## CHAMBER ACTION

The Fiscal Council recommends the following:

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## Council/Committee Substitute

Remove the entire bill and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to affordable housing; creating s. 125.379, F.S.; providing for disposition of county property for affordable housing; amending s. 163.31771, F.S., relating to accessory dwelling units; revising legislative findings and definitions; conforming crossreferences; amending s. 163.3187, F.S.; revising a limitation relating to small scale comprehensive plan amendments involving the construction of affordable housing units; creating s. 166.0451, F.S.; providing for disposition of municipal property for affordable housing; amending s. 189.4155, F.S.; authorizing independent special districts to provide for housing and housing assistance; amending s. 191.006, F.S.; authorizing independent special fire control districts to provide employee housing and housing assistance; amending s. 193.017, F.S.; authorizing the Florida Housing Finance Corporation and the Department of Revenue to annually set the capitalization rate used for assessing just valuation

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of affordable housing properties; creating s. 193.018, F.S.; creating the Manny Diaz Affordable Housing Property Tax Relief Initiative; providing criteria for assessing just valuation of affordable housing properties serving persons of low, moderate, very low, and extremely low incomes; amending s. 196.1978, F.S.; specifying what constitutes a nonprofit entity for purposes of affordable housing property tax exemption; conforming crossreferences; amending ss. 212.08, 220.183, and 624.5105, F.S.; increasing the amount of available tax credits against the sales tax, corporate income tax, and insurance premium tax, respectively, for projects under the community contribution tax credit program and providing separate annual limitations for certain projects; revising requirements and procedures for the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development in granting tax credits under the program; including extremely-low-income persons as eligible recipients of assistance; conforming crossreferences; amending s. 253.034, F.S.; providing for the disposition of state lands for affordable housing; amending s. 253.0341, F.S.; authorizing local governments to request state lands be declared surplus for the purpose of affordable housing; providing for use of lands that are declared surplus; amending s. 295.16, F.S.; expanding the disabled veteran exemption from certain license and permit fees relating to dwelling improvements; amending s. 380.06, F.S.; providing a greater substantial deviation threshold for the provision of affordable housing in a Page 2 of 96

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development of regional impact; conforming crossreferences; amending s. 380.0651, F.S.; providing a statewide quidelines and standards bonus for the provision of workforce housing; amending s. 420.0004, F.S.; defining the term "extremely-low-income persons"; conforming crossreferences; repealing s. 420.37, F.S., relating to additional powers of the Florida Housing Finance Corporation; repealing s. 420.530, F.S., relating to the State Farm Worker Housing Pilot Loan Program; amending s. 420.503, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "farmworker" under the Florida Housing Finance Corporation Act; providing rulemaking authority; amending s. 420.5061, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 420.507, F.S.; revising and expanding the powers of the Florida Housing Finance Corporation relating to mortgage loan interest rates, loans, loan relief, uses of loan funds, subsidiary business entities, and data reporting; providing rulemaking authority; amending s. 420.5087, F.S.; increasing the population criteria for the State Apartment Incentive Loan Program; revising criteria for loans; conforming cross-references; amending s. 420.5088, F.S.; expanding the scope of the Florida Homeownership Assistance Program; revising loan requirements; deleting a provision reserving program funds for certain borrowers; creating s. 420.5095, F.S.; creating the Community Workforce Housing Innovation Program; providing the Florida Housing Finance Corporation with certain powers and responsibilities relating to the program; requiring Page 3 of 96

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the program to target certain entities; providing application requirements; providing incentives for program applicants; amending s. 420.9071, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 420.9072, F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending s. 420.9075, F.S.; requiring local housing assistance plans to define essential service personnel for the county or eliqible municipality and to contain a strategy for the recruitment and retention of such personnel; providing for provision of funds for homeownership for extremely-low-income, very-low-income, or low-income persons; amending s. 420.9076, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 420.9079, F.S.; revising the maximum appropriation the Florida Housing Finance Corporation may request each state fiscal year; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 1001.42, F.S.; authorizing school districts to make specified lands available for affordable housing for teachers and other instructional personnel; amending s. 1001.43, F.S.; authorizing district school boards to provide affordable housing for teachers and other instructional personnel; authorizing local governments to provide density bonus incentives to landowners who donate fee simple interest in real property to the local government for the purpose of assisting the local government in providing affordable housing; providing definitions and requirements governing such donations and density bonuses; requiring the Department of Community Affairs to establish a Home Retrofit Hardening Program and establishing requirements Page 4 of 96

for the program; requiring the Department of Community
Affairs to establish a Disaster Recovery Assistance
Program and establishing requirements for the program;
authorizing the Florida Housing Finance Corporation to
provide funds to eligible entities for affordable housing
recovery in areas of the state sustaining hurricane damage
due to hurricanes during 2004 and 2005; providing
legislative findings and emergency rulemaking authority;
providing appropriations; providing effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 125.379, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

125.379 Disposition of county property for affordable housing.--

(1) By January 1, 2007, and every 3 years thereafter, each county shall prepare an inventory list of all real property within its jurisdiction to which the county holds fee simple title. The inventory list must include the address and legal description of each real property and specify whether the property is vacant or improved. County planning staff shall review the inventory list and identify each property that is appropriate for use as affordable housing. The time for preparing the inventory list and its review by county planning staff may not exceed 6 months. The properties identified as appropriate for use as affordable housing may be offered for sale and the proceeds used to purchase land for the development

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of affordable housing or donated to the local housing assistance trust fund, sold with a restriction that requires any development on the property to include a specified percentage of permanent affordable housing, or donated to a nonprofit housing organization for the construction of permanent affordable housing.

- (2) After completing an inventory list, the board of county commissioners shall hold at least two public hearings to discuss the inventory list and staff's recommendation concerning which properties are appropriate for use as affordable housing. The board shall comply with the provisions of s. 125.66(4)(b)1. regarding the advertisement of the public hearings and shall hold the first hearing no later than 30 days after completing the inventory list. The board shall approve the inventory list through the adoption of a resolution at the second hearing no later than 6 months after completing the inventory list.
- (3) After the inventory list has been approved by resolution, the board of county commissioners shall immediately make available any real property that has been identified in the inventory list as appropriate for use as affordable housing. The county shall make the surplus real property available to:
- (a) A private developer if the purchase price paid by the developer is not less than the appraised value of the property based on its highest and best use and the real property is sold with deed restrictions that require a specified percentage of any project developed on the real property to provide affordable housing for low-income and moderate-income persons, with a minimum of 10 percent of the units in the project available for

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low-income persons and another 10 percent of the units available
for moderate-income persons for a total minimum of 20 percent,
or, if providing rental housing or a combination of rental
housing and homeownership, an additional 5 percent of the units
available for very-low-income persons for a total minimum of 25
percent;

- (b) A private developer without any requirement that a percentage of the units built on the real property be affordable if the purchase price paid by the developer is not less than the appraised value of the property based on its highest and best use, in which case the county must use the funds received from the developer to acquire real property on which affordable housing will be built or donate the funds to the local housing assistance trust fund for the purpose of implementing the programs described in ss. 420.907-420.9079; or
- (c) A nonprofit housing organization, such as a community land trust, housing authority, or community redevelopment agency to be used for the production and preservation of permanent affordable housing.
- (4) The deed restrictions required under paragraph (3)(a) for an affordable housing unit must also prohibit the sale of the unit at a price that exceeds the threshold for housing that is affordable for low-income or moderate-income persons or to a buyer who is not eligible due to his or her income under chapter 420. The deed restrictions may allow the affordable housing units created under paragraph (3)(a) to be rented to extremely low-income, very-low-income, low-income, or moderate-income persons.

(5) For purposes of this section, the terms "affordable," "low-income persons," "moderate-income persons," "very-low-income persons", and "extremely low-income persons" have the same meaning as in s. 420.0004.

Section 2. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (b), (d), (e), and (f) of subsection (2) of section 163.31771, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (g) is added to subsection (2) of that section, to read:

163.31771 Accessory dwelling units.--

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- The Legislature finds that the median price of homes in this state has increased steadily over the last decade and at a greater rate of increase than the median income in many urban areas. The Legislature finds that the cost of rental housing has also increased steadily and the cost often exceeds an amount that is affordable to extremely-low-income, very-low-income, low-income, or moderate-income persons and has resulted in a critical shortage of affordable rentals in many urban areas in the state. This shortage of affordable rentals constitutes a threat to the health, safety, and welfare of the residents of the state. Therefore, the Legislature finds that it serves an important public purpose to encourage the permitting of accessory dwelling units in single-family residential areas in order to increase the availability of affordable rentals for extremely-low-income, very-low-income, low-income, or moderateincome persons.
  - (2) As used in this section, the term:
- (b) "Affordable rental" means that monthly rent and utilities do not exceed 30 percent of that amount which Page 8 of 96

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represents the percentage of the median adjusted gross annual income for <a href="extremely-low-income">extremely-low-income</a>, very-low-income, low-income, or moderate-income persons.

- (d) "Low-income persons" has the same meaning as in s.  $420.0004(10)\frac{(9)}{}$ .
- (e) "Moderate-income persons" has the same meaning as in  $s. 420.0004(11) \frac{(10)}{(10)}$ .
- 227 (f) "Very-low-income persons" has the same meaning as in 228 s. 420.0004(15)(14).
- 229 (g) "Extremely-low-income persons" has the same meaning as 230 in s. 420.0004(8).
- Section 3. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 232 163.3187, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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- 163.3187 Amendment of adopted comprehensive plan. --
- (1) Amendments to comprehensive plans adopted pursuant to this part may be made not more than two times during any calendar year, except:
- (c) Any local government comprehensive plan amendments directly related to proposed small scale development activities may be approved without regard to statutory limits on the frequency of consideration of amendments to the local comprehensive plan. A small scale development amendment may be adopted only under the following conditions:
- 1. The proposed amendment involves a use of 10 acres or fewer and:
- a. The cumulative annual effect of the acreage for all small scale development amendments adopted by the local government shall not exceed:

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(I) A maximum of 120 acres in a local government that contains areas specifically designated in the local comprehensive plan for urban infill, urban redevelopment, or downtown revitalization as defined in s. 163.3164, urban infill and redevelopment areas designated under s. 163.2517, transportation concurrency exception areas approved pursuant to s. 163.3180(5), or regional activity centers and urban central business districts approved pursuant to s. 380.06(2)(e); however, amendments under this paragraph may be applied to no more than 60 acres annually of property outside the designated areas listed in this sub-sub-subparagraph. Amendments adopted pursuant to paragraph (k) shall not be counted toward the acreage limitations for small scale amendments under this paragraph.

- (II) A maximum of 80 acres in a local government that does not contain any of the designated areas set forth in sub-sub-subparagraph (I).
- (III) A maximum of 120 acres in a county established pursuant to s. 9, Art. VIII of the State Constitution.
- b. The proposed amendment does not involve the same property granted a change within the prior 12 months.
- c. The proposed amendment does not involve the same owner's property within 200 feet of property granted a change within the prior 12 months.
- d. The proposed amendment does not involve a text change to the goals, policies, and objectives of the local government's comprehensive plan, but only proposes a land use change to the

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future land use map for a site-specific small scale development activity.

- e. The property that is the subject of the proposed amendment is not located within an area of critical state concern, unless the project subject to the proposed amendment involves the construction of affordable housing units meeting the criteria of s. 420.0004(3), and is located within an area of critical state concern designated by s. 380.0552 or by the Administration Commission pursuant to s. 380.05(1). Such amendment is not subject to the density limitations of subsubparagraph f., and shall be reviewed by the state land planning agency for consistency with the principles for guiding development applicable to the area of critical state concern where the amendment is located and shall not become effective until a final order is issued under s. 380.05(6).
- f. If the proposed amendment involves a residential land use, the residential land use has a density of 10 units or less per acre or the proposed future land use category allows a maximum residential density of the same or less than the maximum residential density allowable under the existing future land use category, except that this limitation does not apply to small scale amendments involving the construction of affordable housing units meeting the criteria of s. 420.0004(3) on property which will be the subject of a land use restriction agreement or extended use agreement recorded in conjunction with the issuance of tax exempt bond financing or an allocation of federal tax credits issued through the Florida Housing Finance Corporation or a local housing finance authority authorized by the Division

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of Bond Finance of the State Board of Administration, or small scale amendments described in sub-sub-subparagraph a.(I) that are designated in the local comprehensive plan for urban infill, urban redevelopment, or downtown revitalization as defined in s. 163.3164, urban infill and redevelopment areas designated under s. 163.2517, transportation concurrency exception areas approved pursuant to s. 163.3180(5), or regional activity centers and urban central business districts approved pursuant to s. 380.06(2)(e).

- 2.a. A local government that proposes to consider a plan amendment pursuant to this paragraph is not required to comply with the procedures and public notice requirements of s. 163.3184(15)(c) for such plan amendments if the local government complies with the provisions in s. 125.66(4)(a) for a county or in s. 166.041(3)(c) for a municipality. If a request for a plan amendment under this paragraph is initiated by other than the local government, public notice is required.
- b. The local government shall send copies of the notice and amendment to the state land planning agency, the regional planning council, and any other person or entity requesting a copy. This information shall also include a statement identifying any property subject to the amendment that is located within a coastal high-hazard area as identified in the local comprehensive plan.
- 3. Small scale development amendments adopted pursuant to this paragraph require only one public hearing before the governing board, which shall be an adoption hearing as described in s. 163.3184(7), and are not subject to the requirements of s.

