## CHAMBER ACTION

The Local Government Council recommends the following:

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## Council/Committee Substitute

Remove the entire bill and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to affordable housing; creating s. 125.379, F.S.; providing for disposition of county property for affordable housing; amending s. 163.31771, F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending s. 163.3187, F.S.; revising a limitation relating to small scale comprehensive plan amendments involving the construction of affordable housing units; creating s. 166.0451, F.S.; providing for disposition of municipal property for affordable housing; amending s. 189.4155, F.S.; authorizing independent special districts to provide for employee housing and housing assistance; amending s. 191.006, F.S.; authorizing independent special fire control districts to provide employee housing and housing assistance; amending s. 193.017, F.S.; authorizing the Florida Housing Finance Corporation and the Department of Revenue to annually set the capitalization rate used for assessing just valuation of affordable housing properties; creating s. 193.018, F.S.; creating the Manny Diaz

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Affordable Housing Property Tax Relief Initiative; providing criteria for assessing just valuation of affordable housing properties serving persons of low, moderate, very-low, and extremely low incomes; amending s. 196.1978, F.S.; specifying what constitutes a nonprofit entity for purposes of affordable housing property tax exemption; conforming cross-references; amending s. 201.15, F.S.; removing a cap on certain funds distributed to the State Housing Trust Fund; amending ss. 212.08, 220.183, and 624.5105, F.S.; increasing the amount of available tax credits against the sales tax, corporate income tax, and insurance premium tax, respectively, for projects under the community contribution tax credit program and providing separate annual limitations for certain projects; revising requirements and procedures for the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development in granting tax credits under the program; conforming crossreferences; amending s. 253.034, F.S.; providing for the disposition of state lands for affordable housing; amending s. 295.16, F.S.; expanding the disabled veteran exemption from certain license and permit fees relating to dwelling improvements; amending s. 380.06, F.S.; providing a greater substantial deviation threshold for the provision of affordable housing in a development of regional impact; conforming cross-references; amending s. 380.0651, F.S.; providing a statewide quidelines and standards bonus for the provision of workforce housing; amending s. 420.0004, F.S.; defining the term "extremely Page 2 of 89

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low-income persons"; conforming cross-references; repealing s. 420.37, F.S., relating to additional powers of the Florida Housing Finance Corporation; amending s. 420.503, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "farmworker" under the Florida Housing Finance Corporation Act; providing rulemaking authority; amending s. 420.5061, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 420.507, F.S.; revising and expanding the powers of the Florida Housing Finance Corporation relating to mortgage loan interest rates, loans, loan relief, uses of loan funds, subsidiary business entities, data reporting, and disaster recovery and reconstruction; providing certain emergency rulemaking authority; amending s. 420.5087, F.S.; increasing the population criteria for the State Apartment Incentive Loan Program; revising criteria for loans; conforming cross-references; amending s. 420.5088, F.S.; expanding the scope of the Florida Homeownership Assistance Program; revising loan requirements; deleting a provision reserving program funds for certain borrowers; creating s. 420.5095, F.S.; creating the Community Workforce Housing Innovation Program; providing the Florida Housing Finance Corporation with certain powers and responsibilities relating to the program; requiring the program to target certain entities; requiring the program to supplement existing affordable housing programs; providing application requirements; providing incentives for program applicants; amending s. 420.9071, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 420.9072, Page 3 of 89

F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending s. 420.9075, F.S.; requiring local housing assistance plans to define essential service personnel for the county or eliqible municipality and to contain a strategy for the recruitment and retention of such personnel; providing a goal for provision of funds for homeownership for very-low-income individuals; amending s. 420.9076, F.S.; revising a crossreference; amending s. 420.9079, F.S.; revising the maximum appropriation the Florida Housing Finance Corporation may request each state fiscal year; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 1001.42, F.S.; authorizing district school boards to provide affordable housing for certain teachers and other instructional personnel; amending s. 1013.01, F.S.; providing that certain affordable and workforce housing for teachers and other school personnel may qualify as educational facilities; amending s. 1013.15, F.S.; authorizing the board to rent or lease certain property to school and instructional personnel; providing appropriations; providing effective dates.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

102103

Section 1. Section 125.379, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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125.379 Disposition of county property for affordable housing.--

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(1) By January 1, 2007, and every 3 years thereafter, each county shall prepare an inventory list of all real property within its jurisdiction to which the county holds fee simple title. The inventory list must include the address and legal description of each real property and specify whether the property is vacant or improved. County planning staff shall review the inventory list and identify each property that is appropriate for use as affordable housing. The time for preparing the inventory list and its review by county planning staff may not exceed 6 months. The properties identified as appropriate for use as affordable housing may be offered for sale and the proceeds used to purchase land for the development of affordable housing or donated to the local housing trust fund, sold with a restriction that requires any development on the property to include a specified percentage of permanent affordable housing, or donated to a nonprofit housing organization for the construction of permanent affordable housing.

(2) After completing an inventory list, the board of county commissioners shall hold at least two public hearings to discuss the inventory list and staff's recommendation concerning which properties are appropriate for use as affordable housing. The board shall comply with the provisions of s. 125.66(4)(b)1. regarding the advertisement of the public hearings and shall hold the first hearing no later than 30 days after completing the inventory list. The board shall approve the inventory list through the adoption of a resolution at the second hearing no later than 6 months after completing the inventory list.

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(3) After the inventory list has been approved by resolution, the board of county commissioners shall immediately make available any real property that has been identified in the inventory list as appropriate for use as affordable housing. The county shall make the surplus real property available to:

- (a) A private developer if the purchase price paid by the developer is not less than the appraised value of the property based on its highest and best use and the real property is sold with deed restrictions that require a specified percentage of any project developed on the real property to provide affordable housing for low-income and moderate-income persons, with a minimum of 10 percent of the units in the project available for low-income persons and another 10 percent of the units available for moderate-income persons for a total minimum of 20 percent, or, if providing rental housing or a combination of rental housing and homeownership, an additional 5 percent of the units available for very-low-income persons for a total minimum of 25 percent;
- (b) A private developer without any requirement that a percentage of the units built on the real property be affordable if the purchase price paid by the developer is not less than the appraised value of the property based on its highest and best use, in which case the county must use the funds received from the developer to acquire real property on which affordable housing will be built or donate the funds to the local housing trust fund for the purpose of implementing the programs described in ss. 420.907-420.9079; or

(c) A nonprofit housing organization, such as a community land trust, housing authority, or community redevelopment agency to be used for the production and preservation of permanent affordable housing.

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- (4) The deed restrictions required under paragraph (3)(a) for an affordable housing unit must also prohibit the sale of the unit at a price that exceeds the threshold for housing that is affordable for low-income or moderate-income persons or to a buyer who is not eligible due to his or her income under chapter 420. The deed restrictions may allow the affordable housing units created under paragraph (3)(a) to be rented to extremely low-income, very-low-income, low-income, or moderate-income persons.
- (5) For purposes of this section, the terms "affordable," "low-income persons," "moderate-income persons," "very-low-income persons", and "extremely low-income persons" have the same meaning as in s. 420.0004.
- Section 2. Paragraphs (d), (e), and (f) of subsection (2) of section 163.31771, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
  - 163.31771 Accessory dwelling units.--
  - (2) As used in this section, the term:
- (d) "Low-income persons" has the same meaning as in s. 420.0004(10)(9).
  - (e) "Moderate-income persons" has the same meaning as in s.  $420.0004(11)\frac{(10)}{}$ .
- (f) "Very-low-income persons" has the same meaning as in s. 420.0004(15)(14).

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Section 3. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 163.3187, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.3187 Amendment of adopted comprehensive plan. --

- (1) Amendments to comprehensive plans adopted pursuant to this part may be made not more than two times during any calendar year, except:
- (c) Any local government comprehensive plan amendments directly related to proposed small scale development activities may be approved without regard to statutory limits on the frequency of consideration of amendments to the local comprehensive plan. A small scale development amendment may be adopted only under the following conditions:
- 1. The proposed amendment involves a use of 10 acres or fewer and:
- a. The cumulative annual effect of the acreage for all small scale development amendments adopted by the local government shall not exceed:
- (I) A maximum of 120 acres in a local government that contains areas specifically designated in the local comprehensive plan for urban infill, urban redevelopment, or downtown revitalization as defined in s. 163.3164, urban infill and redevelopment areas designated under s. 163.2517, transportation concurrency exception areas approved pursuant to s. 163.3180(5), or regional activity centers and urban central business districts approved pursuant to s. 380.06(2)(e); however, amendments under this paragraph may be applied to no more than 60 acres annually of property outside the designated areas listed in this sub-sub-subparagraph. Amendments adopted Page 8 of 89

pursuant to paragraph (k) shall not be counted toward the acreage limitations for small scale amendments under this paragraph.

- (II) A maximum of 80 acres in a local government that does not contain any of the designated areas set forth in sub-sub-subparagraph (I).
- (III) A maximum of 120 acres in a county established pursuant to s. 9, Art. VIII of the State Constitution.
- b. The proposed amendment does not involve the same property granted a change within the prior 12 months.
- c. The proposed amendment does not involve the same owner's property within 200 feet of property granted a change within the prior 12 months.
- d. The proposed amendment does not involve a text change to the goals, policies, and objectives of the local government's comprehensive plan, but only proposes a land use change to the future land use map for a site-specific small scale development activity.
- e. The property that is the subject of the proposed amendment is not located within an area of critical state concern, unless the project subject to the proposed amendment involves the construction of affordable housing units meeting the criteria of s. 420.0004(3), and is located within an area of critical state concern designated by s. 380.0552 or by the Administration Commission pursuant to s. 380.05(1). Such amendment is not subject to the density limitations of subsubparagraph f., and shall be reviewed by the state land planning agency for consistency with the principles for guiding Page 9 of 89

development applicable to the area of critical state concern where the amendment is located and shall not become effective until a final order is issued under s. 380.05(6).

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- If the proposed amendment involves a residential land use, the residential land use has a density of 10 units or less per acre or the proposed future land use category allows a maximum residential density of the same or less than the maximum residential density allowable under the existing future land use category, except that this limitation does not apply to small scale amendments involving the construction of affordable housing units meeting the criteria of s. 420.0004(3) on property which will be the subject of a land use restriction agreement or extended use agreement recorded in conjunction with the issuance of tax exempt bond financing or an allocation of federal tax credits issued through the Florida Housing Finance Corporation or a local housing finance authority authorized by the Division of Bond Finance of the State Board of Administration, or small scale amendments described in sub-sub-subparagraph a.(I) that are designated in the local comprehensive plan for urban infill, urban redevelopment, or downtown revitalization as defined in s. 163.3164, urban infill and redevelopment areas designated under s. 163.2517, transportation concurrency exception areas approved pursuant to s. 163.3180(5), or regional activity centers and urban central business districts approved pursuant to s. 380.06(2)(e).
- 2.a. A local government that proposes to consider a plan amendment pursuant to this paragraph is not required to comply with the procedures and public notice requirements of s.

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163.3184(15)(c) for such plan amendments if the local government complies with the provisions in s. 125.66(4)(a) for a county or in s. 166.041(3)(c) for a municipality. If a request for a plan amendment under this paragraph is initiated by other than the local government, public notice is required.

- b. The local government shall send copies of the notice and amendment to the state land planning agency, the regional planning council, and any other person or entity requesting a copy. This information shall also include a statement identifying any property subject to the amendment that is located within a coastal high-hazard area as identified in the local comprehensive plan.
- 3. Small scale development amendments adopted pursuant to this paragraph require only one public hearing before the governing board, which shall be an adoption hearing as described in s. 163.3184(7), and are not subject to the requirements of s. 163.3184(3)-(6) unless the local government elects to have them subject to those requirements.
- 4. If the small scale development amendment involves a site within an area that is designated by the Governor as a rural area of critical economic concern under s. 288.0656(7) for the duration of such designation, the 10-acre limit listed in subparagraph 1. shall be increased by 100 percent to 20 acres. The local government approving the small scale plan amendment shall certify to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development that the plan amendment furthers the economic objectives set forth in the executive order issued under s. 288.0656(7), and the property subject to the plan amendment Page 11 of 89

shall undergo public review to ensure that all concurrency requirements and federal, state, and local environmental permit requirements are met.

