relating to those provisions.
9	
10	Any owner or developer who intends to rely on this statutory
11	exemption shall provide to the department a copy of the local
12	government application for a development permit. Within 45
13	days of receipt of the application, the department shall
14	render to the local government an advisory and nonbinding
15	opinion, in writing, stating whether, in the department's
16	opinion, the prescribed conditions exist for an exemption
17	under this paragraph. The local government shall render the
18	development order approving each such expansion to the
19	department. The owner, developer, or department may appeal
20	the local government development order pursuant to s. 380.07,
21	within 45 days after the order is rendered. The scope of
22	review shall be limited to the determination of whether the
23	conditions prescribed in this paragraph exist. If any sports
24	facility expansion undergoes development of regional impact
25	review, all previous expansions which were exempt under this
26	paragraph shall be included in the development of regional
27	impact review.
28	(h) Expansion to port harbors, spoil disposal sites,
29	navigation channels, turning basins, harbor berths, and other
30	related inwater harbor facilities of ports listed in s.
31	403.021(9)(b), port transportation facilities and projects

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listed in s. 311.07(3)(b), and intermodal transportation 1 facilities identified pursuant to s. 311.09(3) are exempt from 2 the provisions of this section when such expansions, projects, 3 or facilities are consistent with comprehensive master plans 4 that are in compliance with the provisions of s. 163.3178. 5 б (i) Any proposed facility for the storage of any 7 petroleum product or any expansion of an existing facility is 8 exempt from the provisions of this section, if the facility is 9 consistent with a local comprehensive plan that is in compliance with s. 163.3177 or is consistent with a 10 comprehensive port master plan that is in compliance with s. 11 12  $\frac{163.3178}{163.3178}$ . 13 (j) Any renovation or redevelopment within the same land parcel which does not change land use or increase density 14 15 or intensity of use. 16 (k)1. Any waterport or marina development is exempt 17 from the provisions of this section if the relevant county or municipality has adopted a boating facility siting plan or 18 policy, which includes applicable criteria, considering such 19 factors as natural resources, manatee protection needs, and 20 21 recreation and economic demands as generally outlined in the 22 Bureau of Protected Species Management Boat Facility Siting 23 Guide, dated August 2000, into the coastal management or land use element of its comprehensive plan. The adoption of boating 2.4 facility siting plans or policies into the comprehensive plan 25 is exempt from the provisions of s. 163.3187(1). Any waterport 26 27 or marina development within the municipalities or counties 2.8 with boating facility siting plans or policies that meet the above criteria, adopted prior to April 1, 2006 2002, are 29 30 exempt from the provisions of this section, when their boating 31

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1 facility siting plan or policy is adopted as part of the 2 relevant local government's comprehensive plan. 2. Within 6 months of the effective date of this law, 3 4 the Department of Community Affairs, in conjunction with the 5 Department of Environmental Protection and the Florida Fish б and Wildlife Conservation Commission, shall provide technical 7 assistance and guidelines, including model plans, policies and 8 criteria to local governments for the development of their 9 siting plans. 10 (1) Any proposed development within an urban service boundary established under s. 163.3177(14) is exempt from the 11 12 provisions of this section if the local government having 13 jurisdiction over the area where the development is proposed has adopted the urban service boundary and has entered into a 14 binding agreement with <u>contiquous</u> adjacent jurisdictions and 15 the Department of Transportation regarding the mitigation of 16 17 impacts on state and regional transportation facilities, and 18 has adopted a proportionate share methodology pursuant to s. 163.3180(16). If the binding agreement is not entered into 19 within 12 months after the establishment of the urban service 2.0 21 boundary, the Department of Transportation shall adopt within 90 days a reasonable impact-mitigation plan that is applicable 22 23 in lieu of the binding agreement. (m) Any proposed development within a rural land 2.4 stewardship area created under s. 163.3177(11)(d) is exempt 25 from the provisions of this section if the local government 26 27 that has adopted the rural land stewardship area has entered 2.8 into a binding agreement with jurisdictions that would be impacted and the Department of Transportation regarding the 29 30 mitigation of impacts on state and regional transportation 31

