## By Senator Alexander

## 17-234C-06

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the petition process;
3	amending s. 99.097, F.S.; revising requirements
4	for verification of signatures on petitions;
5	prescribing limits on use of paid petition
6	circulators; providing procedures to contest
7	alleged improper signature verification;
8	repealing s. 28, ch. 2005-278, Laws of Florida,
9	relating to procedures for placement of
10	initiatives on the ballot; amending s. 100.371,
11	F.S.; revising procedures for placing an
12	initiative on the ballot; providing
13	requirements for information to be contained on
14	petitions; providing procedure for revocation
15	of a petition signature; requiring a statement
16	on the ballot regarding the financial impact
17	statement; creating s. 100.372, F.S.; providing
18	regulation for initiative petition circulators
19	and their activities; repealing s. 33, ch.
20	2005-278, Laws of Florida, relating to
21	referenda and ballots; amending s. 101.161,
22	F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s.
23	104.012, F.S.; providing criminal penalties for
24	specified offenses involving voter registration
25	applications; amending s. 104.185, F.S.;
26	proscribing specified actions involving
27	petitions and providing or increasing criminal
28	penalties therefor; amending s. 104.42, F.S.;
29	prescribing duties of supervisors of elections
30	with respect to unlawful registrations,
31	petitions, and voting; providing for verifying

and counting signatures submitted for verification before the effective date of the act; requiring resubmission and reapproval of petition forms; providing severability; providing effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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## Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Petition Fraud and Voter Protection Act."

Section 2. Subsections (1), (3), and (4) of section 99.097, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

99.097 Verification of signatures on petitions.--

- (1) As determined by each supervisor, based upon local conditions, the <u>verification of signatures</u> checking of names on petitions may be based on the most inexpensive and administratively feasible of either of the following methods of verification:
- (a) A name-by-name, signature-by-signature check of the number of <u>valid</u> authorized signatures on the petitions; or
- (b) A check of a random sample, as provided by the Department of State, of names and signatures on the petitions. The sample must be such that a determination can be made as to whether or not the required number of <u>valid</u> signatures <u>has</u> have been obtained with a reliability of at least 99.5 percent. Rules and guidelines for this method of petition verification shall be promulgated by the Department of State, which may include a requirement that petitions bear an additional number of names and signatures, not to exceed 15 percent of the names and signatures otherwise required. If

the petitions do not meet such criteria, then the use of the verification method described in this paragraph shall not be available to supervisors.

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Notwithstanding any other provision of law, petitions to secure ballot placement for an issue, and petition revocations directed thereto pursuant to s. 100.371, must be verified by the method provided in paragraph (a).

- which name is not in substantially the same form as a name on the voter registration books, shall be counted as a valid signature if, after comparing the signature on the petition with the signature of the alleged signer as shown on the registration books, the supervisor determines that the person signing the petition and the person who registered to vote are one and the same. In any situation in which this code requires the form of the petition to be prescribed by the division, no signature shall be counted toward the number of signatures required unless it is on a petition form prescribed by the division. A signature on a petition may not be counted toward the number of valid signatures required for ballot placement unless all relevant provisions of this code have been satisfied.
- (b) If a voter signs a petition and lists an address other than the legal residence where the voter is registered, the supervisor shall treat the signature as if the voter had listed the address where the voter is registered.
- (4) (4) (a) The supervisor shall be paid in advance the sum of 10 cents for each signature checked or the actual cost of checking such signature, whichever is less, by the candidate or, in the case of a petition to have an issue placed on the

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ballot, by the person or organization submitting the petition. However, if a candidate, person, or organization seeking to 2 have an issue placed upon the ballot cannot pay such charges 3 without imposing an undue burden on personal resources or upon 4 the resources otherwise available to such candidate, person, 5 6 or organization, such candidate, person, or organization 7 shall, upon written certification of such inability given 8 under oath to the supervisor, be entitled to have the signatures verified at no charge. In the event a candidate, 9 person, or organization submitting a petition to have an issue 10 placed upon the ballot is entitled to have the signatures 11 12 verified at no charge, the supervisor of elections of each 13 county in which the signatures are verified at no charge shall submit the total number of such signatures checked in the 14 county to the Chief Financial Officer no later than December 1 15 of the general election year, and the Chief Financial Officer 16 shall cause such supervisor of elections to be reimbursed from 18 the General Revenue Fund in an amount equal to 10 cents for each signature name checked or the actual cost of checking 19 such signatures, whichever is less. In no event shall such 20 21 reimbursement of costs be deemed or applied as extra 22 compensation for the supervisor. Petitions shall be retained 23 by the supervisors for a period of 1 year following the 2.4 election for which the petitions were circulated. 25 (b) A person or organization submitting a petition to secure ballot placement for an issue which has filed a 26 27 certification of undue burden may not provide compensation to

signature checked or reimburses the General Revenue Fund for

such costs. If a person or organization subject to this

any paid petition circulator, as defined in s. 100.372, unless the person or organization first pays all supervisors for each

