CHAMBER ACTION

1 The Civil Justice Committee recommends the following: 2 3 Council/Committee Substitute 4 Remove the entire bill and insert: A bill to be entitled 5 6 An act relating to construction defects; amending ss. 7 558.001, 558.002, and 558.004, F.S.; revising provisions 8 to expand application to construction defects in any 9 property other than public transportation projects; deleting language limiting application to only residential 10 property; amending s. 558.005, F.S.; revising provisions 11 relating to required notices for construction defect 12 claims under certain construction contracts; applying 13 provisions of ch. 558, F.S., notwithstanding certain 14 notice requirements; providing an effective date. 15 16 17 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 18 Section 558.001, Florida Statutes, is amended 19 Section 1. to read: 20 21 558.001 Legislative findings and declaration. -- The Legislature finds that it is beneficial to have an alternative 22 method to resolve construction disputes that would reduce the 23 Page 1 of 13

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24 need for litigation as well as protect the rights of property owners homeowners. An effective alternative dispute resolution 25 mechanism in certain construction defect matters should involve 26 27 the claimant filing a notice of claim with the contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or design professional that the 28 29 claimant asserts is responsible for the defect, and should provide the contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or design 30 professional with an opportunity to resolve the claim without 31 resort to further legal process. 32

33 Section 2. Section 558.002, Florida Statutes, is amended 34 to read:

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558.002 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the term: (1) "Action" means any civil action or arbitration proceeding for damages or indemnity asserting a claim for damage to or loss of <u>real</u> a <u>dwelling</u> or personal property caused by an alleged construction defect, but does not include any

40 administrative action or any civil action or arbitration
41 proceeding asserting a claim for alleged personal injuries
42 arising out of an alleged construction defect.

43 (2) "Association" has the same meaning as in s.
44 718.103(2), s. 719.103(2), s. 720.301(9), or s. 723.075.

(3) "Claimant" means a property owner homeowner, including
a subsequent purchaser or association, who asserts a claim for
damages against a contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or design
professional concerning a construction defect or a subsequent
owner who asserts a claim for indemnification for such damages.
The term does not include a contractor, subcontractor, supplier,
or design professional.

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52 "Construction defect" means a deficiency in, or a (4)53 deficiency arising out of, the design, specifications, surveying, planning, supervision, observation of construction, 54 55 or construction, repair, alteration, or remodeling of a dwelling, any appurtenance to the dwelling, or the real property 56 57 to which the dwelling or appurtenance is affixed resulting from: (a) Defective material, products, or components used in 58 the construction or remodeling; 59 A violation of the applicable codes in effect at the 60 (b) time of construction or remodeling which gives rise to a cause 61 62 of action pursuant to s. 553.84; A failure of the design of real property a dwelling to 63 (C) 64 meet the applicable professional standards of care at the time of governmental approval; or 65 66 (d) A failure to construct or remodel real property a 67 dwelling in accordance with accepted trade standards for good and workmanlike construction at the time of construction. 68 (5) "Contractor" means any person, as defined in s. 1.01, 69 70 that is legally engaged in the business of designing, developing, constructing, manufacturing, repairing, or 71 remodeling real property dwellings or attachments thereto. 72 "Design professional" means a person, as defined in s. 73 (6) 1.01, licensed in this state as an architect, interior designer, 74 75 landscape architect, engineer, or surveyor. 76 "Real property Dwelling" means land that is improved (7)and the improvements on such land, including fixtures, 77 78 manufactured housing, or mobile homes and excluding public 79 transportation projects a single-family house, manufactured or Page 3 of 13

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80 modular home, duplex, triplex, quadruplex, or other multifamily unit in a multifamily residential building designed for 81 residential use in which title to each individual unit is 82 83 transferred to the owner under a condominium or cooperative system and includes common areas and improvements that are owned 84 85 or maintained by an association or by members of an association, 86 and also includes the systems, other components, improvements, and other structures or facilities, including, but not limited 87 to, recreational structures or facilities, that are appurtenant 88 89 to and located on the real property on which the house, duplex, 90 triplex, quadruplex, or other multifamily unit is located, but are not necessarily part of the structure at the time of 91 92 completion of construction.

93 (8) "Service" means delivery by certified mail, return
94 receipt requested, to the last known address of the addressee.

95 (9) "Subcontractor" means a person, as defined in s. 1.01,
96 who is a contractor who performs labor and supplies material on
97 behalf of another contractor in the construction or remodeling
98 of real property a dwelling.