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1	facilities, and has adopted a proportionate share methodology
2	pursuant to s. 163.3180(16).
3	(n) Any proposed development or redevelopment within
4	an area designated as an urban infill and redevelopment area
5	under s. 163.2517 is exempt from the provisions of this
б	section if the local government has entered into a binding
7	agreement with jurisdictions that would be impacted and the
8	Department of Transportation regarding the mitigation of
9	impacts on state and regional transportation facilities, and
10	has adopted a proportionate share methodology pursuant to s.
11	$\frac{163.3180(16)}{16}$ .
12	(o) The establishment, relocation, or expansion of any
13	military installation as defined in s. 163.3175, is exempt
14	from this section.
15	(p) Any self-storage warehousing that does not allow
16	retail or other services is exempt from the provisions of this
17	section.
18	(q) Any proposed nursing home or assisted living
19	facility is exempt from the provisions of this section.
20	(r) Any development identified in an airport master
21	plan and adopted into the comprehensive plan pursuant to s.
22	163.3178(6)(k) is exempt from the provisions of this section.
23	(s) Any development identified in a campus master plan
24	and adopted pursuant to s. 1013.30 is exempt from the
25	provisions of this section.
26	(t) Any development in a specific area plan which is
27	prepared pursuant to s. 163.3245 and adopted into the
28	comprehensive plan is exempt from the provisions of this
29	section.
30	(u) Any development in an area granted an exception
31	from the concurrency requirements for transportation

1 facilities which has met the requirements of s. 2 <u>163.3180(5)(b)-(q)</u>, including the requirement for proportionate fair-share mitigation for transportation 3 4 facilities, and which has been adopted into the comprehensive plan is exempt from the provisions of this section. 5 б 7 If a use is exempt from review as a development of regional impact under subparagraphs (a)-(u) but will be part of a 8 larger project that is subject to review as a development of 9 10 regional impact, the impact of the exempt use must be included in the review of the larger project. 11 12 Section 2. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 13 380.0651, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 380.0651 Statewide guidelines and standards.--14 (3) The following statewide guidelines and standards 15 shall be applied in the manner described in s. 380.06(2) to 16 17 determine whether the following developments shall be required 18 to undergo development-of-regional-impact review: (a) Airports.--19 1. Any of the following airport construction projects 20 21 shall be a development of regional impact unless exempt under 22 s. 380.06(24): 23 a. A new commercial service or general aviation 2.4 airport with paved runways. b. A new commercial service or general aviation paved 25 26 runway. 27 c. A new passenger terminal facility. 2.8 2. Lengthening of an existing runway by 25 percent or an increase in the number of gates by 25 percent or three 29 gates, whichever is greater, on a commercial service airport 30 or a general aviation airport with regularly scheduled flights 31

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is a development of regional impact. However, expansion of 1 2 existing terminal facilities at a nonhub or small hub 3 commercial service airport shall not be a development of 4 regional impact. 5 3. Any airport development project which is proposed б for safety, repair, or maintenance reasons alone and would not 7 have the potential to increase or change existing types of 8 aircraft activity is not a development of regional impact. Notwithstanding subparagraphs 1. and 2., renovation, 9 10 modernization, or replacement of airport airside or terminal facilities that may include increases in square footage of 11 12 such facilities but does not increase the number of gates or 13 change the existing types of aircraft activity is not a development of regional impact. 14 15 (b) Attractions and recreation facilities. Any 16 sports, entertainment, amusement, or recreation facility, 17 including, but not limited to, a sports arena, stadium, 18 racetrack, tourist attraction, amusement park, or pari mutuel 19 facility, the construction or expansion of which: 20 1. For single performance facilities: 21 Provides parking spaces for more than 2,500 cars; 22 or 23 b. Provides more than 10,000 permanent seats for 2.4 spectators. 25 For serial performance facilities:  $\frac{2}{2}$ 26 Provides parking spaces for more than 1,000 cars; 27 or 28 b. Provides more than 4,000 permanent seats for 29 spectators. 30 31