paragraph provides compensation to a paid petition circulator 2 before the date the person or organization pays all supervisors for each signature checked or reimburses the 3 4 General Revenue Fund for such costs, a signature on a petition circulated by the petition circulator before that date may not 5 6 be counted toward the number of valid signatures required for 7 ballot placement. (6)(a) The alleged improper verification of a 8 signature on a petition to secure ballot placement for an 9 10 issue pursuant to this code may be contested in the circuit court by a political committee or by an elector. The 11 12 contestant shall file a complaint setting forth the basis of 13 the contest, together with the fees prescribed in chapter 28, with the clerk of the circuit court in the county in which the 14 petition is certified or in Leon County if the complaint is 15 directed to petitions certified in more than one county. 16 17 (b) If the contestant demonstrates by a preponderance 18 of the evidence that one or more petitions were improperly verified, the signatures appearing on such petitions may not 19 be counted toward the number of valid signatures required for 2.0 21 ballot placement. If an action brought under this subsection is resolved after the Secretary of State has issued a 2.2 23 certificate of ballot position for the issue, but the contestant demonstrates that the person or organization 2.4 submitting the petition had obtained verification of an 2.5 insufficient number of valid and verified signatures to 2.6 qualify for ballot placement, the issue shall be removed from 2.7 2.8 the ballot or, if such action is impractical, any votes cast for or against the issue may not be counted and shall be 29 30 invalidated.

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(c) An action under this subsection must be commenced no later than 90 days after the Secretary of State issues a certificate of ballot position for the issue.

Section 3. Section 100.371, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

100.371 Initiatives; procedure for placement on ballot.--

- (1) Constitutional amendments proposed by initiative shall be placed on the ballot for the general election <u>if an initiative petition</u> is filed with the Secretary of State by February 1 of the year in which the general election is to be <u>held</u> occurring in excess of 90 days from the certification of ballot position by the Secretary of State.
- certification shall be issued when the Secretary of State has received verification certificates from the supervisors of elections indicating that the requisite number and distribution of valid petitions bearing the signatures of electors have been submitted to and verified by the supervisors. Every signature shall be dated by the elector when made. Signatures are and shall be valid for a period of 4 years following such date, provided all other requirements of law are satisfied complied with.
- (3) The sponsor of an initiative amendment shall, prior to obtaining any signatures, register as a political committee pursuant to s. 106.03 and submit the text of the proposed amendment to the Secretary of State, with the form on which the signatures will be affixed, and shall obtain the approval of the Secretary of State of such form. The <u>division Secretary of State</u> shall adopt rules pursuant to s. 120.54 prescribing the style and requirements of such form. Upon

1	filing with the Secretary of State, the text of the proposed
2	amendment and all forms filed in connection with this section
3	must, upon request, be made available in alternative formats.
4	The contents of a petition form are limited to those items
5	required by statute or rule. A petition form is a political
6	advertisement as defined in s. 106.011 and, as such, must
7	comply with all relevant requirements of chapter 106.
8	(4) The supervisor of elections shall record the date
9	each petition form is received by the supervisor and the date
10	the signature on the form is verified as valid. The supervisor
11	shall verify that the signature on a petition form is valid
12	only if the form complies with all of the following:
13	(a) The form must contain the original signature of
14	the purported elector;
15	(b) The purported elector must accurately record on
16	the form the date on which he or she signed the form;
17	(c) The form must accurately set forth the purported
18	elector's name, street address, county, and voter registration
19	number or date of birth;
20	(d) The purported elector must be, at the time he or
21	she signs the form, a duly qualified and registered elector
22	authorized to vote in the county in which his or her signature
23	is submitted;
24	(e) The date the elector signed the form, as recorded
25	by the elector, must be no more than 30 days before the date
26	the form is received by the supervisor of elections;
27	(f) The elector must accurately record on the form
28	whether the elector was presented with the form by a petition
29	circulator as defined in s. 100.372;
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1	(q) The elector must accurately record on the form
2	whether the elector signed the form and returned it to a
3	petition circulator as defined in s. 100.372; and
4	(h) The form must comply with the relevant
5	requirements of s. 100.372.
6	(5) An elector may submit his or her signed form to
7	the sponsor of the initiative amendment, by mail or otherwise,
8	at an address listed on the form for this purpose.
9	(6) Each form must contain the following notices at
10	the top of the form in bold type and in a 16-point or larger
11	font, immediately following the title "Constitutional
12	Amendment Petition Form":
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14	RIGHT TO MAIL IN You have the right to take
15	this petition home and study the issue before
16	signing. If you choose to sign the petition,
17	you may return it to the sponsors of the
18	amendment at the following
19	address: .
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21	NATURE OF AMENDMENT The merits of the
22	proposed change to the Florida Constitution
23	appearing below have not been officially
24	reviewed by any court or agency of state
25	<pre>government.</pre>
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27	(7) An elector's signature on a petition form may be
28	revoked by submitting to the appropriate supervisor of
29	elections a signed petition-revocation form adopted by rule
30	for this purpose by the division. The petition-revocation form
31	is subject to the same relevant requirements as the