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Section 4. Section 166.0451, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

166.0451 Disposition of municipal property for affordable housing.--

- (1) By January 1, 2007, and every 3 years thereafter, each municipality shall prepare an inventory list of all real property within its jurisdiction to which the municipality holds fee simple title. The inventory list must include the address and legal description of each property and specify whether the property is vacant or improved. Municipal planning staff shall review the inventory list and identify each real property that is appropriate for use as affordable housing. The time for preparing the inventory list and its review by municipal planning staff may not exceed 6 months. The properties identified as appropriate for use as affordable housing may be offered for sale and the proceeds used to purchase land for the development of affordable housing or donated to the local housing trust fund, sold with a restriction that requires any development on the property to include a specified percentage of permanent affordable housing, or donated to a nonprofit housing organization for the construction of permanent affordable housing.
- (2) Upon completing an inventory list in compliance with this section, the governing body of the municipality shall hold at least two public hearings to discuss the inventory list and

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the recommendation of the staff concerning which properties are appropriate for use as affordable housing. The governing body shall comply with s. 166.041(3)(c)2.a. regarding the advertisement of the public hearings and shall hold the first hearing no later than 30 days after completing the inventory list. The governing body shall approve the inventory list through the adoption of a resolution at the second hearing no later than 6 months after completing the inventory list.

- (3) After the inventory list has been approved by resolution, the governing body of the municipality shall immediately make available any real property that has been identified in the inventory list as appropriate for use as affordable housing. The municipality shall make the surplus real property available to:
- (a) A private developer if the purchase price paid by the developer is not less than the appraised value of the property based on its highest and best use and the real property is sold with deed restrictions that require a specified percentage of any project developed on the real property to provide affordable housing for low-income and moderate-income persons, with a minimum of 10 percent of the units in the project available for low-income persons and another 10 percent of the units available for moderate-income persons for a total minimum of 20 percent, or, if providing rental housing or a combination of rental housing and homeownership, an additional 5 percent of the units available for very-low-income persons for a total minimum of 25 percent;

(b) A private developer without any requirement that a percentage of the units built on the real property be affordable if the purchase price paid by the developer is not less than the appraised value of the property based on its highest and best use, in which case the municipality must use the funds received from the developer to acquire real property on which affordable housing will be built or donate the funds to the local housing trust fund for the purpose of implementing the programs described in ss. 420.907-420.9079; or

- (c) A nonprofit housing organization, such as a community land trust, housing authority, or community land trust, housing authority, or community redevelopment agency to be used for the production and preservation of permanently affordable housing.
- (4) The deed restrictions required under paragraph (3) (a) for an affordable housing unit must also prohibit the sale of the unit at a price that exceeds the threshold for housing that is affordable for low-income or moderate-income persons or to a buyer who is not eligible due to his or her income under chapter 420. The deed restrictions may allow the affordable housing units created under paragraph (3) (a) to be rented to extremely low-income, very-low-income, low-income, or moderate-income persons.
- (5) For purposes of this section, the terms "affordable," "extremely low-income persons," "low-income persons," "moderate-income persons," and "very-low-income persons" have the same meaning as in s. 420.0004.
- Section 5. Subsection (6) is added to section 189.4155,

  Florida Statutes, to read:

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189.4155 Activities of special districts; local government comprehensive planning.--

- (6) Any independent special district created pursuant to special act or general law, including, but not limited to, this chapter and chapters 190, 191, and 298, for the purpose of providing urban infrastructure of services, is authorized to provide housing and housing assistance for persons eligible under s. 420.5095.
- Section 6. Subsection (19) is added to section 191.006, 393 Florida Statutes, to read:
  - 191.006 General powers.--The district shall have, and the board may exercise by majority vote, the following powers:
  - (19) To provide housing and housing assistance for persons eligible under s. 420.5095.
    - Section 7. Subsection (5) is added to section 193.017, Florida Statutes, to read:
  - 193.017 Low-income housing tax credit.--Property used for affordable housing which has received a low-income housing tax credit from the Florida Housing Finance Corporation, as authorized by s. 420.5099, shall be assessed under s. 193.011 and, consistent with s. 420.5099(5) and (6), pursuant to this section.
  - (5) If a capitalization rate is used to assess just valuation for the affordable housing property, the appraiser shall use a capitalization rate that is comparable to a rate used for nonaffordable market-based properties.
- Section 8. Section 193.018, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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412 193.018 The Manny Diaz Affordable Housing Property Tax 413 Relief Initiative. --(1) For the purpose of assessing just valuation of 414 415 affordable housing properties serving persons with income limits 416 defined as extremely low, low, moderate, and very low, as specified in s. 420.0004(8), (10), (11), and (15), the actual 417 418 rental income from rent-restricted units in such a property 419 shall be recognized by the property appraiser for assessment 420 purposes, and a rental income approach pursuant to s. 193.011(7) 421 shall be used for assessment of the rents for the following 422 affordable housing properties: Property that is funded by the United States 423 424 Department of Housing and Urban Development under s. 8 of the 425 United States Housing Act of 1937 that is used to provide affordable housing serving eligible persons as defined by s. 426 159.603(7) and elderly persons, extremely low-income persons, 427 428 and very-low-income persons as defined by s. 420.0004(7), (8), 429 and (15) and that has undergone financial restructuring as provided in s. 501, Title V, Subtitle A of the Multifamily 430 Assisted Housing Reform and Affordability Act of 1997; 431 Multifamily, farmworker, or elderly rental properties 432 (b) 433 that are funded by the Florida Housing Finance Corporation under 434 ss. 420.5087 and 420.5089 and the State Housing Initiatives 435 Partnership Program under ss. 420.9072 and 420.9075, s. 42 of 436 the Internal Revenue Code; the HOME Investment Partnership 437 Program under the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act, 42 U.S.C. s. 12741 et seq.; or the Federal Home Loan Banks' 438 439 Affordable Housing Program established pursuant to the Financial

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Institutions Reform, Recovery and Enforcement Act of 1989, Pub.

L. No. 101-73; or

- (c) Multifamily residential rental properties of 10 or more units that are certified by the local housing agency as having at least 95 percent of its units providing affordable housing to extremely low-income persons, very-low-income persons, low-income persons, and moderate-income persons as defined by s. 420.0004(8), (15), (10), and (11).
- (2) Properties used for affordable housing which have received a low-income housing tax credit from the Florida

  Housing Finance Corporation, as authorized by s. 420.5099, shall be assessed with priority consideration given to the rental income approach under s. 193.011(7) and, consistent with s. 420.5099(5) and (6), pursuant to this section, the following assumptions shall apply:
- (a) The tax credits granted and the financing generated by the tax credits may not be considered as income to the property.
- (b) The actual rental income from rent-restricted units in such a property shall be recognized by the property appraiser as the real rents for assessing just value.
- (c) Any costs paid for by tax credits and costs paid for by additional financing proceeds received under chapter 420 may not be included in the valuation of the property.
- (d) If an extended low-income housing agreement is filed in the official public records of the county in which the property is located, the agreement, and any recorded amendment or supplement thereto, shall be considered a land-use regulation

and a limitation on the highest and best use of the property
during the term of the agreement, amendment, or supplement.

Section 9. Section 196.1978, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

196.1978 Affordable housing property exemption. --

- (1) Property used to provide affordable housing serving eligible persons as defined by s. 159.603(7) and persons meeting income limits specified in s. 420.0004(10)(9), (11)(10), and (15)(14), which property is owned entirely by a nonprofit entity which is qualified as charitable under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and which complies with Rev. Proc. 96-32, 1996-1 C.B. 717, shall be considered property owned by an exempt entity and used for a charitable purpose, and those portions of the affordable housing property which provide housing to individuals with incomes as defined in s. 420.0004(10)(9) and (15)(14) shall be exempt from ad valorem taxation to the extent authorized in s. 196.196.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, ownership entirely by a nonprofit entity is classified as ownership by either:
  - (a) A corporation not for profit; or
- (b) A Florida limited partnership the sole general partner of which is either a corporation not for profit or a Florida limited liability company or corporation the sole member or shareholder, respectively, of which is a corporation not for profit.
- (3) All property owned by a nonprofit entity identified in this section shall comply with the criteria for determination of exempt status to be applied by property appraisers on an annual Page 18 of 89

basis as defined in s. 196.195. The Legislature intends that any property owned by a limited liability company which is disregarded as an entity for federal income tax purposes pursuant to Treasury Regulation 301.7701-3(b)(1)(ii) shall be treated as owned by its sole member.

Section 10. Effective July 1, 2007, subsections (9) and (10) of section 201.15, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 1 of chapter 2005-92, Laws of Florida, are amended to read:

- 201.15 Distribution of taxes collected.--All taxes collected under this chapter shall be distributed as follows and shall be subject to the service charge imposed in s. 215.20(1), except that such service charge shall not be levied against any portion of taxes pledged to debt service on bonds to the extent that the amount of the service charge is required to pay any amounts relating to the bonds:
- (9) The lesser of Seven and fifty-three hundredths percent of the remaining taxes collected under this chapter or \$107 million in each fiscal year shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the State Housing Trust Fund and shall be used as follows:
- (a) Half of that amount shall be used for the purposes for which the State Housing Trust Fund was created and exists by law.
- (b) Half of that amount shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the Local Government Housing Trust Fund and shall be used for the purposes for which the Local Government Housing Trust Fund was created and exists by law.

(10) The lesser of Eight and sixty-six hundredths percent of the remaining taxes collected under this chapter or \$136 million in each fiscal year shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the State Housing Trust Fund and shall be used as follows:

- (a) Twelve and one-half percent of that amount shall be deposited into the State Housing Trust Fund and be expended by the Department of Community Affairs and by the Florida Housing Finance Corporation for the purposes for which the State Housing Trust Fund was created and exists by law.
- (b) Eighty-seven and one-half percent of that amount shall be distributed to the Local Government Housing Trust Fund and shall be used for the purposes for which the Local Government Housing Trust Fund was created and exists by law. Funds from this category may also be used to provide for state and local services to assist the homeless.
- Section 11. Paragraphs (o) and (q) of subsection (5) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions.--The sale at retail, the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.
  - (5) EXEMPTIONS; ACCOUNT OF USE. --
  - (o) Building materials in redevelopment projects.--
  - 1. As used in this paragraph, the term:

"Building materials" means tangible personal property that becomes a component part of a housing project or a mixeduse project.

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- "Housing project" means the conversion of an existing manufacturing or industrial building to housing units in an urban high-crime area, enterprise zone, empowerment zone, Front Porch Community, designated brownfield area, or urban infill area and in which the developer agrees to set aside at least 20 percent of the housing units in the project for low-income and moderate-income persons or the construction in a designated brownfield area of affordable housing for persons described in s.  $420.0004(8)\frac{(9)}{(11)}$ ,  $(11)\frac{(10)}{(10)}$ , or  $(15)\frac{(14)}{(14)}$ , or in s. 159.603(7).
- "Mixed-use project" means the conversion of an existing manufacturing or industrial building to mixed-use units that include artists' studios, art and entertainment services, or other compatible uses. A mixed-use project must be located in an urban high-crime area, enterprise zone, empowerment zone, Front Porch Community, designated brownfield area, or urban infill area, and the developer must agree to set aside at least 20 percent of the square footage of the project for low-income and moderate-income housing.
- "Substantially completed" has the same meaning as provided in s. 192.042(1).
- Building materials used in the construction of a housing project or mixed-use project are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter upon an affirmative showing to the satisfaction of the department that the requirements of this paragraph have been met. This exemption inures to the owner

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through a refund of previously paid taxes. To receive this refund, the owner must file an application under oath with the department which includes:

a. The name and address of the owner.

- b. The address and assessment roll parcel number of the project for which a refund is sought.
  - c. A copy of the building permit issued for the project.
- d. A certification by the local building code inspector that the project is substantially completed.
- e. A sworn statement, under penalty of perjury, from the general contractor licensed in this state with whom the owner contracted to construct the project, which statement lists the building materials used in the construction of the project and the actual cost thereof, and the amount of sales tax paid on these materials. If a general contractor was not used, the owner shall provide this information in a sworn statement, under penalty of perjury. Copies of invoices evidencing payment of sales tax must be attached to the sworn statement.
- 3. An application for a refund under this paragraph must be submitted to the department within 6 months after the date the project is deemed to be substantially completed by the local building code inspector. Within 30 working days after receipt of the application, the department shall determine if it meets the requirements of this paragraph. A refund approved pursuant to this paragraph shall be made within 30 days after formal approval of the application by the department. The provisions of s. 212.095 do not apply to any refund application made under this paragraph.