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1 For purposes of this subsection, "serial performance 2 facilities" means those using their parking areas or permanent 3 seating more than one time per day on a regular or continuous 4 basis. 5 3 For multiscreen movie theaters of at least 8 б screens and 2,500 seats: 7 a. Provides parking spaces for more than 1,500 cars; 8 or 9 b. Provides more than 6,000 permanent seats for 10 spectators. (b)(c) Industrial plants, industrial parks, and 11 12 distribution, warehousing or wholesaling facilities .-- Any 13 proposed industrial, manufacturing, or processing plant, or distribution, warehousing, or wholesaling facility, excluding 14 wholesaling developments which deal primarily with the general 15 public onsite, under common ownership, or any proposed 16 17 industrial, manufacturing, or processing activity or 18 distribution, warehousing, or wholesaling activity, excluding wholesaling activities which deal primarily with the general 19 public onsite, which: 20 21 1. Provides parking for more than 2,500 motor 2.2 vehicles; or 23 2. Occupies a site greater than 320 acres. (c)(d) Office development. -- Any proposed office 2.4 building or park operated under common ownership, development 25 26 plan, or management that: 27 1. Encompasses 300,000 or more square feet of gross 2.8 floor area; or 2. Encompasses more than 600,000 square feet of gross 29 floor area in a county with a population greater than 500,000 30 and only in a geographic area specifically designated as 31 31

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1 highly suitable for increased threshold intensity in the 2 approved local comprehensive plan and in the strategic 3 regional policy plan. 4 (d)(e) Marinas Port facilities.--The proposed 5 construction of any waterport or marina is required to undergo 6 development-of-regional-impact review if it is, except one 7 designed for: 8 1.a. The wet storage or mooring of more fewer than 150 9 watercraft used exclusively for sport, pleasure, or commercial 10 fishing;, or b. The dry storage of fewer than 200 watercraft used 11 12 exclusively for sport, pleasure, or commercial fishing, or 13 <u>b.c.</u> The wet or dry storage or mooring of more fewer than 150 watercraft on or adjacent to an inland freshwater 14 lake except Lake Okeechobee or any lake that which has been 15 designated an Outstanding Florida Water., or 16 17 d. The wet or dry storage or mooring of fewer than 50 18 watercraft of 40 feet in length or less of any type or 19 purpose. 20 2. The subthreshold exceptions to this paragraph's 21 requirements for development-of-regional-impact review do 22 shall not apply to any waterport or marina facility located 23 within or which serves physical development located within a coastal barrier resource unit on an unbridged barrier island 2.4 designated pursuant to 16 U.S.C. s. 3501. 25 26 27 In addition to the foregoing, for projects for which no 2.8 environmental resource permit or sovereign submerged land lease is required, the Department of Environmental Protection 29 must determine in writing that a proposed marina in excess of 30 75 10 slips or storage spaces or a combination of the two is 31

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1 located so that it will not adversely impact Outstanding 2 Florida Waters or Class II waters and will not contribute boat traffic in a manner that will have an adverse impact on an 3 area known to be, or likely to be, frequented by manatees. If 4 the Department of Environmental Protection fails to issue its 5 6 determination within 45 days <u>after</u> of receipt of a formal 7 written request, it has waived its authority to make such 8 determination. The Department of Environmental Protection 9 determination shall constitute final agency action pursuant to 10 chapter 120. 2. The dry storage of fewer than 300 watercraft used 11 12 exclusively for sport, pleasure, or commercial fishing at a 13 marina constructed and in operation prior to July 1, 1985. 14 3. Any proposed marina development with both wet and 15 dry mooring or storage used exclusively for sport, pleasure, 16 commercial fishing, where the sum of percentages of the or 17 applicable wet and dry mooring or storage thresholds equals 18 percent. This threshold is in addition to, and does not preclude, a development from being required to undergo 19 development of regional impact review under sub subparagraphs 2.0 21 1.a. and b. and subparagraph 2. 22 (e)(f) Retail and service development. -- Any proposed 23 retail, service, or wholesale business establishment or group of establishments which deals primarily with the general 2.4 public onsite, operated under one common property ownership, 25 26 development plan, or management that: 27 1. Encompasses more than 400,000 square feet of gross 2.8 area; or 29 2. Provides parking spaces for more than 2,500 cars. 30 (f)(g) Hotel or motel development.--31

