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	<u>Senate</u> <u>House</u>
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11	The Committee on Banking and Insurance (Fasano) recommended
12	the following amendment:
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14	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
15	On page 88, line 18, through
16	page 94, line 2, delete those lines
17	
18	and insert:
19	Section 16. Subsection (1) of section 627.706, Florida
20	Statutes, is amended to read:
21	627.706 Sinkhole insurance; definitions
22	(1) Every insurer authorized to transact property
23	insurance in this state shall make available coverage for
24	insurable sinkhole losses on any structure, including contents
25	of personal property contained therein, to the extent provided
26	in the form to which the sinkhole coverage attaches. A policy
27	for residential property insurance may include a deductible
28	amount applicable to sinkhole losses which is no less than 1
29	percent of the policy dwelling limits. Such a policy may also
30	include one or more additional deductible amounts applicable
31	to sinkhole losses equal to 2 percent, 5 percent, and 10
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1	percent, with appropriate premium discounts offered with each
2	deductible amount.
3	Section 17. Subsections (2), (3), (5), (6), and (9) of
4	section 627.707, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
5	627.707 Standards for investigation of sinkhole claims
6	by insurers; nonrenewalsUpon receipt of a claim for a
7	sinkhole loss, an insurer must meet the following standards in
8	investigating a claim:
9	(2) Following the insurer's initial inspection, the
10	insurer shall engage <u>a professional</u> an engineer or a
11	professional geologist to conduct testing as provided in s.
12	627.7072 to determine the cause of the loss within a
13	reasonable professional probability and issue a report as
14	provided in s. 627.7073, if:
15	(a) The insurer is unable to identify a valid cause of
16	the damage or discovers damage to the structure which is
17	consistent with sinkhole loss; or
18	(b) The policyholder demands testing in accordance
19	with this section or s. 627.7072.
20	(3) Following the initial inspection of the insured
21	premises, the insurer shall provide written notice to the
22	policyholder disclosing the following information:
23	(a) What the insurer has determined to be the cause of
24	damage, if the insurer has made such a determination.
25	(b) A statement of the circumstances under which the
26	insurer is required to engage <u>a professional</u> an engineer or a
27	professional geologist to verify or eliminate sinkhole loss
28	and to engage <u>a professional</u> an engineer to make
29	recommendations regarding land and building stabilization and
3.0	foundation repair.

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policyholder to request testing by <u>a professional</u> an engineer or a professional geologist and the circumstances under which the policyholder may demand certain testing.

- (5)(a) Subject to paragraph (b), if a sinkhole loss is verified, the insurer shall pay to stabilize the land and building and repair the foundation in accordance with the recommendations of the <u>professional</u> engineer as provided under s. 627.7073, and in consultation with the policyholder, subject to the coverage and terms of the policy. The insurer shall pay for other repairs to the structure and contents in accordance with the terms of the policy.
- (b) The insurer may limit its payment to the actual cash value of the sinkhole loss, not including underpinning or grouting or any other repair technique performed below the existing foundation of the building, until the policyholder enters into a contract for the performance of building stabilization or foundation repairs. After the policyholder enters into the contract, the insurer shall pay the amounts necessary to begin and perform such repairs as the work is performed and the expenses are incurred. The insurer may not require the policyholder to advance payment for such repairs. If repair <u>covered</u> by a personal lines residential property insurance policy has begun and the professional engineer selected or approved by the insurer determines that the repair cannot be completed within the policy limits, the insurer must either complete the <u>professional</u> engineer's recommended repair or tender the policy limits to the policyholder without a reduction for the repair expenses incurred.
- (c) Upon the insurer's obtaining the written approval of the policyholder and any lienholder, the insurer may make payment directly to the persons selected by the policyholder