corresponding petition form under this code and must be 2 approved by the Secretary of State before any signature is obtained. The petition-revocation form shall be filed with the 3 supervisor of elections no later than the February 1 preceding 4 the next general election or, if the initiative amendment is 5 6 not certified for ballot position in that election, no later 7 than the February 1 preceding the next successive general 8 election. The supervisor of elections shall promptly verify the signature on the petition-revocation form and process such 9 10 revocation upon payment, in advance, of a fee of 10 cents or the actual cost of checking such signature, whichever is less. 11 12 (8) The sponsor shall submit signed and dated forms 13 to the appropriate supervisor of elections for verification as to the number of registered electors whose valid signatures 14 appear thereon. The supervisor shall promptly verify the 15 signatures upon payment of the fee required by s. 99.097. Upon 16 completion of verification, the supervisor shall execute a 18 certificate indicating the total number of signatures checked, the number of signatures verified as valid and as being of 19 registered electors, the number of signatures validly revoked 20 21 pursuant to subsection (7), and the distribution of such 22 signatures by congressional district. This certificate shall 23 be immediately transmitted to the Secretary of State. The supervisor shall retain the signed petition signature forms 2.4 and petition-revocation forms for at least 1 year following 2.5 26 the election in which the issue appeared on the ballot or 27 until the Division of Elections notifies the supervisors of 2.8 elections that the committee which circulated the petition is 29 no longer seeking to obtain ballot position. 30 (9)(5) The Secretary of State shall determine from the

verification certificates received from supervisors of

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elections the total number of verified valid signatures and 2 the distribution of such signatures by congressional districts. Upon a determination that the requisite number and 3 distribution of valid signatures have been obtained, the 4 secretary shall issue a certificate of ballot position for 5 that proposed amendment and shall assign a designating number 7 pursuant to s. 101.161. A petition shall be deemed to be filed 8 with the Secretary of State upon the date of the receipt by 9 the secretary of a certificate or certificates from supervisors of elections indicating that valid and verified 10 the petition forms have has been signed by the 11 12 constitutionally required number and distribution of electors 13 pursuant to this code, subject to the right of revocation established in this section. 14

(10)(6)(a) Within 45 days after receipt of a proposed revision or amendment to the State Constitution by initiative petition from the Secretary of State or, within 30 days after such receipt if receipt occurs 120 days or less before the election at which the question of ratifying the amendment will be presented, the Financial Impact Estimating Conference shall complete an analysis and financial impact statement to be placed on the ballot of the estimated increase or decrease in any revenues or costs to state or local governments resulting from the proposed initiative. The ballot must include a statement, as prescribed by rule of the Department of State, to the effect that the financial impact statement is required under the State Constitution and the Florida Statutes and should not be construed as an endorsement by the state of the proposed revision or amendment to the State Constitution. The Financial Impact Estimating Conference shall submit the

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financial impact statement to the Attorney General and Secretary of State.

- (b)1. The Financial Impact Estimating Conference shall provide an opportunity for any proponents or opponents of the initiative to submit information and may solicit information or analysis from any other entities or agencies, including the Office of Economic and Demographic Research. All meetings of the Financial Impact Estimating Conference shall be open to the public as provided in chapter 286.
- 2. The Financial Impact Estimating Conference is established to review, analyze, and estimate the financial impact of amendments to or revisions of the State Constitution proposed by initiative. The Financial Impact Estimating Conference shall consist of four principals: one person from the Executive Office of the Governor; the coordinator of the Office of Economic and Demographic Research, or his or her designee; one person from the professional staff of the Senate; and one person from the professional staff of the House of Representatives. Each principal shall have appropriate fiscal expertise in the subject matter of the initiative. A Financial Impact Estimating Conference may be appointed for each initiative.
- 3. Principals of the Financial Impact Estimating
  Conference shall reach a consensus or majority concurrence on
  a clear and unambiguous financial impact statement, no more
  than 75 words in length, and immediately submit the statement
  to the Attorney General. Nothing in this subsection prohibits
  the Financial Impact Estimating Conference from setting forth
  a range of potential impacts in the financial impact
  statement. Any financial impact statement that a court finds
  not to be in accordance with this section shall be remanded

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solely to the Financial Impact Estimating Conference for redrafting. The Financial Impact Estimating Conference shall redraft the financial impact statement within 15 days.

- 4. If the members of the Financial Impact Estimating Conference are unable to agree on the statement required by this subsection, or if the Supreme Court has rejected the initial submission by the Financial Impact Estimating Conference and no redraft has been approved by the Supreme Court by April 1 of the year in which the general election is to be held 5 p.m. on the 75th day before the election, the following statement shall appear on the ballot pursuant to s. 101.161(1): "The financial impact of this measure, if any, cannot be reasonably determined at this time."
- (c) The financial impact statement must be separately contained and be set forth after the ballot summary as required in s. 101.161(1).
- (d)1. Any financial impact statement that the Supreme Court finds not to be in accordance with this subsection shall be remanded solely to the Financial Impact Estimating Conference for redrafting, provided the court's advisory opinion is rendered by April 1 of the year in which the general election is to be held at least 75 days before the election at which the question of ratifying the amendment will be presented. The Financial Impact Estimating Conference shall prepare and adopt a revised financial impact statement no later than 5 p.m. on the 15th day after the date of the court's opinion.
- 2. If, by 5 p.m. on <u>April 1 of the year in which the</u> <u>general election is to be held</u> the 75th day before the <u>election</u>, the Supreme Court has not issued an advisory opinion on the initial financial impact statement prepared by the

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Financial Impact Estimating Conference for an initiative amendment that otherwise meets the legal requirements for ballot placement, the financial impact statement shall be deemed approved for placement on the ballot.