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4. The department shall establish by rule an application form and criteria for establishing eligibility for exemption under this paragraph.

- 5. The exemption shall apply to purchases of materials on or after July 1, 2000.
  - (q) Community contribution tax credit for donations. --
- 1. Authorization.--Beginning July 1, 2001, Persons who are registered with the department under s. 212.18 to collect or remit sales or use tax and who make donations to eligible sponsors are eligible for tax credits against their state sales and use tax liabilities as provided in this paragraph:
- a. The credit shall be computed as 50 percent of the person's approved annual community contribution.  $\div$
- b. The credit shall be granted as a refund against state sales and use taxes reported on returns and remitted in the 12 months preceding the date of application to the department for the credit as required in sub-subparagraph 3.c. If the annual credit is not fully used through such refund because of insufficient tax payments during the applicable 12-month period, the unused amount may be included in an application for a refund made pursuant to sub-subparagraph 3.c. in subsequent years against the total tax payments made for such year. Carryover credits may be applied for a 3-year period without regard to any time limitation that would otherwise apply under s. 215.26.7
- c. A person may not receive more than \$200,000 in annual tax credits for all approved community contributions made in any one year.  $\div$

d. All proposals for the granting of the tax credit require the prior approval of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.  $\div$ 

- e. The total amount of tax credits which may be granted for all programs approved under this paragraph, s. 220.183, and s. 624.5105 is \$10 \$12 million annually for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income persons as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) and \$3 million annually for all other projects.; and
- f. A person who is eligible to receive the credit provided for in this paragraph, s. 220.183, or s. 624.5105 may receive the credit only under the one section of the person's choice.
  - 2. Eligibility requirements. --
- a. A community contribution by a person must be in the following form:
  - (I) Cash or other liquid assets;
  - (II) Real property;

- (III) Goods or inventory; or
- (IV) Other physical resources as identified by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- b. All community contributions must be reserved exclusively for use in a project. As used in this subsubparagraph, the term "project" means any activity undertaken by an eligible sponsor which is designed to construct, improve, or substantially rehabilitate housing that is affordable to low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28); designed to provide commercial, industrial, or public resources and facilities; or designed to

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 improve entrepreneurial and job-development opportunities for low-income persons. A project may be the investment necessary to increase access to high-speed broadband capability in rural communities with enterprise zones, including projects that result in improvements to communications assets that are owned by a business. A project may include the provision of museum educational programs and materials that are directly related to any project approved between January 1, 1996, and December 31, 1999, and located in an enterprise zone designated pursuant to s. 290.0065. This paragraph does not preclude projects that propose to construct or rehabilitate housing for low-income or very-low-income households on scattered sites. With respect to housing, contributions may be used to pay the following eligible low-income and very-low-income housing-related activities:

- (I) Project development impact and management fees for low-income or very-low-income housing projects;
- (II) Down payment and closing costs for eligible persons, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28);
- (III) Administrative costs, including housing counseling and marketing fees, not to exceed 10 percent of the community contribution, directly related to low-income or very-low-income projects; and
- (IV) Removal of liens recorded against residential property by municipal, county, or special district local governments when satisfaction of the lien is a necessary precedent to the transfer of the property to an eligible person, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28), for the purpose of

promoting home ownership. Contributions for lien removal must be received from a nonrelated third party.

- c. The project must be undertaken by an "eligible sponsor," which includes:
  - (I) A community action program;
- (II) A nonprofit community-based development organization whose mission is the provision of housing for low-income or very-low-income households or increasing entrepreneurial and job-development opportunities for low-income persons;
  - (III) A neighborhood housing services corporation;
  - (IV) A local housing authority created under chapter 421;
  - (V) A community redevelopment agency created under s.
- 699 163.356;

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- (VI) The Florida Industrial Development Corporation;
- 701 (VII) A historic preservation district agency or 702 organization;
- 703 (VIII) A regional workforce board;
- 704 (IX) A direct-support organization as provided in s.
- 705 1009.983;
- 706 (X) An enterprise zone development agency created under s.
- 707 290.0056;
- 708 (XI) A community-based organization incorporated under
- 709 chapter 617 which is recognized as educational, charitable, or
- 710 scientific pursuant to s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code
- and whose bylaws and articles of incorporation include
- 712 affordable housing, economic development, or community
- 713 development as the primary mission of the corporation;
- 714 (XII) Units of local government;

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(XIII) Units of state government; or

(XIV) Any other agency that the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development designates by rule.

In no event may a contributing person have a financial interest in the eligible sponsor.

- d. The project must be located in an area designated an enterprise zone or a Front Porch Florida Community pursuant to s. 20.18(6), unless the project increases access to high-speed broadband capability for rural communities with enterprise zones but is physically located outside the designated rural zone boundaries. Any project designed to construct or rehabilitate housing for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.0971(19) and (28) is exempt from the area requirement of this sub-subparagraph.
- e.(I) For the first 6 months of the fiscal year, the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall reserve 80 percent of the first \$10 million in available annual tax credits and 70 percent of any available annual tax credits in excess of \$10 million for donations made to eligible sponsors for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28). If any such reserved annual tax credits remain after the first 6 months of the fiscal year, the office may approve the balance of these available credits for donations made to eligible sponsors for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households.

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(II) For the first 6 months of the fiscal year, the office shall reserve 20 percent of the first \$10 million in available annual tax credits and 30 percent of any available annual tax credits in excess of \$10 million for donations made to eligible sponsors for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28). If any reserved annual tax credits remain after the first 6 months of the fiscal year, the office may approve the balance of these available credits for donations made to eligible sponsors for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households.

(III) If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-lowincome persons as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for less than the available annual tax credits available for those projects <del>reserved under sub subparagraph</del> (I), the office shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, firstserved basis for any subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the first 6 months of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income persons as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for more than the available annual tax credits available for those projects reserved under sub-sub-subparagraph (I), the office

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shall grant the tax credits for  $\underline{\text{those}}$   $\underline{\text{the}}$  applications as follows:

- (A) If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor do not exceed \$200,000 in total, the credits shall be granted in full if the tax credit applications are approved, subject to sub-sub-subparagraph (I).
- (B) If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor exceed \$200,000 in total, the amount of tax credits granted pursuant to sub-sub-sub-subparagraph (A) shall be subtracted from the amount of available tax credits under sub-subparagraph (I), and the remaining credits shall be granted to each approved tax credit application on a pro rata basis.
- (C) If, after the first 6 months of the fiscal year, additional credits become available under sub-sub-subparagraph (II), the office shall grant the tax credits by first granting to those who received a pro-rata reduction up to the full amount of their request and, if there are remaining credits, granting credits to those who applied on or after the 11th business day of the state fiscal year on a first come, first served basis.
- (II) (IV) If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income persons as defined in s.

  420.9071(19) and (28) are received for less than the available annual tax credits available for those projects reserved under sub-sub-subparagraph (II), the office shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on Page 29 of 89

a first-come, first-served basis for any subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the first 6 months of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eliqible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income persons as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for more than the available annual tax credits available for those projects reserved under sub-sub-subparagraph (II), the office shall grant the tax credits for those the applications on a pro rata basis. If, after the first 6 months of the fiscal year, additional credits become available under sub-sub-subparagraph (I), the office shall grant the tax credits by first granting to those who received a pro rata reduction up to the full amount of their request and, if there are remaining credits, granting credits to those who applied on or after the 11th business day of the state fiscal year on a first-come, first-served basis.

3. Application requirements. --

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a. Any eligible sponsor seeking to participate in this program must submit a proposal to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development which sets forth the name of the sponsor, a description of the project, and the area in which the project is located, together with such supporting information as is prescribed by rule. The proposal must also contain a resolution from the local governmental unit in which the project is located certifying that the project is consistent with local plans and regulations.

b. Any person seeking to participate in this program must submit an application for tax credit to the office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development which sets forth the name of the sponsor, a description of the project, and the type, value, and purpose of the contribution. The sponsor shall verify the terms of the application and indicate its receipt of the contribution, which verification must be in writing and accompany the application for tax credit. The person must submit a separate tax credit application to the office for each individual contribution that it makes to each individual project.

- c. Any person who has received notification from the office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development that a tax credit has been approved must apply to the department to receive the refund. Application must be made on the form prescribed for claiming refunds of sales and use taxes and be accompanied by a copy of the notification. A person may submit only one application for refund to the department within any 12-month period.
  - 4. Administration. --

- a. The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 necessary to administer this paragraph, including rules for the approval or disapproval of proposals by a person.
- b. The decision of the office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development must be in writing, and, if approved, the notification shall state the maximum credit allowable to the person. Upon approval, the office shall transmit a copy of the decision to the Department of Revenue.

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c. The office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall periodically monitor all projects in a manner consistent with available resources to ensure that resources are used in accordance with this paragraph; however, each project must be reviewed at least once every 2 years.

- d. The office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall, in consultation with the Department of Community Affairs, the Florida Housing Finance Corporation, and the statewide and regional housing and financial intermediaries, market the availability of the community contribution tax credit program to community-based organizations.
- 5. Expiration.--This paragraph expires June 30, 2015; however, any accrued credit carryover that is unused on that date may be used until the expiration of the 3-year carryover period for such credit.
- Section 12. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 220.183, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
  - 220.183 Community contribution tax credit. --
- (1) AUTHORIZATION TO GRANT COMMUNITY CONTRIBUTION TAX
  CREDITS; LIMITATIONS ON INDIVIDUAL CREDITS AND PROGRAM
  SPENDING.--
- (c) The total amount of tax credit which may be granted for all programs approved under this section, s. 212.08(5)(q), and s. 624.5105 is \$10 \$12 million annually for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income persons as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) and \$3 million annually for all other projects.

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(2) ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS. --

(b)1. All community contributions must be reserved exclusively for use in projects as defined in s. 220.03(1)(t).

2. For the first 6 months of the fiscal year, the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall reserve 80 percent of the first \$10 million in available annual tax credits, and 70 percent of any available annual tax credits in excess of \$10 million, for donations made to eligible sponsors for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very low income households as defined in s.

420.9071(19) and (28). If any reserved annual tax credits remain after the first 6 months of the fiscal year, the office may approve the balance of these available credits for donations made to eligible sponsors for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for low income or very low-income households.

3. For the first 6 months of the fiscal year, the office shall reserve 20 percent of the first \$10 million in available annual tax credits, and 30 percent of any available annual tax credits in excess of \$10 million, for donations made to eligible sponsors for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28). If any reserved annual tax credits remain after the first 6 months of the fiscal year, the office may approve the balance of these available credits for donations made to eligible sponsors for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households.

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2.4. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-lowincome persons as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for less than the available annual tax credits available for those projects reserved under subparagraph 2., the office shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis for any subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the first 6 months of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income persons as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for more than the available annual tax credits available for those projects reserved under subparagraph 2., the office shall grant the tax credits for those such applications as follows:

- a. If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor do not exceed \$200,000 in total, the credit shall be granted in full if the tax credit applications are approved, subject to the provisions of subparagraph 2.
- b. If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor exceed \$200,000 in total, the amount of tax credits granted under sub-subparagraph a. shall be subtracted from the amount of available tax credits under subparagraph 2., and the remaining credits shall be granted to each approved tax credit application on a pro rata basis.

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c. If, after the first 6 months of the fiscal year, additional credits become available pursuant to subparagraph 3., the office shall grant the tax credits by first granting to those who received a pro rata reduction up to the full amount of their request and, if there are remaining credits, granting credits to those who applied on or after the 11th business day of the state fiscal year on a first come, first served basis.

3.5. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for lowincome or very-low-income persons as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for less than the available annual tax credits available for those projects reserved under subparagraph 3., the office shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, firstserved basis for any subsequent eliqible applications received before the end of the first 6 months of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or verylow-income persons as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for more than the available annual tax credits available for those projects reserved under subparagraph 3., the office shall grant the tax credits for those such applications on a pro rata basis. If, after the first 6 months of the fiscal year, additional credits become available under subparagraph 2., the office shall grant the tax credits by first granting to those who received a pro rata reduction up to the full amount of

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their request and, if there are remaining credits, granting credits to those who applied on or after the 11th business day of the state fiscal year on a first-come, first-served basis.