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1 1. Any proposed hotel or motel development that is 2 planned to create or accommodate 350 or more units; or 3 2. Any proposed hotel or motel development that is 4 planned to create or accommodate 750 or more units, in a county with a population greater than 500,000, and only in a 5 6 geographic area specifically designated as highly suitable for 7 increased threshold intensity in the approved local 8 comprehensive plan and in the strategic regional policy plan. (q)(h) Recreational vehicle development. -- Any proposed 9 10 recreational vehicle development planned to create or accommodate 500 or more spaces. 11 12 (h)(i) Multiuse development. -- Any proposed development 13 with two or more land uses where the sum of the percentages of the appropriate thresholds identified in chapter 28-24, 14 Florida Administrative Code, or this section for each land use 15 in the development is equal to or greater than 145 percent. 16 17 Any proposed development with three or more land uses, one of 18 which is residential and contains at least 100 dwelling units or 15 percent of the applicable residential threshold, 19 whichever is greater, where the sum of the percentages of the 20 21 appropriate thresholds identified in chapter 28-24, Florida 22 Administrative Code, or this section for each land use in the 23 development is equal to or greater than 160 percent. This threshold is in addition to, and does not preclude, a 2.4 development from being required to undergo 25 26 development-of-regional-impact review under any other 27 threshold. 28 (i)(j) Residential development. -- No rule may be adopted concerning residential developments which treats a 29 residential development in one county as being located in a 30 less populated adjacent county unless more than 25 percent of 31 34

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1 the development is located within 2 or less miles of the less 2 populated adjacent county. 3 (k) Schools. 4 1. The proposed construction of any public, private, 5 or proprietary postsecondary educational campus which provides б for a design population of more than 5,000 full time 7 equivalent students, or the proposed physical expansion of any 8 public, private, or proprietary postsecondary educational 9 campus having such a design population that would increase the 10 population by at least 20 percent of the design population. As used in this paragraph, "full time equivalent 11 12 student" means enrollment for 15 or more quarter hours during 13 a single academic semester. In career centers or other institutions which do not employ semester hours or quarter 14 15 hours in accounting for student participation, enrollment for 18 contact hours shall be considered equivalent to one quarter 16 17 hour, and enrollment for 27 contact hours shall be considered 18 equivalent to one semester hour. 19 This paragraph does not apply to institutions which 3 are the subject of a campus master plan adopted by the 20 21 university board of trustees pursuant to s. 1013.30. 22 (4) Two or more developments, represented by their 23 owners or developers to be separate developments, shall be aggregated and treated as a single development under this 2.4 chapter when they are determined to be part of a unified plan 25 26 of development and are physically proximate to one other. 27 (a) The criteria of two of the following subparagraphs 2.8 must be met in order for the state land planning agency to determine that there is a unified plan of development: 29 30 1.a. The same person has retained or shared control of 31 the developments;