- 3. In addition to the financial impact statement required by this subsection, the Financial Impact Estimating Conference shall draft an initiative financial information statement. The initiative financial information statement should describe in greater detail than the financial impact statement any projected increase or decrease in revenues or costs that the state or local governments would likely experience if the ballot measure were approved. If appropriate, the initiative financial information statement may include both estimated dollar amounts and a description placing the estimated dollar amounts into context. The initiative financial information statement must include both a summary of not more than 500 words and additional detailed information that includes the assumptions that were made to develop the financial impacts, workpapers, and any other information deemed relevant by the Financial Impact Estimating Conference.
- 4. The Department of State shall have printed, and shall furnish to each supervisor of elections, a copy of the summary from the initiative financial information statements. The supervisors shall have the summary from the initiative financial information statements available at each polling place and at the main office of the supervisor of elections upon request.
- 5. The Secretary of State and the Office of Economic and Demographic Research shall make available on the Internet each initiative financial information statement in its

entirety. In addition, each supervisor of elections whose 2 office has a website shall post the summary from each initiative financial information statement on the website. 3 Each supervisor shall include the Internet addresses for the 4 information statements on the Secretary of State's and the 5 Office of Economic and Demographic Research's websites in the 7 publication or mailing required by s. 101.20. 8 (11) (7) The Department of State may adopt rules in 9 accordance with s. 120.54 to carry out this section the provisions of subsections (1) (6). 10 Section 4. Section 28 of chapter 2005-278, Laws of 11 12 Florida, is repealed. 13 Section 5. Effective January 1, 2007, section 100.371, Florida Statutes, as amended by this act, is amended to read: 14 100.371 Initiatives; procedure for placement on 15 ballot.--16 17 (1) Constitutional amendments proposed by initiative 18 shall be placed on the ballot for the general election if an initiative petition is filed with the Secretary of State by 19 February 1 of the year in which the general election is to be 20 21 held. A petition shall be deemed to be filed with the 22 Secretary of State upon the date that the secretary determines 23 that valid and verified petitions have been signed by the constitutionally required number and distribution of electors 2.4 pursuant to this code, subject to the right of revocation 2.5 established in this section. 26 27 (2) Certification of ballot position shall be issued 2.8 when the Secretary of State has received verification 29 certificates from the supervisors of elections indicating that the requisite number and distribution of valid petitions 30

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verified by the supervisors. Every signature shall be dated by the elector when made. Signatures are valid for a period of 4 years following such date, provided all other requirements of law are satisfied.

(2)(3) The sponsor of an initiative amendment shall, prior to obtaining any signatures, register as a political committee pursuant to s. 106.03 and submit the text of the proposed amendment to the Secretary of State, with the form on which the signatures will be affixed, and shall obtain the approval of the Secretary of State of such form. The division shall adopt rules pursuant to s. 120.54 prescribing the style and requirements of such form. Upon filing with the Secretary of State, the text of the proposed amendment and all forms filed in connection with this section must, upon request, be made available in alternative formats. The contents of a petition form are limited to those items required by statute or rule. A petition form is a political advertisement as defined in s. 106.011 and, as such, must comply with all relevant requirements of chapter 106.

(3)(4) The supervisor of elections shall record the date each petition form is received by the supervisor and the date the signature on the form is verified as valid. The supervisor shall also promptly record these dates in the statewide voter registration system in the manner prescribed by the Secretary of State. The supervisor shall verify that the signature on a petition form is valid only if the form complies with all of the following:

- (a) The form must contain the original signature of the purported elector;
- 30 (b) The purported elector must accurately record on 31 the form the date on which he or she signed the form;

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- (c) The form must accurately set forth the purported elector's name, street address, county, and voter registration number or date of birth;
- (d) The purported elector must be, at the time he or she signs the form, a duly qualified and registered elector authorized to vote in the county in which his or her signature is submitted;
- (e) The date the elector signed the form, as recorded by the elector, must be no more than 30 days before the date the form is received by the supervisor of elections;
- (f) The elector must accurately record on the form whether the elector was presented with the form by a petition circulator as defined in s. 100.372;
- (g) The elector must accurately record on the form whether the elector signed the form and returned it to a petition circulator as defined in s. 100.372; and
- (h) The form must comply with the relevant requirements of s. 100.372.
- $\underline{(4)(5)}$  An elector may submit his or her signed form to the sponsor of the initiative amendment, by mail or otherwise, at an address listed on the form for this purpose.
- (5)(6) Each form must contain the following notices at the top of the form in bold type and in a 16-point or larger font, immediately following the title "Constitutional Amendment Petition Form":

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RIGHT TO MAIL IN.--You have the right to take this petition home and study the issue before signing. If you choose to sign the petition, you may return it to the sponsors of the

amendment at the following 2 address: 3 4 NATURE OF AMENDMENT. -- The merits of the 5 proposed change to the Florida Constitution 6 appearing below have not been officially 7 reviewed by any court or agency of state 8 government. 9 10 (6)(7) An elector's signature on a petition form may be revoked by submitting to the appropriate supervisor of 11 elections a signed petition-revocation form adopted by rule 13 for this purpose by the division. The petition-revocation form is subject to the same relevant requirements as the 14 corresponding petition form under this code and must be 15 approved by the Secretary of State before any signature is 16 obtained. The petition-revocation form shall be filed with the 18 supervisor of elections no later than the February 1 preceding the next general election or, if the initiative amendment is 19 not certified for ballot position in that election, no later 20 21 than the February 1 preceding the next successive general 22 election. The supervisor of elections shall promptly verify 23 the signature on the petition-revocation form and process such revocation upon payment, in advance, of a fee of 10 cents or 2.4 the actual cost of checking such signature, whichever is less. 25 (7)(8) Each signature shall be dated by the elector 26 27 when made and shall be valid for a period of 4 years following 2.8 such date, if all other requirements of law are met. The 29 sponsor shall submit signed and dated forms to the appropriate supervisor of elections for verification as to the number of 30 registered electors whose valid signatures appear thereon. The

