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A bill to be entitled

2 An act relating to lawful testing for alcohol, chemical 3 substances, or controlled substances; amending s. 4 316.1932, F.S.; revising provisions to notify a person 5 that refusal to submit to a lawful test of the person's breath, urine, or blood is a misdemeanor, to conform to 6 7 changes made by the act; revising language relating to 8 presumption of consent to submit to a blood test; removing 9 reference to treatment at a medical facility; amending s. 316.1933, F.S.; directing a law enforcement officer to 10 require a person driving or in actual physical control of 11 the motor vehicle to submit to a blood test for the 12 purpose of determining alcoholic content of the blood or 13 the presence of specified chemical or controlled 14 15 substances if that person has refused or failed to submit 16 to a lawful urine test; amending s. 316.1939, F.S.; 17 removing prior suspension as a condition for the 18 commission of a misdemeanor by refusal to submit to a 19 lawful test of breath, urine, or blood; amending s. 20 327.352, F.S.; revising provisions to notify a person that 21 refusal to submit to a lawful test of the person's breath, 22 urine, or blood is a misdemeanor, to conform to changes 23 made by the act; revising language relating to presumption 24 of consent to submit to a blood test; removing reference 25 to treatment at a medical facility; amending s. 327.353, 26 F.S.; directing a law enforcement officer to require a person operating or in actual physical control of the 27 vessel to submit to a blood test for the purpose of 28 Page 1 of 16

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determining alcoholic content of the blood or the presence of specified chemical or controlled substances if that person has refused or failed to submit to a lawful urine test; amending s. 327.359, F.S.; removing prior suspension as a condition for the commission of a misdemeanor by refusal to submit to a lawful test of breath, urine, or blood; providing an effective date.

37 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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39 Section 1. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (1) of40 section 316.1932, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

316.1932 Tests for alcohol, chemical substances, or
controlled substances; implied consent; refusal.--

43 (1)(a)1.a. Any person who accepts the privilege extended 44 by the laws of this state of operating a motor vehicle within 45 this state is, by so operating such vehicle, deemed to have 46 given his or her consent to submit to an approved chemical test 47 or physical test including, but not limited to, an infrared light test of his or her breath for the purpose of determining 48 49 the alcoholic content of his or her blood or breath if the 50 person is lawfully arrested for any offense allegedly committed 51 while the person was driving or was in actual physical control 52 of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcoholic 53 beverages. The chemical or physical breath test must be 54 incidental to a lawful arrest and administered at the request of 55 a law enforcement officer who has reasonable cause to believe 56 such person was driving or was in actual physical control of the Page 2 of 16

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motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of 57 58 alcoholic beverages. The administration of a breath test does 59 not preclude the administration of another type of test. The 60 person shall be told that his or her failure to submit to any lawful test of his or her breath will result in the suspension 61 of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle for a 62 63 period of 1 year for a first refusal, or for a period of 18 64 months if the driving privilege of such person has been 65 previously suspended as a result of a refusal to submit to such 66 a test or tests, and shall also be told that if he or she refuses to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath and his 67 68 or her driving privilege has been previously suspended for a prior refusal to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath, 69 70 urine, or blood, he or she commits a misdemeanor in addition to 71 any other penalties. The refusal to submit to a chemical or 72 physical breath test upon the request of a law enforcement 73 officer as provided in this section is admissible into evidence 74 in any criminal proceeding.

75 Any person who accepts the privilege extended by the b. 76 laws of this state of operating a motor vehicle within this 77 state is, by so operating such vehicle, deemed to have given his 78 or her consent to submit to a urine test for the purpose of 79 detecting the presence of chemical substances as set forth in s. 80 877.111 or controlled substances if the person is lawfully 81 arrested for any offense allegedly committed while the person 82 was driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle 83 while under the influence of chemical substances or controlled substances. The urine test must be incidental to a lawful arrest 84 Page 3 of 16

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and administered at a detention facility or any other facility,