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331 163.3184(3)-(6) unless the local government elects to have them subject to those requirements.

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- If the small scale development amendment involves a site within an area that is designated by the Governor as a rural area of critical economic concern under s. 288.0656(7) for the duration of such designation, the 10-acre limit listed in subparagraph 1. shall be increased by 100 percent to 20 acres. The local government approving the small scale plan amendment shall certify to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development that the plan amendment furthers the economic objectives set forth in the executive order issued under s. 288.0656(7), and the property subject to the plan amendment shall undergo public review to ensure that all concurrency requirements and federal, state, and local environmental permit requirements are met.
- Section 4. Section 166.0451, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 166.0451 Disposition of municipal property for affordable housing. --
- By January 1, 2007, and every 3 years thereafter, each municipality shall prepare an inventory list of all real property within its jurisdiction to which the municipality holds fee simple title. The inventory list must include the address and legal description of each property and specify whether the property is vacant or improved. Municipal planning staff shall review the inventory list and identify each real property that is appropriate for use as affordable housing. The time for preparing the inventory list and its review by municipal

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planning staff may not exceed 6 months. The properties
identified as appropriate for use as affordable housing may be
offered for sale and the proceeds used to purchase land for the
development of affordable housing or donated to the local
housing assistance trust fund, sold with a restriction that
requires any development on the property to include a specified
percentage of permanent affordable housing, or donated to a
nonprofit housing organization for the construction of permanent
affordable housing.

- (2) Upon completing an inventory list in compliance with this section, the governing body of the municipality shall hold at least two public hearings to discuss the inventory list and the recommendation of the staff concerning which properties are appropriate for use as affordable housing. The governing body shall comply with s. 166.041(3)(c)2.a. regarding the advertisement of the public hearings and shall hold the first hearing no later than 30 days after completing the inventory list. The governing body shall approve the inventory list through the adoption of a resolution at the second hearing no later than 6 months after completing the inventory list.
- (3) After the inventory list has been approved by resolution, the governing body of the municipality shall immediately make available any real property that has been identified in the inventory list as appropriate for use as affordable housing. The municipality shall make the surplus real property available to:
- (a) A private developer if the purchase price paid by the developer is not less than the appraised value of the property

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based on its highest and best use and the real property is sold with deed restrictions that require a specified percentage of any project developed on the real property to provide affordable housing for low-income and moderate-income persons, with a minimum of 10 percent of the units in the project available for low-income persons and another 10 percent of the units available for moderate-income persons for a total minimum of 20 percent, or, if providing rental housing or a combination of rental housing and homeownership, an additional 5 percent of the units available for very-low-income persons for a total minimum of 25 percent;

- (b) A private developer without any requirement that a percentage of the units built on the real property be affordable if the purchase price paid by the developer is not less than the appraised value of the property based on its highest and best use, in which case the municipality must use the funds received from the developer to acquire real property on which affordable housing will be built or donate the funds to the local housing trust fund for the purpose of implementing the programs described in ss. 420.907-420.9079; or
- (c) A nonprofit housing organization, such as a community land trust, housing authority, or community land trust, housing authority, or community redevelopment agency to be used for the production and preservation of permanently affordable housing.
- (4) The deed restrictions required under paragraph (3)(a) for an affordable housing unit must also prohibit the sale of the unit at a price that exceeds the threshold for housing that is affordable for low-income or moderate-income persons or to a

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buyer who is not eligible due to his or her income under chapter 420. The deed restrictions may allow the affordable housing units created under paragraph (3)(a) to be rented to extremely—low-income, very-low-income, low-income, or moderate-income persons.

- (5) For purposes of this section, the terms "affordable," "extremely-low-income persons," "low-income persons," "moderate-income persons," and "very-low-income persons" have the same meaning as in s. 420.0004.
- Section 5. Subsections (6) and (7) are added to section 189.4155, Florida Statutes, to read:
- 189.4155 Activities of special districts; local government comprehensive planning.--
- (6) Any independent special district created pursuant to chapter 190 is authorized to provide housing and housing assistance for persons whose total annual household income does not exceed 140 percent of the area median income, adjusted for family size.
- (7) Any independent special district created pursuant to special act or general law, including, but not limited to, this chapter and chapter 298, for the purpose of providing urban infrastructure or services is authorized to provide housing and housing assistance for its employed personnel whose total annual household income does not exceed 140 percent of the area median income, adjusted for family size.
- Section 6. Subsection (19) is added to section 191.006, Florida Statutes, to read:

191.006 General powers. -- The district shall have, and the board may exercise by majority vote, the following powers:

- (19) To provide housing and housing assistance for its employed personnel whose total annual household income does not exceed 140 percent of the area median income, adjusted for family size.
- Section 7. Subsection (5) is added to section 193.017,
  449 Florida Statutes, to read:
  - 193.017 Low-income housing tax credit.--Property used for affordable housing which has received a low-income housing tax credit from the Florida Housing Finance Corporation, as authorized by s. 420.5099, shall be assessed under s. 193.011 and, consistent with s. 420.5099(5) and (6), pursuant to this section.
  - (5) If a capitalization rate is used to assess just valuation for the affordable housing property, the appraiser shall use a capitalization rate that is comparable to a rate used for nonaffordable market-based properties.
  - Section 8. Section 193.018, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
  - 193.018 The Manny Diaz Affordable Housing Property Tax Relief Initiative.--
  - (1) For the purpose of assessing just valuation of affordable housing properties serving persons with income limits defined as extremely low, low, moderate, and very low, as specified in s. 420.0004(8), (10), (11), and (15), the actual rental income from rent-restricted units in such a property shall be recognized by the property appraiser for assessment

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purposes, and a rental income approach pursuant to s. 193.011(7)

shall be used for assessment of the rents for the following

affordable housing properties:

- Department of Housing and Urban Development under s. 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 that is used to provide affordable housing serving eligible persons as defined by s. 159.603(7) and elderly persons, extremely-low-income persons, and very-low-income persons as defined by s. 420.0004(7), (8), and (15) and that has undergone financial restructuring as provided in s. 501, Title V, Subtitle A of the Multifamily Assisted Housing Reform and Affordability Act of 1997;
- (b) Multifamily, farmworker, or elderly rental properties that are funded by the Florida Housing Finance Corporation under ss. 420.5087 and 420.5089 and the State Housing Initiatives

  Partnership Program under ss. 420.9072 and 420.9075, s. 42 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. s. 42; the HOME Investment Partnership Program under the Cranston-Gonzalez National

  Affordable Housing Act, 42 U.S.C. s. 12741 et seq.; or the Federal Home Loan Banks' Affordable Housing Program established pursuant to the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery and Enforcement Act of 1989, Pub. L. No. 101-73; or
- (c) Multifamily residential rental properties of 10 or more units that are deed restricted as affordable housing and certified by the local housing agency as having at least 95 percent of its units providing affordable housing to extremely-low-income persons, very-low-income persons, low-income persons,

497 and moderate-income persons as defined by s. 420.0004(8), (15), (10), and (11).

- (2) Properties used for affordable housing which have received a low-income housing tax credit from the Florida

  Housing Finance Corporation, as authorized by s. 420.5099, shall be assessed with priority consideration given to the rental income approach under s. 193.011(7) and, consistent with s. 420.5099(5) and (6), pursuant to this section, the following assumptions shall apply:
- (a) The tax credits granted and the financing generated by the tax credits may not be considered as income to the property.
- (b) The actual rental income from rent-restricted units in such a property shall be recognized by the property appraiser as the real rents for assessing just value.
- (c) Any costs paid for by tax credits and costs paid for by additional financing proceeds received under chapter 420 may not be included in the valuation of the property.
- (d) If an extended low-income housing agreement is filed in the official public records of the county in which the property is located, the agreement, and any recorded amendment or supplement thereto, shall be considered a land-use regulation and a limitation on the highest and best use of the property during the term of the agreement, amendment, or supplement.
- Section 9. Section 196.1978, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 196.1978 Affordable housing property exemption.--
- (1) Property used to provide affordable housing serving eligible persons as defined by s. 159.603(7) and persons meeting Page 19 of 96

income limits specified in s. 420.0004(10)(9), (11)(10), and (15)(14), which property is owned entirely by a nonprofit entity which is qualified as charitable under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and which complies with Rev. Proc. 96-32, 1996-1 C.B. 717, shall be considered property owned by an exempt entity and used for a charitable purpose, and those portions of the affordable housing property which provide housing to individuals with incomes as defined in s. 420.0004(10)(9) and (15)(14) shall be exempt from ad valorem taxation to the extent authorized in s. 196.196.

- (2) For the purposes of this section, ownership entirely by a nonprofit entity is classified as ownership by either:
  - (a) A corporation not for profit; or

- (b) A Florida limited partnership the sole general partner of which is either a corporation not for profit or a Florida limited liability company or corporation the sole member or shareholder, respectively, of which is a corporation not for profit.
- (3) All property owned by a nonprofit entity identified in this section shall comply with the criteria for determination of exempt status to be applied by property appraisers on an annual basis as defined in s. 196.195. In order to qualify for exempt status, the nonprofit entity must affirmatively demonstrate to the property appraiser that no part of the subject property, or the sale, lease, or other disposition of the assets of the property, will inure to the benefit of its member, officers, limited liability partners, or any person or firm operating for profit of for a nonexempt purpose. The Legislature intends that

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any property owned by a limited liability company which is disregarded as an entity for federal income tax purposes pursuant to Treasury Regulation 301.7701-3(b)(1)(ii) shall be treated as owned by its sole member.

Section 10. Paragraphs (o) and (q) of subsection (5) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions.--The sale at retail, the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

(5) EXEMPTIONS; ACCOUNT OF USE. --

- (o) Building materials in redevelopment projects. --
- 1. As used in this paragraph, the term:
- a. "Building materials" means tangible personal property that becomes a component part of a housing project or a mixed-use project.
- b. "Housing project" means the conversion of an existing manufacturing or industrial building to housing units in an urban high-crime area, enterprise zone, empowerment zone, Front Porch Community, designated brownfield area, or urban infill area and in which the developer agrees to set aside at least 20 percent of the housing units in the project for extremely-low-income, low-income, and moderate-income persons or the construction in a designated brownfield area of affordable housing for persons described in s. 420.0004(8)(9), (11)(10), or (15)(14), or in s. 159.603(7).

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c. "Mixed-use project" means the conversion of an existing manufacturing or industrial building to mixed-use units that include artists' studios, art and entertainment services, or other compatible uses. A mixed-use project must be located in an urban high-crime area, enterprise zone, empowerment zone, Front Porch Community, designated brownfield area, or urban infill area, and the developer must agree to set aside at least 20 percent of the square footage of the project for low-income and moderate-income housing.

- d. "Substantially completed" has the same meaning as provided in s. 192.042(1).
- 2. Building materials used in the construction of a housing project or mixed-use project are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter upon an affirmative showing to the satisfaction of the department that the requirements of this paragraph have been met. This exemption inures to the owner through a refund of previously paid taxes. To receive this refund, the owner must file an application under oath with the department which includes:
  - a. The name and address of the owner.
- b. The address and assessment roll parcel number of the project for which a refund is sought.
  - c. A copy of the building permit issued for the project.
- d. A certification by the local building code inspector that the project is substantially completed.
- e. A sworn statement, under penalty of perjury, from the general contractor licensed in this state with whom the owner contracted to construct the project, which statement lists the Page 22 of 96

building materials used in the construction of the project and the actual cost thereof, and the amount of sales tax paid on these materials. If a general contractor was not used, the owner shall provide this information in a sworn statement, under penalty of perjury. Copies of invoices evidencing payment of sales tax must be attached to the sworn statement.

- 3. An application for a refund under this paragraph must be submitted to the department within 6 months after the date the project is deemed to be substantially completed by the local building code inspector. Within 30 working days after receipt of the application, the department shall determine if it meets the requirements of this paragraph. A refund approved pursuant to this paragraph shall be made within 30 days after formal approval of the application by the department. The provisions of s. 212.095 do not apply to any refund application made under this paragraph.
- 4. The department shall establish by rule an application form and criteria for establishing eligibility for exemption under this paragraph.
- 5. The exemption shall apply to purchases of materials on or after July 1, 2000.
  - (q) Community contribution tax credit for donations. --
- 1. Authorization.--Beginning July 1, 2001, Persons who are registered with the department under s. 212.18 to collect or remit sales or use tax and who make donations to eligible sponsors are eligible for tax credits against their state sales and use tax liabilities as provided in this paragraph:

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a. The credit shall be computed as 50 percent of the person's approved annual community contribution.  $\div$ 

- b. The credit shall be granted as a refund against state sales and use taxes reported on returns and remitted in the 12 months preceding the date of application to the department for the credit as required in sub-subparagraph 3.c. If the annual credit is not fully used through such refund because of insufficient tax payments during the applicable 12-month period, the unused amount may be included in an application for a refund made pursuant to sub-subparagraph 3.c. in subsequent years against the total tax payments made for such year. Carryover credits may be applied for a 3-year period without regard to any time limitation that would otherwise apply under s. 215.26.7
- c. A person may not receive more than \$200,000 in annual tax credits for all approved community contributions made in any one year.  $\div$
- d. All proposals for the granting of the tax credit require the prior approval of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- e. The total amount of tax credits which may be granted for all programs approved under this paragraph, s. 220.183, and s. 624.5105 is \$10 \$12 million annually for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for extremely-low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.004(8), or low-income or very-low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28), and \$3 million annually for all other projects.; and

f. A person who is eligible to receive the credit provided for in this paragraph, s. 220.183, or s. 624.5105 may receive the credit only under the one section of the person's choice.