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supervisor shall promptly verify the signatures upon payment of the fee required by s. 99.097. The supervisor shall promptly record each petition verified as valid in the statewide voter registration system in the manner prescribed by the Secretary of State. Upon completion of verification, the supervisor shall execute a certificate indicating the total number of signatures checked, the number of signatures verified as valid and as being of registered electors, number of signatures validly revoked pursuant to subsection (7), and the distribution of such signatures by congressional district. This certificate shall be immediately transmitted to the Secretary of State. The supervisor shall retain the signed petition forms and petition-revocation forms for at least 1 year following the election in which the issue appeared on the ballot or until the Division of Elections notifies the supervisors of elections that the committee which circulated the petition is no longer seeking to obtain ballot position. (8)(9) The Secretary of State shall determine from the signatures verified by the verification certificates received from supervisors of elections and recorded in the statewide voter registration system the total number of verified valid signatures and the distribution of such signatures by congressional districts. Upon a determination that the requisite number and distribution of valid signatures have been obtained, the secretary shall issue a certificate of ballot position for that proposed amendment and shall assign a designating number pursuant to s. 101.161. A petition shall be deemed to be filed with the Secretary of State upon the date of the receipt by the secretary of a certificate or certificates from supervisors of elections indicating that valid and verified petition forms have been signed by the

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constitutionally required number and distribution of electors pursuant to this code, subject to the right of revocation established in this section.

(9)(10)(a) Within 45 days after receipt of a proposed revision or amendment to the State Constitution by initiative petition from the Secretary of State, the Financial Impact Estimating Conference shall complete an analysis and financial impact statement to be placed on the ballot of the estimated increase or decrease in any revenues or costs to state or local governments resulting from the proposed initiative. The ballot must include a statement, as prescribed by rule of the Department of State, to the effect that the financial impact statement is required under the State Constitution and the Florida Statutes and should not be construed as an endorsement by the state of the proposed revision or amendment to the State Constitution. The Financial Impact Estimating Conference shall submit the financial impact statement to the Attorney General and Secretary of State.

- (b)1. The Financial Impact Estimating Conference shall provide an opportunity for any proponents or opponents of the initiative to submit information and may solicit information or analysis from any other entities or agencies, including the Office of Economic and Demographic Research. All meetings of the Financial Impact Estimating Conference shall be open to the public as provided in chapter 286.
- 2. The Financial Impact Estimating Conference is established to review, analyze, and estimate the financial impact of amendments to or revisions of the State Constitution proposed by initiative. The Financial Impact Estimating Conference shall consist of four principals: one person from the Executive Office of the Governor; the coordinator of the

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Office of Economic and Demographic Research, or his or her designee; one person from the professional staff of the Senate; and one person from the professional staff of the House of Representatives. Each principal shall have appropriate fiscal expertise in the subject matter of the initiative. A Financial Impact Estimating Conference may be appointed for each initiative.

- 3. Principals of the Financial Impact Estimating
  Conference shall reach a consensus or majority concurrence on
  a clear and unambiguous financial impact statement, no more
  than 75 words in length, and immediately submit the statement
  to the Attorney General. Nothing in this subsection prohibits
  the Financial Impact Estimating Conference from setting forth
  a range of potential impacts in the financial impact
  statement. Any financial impact statement that a court finds
  not to be in accordance with this section shall be remanded
  solely to the Financial Impact Estimating Conference for
  redrafting. The Financial Impact Estimating Conference shall
  redraft the financial impact statement within 15 days.
- 4. If the members of the Financial Impact Estimating Conference are unable to agree on the statement required by this subsection, or if the Supreme Court has rejected the initial submission by the Financial Impact Estimating Conference and no redraft has been approved by the Supreme Court by April 1 of the year in which the general election is to be held, the following statement shall appear on the ballot pursuant to s. 101.161(1): "The financial impact of this measure, if any, cannot be reasonably determined at this time."

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- (c) The financial impact statement must be separately contained and be set forth after the ballot summary as required in s. 101.161(1).
- (d)1. Any financial impact statement that the Supreme Court finds not to be in accordance with this subsection shall be remanded solely to the Financial Impact Estimating Conference for redrafting, provided the court's advisory opinion is rendered by April 1 of the year in which the general election is to be held. The Financial Impact Estimating Conference shall prepare and adopt a revised financial impact statement no later than 5 p.m. on the 15th day after the date of the court's opinion.
- 2. If, by 5 p.m. on April 1 of the year in which the general election is to be held, the Supreme Court has not issued an advisory opinion on the initial financial impact statement prepared by the Financial Impact Estimating Conference for an initiative amendment that otherwise meets the legal requirements for ballot placement, the financial impact statement shall be deemed approved for placement on the ballot.
- 3. In addition to the financial impact statement required by this subsection, the Financial Impact Estimating Conference shall draft an initiative financial information statement. The initiative financial information statement should describe in greater detail than the financial impact statement any projected increase or decrease in revenues or costs that the state or local governments would likely experience if the ballot measure were approved. If appropriate, the initiative financial information statement may include both estimated dollar amounts and a description placing the estimated dollar amounts into context. The

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initiative financial information statement must include both a summary of not more than 500 words and additional detailed information that includes the assumptions that were made to develop the financial impacts, workpapers, and any other information deemed relevant by the Financial Impact Estimating Conference.