Section 13. Paragraph (f) of subsection (6) of section 253.034, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

253.034 State-owned lands; uses.--

- (6) The Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund shall determine which lands, the title to which is vested in the board, may be surplused. For conservation lands, the board shall make a determination that the lands are no longer needed for conservation purposes and may dispose of them by an affirmative vote of at least three members. In the case of a land exchange involving the disposition of conservation lands, the board must determine by an affirmative vote of at least three members that the exchange will result in a net positive conservation benefit. For all other lands, the board shall make a determination that the lands are no longer needed and may dispose of them by an affirmative vote of at least three members.
- (f)1. In reviewing lands owned by the board, the council shall consider whether such lands would be more appropriately owned or managed by the county or other unit of local government in which the land is located. A local government may request that state lands be specifically declared surplus lands for the purpose of providing affordable housing. The council shall recommend to the board whether a sale, lease, or other conveyance to a local government would be in the best interests of the state and local government. The provisions of this

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paragraph in no way limit the provisions of ss. 253.111 and 253.115. Such lands shall be offered to the state, county, or local government for a period of 30 days. Permittable uses for such surplus lands may include public schools; public libraries; fire or law enforcement substations; and governmental, judicial, or recreational centers; and affordable housing. County or local government requests for surplus lands shall be expedited throughout the surplusing process. Surplus lands that are conveyed to a local government for affordable housing shall be disposed of under the provisions of s. 125.379 or s. 166.0451. If the county or local government does not elect to purchase such lands in accordance with s. 253.111, then any surplusing determination involving other governmental agencies shall be made upon the board deciding the best public use of the lands. Surplus properties in which governmental agencies have expressed no interest shall then be available for sale on the private market.

2. Notwithstanding subparagraph 1., any surplus lands that were acquired by the state prior to 1958 by a gift or other conveyance for no consideration from a municipality, and which the department has filed by July 1, 2006, a notice of its intent to surplus, shall be first offered for reconveyance to such municipality at no cost, but for the fair market value of any building or other improvements to the land, unless otherwise provided in a deed restriction of record. This subparagraph expires July 1, 2006.

Section 14. Section 295.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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295.16 Disabled veterans exempt from certain license or permit fee. -- No totally and permanently disabled veteran who is a resident of Florida and honorably discharged from the Armed Forces, who has been issued a valid identification card by the Department of Veterans' Affairs in accordance with s. 295.17 or has been determined by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs or its predecessor to have a service-connected 100percent disability rating for compensation, or who has been determined to have a service-connected disability rating of 100 percent and is in receipt of disability retirement pay from any branch of the uniformed armed services, shall be required to pay any license or permit fee, by whatever name known, to any county or municipality in order to make improvements upon a dwelling mobile home owned by the veteran which is used as the veteran's residence, provided such improvements are limited to ramps, widening of doors, and similar improvements for the purpose of making the dwelling mobile home habitable for veterans confined to wheelchairs.

Section 15. Paragraphs (b) and (e) of subsection (19) of section 380.06, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 380.06 Developments of regional impact. --
- (19) SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATIONS. --

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(b) Any proposed change to a previously approved development of regional impact or development order condition which, either individually or cumulatively with other changes, exceeds any of the following criteria shall constitute a substantial deviation and shall cause the development to be

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subject to further development-of-regional-impact review without the necessity for a finding of same by the local government:

- 1. An increase in the number of parking spaces at an attraction or recreational facility by 5 percent or 300 spaces, whichever is greater, or an increase in the number of spectators that may be accommodated at such a facility by 5 percent or 1,000 spectators, whichever is greater.
- 2. A new runway, a new terminal facility, a 25-percent lengthening of an existing runway, or a 25-percent increase in the number of gates of an existing terminal, but only if the increase adds at least three additional gates.
- 3. An increase in the number of hospital beds by 5 percent or 60 beds, whichever is greater.
- 4. An increase in industrial development area by 5 percent or 32 acres, whichever is greater.
- 5. An increase in the average annual acreage mined by 5 percent or 10 acres, whichever is greater, or an increase in the average daily water consumption by a mining operation by 5 percent or 300,000 gallons, whichever is greater. An increase in the size of the mine by 5 percent or 750 acres, whichever is less. An increase in the size of a heavy mineral mine as defined in s. 378.403(7) will only constitute a substantial deviation if the average annual acreage mined is more than 500 acres and consumes more than 3 million gallons of water per day.
- 6. An increase in land area for office development by 5 percent or an increase of gross floor area of office development by 5 percent or 60,000 gross square feet, whichever is greater.

7. An increase in the storage capacity for chemical or petroleum storage facilities by 5 percent, 20,000 barrels, or 7 million pounds, whichever is greater.

- 8. An increase of development at a waterport of wet storage for 20 watercraft, dry storage for 30 watercraft, or wet/dry storage for 60 watercraft in an area identified in the state marina siting plan as an appropriate site for additional waterport development or a 5-percent increase in watercraft storage capacity, whichever is greater.
- 9. An increase in the number of dwelling units by 5 percent or 50 dwelling units, whichever is greater.
- 10. An increase in the number of dwelling units by 15 percent or 100 units, whichever is greater, provided that 20 percent of the increase in the number of dwelling units is dedicated to the construction of workforce housing. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "workforce housing" means housing that is affordable to a person who earns less than 150 percent of the area median income.
- 11.10. An increase in commercial development by 50,000 square feet of gross floor area or of parking spaces provided for customers for 300 cars or a 5-percent increase of either of these, whichever is greater.
- 12.11. An increase in hotel or motel facility units by 5 percent or 75 units, whichever is greater.
- 13.12. An increase in a recreational vehicle park area by 5 percent or 100 vehicle spaces, whichever is less.
- 1102 <u>14.13.</u> A decrease in the area set aside for open space of 1103 5 percent or 20 acres, whichever is less.

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15.14. A proposed increase to an approved multiuse development of regional impact where the sum of the increases of each land use as a percentage of the applicable substantial deviation criteria is equal to or exceeds 100 percent. The percentage of any decrease in the amount of open space shall be treated as an increase for purposes of determining when 100 percent has been reached or exceeded.

- 16.15. A 15-percent increase in the number of external vehicle trips generated by the development above that which was projected during the original development-of-regional-impact review.
- 17.16. Any change which would result in development of any area which was specifically set aside in the application for development approval or in the development order for preservation or special protection of endangered or threatened plants or animals designated as endangered, threatened, or species of special concern and their habitat, primary dunes, or archaeological and historical sites designated as significant by the Division of Historical Resources of the Department of State. The further refinement of such areas by survey shall be considered under sub-subparagraph (e)5.b.

The substantial deviation numerical standards in subparagraphs 4., 6., 10., 11., and 15. 14., excluding residential uses, and 16. 15., are increased by 100 percent for a project certified under s. 403.973 which creates jobs and meets criteria established by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development as to its impact on an area's economy, employment,

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and prevailing wage and skill levels. The substantial deviation numerical standards in subparagraphs 4., 6., 9., 10., 11., 12., and 15. 14. are increased by 50 percent for a project located wholly within an urban infill and redevelopment area designated on the applicable adopted local comprehensive plan future land use map and not located within the coastal high hazard area.

- (e)1. Except for a development order rendered pursuant to subsection (22) or subsection (25), a proposed change to a development order that individually or cumulatively with any previous change is less than any numerical criterion contained in subparagraphs (b)1.-16. (b)1.-15. and does not exceed any other criterion, or that involves an extension of the buildout date of a development, or any phase thereof, of less than 5 years is not subject to the public hearing requirements of subparagraph (f)3., and is not subject to a determination pursuant to subparagraph (f)5. Notice of the proposed change shall be made to the regional planning council and the state land planning agency. Such notice shall include a description of previous individual changes made to the development, including changes previously approved by the local government, and shall include appropriate amendments to the development order.
- 2. The following changes, individually or cumulatively with any previous changes, are not substantial deviations:
- a. Changes in the name of the project, developer, owner, or monitoring official.
- b. Changes to a setback that do not affect noise buffers, environmental protection or mitigation areas, or archaeological or historical resources.

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c. Changes to minimum lot sizes.

- d. Changes in the configuration of internal roads that do not affect external access points.
- e. Changes to the building design or orientation that stay approximately within the approved area designated for such building and parking lot, and which do not affect historical buildings designated as significant by the Division of Historical Resources of the Department of State.
- f. Changes to increase the acreage in the development, provided that no development is proposed on the acreage to be added.
- g. Changes to eliminate an approved land use, provided that there are no additional regional impacts.
- h. Changes required to conform to permits approved by any federal, state, or regional permitting agency, provided that these changes do not create additional regional impacts.
- i. Any renovation or redevelopment of development within a previously approved development of regional impact which does not change land use or increase density or intensity of use.
- j. Any other change which the state land planning agency agrees in writing is similar in nature, impact, or character to the changes enumerated in sub-subparagraphs a.-i. and which does not create the likelihood of any additional regional impact.

This subsection does not require a development order amendment for any change listed in sub-subparagraphs a.-j. unless such issue is addressed either in the existing development order or in the application for development approval, but, in the case of Page 43 of 89

the application, only if, and in the manner in which, the application is incorporated in the development order.

- 3. Except for the change authorized by sub-subparagraph 2.f., any addition of land not previously reviewed or any change not specified in paragraph (b) or paragraph (c) shall be presumed to create a substantial deviation. This presumption may be rebutted by clear and convincing evidence.
- 4. Any submittal of a proposed change to a previously approved development shall include a description of individual changes previously made to the development, including changes previously approved by the local government. The local government shall consider the previous and current proposed changes in deciding whether such changes cumulatively constitute a substantial deviation requiring further development-of-regional-impact review.
- 5. The following changes to an approved development of regional impact shall be presumed to create a substantial deviation. Such presumption may be rebutted by clear and convincing evidence.
- a. A change proposed for 15 percent or more of the acreage to a land use not previously approved in the development order. Changes of less than 15 percent shall be presumed not to create a substantial deviation.
- b. Except for the types of uses listed in subparagraph (b)17. (b)16., any change which would result in the development of any area which was specifically set aside in the application for development approval or in the development order for preservation, buffers, or special protection, including habitat

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for plant and animal species, archaeological and historical 1216 1217 sites, dunes, and other special areas.

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- Notwithstanding any provision of paragraph (b) to the contrary, a proposed change consisting of simultaneous increases and decreases of at least two of the uses within an authorized multiuse development of regional impact which was originally approved with three or more uses specified in s. 380.0651(3)(c), (d), (f), and (g) and residential use.
- Section 16. Paragraph (k) of subsection (3) of section 1225 380.0651, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as paragraph (1), 1226 and a new paragraph (k) is added to that subsection to read:

Statewide guidelines and standards. --

- The following statewide quidelines and standards shall be applied in the manner described in s. 380.06(2) to determine whether the following developments shall be required to undergo development-of-regional-impact review:
- Workforce housing. -- The applicable guidelines for residential development and the residential component for multiuse development shall be increased by 20 percent where the developer demonstrates that at least 15 percent of the residential dwelling units will be dedicated to workforce housing. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "workforce housing" means housing that is affordable to a person who earns less than 150 percent of the area median income.

Section 17. Section 420.0004, Florida Statutes, is amended 1240 1241 to read:

420.0004 Definitions.--As used in this part, unless the 1242 1243 context otherwise indicates:

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(1) "Adjusted for family size" means adjusted in a manner which results in an income eligibility level which is lower for households with fewer than four people, or higher for households with more than four people, than the base income eligibility determined as provided in subsection (10) (9), subsection (11) (10), or subsection (15) (14), based upon a formula as established by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

- (2) "Adjusted gross income" means all wages, assets, regular cash or noncash contributions or gifts from persons outside the household, and such other resources and benefits as may be determined to be income by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, adjusted for family size, less deductions allowable under s. 62 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (3) "Affordable" means that monthly rents or monthly mortgage payments including taxes, insurance, and utilities do not exceed 30 percent of that amount which represents the percentage of the median adjusted gross annual income for the households as indicated in <u>subsection (8)</u>, subsection (10) <del>(10)</del>, subsection (11) <del>(10)</del>, or subsection (15) <del>(14)</del>.
- (4) "Corporation" means the Florida Housing Finance Corporation.
- (5) "Community-based organization" or "nonprofit organization" means a private corporation organized under chapter 617 to assist in the provision of housing and related services on a not-for-profit basis and which is acceptable to federal and state agencies and financial institutions as a sponsor of low-income housing.