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1	to perform the land and building stabilization and foundation
2	repairs. The decision by the insurer to make payment to such
3	persons does not hold the insurer liable for the work
4	performed.
5	(6) Except as provided in subsection (7), the fees and
6	costs of the <u>professional</u> engineer or the professional
7	geologist shall be paid by the insurer.
8	(9) The insurer may engage a professional structural
9	engineer to make recommendations as to the repair of the
10	structure.
11	Section 18. Subsection (1) of section 627.7072,
12	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
13	627.7072 Testing standards for sinkholes
14	(1) The <u>professional</u> engineer and professional
15	geologist shall perform such tests as sufficient, in their
16	professional opinion, to determine the presence or absence of
17	sinkhole loss or other cause of damage within reasonable
18	professional probability and for the professional engineer to
19	make recommendations regarding necessary building
20	stabilization and foundation repair.
21	Section 19. Subsections (1) and (2) of section
22	627.7073, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
23	627.7073 Sinkhole reports
24	(1) Upon completion of testing as provided in s.
25	627.7072, the <u>professional</u> engineer and professional geologist
26	shall issue a report and certification to the insurer and the
27	policyholder as provided in this section.
28	(a) Sinkhole loss is verified if, based upon tests
29	performed in accordance with s. 627.7072, <u>a professional</u> an
30	engineer and a professional geologist issue a written report

31 and certification stating:

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- 1. That the cause of the actual physical and structural damage is sinkhole activity within a reasonable professional probability.
- 2. That the analyses conducted were of sufficient scope to identify sinkhole activity as the cause of damage within a reasonable professional probability.
 - 3. A description of the tests performed.
- 4. A recommendation by the <u>professional</u> engineer of methods for stabilizing the land and building and for making repairs to the foundation.
- (b) If sinkhole activity is eliminated as the cause of damage to the structure, the <u>professional</u> engineer and professional geologist shall issue a written report and certification to the policyholder and the insurer stating:
- 1. That the cause of the damage is not sinkhole activity within a reasonable professional probability.
- 2. That the analyses and tests conducted were of sufficient scope to eliminate sinkhole activity as the cause of damage within a reasonable professional probability.
- 3. A statement of the cause of the damage within a reasonable professional probability.
 - 4. A description of the tests performed.
- (c) The respective findings, opinions, and recommendations of the <u>professional</u> engineer and professional geologist as to the <u>cause of distress to the property</u> verification or elimination of a sinkhole loss and the findings, opinions, and recommendations of the <u>professional</u> engineer as to land and building stabilization and foundation repair <u>are conclusive</u>, <u>unless contrary findings and conclusions are proven by clear and convincing evidence shall be presumed correct</u>.

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1	(2) Any insurer that has paid a claim for a sinkhole
2	loss shall file a copy of the report and certification,
3	prepared pursuant to subsection (1), with the county clerk of
4	court property appraiser, who shall record the report and
5	certification with the parcel number. The insurer shall bear
6	the cost of filing and recording the report and certification.
7	There shall be no cause of action or liability against an
8	insurer for compliance with this section. The seller of real
9	property upon which a sinkhole claim has been made shall
10	disclose to the buyer of such property that a claim has been
11	paid and whether or not the full amount of the proceeds were
12	used to repair the sinkhole damage.
13	Section 20. Section 627.7074, Florida Statutes, is
14	created to read:
15	627.7074 Alternative procedure for resolution of
16	disputed sinkhole insurance claims
17	(1) As used in this section:
18	(a) "Neutral evaluation" means the alternative dispute
19	resolution provided for in this section.
20	(b) "Neutral evaluator" means a professional engineer
21	or a professional geologist who has completed a course of
22	study in alternative dispute resolution designed or approved
23	by the department for use in the neutral evaluation process,
24	who is determined to be fair and impartial, and who is
25	attempting to resolve the dispute or claim under this section.
26	(c) "Department" means the Department of Financial
27	Services.
28	(2) The department shall certify and maintain a list
29	of persons who are neutral evaluators.
30	(3) Following the receipt of the report provided under
31	s. 627.7073 or the denial of a claim for a sinkhole loss, the