- 4. The Department of State shall have printed, and shall furnish to each supervisor of elections, a copy of the summary from the initiative financial information statements. The supervisors shall have the summary from the initiative financial information statements available at each polling place and at the main office of the supervisor of elections upon request.
- 5. The Secretary of State and the Office of Economic and Demographic Research shall make available on the Internet each initiative financial information statement in its entirety. In addition, each supervisor of elections whose office has a website shall post the summary from each initiative financial information statement on the website. Each supervisor shall include the Internet addresses for the information statements on the Secretary of State's and the Office of Economic and Demographic Research's websites in the publication or mailing required by s. 101.20.

(10)(11) The Department of State may adopt rules in accordance with s. 120.54 to carry out this section.

Section 6. Section 100.372, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

100.372 Regulation of initiative petition circulators.--

(1) As used in this section, the term:

1	(a) "Petition circulator" means any person who, in the
2	context of a direct face-to-face conversation, presents to
3	another person for his or her possible signature a petition
4	form or petition-revocation form regarding ballot placement
5	for an initiative.
6	(b) "Paid petition circulator" means a petition
7	circulator who receives any compensation as a direct or
8	indirect consequence of the activities described in paragraph
9	<u>(a).</u>
10	(2) At the time a petition circulator presents to any
11	person for his or her possible signature a petition form or
12	petition-revocation form regarding ballot placement for an
13	initiative, the petition circulator must:
14	(a) Be at least 18 years of age;
15	(b) Be eligible to register to vote in this or any
16	other state or territory of the United States; and
17	(c) Not be a convicted felon who is ineligible to
18	register or vote under s. 97.041(2)(b).
19	(3) A paid petition circulator shall, when engaged in
20	the activities described in paragraph (1)(a), wear a prominent
21	badge, in a form and manner prescribed by rule by the
22	division, identifying him or her as a "PAID PETITION
23	CIRCULATOR."
24	(4) In addition to any other practice or action
25	permissible under law, an owner, lessee, or other person
26	lawfully exercising control over private property may:
27	(a) Prohibit persons from engaging in activity on the
28	property which supports or opposes initiatives;
29	(b) Permit or prohibit persons from engaging in
30	activity on the property in support of or opposition to a
31	particular initiative; or

1	(c) Permit persons to engage in activity on the
2	property which supports or opposes initiatives, subject to
3	restrictions with respect to time, place, and manner which are
4	reasonable and uniformly applied.
5	(5) Before being presented to a possible elector for
6	signature, a petition form or petition-revocation form
7	regarding ballot placement for an initiative must set forth
8	the following information in a format and manner prescribed by
9	rule by the division:
10	(a) The name of any organization or entity with which
11	the petition circulator is affiliated and on behalf of which
12	the petition circulator is presenting forms to electors for
13	possible signature;
14	(b) The name of the sponsor of the initiative if
15	different from the entity with which the petition circulator
16	is affiliated;
17	(c) A statement directing those seeking information
18	about initiative sponsors and their contributors to the
19	Internet address of the appropriate division website; and
20	(d) A statement disclosing whether the petition
21	circulator is a paid petition circulator, and, if so, the
22	amount or rate of compensation and the name and address of the
23	person or entity paying the compensation to the paid petition
24	circulator.
25	(6)(a) A paid petition circulator shall attach to each
26	signed petition form, petition-revocation form, or group of
27	such forms obtained by the paid petition circulator a signed
28	and dated declaration under penalty of perjury executed by the
29	paid petition circulator, in a form prescribed by rule by the
30	division. If the declaration pertains to a group of forms, the
31	forms shall be consecutively numbered on their face by the

paid petition circulator and the declaration shall refer to 2 the forms by number. (b) The declaration must include the paid petition 3 4 circulator's printed name; the street address at which he or 5 she resides, including county; the petition circulator's date 6 of birth; the petition circulator's Florida voter registration 7 number and county of registration, if applicable, or an 8 identification number from a valid government-issued photo identification card along with information identifying the 9 10 issuer; and the date he or she signed the declaration. (c) The declaration shall attest that the paid 11 12 petition circulator has read and understands the laws 13 governing the circulation of petition and petition-revocation forms regarding ballot placement for an initiative; that he or 14 she satisfied the requirements of s. 100.372(2) at the time 15 the attached form or forms were circulated and signed by the 16 listed electors; that he or she circulated the attached form 18 or forms; that each signature thereon is the signature of the person whose name it purports to be; that to the best of the 19 circulator's knowledge and belief each of the persons signing 2.0 21 the form or forms was, at the time of signing, a registered 2.2 elector; that the circulator has not provided or received, and 23 will not in the future provide or receive, compensation that is based, directly or indirectly, upon the number of 2.4 signatures obtained on petition or petition-revocation forms; 2.5 and that he or she has not paid and will not in the future 2.6 2.7 pay, and that he or she believes that no other person has paid 2.8 and will pay, directly or indirectly, any money or other thing of value to any signer for the purpose of inducing or causing 29 30 such signer to affix his or her signature to the form.

