Florida Senate - 2006

CS for SB 1556

By the Committee on Regulated Industries; and Senator Geller

580-1865-06

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to condominiums; amending s.
3	718.117, F.S.; substantially revising
4	provisions relating to the termination of the
5	condominium form of ownership of a property;
6	providing legislative findings; providing
7	grounds for termination; providing powers and
8	duties of the board of administration of the
9	association; waiving certain notice
10	requirements following natural disasters;
11	providing requirements for a plan of
12	termination; providing for the allocation of
13	proceeds from the sale of condominium property;
14	providing powers and duties of a termination
15	trustee; providing notice requirements;
16	providing a procedure for contesting a plan of
17	termination; providing rules for the
18	distribution of property and sale proceeds;
19	providing for the association's status
20	following termination; allowing the creation of
21	another condominium by the trustee; specifying
22	an exclusion; providing an effective date.
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24	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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26	Section 1. Section 718.117, Florida Statutes, is
27	amended to read:
28	(Substantial rewording of section. See
29	<u>s. 718.117, F.S., for present text.)</u>
30	718.117 Termination of condominium
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1	(1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGSThe Legislature finds that
2	condominiums are created as authorized by statute. In
3	circumstances that may create economic waste, areas of
4	disrepair, or obsolescence of the condominium property for its
5	intended use and thereby lower property tax values, the
б	Legislature further finds that it is the public policy of this
7	state to provide by statute a method to preserve the value of
8	the property interests and the rights of alienation thereof
9	that owners have in the condominium property before and after
10	termination. The Legislature further finds that it is contrary
11	to the public policy of this state to require the continued
12	operation of a condominium when to do so would constitute
13	economic waste or when the ability to do so is made impossible
14	by law or regulation. The provisions of this section shall
15	apply to all condominiums in this state in existence on or
16	after the effective date of this act.
17	(2) TERMINATION BECAUSE OF ECONOMIC WASTE OR
18	IMPOSSIBILITY
19	(a) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in
20	the declaration, the condominium form of ownership of a
21	property may be terminated by a plan of termination approved
22	by the lesser of a majority of the total voting interests or
23	as otherwise provided in the declaration for approval of
24	termination in the following circumstances:
25	1. When the total estimated cost of repairs necessary
26	to restore the improvements to their former condition or bring
27	them into compliance with applicable laws or regulations
28	exceeds the combined fair market value of all units in the
29	condominium after completion of the repairs; or
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1	2. When it becomes impossible to operate or
2	reconstruct a condominium in its prior physical configuration
3	because of land-use laws or regulations.
4	<u>(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a condominium in</u>
5	which 75 percent or more of the units are timeshare units may
б	be terminated only pursuant to a plan of termination approved
7	by 80 percent of the total voting interests of the association
8	and the holders of 80 percent of the original principal amount
9	of outstanding recorded mortgage liens of timeshare estates in
10	the condominium, unless the declaration provides for a lower
11	voting percentage.
12	(3) OPTIONAL TERMINATION Except as provided in
13	subsections (2) and (4) or unless the declaration provides for
14	a lower percentage, the condominium form of ownership of the
15	property may be terminated pursuant to a plan of termination
16	approved by at least 80 percent of the total voting interests
17	of the condominium. This subsection does not apply to
18	condominiums in which 75 percent or more of the units are
19	timeshare units.
20	(4) JURISDICTION
21	(a) If 80 percent of the total voting interests fail
22	to approve the plan of termination but fewer than 20 percent
23	of the total voting interests vote to disapprove of the plan,
24	the circuit court shall have jurisdiction to entertain a
25	petition by the association or by one or more unit owners and
26	approve the plan of termination, and the action may be a class
27	action.
28	(b) All unit owners and the association must be
29	parties to the action. The action may be brought against the
30	nonconsenting unit owners as a class action. Service of
31	process on unit owners may be by publication, but the