- 2. Eligibility requirements. --
- a. A community contribution by a person must be in the following form:
  - (I) Cash or other liquid assets;
  - (II) Real property;

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- (III) Goods or inventory; or
- (IV) Other physical resources as identified by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- All community contributions must be reserved exclusively for use in a project. As used in this subsubparagraph, the term "project" means any activity undertaken by an eligible sponsor which is designed to construct, improve, or substantially rehabilitate housing that is affordable to extremely-low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.0004(8), or low-income or very-low-income households, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28); designed to provide commercial, industrial, or public resources and facilities; or designed to improve entrepreneurial and job-development opportunities for low-income persons. A project may be the investment necessary to increase access to high-speed broadband capability in rural communities with enterprise zones, including projects that result in improvements to communications assets that are owned by a business. A project may include the provision of museum educational programs and materials that are directly related to any project approved between January 1, 1996, and December 31, Page 25 of 96

1999, and located in an enterprise zone designated pursuant to s. 290.0065. This paragraph does not preclude projects that propose to construct or rehabilitate housing for low-income or very-low-income households on scattered sites. With respect to housing, contributions may be used to pay the following eligible low-income and very-low-income housing-related activities:

- (I) Project development impact and management fees for <a href="mailto:extremely-low-income">extremely-low-income</a>, low-income, or very-low-income housing projects;
- (II) Down payment and closing costs for eligible persons, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28);
- (III) Administrative costs, including housing counseling and marketing fees, not to exceed 10 percent of the community contribution, directly related to <a href="extremely-low-income">extremely-low-income</a>, low-income, or very-low-income projects; and
- (IV) Removal of liens recorded against residential property by municipal, county, or special district local governments when satisfaction of the lien is a necessary precedent to the transfer of the property to an eligible person, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28), for the purpose of promoting home ownership. Contributions for lien removal must be received from a nonrelated third party.
- c. The project must be undertaken by an "eligible sponsor," which includes:
  - (I) A community action program;
- (II) A nonprofit community-based development organization whose mission is the provision of housing for <a href="extremely-low-">extremely-low-</a>
  <a href="mailto:income">income</a>, or very-low-income households or increasing Page 26 of 96

entrepreneurial and job-development opportunities for low-income 718 719 persons; A neighborhood housing services corporation; 720 (III) 721 (IV) A local housing authority created under chapter 421; 722 A community redevelopment agency created under s. 723 163.356; 724 The Florida Industrial Development Corporation; (VI) 725 (VII) A historic preservation district agency or 726 organization; (VIII) A regional workforce board; 727 728 A direct-support organization as provided in s. 1009.983; 729 730 (X) An enterprise zone development agency created under s. 731 290.0056; 732 A community-based organization incorporated under (XI) 733 chapter 617 which is recognized as educational, charitable, or scientific pursuant to s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code 734 735 and whose bylaws and articles of incorporation include 736 affordable housing, economic development, or community development as the primary mission of the corporation; 737 (XII) Units of local government; 738 739 (XIII) Units of state government; or 740 Any other agency that the Office of Tourism, Trade, 741 and Economic Development designates by rule. 742 In no event may a contributing person have a financial interest 743 744 in the eligible sponsor.

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d. The project must be located in an area designated an enterprise zone or a Front Porch Florida Community pursuant to s. 20.18(6), unless the project increases access to high-speed broadband capability for rural communities with enterprise zones but is physically located outside the designated rural zone boundaries. Any project designed to construct or rehabilitate housing for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.0971(19) and (28) is exempt from the area requirement of this sub-subparagraph.

- e.(I) For the first 6 months of the fiscal year, the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall reserve 80 percent of the first \$10 million in available annual tax credits and 70 percent of any available annual tax credits in excess of \$10 million for donations made to eligible sponsors for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very low income households as defined in s.

  420.9071(19) and (28). If any such reserved annual tax credits remain after the first 6 months of the fiscal year, the office may approve the balance of these available credits for donations made to eligible sponsors for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for low income or very low-income households.
- (II) For the first 6 months of the fiscal year, the office shall reserve 20 percent of the first \$10 million in available annual tax credits and 30 percent of any available annual tax credits in excess of \$10 million for donations made to eligible sponsors for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income

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households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28). If any reserved annual tax credits remain after the first 6 months of the fiscal year, the office may approve the balance of these available credits for donations made to eligible sponsors for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low income or very-low-income households.

(III) If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for extremely-low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.004(8), or low-income or very-lowincome persons, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28), are received for less than the available annual tax credits available for those projects reserved under sub subparagraph (I), the office shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, firstserved basis for any subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the first 6 months of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for extremely-low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.004(8), or low-income or very-low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28), are received for more than the available annual tax credits available for those projects reserved under sub subparagraph (I), the office shall grant the tax credits for those the applications as follows:

(A) If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor do not exceed \$200,000 in total, Page 29 of 96

the credits shall be granted in full if the tax credit applications are approved, subject to sub subparagraph (I).

- (B) If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor exceed \$200,000 in total, the amount of tax credits granted pursuant to sub-sub-sub-subparagraph (A) shall be subtracted from the amount of available tax credits under sub subparagraph (I), and the remaining credits shall be granted to each approved tax credit application on a pro rata basis.
- (C) If, after the first 6 months of the fiscal year, additional credits become available under sub-sub-subparagraph (II), the office shall grant the tax credits by first granting to those who received a pro rata reduction up to the full amount of their request and, if there are remaining credits, granting credits to those who applied on or after the 11th business day of the state fiscal year on a first come, first served basis.

(II) (IV) If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for extremely-low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.004(8), or low-income or very-low-income persons, as defined in s.

420.9071(19) and (28), are received for less than the available annual tax credits available for those projects reserved under sub sub subparagraph (II), the office shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis for any subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the first 6 months of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of Page 30 of 96

the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications <u>for</u> projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for extremely-low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.004(8), or low-income or very-low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28), are received for more than the available annual tax credits available for those projects reserved under sub sub subparagraph (II), the office shall grant the tax credits for those the applications on a pro rata basis. If, after the first 6 months of the fiscal year, additional credits become available under sub sub subparagraph (I), the office shall grant the tax credits by first granting to those who received a pro rata reduction up to the full amount of their request and, if there are remaining credits, granting credits to those who applied on or after the 11th business day of the state fiscal year on a first come, first served basis.

3. Application requirements.--

- a. Any eligible sponsor seeking to participate in this program must submit a proposal to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development which sets forth the name of the sponsor, a description of the project, and the area in which the project is located, together with such supporting information as is prescribed by rule. The proposal must also contain a resolution from the local governmental unit in which the project is located certifying that the project is consistent with local plans and regulations.
- b. Any person seeking to participate in this program must submit an application for tax credit to the office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development which sets forth the name of the Page 31 of 96

sponsor, a description of the project, and the type, value, and purpose of the contribution. The sponsor shall verify the terms of the application and indicate its receipt of the contribution, which verification must be in writing and accompany the application for tax credit. The person must submit a separate tax credit application to the office for each individual contribution that it makes to each individual project.

- c. Any person who has received notification from the office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development that a tax credit has been approved must apply to the department to receive the refund. Application must be made on the form prescribed for claiming refunds of sales and use taxes and be accompanied by a copy of the notification. A person may submit only one application for refund to the department within any 12-month period.
  - 4. Administration.--

- a. The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 necessary to administer this paragraph, including rules for the approval or disapproval of proposals by a person.
- b. The decision of the office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development must be in writing, and, if approved, the notification shall state the maximum credit allowable to the person. Upon approval, the office shall transmit a copy of the decision to the Department of Revenue.
- c. The office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall periodically monitor all projects in a manner consistent with available resources to ensure that resources are used in Page 32 of 96

accordance with this paragraph; however, each project must be reviewed at least once every 2 years.

- d. The office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall, in consultation with the Department of Community Affairs, the Florida Housing Finance Corporation, and the statewide and regional housing and financial intermediaries, market the availability of the community contribution tax credit program to community-based organizations.
- 5. Expiration.--This paragraph expires June 30, 2015; however, any accrued credit carryover that is unused on that date may be used until the expiration of the 3-year carryover period for such credit.
- Section 11. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 220.183, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
  - 220.183 Community contribution tax credit. --
- (1) AUTHORIZATION TO GRANT COMMUNITY CONTRIBUTION TAX
  CREDITS; LIMITATIONS ON INDIVIDUAL CREDITS AND PROGRAM
  SPENDING. --
- (c) The total amount of tax credit which may be granted for all programs approved under this section, s. 212.08(5)(q), and s. 624.5105 is \$10 \$12 million annually for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for extremely-low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.004(8), or low-income or very-low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28), and \$3 million annually for all other projects.
  - (2) ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS. --

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(b)1. All community contributions must be reserved exclusively for use in projects as defined in s. 220.03(1)(t).

2. For the first 6 months of the fiscal year, the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall reserve 80 percent of the first \$10 million in available annual tax credits, and 70 percent of any available annual tax credits in excess of \$10 million, for donations made to eligible sponsors for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s.

420.9071(19) and (28). If any reserved annual tax credits remain after the first 6 months of the fiscal year, the office may approve the balance of these available credits for donations made to eligible sponsors for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households.

3. For the first 6 months of the fiscal year, the office shall reserve 20 percent of the first \$10 million in available annual tax credits, and 30 percent of any available annual tax credits in excess of \$10 million, for donations made to eligible sponsors for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for low income or very low income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28). If any reserved annual tax credits remain after the first 6 months of the fiscal year, the office may approve the balance of these available credits for donations made to eligible sponsors for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low income or very-low-income households.

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2.4. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for extremely-low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.004(8), or low-income or very-lowincome persons, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28), are received for less than the available annual tax credits available for those projects reserved under subparagraph 2., the office shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis for any subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the first 6 months of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for extremely-low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.004(8), or low-income or very-low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28), are received for more than the available annual tax credits available for those projects reserved under subparagraph 2., the office shall grant the tax credits for those such applications as follows:

- a. If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor do not exceed \$200,000 in total, the credit shall be granted in full if the tax credit applications are approved, subject to the provisions of subparagraph 2.
- b. If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor exceed \$200,000 in total, the amount of tax credits granted under sub-subparagraph a. shall be subtracted from the amount of available tax credits under

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subparagraph 2., and the remaining credits shall be granted to each approved tax credit application on a pro rata basis.

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c. If, after the first 6 months of the fiscal year, additional credits become available pursuant to subparagraph 3., the office shall grant the tax credits by first granting to those who received a pro rata reduction up to the full amount of their request and, if there are remaining credits, granting credits to those who applied on or after the 11th business day of the state fiscal year on a first-come, first-served basis.

3.5. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for extremely-low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.004(8), or low-income or very-low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28), are received for less than the available annual tax credits available for those projects reserved under subparagraph 3., the office shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a firstcome, first-served basis for any subsequent eliqible applications received before the end of the first 6 months of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for extremely-low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.004(8), or low-income or very-low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28), are received for more than the available annual tax credits available for those projects reserved under subparagraph 3., the office shall grant the tax

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credits for those such applications on a pro rata basis. If, after the first 6 months of the fiscal year, additional credits become available under subparagraph 2., the office shall grant the tax credits by first granting to those who received a pro rata reduction up to the full amount of their request and, if there are remaining credits, granting credits to those who applied on or after the 11th business day of the state fiscal year on a first-come, first-served basis.

Section 12. Paragraph (f) of subsection (6) of section 253.034, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

253.034 State-owned lands; uses.--

- (6) The Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund shall determine which lands, the title to which is vested in the board, may be surplused. For conservation lands, the board shall make a determination that the lands are no longer needed for conservation purposes and may dispose of them by an affirmative vote of at least three members. In the case of a land exchange involving the disposition of conservation lands, the board must determine by an affirmative vote of at least three members that the exchange will result in a net positive conservation benefit. For all other lands, the board shall make a determination that the lands are no longer needed and may dispose of them by an affirmative vote of at least three members.
- (f)1. In reviewing lands owned by the board, the council shall consider whether such lands would be more appropriately owned or managed by the county or other unit of local government in which the land is located. The council shall recommend to the

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board whether a sale, lease, or other conveyance to a local government would be in the best interests of the state and local government. The provisions of this paragraph in no way limit the provisions of ss. 253.111 and 253.115. Such lands shall be offered to the state, county, or local government for a period of 30 days. Permittable uses for such surplus lands may include public schools; public libraries; fire or law enforcement substations; and governmental, judicial, or recreational centers; and affordable housing. County or local government requests for surplus lands shall be expedited throughout the surplusing process. If the county or local government does not elect to purchase such lands in accordance with s. 253.111, then any surplusing determination involving other governmental agencies shall be made upon the board deciding the best public use of the lands. Surplus properties in which governmental agencies have expressed no interest shall then be available for sale on the private market.