(10) "Supplier" means a person, as defined in s. 1.01, who
 provides only materials, equipment, or other supplies for the
 construction or remodeling of <u>real property</u> a dwelling.

102 Section 3. Subsections (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (8), (9),
103 and (14) of section 558.004, Florida Statutes, are amended to
104 read:

558.004 Notice and opportunity to repair.--

 (1) In actions brought alleging a construction defect, the
 claimant shall, at least 60 days before filing <u>any</u> an action Page 4 of 13

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108 involving a single-family home, an association representing 20 or fewer residential parcels, a manufactured or modular home, a 109 duplex, a triplex, or a quadruplex, or at least 120 days before 110 111 filing an action involving an association representing more than 112 20 parcels residential parcel owners, serve written notice of claim on the contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or design 113 professional, as applicable, which notice shall refer to this 114 chapter. If the construction defect claim arises from work 115 performed under a contract, the written notice of claim must be 116 117 served on the person with whom the claimant contracted. The 118 notice of claim must describe the claim in reasonable detail sufficient to determine the general nature of each alleged 119 120 construction defect and a description of the damage or loss 121 resulting from the defect, if known. The claimant shall endeavor to serve the notice of claim within 15 days after discovery of 122 an alleged defect, but the failure to serve notice of claim 123 124 within 15 days does not bar the filing of an action, subject to 125 s. 558.003. This subsection does not preclude a claimant from 126 filing an action sooner than 60 days, or 120 days as applicable, 127 after service of written notice as expressly provided in subsection (6), subsection (7), or subsection (8). 128

(2) 129 Within 30 days after receipt of the notice of claim involving a single family home, an association representing 20 130 or fewer residential parcels, a manufactured or modular home, a 131 duplex, a triplex, or a quadruplex, or within 50 days after 132 receipt of the notice of claim involving an association 133 representing more than 20 residential parcels, the person 134 135 receiving the notice of claim under subsection (1) is entitled Page 5 of 13

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136 to perform a reasonable inspection of the property dwelling or 137 of each unit subject to the claim to assess each alleged construction defect. An association's right to access property 138 139 for either maintenance or repair includes the authority to grant access for the inspection. The claimant shall provide the person 140 141 receiving the notice under subsection (1) and such person's contractors or agents reasonable access to the property dwelling 142 during normal working hours to inspect the property dwelling to 143 144 determine the nature and cause of each alleged construction defect and the nature and extent of any repairs or replacements 145 146 necessary to remedy each defect. The person receiving notice under subsection (1) shall reasonably coordinate the timing and 147 148 manner of any and all inspections with the claimant to minimize 149 the number of inspections. The inspection may include destructive testing by mutual agreement under the following 150 reasonable terms and conditions: 151

(a) If the person receiving notice under subsection (1)
determines that destructive testing is necessary to determine
the nature and cause of the alleged defects, such person shall
notify the claimant in writing.

(b) The notice shall describe the destructive testing to
be performed, the person selected to do the testing, the
estimated anticipated damage and repairs to the property
dwelling resulting from the testing, the estimated amount of
time necessary for the testing and to complete the repairs, and
the financial responsibility offered for covering the costs of
repairs.

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163 If the claimant promptly objects to the person (C) selected to perform the destructive testing, the person 164 receiving notice under subsection (1) shall provide the claimant 165 166 with a list of three qualified persons from which the claimant 167 may select one such person to perform the testing. The person 168 selected to perform the testing shall operate as an agent or subcontractor of the person receiving notice under subsection 169 170 (1) and shall communicate with, submit any reports to and be 171 solely responsible to the person receiving notice.

(d) The testing shall be done at a mutually agreeabletime.

(e) The claimant or a representative of the claimant maybe present to observe the destructive testing.

(f) The destructive testing shall not render the property
 dwelling uninhabitable.

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179 In the event the claimant fails or refuses to agree to 180 destructive testing, the claimant shall have no claim for 181 damages which could have been avoided or mitigated had 182 destructive testing been allowed when requested and had a 183 feasible remedy been promptly implemented.