1	plaintiff must furnish each unit owner not personally served
	plaintiff must furnish each unit owner not personally served
2	with process a copy of the petition and plan of termination,
3	and after entry of judgment, a copy of the final decree of the
4	court, by mail at the owner's last known address.
5	(c) After the consideration of whether the rights and
б	interests of unit owners are equitably set forth in the plan
7	of termination as required by this section, the plan of
8	termination may be approved or rejected by the court.
9	Consistent with the provisions of this section, the court may
10	also modify the plan of termination to provide for an
11	equitable distribution of the interests of unit owners prior
12	to approving the plan of termination.
13	(d) This subsection does not apply to condominiums in
14	which 75 percent or more of the units are timeshare units.
15	(5) EXEMPTION A plan of termination is not an
16	amendment subject to s. 718.110(4).
17	(6) MORTGAGE LIENHOLDERS Notwithstanding any
18	provision to the contrary in the declaration or this chapter,
19	approval of a plan of termination by the holder of a recorded
20	mortgage lien affecting a condominium parcel in which fewer
21	than 75 percent of the units are timeshare units is not
22	required unless the plan of termination will result in less
23	than the full satisfaction of the mortgage lien affecting the
24	condominium parcel. If such approval is required and not given
25	and if the holder of a recorded mortgage lien objects to the
26	plan of termination, such lienor may contest the plan as
27	provided in subsection (17). At the time of sale, the lien
28	shall be transferred to the proportionate share of the
29	proceeds assigned to the condominium parcel in the plan of
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	termination or as subsequently modified by the court.

1	(7) POWERS IN CONNECTION WITH TERMINATION The
2	association shall continue in existence following approval of
3	the plan of termination with all powers it had before approval
4	of the plan. Notwithstanding any contrary provision in the
5	declaration or bylaws, after approval of the plan the board
6	has the power and duty:
7	(a) To employ directors, agents, attorneys, and other
8	professionals to liquidate or conclude its affairs.
9	(b) To conduct the affairs of the association as
10	necessary for the liquidation or termination.
11	(c) To carry out contracts and collect, pay, and
12	settle debts and claims for and against the association.
13	(d) To defend suits brought against the association.
14	(e) To sue in the name of the association for all sums
15	due or owed to the association or to recover any of its
16	property.
17	(f) To perform any act necessary to maintain, repair,
18	or demolish unsafe or uninhabitable improvements or other
19	condominium property in compliance with applicable codes.
20	(q) To sell at public or private sale or to exchange,
21	convey, or otherwise dispose of assets of the association for
22	an amount deemed to be in the best interests of the
23	association, and to execute bills of sale and deeds of
24	conveyance in the name of the association.
25	(h) To collect and receive rents, profits, accounts
26	receivable, income, maintenance fees, special assessments, or
27	insurance proceeds for the association.
28	(i) To contract and do anything in the name of the
29	association which is proper or convenient to terminate the
30	affairs of the association.
31	(8) NATURAL DISASTERS
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2directors or their right to hold office is in doubt, if they3are deceased or unable to act, if they fail or refuse to act,4or if they cannot be located, any interested person may5petition the circuit court to determine the identity of the6directors or, if found to be in the best interests of the unit7owners, to appoint a receiver to conclude the affairs of the8association after a hearing following notice to such persons9as the court directs. Lienholders shall be given notice of the10petition and have the right to propose persons for the11consideration by the court as receiver.12(b) The receiver shall have all powers given to the13board pursuant to the declaration, bylaws, and subsection (7),14and any other powers that are necessary to conclude the15affairs of the association and are set forth in the order of16appointment. The appointment of the receiver is subject to the17bonding requirements of such order. The order shall also18provide for the payment of a reasonable fee to the receiver19from the sources identified in the order, which may include12(9) REPORTS AND REPLACEMENT OF RECEIVER13(a) The association, receiver, or termination trustee14shall prepare reports each quarter following the approval of15the plan of termination setting forth the status and progress16of the termination, costs and fees incurred, the date the17termination is expected to be completed, and the	1	(a) If, after a natural disaster, the identity of the
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1	(b) The unit owners of the association in termination
2	may recall or remove members of the board of administration
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	with or without cause at any time as provided in s.
4	$\frac{718.112(2)(f)}{(r)}$
5	(c) The lienors of an association in termination
6	representing at least 50 percent of the outstanding amount of
7	liens may petition the court for the appointment of a
8	termination trustee which shall be granted upon good cause
9	shown.
10	(10) PLAN OF TERMINATIONThe plan of termination
11	must be a written document executed in the same manner as a
12	deed by unit owners having the requisite percentage of voting
13	interests to approve the plan and by the termination trustee.
14	<u>A copy of the proposed plan of termination shall be given to</u>
15	all unit owners, in the same manner as for notice of an annual
16	meeting, at least 14 days prior to the meeting at which the
17	plan of termination is to be voted upon or prior to or
18	simultaneously with the distribution of the solicitation
19	seeking execution of the plan of termination or written
20	consent to or joinder in the plan. A unit owner may document
21	assent to the plan of termination by executing the plan or by
22	consent to or joinder in the plan in the manner of a deed. A
23	plan of termination and the consents or joinders of unit
24	owners and, if required, consents or joinders of mortgagees
25	must be recorded in the public records of each county in which
26	any portion of the condominium is located. The plan of
27	termination is effective only upon recordation or at a later
28	date specified in the plan.
29	(11) PLAN OF TERMINATION; REQUIRED PROVISIONSThe
30	plan of termination must specify:
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1	(a) The name, address, and powers of the termination
2	trustee.
3	(b) A date after which the plan of termination is void
4	if it has not been recorded.
5	(c) The interests of the respective unit owners in the
6	association property, common surplus, and other assets of the
7	
	association, which shall be the same as the respective
8	interests of the unit owners in the common elements
9	immediately before the termination, unless otherwise provided
10	in the declaration.
11	<u>(d) The interests of the respective unit owners in any</u>
12	proceeds from any sale of the condominium property. The plan
13	of termination may apportion those proceeds pursuant to any of
14	the methods prescribed in subsection (13). If, pursuant to the
15	plan of termination, condominium property or real property
16	owned by the association is to be sold following termination,
17	the plan must provide for the sale and may establish any
18	<u>minimum sale terms.</u>
19	(e) Any interests of the respective unit owners in any
20	insurance proceeds or condemnation proceeds that are not used
21	for repair or reconstruction at the time of termination.
22	Unless the declaration expressly addresses the distribution of
23	insurance proceeds or condemnation proceeds, the plan of
24	termination may apportion those proceeds pursuant to any of
25	the methods prescribed in subsection (13).
26	(12) PLAN OF TERMINATION; OPTIONAL PROVISIONS;
27	CONDITIONAL TERMINATION
28	(a) The plan of termination may provide that each unit
29	owner retains the exclusive right of possession to the portion
30	of the real estate that formerly constituted the unit, in
31	which case the plan must specify the conditions of possession.
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1	(b) In the case of a conditional termination, the plan
2	must specify the conditions for termination. A conditional
3	plan does not vest title in the termination trustee until the
4	plan and a certificate executed by the association with the
5	formalities of a deed, confirming that the conditions in the
6	conditional plan have been satisfied or waived by the
7	requisite percentage of the voting interests, have been
8	recorded.
9	(13) ALLOCATION OF PROCEEDS OF SALE OF CONDOMINIUM
10	PROPERTY
11	(a) Unless the declaration expressly provides for the
12	allocation of the proceeds of sale of condominium property,
13	the plan of termination must first apportion the proceeds
14	between the aggregate value of all units and the value of the
15	common elements, based on their respective fair-market values
16	immediately before the termination, as determined by one or
17	more independent appraisers selected by the association or
18	termination trustee.
19	(b) The portion of proceeds allocated to the units
20	shall be further apportioned among the individual units. The
21	apportionment is deemed fair and reasonable if it is
22	determined by the unit owners approving the plan of
23	termination by any of the following methods:
24	1. The respective values of the units based on the
25	fair-market values of the units immediately before the
26	termination, as determined by one or more independent
27	appraisers selected by the association or termination trustee;
28	2. The respective values of the units based on the
29	most recent market value of the units before the termination,
30	as provided in the county property appraiser's records; or
31	