2. Notwithstanding subparagraph 1., any surplus lands that were acquired by the state prior to 1958 by a gift or other conveyance for no consideration from a municipality, and which the department has filed by July 1, 2006, a notice of its intent to surplus, shall be first offered for reconveyance to such municipality at no cost, but for the fair market value of any building or other improvements to the land, unless otherwise provided in a deed restriction of record. This subparagraph expires July 1, 2006.

Section 13. Section 253.0341, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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253.0341 Surplus of state-owned lands to counties or local governments.--Counties and local governments may submit surplusing requests for state-owned lands directly to the board of trustees. County or local government requests for the state to surplus conservation or nonconservation lands, whether for purchase or exchange, shall be expedited throughout the surplusing process. Property jointly acquired by the state and other entities shall not be surplused without the consent of all joint owners.

- (1) The decision to surplus state-owned nonconservation lands may be made by the board without a review of, or a recommendation on, the request from the Acquisition and Restoration Council or the Division of State Lands. Such requests for nonconservation lands shall be considered by the board within 60 days of the board's receipt of the request.
- (2) County or local government requests for the surplusing of state-owned conservation lands are subject to review of, and recommendation on, the request to the board by the Acquisition and Restoration Council. Requests to surplus conservation lands shall be considered by the board within 120 days of the board's receipt of the request.
- (3) A local government may request that state lands be specifically declared surplus lands for the purpose of providing affordable housing. The request shall comply with the requirements of subsection (1) if the lands are nonconservation lands or subsection (2) if the lands are conservation lands.

  Surplus lands that are conveyed to a local government for

affordable housing shall be disposed of by the local government under the provisions of s. 125.379 or s. 166.0451.

Section 14. Section 295.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Disabled veterans exempt from certain license or permit fee. -- No totally and permanently disabled veteran who is a resident of Florida and honorably discharged from the Armed Forces, who has been issued a valid identification card by the Department of Veterans' Affairs in accordance with s. 295.17 or has been determined by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs or its predecessor to have a service-connected 100percent disability rating for compensation, or who has been determined to have a service-connected disability rating of 100 percent and is in receipt of disability retirement pay from any branch of the uniformed armed services, shall be required to pay any license or permit fee, by whatever name known, to any county or municipality in order to make improvements upon a dwelling mobile home owned by the veteran which is used as the veteran's residence, provided such improvements are limited to ramps, widening of doors, and similar improvements for the purpose of making the dwelling mobile home habitable for veterans confined to wheelchairs.

Section 15. Paragraphs (b) and (e) of subsection (19) of section 380.06, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 380.06 Developments of regional impact. --
- (19) SUBSTANTIAL DEVIATIONS.--

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(b) Any proposed change to a previously approved development of regional impact or development order condition

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which, either individually or cumulatively with other changes, exceeds any of the following criteria shall constitute a substantial deviation and shall cause the development to be subject to further development-of-regional-impact review without the necessity for a finding of same by the local government:

- 1. An increase in the number of parking spaces at an attraction or recreational facility by 5 percent or 300 spaces, whichever is greater, or an increase in the number of spectators that may be accommodated at such a facility by 5 percent or 1,000 spectators, whichever is greater.
- 2. A new runway, a new terminal facility, a 25-percent lengthening of an existing runway, or a 25-percent increase in the number of gates of an existing terminal, but only if the increase adds at least three additional gates.
- 3. An increase in the number of hospital beds by 5 percent or 60 beds, whichever is greater.
- 4. An increase in industrial development area by 5 percent or 32 acres, whichever is greater.
- 5. An increase in the average annual acreage mined by 5 percent or 10 acres, whichever is greater, or an increase in the average daily water consumption by a mining operation by 5 percent or 300,000 gallons, whichever is greater. An increase in the size of the mine by 5 percent or 750 acres, whichever is less. An increase in the size of a heavy mineral mine as defined in s. 378.403(7) will only constitute a substantial deviation if the average annual acreage mined is more than 500 acres and consumes more than 3 million gallons of water per day.

6. An increase in land area for office development by 5 percent or an increase of gross floor area of office development by 5 percent or 60,000 gross square feet, whichever is greater.

- 7. An increase in the storage capacity for chemical or petroleum storage facilities by 5 percent, 20,000 barrels, or 7 million pounds, whichever is greater.
- 8. An increase of development at a waterport of wet storage for 20 watercraft, dry storage for 30 watercraft, or wet/dry storage for 60 watercraft in an area identified in the state marina siting plan as an appropriate site for additional waterport development or a 5-percent increase in watercraft storage capacity, whichever is greater.
- 9. An increase in the number of dwelling units by 5 percent or 50 dwelling units, whichever is greater.
- 10. An increase in the number of dwelling units by 15 percent or 100 units, whichever is greater, provided that 20 percent of the increase in the number of dwelling units is dedicated to the construction of workforce housing. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "workforce housing" means housing that will be made permanently affordable to a person who earns less than 140 percent of the area median income, as provided in a recorded land use restriction agreement.
- 11.10. An increase in commercial development by 50,000 square feet of gross floor area or of parking spaces provided for customers for 300 cars or a 5-percent increase of either of these, whichever is greater.
- 12.11. An increase in hotel or motel facility units by 5 percent or 75 units, whichever is greater.

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1161 <u>13.12.</u> An increase in a recreational vehicle park area by
1162 5 percent or 100 vehicle spaces, whichever is less.

- 14.13. A decrease in the area set aside for open space of 5 percent or 20 acres, whichever is less.
- 15.14. A proposed increase to an approved multiuse development of regional impact where the sum of the increases of each land use as a percentage of the applicable substantial deviation criteria is equal to or exceeds 100 percent. The percentage of any decrease in the amount of open space shall be treated as an increase for purposes of determining when 100 percent has been reached or exceeded.
- 16.15. A 15-percent increase in the number of external vehicle trips generated by the development above that which was projected during the original development-of-regional-impact review.
- 17.16. Any change which would result in development of any area which was specifically set aside in the application for development approval or in the development order for preservation or special protection of endangered or threatened plants or animals designated as endangered, threatened, or species of special concern and their habitat, primary dunes, or archaeological and historical sites designated as significant by the Division of Historical Resources of the Department of State. The further refinement of such areas by survey shall be considered under sub-subparagraph (e)5.b.

The substantial deviation numerical standards in subparagraphs
4., 6., 10., 11., and 15. 14., excluding residential uses, and

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16. 15., are increased by 100 percent for a project certified under s. 403.973 which creates jobs and meets criteria established by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development as to its impact on an area's economy, employment, and prevailing wage and skill levels. The substantial deviation numerical standards in subparagraphs 4., 6., 9., 10., 11., 12., and 15. 14. are increased by 50 percent for a project located wholly within an urban infill and redevelopment area designated on the applicable adopted local comprehensive plan future land use map and not located within the coastal high hazard area.

- (e)1. Except for a development order rendered pursuant to subsection (22) or subsection (25), a proposed change to a development order that individually or cumulatively with any previous change is less than any numerical criterion contained in subparagraphs (b)1.-16. (b)1. 15. and does not exceed any other criterion, or that involves an extension of the buildout date of a development, or any phase thereof, of less than 5 years is not subject to the public hearing requirements of subparagraph (f)3., and is not subject to a determination pursuant to subparagraph (f)5. Notice of the proposed change shall be made to the regional planning council and the state land planning agency. Such notice shall include a description of previous individual changes made to the development, including changes previously approved by the local government, and shall include appropriate amendments to the development order.
- 2. The following changes, individually or cumulatively with any previous changes, are not substantial deviations:

a. Changes in the name of the project, developer, owner, or monitoring official.

- b. Changes to a setback that do not affect noise buffers, environmental protection or mitigation areas, or archaeological or historical resources.
  - c. Changes to minimum lot sizes.

- d. Changes in the configuration of internal roads that do not affect external access points.
- e. Changes to the building design or orientation that stay approximately within the approved area designated for such building and parking lot, and which do not affect historical buildings designated as significant by the Division of Historical Resources of the Department of State.
- f. Changes to increase the acreage in the development, provided that no development is proposed on the acreage to be added.
- g. Changes to eliminate an approved land use, provided that there are no additional regional impacts.
- h. Changes required to conform to permits approved by any federal, state, or regional permitting agency, provided that these changes do not create additional regional impacts.
- i. Any renovation or redevelopment of development within a previously approved development of regional impact which does not change land use or increase density or intensity of use.
- j. Any other change which the state land planning agency agrees in writing is similar in nature, impact, or character to the changes enumerated in sub-subparagraphs a.-i. and which does not create the likelihood of any additional regional impact.

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This subsection does not require a development order amendment for any change listed in sub-subparagraphs a.-j. unless such issue is addressed either in the existing development order or in the application for development approval, but, in the case of the application, only if, and in the manner in which, the application is incorporated in the development order.

- 3. Except for the change authorized by sub-subparagraph 2.f., any addition of land not previously reviewed or any change not specified in paragraph (b) or paragraph (c) shall be presumed to create a substantial deviation. This presumption may be rebutted by clear and convincing evidence.
- 4. Any submittal of a proposed change to a previously approved development shall include a description of individual changes previously made to the development, including changes previously approved by the local government. The local government shall consider the previous and current proposed changes in deciding whether such changes cumulatively constitute a substantial deviation requiring further development-of-regional-impact review.
- 5. The following changes to an approved development of regional impact shall be presumed to create a substantial deviation. Such presumption may be rebutted by clear and convincing evidence.
- a. A change proposed for 15 percent or more of the acreage to a land use not previously approved in the development order. Changes of less than 15 percent shall be presumed not to create a substantial deviation.

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b. Except for the types of uses listed in subparagraph (b)17. (b)16., any change which would result in the development of any area which was specifically set aside in the application for development approval or in the development order for preservation, buffers, or special protection, including habitat for plant and animal species, archaeological and historical sites, dunes, and other special areas.

- c. Notwithstanding any provision of paragraph (b) to the contrary, a proposed change consisting of simultaneous increases and decreases of at least two of the uses within an authorized multiuse development of regional impact which was originally approved with three or more uses specified in s. 380.0651(3)(c), (d), (f), and (g) and residential use.
- Section 16. Paragraph (k) of subsection (3) of section 380.0651, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as paragraph (l), and a new paragraph (k) is added to that subsection to read:
  - 380.0651 Statewide guidelines and standards.--
- (3) The following statewide guidelines and standards shall be applied in the manner described in s. 380.06(2) to determine whether the following developments shall be required to undergo development-of-regional-impact review:
- (k) Workforce housing.--The applicable guidelines for residential development and the residential component for multiuse development shall be increased by 20 percent where the developer demonstrates that at least 15 percent of the residential dwelling units will be dedicated to workforce housing. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "workforce housing" means housing that will be made permanently affordable

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to a person who earns less than 140 percent of the area median income, as provided in a recorded land use restriction agreement.

Section 17. Section 420.0004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

420.0004 Definitions.--As used in this part, unless the context otherwise indicates:

- (1) "Adjusted for family size" means adjusted in a manner which results in an income eligibility level which is lower for households with fewer than four people, or higher for households with more than four people, than the base income eligibility determined as provided in subsection (10) (9), subsection (11) (10), or subsection (15) (14), based upon a formula as established by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- (2) "Adjusted gross income" means all wages, assets, regular cash or noncash contributions or gifts from persons outside the household, and such other resources and benefits as may be determined to be income by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, adjusted for family size, less deductions allowable under s. 62 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (3) "Affordable" means that monthly rents or monthly mortgage payments including taxes, insurance, and utilities do not exceed 30 percent of that amount which represents the percentage of the median adjusted gross annual income for the households as indicated in <u>subsection (8)</u>, subsection (10) (9), subsection (11) (10), or subsection (15) (14).

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(4)"Corporation" means the Florida Housing Finance Corporation.

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- "Community-based organization" or "nonprofit (5) organization" means a private corporation organized under chapter 617 to assist in the provision of housing and related services on a not-for-profit basis and which is acceptable to federal and state agencies and financial institutions as a sponsor of low-income housing.
- "Department" means the Department of Community (6) Affairs.
  - (7) "Elderly" describes persons 62 years of age or older.
- "Extremely-low-income persons" means one or more natural persons or a family whose total annual household income does not exceed 30 percent of the median annual adjusted gross income for households within the state. The Florida Housing Finance Corporation may adjust this amount annually by rule to provide that in lower income counties, extremely-low-income may exceed 30 percent of area median income and that in higher income counties, extremely-low-income may be less than 30 percent of area median income.
- (9) (8) "Local public body" means any county, municipality, or other political subdivision, or any housing authority as provided by chapter 421, which is eligible to sponsor or develop housing for farmworkers and very-low-income and low-income persons within its jurisdiction.
- (10) <del>(9)</del> "Low-income persons" means one or more natural persons or a family, the total annual adjusted gross household income of which does not exceed 80 percent of the median annual

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adjusted gross income for households within the state, or 80 percent of the median annual adjusted gross income for households within the metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or, if not within an MSA, within the county in which the person or family resides, whichever is greater.