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1 b. The same person has ownership or a significant 2 legal or equitable interest in the developments; or 3 c. There is common management of the developments 4 controlling the form of physical development or disposition of 5 parcels of the development. 6 2. There is a reasonable closeness in time between the 7 completion of 80 percent or less of one development and the 8 submission to a governmental agency of a master plan or series of plans or drawings for the other development which is 9 10 indicative of a common development effort. 3. A master plan or series of plans or drawings exists 11 12 covering the developments sought to be aggregated which have 13 been submitted to a local general-purpose government, water management district, the Florida Department of Environmental 14 Protection, or the Division of Florida Land Sales, 15 Condominiums, and Mobile Homes for authorization to commence 16 17 development. The existence or implementation of a utility's 18 master utility plan required by the Public Service Commission or general-purpose local government or a master drainage plan 19 shall not be the sole determinant of the existence of a master 20 21 plan. 22 4. The voluntary sharing of infrastructure that is 23 indicative of a common development effort or is designated specifically to accommodate the developments sought to be 2.4 aggregated, except that which was implemented because it was 25 required by a local general-purpose government; water 26 27 management district; the Department of Environmental 2.8 Protection; the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, and Mobile Homes; or the Public Service Commission. 29 30 5. There is a common advertising scheme or promotional plan in effect for the developments sought to be aggregated. 31

1 (b) The following activities or circumstances shall 2 not be considered in determining whether to aggregate two or 3 more developments: 1. Activities undertaken leading to the adoption or 4 5 amendment of any comprehensive plan element described in part б II of chapter 163. 7 2. The sale of unimproved parcels of land, where the 8 seller does not retain significant control of the future development of the parcels. 9 10 3. The fact that the same lender has a financial interest, including one acquired through foreclosure, in two 11 12 or more parcels, so long as the lender is not an active 13 participant in the planning, management, or development of the parcels in which it has an interest. 14 4. Drainage improvements that are not designed to 15 accommodate the types of development listed in the quidelines 16 17 and standards contained in or adopted pursuant to this chapter 18 or which are not designed specifically to accommodate the developments sought to be aggregated. 19 20 (c) Aggregation is not applicable when the following 21 circumstances and provisions of this chapter are applicable: 22 1. Developments that which are otherwise subject to 23 aggregation with a development of regional impact that which has received approval through the issuance of a final 2.4 development order may shall not be aggregated with the 25 approved development of regional impact. However, nothing 26 27 contained in this subparagraph does not shall preclude the 2.8 state land planning agency from evaluating an allegedly separate development as a substantial deviation pursuant to s. 29 30 380.06(19) or as an independent development of regional impact 31

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1 and, if so, the impacts of the independent developments of 2 regional impact may not be considered cumulatively. 2. Two or more developments, each of which is 3 4 independently a development of regional impact that has or will obtain a development order pursuant to s. 380.06. 5 б 3. Completion of any development that has been vested 7 pursuant to s. 380.05 or s. 380.06, including vested rights 8 arising out of agreements entered into with the state land planning agency for purposes of resolving vested rights 9 issues. Development-of-regional-impact review of additions to 10 vested developments of regional impact shall not include 11 12 review of the impacts resulting from the vested portions of 13 the development. 4. The developments sought to be aggregated were 14 authorized to commence development prior to September 1, 1988, 15 and could not have been required to be aggregated under the 16 17 law existing prior to that date. (d) The provisions of this subsection shall be applied 18 prospectively from September 1, 1988. Written decisions, 19 agreements, and binding letters of interpretation made or 20 21 issued by the state land planning agency prior to July 1, 22 1988, shall not be affected by this subsection. 23 (e) In order to encourage developers to design, finance, donate, or build infrastructure, public facilities, 24 25 or services, the state land planning agency may enter into binding agreements with two or more developers providing that 26 27 the joint planning, sharing, or use of specified public 2.8 infrastructure, facilities, or services by the developers shall not be considered in any subsequent determination of 29 whether a unified plan of development exists for their 30 developments. Such binding agreements may authorize the 31