184 (3) Within 10 days after receipt of the notice of claim 185 involving a single family home, an association representing 20 186 or fewer residential parcels, a manufactured or modular home, a 187 duplex, a triplex, or a quadruplex, or within 30 days after receipt of the notice of claim involving an association 188 189 representing more than 20 residential parcels, the person receiving the notice under subsection (1) may forward a copy of 190 Page 7 of 13

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the notice of claim to each contractor, subcontractor, supplier, 191 192 or design professional whom it reasonably believes is responsible for each defect specified in the notice of claim and 193 194 shall note the specific defect for which it believes the 195 particular contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or design 196 professional is responsible. Each such contractor, 197 subcontractor, supplier, and design professional may inspect the property dwelling as provided in subsection (2). 198

199 Within 15 days after receiving a copy of the notice of (4)200 claim pursuant to subsection (3) involving a single family home, 201 an association representing 20 or fewer residential parcels, a manufactured or modular home, a duplex, a triplex, or a 202 203 quadruplex, or within 30 days after receipt of the copy of the 204 notice of claim involving an association representing more than 20 residential parcels, the contractor, subcontractor, supplier, 205 206 or design professional must serve a written response to the person who forwarded a copy of the notice of claim. The written 207 response shall include a report, if any, of the scope of any 208 inspection of the property dwelling, the findings and results of 209 the inspection, a statement of whether the contractor, 210 subcontractor, supplier, or design professional is willing to 211 make repairs to the property dwelling or whether such claim is 212 disputed, a description of any repairs they are willing to make 213 to remedy the alleged construction defect, and a timetable for 214 215 the completion of such repairs.

 (5) Within 45 days after receiving the notice of claim
 involving a single-family home, an association representing 20
 or fewer residential parcels, a manufactured or modular home, a Page 8 of 13

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219 duplex, a triplex, or a quadruplex, or within 75 days after receipt of a copy of the notice of claim involving an 220 association representing more than 20 residential parcels, the 221 222 person who received notice under subsection (1) must serve a 223 written response to the claimant. The response shall be served 224 to the attention of the person who signed the notice of claim, unless otherwise designated in the notice of claim. The written 225 response must provide: 226

(a) A written offer to remedy the alleged construction
defect at no cost to the claimant, a detailed description of the
proposed repairs necessary to remedy the defect, and a timetable
for the completion of such repairs;

(b) A written offer to compromise and settle the claim by
monetary payment, that will not obligate the person's insurer,
and a timetable for making payment;

(c) A written offer to compromise and settle the claim by
a combination of repairs and monetary payment, that will not
obligate the person's insurer, that includes a detailed
description of the proposed repairs and a timetable for the
completion of such repairs and making payment;

(d) A written statement that the person disputes the claim
and will not remedy the defect or compromise and settle the
claim; or

(e) A written statement that a monetary payment, including
insurance proceeds, if any, will be determined by the person's
insurer within 30 days after notification to the insurer by
means of forwarding the claim, which notification shall occur at
the same time the claimant is notified of this settlement
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247 option, which the claimant can accept or reject. A written statement under this paragraph may also include an offer under 248 paragraph (c), but such offer shall be contingent upon the 249 250 claimant also accepting the determination of the insurer whether 251 to make any monetary payment in addition thereto. If the insurer 252 for the person receiving the claim makes no response within the 30 days following notification, then the claimant shall be 253 deemed to have met all conditions precedent to commencing an 254 255 action.

If the claimant timely and properly accepts the offer 256 (8) 257 to repair an alleged construction defect, the claimant shall provide the offeror and the offeror's agents reasonable access 258 259 to the claimant's property dwelling during normal working hours 260 to perform the repair by the agreed-upon timetable as stated in 261 the offer. If the offeror does not make the payment or repair 262 the defect within the agreed time and in the agreed manner, except for reasonable delays beyond the control of the offeror, 263 including, but not limited to, weather conditions, delivery of 264 materials, claimant's actions, or issuance of any required 265 permits, the claimant may, without further notice, proceed with 266 an action against the offeror based upon the claim in the notice 267 268 of claim. If the offeror makes payment or repairs the defect 269 within the agreed time and in the agreed manner, the claimant is 270 barred from proceeding with an action for the claim described in 271 the notice of claim or as otherwise provided in the accepted settlement offer. 272

 (9) This section does not prohibit or limit the claimant
 from making any necessary emergency repairs to the property Page 10 of 13

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dwelling as are required to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the claimant. In addition, any offer or failure to offer pursuant to subsection (5) to remedy an alleged construction defect or to compromise and settle the claim by monetary payment does not constitute an admission of liability with respect to the defect and is not admissible in an action brought under this chapter.

(14) To the extent that an arbitration clause in a contract for the sale, design, construction, or remodeling of <u>real property</u> a dwelling conflicts with this section, this section shall control.

286 Section 4. Section 558.005, Florida Statutes, is amended 287 to read:

558.005 Contract provisions; application.--

(1) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (3) and
(4), the provisions of this chapter shall <u>apply to</u> control every
contract for the design, construction, or remodeling of <u>real</u>
<u>property a dwelling</u> entered into:

293 (a) Between on or after July 1, 2004, and September 30,
 294 2006, which contains the notice as set forth in paragraph (2)(a)
 295 subsection (2) and is conspicuously set forth in capitalized
 296 letters.