- (11) (10) "Moderate-income persons" means one or more natural persons or a family, the total annual adjusted gross household income of which is less than 120 percent of the median annual adjusted gross income for households within the state, or 120 percent of the median annual adjusted gross income for households within the metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or, if not within an MSA, within the county in which the person or family resides, whichever is greater.
- (12)(11) "Student" means any person not living with his or her parent or guardian who is eligible to be claimed by his or her parent or guardian as a dependent under the federal income tax code and who is enrolled on at least a half-time basis in a secondary school, career center, community college, college, or university.
  - (13) (12) "Substandard" means:

- (a) Any unit lacking complete plumbing or sanitary facilities for the exclusive use of the occupants;
- (b) A unit which is in violation of one or more major sections of an applicable housing code and where such violation poses a serious threat to the health of the occupant; or
- (c) A unit that has been declared unfit for human habitation but that could be rehabilitated for less than 50 percent of the property value.

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(14) (13) "Substantial rehabilitation" means repair or restoration of a dwelling unit where the value of such repair or restoration exceeds 40 percent of the value of the dwelling.

(15)(14) "Very-low-income persons" means one or more natural persons or a family, not including students, the total annual adjusted gross household income of which does not exceed 50 percent of the median annual adjusted gross income for households within the state, or 50 percent of the median annual adjusted gross income for households within the metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or, if not within an MSA, within the county in which the person or family resides, whichever is greater.

Section 18. <u>Sections 420.37 and 420.530, Florida Statutes,</u> are repealed.

Section 19. Subsection (18) of section 420.503, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

420.503 Definitions.--As used in this part, the term:

- (18) (a) "Farmworker" means a laborer who is employed on a seasonal, temporary, or permanent basis in the planting, cultivating, harvesting, or processing of agricultural or aquacultural products and who derived at least 50 percent of her or his income in the immediately preceding 12 months from such employment.
- (b) "Farmworker" also includes a person who has retired as a laborer due to age, disability, or illness. In order to be considered retired as a farmworker due to age under this part, a person must be 50 years of age or older and must have been employed for a minimum of 5 years as a farmworker before

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retirement. In order to be considered retired as a farmworker due to disability or illness, a person must:

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- $\frac{1.(a)}{a}$  Establish medically that she or he is unable to be employed as a farmworker due to that disability or illness.
- 1415  $\underline{2.(b)}$  Establish that she or he was previously employed as 1416 a farmworker.
- (c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b), when

  corporation-administered funds are used in conjunction with

  United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development funds,

  the term "farmworker" may mean a laborer who meets, at a

  minimum, the definition of "domestic farm laborer" as found in 7

  C.F.R. s. 3560.11, as amended. The corporation may establish

  additional criteria by rule.

Section 20. Section 420.5061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

420.5061 Transfer of agency assets and liabilities.--Effective January 1, 1998, all assets and liabilities and rights and obligations, including any outstanding contractual obligations, of the agency shall be transferred to the corporation as legal successor in all respects to the agency. The corporation shall thereupon become obligated to the same extent as the agency under any existing agreements and be entitled to any rights and remedies previously afforded the agency by law or contract, including specifically the rights of the agency under chapter 201 and part VI of chapter 159. The corporation is a state agency for purposes of s. 159.807(4)(a). Effective January 1, 1998, all references under Florida law to the agency are deemed to mean the

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corporation. The corporation shall transfer to the General Revenue Fund an amount which otherwise would have been deducted as a service charge pursuant to s. 215.20(1) if the Florida Housing Finance Corporation Fund established by s. 420.508(5), the State Apartment Incentive Loan Fund established by s. 420.5087(7), the Florida Homeownership Assistance Fund established by s.  $420.5088(4)\frac{(5)}{}$ , the HOME Investment Partnership Fund established by s. 420.5089(1), and the Housing Predevelopment Loan Fund established by s. 420.525(1) were each trust funds. For purposes of s. 112.313, the corporation is deemed to be a continuation of the agency, and the provisions thereof are deemed to apply as if the same entity remained in place. Any employees of the agency and agency board members covered by s. 112.313(9)(a)6. shall continue to be entitled to the exemption in that subparagraph, notwithstanding being hired by the corporation or appointed as board members of the corporation. Effective January 1, 1998, all state property in use by the agency shall be transferred to and become the property of the corporation.

Section 21. Subsections (22), (23), and (40) of section 420.507, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsections (44) and (45) are added to that section, to read:

420.507 Powers of the corporation.--The corporation shall have all the powers necessary or convenient to carry out and effectuate the purposes and provisions of this part, including the following powers which are in addition to all other powers granted by other provisions of this part:

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(22) To develop and administer the State Apartment Incentive Loan Program. In developing and administering that program, the corporation may:

- (a) Make first, second, and other subordinated mortgage loans including variable or fixed rate loans subject to contingent interest for all State Apartment Incentive Loans provided for in this chapter based upon available cash flow of the projects. The corporation shall make loans exceeding 25 percent of project cost available only to nonprofit organizations and public bodies which are able to secure grants, donations of land, or contributions from other sources and to projects meeting the criteria of subparagraph 1. Mortgage loans shall be made available at the following rates of interest:
- 1. Zero to 3 percent interest for sponsors of projects that set aside at least maintain an 80 percent occupancy of their total units for residents qualifying as farmworkers as defined in this part s. 420.503(18), or commercial fishing workers as defined in this part s. 420.503(5), or the homeless as defined in s. 420.621(4) over the life of the loan.
- 2. The board may set the interest rate based on the prorata share of units set aside for homeless residents if the total of such units is less than 80 percent of the units in the borrower's project.
- 3. One Three to 9 percent interest for sponsors of projects targeted at populations other than farmworkers, commercial fishing workers, and the homeless.
- (b) Make loans exceeding 25 percent of project cost when the project serves extremely-low-income persons.

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(c) Forgive indebtedness for a share of the loan attributable to the units in a project reserved for extremely-low-income persons.

(d)(b) Geographically and demographically target the utilization of loans.

- $\underline{\text{(e)}}$  Underwrite credit, and reject projects which do not meet the established standards of the corporation.
- $\underline{\text{(f)}}$  Negotiate with governing bodies within the state after a loan has been awarded to obtain local government contributions.
- $\underline{\text{(g)}}$  (e) Inspect any records of a sponsor at any time during the life of the loan or the agreed period for maintaining the provisions of s. 420.5087.
- (h)(f) Establish, by rule, the procedure for evaluating, scoring, and competitively ranking all applications based on the criteria set forth in s. 420.5087(6)(c); determining actual loan amounts; making and servicing loans; and exercising the powers authorized in this subsection.
- (i) (g) Establish a loan loss insurance reserve to be used to protect the outstanding program investment in case of a default, deed in lieu of foreclosure, or foreclosure of a program loan.
- (23) To develop and administer the Florida Homeownership Assistance Program. In developing and administering the program, the corporation may:
- (a)1. Make subordinated loans to eligible borrowers for down payments or closing costs related to the purchase of the borrower's primary residence.

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2. Make permanent loans to eligible borrowers related to the purchase of the borrower's primary residence.

- 3. Make subordinated loans to nonprofit sponsors or developers of housing for <u>purchase of property</u>, <u>for</u> construction, <u>or for</u> financing of housing to be offered for sale to eligible borrowers as a primary residence at an affordable price.
- (b) Establish a loan loss insurance reserve to supplement existing sources of mortgage insurance with appropriated funds.
- (c) Geographically and demographically target the utilization of loans.
- (d) Defer repayment of loans for the term of the first mortgage.
- (e) Establish flexible terms for loans with an interest rate not to exceed 3 percent per annum and which are nonamortizing for the term of the first mortgage.
- (f) Require repayment of loans upon sale, transfer, refinancing, or rental of secured property, unless otherwise approved by the corporation.
- (g) Accelerate a loan for monetary default, for failure to provide the benefits of the loans to eligible borrowers, or for violation of any other restriction placed upon the loan.
- (h) Adopt rules for the program and exercise the powers authorized in this subsection.
- (40) To establish subsidiary <u>business entities</u> corporations for the purpose of taking title to and managing and disposing of property acquired by the corporation. Such subsidiary business entities corporations shall be public

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business entities corporations wholly owned by the corporation; shall be entitled to own, mortgage, and sell property on the same basis as the corporation; and shall be deemed <u>business</u> entities corporations primarily acting as an agent agents of the state, within the meaning of s. 768.28, on the same basis as the corporation. Any subsidiary <u>business</u> entity created by the corporation shall be subject to chapters 119, 120, and 286 to the same extent as the corporation. The subsidiary <u>business</u> entities shall have authority to make rules necessary to conduct business and to carry out the purposes of this subsection.

- of terms or other actions necessary to further program goals or avoid default of a program loan. Such rules must consider fiscal program goals and the preservation or advancement of affordable housing for the state.
- (45) To establish by rule requirements for periodic reporting of data, including, but not limited to, financial data, housing market data, detailed economic and physical occupancy on multifamily projects, and demographic data on all housing financed through corporation programs and for participation in a housing locator system.

Section 22. Subsections (1), (3), (5), and (6) of section 420.5087, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

420.5087 State Apartment Incentive Loan Program.--There is hereby created the State Apartment Incentive Loan Program for the purpose of providing first, second, or other subordinated mortgage loans or loan guarantees to sponsors, including for-

profit, nonprofit, and public entities, to provide housing affordable to very-low-income persons.

- (1) Program funds shall be distributed over successive 3-year periods in a manner that meets the need and demand for very-low-income housing throughout the state. That need and demand must be determined by using the most recent statewide low-income rental housing market studies available at the beginning of each 3-year period. However, at least 10 percent of the program funds distributed during a 3-year period must be allocated to each of the following categories of counties, as determined by using the population statistics published in the most recent edition of the Florida Statistical Abstract:
- (a) Counties that have a population of 825,000 or more. more than 500,000 people;
- (b) Counties that have a population of more than between 100,000 but less than 825,000. and 500,000 people; and
  - (c) Counties that have a population of 100,000 or less.

Any increase in funding required to reach the 10-percent minimum shall be taken from the county category that has the largest allocation. The corporation shall adopt rules which establish an equitable process for distributing any portion of the 10 percent of program funds allocated to the county categories specified in this subsection which remains unallocated at the end of a 3-year period. Counties that have a population of 100,000 or less shall be given preference under these rules.

(3) During the first 6 months of loan or loan guarantee availability, program funds shall be reserved for use by Page 58 of 96

sponsors who provide the housing set-aside required in subsection (2) for the tenant groups designated in this subsection. The reservation of funds to each of these groups shall be determined using the most recent statewide very-low-income rental housing market study available at the time of publication of each notice of fund availability required by paragraph (6)(b). The reservation of funds within each notice of fund availability to the tenant groups in paragraphs (a), (b), and (d) may not be less than 10 percent of the funds available at that time. Any increase in funding required to reach the 10-percent minimum shall be taken from the tenant group that has the largest reservation. The reservation of funds within each notice of fund availability to the tenant group in paragraph (c) may not be less than 5 percent of the funds available at that time. The tenant groups are:

- (a) Commercial fishing workers and farmworkers;
- (b) Families:

- (c) Persons who are homeless; and
- (d) Elderly persons. Ten percent of the amount reserved for the elderly shall be reserved to provide loans to sponsors of housing for the elderly for the purpose of making building preservation, health, or sanitation repairs or improvements which are required by federal, state, or local regulation or code, or lifesafety or security-related repairs or improvements to such housing. Such a loan may not exceed \$750,000 per housing community for the elderly. In order to receive the loan, the sponsor of the housing community must make a commitment to match at least  $\frac{5}{15}$  percent of the loan amount to pay the cost of such Page 59 of 96

repair or improvement. The corporation shall establish the rate of interest on the loan, which may not exceed 3 percent, and the term of the loan, which may not exceed 15 years; however, if the lien of the corporation's encumbrance is subordinate to the lien of another mortgagee, then the term may be made coterminous with the longest term of the superior lien. The term of the loan shall be established on the basis of a credit analysis of the applicant. The corporation shall establish, by rule, the procedure and criteria for receiving, evaluating, and competitively ranking all applications for loans under this paragraph. A loan application must include evidence of the first mortgagee's having reviewed and approved the sponsor's intent to apply for a loan. A nonprofit organization or sponsor may not use the proceeds of the loan to pay for administrative costs, routine maintenance, or new construction.

- combined with any other mortgage in a superior position shall be less than the value of the project without the housing set-aside required by subsection (2). However, the corporation may waive this requirement for projects in rural areas or urban infill areas which have market rate rents that are less than the allowable rents pursuant to applicable state and federal guidelines, and for projects which reserve units for extremely—low-income persons. In no event shall the mortgage provided under this program combined with any other mortgage in a superior position exceed total project cost.
- (6) On all state apartment incentive loans, except loans made to housing communities for the elderly to provide for  ${\rm Page}\,60\,0f\,96$

lifesafety, building preservation, health, sanitation, or security-related repairs or improvements, the following provisions shall apply:

- (a) The corporation shall establish two interest rates in accordance with s. 420.507(22)(a)1. and 3.  $\frac{2}{3}$ .
- (b) The corporation shall publish a notice of fund availability in a publication of general circulation throughout the state. Such notice shall be published at least 60 days prior to the application deadline and shall provide notice of the temporary reservations of funds established in subsection (3).
- (c) The corporation shall provide by rule for the establishment of a review committee composed of the department and corporation staff and shall establish by rule a scoring system for evaluation and competitive ranking of applications submitted in this program, including, but not limited to, the following criteria:
- 1. Tenant income and demographic targeting objectives of the corporation.
- 2. Targeting objectives of the corporation which will ensure an equitable distribution of loans between rural and urban areas.
- 3. Sponsor's agreement to reserve the units for persons or families who have incomes below 50 percent of the state or local median income, whichever is higher, for a time period to exceed the minimum required by federal law or the provisions of this part.
  - 4. Sponsor's agreement to reserve more than:

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a. Twenty percent of the units in the project for persons or families who have incomes that do not exceed 50 percent of the state or local median income, whichever is higher; or

- b. Forty percent of the units in the project for persons or families who have incomes that do not exceed 60 percent of the state or local median income, whichever is higher, without requiring a greater amount of the loans as provided in this section.
  - 5. Provision for tenant counseling.