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mobile or otherwise, which is equipped to administer such tests at the request of a law enforcement officer who has reasonable cause to believe such person was driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of chemical substances or controlled substances. The urine test shall be administered at a detention facility or any other facility, mobile or otherwise, which is equipped to administer such test in a reasonable manner that will ensure the accuracy of the specimen and maintain the privacy of the individual involved. The administration of a urine test does not preclude the administration of another type of test. The person shall be told that his or her failure to submit to any lawful test of his or her urine will result in the suspension of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle for a period of 1 year for the first refusal, or for a period of 18 months if the driving privilege of such person has been previously suspended as a result of a refusal to submit to such a test or tests, and shall also be told that if he or she refuses to submit to a lawful test of his or her urine and his or her driving privilege has been previously suspended for a prior refusal to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath,

107 urine, or blood, he or she commits a misdemeanor in addition to 108 any other penalties. The refusal to submit to a urine test upon 109 the request of a law enforcement officer as provided in this 110 section is admissible into evidence in any criminal proceeding.

111 2. The Alcohol Testing Program within the Department of 112 Law Enforcement is responsible for the regulation of the Page 4 of 16

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operation, inspection, and registration of breath test 113 114 instruments utilized under the driving and boating under the 115 influence provisions and related provisions located in this 116 chapter and chapters 322 and 327. The program is responsible for 117 the regulation of the individuals who operate, inspect, and instruct on the breath test instruments utilized in the driving 118 119 and boating under the influence provisions and related 120 provisions located in this chapter and chapters 322 and 327. The 121 program is further responsible for the regulation of blood 122 analysts who conduct blood testing to be utilized under the driving and boating under the influence provisions and related 123 124 provisions located in this chapter and chapters 322 and 327. The 125 program shall:

a. Establish uniform criteria for the issuance of permits
to breath test operators, agency inspectors, instructors, blood
analysts, and instruments.

b. Have the authority to permit breath test operators,agency inspectors, instructors, blood analysts, and instruments.

c. Have the authority to discipline and suspend, revoke,
or renew the permits of breath test operators, agency
inspectors, instructors, blood analysts, and instruments.

d. Establish uniform requirements for instruction and
curricula for the operation and inspection of approved
instruments.

e. Have the authority to specify one approved curriculumfor the operation and inspection of approved instruments.

f. Establish a procedure for the approval of breath testoperator and agency inspector classes.

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141 g. Have the authority to approve or disapprove breath test 142 instruments and accompanying paraphernalia for use pursuant to 143 the driving and boating under the influence provisions and 144 related provisions located in this chapter and chapters 322 and 145 327.

h. With the approval of the executive director of the
Department of Law Enforcement, make and enter into contracts and
agreements with other agencies, organizations, associations,
corporations, individuals, or federal agencies as are necessary,
expedient, or incidental to the performance of duties.

i. Issue final orders which include findings of fact and
conclusions of law and which constitute final agency action for
the purpose of chapter 120.

154 j. Enforce compliance with the provisions of this section155 through civil or administrative proceedings.

156 k. Make recommendations concerning any matter within the 157 purview of this section, this chapter, chapter 322, or chapter 158 327.

Promulgate rules for the administration and
 implementation of this section, including definitions of terms.

161 m. Consult and cooperate with other entities for the162 purpose of implementing the mandates of this section.

163 n. Have the authority to approve the type of blood test 164 utilized under the driving and boating under the influence 165 provisions and related provisions located in this chapter and 166 chapters 322 and 327.

167 o. Have the authority to specify techniques and methods
 168 for breath alcohol testing and blood testing utilized under the
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169 driving and boating under the influence provisions and related 170 provisions located in this chapter and chapters 322 and 327.

p. Have the authority to approve repair facilities for the
approved breath test instruments, including the authority to set
criteria for approval.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to supersede provisions in this chapter and chapters 322 and 327. The specifications in this section are derived from the power and authority previously and currently possessed by the Department of Law Enforcement and are enumerated to conform with the mandates of chapter 99-379, Laws of Florida.