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1272 (6) "Department" means the Department of Community
1273 Affairs.

- (7) "Elderly" describes persons 62 years of age or older.
- natural persons or a family whose total annual household income does not exceed 30 percent of the median annual adjusted gross income for households within the state. The Florida Housing Finance Corporation may adjust this amount annually by rule to provide that in lower income counties extremely low income may exceed 30 percent of area median income and that in higher income counties extremely low income may be less than 30 percent of area median income.
- (9)(8) "Local public body" means any county, municipality, or other political subdivision, or any housing authority as provided by chapter 421, which is eligible to sponsor or develop housing for farmworkers and very-low-income and low-income persons within its jurisdiction.
- (10)(9) "Low-income persons" means one or more natural persons or a family, the total annual adjusted gross household income of which does not exceed 80 percent of the median annual adjusted gross income for households within the state, or 80 percent of the median annual adjusted gross income for households within the metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or, if not within an MSA, within the county in which the person or family resides, whichever is greater.
- $\underline{(11)}$  "Moderate-income persons" means one or more natural persons or a family, the total annual adjusted gross household income of which is less than 120 percent of the median Page 47 of 89

annual adjusted gross income for households within the state, or 120 percent of the median annual adjusted gross income for households within the metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or, if not within an MSA, within the county in which the person or family resides, whichever is greater.

- (12)(11) "Student" means any person not living with his or her parent or guardian who is eligible to be claimed by his or her parent or guardian as a dependent under the federal income tax code and who is enrolled on at least a half-time basis in a secondary school, career center, community college, college, or university.
  - (13) <del>(12)</del> "Substandard" means:

- (a) Any unit lacking complete plumbing or sanitary facilities for the exclusive use of the occupants;
- (b) A unit which is in violation of one or more major sections of an applicable housing code and where such violation poses a serious threat to the health of the occupant; or
- (c) A unit that has been declared unfit for human habitation but that could be rehabilitated for less than 50 percent of the property value.
- (14) (13) "Substantial rehabilitation" means repair or restoration of a dwelling unit where the value of such repair or restoration exceeds 40 percent of the value of the dwelling.
- (15) (14) "Very-low-income persons" means one or more natural persons or a family, not including students, the total annual adjusted gross household income of which does not exceed 50 percent of the median annual adjusted gross income for households within the state, or 50 percent of the median annual

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1328 adjusted gross income for households within the metropolitan 1329 statistical area (MSA) or, if not within an MSA, within the county in which the person or family resides, whichever is 1330 greater.

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- Section 18. Section 420.37, Florida Statutes, is repealed. Section 19. Subsection (18) of section 420.503, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 420.503 Definitions.--As used in this part, the term:
- (18)(a) "Farmworker" means a laborer who is employed on a seasonal, temporary, or permanent basis in the planting, cultivating, harvesting, or processing of agricultural or aquacultural products and who derived at least 50 percent of her or his income in the immediately preceding 12 months from such employment.
- (b) "Farmworker" also includes a person who has retired as a laborer due to age, disability, or illness. In order to be considered retired as a farmworker due to age under this part, a person must be 50 years of age or older and must have been employed for a minimum of 5 years as a farmworker before retirement. In order to be considered retired as a farmworker due to disability or illness, a person must:
- 1. (a) Establish medically that she or he is unable to be employed as a farmworker due to that disability or illness.
- 2.<del>(b)</del> Establish that she or he was previously employed as a farmworker.
- Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b), when corporation-administered funds are used in conjunction with United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development funds,

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1356 the term "farmworker" may mean a laborer who meets, at a minimum, the definition of "domestic farm laborer" as found in 7 1357 C.F.R. s. 3560.11, as amended. The corporation may establish 1358 1359 additional criteria by rule. 1360 Section 20. Section 420.5061, Florida Statutes, is amended 1361 to read: 420.5061 Transfer of agency assets and 1362 liabilities. -- Effective January 1, 1998, all assets and 1363 liabilities and rights and obligations, including any 1364 1365 outstanding contractual obligations, of the agency shall be 1366 transferred to the corporation as legal successor in all 1367 respects to the agency. The corporation shall thereupon become 1368 obligated to the same extent as the agency under any existing 1369 agreements and be entitled to any rights and remedies previously 1370 afforded the agency by law or contract, including specifically the rights of the agency under chapter 201 and part VI of 1371 1372 chapter 159. The corporation is a state agency for purposes of 1373 s. 159.807(4)(a). Effective January 1, 1998, all references under Florida law to the agency are deemed to mean the 1374 1375 corporation. The corporation shall transfer to the General Revenue Fund an amount which otherwise would have been deducted 1376 1377 as a service charge pursuant to s. 215.20(1) if the Florida 1378 Housing Finance Corporation Fund established by s. 420.508(5), 1379 the State Apartment Incentive Loan Fund established by s. 1380 420.5087(7), the Florida Homeownership Assistance Fund established by s.  $420.5088(4)\frac{(5)}{(5)}$ , the HOME Investment 1381 Partnership Fund established by s. 420.5089(1), and the Housing 1382 Predevelopment Loan Fund established by s. 420.525(1) were each 1383

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trust funds. For purposes of s. 112.313, the corporation is deemed to be a continuation of the agency, and the provisions thereof are deemed to apply as if the same entity remained in place. Any employees of the agency and agency board members covered by s. 112.313(9)(a)6. shall continue to be entitled to the exemption in that subparagraph, notwithstanding being hired by the corporation or appointed as board members of the corporation. Effective January 1, 1998, all state property in use by the agency shall be transferred to and become the property of the corporation.

Section 21. Subsections (22), (23), and (40) of section 420.507, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsections (44), (45), and (46) are added to that section, to read:

420.507 Powers of the corporation.--The corporation shall have all the powers necessary or convenient to carry out and effectuate the purposes and provisions of this part, including the following powers which are in addition to all other powers granted by other provisions of this part:

- (22) To develop and administer the State Apartment Incentive Loan Program. In developing and administering that program, the corporation may:
- (a) Make first, second, and other subordinated mortgage loans including variable or fixed rate loans subject to contingent interest for all State Apartment Incentive Loans provided for in this chapter based upon available cash flow of the projects. The corporation shall make loans exceeding 25 percent of project cost available only to nonprofit organizations and public bodies which are able to secure grants,

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donations of land, or contributions from other sources and to projects meeting the criteria of subparagraph 1. Mortgage loans shall be made available at the following rates of interest:

- 1. Zero to 3 percent interest for sponsors of projects that set aside at least maintain an 80 percent occupancy of their total units for residents qualifying as farmworkers as defined in this part s. 420.503(18), or commercial fishing workers as defined in this part s. 420.503(5), or the homeless as defined in s. 420.621(4) over the life of the loan.
- 2. The board may set the interest rate based on the prorata share of units set aside for homeless residents if the total of such units is less than 80 percent of the units in the borrower's project.
- $\underline{3}$ . One Three to  $\underline{3}$  9 percent interest for sponsors of projects targeted at populations other than farmworkers, commercial fishing workers, and the homeless.
- (b) Make loans exceeding 25 percent of project cost when the project serves extremely low-income persons.
- (c) Forgive indebtedness for a share of the loan attributable to the units in a project reserved for extremely low-income persons.
- (d) (b) Geographically and demographically target the utilization of loans.
- (e) (c) Underwrite credit, and reject projects which do not meet the established standards of the corporation.
- 1437 <u>(f) (d)</u> Negotiate with governing bodies within the state
  1438 after a loan has been awarded to obtain local government
  1439 contributions.

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 $\underline{\text{(g)}}$  (e) Inspect any records of a sponsor at any time during the life of the loan or the agreed period for maintaining the provisions of s. 420.5087.

- (h)(f) Establish, by rule, the procedure for evaluating, scoring, and competitively ranking all applications based on the criteria set forth in s. 420.5087(6)(c); determining actual loan amounts; making and servicing loans; and exercising the powers authorized in this subsection.
- (i) (g) Establish a loan loss insurance reserve to be used to protect the outstanding program investment in case of a default, deed in lieu of foreclosure, or foreclosure of a program loan.
- (23) To develop and administer the Florida Homeownership Assistance Program. In developing and administering the program, the corporation may:
- (a)1. Make subordinated loans to eligible borrowers for down payments or closing costs related to the purchase of the borrower's primary residence.
- 2. Make permanent loans to eligible borrowers related to the purchase of the borrower's primary residence.
- 3. Make subordinated loans to nonprofit sponsors or developers of housing for <u>purchase of property</u>, <u>for</u> construction, <u>or for</u> financing of housing to be offered for sale to eligible borrowers as a primary residence at an affordable price.
- (b) Establish a loan loss insurance reserve to supplement existing sources of mortgage insurance with appropriated funds.

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(c) Geographically and demographically target the utilization of loans.

- (d) Defer repayment of loans for the term of the first mortgage.
- (e) Establish flexible terms for loans with an interest rate not to exceed 3 percent per annum and which are nonamortizing for the term of the first mortgage.
- (f) Require repayment of loans upon sale, transfer, refinancing, or rental of secured property, unless otherwise approved by the corporation.
- (g) Accelerate a loan for monetary default, for failure to provide the benefits of the loans to eligible borrowers, or for violation of any other restriction placed upon the loan.
- (h) Adopt rules for the program and exercise the powers authorized in this subsection.
- corporations for the purpose of taking title to and managing and disposing of property acquired by the corporation. Such subsidiary <u>business entities</u> corporations shall be public <u>business entities</u> corporations wholly owned by the corporation; shall be entitled to own, mortgage, and sell property on the same basis as the corporation; and shall be deemed <u>business</u> entities corporations primarily acting as an agent agents of the state, within the meaning of s. 768.28, on the same basis as the corporation. Any subsidiary <u>business entity</u> created by the corporation shall be subject to chapters 119, 120, and 286 to the same extent as the corporation. The subsidiary business

entities shall have authority to make rules necessary to conduct business and to carry out the purposes of this subsection.

- (44) To adopt rules whereby the corporation may intervene, negotiate terms, or undertake other actions which the corporation deems necessary to further program goals or avoid default of a program loan. Such rules must consider fiscal program goals and the preservation or advancement of affordable housing for the state.
- (45) To establish by rule requirements for periodic reporting of data, including, but not limited to, financial data, housing market data, detailed economic and physical occupancy on multifamily projects, and demographic data on all housing financed through corporation programs and for participation in a housing locator system.
- (46) In order to administer funds appropriated for disaster recovery and reconstruction following a declaration of emergency pursuant to s. 252.36, to create programs to repair, rehabilitate, and construct multifamily and single-family dwellings. To administer this subsection, the corporation may adopt emergency rules pursuant to s. 120.54. The Legislature finds that emergency rules adopted pursuant to this subsection meet the health, safety, and welfare requirement of s. 120.54(4). The Legislature finds that such emergency rulemaking power is necessary for the preservation of the rights and welfare of the people in order to provide additional funds to assist those areas of the state that sustain housing damage due to the occurrence of a disaster, as defined in s. 252.34(1).

1521 Emergency rules adopted under this subsection are exempt from s. 1522 120.54(4)(a) and (c).

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Subsections (1), (3), (5), and (6) of section Section 22. 420.5087, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

State Apartment Incentive Loan Program. -- There is hereby created the State Apartment Incentive Loan Program for the purpose of providing first, second, or other subordinated mortgage loans or loan guarantees to sponsors, including forprofit, nonprofit, and public entities, to provide housing affordable to very-low-income persons.

- Program funds shall be distributed over successive 3year periods in a manner that meets the need and demand for very-low-income housing throughout the state. That need and demand must be determined by using the most recent statewide low-income rental housing market studies available at the beginning of each 3-year period. However, at least 10 percent of the program funds distributed during a 3-year period must be allocated to each of the following categories of counties, as determined by using the population statistics published in the most recent edition of the Florida Statistical Abstract:
- Counties that have a population of 825,000 or more. (a) more than 500,000 people;
- Counties that have a population of more than between 100,000 but less than 825,000. and 500,000 people; and
  - Counties that have a population of 100,000 or less.