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1	developers to pool impact fees or impact-fee credits, or to
2	enter into front-end agreements, or other financing
3	arrangements by which they collectively agree to design,
4	finance, donate, or build such public infrastructure,
5	facilities, or services. Such agreements shall be conditioned
б	upon a subsequent determination by the appropriate local
7	government of consistency with the approved local government
8	comprehensive plan and land development regulations.
9	Additionally, the developers must demonstrate that the
10	provision and sharing of public infrastructure, facilities, or
11	services is in the public interest and not merely for the
12	benefit of the developments which are the subject of the
13	agreement. Developments that are the subject of an agreement
14	pursuant to this paragraph shall be aggregated if the state
15	land planning agency determines that sufficient aggregation
16	factors are present to require aggregation without considering
17	the design features, financial arrangements, donations, or
18	construction that are specified in and required by the
19	agreement.
20	(f) The state land planning agency has authority to
21	adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement
22	the provisions of this subsection.
23	Section 3. Subsection (7) is added to section 380.07,
24	Florida Statutes, to read:
25	380.07 Florida Land and Water Adjudicatory
26	Commission
27	(7) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, s.
28	163.3215 is the sole mechanism for challenging the consistency
29	of a development order issued under this chapter with the
30	local government comprehensive plan. The Department of
31	Community Affairs has standing to initiate an action under s.

163.3215 to determine the consistency of a

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2 development-of-regional-impact development order with the local government comprehensive plan and for no other purpose. 3 4 Section 4. Section 380.115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 5 6 380.115 Vested rights and duties; effect of size 7 reduction, changes in guidelines and standards chs. 2002 20 and 2002 296.--8 9 (1) <u>A change in a development-of-regional-impact</u> guideline and standard does not abridge Nothing contained in 10 this act abridges or modify modifies any vested or other right 11 12 or any duty or obligation pursuant to any development order or 13 agreement that is applicable to a development of regional impact on the effective date of this act. A development that 14 has received a development-of-regional-impact development 15 order pursuant to s. 380.06, but is no longer required to 16 17 undergo development-of-regional-impact review by operation of 18 a change in the guidelines and standards or has reduced its size below the thresholds in s. 380.0651 of this act, shall be 19 governed by the following procedures: 20 21 (a) The development shall continue to be governed by 22 the development-of-regional-impact development order and may 23 be completed in reliance upon and pursuant to the development order unless the developer or landowner has followed the 2.4 procedures for rescission in paragraph (b). The 25 development-of-regional-impact development order may be 26 27 enforced by the local government as provided by ss. 380.06(17) 28 and 380.11. 29 If requested by the developer or landowner, the (b) 30 development-of-regional-impact development order shall may be rescinded by the local government having jurisdiction upon a 31

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1 showing that all required mitigation related to the amount of 2 development that existed on the date of rescission has been completed abandoned pursuant to the process in s. 380.06(26). 3 4 (2) A development with an application for development 5 approval pending, and determined sufficient pursuant to s. б <u>380.06</u> s. <u>380.06(10)</u>, on the effective date of <u>a change to the</u> 7 guidelines and standards this act, or a notification of 8 proposed change pending on the effective date of a change to the quidelines and standards this act, may elect to continue 9 10 such review pursuant to s. 380.06. At the conclusion of the pending review, including any appeals pursuant to s. 380.07, 11 12 the resulting development order shall be governed by the 13 provisions of subsection (1). (3) A landowner that has filed an application for a 14 development-of-regional-impact review prior to the adoption of 15 an optional sector plan pursuant to s. 163.3245 may elect to 16 17 have the application reviewed pursuant to s. 380.06, 18 comprehensive plan provisions in force prior to adoption of the sector plan, and any requested comprehensive plan 19 amendments that accompany the application. 20 21 Section 5. Subsection (12) of section 163.3180, 22 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 23 163.3180 Concurrency.--(12) When authorized by a local comprehensive plan, a 2.4 multiuse development of regional impact may satisfy the 25 transportation concurrency requirements of the local 26 27 comprehensive plan, the local government's concurrency 2.8 management system, and s. 380.06 by payment of a proportionate-share contribution for local and regionally 29 30 significant traffic impacts, if: 31