Any person who accepts the privilege extended by the 181 (C) 182 laws of this state of operating a motor vehicle within this 183 state is, by operating such vehicle, deemed to have given his or 184 her consent to submit to an approved blood test for the purpose of determining the alcoholic content of the blood or a blood 185 186 test for the purpose of determining the presence of chemical 187 substances or controlled substances as provided in this section 188 if there is reasonable cause to believe the person was driving 189 or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcoholic beverages or chemical or controlled 190 191 substances and the person appears for treatment at a hospital, 192 clinic, or other medical facility and the administration of a 193 breath or urine test is impractical or impossible. As used in 194 this paragraph, the term "other medical facility" includes an 195 ambulance or other medical emergency vehicle. The blood test 196 shall be performed in a reasonable manner. Any person who is Page 7 of 16

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197 incapable of refusal by reason of unconsciousness or other 198 mental or physical condition is deemed not to have withdrawn his 199 or her consent to such test. A blood test may be administered 200 whether or not the person is told that his or her failure to 201 submit to such a blood test will result in the suspension of the 202 person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle upon the public 203 highways of this state and that a refusal to submit to a lawful 204 test of his or her blood, if his or her driving privilege has 205 been previously suspended for refusal to submit to a lawful test 206 of his or her breath, urine, or blood, is a misdemeanor. Any person who is capable of refusal shall be told that his or her 207 failure to submit to such a blood test will result in the 208 209 suspension of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle 210 for a period of 1 year for a first refusal, or for a period of 211 18 months if the driving privilege of the person has been 212 suspended previously as a result of a refusal to submit to such 213 a test or tests, and that a refusal to submit to a lawful test of his or her blood, if his or her driving privilege has been 214 215 previously suspended for a prior refusal to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath, urine, or blood, is a misdemeanor. 216 217 The refusal to submit to a blood test upon the request of a law enforcement officer is admissible in evidence in any criminal 218 219 proceeding.

220 Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 221 316.1933, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.1933 Blood test for <u>alcohol</u>, <u>chemical substances</u>, <u>or</u>
controlled substances <u>impairment or intoxication in cases of</u>
death or serious bodily injury; right to use reasonable force.-Page 8 of 16

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225 (1)(a) If a law enforcement officer has probable cause to 226 believe that a motor vehicle driven by or in the actual physical 227 control of a person under the influence of alcoholic beverages, 228 any chemical substances, or any controlled substances has caused 229 the death or serious bodily injury of a human being, or if the 230 person driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle has refused or failed to submit to a urine test requested 231 pursuant to s. 316.1932(1)(a)1.b., a law enforcement officer 232 233 shall require the person driving or in actual physical control 234 of the motor vehicle to submit to a test of the person's blood for the purpose of determining the alcoholic content thereof or 235 the presence of chemical substances as set forth in s. 877.111 236 237 or any substance controlled under chapter 893. The law 238 enforcement officer may use reasonable force if necessary to 239 require such person to submit to the administration of the blood 240 test. The blood test shall be performed in a reasonable manner. 241 Notwithstanding s. 316.1932, the testing required by this paragraph need not be incidental to a lawful arrest of the 242 243 person unless the testing is required because the person refused 244 or failed to submit to a urine test requested pursuant to s. 245 316.1932(1)(a)1.b. 246 Section 3. Section 316.1939, Florida Statutes, is amended 247 to read:

316.1939 Refusal to submit to testing; penalties.--

(1) Any person who has refused to submit to a chemical or
physical test of his or her breath, blood, or urine, as
described in s. 316.1932, and whose driving privilege was

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252 previously suspended for a prior refusal to submit to a lawful 253 test of his or her breath, urine, or blood, and:

(a) Who the arresting law enforcement officer had probable cause to believe was driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle in this state while under the influence of alcoholic beverages, chemical substances, or controlled substances;

(b) Who was placed under lawful arrest for a violation of s. 316.193 unless such test was requested pursuant to s. 316.1932(1)(c);

(c) Who was informed that, if he or she refused to submit to such test, his or her privilege to operate a motor vehicle would be suspended for a period of 1 year or, in the case of a second or subsequent refusal, for a period of 18 months;

(d) Who was informed that a refusal to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath, urine, or blood, if his or her driving privilege has been previously suspended for a prior refusal to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath, urine, or blood, is a misdemeanor; and

(e) Who, after having been so informed, refused to submit
to any such test when requested to do so by a law enforcement
officer or correctional officer

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275 commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable and is
276 subject to punishment as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(2) The disposition of any administrative proceeding that
relates to the suspension of a person's driving privilege does
not affect a criminal action under this section.