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- 6. Sponsor's agreement to accept rental assistance certificates or vouchers as payment for rent; however, when certificates or vouchers are accepted as payment for rent on units set aside pursuant to subsection (2), the benefit must be divided between the corporation and the sponsor, as provided by corporation rule.
- 7. Projects requiring the least amount of a state apartment incentive loan compared to overall project cost except that the share of the loan attributable to units serving extremely-low-income persons shall be excluded from this requirement.
- 8. Local government contributions and local government comprehensive planning and activities that promote affordable housing.
- 9. Project feasibility.
  - 10. Economic viability of the project.
- 1713 11. Commitment of first mortgage financing.
- 1714 12. Sponsor's prior experience.
- 1715 13. Sponsor's ability to proceed with construction.

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1716 14. Projects that directly implement or assist welfare-to-1717 work transitioning.

- 15. Projects that reserve units for extremely-low-income persons.
  - (d) The corporation may reject any and all applications.
- (e) The corporation may approve and reject applications for the purpose of achieving geographic targeting.
- (f) The review committee established by corporation rule pursuant to this subsection shall make recommendations to the board of directors of the corporation regarding program participation under the State Apartment Incentive Loan Program. The corporation board shall make the final ranking and the decisions regarding which applicants shall become program participants based on the scores received in the competitive ranking, further review of applications, and the recommendations of the review committee. The corporation board shall approve or reject applications for loans and shall determine the tentative loan amount available to each applicant selected for participation in the program. The actual loan amount shall be determined pursuant to rule adopted pursuant to s. 420.507(22)(h) (f).
- (g) The loan term shall be for a period of not more than 15 years; however, if both a program loan and federal low-income housing tax credits are to be used to assist a project, the corporation may set the loan term for a period commensurate with the investment requirements associated with the tax credit syndication. The term of the loan may also exceed 15 years if the lien of the corporation's encumbrance is subordinate to the

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lien of another mortgagee; then the term may be made coterminous with the longest term of the superior lien necessary to conform to requirements of the Federal National Mortgage Association.

The corporation may renegotiate and extend the loan in order to extend the availability of housing for the targeted population. The term of a loan may not extend beyond the period for which the sponsor agrees to provide the housing set-aside required by subsection (2).

- (h) The loan shall be subject to sale, transfer, or refinancing. The sale, transfer, or refinancing of the loan shall be consistent with fiscal program goals and the preservation or advancement of affordable housing for the state. However, all requirements and conditions of the loan shall remain following sale, transfer, or refinancing.
- (i) The discrimination provisions of s. 420.516 shall apply to all loans.
- (j) The corporation may require units dedicated for the elderly.
- (k) Rent controls shall not be allowed on any project except as required in conjunction with the issuance of tax-exempt bonds or federal low-income housing tax credits, and except when the sponsor has committed to set aside units for extremely-low-income persons, in which case rents shall be restricted at the level applicable for federal low-income tax credits.
- (1) The proceeds of all loans shall be used for new construction or substantial rehabilitation which creates affordable, safe, and sanitary housing units.

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Sponsors shall annually certify the adjusted gross income of all persons or families qualified under subsection (2) at the time of initial occupancy, who are residing in a project funded by this program. All persons or families qualified under subsection (2) may continue to qualify under subsection (2) in a project funded by this program if the adjusted gross income of those persons or families at the time of annual recertification meets the requirements established in s. 142(d)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. If the annual recertification of persons or families qualifying under subsection (2) results in noncompliance with income occupancy requirements, the next available unit must be rented to a person or family qualifying under subsection (2) in order to ensure continuing compliance of the project. The corporation may waive the annual recertification if 100 percent of the units are set aside as affordable.

- (n) Upon submission and approval of a marketing plan which demonstrates a good faith effort of a sponsor to rent a unit or units to persons or families reserved under subsection (3) and qualified under subsection (2), the sponsor may rent such unit or units to any person or family qualified under subsection (2) notwithstanding the reservation.
- (o) Sponsors may participate in federal mortgage insurance programs and must abide by the requirements of those programs. If a conflict occurs between the requirements of federal mortgage insurance programs and the requirements of this section, the requirements of federal mortgage insurance programs shall take precedence.

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Section 23. Section 420.5088, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

420.5088 Florida Homeownership Assistance Program.--There is created the Florida Homeownership Assistance Program for the purpose of assisting low-income and moderate-income persons in purchasing a home as their primary residence by reducing the cost of the home with below-market construction financing, by reducing the amount of down payment and closing costs paid by the borrower to a maximum of 5 percent of the purchase price, or by reducing the monthly payment to an affordable amount for the purchaser. Loans shall be made available at an interest rate that does not exceed 3 percent. The balance of any loan is due at closing if the property is sold, refinanced, rented, or transferred, unless otherwise approved by the corporation.

- (1) For loans made available pursuant to s. 420.507(23)(a)1. or 2.:
- (a) The corporation may underwrite and make those mortgage loans through the program to persons or families who have incomes that do not exceed 120 80 percent of the state or local median income, whichever is greater, adjusted for family size.
- (b) Loans shall be made available for the term of the first mortgage.
- (c) Loans <u>may not exceed</u> are limited to the lesser of <u>35</u> 25 percent of the purchase price of the home or the amount necessary to enable the purchaser to meet credit underwriting criteria.
  - (2) For loans made pursuant to s. 420.507(23)(a)3.:

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(a) Availability is limited to nonprofit sponsors or developers who are selected for program participation pursuant to this subsection.

- (b) Preference must be given to community development corporations as defined in s. 290.033 and to community-based organizations as defined in s. 420.503.
- (c) Priority must be given to projects that have received state assistance in funding project predevelopment costs.
- (d) The benefits of making such loans shall be contractually provided to the persons or families purchasing homes financed under this subsection.
- (e) At least 30 percent of the units in a project financed pursuant to this subsection must be sold to persons or families who have incomes that do not exceed 80 percent of the state or local median income, whichever amount is greater, adjusted for family size; and at least another 30 percent of the units in a project financed pursuant to this subsection must be sold to persons or families who have incomes that do not exceed 65 50 percent of the state or local median income, whichever amount is greater, adjusted for family size.
- (f) The maximum loan amount may not exceed 33 percent of the total project cost.
- (g) A person who purchases a home in a project financed under this subsection is eligible for a loan authorized by s. 420.507(23)(a)1. or 2. in an aggregate amount not exceeding the construction loan made pursuant to this subsection. The home purchaser must meet all the requirements for loan recipients established pursuant to the applicable loan program.

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(h) The corporation shall provide, by rule, for the establishment of a review committee composed of corporation staff and shall establish, by rule, a scoring system for evaluating and ranking applications submitted for construction loans under this subsection, including, but not limited to, the following criteria:

- 1. The affordability of the housing proposed to be built.
- 2. The direct benefits of the assistance to the persons who will reside in the proposed housing.
- 3. The demonstrated capacity of the applicant to carry out the proposal, including the experience of the development team.
  - 4. The economic feasibility of the proposal.
- 5. The extent to which the applicant demonstrates potential cost savings by combining the benefits of different governmental programs and private initiatives, including the local government contributions and local government comprehensive planning and activities that promote affordable housing.
- 6. The use of the least amount of program loan funds compared to overall project cost.
  - 7. The provision of homeownership counseling.
- 8. The applicant's agreement to exceed the requirements of paragraph (e).
  - 9. The commitment of first mortgage financing for the balance of the construction loan and for the permanent loans to the purchasers of the housing.
    - 10. The applicant's ability to proceed with construction.

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11. The targeting objectives of the corporation which will ensure an equitable distribution of loans between rural and urban areas.

12. The extent to which the proposal will further the purposes of this program.

- (i) The corporation may reject any and all applications.
- (j) The review committee established by corporation rule pursuant to this subsection shall make recommendations to the corporation board regarding program participation under this subsection. The corporation board shall make the final ranking for participation based on the scores received in the ranking, further review of the applications, and the recommendations of the review committee. The corporation board shall approve or reject applicants for loans and shall determine the tentative loan amount available to each program participant. The final loan amount shall be determined pursuant to rule adopted under s. 420.507(23)(h).
- (3) The corporation shall publish a notice of fund availability in a publication of general circulation throughout the state at least 60 days prior to the anticipated availability of funds.
  - (4) During the first 9 months of fund availability:
- (a) Sixty percent of the program funds shall be reserved for use by borrowers pursuant to s. 420.507(23)(a)1.;
- (b) Twenty percent of the program funds shall be reserved for use by borrowers pursuant to s. 420.507(23)(a)2.; and
- 1908 (c) Twenty percent of the program funds shall be reserved

  1909 for use by borrowers pursuant to s. 420.507(23)(a)3.

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If the application of these percentages would cause the reservation of program funds under paragraph (a) to be less than \$1 million, the reservation for paragraph (a) shall be increased to \$1 million or all available funds, whichever amount is less, with the increase to be accomplished by reducing the reservation for paragraph (b) and, if necessary, paragraph (c).

(4) (4) (5) There is authorized to be established by the corporation with a qualified public depository meeting the requirements of chapter 280 the Florida Homeownership Assistance Fund to be administered by the corporation according to the provisions of this program. Any amounts held in the Florida Homeownership Assistance Trust Fund for such purposes as of January 1, 1998, must be transferred to the corporation for deposit in the Florida Homeownership Assistance Fund, whereupon the Florida Homeownership Assistance Trust Fund must be closed. There shall be deposited in the fund moneys from the State Housing Trust Fund created by s. 420.0005, or moneys received from any other source, for the purpose of this program and all proceeds derived from the use of such moneys. In addition, all unencumbered funds, loan repayments, proceeds from the sale of any property, and any other proceeds that would otherwise accrue pursuant to the activities of the programs described in this section shall be transferred to this fund. In addition, all loan repayments, proceeds from the sale of any property, and any other proceeds that would otherwise accrue pursuant to the activities conducted under the provisions of the Florida Homeownership Assistance Program shall be deposited in the fund

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and shall not revert to the General Revenue Fund. Expenditures from the Florida Homeownership Assistance Fund shall not be required to be included in the corporation's budget request or be subject to appropriation by the Legislature.

(5)(6) No more than one-fifth of the funds available in the Florida Homeownership Assistance Fund may be made available to provide loan loss insurance reserve funds to facilitate homeownership for eligible persons.

Section 24. Section 420.5095, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

420.5095 Community Workforce Housing Innovation Program. --

- (1) The Community Workforce Housing Innovation Program is created for the purpose of providing affordable rental and home ownership community workforce housing for essential services personnel with medium incomes in high-cost and high-growth counties in this state using regulatory incentives and state and local funds to promote local public-private partnerships and leverage government and private resources.
- (2) Subject to the availability of an annual appropriation by the Legislature to fund the Community Workforce Housing

  Innovation Program, the corporation shall have the authority to provide Community Workforce Housing Innovation Program loans, which may be forgivable, to an applicant for construction or rehabilitation of rental or home ownership workforce housing in eligible counties. The corporation shall establish a funding process and selection criteria by rule or request for proposals to distribute annually appropriated funds under this section.

Funding may be used with other corporation and private sector resources.

- (3) The corporation shall provide incentives for local governments in these counties to use local affordable housing funds, such as those from the State Housing Initiatives

  Partnership Program to assist in meeting the affordable housing needs of persons eligible under this program.
- (4) The Community Workforce Housing Innovation Program projects shall target:
- (a) "High-cost counties," defined as those counties in which the median sales price of a single-family home using the most recent county level statistics is above the state median sales price of a single-family home, areas of critical state concern designated under s. 380.05 for which the Legislature has declared its intent to provide affordable housing, areas that were designated as areas of critical state concern for at least 20 consecutive years prior to removal of the designation, and counties designated as rural areas of critical economic concern. The corporation shall develop the list of high-cost counties on an annual basis.
- (b) "High-growth counties," defined as those counties that demonstrate significantly high rates of growth in K-12 public school students and a substantial number of open teaching positions currently and projected for the next school year. To qualify under these criteria of high growth and need to fill public school teaching positions, a county's school district must have been in the top 10 school districts in the state for the fastest student population growth as a percentage rate of

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increase for the previous 5 years, as defined by the Department of Education. Counties with school districts having the greatest number of teaching position vacancies shall be prioritized.