Any increase in funding required to reach the 10-percent minimum shall be taken from the county category that has the largest

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allocation. The corporation shall adopt rules which establish an equitable process for distributing any portion of the 10 percent of program funds allocated to the county categories specified in this subsection which remains unallocated at the end of a 3-year period. Counties that have a population of 100,000 or less shall be given preference under these rules.

- During the first 6 months of loan or loan guarantee availability, program funds shall be reserved for use by sponsors who provide the housing set-aside required in subsection (2) for the tenant groups designated in this subsection. The reservation of funds to each of these groups shall be determined using the most recent statewide very-lowincome rental housing market study available at the time of publication of each notice of fund availability required by paragraph (6)(b). The reservation of funds within each notice of fund availability to the tenant groups in paragraphs (a), (b), and (d) may not be less than 10 percent of the funds available at that time. Any increase in funding required to reach the 10percent minimum shall be taken from the tenant group that has the largest reservation. The reservation of funds within each notice of fund availability to the tenant group in paragraph (c) may not be less than 5 percent of the funds available at that time. The tenant groups are:
  - (a) Commercial fishing workers and farmworkers;
- (b) Families;

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- (c) Persons who are homeless; and
- 1575 (d) Elderly persons. Ten percent of the amount reserved
  1576 for the elderly shall be reserved to provide loans to sponsors

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of housing for the elderly for the purpose of making building preservation, health, or sanitation repairs or improvements which are required by federal, state, or local regulation or code, or lifesafety or security-related repairs or improvements to such housing. Such a loan may not exceed \$750,000 per housing community for the elderly. In order to receive the loan, the sponsor of the housing community must make a commitment to match at least 5 15 percent of the loan amount to pay the cost of such repair or improvement. The corporation shall establish the rate of interest on the loan, which may not exceed 3 percent, and the term of the loan, which may not exceed 15 years; however, if the lien of the corporation's encumbrance is subordinate to the lien of another mortgagee, then the term may be made coterminous with the longest term of the superior lien. The term of the loan shall be established on the basis of a credit analysis of the applicant. The corporation shall establish, by rule, the procedure and criteria for receiving, evaluating, and competitively ranking all applications for loans under this paragraph. A loan application must include evidence of the first mortgagee's having reviewed and approved the sponsor's intent to apply for a loan. A nonprofit organization or sponsor may not use the proceeds of the loan to pay for administrative costs, routine maintenance, or new construction.

(5) The amount of the mortgage provided under this program combined with any other mortgage in a superior position shall be less than the value of the project without the housing set-aside required by subsection (2). However, the corporation may waive this requirement for projects in rural areas or urban infill

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areas which have market rate rents that are less than the allowable rents pursuant to applicable state and federal guidelines, and for projects which reserve units for extremely <a href="low-income persons">low-income persons</a>. In no event shall the mortgage provided under this program combined with any other mortgage in a superior position exceed total project cost.

- (6) On all state apartment incentive loans, except loans made to housing communities for the elderly to provide for lifesafety, building preservation, health, sanitation, or security-related repairs or improvements, the following provisions shall apply:
- (a) The corporation shall establish two interest rates in accordance with s. 420.507(22)(a)1. and 3.  $\frac{2}{3}$ .
- (b) The corporation shall publish a notice of fund availability in a publication of general circulation throughout the state. Such notice shall be published at least 60 days prior to the application deadline and shall provide notice of the temporary reservations of funds established in subsection (3).
- (c) The corporation shall provide by rule for the establishment of a review committee composed of the department and corporation staff and shall establish by rule a scoring system for evaluation and competitive ranking of applications submitted in this program, including, but not limited to, the following criteria:
- 1. Tenant income and demographic targeting objectives of the corporation.

2. Targeting objectives of the corporation which will ensure an equitable distribution of loans between rural and urban areas.

- 3. Sponsor's agreement to reserve the units for persons or families who have incomes below 50 percent of the state or local median income, whichever is higher, for a time period to exceed the minimum required by federal law or the provisions of this part.
  - 4. Sponsor's agreement to reserve more than:
- a. Twenty percent of the units in the project for persons or families who have incomes that do not exceed 50 percent of the state or local median income, whichever is higher; or
- b. Forty percent of the units in the project for persons or families who have incomes that do not exceed 60 percent of the state or local median income, whichever is higher, without requiring a greater amount of the loans as provided in this section.
  - 5. Provision for tenant counseling.
- 6. Sponsor's agreement to accept rental assistance certificates or vouchers as payment for rent; however, when certificates or vouchers are accepted as payment for rent on units set aside for persons with incomes under 50 percent of the state or local median income, whichever is higher, these units shall only be considered to satisfy the sponsor's agreement to serve persons at or above 50 percent of state or local median income pursuant to subsection (2), the benefit must be divided between the corporation and the sponsor, as provided by corporation rule.

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7. Projects requiring the least amount of a state apartment incentive loan compared to overall project cost except that the share of the loan attributable to units serving extremely low-income persons shall be excluded from this requirement.

- 8. Local government contributions and local government comprehensive planning and activities that promote affordable housing.
  - 9. Project feasibility.

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- 10. Economic viability of the project.
- 11. Commitment of first mortgage financing.
- 12. Sponsor's prior experience.
- 13. Sponsor's ability to proceed with construction.
- 14. Projects that directly implement or assist welfare-towork transitioning.
- 15. Projects that reserve units for extremely low-income persons.
  - (d) The corporation may reject any and all applications.
- (e) The corporation may approve and reject applications for the purpose of achieving geographic targeting.
- (f) The review committee established by corporation rule pursuant to this subsection shall make recommendations to the board of directors of the corporation regarding program participation under the State Apartment Incentive Loan Program. The corporation board shall make the final ranking and the decisions regarding which applicants shall become program participants based on the scores received in the competitive ranking, further review of applications, and the recommendations

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of the review committee. The corporation board shall approve or reject applications for loans and shall determine the tentative loan amount available to each applicant selected for participation in the program. The actual loan amount shall be determined pursuant to rule adopted pursuant to s.  $420.507(22)(h)\frac{(f)}{(f)}$ .

- (g) The loan term shall be for a period of not more than 15 years; however, if both a program loan and federal low-income housing tax credits are to be used to assist a project, the corporation may set the loan term for a period commensurate with the investment requirements associated with the tax credit syndication. The term of the loan may also exceed 15 years if necessary to conform to requirements of the Federal National Mortgage Association. The corporation may renegotiate and extend the loan in order to extend the availability of housing for the targeted population. The term of a loan may not extend beyond the period for which the sponsor agrees to provide the housing set-aside required by subsection (2).
- (h) The loan shall be subject to sale, transfer, or refinancing. The sale, transfer, or refinancing of the loan shall be consistent with fiscal program goals and the preservation or advancement of affordable housing for the state. However, all requirements and conditions of the loan shall remain following sale, transfer, or refinancing.
- (i) The discrimination provisions of s. 420.516 shall apply to all loans.
- 1713 (j) The corporation may require units dedicated for the 1714 elderly.

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(k) Rent controls shall not be allowed on any project except as required in conjunction with the issuance of tax-exempt bonds or federal low-income housing tax credits, and except when the sponsor has committed to set aside units for extremely low-income persons, in which case rents shall be restricted at the level applicable for federal low-income tax credits.

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- (1) The proceeds of all loans shall be used for new construction or substantial rehabilitation which creates affordable, safe, and sanitary housing units.
- Sponsors shall annually certify the adjusted gross income of all persons or families qualified under subsection (2) at the time of initial occupancy, who are residing in a project funded by this program. All persons or families qualified under subsection (2) may continue to qualify under subsection (2) in a project funded by this program if the adjusted gross income of those persons or families at the time of annual recertification meets the requirements established in s. 142(d)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. If the annual recertification of persons or families qualifying under subsection (2) results in noncompliance with income occupancy requirements, the next available unit must be rented to a person or family qualifying under subsection (2) in order to ensure continuing compliance of the project. The corporation may waive the annual recertification if 100 percent of the units are set aside as affordable.
- (n) Upon submission and approval of a marketing plan which demonstrates a good faith effort of a sponsor to rent a unit or Page 63 of 89

units to persons or families reserved under subsection (3) and qualified under subsection (2), the sponsor may rent such unit or units to any person or family qualified under subsection (2) notwithstanding the reservation.

(o) Sponsors may participate in federal mortgage insurance programs and must abide by the requirements of those programs. If a conflict occurs between the requirements of federal mortgage insurance programs and the requirements of this section, the requirements of federal mortgage insurance programs shall take precedence.

Section 23. Section 420.5088, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

420.5088 Florida Homeownership Assistance Program.--There is created the Florida Homeownership Assistance Program for the purpose of assisting low-income and moderate-income persons in purchasing a home as their primary residence by reducing the cost of the home with below-market construction financing, by reducing the amount of down payment and closing costs paid by the borrower to a maximum of 5 percent of the purchase price, or by reducing the monthly payment to an affordable amount for the purchaser. Loans shall be made available at an interest rate that does not exceed 3 percent. The balance of any loan is due at closing if the property is sold, refinanced, rented, or transferred, unless otherwise approved by the corporation.

- (1) For loans made available pursuant to s. 420.507(23)(a)1. or 2.:
- (a) The corporation may underwrite and make those mortgage loans through the program to persons or families who have

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incomes that do not exceed 120 80 percent of the state or local median income, whichever is greater, adjusted for family size.

(b) Loans shall be made available for the term of the first mortgage.

- (c) Loans <u>may not exceed</u> are limited to the lesser of <u>35</u> 25 percent of the purchase price of the home or the amount necessary to enable the purchaser to meet credit underwriting criteria.
  - (2) For loans made pursuant to s. 420.507(23)(a)3.:
- (a) Availability is limited to nonprofit sponsors or developers who are selected for program participation pursuant to this subsection.
- (b) Preference must be given to community development corporations as defined in s. 290.033 and to community-based organizations as defined in s. 420.503.
- (c) Priority must be given to projects that have received state assistance in funding project predevelopment costs.
- (d) The benefits of making such loans shall be contractually provided to the persons or families purchasing homes financed under this subsection.
- (e) At least 30 percent of the units in a project financed pursuant to this subsection must be sold to persons or families who have incomes that do not exceed 80 percent of the state or local median income, whichever amount is greater, adjusted for family size; and at least another 30 percent of the units in a project financed pursuant to this subsection must be sold to persons or families who have incomes that do not exceed 65 50

percent of the state or local median income, whichever amount is greater, adjusted for family size.

- (f) The maximum loan amount may not exceed 33 percent of the total project cost.
- (g) A person who purchases a home in a project financed under this subsection is eligible for a loan authorized by s. 420.507(23)(a)1. or 2. in an aggregate amount not exceeding the construction loan made pursuant to this subsection. The home purchaser must meet all the requirements for loan recipients established pursuant to the applicable loan program.
- (h) The corporation shall provide, by rule, for the establishment of a review committee composed of corporation staff and shall establish, by rule, a scoring system for evaluating and ranking applications submitted for construction loans under this subsection, including, but not limited to, the following criteria:
  - 1. The affordability of the housing proposed to be built.
- 2. The direct benefits of the assistance to the persons who will reside in the proposed housing.
- 3. The demonstrated capacity of the applicant to carry out the proposal, including the experience of the development team.
  - 4. The economic feasibility of the proposal.
- 5. The extent to which the applicant demonstrates potential cost savings by combining the benefits of different governmental programs and private initiatives, including the local government contributions and local government comprehensive planning and activities that promote affordable housing.

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6. The use of the least amount of program loan funds compared to overall project cost.

7. The provision of homeownership counseling.

- 8. The applicant's agreement to exceed the requirements of paragraph (e).
- 9. The commitment of first mortgage financing for the balance of the construction loan and for the permanent loans to the purchasers of the housing.
  - 10. The applicant's ability to proceed with construction.
- 11. The targeting objectives of the corporation which will ensure an equitable distribution of loans between rural and urban areas.
- 12. The extent to which the proposal will further the purposes of this program.
  - (i) The corporation may reject any and all applications.
- (j) The review committee established by corporation rule pursuant to this subsection shall make recommendations to the corporation board regarding program participation under this subsection. The corporation board shall make the final ranking for participation based on the scores received in the ranking, further review of the applications, and the recommendations of the review committee. The corporation board shall approve or reject applicants for loans and shall determine the tentative loan amount available to each program participant. The final loan amount shall be determined pursuant to rule adopted under s. 420.507(23)(h).
- (3) The corporation shall publish a notice of fund availability in a publication of general circulation throughout Page 67 of 89

the state at least 60 days prior to the anticipated availability of funds.