(d) A signature on a petition form or 2 petition-revocation form regarding ballot placement for an initiative to which a declaration required by this subsection 3 4 is not attached is invalid, may not be verified by the supervisor of elections, and may not be counted toward the 5 6 number of valid signatures required for ballot placement. 7 (7) Each paid petition circulator shall provide to the 8 sponsor of the initiative amendment for which he or she is 9 circulating petitions a copy of a valid and current 10 government-issued photo identification card that accurately indicates the address at which the paid petition circulator 11 resides. The sponsor of the initiative shall maintain the 12 13 copies of these identification cards in its files and shall make them available for inspection by the division, a 14 supervisor of elections, or any law enforcement agency. If a 15 sponsor fails to maintain such a copy with respect to a 16 particular paid petition circulator, all petitions obtained by 18 that paid petition circulator before the date the sponsor produces the required copy of the identification card are 19 invalid, may not be verified by the supervisor of elections, 2.0 21 and may not be counted toward the number of valid signatures 2.2 required for ballot placement. 23 (8) A signature on a petition form or petition-revocation form regarding ballot placement for an 2.4 initiative which does not fully comply with the applicable 2.5 provisions of this code, or which was obtained in violation of 2.6 2.7 the applicable provisions of this code, is invalid, may not be 2.8 verified by a supervisor of elections, and may not be counted toward the number of valid signatures required for ballot 29 30 placement. 31

Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 101.161, Florida 2 Statutes, is amended to read: 3 101.161 Referenda; ballots.--4 (1) Whenever a constitutional amendment or other public measure is submitted to the vote of the people, the 5 substance of such amendment or other public measure shall be printed in clear and unambiguous language on the ballot after 8 the list of candidates, followed by the word "yes" and also by the word "no," and shall be styled in such a manner that a 9 "yes" vote will indicate approval of the proposal and a "no" 10 vote will indicate rejection. The wording of the substance of 11 12 the amendment or other public measure and the ballot title to 13 appear on the ballot shall be embodied in the joint resolution, constitutional revision commission proposal, 14 constitutional convention proposal, taxation and budget reform 15 commission proposal, or enabling resolution or ordinance. 16 Except for amendments and ballot language proposed by joint 18 resolution, the substance of the amendment or other public measure shall be an explanatory statement, not exceeding 75 19 words in length, of the chief purpose of the measure. In 20 21 addition, for every amendment proposed by initiative, the 22 ballot shall include, following the ballot summary, a separate 23 financial impact statement concerning the measure prepared by the Financial Impact Estimating Conference in accordance with 2.4 <u>s. 100.371(10)</u> <u>s. 100.371(6)</u>. The ballot title shall consist 2.5 of a caption, not exceeding 15 words in length, by which the 26 27 measure is commonly referred to or spoken of. 2.8 Section 8. Section 33 of chapter 2005-278, Laws of Florida, is repealed. 29

Section 9. Effective January 1, 2007, subsection (1) 2 of section 101.161, Florida Statutes, as amended by this act, is amended to read: 3 4 101.161 Referenda; ballots.--5 (1) Whenever a constitutional amendment or other public measure is submitted to the vote of the people, the substance of such amendment or other public measure shall be 8 printed in clear and unambiguous language on the ballot after the list of candidates, followed by the word "yes" and also by 9 the word "no," and shall be styled in such a manner that a 10 "yes" vote will indicate approval of the proposal and a "no" 11 12 vote will indicate rejection. The wording of the substance of 13 the amendment or other public measure and the ballot title to appear on the ballot shall be embodied in the joint 14 resolution, constitutional revision commission proposal, 15 constitutional convention proposal, taxation and budget reform 16 17 commission proposal, or enabling resolution or ordinance. 18 Except for amendments and ballot language proposed by joint resolution, the substance of the amendment or other public 19 measure shall be an explanatory statement, not exceeding 75 20 21 words in length, of the chief purpose of the measure. In 22 addition, for every amendment proposed by initiative, the 23 ballot shall include, following the ballot summary, a separate financial impact statement concerning the measure prepared by 2.4 the Financial Impact Estimating Conference in accordance with 25 26 <u>s. 100.371(9)</u> s. 100.371(10). The ballot title shall consist 27 of a caption, not exceeding 15 words in length, by which the 2.8 measure is commonly referred to or spoken of. Section 10. Section 104.012, Florida Statutes, is 29 30 amended to read:

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104.012 Consideration for registration; interference with registration; soliciting registrations for compensation; alteration of registration application; failing to submit registration application.--

- (1) Any person who gives anything of value that is redeemable in cash to any person in consideration for his or her becoming a registered voter commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. This section shall not be interpreted, however, to exclude such services as transportation to the place of registration or baby-sitting in connection with the absence of an elector from home for registering.
- (2) A person who by bribery, menace, threat, or other corruption, directly or indirectly, influences, deceives, or deters or attempts to influence, deceive, or deter any person in the free exercise of that person's right to register to vote at any time, upon the first conviction, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, and, upon any subsequent conviction, commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (3) A person may not solicit or pay another person to solicit voter registrations for compensation that is based upon the number of registrations obtained. A person who violates the provisions of this subsection commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (4) A person who alters the voter registration application of any other person, without the other person's knowledge and consent, commits a felony of the third degree,

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punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s.
775.084.