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(3) The disposition of a criminal action under this
section does not affect any administrative proceeding that
relates to the suspension of a person's driving privilege. The
department's records showing that a person's license has been
previously suspended for a prior refusal to submit to a lawful
test of his or her breath, urine, or blood shall be admissible
and shall create a rebuttable presumption of such suspension.

287 Section 4. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (1) of 288 section 327.352, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

289 327.352 Tests for alcohol, chemical substances, or
290 controlled substances; implied consent; refusal.--

The Legislature declares that the operation of a 291 (1)(a)1. 292 vessel is a privilege that must be exercised in a reasonable 293 manner. In order to protect the public health and safety, it is essential that a lawful and effective means of reducing the 294 295 incidence of boating while impaired or intoxicated be 296 established. Therefore, any person who accepts the privilege 297 extended by the laws of this state of operating a vessel within 298 this state is, by so operating such vessel, deemed to have given 299 his or her consent to submit to an approved chemical test or 300 physical test including, but not limited to, an infrared light 301 test of his or her breath for the purpose of determining the 302 alcoholic content of his or her blood or breath if the person is 303 lawfully arrested for any offense allegedly committed while the 304 person was operating a vessel while under the influence of alcoholic beverages. The chemical or physical breath test must 305 306 be incidental to a lawful arrest and administered at the request of a law enforcement officer who has reasonable cause to believe 307 Page 11 of 16

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308 such person was operating the vessel within this state while 309 under the influence of alcoholic beverages. The administration 310 of a breath test does not preclude the administration of another 311 type of test. The person shall be told that his or her failure 312 to submit to any lawful test of his or her breath will result in a civil penalty of $$500_7$ and shall also be told that if he or 313 314 she refuses to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath and 315 he or she has been previously fined for refusal to submit to any 316 lawful test of his or her breath, urine, or blood, he or she 317 commits a misdemeanor in addition to any other penalties. The refusal to submit to a chemical or physical breath test upon the 318 request of a law enforcement officer as provided in this section 319 is admissible into evidence in any criminal proceeding. 320

321 Any person who accepts the privilege extended by the 2. 322 laws of this state of operating a vessel within this state is, 323 by so operating such vessel, deemed to have given his or her 324 consent to submit to a urine test for the purpose of detecting the presence of chemical substances as set forth in s. 877.111 325 326 or controlled substances if the person is lawfully arrested for any offense allegedly committed while the person was operating a 327 328 vessel while under the influence of chemical substances or controlled substances. The urine test must be incidental to a 329 lawful arrest and administered at a detention facility or any 330 331 other facility, mobile or otherwise, which is equipped to 332 administer such tests at the request of a law enforcement 333 officer who has reasonable cause to believe such person was 334 operating a vessel within this state while under the influence of chemical substances or controlled substances. The urine test 335 Page 12 of 16

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336 shall be administered at a detention facility or any other 337 facility, mobile or otherwise, which is equipped to administer 338 such test in a reasonable manner that will ensure the accuracy 339 of the specimen and maintain the privacy of the individual 340 involved. The administration of a urine test does not preclude 341 the administration of another type of test. The person shall be 342 told that his or her failure to submit to any lawful test of his 343 or her urine will result in a civil penalty of $$500_7$ and shall 344 also be told that if he or she refuses to submit to a lawful 345 test of his or her urine and he or she has been previously fined for refusal to submit to any lawful test of his or her breath, 346 urine, or blood, he or she commits a misdemeanor in addition to 347 any other penalties. The refusal to submit to a urine test upon 348 349 the request of a law enforcement officer as provided in this 350 section is admissible into evidence in any criminal proceeding.