1	3. The respective interests of the units in the common
2	elements specified in the declaration immediately before the
3	termination.
4	(c) The methods of apportionment in paragraph (b) do
5	not prohibit any other method of apportioning the proceeds of
6	sale allocated to the units agreed upon in the plan of
7	termination. The portion of the proceeds allocated to the
8	common elements shall be apportioned among the units based
9	upon their respective interests in the common elements as
10	provided in the declaration.
11	(d) Liens that encumber a unit shall be transferred to
12	the proceeds of sale of the condominium property and the
13	proceeds of sale or other distribution of association
14	property, common surplus, or other association assets
15	attributable to such unit in their same priority. The proceeds
16	of any sale of condominium property pursuant to a plan of
17	termination may not be deemed to be common surplus or
18	association property.
19	(14) TERMINATION TRUSTEE The association shall serve
20	as termination trustee unless another person is appointed in
21	the plan of termination. If the association is unable,
22	unwilling, or fails to act as trustee, any unit owner may
23	petition the court to appoint a trustee. Upon the date of the
24	recording or at a later date specified in the plan, title to
25	the condominium property vests in the trustee. Unless
26	prohibited by the plan, the termination trustee shall be
27	vested with the powers given to the board pursuant to the
28	declaration, bylaws, and subsection (7). If the association is
29	not the termination trustee, the trustee's powers shall be
30	coextensive with those of the association to the extent not
31	prohibited in the plan of termination or the order of