- (c) "Public-private partnerships," defined to include substantial involvement of at least one county, one municipality, or one public sector entity, such as a school district or other unit of local government in which the project is to be located, and at least one private not-for-profit or for-profit project partner. Partnerships are encouraged to include one or more private sector business or charitable entities and may be any form of business entity, including a joint venture or contractual agreement.
- (d) "Workforce housing," defined as housing affordable to natural persons or families whose total annual household income does not exceed 140 percent of the area median income, adjusted for household size, in prioritized areas included in this subsection, or 150 percent of the area median income, adjusted for household size, in areas of critical state concern or in areas that were designated as areas of critical state concern for at least 20 consecutive years prior to removal of the designation.
- (e) "Essential services personnel," defined as persons in need of affordable housing who are employed in areas in which they are considered essential services personnel, as defined by each county and eligible municipality within its local housing assistance plan pursuant to s. 420.9075(3)(a).

(f) Innovative projects that include new construction or rehabilitation of existing housing, mixed-income housing, or commercial and housing mixed-use elements.

- (5) No more than one project shall be funded per county per year. The corporation shall seek to achieve a 70-percent high-cost, 30-percent high-growth ratio in its annual funding of projects. However, when one project in each of the high-cost and high-growth counties which have made application have been funded, the corporation may fund other projects as provided in this section.
- (6) (a) Projects shall receive priority consideration for funding where the local jurisdiction has allowed appropriate workforce housing incentives to promote the financial viability, successful development, and ongoing maintenance of these housing developments, such as:
- 1. The processing of approvals of development orders or development permits, as defined in s. 163.3164(7) and (8), for affordable housing projects shall be expedited to a greater degree than other projects.
- 2. Mitigation of impact fees by reduction, waiver, or an alternative method of fee payment by the local government in which the proposed project is to be located.
- 3. Increased density levels, density bonuses for affordable housing of up to 16 units or higher density per acre shall be allowed, except in coastal high-hazard areas, if approved by the local government, for community workforce housing.

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4. Reserving infrastructure capacity in the local comprehensive plan for affordable housing shall be reserved for these communities.

5. Allowing additional affordable residential units, including accessory units in residential zoning districts.

- 6. Allow mixed land uses, such as compatible neighborhood commercial centers and mixed-use planned unit developments.
- 7. Reduction of open space, building setback requirements, road widths, parking, and other requirements which are not essential to protect the public health, safety, and welfare or critical to protect the environment.
- 8. Allowing zero-lot-line and other flexible lot configurations.
- 9. Traffic concurrency requirements shall be modified or reduced by up to 25 percent.
- 10. Local transportation infrastructure funding shall be considered eligible for prioritization from metropolitan planning organizations.
- (b) The regulatory incentives for approved Community
  Workforce Housing Innovation Program projects shall be
  considered acceptable by the respective local government
  maintaining jurisdiction over the site of the project, if:
- 1. The applicant receives a letter of support from the local government for the project application submitted to the corporation; or
- 2. Within 60 days after receipt of the applicant's plan by the local government, a vote of "no objection" regarding the project is taken by that body. During the 60-day period, the

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local government and project applicant may agree to modify the project incentives and size of the development with approval from the corporation and still be eligible for project funding.

(7) All eligible applications shall:

- (a) Set aside at least 80 percent of the units for workforce housing.
- (b) Set aside at least 50 percent of the units as prioritized for eligible persons who are employed as essential services personnel.
- (c) For rental projects, restrict rents for all workforce housing serving those with incomes up to 120 percent of area median income at the appropriate income level using the restricted rents for the federal low-income housing tax credit program and, for workforce housing units serving those with incomes up to 140 percent of area median income, restrict rents to those established by the corporation, not to exceed 40 percent of the maximum household income adjusted to unit size.
- (d) For home ownership, limit the sales price of a detached unit, townhome, or condominium unit to not more than the median sales price for that type of unit in that county and require that all eligible purchasers of home ownership units occupy the homes as their primary residence.
- (e) Demonstrate that the program applicant consists of a public-private partnership of at least one local government or special district public sector entity and one private not-for-profit or for-profit partner.
- 2100 (f) Demonstrate how the applicant will use the regulatory
  2101 incentives outlined in subsection (6) and include, if available,

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any letters of support for the incentives referenced in subparagraph (6)(b)1. from the local jurisdiction in which the proposed project is to be located.

- (g) Demonstrate that the applicant possesses title to or site control of land and evidences availability of required infrastructure.
- (h) Provide any research or facts available supporting the demand and need for rental or home ownership workforce housing for qualified workforce residents in the county in which the project is proposed.
- (i) Have grants, donations of land, or contributions from the public-private partnership or other sources collectively totaling at least 15 percent of the total development cost. Such grants, donations of land, or contributions must only be evidenced by a letter of commitment at the time of application.
- (j) Demonstrate accessibility to commercial businesses, services, and employment opportunities needed to serve the needs of the residents or include a viable plan to provide transportation access to those commercial businesses, services, and jobs.
- (k) Demonstrate a marketing and sales plan to ensure that residents fit the income requirements and workforce employment demand for essential services, as well as alternative strategies to sell or lease units to other qualified individuals if essential services personnel are not immediately available or qualified for the units.
- 2128 (1) Provide a development cost pro forma financial 2129 statement for the project.

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2130 (m) Demonstrate the applicant's affordable housing
2131 development and management experience.
2132 (n) Demonstrate the long-term affordability of the rental

- (o) May include manufactured housing constructed after

  June 1994 and installed in accordance with mobile home

  installation standards of the Department of Highway and Motor

  Vehicles. As part of its application, the public-private

  partnership shall include local contributions or financial

  strategies, such as:
- 1. Promotion and support of employer-assisted housing
  programs;
  - 2. Tax increment financing;

or homeownership units.

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- 3. Funding from local option taxes;
- 4. Land for the development; or
- 5. Financial assistance packages to homebuyers.
- (8) (a) The corporation shall establish a review committee and shall establish a scoring system for evaluation and competitive ranking of applications submitted to the program.

  The ranking shall ensure an opportunity for a greater number of high-cost, high-growth counties to receive project funding.
- (b) The corporation shall award loans with interest rates set at 1 to 3 percent, which may be forgivable if the project continues to meet the rental or ownership criteria outlined in subsection (4). The corporation shall develop rules and quidelines to set the terms of forgivability.

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2156 (9) The corporation may use a maximum of 2 percent of the
2157 annual appropriation per state fiscal year for administration
2158 and compliance monitoring.
2159 (10) The corporation shall develop and implement within

(10) The corporation shall develop and implement within the Community Workforce Housing Innovation Program a down-payment assistance program.

(11) On an annual basis, the corporation shall review the success of the Community Workforce Housing Innovation Program to ascertain whether the projects produced by the program are useful in meeting the housing needs of high-cost and high-growth counties. The corporation shall submit any recommendations regarding the program to the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of the Senate not later than 2 months after the end of the corporation's fiscal year.

Section 25. Subsection (25) of section 420.9071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

420.9071 Definitions.--As used in ss. 420.907-420.9079, the term:

(25) "Recaptured funds" means funds that are recouped by a county or eligible municipality in accordance with the recapture provisions of its local housing assistance plan pursuant to s. 420.9075(5)(4)(g) from eligible persons or eligible sponsors who default on the terms of a grant award or loan award.

Section 26. Subsection (2) of section 420.9072, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

420.9072 State Housing Initiatives Partnership

Program.--The State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program is

created for the purpose of providing funds to counties and

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eligible municipalities as an incentive for the creation of local housing partnerships, to expand production of and preserve affordable housing, to further the housing element of the local government comprehensive plan specific to affordable housing, and to increase housing-related employment.

- (2)(a) To be eligible to receive funds under the program, a county or eligible municipality must:
- 1. Submit to the corporation its local housing assistance plan describing the local housing assistance strategies established pursuant to s. 420.9075;
- 2. Within 12 months after adopting the local housing assistance plan, amend the plan to incorporate the local housing incentive strategies defined in s. 420.9071(16) and described in s. 420.9076; and
- 3. Within 24 months after adopting the amended local housing assistance plan to incorporate the local housing incentive strategies, amend its land development regulations or establish local policies and procedures, as necessary, to implement the local housing incentive strategies adopted by the local governing body. A county or an eligible municipality that has adopted a housing incentive strategy pursuant to s. 420.9076 before the effective date of this act shall review the status of implementation of the plan according to its adopted schedule for implementation and report its findings in the annual report required by s. 420.9075(10)(9). If as a result of the review, a county or an eligible municipality determines that the implementation is complete and in accordance with its schedule, no further action is necessary. If a county or an eligible

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municipality determines that implementation according to its schedule is not complete, it must amend its land development regulations or establish local policies and procedures, as necessary, to implement the housing incentive plan within 12 months after the effective date of this act, or if extenuating circumstances prevent implementation within 12 months, pursuant to s. 420.9075(13)(12), enter into an extension agreement with the corporation.

- (b) A county or an eligible municipality seeking approval to receive its share of the local housing distribution must adopt an ordinance containing the following provisions:
- 1. Creation of a local housing assistance trust fund as described in s. 420.9075(6)(5).
- 2. Adoption by resolution of a local housing assistance plan as defined in s. 420.9071(14) to be implemented through a local housing partnership as defined in s. 420.9071(18).
- 3. Designation of the responsibility for the administration of the local housing assistance plan. Such ordinance may also provide for the contracting of all or part of the administrative or other functions of the program to a third person or entity.
- 4. Creation of the affordable housing advisory committee as provided in s. 420.9076.

The ordinance must not take effect until at least 30 days after the date of formal adoption. Ordinances in effect prior to the effective date of amendments to this section shall be amended as needed to conform to new provisions.

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Section 27. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of present subsection (4) of section 420.9075, Florida Statutes, are amended, subsections (3) through (12) are renumbered as subsections (4) through (13), respectively, and a new subsection (3) is added to that section, to read:

- 420.9075 Local housing assistance plans; partnerships.--
- (3) (a) Each local housing assistance plan shall include a definition of essential service personnel for the county or eligible municipality, including, but not limited to, teachers and educators, other school district, community college, and university employees, police and fire personnel, health care personnel, skilled building trades personnel, and other job categories.
- (b) Each county and each eligible municipality is encouraged to develop a strategy within its local housing assistance plan that emphasizes the recruitment and retention of essential service personnel and persons skilled in the building trades. The local government is encouraged to involve public and private sector employers. Compliance with the eligibility criteria established under this strategy shall be verified by the county or eligible municipality.
- (c) Each county and each eligible municipality is encouraged to develop a strategy within its local housing assistance plan that addresses the needs of persons who are deprived of affordable housing due to the closure of a mobile home park or the conversion of affordable rental units to condominiums.

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 $\underline{(5)}$  (4) The following criteria apply to awards made to eligible sponsors or eligible persons for the purpose of providing eligible housing:

- (a) At least 65 percent of the funds made available in each county and eligible municipality from the local housing distribution must be reserved for <a href="rehabilitation">rehabilitation</a> and <a href="construction of">construction of</a> home ownership <a href="units">units</a> for eligible <a href="extremely-low-income">extremely-low-income</a>, low-income, or very-low-income persons.
- (c) The sales price or value of new or existing eligible housing may not exceed 90 percent of the average area purchase price in the statistical area in which the eligible housing is located. Such average area purchase price may be that calculated for any 12-month period beginning not earlier than the fourth calendar year prior to the year in which the award occurs or as otherwise established by the United States Department of the Treasury.

If both an award under the local housing assistance plan and federal low-income housing tax credits are used to assist a project and there is a conflict between the criteria prescribed in this subsection and the requirements of s. 42 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, the county or eligible municipality may resolve the conflict by giving precedence to the requirements of s. 42 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, in lieu of following the criteria prescribed in this subsection with the exception of paragraphs (a) and (d) of this subsection.

Section 28. Subsection (6) of section 420.9076, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

420.9076 Adoption of affordable housing incentive strategies; committees.--

(6) Within 90 days after the date of receipt of the local housing incentive strategies recommendations from the advisory committee, the governing body of the appointing local government shall adopt an amendment to its local housing assistance plan to incorporate the local housing incentive strategies it will implement within its jurisdiction. The amendment must include, at a minimum, the local housing incentive strategies specified as defined in paragraphs (4)(a)-(j) s. 420.9071(16).

Section 29. Subsection (2) of section 420.9079, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

420.9079 Local Government Housing Trust Fund. --

(2) The corporation shall administer the fund exclusively for the purpose of implementing the programs described in ss. 420.907-420.9078 and this section. With the exception of monitoring the activities of counties and eligible municipalities to determine local compliance with program requirements, the corporation shall not receive appropriations from the fund for administrative or personnel costs. For the purpose of implementing the compliance monitoring provisions of s. 420.9075(9)(8), the corporation may request a maximum of one-quarter of 1 percent of the annual appropriation \$200,000 per state fiscal year. When such funding is appropriated, the corporation shall deduct the amount appropriated prior to

calculating the local housing distribution pursuant to ss. 420.9072 and 420.9073.