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1	(a) The development of regional impact meets or
2	exceeds the guidelines and standards of <u>s. 380.0651(3)(h)</u> <del>s.</del>
3	<del>380.0651(3)(i)</del> and rule 28-24.032(2), Florida Administrative
4	Code, and includes a residential component that contains at
5	least 100 residential dwelling units or 15 percent of the
6	applicable residential guideline and standard, whichever is
7	greater;
8	(b) The development of regional impact contains an
9	integrated mix of land uses and is designed to encourage
10	pedestrian or other nonautomotive modes of transportation;
11	(c) The proportionate-share contribution for local and
12	regionally significant traffic impacts is sufficient to pay
13	for one or more required improvements that will benefit a
14	regionally significant transportation facility;
15	(d) The owner and developer of the development of
16	regional impact pays or assures payment of the
17	proportionate-share contribution; and
18	(e) If the regionally significant transportation
19	facility to be constructed or improved is under the
20	maintenance authority of a governmental entity, as defined by
21	s. 334.03(12), other than the local government with
22	jurisdiction over the development of regional impact, the
23	developer is required to enter into a binding and legally
24	enforceable commitment to transfer funds to the governmental
25	entity having maintenance authority or to otherwise assure
26	construction or improvement of the facility.
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28	The proportionate-share contribution may be applied to any
29	transportation facility to satisfy the provisions of this
30	subsection and the local comprehensive plan, but, for the
31	purposes of this subsection, the amount of the
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1	proportionate-share contribution shall be calculated based
2	upon the cumulative number of trips from the proposed
3	development expected to reach roadways during the peak hour
4	from the complete buildout of a stage or phase being approved,
5	divided by the change in the peak hour maximum service volume
б	of roadways resulting from construction of an improvement
7	necessary to maintain the adopted level of service, multiplied
8	by the construction cost, at the time of developer payment, of
9	the improvement necessary to maintain the adopted level of
10	service. For purposes of this subsection, "construction cost"
11	includes all associated costs of the improvement.
12	Section 6. Subsection (21) of section 331.303, Florida
13	Statutes, is amended to read:
14	331.303 Definitions
15	(21) "Spaceport launch facilities" shall be defined as
16	industrial facilities in accordance with <u>s. 380.0651(3)(b)</u> <del>s.</del>
17	$\frac{380.0651(3)(c)}{c}$ and include any launch pad, launch control
18	center, and fixed launch-support equipment.
19	Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2006.
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2	SENATE SUMMARY
3	Requires the state land planning agency to initiate rulemaking to revise the development-of-regional-impact
4	review process. Requires a local government to issue development orders concurrently with comprehensive plan
5	amendments. Specifies requirements for development orders. Provides that a local government may not issue
6	permits for development subsequent to the buildout date.
7	Revises exceptions. Revises the definition of an "essentially built-out" development. Provides that a
8	development order may not be suspended for failure to submit a biennial report under certain circumstances. Revises the criteria for creating a substantial
9	deviation. Requires that notice be given to the state
10	land planning agency, regional planning agency, local government, and the clerk of court. Revises the time for notice and a public hearing. Revises the requirement for
11	further development-of-regional-impact review. Revises the statutory exemptions for the development of certain
12	facilities. Requires that impacts from a use that will be part of a larger project be included in the
13	development-of-regional-impact review. Removes the guidelines for development-of-regional-impact review of
14	the construction of certain attractions and recreation facilities and of certain schools. Revises the quidelines
15	for development-of-regional-impact review of the construction of certain marinas. Requires that a state
16	land planning agency not consider an impact of an independent development of regional impact cumulatively.
17	Requires that the Department of Community Affairs have standing to initiate an action to determine the
18	consistency of a development order with a comprehensive plan. Provides that a change in a
19	development-of-regional-impact guideline does not modify any vested right or duty under a development order.
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