SENATE STAFF ANALYSIS AND ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepared By: Transportation Committee				
BILL:	CS/SB 158			
INTRODUCER:	Transportation Committee and Senator Lynn			
SUBJECT:	Theft			
DATE:	February 7, 2006 REVISED:			
ANALYST		STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
1. Erickson		Cannon	CJ	Fav/1 amendment
2. Davis		Meyer	TR	Fav/CS
3.			СМ	
4.			JA	
5.				
5.				
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I. Summary:

Committee Substitute (CS) for Senate Bill 158 amends the theft statute to provide the theft of a semitrailer deployed by a law enforcement officer is a first-degree felony. The CS treats the theft of a semitrailer of any value deployed by a law enforcement officer in the same manner as the theft of other property valued at \$100,000 or more. The CS ranks this offense in Level 7 of the offense severity-ranking chart of the Criminal Punishment Code.¹ The CS also provides it is a second-degree felony to alter the "fifth wheel" on a "commercial motor vehicle" with the intent to use the fifth wheel to commit or attempt to commit a theft. Finally, the CS deletes s. 812.155(7), F.S., which excludes personal property or equipment, which is the subject of a rental purchase agreement, from the prohibition against obtaining such property with intent to defraud or by failing to return the property to the lessee, unless the lessee retains the title to the property throughout the rental purchase agreement period.

This CS substantially amends sections 812.014, 812.155 and 921.0022, creates section 812.0147, and reenacts s. 985.227, Florida Statutes.

II. Present Situation:

Theft

Section 812.014, F.S., provides a person commits theft if he or she knowingly obtains or uses, or endeavors to obtain or to use, the property of another with intent to, either temporarily or permanently, deprive the other person of a right to the property or a benefit from the property, or appropriate the property to his or her own use or to the use of any person not entitled to the use

¹ The Criminal Punishment Code applies to sentencing for felony offenses committed on or after October 1, 1998. Offenses are ranked in the "offense severity ranking chart" from Level 1 (least severe) to Level 10 (most severe) and are assigned points based on the severity of the offense as determined by the Legislature.

of the property. If the property stolen is valued at \$100,000 or more, or is cargo valued at \$50,000 or more, the offense is a first-degree felony, punishable by up to thirty years in prison.²

Fifth Wheel

Section 320.01(11), F.S., refers to a "fifth wheel" in the definition of "tractor trailer," which means "a motor vehicle which has four or more wheels and is designed and equipped with a fifth wheel for the primary purpose of drawing a semitrailer which is attached or coupled thereto by means of such fifth wheel and which has no provision for carrying loads independently." Therefore, insofar as the definition of "tractor trailer," the "fifth wheel" appears to be a device for coupling the tractor-trailer and the semitrailer.

Section 320.01(1)(b)8., F.S., defines a "fifth-wheel trailer," as "a vehicular unit mounted on wheels, designed to provide temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use, of such size or weight as not to require a special highway movement permit, of gross trailer area not to exceed 400 square feet in the setup mode, and designed to be towed by a motorized vehicle which contains a towing mechanism mounted above or forward of the tow vehicle's rear axle."

Rental Purchase Agreement

Section 812.155, F.S., creates a theft offense related to hiring, leasing, or obtaining personal property or equipment with the intent to defraud.

Subsection (1) provides it is a crime to obtain any personal property by trick, deceit, or fraudulent or willful false representation. Subsection (2) provides it is a crime to hire or lease personal property with intent to defraud. Subsection (3) provides it is a crime to fail to return rented personal property at the conclusion of the rental period if such failure to return is done with the intent to defraud, abandon, or willfully refuse to return the property. Subsections (4) and (5) provide conditions and evidentiary presumptions by which a court may infer a lessee intended to defraud the lessor should the lessee fail to timely return the leased personal property or equipment.

The offense is a first-degree misdemeanor if it involves property valued at less than \$300, and is a third-degree felony if the property is valued at \$300 or more.³

When first enacted, the law contained an exclusion which provided that the criminal offenses at s. 812.155, F.S., would not apply to a "rental-purchase agreement that permits the lessee to acquire ownership of the personal property or equipment".⁴ An exception to the exclusion was added in 2001.⁵ Section 812.155(7), F.S., excludes personal property or equipment, which is the subject of a rental purchase agreement, from the prohibition against obtaining such property with intent to defraud or by failing to return the property to the lessee, unless the lessee retains the title to the property throughout the rental purchase agreement period. The exception provides the

² s. 775.082, F.S.

 $^{^{3}}$ A first degree misdemeanor is punishable by a fine of up to \$1,000 and imprisonment of up to one year. A third degree felony is punishable by a fine of up to \$5,000 and imprisonment of up to five years. See ss. 775.082 and 775.083, F.S. The third degree felonies in this section are not ranked in the Offense Severity Ranking Chart, and thus default to a level 1 offense. See s 921.0023, F.S.

⁴ See amendment at 1992 Senate Journal, page 461, February 27, 1992.

⁵ Chapter 2001-141, L.O.F.

exclusion does not apply, and thus a person may be prosecuted under s. 812.155, F.S., if the "rental store retains title to the personal property or equipment throughout the rental-purchase agreement period."

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1. Amends s. 812.014, F.S., to provide the theft of a semitrailer deployed by a law enforcement officer is a first degree felony. The CS treats the theft of a semitrailer of any value deployed by a law enforcement officer in the same manner as the theft of other property valued at \$100,000 or more.

Section 2. Creates s. 812.0147, F.S., which provides it is a second-degree felony to alter the "fifth wheel" on a "commercial motor vehicle" with the intent to use the fifth wheel to commit or attempt to commit a theft. This offense is unranked, so it will default to a Level 4 ranking pursuant to s. 921.0023, F.S. The lowest permissible sentence for the offense (if the offender has no prior criminal history or additional offense) is a non-prison sanction. The maximum penalty is 15-years imprisonment.

Section 3. Deletes s. 812.155(7), F.S., which excludes rental-purchase agreements from s. 812.155, F.S. This deletion allows for prosecutions in rental-purchase arrangements where there is fraud, trickery, or false representation by the lessee.

Section 4. Amends s. 921.0022, F.S., to rank the theft of a semitrailer deployed by a law enforcement officer in Level 7 of the offense severity-ranking chart of the Criminal Punishment Code. The lowest permissible sentence for the offense (if the offender has no prior criminal history or additional offense) is approximately 21 months in prison, absent mitigation. The maximum penalty is 30-years imprisonment.⁶

Section 5. Reenacts s. 985.227, F.S., for the purpose of incorporating the amendment to s. 812.014, F.S., by reference.

Section 6. Provides an effective date of July 1, 2006.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

⁶ s. 775.082, F.S..

V. Economic Impact and Fiscal Note:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The Criminal Justice Impact Conference has not yet met to consider the prison bed impact of this CS on the Department of Corrections. The CS ranks the offense of theft of a semitrailer deployed by a law enforcement officer in Level 7 of the offense severity ranking chart. Under current law, the severity of the offense depends on the value of the property. The lowest permissible sentence for the offense (if the offender has no prior criminal history or additional offense) is approximately 21 months in prison, absent mitigation. The maximum penalty is 30-years imprisonment. The CS also creates a second-degree felony offense for altering a fifth wheel on a commercial motor vehicle with the intent to use the fifth wheel to commit theft. This offense is unranked, so it will default to a Level 4 ranking pursuant to s. 921.0023, F.S. The lowest permissible sentence for the offense (if the offense is an on-prison sanction. The maximum penalty is 15-years imprisonment.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

This Senate staff analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

VIII. Summary of Amendments:

None.

This Senate staff analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.