- Section 30. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) and paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 624.5105, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 624.5105 Community contribution tax credit; authorization; limitations; eligibility and application requirements; administration; definitions; expiration.--
  - (1) AUTHORIZATION TO GRANT TAX CREDITS; LIMITATIONS. --
- (c) The total amount of tax credit which may be granted for all programs approved under this section and ss. 212.08(5)(q) and 220.183 is \$10 \$12 million annually for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for extremely-low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.0004(8), or low-income or very-low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28), and \$3 million annually for all other projects.
  - (2) ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS. --
- (e)1. For the first 6 months of the fiscal year, the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall reserve 80 percent of the first \$10 million in available annual tax credits, and 70 percent of any available annual tax credits in excess of \$10 million, for donations made to eligible sponsors for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very low income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28). If any such reserved annual tax credits remain after the first 6 months of the fiscal year, the office may approve the balance of these available credits for donations made to eligible sponsors for projects other than those that

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provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households.

2. For the first 6 months of the fiscal year, the office shall reserve 20 percent of the first \$10 million in available annual tax credits, and 30 percent of any available annual tax credits in excess of \$10 million, for donations made to eligible sponsors for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28). If any reserved annual tax credits remain after the first 6 months of the fiscal year, the office may approve the balance of these available credits for donations made to eligible sponsors for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low income or very-low-income households.

3. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for extremely-low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.0004(8), or low-income or very-low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28), are received for less than the available annual tax credits available for those projects reserved under subparagraph 1., the office shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis for any subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the first 6 months of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for extremely-low-income persons, as defined in s.

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420.0004(8), or low-income or very-low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28), are received for more than the available annual tax credits available for those projects reserved under subparagraph 1., the office shall grant the tax credits for those the applications as follows:

- a. If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor do not exceed \$200,000 in total, the credits shall be granted in full if the tax credit applications are approved, subject to subparagraph 1.
- b. If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor exceed \$200,000 in total, the amount of tax credits granted under sub-subparagraph a. shall be subtracted from the amount of available tax credits under subparagraph 1., and the remaining credits shall be granted to each approved tax credit application on a pro rata basis.
- c. If, after the first 6 months of the fiscal year, additional credits become available under subparagraph 2., the office shall grant the tax credits by first granting to those who received a pro rata reduction up to the full amount of their request and, if there are remaining credits, granting credits to those who applied on or after the 11th business day of the state fiscal year on a first-come, first-served basis.
- 2.4. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for extremely-low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.0004(8), or low-income or very-low-income persons, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28,) are received for less than the available

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2405	annual tax credits available for those projects reserved under
2406	subparagraph 2., the office shall grant tax credits for those
2407	applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-
2408	come, first-served basis for any subsequent eligible
2409	applications received before the end of the first 6 months of
2410	the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of
2411	the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for
2412	projects other than those that provide homeownership
2413	opportunities for extremely-low-income persons, as defined in s.
2414	420.0004(8), or low-income or very-low-income persons, as
2415	defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28), are received for more than
2416	the available annual tax credits available for those projects
2417	reserved under subparagraph 2., the office shall grant the tax
2418	credits for $\underline{\text{those}}$ $\underline{\text{the}}$ applications on a pro rata basis. $\underline{\text{If}}_{\tau}$
2419	after the first 6 months of the fiscal year, additional credits
2420	become available under subparagraph 1., the office shall grant
2421	the tax credits by first granting to those who received a pro
2422	rata reduction up to the full amount of their request and, if
2423	there are remaining credits, granting credits to those who
2424	applied on or after the 11th business day of the state fiscal
2425	year on a first come, first served basis.
2426	Section 31. Paragraph (b) of subsection (9) of section
2427	1001.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2428	1001.42 Powers and duties of district school boardThe
2429	district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all
2430	powers and perform all duties listed below:
2431	(9) SCHOOL PLANTApprove plans for locating, planning,
2432	constructing, sanitating, insuring, maintaining, protecting, and Page 88 of 96

condemning school property as prescribed in chapter 1013 and as follows:

- (b) Sites, buildings, and equipment. --
- 1. Select and purchase school sites, playgrounds, and recreational areas located at centers at which schools are to be constructed, of adequate size to meet the needs of projected students to be accommodated.
- 2. Approve the proposed purchase of any site, playground, or recreational area for which district funds are to be used.
  - 3. Expand existing sites.

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- 4. Rent buildings when necessary.
- Enter into leases or lease-purchase arrangements, in accordance with the requirements and conditions provided in s. 1013.15(2), with private individuals or corporations for the rental of necessary grounds and educational facilities for school purposes or of educational facilities to be erected for school purposes. Current or other funds authorized by law may be used to make payments under a lease-purchase agreement. Notwithstanding any other statutes, if the rental is to be paid from funds received from ad valorem taxation and the agreement is for a period greater than 12 months, an approving referendum must be held. The provisions of such contracts, including building plans, shall be subject to approval by the Department of Education, and no such contract shall be entered into without such approval. As used in this section, "educational facilities" means the buildings and equipment that are built, installed, or established to serve educational purposes and that may lawfully

be used. The State Board of Education may adopt such rules as are necessary to implement these provisions.

- 6. Provide for the proper supervision of construction.
- 7. Make or contract for additions, alterations, and repairs on buildings and other school properties.
- 8. Ensure that all plans and specifications for buildings provide adequately for the safety and well-being of students, as well as for economy of construction.
- 9. Make certain school board lands, acquired prior to January 1, 2006, available to a private developer or nonprofit housing organization for the purpose of providing teachers and other instructional personnel housing assistance. Teachers and other instructional personnel must be eligible for assistance under chapter 420, and the school board must declare the land surplus and not needed for any facility identified in the district facilities work program required under s. 1013.35.

Section 32. Subsection (12) of section 1001.43, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (13), and a new subsection (12) is added to that section to read:

- 1001.43 Supplemental powers and duties of district school board.--The district school board may exercise the following supplemental powers and duties as authorized by this code or State Board of Education rule.
- (12) AFFORDABLE HOUSING.--The district school board may provide affordable housing for teachers and other instructional personnel independently or in conjunction with other agencies as described in subsection (5).

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Section 33. Affordable housing land donation density bonus incentives.--

- incentives pursuant to the provisions of this section to any landowner who voluntarily donates fee simple interest in real property to the local government for the purpose of assisting the local government in providing affordable housing. Donated real property must be determined by the local government to be appropriate for use as affordable housing and must be subject to deed restrictions to ensure that the property will be used for the stated purpose of affordable housing.
- (2) For purposes of this section, the terms "affordable,"

  "extremely-low-income persons," "low-income persons," "moderateincome persons," and "very-low-income persons," have the same
  meaning as in section 420.0004, Florida Statutes.
- government at the rate of one to four dwelling units per gross acre of donated land, as determined by the local government. The density bonus may be applied to any land within the local government's jurisdiction provided that residential is an allowable use on the receiving land and that the overall density of the receiving land does not exceed six dwelling units per gross acre.
- (4) The density bonus, identification of receiving land for the bonus, and any other conditions associated with the donation of the land for affordable housing are the subject of review and approval by the local government. The award of density bonus pursuant to this section, the legal description of

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the land receiving the bonus, and any other conditions
associated with the bonus shall be memorialized in a development
agreement or other binding agreement and recorded with the clerk
of court in the county where the donated land and receiving land
are located.

- (5) The local government, as part of the approval process, shall adopt a comprehensive plan amendment, pursuant to part II of chapter 163, Florida Statutes, for the receiving land that incorporates the density bonus. Such amendment shall be adopted in the manner as required for small scale amendments pursuant to section 163.3187, Florida Statutes, is not subject to the requirements of s. 163.3184(3)-(6), Florida Statutes, and is exempt from the limitation on the frequency of plan amendments as provided in s. 163.3187, Florida Statutes.
- (6) The deed restrictions required pursuant to subsection
  (1) for an affordable housing unit must also prohibit the unit
  from being sold at a price that exceeds the threshold for
  housing that is affordable for low-income or moderate-income
  persons or to a buyer who is not eligible due to his or her
  income under chapter 420, Florida Statutes. The deed restriction
  may allow affordable housing units created under subsection (1)
  to be rented to extremely-low-income, very-low-income, lowincome, or moderate-income persons.
- (7) The local government may transfer all or a portion of the donated land to a nonprofit housing organization, such as a community land trust, housing authority, or community redevelopment agency, to be used for the production and preservation of permanently affordable housing.

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2543	Section 34. The Department of Community Affairs shall
2544	establish the Home Retrofit Hardening Program. The program is a
2545	competitive grant program to fund improvements to homes
2546	constructed before the implementation of the current Florida
2547	Building Code when the improvements will directly affect the
2548	ability of the home to withstand hurricane force winds and
2549	improve the home's rating for home insurance. Site-built and
2550	mobile homes are eligible for funding under this program.
2551	However, priority shall be given to low-income homeowners, as
2552	defined in s. 420.004(10), Florida Statutes, who live in wind-
2553	borne debris regions as defined in the Florida Building Code.
2554	(1) The program shall be administered by local
2555	governments, regional planning councils, or private nonprofit
2556	agencies under the overall direction of the department. When
2557	awarding program funds, the department shall be guided by:
2558	(a) The number of homes in need of improvement.
2559	(b) The number of homes located within the wind-borne
2560	debris region.
2561	(c) The number of persons who will benefit from the
2562	<pre>improvements.</pre>
2563	(d) The number of extremely-low-income and low-income
2564	households that will benefit from the improvements.
2565	(e) The costs per home to provide improvements.
2566	(2) Funds may be used for the following improvements
2567	installed in compliance with Blueprint for Safety standards:
2568	(a) Roof deck attachments.
2569	(b) Secondary water barriers.

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

(c) Roof coverings.

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2571 (d) Brace gable ends.

- (e) Reinforcement of roof-to-wall connections.
- 2573 (f) Opening protection.
- 2574 (g) Exterior doors.

- 2575 (3) Each project grant for an individual home retrofit may 2576 not exceed \$10,000.
  - (4) Administrative costs shall be kept to a minimum.
  - (5) Grantees are encouraged to leverage grant funds available under this program with other available funds.

    Matching funds for a project is not a requirement. However, matching funds from other available sources may be considered by the department in the competitive-review process.
  - (6) The sum of \$50 million is appropriated from the U.S. Contributions Trust Fund to the Department of Community Affairs in fixed capital outlay for the Home Retrofit Hardening Program. No more than 5 percent of the funds provided under this section may be used by the department for administration of this funding.

establish the Disaster Recovery Assistance Program which shall be a grant program to fund repairs and rehabilitation to homes in communities severely impacted by the 2004 and 2005 hurricanes. These funds shall be leveraged with other program funds targeted to the most vulnerable citizens of the state. The sum of \$2 million is appropriated in fixed capital outlay from the State Housing Trust Fund in the Department of Community Affairs for the Disaster Recovery Assistance Program. For the purposes of implementing this section, the Florida Housing

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Finance Corporation is provided nonoperating budget authority to transfer \$2 million from the State Housing Trust Fund to the Department of Community Affairs.

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Section 36. The Florida Housing Finance Corporation is authorized to provide funds to eligible entities for affordable housing recovery in those areas of the state which sustained housing damage due to hurricanes during 2004 and 2005. The Florida Housing Finance Corporation shall utilize data provided by the Federal Emergency Management Agency to assist in its allocation of funds to local jurisdictions. To administer these programs, the Florida Housing Finance Corporation should be guided by the "Hurricane Housing Work Group Recommendations to Assist in Florida's Long Term Housing Recovery Efforts, "report dated February 16, 2005, and may adopt emergency rules pursuant to s. 120.54, Florida Statutes. The Legislature finds that emergency rules adopted pursuant to this section meet the health, safety, and welfare requirement of s. 120.54(4), Florida Statutes. The Legislature finds that such emergency rulemaking power is necessary for the preservation of the rights and welfare of the people in order to provide additional funds to assist those areas of the state which sustained housing damage due to hurricanes during 2004 and 2005. Therefore, in adopting such emergency rules, the corporation need not make the findings required by s. 120.54(4)(a), Florida Statutes. Emergency rules adopted under this section are exempt from s. 120.54(4)(c), Florida Statutes. The sum of \$15 million is appropriated from the Local Government Housing Trust Fund to the Florida Housing Finance Corporation for the Hurricane Housing Recovery Program.

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There is appropriated from the State Housing Trust Fund to the Florida Housing Finance Corporation the sum of \$25 million for the Farmworker Housing Recovery Program and the Special Housing Assistance and Development Program, the sum of \$400,000 for technical and training assistance, and the sum of \$176.6 million for the Rental Recovery Loan Program.

Section 37. The sum of \$82,904,000 is appropriated from the Florida Small Cities Community Development Block Grant Program Fund to the Department of Community Affairs. These funds shall be used consistent with the Federal Register, Vol. 71, No. 29, February 13, 2006, Docket No. FR-5051-N-01 and the Action Plan for Disaster Recovery approved by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development to meet the needs of communities impacted by Hurricanes Wilma and Katrina, with a prioritization toward affordable housing in the most impacted areas of the state.

Section 38. The sum of \$50 million is appropriated from the Local Government Housing Trust Fund to the Florida Housing Finance Corporation for fiscal year 2006-2007 to implement the Community Workforce Housing Innovation Program created in s. 420.5095, Florida Statutes.

Section 39. The sum of \$33 million is appropriated from the Local Government Housing Trust Fund to the Florida Housing Finance Corporation for fiscal year 2006-2007 to assist in the production of housing units for extremely-low-income persons as defined in s. 420.0004(8), Florida Statutes.

Section 40. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2006.

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