(5) Any person who obtains an executed voter registration application from another person and who willfully fails to submit this application to the appropriate supervisor of elections within 10 days commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 11. Section 104.185, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

104.185 <u>Violations involving</u> petitions; knowingly signing more than once; signing another person's name or a fictitious name.--

- (1) A person who knowingly signs a petition or petitions to secure ballot position for a candidate, a minor political party, or an issue more than one time commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and, upon any subsequent conviction, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (2) A person who signs another person's name or a fictitious name to any petition to secure ballot position for a candidate, a minor political party, or an issue, or to a petition revocation form, commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and, upon any subsequent conviction, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (3) A person who willfully swears or affirms falsely
  to any oath or affirmation, willfully procures another person
  to swear or affirm falsely to an oath or affirmation, or

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willfully files a false declaration under s. 120.372(6) or
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   willfully procures another person to do so, in connection with
    or arising out of the petitioning process, commits a
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   misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s.
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    775.082 or s. 775.083, and, upon any subsequent conviction,
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    commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided
    <u>in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.</u>
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          (4) A person who willfully submits any false
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    information on a petition or petition-revocation form commits
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    a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in
    s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and, upon any subsequent conviction,
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   commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided
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    in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
          (5) A person who directly or indirectly gives or
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    promises anything of value to any other person to induce that
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    other person to sign a petition or petition-revocation form
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    commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as
   provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and, upon any subsequent
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    conviction, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable
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    as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
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          (6) A person who, by bribery, menace, threat, or other
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    corruption, directly or indirectly influences, deceives, or
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    deters, or attempts to influence, deceive, or deter, any
   person in the free exercise of that person's right to sign a
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    petition or petition-revocation form, upon the first
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    conviction commits a misdemeanor of the first degree,
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   punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and, upon
2.8
    any subsequent conviction, commits a felony of the third
    degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or
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30
    s. 775.084.
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(7) A person may not provide or receive compensation 2 that is based, directly or indirectly, upon the number of signatures obtained on petition or petition-revocation forms. 3 4 A person who violates this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 5 6 775.083, and, upon any subsequent conviction, commits a felony 7 of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 8 775.083, or s. 775.084. 9 (8) A person who alters the petition or petition-revocation form signed by any other person without 10 the other person's knowledge and consent commits a misdemeanor 11 of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or 12 13 s. 775.083, and, upon any subsequent conviction, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 14 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 15 16 (9) A person perpetrating, or attempting to perpetrate 17 or aid in the perpetration of, any fraud in connection with 18 obtaining the signature of electors on petition or petition-revocation forms commits a misdemeanor of the first 19 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, 2.0 21 and, upon any subsequent conviction, commits a felony of the 2.2 third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 23 775.083, or s. 775.084. (10) In addition to any other penalty provided for by 2.4 law, if a paid petition circulator, as defined in s. 2.5 100.372(1), violates any provision of this section, the 26 27 commission may, pursuant to s. 106.265, impose a civil penalty 2.8 in the form of a fine not to exceed \$1,000 per violation on such paid petition circulator. 29 Section 12. Section 104.42, Florida Statutes, is 30 amended to read: 31

1 l	104.42 Unlawful registrations, petitions, Fraudulent
2	registration and illegal voting; investigation
3	(1) The supervisor of elections is authorized to
4	investigate unlawful fraudulent registrations, petitions,
5	petition revocations, and illegal voting and to report his or
6	her findings to the local state attorney, the Department of
7	Law Enforcement, and the Florida Elections Commission.
8	(2) The board of county commissioners in any county
9	may appropriate funds to the supervisor of elections for the
10	purpose of investigating <u>unlawful</u> <del>fraudulent</del> registrations,
11	petitions, petition revocations, and illegal voting.
12	(3) The supervisor of elections shall document and
13	report suspected unlawful registrations, petitions, petition
14	revocations, and voting to the Florida Elections Commission
15	within 10 days after acquiring reasonable suspicion concerning
16	the lawfulness of the registrations, petitions, petition
17	revocations, and voting.
18	Section 13. Any signature gathered on a previously
19	approved initiative petition form that has been submitted for
20	verification before August 1, 2006, may be verified and
21	counted, if otherwise valid. However, any initiative petition
22	form that is submitted for verification on or after that date
23	may be verified and counted only if it complies with this act
24	and has been approved by the Secretary of State before
25	obtaining elector signatures.
26	Section 14. If any provision of this act or its
27	application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the
28	invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of
29	the act which can be given effect without the invalid

30 provision or application, and to this end the provisions of

31 <u>this act are severable.</u>

Section 15. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect August 1, 2006. SENATE SUMMARY Revises the process related to gathering, submission, and verification of petitions. Provides requirements for petition circulators, including paid petition circulators. Requires certain information to be included on petition forms at the time signatures are sought and when submitted for verification. Prohibits certain conduct related to the petition process and to submission and copying completed voter registration applications and provides criminal penalties therefor. Provides that signatures submitted for verification before August 1 2006, need not comply with the amended standards but that previously approved forms must be resubmitted for approval under the amended standards.