- (4) During the first 9 months of fund availability:
- 1857 (a) Sixty percent of the program funds shall be reserved

  1858 for use by borrowers pursuant to s. 420.507(23)(a)1.;

- (b) Twenty percent of the program funds shall be reserved for use by borrowers pursuant to s. 420.507(23)(a)2.; and
- (c) Twenty percent of the program funds shall be reserved for use by borrowers pursuant to s. 420.507(23)(a)3.

If the application of these percentages would cause the reservation of program funds under paragraph (a) to be less than \$1 million, the reservation for paragraph (a) shall be increased to \$1 million or all available funds, whichever amount is less, with the increase to be accomplished by reducing the reservation for paragraph (b) and, if necessary, paragraph (c).

(4)(5) There is authorized to be established by the corporation with a qualified public depository meeting the requirements of chapter 280 the Florida Homeownership Assistance Fund to be administered by the corporation according to the provisions of this program. Any amounts held in the Florida Homeownership Assistance Trust Fund for such purposes as of January 1, 1998, must be transferred to the corporation for deposit in the Florida Homeownership Assistance Fund, whereupon the Florida Homeownership Assistance Trust Fund must be closed. There shall be deposited in the fund moneys from the State Housing Trust Fund created by s. 420.0005, or moneys received from any other source, for the purpose of this program and all

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proceeds derived from the use of such moneys. In addition, all unencumbered funds, loan repayments, proceeds from the sale of any property, and any other proceeds that would otherwise accrue pursuant to the activities of the programs described in this section shall be transferred to this fund. In addition, all loan repayments, proceeds from the sale of any property, and any other proceeds that would otherwise accrue pursuant to the activities conducted under the provisions of the Florida Homeownership Assistance Program shall be deposited in the fund and shall not revert to the General Revenue Fund. Expenditures from the Florida Homeownership Assistance Fund shall not be required to be included in the corporation's budget request or be subject to appropriation by the Legislature.

(5)(6) No more than one-fifth of the funds available in the Florida Homeownership Assistance Fund may be made available to provide loan loss insurance reserve funds to facilitate homeownership for eligible persons.

Section 24. Section 420.5095, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

420.5095 Community Workforce Housing Innovation Program. --

(1) The Community Workforce Housing Innovation Program is created for the purpose of providing regulatory incentives and state and local funds to promote local public-private partnerships and leverage government and private resources to provide affordable rental and home ownership community workforce housing for essential services personnel with medium incomes in high-cost and high-growth counties in this state.

(2) Subject to the availability of funds appropriated by the Legislature to fund the Community Workforce Housing
Innovation Program, the Florida Housing Finance Corporation shall have the authority to provide Community Workforce Housing
Innovation Program loans, which may be forgivable, to an applicant for construction or rehabilitation of rental or home ownership workforce housing in targeted high-cost and high-growth counties, areas of critical state concern, or areas that were designated as areas of critical state concern for at least 20 consecutive years prior to removal of the designation. The corporation shall establish a funding process and selection criteria by rule or request for proposals to distribute annually appropriated funds under this section. Funding may be used with other corporation and private sector resources.

- (3) The corporation shall provide incentives for local governments in these counties to use local affordable housing funds, such as those from the State Housing Initiatives

  Partnership Program to assist in meeting the affordable housing needs of persons eligible under this program.
- (4) The Community Workforce Housing Innovation Program projects shall target:
- (a) "High-cost counties," defined as those counties in which the median sales price of a single-family home using the most recent county level statistics is above the state median sales price of a single-family home, areas of critical state concern designated under s. 380.05 for which the Legislature has declared its intent to provide affordable housing, and areas that were designated as areas of critical state concern for at

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least 20 consecutive years prior to removal of the designation.

The corporation shall develop the list of high-cost counties on an annual basis.

- (b) "High-growth counties," defined as those counties that demonstrate significantly high rates of growth in K-12 public school students and a substantial number of open teaching positions currently and projected for the next school year. To qualify under these criteria of high growth and need to fill public school teaching positions, a county's school district must have been in the top 10 school districts in the state for the fastest student population growth as a percentage rate of increase for the previous 5 years, as defined by the Department of Education. Counties with school districts having the greatest number of teaching position vacancies shall be prioritized.
- (c) "Public-private partnerships," defined to include substantial involvement of at least one county, one municipality, or one public sector entity, such as a school district or other unit of local government in which the project is to be located, and at least one private not-for-profit or for-profit project partner. Partnerships are encouraged to include one or more private sector business or charitable entities.
- (d) "Workforce housing," defined as housing affordable to natural persons or families whose total annual household income does not exceed 150 percent of the area median income, adjusted for household size, in prioritized areas included in this subsection, or a higher area median income, adjusted for household size, in areas of critical state concern or in areas

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that were designated as areas of critical state concern for at least 20 consecutive years prior to removal of the designation.

- (e) Essential services personnel in need of affordable housing who are employed in areas in which they are considered essential services personnel, including, but not limited to, teachers and educators, police and fire personnel, skilled construction trades personnel, and health care personnel, and in other job categories in which the personnel are defined as essential services personnel, as locally defined by each county and eligible municipality within its local housing assistance plan pursuant to s. 420.9075.
- (f) Innovative projects that include new construction or rehabilitation of existing housing, mixed-income housing, or commercial and housing mixed-use elements.

The corporation shall seek to achieve a 70-percent high-cost, 30-percent high-growth ratio in its annual funding of projects.

- (5) The Community Workforce Housing Innovation Program shall supplement and not supplant the existing affordable housing programs funded under chapter 420.
- (6) On an annual basis, the corporation shall review the success of the Community Workforce Housing Innovation Program to ascertain whether the program is meeting the housing needs of high-cost and high-growth counties. The corporation shall submit any recommendations for strengthening the program to the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of the Senate not later than 2 months after the end of the corporation's fiscal year.

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(7) The corporation shall review ways to improve public sector and private sector incentives and barriers to affordable and community workforce housing and make any recommendations necessary to improve these incentives in a report to the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of the Senate not later than 2 months after the end of the corporation's fiscal year. The corporation may request the assistance of the Department of Community Affairs or the Shimberg Center for Affordable Housing.

- (8) (a) Projects approved or funded by the Community
  Workforce Housing Innovation Program as Community Workforce
  Housing Innovation Program projects shall be eligible for the
  following workforce housing incentives to promote the financial
  viability, successful development, and ongoing maintenance of
  these housing developments:
- 1. The processing of approvals of development orders or development permits, as defined in s. 163.3164(7) and (8), for affordable housing projects shall be expedited to a greater degree than other projects.
- 2. Impact fees shall be reduced by 50 percent or may be waived entirely by the local government, or an applicant shall be provided with an alternative method of fee payment by the local government in which the proposed project is to be located.
- 3. Increased density levels of up to 16 units or higher density per acre shall be allowed, except in coastal high-hazard areas, if approved by the local government, for community workforce housing.

4. The infrastructure capacity in the local comprehensive plan for affordable housing shall be reserved for these communities.

- 5. Additional affordable residential units in residential zoning districts shall be allowed.
- 6. Open space and setback requirements for affordable housing shall be reduced by 50 percent.
  - 7. Zero-lot-line configurations shall be allowed.
- 8. Traffic concurrency requirements shall be modified or reduced by up to 25 percent.
- 9. Local transportation infrastructure funding shall be considered eligible for prioritization from metropolitan planning organizations.
- (b) The regulatory incentives for approved Community
  Workforce Housing Innovation Program projects shall be
  considered acceptable by the respective local government
  maintaining jurisdiction over the site of the project, if:
- 1. The applicant receives a letter of support from the local government for the project application submitted to the corporation; or
- 2. Within 60 days after receipt of the applicant's plan by the local government, a vote of "no objection" regarding the project is taken by that body. During the 60-day period, the local government and project applicant may agree to modify the project incentives and size of the development with approval from the corporation and still be eligible for project funding. However, if that local government entity votes not to accept the Community Workforce Housing Innovation Program project in its

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2048 county, the corporation shall remove the application from the project approval list.

(9) All eligible applications shall:

- (a) Set aside at least 80 percent of the units for workforce housing.
- (b) Set aside at least 50 percent of the units as prioritized for eligible persons who are employed as essential services personnel.
- (c) For rental projects, restrict rents for all workforce housing serving those with incomes up to 120 percent of area median income at the appropriate income level using the restricted rents for the federal low-income housing tax credit program and, for workforce housing units serving those with incomes up to 150 percent of area median income, restrict rents to those established by the corporation, not to exceed 40 percent of the maximum household income adjusted to unit size.
- (d) For home ownership, limit the sales price of a detached unit, townhome, or condominium unit to not more than the median sales price for that type of unit in that county and require that all eligible purchasers of home ownership units occupy the homes as their primary residence.
- (e) Demonstrate that the program applicant consists of a public-private partnership of at least one local government or special district public entity and one private not-for-profit or for-profit partner.
- (f) Demonstrate how the applicant will use the regulatory incentives outlined in subsection (8) and include, if available, any letters of support for the incentives referenced in

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subparagraph (8)(b)1. from the local jurisdiction in which the proposed project is to be located.

- (g) Demonstrate that the applicant possesses title to or site control of land and evidences availability of required infrastructure.
- (h) Provide any research or facts available supporting the demand and need for rental or home ownership workforce housing for qualified workforce residents in the county in which the project is proposed.
- (i) Have grants, donations of land, or contributions from the public-private partnership or other sources collectively totaling at least 15 percent of the total development cost. Such grants, donations of land, or contributions must only be evidenced by a letter of commitment at the time of application.
- (j) Demonstrate accessibility to commercial businesses, services, and employment opportunities needed to serve the needs of the residents or include a viable plan to provide transportation access to those commercial businesses, services, and jobs.
- (k) Demonstrate a marketing and sales plan to ensure that residents fit the income requirements and workforce employment demand for essential services, as well as alternative strategies to sell or lease units to other qualified individuals if essential services personnel are not immediately available or qualified for the units.
- (1) Provide a development cost pro forma financial statement for the project.

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(m) Demonstrate the applicant's affordable housing development and management experience.

- (n) Demonstrate the long-term affordability of the rental or homeownership units.
- (10)(a) The corporation shall establish a review committee and shall establish a scoring system for evaluation and competitive ranking of applications submitted to the program.

  The ranking shall ensure an opportunity for a greater number of high-cost, high-growth counties to receive project funding.
- (b) The corporation shall award loans with interest rates set at 1 percent, which may be forgivable if the project continues to meet the rental or ownership criteria outlined in subsection (4). The corporation shall develop rules and guidelines to set the terms of forgivability.
- (11) The corporation may use a maximum of 2 percent of the annual appropriation per state fiscal year for administration and compliance monitoring.
- (12) The corporation shall develop and implement within the Community Workforce Housing Innovation Program a down-payment assistance program.
- increasing the development of innovative affordable home ownership projects serving very-low-income, low-income, and moderate-income residents in Florida, which may include expansion of support for nonprofit home builders, such as Habitat for Humanity and other charitable housing organizations, public housing authorities, and for-profit housing developers.

  Recommendations shall assess the value of public-private

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2131	partnerships, increased local and state funding for nonprofit
2132	housing organizations, and the possible conversion of existing
2133	affordable multifamily rental apartments to affordable home
2134	ownership units for projects in high-cost counties and counties
2135	with areas designated as areas of critical state concern or
2136	areas that were designated as areas of critical state concern
2137	for at least 20 consecutive years prior to removal of the
2138	designation. Recommendations shall examine how to guarantee
2139	long-term affordability for home ownership. The corporation may
2140	request the assistance of the Affordable Housing Study
2141	Commission in these efforts.
2142	Section 25. Subsection (25) of section 420.9071, Florida
2143	Statutes, is amended to read:
2144	420.9071 DefinitionsAs used in ss. 420.907-420.9079,
2145	the term:
2146	(25) "Recaptured funds" means funds that are recouped by a
2147	county or eligible municipality in accordance with the recapture
2148	provisions of its local housing assistance plan pursuant to s.
2149	420.9075(5)(4)(g) from eligible persons or eligible sponsors who
2150	default on the terms of a grant award or loan award.
2151	Section 26. Subsection (2) of section 420.9072, Florida
2152	Statutes, is amended to read:
2153	420.9072 State Housing Initiatives Partnership
2154	ProgramThe State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program is
2155	created for the purpose of providing funds to counties and
2156	eligible municipalities as an incentive for the creation of
2157	local housing partnerships, to expand production of and preserve

affordable housing, to further the housing element of the local Page  $78\,\mathrm{of}\,89$ 

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government comprehensive plan specific to affordable housing, and to increase housing-related employment.