1	appointment. If the association is not the termination
2	trustee, the association shall transfer any association
3	property to the trustee. If the association is dissolved, the
4	trustee shall also have such other powers necessary to
5	conclude the affairs of the association.
6	(15) TITLE VESTED IN TERMINATION TRUSTEEIf
7	termination is pursuant to a plan of termination under
8	subsection (2) or subsection (3), the unit owners' rights and
9	title as tenants in common in undivided interests in the
10	condominium property vest in the termination trustee when the
11	plan is recorded or at a later date specified in the plan. The
12	unit owners thereafter become the beneficiaries of the
13	proceeds realized from the plan of termination. The
14	termination trustee may deal with the condominium property or
15	any interest therein if the plan confers on the trustee the
16	authority to protect, conserve, manage, sell, or dispose of
17	the condominium property. The trustee, on behalf of the unit
18	owners, may contract for the sale of real property, but the
19	contract is not binding on the unit owners until the plan is
20	approved pursuant to subsection (2) or subsection (3).
21	<u>(16) NOTICE</u>
22	<u>(a) Within 30 days after a plan of termination has</u>
23	been recorded, the termination trustee shall deliver by
24	certified mail, return receipt requested, notice to all unit
25	owners, lienors of the condominium property, and lienors of
26	all units at their last known addresses that a plan of
27	termination has been recorded. The notice shall include the
28	book and page number of the public records in which the plan
29	was recorded, notice that a copy of the plan shall be
30	furnished upon written request, and notice that the unit owner
31	or lienor has the right to contest the fairness of the plan.

1	(b) The trustee, within 90 days after the effective
2	date of the plan, shall provide to the division a certified
3	copy of the recorded plan, the date the plan was recorded, and
4	the county, book, and page number of the public records in
5	which the plan was recorded.
б	(17) RIGHT TO CONTEST A unit owner or lienor may
7	contest a plan of termination by initiating a summary
8	procedure pursuant to s. 51.011 within 90 days after the date
9	the plan is recorded. A unit owner or lienor who does not
10	contest the plan within such 90-day period is barred from
11	asserting or prosecuting a claim against the association, the
12	termination trustee, any unit owner, or any successor in
13	interest to the condominium property. In an action contesting
14	a plan of termination, the person contesting the plan has the
15	burden of pleading and proving that the apportionment of the
16	proceeds from the sale among the unit owners was not fair and
17	reasonable. The apportionment of sale proceeds is presumed
18	fair and reasonable if it was determined pursuant to the
19	methods prescribed in subsection (13). The court shall adjudge
20	the rights and interests of the parties and order the plan of
21	termination to be implemented if it is fair and reasonable.
22	The court may modify the plan to apportion the proceeds in a
23	fair and reasonable manner as required by this section based
24	upon the proceedings and order the modified plan of
25	termination to be implemented. The court shall void a plan
26	that is determined not to be fair and reasonable. In such
27	action, the prevailing party may recover reasonable attorney's
28	fees and costs.
29	(18) DISTRIBUTION
30	(a) Following termination of the condominium, the
31	condominium property, association property, common surplus,
	1.0

1	and other assets of the association shall be held by the
2	termination trustee, as trustee for unit owners and holders of
3	liens on the units, in their order of priority.
4	(b) Not less than 30 days prior to the first
5	distribution, the termination trustee shall deliver by
6	certified mail, return receipt requested, a notice of the
7	estimated distribution to all unit owners, lienors of the
8	condominium property, and lienors of each unit at their last
9	known addresses stating a good-faith estimate of the amount of
10	the distributions to each class and the procedures and
11	deadline for notifying the termination trustee of any
12	objections to the amount. The deadline must be at least 15
13	days after the date the notice was mailed. The notice may be
14	sent with or after the notice required by subsection (16). If
15	a unit owner or lienor files a timely objection with the
16	termination trustee, the trustee need not distribute the funds
17	and property allocated to the respective unit owner or lienor
18	until the trustee has had a reasonable time to determine the
19	validity of the adverse claim. In the alternative, the trustee
20	may interplead the unit owner, lienor, and any other person
21	claiming an interest in the unit and deposit the funds
22	allocated to the unit in the court registry, at which time the
23	condominium property, association property, common surplus,
24	and other assets of the association are free of all claims and
25	liens of the parties to the suit. In an interpleader action,
26	the trustee and prevailing party may recover reasonable
27	attorney's fees and costs and court costs.
28	(c) The proceeds of any sale of condominium property
29	or association property and any remaining condominium property
30	or association property, common surplus, and other assets
31	shall be distributed in the following priority:

1	1. To pay the reasonable termination trustee's fees
2	and costs and accounting fees and costs.
3	2. To lienholders of liens recorded prior to the
4	recording of the declaration.
5	3. To purchase money lienholders on units to the
6	extent necessary to satisfy their liens.
7	4. To lienholders of liens of the association which
8	have been consented to under s. 718.121(1).
9	5. To creditors of the association, as their interests
10	appear.
11	6. To unit owners, the proceeds of any sale of
12	condominium property subject to satisfaction of liens on each
13	unit in their order of priority, in shares specified in the
14	plan of termination, unless objected to by a unit owner or
15	lienor.
16	7. To unit owners, the remaining condominium property,
17	subject to satisfaction of liens on each unit in their order
18	of priority, in shares specified in the plan of termination,
19	unless objected to by a unit owner or a lienor as provided in
20	paragraph (b).
21	8. To unit owners, the proceeds of any sale of
22	association property, the remaining association property,
23	common surplus, and other assets of the association, subject
24	to satisfaction of liens on each unit in their order of
25	priority, in shares specified in the plan of termination,
26	unless objected to by a unit owner or a lienor as provided in
27	paragraph (b).
28	(d) After determining that all known debts and
29	liabilities of an association in the process of termination
30	have been paid or adequately provided for, the termination
31	trustee shall distribute the remaining assets pursuant to the
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1	plan of termination. If the termination is by court proceeding
2	or subject to court supervision, the distribution may not be
3	made until any period for the presentation of claims ordered
4	by the court has elapsed.
5	(e) Assets held by an association upon a valid
6	condition requiring return, transfer, or conveyance, which
7	condition has occurred or will occur, shall be returned,
8	transferred, or conveyed in accordance with the condition. The
9	remaining association assets shall be distributed pursuant to
10	paragraph (c).
11	(f) Distribution may be made in money, property, or
12	securities and in installments or as a lump sum, if it can be
13	done fairly and ratably and in conformity with the plan of
14	<u>termination. Distribution shall be made as soon as is</u>
15	reasonably consistent with the beneficial liquidation of the
16	assets.
17	(19) ASSOCIATION STATUS The termination of a
18	condominium does not change the corporate status of the
19	association that operated the condominium property. The
20	association continues to exist to conclude its affairs,
21	prosecute and defend actions by or against it, collect and
22	discharge obligations, dispose of and convey its property, and
23	collect and divide its assets, but not to act except as
24	necessary to conclude its affairs.
25	(20) CREATION OF ANOTHER CONDOMINIUM The termination
26	of a condominium does not bar the creation by the termination
27	trustee of another condominium affecting any portion of the
28	same property.
29	(21) EXCLUSION This section does not apply to the
30	termination of a condominium incident to a merger of that
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	1 -

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1	condominium with one or more other condominiums under s.
2	<u>718.110(7).</u>
3	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2006.
4	
5 STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR 6 <u>Senate Bill 1556</u>	
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8	The CS replaces the word blight and disrepair when describi areas that are no longer viable for a condominium's intende
9	use.
10	It gives notice rights to lienholders regarding the petition for a receiver when persons can not be located after a natural
11	disaster. It also gives rights to the lienholders to propose persons for the consideration by the court as the receiver.
12	It provides for quarterly reports prepared by either the
13	association, receiver or termination trustee following the approval of the termination plan. The report shall provide
14	the status and progress of the termination, costs and fees incurred, the expected completion date of termination and the
15	current financial condition of the association, receivership or trusteeship. Unit owners may recall or remove members of
16	the board of administration with or without cause and lienors of an association in termination representing at least fifty
17	percent of the outstanding amounts of liens may petition the court for the appointment of a termination trustee upon a
18	showing of good cause.
19	In the distribution from the sale of a condominium property or association property it includes that proceeds pay for the
20	reasonable termination trustee's fees and costs, accounting fees and costs and to purchase money lienholders on units to
21	the extent necessary to satisfy their liens on the list to whom the distribution of proceeds on the sale of a condominium
22	should be distributed.
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