297 (b) On or after October 1, 2006, which contains the notice 298 set forth in paragraph (2)(b) and is conspicuously set forth in 299 capitalized letters.

300 (2) (a) The notice required by paragraph (1) (a) subsection
 301 (1) must be in substantially the following form:
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303 CHAPTER 558 NOTICE OF CLAIM 304 CHAPTER 558, FLORIDA STATUTES, CONTAINS IMPORTANT REQUIREMENTS 305 306 YOU MUST FOLLOW BEFORE YOU MAY BRING ANY LEGAL ACTION FOR AN 307 ALLEGED CONSTRUCTION DEFECT IN YOUR HOME. SIXTY DAYS BEFORE YOU 308 BRING ANY LEGAL ACTION, YOU MUST DELIVER TO THE OTHER PARTY TO 309 THIS CONTRACT A WRITTEN NOTICE, REFERRING TO CHAPTER 558, OF ANY 310 CONSTRUCTION CONDITIONS YOU ALLEGE ARE DEFECTIVE AND PROVIDE SUCH PERSON THE OPPORTUNITY TO INSPECT THE ALLEGED CONSTRUCTION 311 312 DEFECTS AND TO CONSIDER MAKING AN OFFER TO REPAIR OR PAY FOR THE 313 ALLEGED CONSTRUCTION DEFECTS. YOU ARE NOT OBLIGATED TO ACCEPT 314 ANY OFFER WHICH MAY BE MADE. THERE ARE STRICT DEADLINES AND 315 PROCEDURES UNDER THIS FLORIDA LAW WHICH MUST BE MET AND FOLLOWED 316 TO PROTECT YOUR INTERESTS. 317 (b) The notice required by paragraph (1)(b) must expressly cite this chapter and be in substantially the following form: 318 319 320 CHAPTER 558 NOTICE OF CLAIM 321 CHAPTER 558, FLORIDA STATUTES, CONTAINS IMPORTANT REQUIREMENTS 322 323 YOU MUST FOLLOW BEFORE YOU MAY BRING ANY LEGAL ACTION FOR AN 324 ALLEGED CONSTRUCTION DEFECT. SIXTY DAYS BEFORE YOU BRING ANY LEGAL ACTION, YOU MUST DELIVER TO THE OTHER PARTY TO THIS 325 326 CONTRACT A WRITTEN NOTICE, REFERRING TO CHAPTER 558, OF ANY 327 CONSTRUCTION CONDITIONS YOU ALLEGE ARE DEFECTIVE AND PROVIDE 328 SUCH PERSON THE OPPORTUNITY TO INSPECT THE ALLEGED CONSTRUCTION 329 DEFECTS AND TO CONSIDER MAKING AN OFFER TO REPAIR OR PAY FOR THE 330 ALLEGED CONSTRUCTION DEFECTS. YOU ARE NOT OBLIGATED TO ACCEPT

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ANY OFFER WHICH MAY BE MADE. THERE ARE STRICT DEADLINES AND PROCEDURES UNDER THIS FLORIDA LAW WHICH MUST BE MET AND FOLLOWED TO PROTECT YOUR INTERESTS.

(3) After receipt of the initial notice of claim, a
claimant and the person receiving notice under s. 558.004(1)
may, by written mutual agreement, alter the procedure for the
notice of claim process described in this chapter.

This chapter applies to all actions accruing on or 338 (4)339 after July 1, 2004, and all actions commenced on or after such date, regardless of the date of sale, issuance of a certificate 340 341 of occupancy or its equivalent, or substantial completion of the construction dwelling. Notwithstanding the notice requirements 342 343 of this section for contracts entered into between on or after July 1, 2004, and September 30, 2006, this chapter applies to 344 all actions accruing before July 1, 2004, but not yet commenced 345 as of July 1, 2004, and failure to include such the notice 346 347 requirements of this section in a contract entered into prior to July 1, 2004, does not operate to bar the procedures of this 348 349 chapter from applying to all such actions. Notwithstanding the 350 notice requirements of this section for contracts entered into on or after October 1, 2006, this chapter applies to all actions 351 352 accruing before July 1, 2004, but not yet commenced as of July 353 1, 2004, and failure to include such notice requirements in a 354 contract entered into before July 1, 2004, does not operate to 355 bar the procedures of this chapter from applying to all such 356 actions.

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Section 5. This act shall take effect October 1, 2006.

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