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- (2)(a) To be eligible to receive funds under the program, a county or eligible municipality must:
- 1. Submit to the corporation its local housing assistance plan describing the local housing assistance strategies established pursuant to s. 420.9075;
- 2. Within 12 months after adopting the local housing assistance plan, amend the plan to incorporate the local housing incentive strategies defined in s. 420.9071(16) and described in s. 420.9076; and
- Within 24 months after adopting the amended local housing assistance plan to incorporate the local housing incentive strategies, amend its land development regulations or establish local policies and procedures, as necessary, to implement the local housing incentive strategies adopted by the local governing body. A county or an eligible municipality that has adopted a housing incentive strategy pursuant to s. 420.9076 before the effective date of this act shall review the status of implementation of the plan according to its adopted schedule for implementation and report its findings in the annual report required by s.  $420.9075(10)\frac{(9)}{(9)}$ . If as a result of the review, a county or an eliqible municipality determines that the implementation is complete and in accordance with its schedule, no further action is necessary. If a county or an eligible municipality determines that implementation according to its schedule is not complete, it must amend its land development regulations or establish local policies and procedures, as

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necessary, to implement the housing incentive plan within 12 months after the effective date of this act, or if extenuating circumstances prevent implementation within 12 months, pursuant to s. 420.9075(13)(12), enter into an extension agreement with the corporation.

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- (b) A county or an eligible municipality seeking approval to receive its share of the local housing distribution must adopt an ordinance containing the following provisions:
- 1. Creation of a local housing assistance trust fund as described in s.  $420.9075(6)\frac{(5)}{}$ .
- 2. Adoption by resolution of a local housing assistance plan as defined in s. 420.9071(14) to be implemented through a local housing partnership as defined in s. 420.9071(18).
- 3. Designation of the responsibility for the administration of the local housing assistance plan. Such ordinance may also provide for the contracting of all or part of the administrative or other functions of the program to a third person or entity.
- 4. Creation of the affordable housing advisory committee as provided in s. 420.9076.

The ordinance must not take effect until at least 30 days after the date of formal adoption. Ordinances in effect prior to the effective date of amendments to this section shall be amended as needed to conform to new provisions.

Section 27. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of present subsection (4) of section 420.9075, Florida Statutes, are amended, subsections (3) through (12) are renumbered as subsections (4)

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through (13), respectively, and a new subsection (3) is added to 2215 2216 that section, to read:

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- 420.9075 Local housing assistance plans; partnerships .--
- Each local housing assistance plan shall include a definition of essential service personnel for the county or eligible municipality, including, but not limited to, teachers and educators, police and fire personnel, health care personnel, skilled building trades personnel, and other job categories.
- Each county and each eligible municipality is encouraged to develop a strategy within its local housing assistance plan that emphasizes the recruitment and retention of essential service personnel and persons skilled in the building trades. The local government is encouraged to involve public and private sector employers. Compliance with the eliqibility criteria established under this strategy shall be verified by the county or eligible municipality.
- (5) (4) The following criteria apply to awards made to eliqible sponsors or eliqible persons for the purpose of providing eligible housing:
- At least 65 percent of the funds made available in each county and eligible municipality from the local housing distribution must be reserved for home ownership for eligible persons, with an annual goal of at least one-third of those funds going to home ownership for very-low-income persons.
- The sales price or value of new or existing eligible housing may not exceed 90 percent of the average area purchase price in the statistical area in which the eligible housing is located. Such average area purchase price may be that calculated Page 81 of 89

for any 12-month period beginning not earlier than the fourth calendar year prior to the year in which the award occurs or as otherwise established by the United States Department of the Treasury.

If both an award under the local housing assistance plan and federal low-income housing tax credits are used to assist a project and there is a conflict between the criteria prescribed in this subsection and the requirements of s. 42 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, the county or eligible municipality may resolve the conflict by giving precedence to the requirements of s. 42 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, in lieu of following the criteria prescribed in this subsection with the exception of paragraphs (a) and (d) of this subsection.

Section 28. Subsection (6) of section 420.9076, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

420.9076 Adoption of affordable housing incentive strategies; committees.--

(6) Within 90 days after the date of receipt of the local housing incentive strategies recommendations from the advisory committee, the governing body of the appointing local government shall adopt an amendment to its local housing assistance plan to incorporate the local housing incentive strategies it will implement within its jurisdiction. The amendment must include, at a minimum, the local housing incentive strategies specified as defined in paragraphs (4)(a)-(j) s. 420.9071(16).

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Section 29. Subsection (2) of section 420.9079, Florida 2271 Statutes, is amended to read:

420.9079 Local Government Housing Trust Fund. --

- (2) The corporation shall administer the fund exclusively for the purpose of implementing the programs described in ss. 420.907-420.9078 and this section. With the exception of monitoring the activities of counties and eligible municipalities to determine local compliance with program requirements, the corporation shall not receive appropriations from the fund for administrative or personnel costs. For the purpose of implementing the compliance monitoring provisions of s. 420.9075(9)(8), the corporation may request a maximum of one-quarter of 1 percent of the annual appropriation \$200,000 per state fiscal year. When such funding is appropriated, the corporation shall deduct the amount appropriated prior to calculating the local housing distribution pursuant to ss. 420.9072 and 420.9073.
- Section 30. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) and paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 624.5105, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
  - 624.5105 Community contribution tax credit; authorization; limitations; eligibility and application requirements; administration; definitions; expiration.--
    - (1) AUTHORIZATION TO GRANT TAX CREDITS; LIMITATIONS. --
  - (c) The total amount of tax credit which may be granted for all programs approved under this section and ss. 
    212.08(5)(q) and 220.183 is  $\frac{$10}{$12}$  million annually  $\frac{for}{for}$  projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income

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or very-low-income persons as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) and \$3 million annually for all other projects.

(2) ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS. --

- (e)1. For the first 6 months of the fiscal year, the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall reserve 80 percent of the first \$10 million in available annual tax credits, and 70 percent of any available annual tax credits in excess of \$10 million, for donations made to eligible sponsors for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very low income households as defined in s.

  420.9071(19) and (28). If any such reserved annual tax credits remain after the first 6 months of the fiscal year, the office may approve the balance of these available credits for donations made to eligible sponsors for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for low income or very low-income households.
- 2. For the first 6 months of the fiscal year, the office shall reserve 20 percent of the first \$10 million in available annual tax credits, and 30 percent of any available annual tax credits in excess of \$10 million, for donations made to eligible sponsors for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28). If any reserved annual tax credits remain after the first 6 months of the fiscal year, the office may approve the balance of these available credits for donations made to eligible sponsors for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households.

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3. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-lowincome persons as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for less than the available annual tax credits available for those projects reserved under subparagraph 1., the office shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis for any subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the first 6 months of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income persons as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for more than the available annual tax credits available for those projects reserved under subparagraph 1., the office shall grant the tax credits for those the applications as follows:

- a. If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor do not exceed \$200,000 in total, the credits shall be granted in full if the tax credit applications are approved, subject to subparagraph 1.
- b. If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor exceed \$200,000 in total, the amount of tax credits granted under sub-subparagraph a. shall be subtracted from the amount of available tax credits under subparagraph 1., and the remaining credits shall be granted to each approved tax credit application on a pro rata basis.

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c. If, after the first 6 months of the fiscal year, additional credits become available under subparagraph 2., the office shall grant the tax credits by first granting to those who received a pro rata reduction up to the full amount of their request and, if there are remaining credits, granting credits to those who applied on or after the 11th business day of the state fiscal year on a first come, first served basis.

2.4. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for lowincome or very-low-income persons as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for less than the available annual tax credits available for those projects reserved under subparagraph 2., the office shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, firstserved basis for any subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the first 6 months of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or verylow-income persons as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for more than the available annual tax credits available for those projects reserved under subparagraph 2., the office shall grant the tax credits for those the applications on a pro rata basis. If, after the first 6 months of the fiscal year, additional credits become available under subparagraph 1., the office shall grant the tax credits by first granting to those who received a pro rata reduction up to the full amount of

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their request and, if there are remaining credits, granting credits to those who applied on or after the 11th business day of the state fiscal year on a first-come, first-served basis.

Section 31. Paragraph (b) of subsection (9) of section 1001.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1001.42 Powers and duties of district school board.--The district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all powers and perform all duties listed below:

- (9) SCHOOL PLANT.--Approve plans for locating, planning, constructing, sanitating, insuring, maintaining, protecting, and condemning school property as prescribed in chapter 1013 and as follows:
  - (b) Sites, buildings, and equipment.--
- 1. Select and purchase school sites, playgrounds, and recreational areas located at centers at which schools are to be constructed, of adequate size to meet the needs of projected students to be accommodated.
- 2. Approve the proposed purchase of any site, playground, or recreational area for which district funds are to be used.
  - 3. Expand existing sites.

- 4. Rent buildings when necessary.
- 5. Enter into leases or lease-purchase arrangements, in accordance with the requirements and conditions provided in s. 1013.15(2), with private individuals or corporations for the rental of necessary grounds and educational facilities for school purposes or of educational facilities to be erected for school purposes. Current or other funds authorized by law may be used to make payments under a lease-purchase agreement.

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Notwithstanding any other statutes, if the rental is to be paid from funds received from ad valorem taxation and the agreement is for a period greater than 12 months, an approving referendum must be held. The provisions of such contracts, including building plans, shall be subject to approval by the Department of Education, and no such contract shall be entered into without such approval. As used in this section, "educational facilities" means the buildings and equipment that are built, installed, or established to serve educational purposes and that may lawfully be used. The State Board of Education may adopt such rules as are necessary to implement these provisions.

- 6. Provide for the proper supervision of construction.
- 7. Make or contract for additions, alterations, and repairs on buildings and other school properties.
- 8. Ensure that all plans and specifications for buildings provide adequately for the safety and well-being of students, as well as for economy of construction.
- 9. Provide affordable housing for teachers and other instructional personnel independently or in conjunction with other agencies as described in s. 1001.43(5).
- Section 32. Subsection (6) of section 1013.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 1013.01 Definitions.--The following terms shall be defined as follows for the purpose of this chapter:
- (6) "Educational facilities" means the buildings and equipment, structures, and special educational use areas that are built, installed, or established to serve primarily the educational purposes and secondarily the social and recreational

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2437 purposes of the community and which may lawfully be used as 2438 authorized by the Florida Statutes and approved by boards. Affordable housing and workforce housing for teachers and school 2439 2440 personnel also qualify as educational facilities if approved by 2441 the board. 2442 Section 33. Subsection (5) is added to section 1013.15, 2443 Florida Statutes, to read: Lease, rental, and lease-purchase of educational 2444 2445 facilities and sites .--2446 A board may rent or lease existing buildings, land, or (5) 2447 space within existing buildings, originally constructed or used 2448 for purposes other than education, for conversion to use as 2449 affordable and workforce housing, as defined in ss. 420.0004 and 420.5095, for school and instructional personnel. 2450 2451 Section 34. The sum of \$20 million is appropriated from 2452 the State Housing Trust Fund to the Florida Housing Finance 2453 Corporation for the 2006-2007 fiscal year to provide funds to 2454 teachers eligible for affordable housing pursuant to s. 420.5088 2455 or s. 420.5089, Florida Statutes, and to assist in teacher 2456 retention and recruitment as a response to the state's teacher 2457 shortage. 2458 Section 35. The sum of \$32 million is appropriated from the Local Government Housing Trust Fund to the Florida Housing 2459 Finance Corporation for the 2006-2007 fiscal year to assist in 2460 the production of housing units for extremely low-income 2461 2462 persons.

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Except as otherwise expressly provided in this

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act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2006.

Section 36.

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