351 (C) Any person who accepts the privilege extended by the laws of this state of operating a vessel within this state is, 352 by operating such vessel, deemed to have given his or her 353 354 consent to submit to an approved blood test for the purpose of 355 determining the alcoholic content of the blood or a blood test 356 for the purpose of determining the presence of chemical 357 substances or controlled substances as provided in this section 358 if there is reasonable cause to believe the person was operating 359 a vessel while under the influence of alcoholic beverages or 360 chemical or controlled substances and the person appears for 361 treatment at a hospital, clinic, or other medical facility and 362 the administration of a breath or urine test is impractical or impossible. As used in this paragraph, the term "other medical 363 Page 13 of 16

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364 facility" includes an ambulance or other medical emergency 365 vehicle. The blood test shall be performed in a reasonable 366 manner. Any person who is incapable of refusal by reason of 367 unconsciousness or other mental or physical condition is deemed 368 not to have withdrawn his or her consent to such test. Any 369 person who is capable of refusal shall be told that his or her 370 failure to submit to such a blood test will result in a civil penalty of \$500 and that a refusal to submit to a lawful test of 371 372 his or her blood, if he or she has previously been fined for 373 refusal to submit to any lawful test of his or her breath, urine, or blood, is a misdemeanor. The refusal to submit to a 374 blood test upon the request of a law enforcement officer shall 375 376 be admissible in evidence in any criminal proceeding.

377Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section378327.353, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

379 327.353 Blood test for <u>alcohol</u>, <u>chemical substances</u>, <u>or</u> 380 <u>controlled substances</u> impairment or intoxication in cases of 381 death or serious bodily injury; right to use reasonable force.--

382 (1)(a) If a law enforcement officer has probable cause to 383 believe that a vessel operated by a person under the influence 384 of alcoholic beverages, any chemical substances, or any 385 controlled substances has caused the death or serious bodily injury of a human being, or if the person operating or in actual 386 387 physical control of a vessel has refused or failed to submit to a urine test requested pursuant to s. 327.352(1)(a)2., a law 388 389 enforcement officer shall require the person operating or in 390 actual physical control of the vessel to submit to a test of the person's blood for the purpose of determining the alcoholic 391 Page 14 of 16

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392 content thereof or the presence of chemical substances as set 393 forth in s. 877.111 or any substance controlled under chapter 394 893. The law enforcement officer may use reasonable force if 395 necessary to require the person to submit to the administration 396 of the blood test. The blood test shall be performed in a 397 reasonable manner. Notwithstanding s. 327.352, the testing 398 required by this paragraph need not be incidental to a lawful 399 arrest of the person unless the testing is required because the 400 person refused or failed to submit to a urine test requested 401 pursuant to s. 327.352(1)(a)2. Section 6. Section 327.359, Florida Statutes, is amended 402 to read: 403 404 327.359 Refusal to submit to testing; penalties.--Any 405 person who has refused to submit to a chemical or physical test 406 of his or her breath, blood, or urine, as described in s. 407 327.352, and who has been previously fined for refusal to submit to a lawful test of his or her breath, urine, or blood, and: 408 Who the arresting law enforcement officer had probable 409 (1)410 cause to believe was operating or in actual physical control of a vessel in this state while under the influence of alcoholic 411 412 beverages, chemical substances, or controlled substances; Who was placed under lawful arrest for a violation of 413 (2) 414 s. 327.35 unless such test was requested pursuant to s. 415 327.352(1)(c);Who was informed that if he or she refused to submit 416 (3) to such test he or she is subject to a fine of \$500; 417 418 (4) Who was informed that a refusal to submit to a lawful 419 test of his or her breath, urine, or blood, if he or she has Page 15 of 16

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been previously fined for refusal to submit to a lawful test of
his or her breath, urine, or blood, is a misdemeanor; and
(5) Who, after having been so informed, refused to submit
to any such test when requested to do so by a law enforcement
officer or correctional officer
commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable and is
subject to punishment as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 7. This act shall take effect October 1, 2006.

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