1	insurer shall notify the policyholder of his or her right to
2	participate in the neutral evaluation program under this
3	section. Neutral evaluation supersedes the alternative dispute
4	resolution process under s. 627.7015. The department shall
5	prepare a consumer information pamphlet for distribution by
6	the insurer to policyholders. The pamphlet shall clearly
7	describe the neutral evaluation process and include directions
8	and forms necessary for the policyholder to request a neutral
9	evaluation.
10	(4) Neutral evaluation is optional and nonbinding.
11	Either the policyholder or the insurer may decline to
12	participate. A request for neutral evaluation shall be filed
13	with the department by the policyholder or the insurer on a
14	form approved by the department. The request for neutral
15	evaluation must state the reason for the request and must
16	include an explanation of all the issues in dispute at the
17	time of the request. Filing a request for neutral evaluation
18	tolls the applicable time requirements for filing suit for a
19	period of 60 days following the conclusion of the neutral
20	evaluation process or the time prescribed in s. 95.11,
21	whichever is later.
22	(5) Neutral evaluation shall be conducted as an
23	informal process in which formal rules of evidence and
24	procedure need not be observed. A party to neutral evaluation
25	is not required to attend neutral evaluation if a
26	representative of the party attends and has the authority to
27	make a binding decision on behalf of the party. All parties
28	shall participate in the evaluation in good faith.
29	(6) The insurer shall pay the costs associated with
30	the neutral evaluation.
31	(7) Upon receipt of a request for neutral evaluation,
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1	the department shall refer the request to a neutral evaluator.
2	The neutral evaluator shall notify the policyholder and the
3	insurer of the date, time, and place of the neutral evaluation
4	conference. The conference may be held by telephone, if
5	feasible and desirable. The neutral evaluation conference
6	shall be held within 45 days after receipt of the request by
7	the department.
8	(8) The department shall adopt rules of procedure for
9	the neutral evaluation process.
10	(9) For policyholders not represented by an attorney,
11	a consumer affairs specialist of the department or an employee
12	designated as the primary contact for consumers on issues
13	relating to sinkholes under s. 20.121 shall be available for
14	consultation to the extent that he or she may lawfully do so.
15	(10) Disclosures and information divulged in the
16	neutral evaluation process are not admissible in any
17	subsequent action or proceeding relating to the claim or to
18	the cause of action giving rise to the claim, except as
19	provided in subsection (13).
20	(11) Any court proceeding related to the subject
21	matter of the neutral evaluation shall be stayed pending
22	completion of the neutral evaluation.
23	(12) For matters that are not resolved by the parties
24	at the conclusion of the neutral evaluation, the neutral
25	evaluator shall prepare a report stating that in his or her
26	opinion the sinkhole loss has been verified or eliminated and,
27	if verified, the need for and estimated costs of stabilizing
28	the land and any covered structures or buildings and other
29	appropriate remediation or structural repairs. The evaluator's
30	report shall be sent to all parties in attendance at the
31	neutral evaluation and to the department.
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1	(13) The recommendation of the neutral evaluator is
2	not binding on any party and the parties retain access to
3	courts. The neutral evaluator's written recommendation is
4	admissible in any subsequent action or proceeding relating to
5	the claim or to the cause of action giving rise to the claim
6	only for purposes of determining the award of attorney's fees.
7	(14) If the policyholder declines to participate in
8	neutral evaluation requested by the insurer or declines to
9	resolve the matter in accordance with the recommendation of
10	the neutral evaluator pursuant to this section, the insurer
11	shall not be liable for attorney's fees under s. 627.428 or
12	other provisions of the insurance code or for extra
13	contractual damages related to a claim for a sinkhole loss.
14	(15) A party may seek judicial review of the
15	recommendation of the neutral evaluator to determine whether
16	the recommendation is reasonable. A recommendation is
17	reasonable unless it was procured by corruption, fraud, or
18	other undue means; there was evident partiality by the neutral
19	evaluator or misconduct prejudicing the rights of any party;
20	or the neutral evaluator exceeded the authority and power
21	granted by this subsection. If the court declares the
22	recommendation is not reasonable, the neutral evaluation
23	recommendation shall be vacated.
24	Section 21. (1) By February 1, 2007, the Office of
25	Insurance Regulation shall calculate a presumed factor to
26	reflect the effect of the changes made in this act to rates
27	filed by residential property insurers providing sinkhole loss
28	coverage. The office shall issue a notice informing all
29	insurers writing residential property insurance of the
30	presumed factor.
31	(2) In determining the presumed factor, the office
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shall use generally accepted actuarial techniques and standards in calculating the expected effect on losses, 2 expenses, and investment income of the insurer. 3 4 (3) The office may, by contract, hire an appropriate vendor to determine the presumed factor. 5 6 (4) Each residential property insurer shall, at its 7 next annual rate filing after May 1, 2007, reflect an overall rate reduction at least as great as the presumed factor 8 9 determined pursuant to subsection (1). 10 11 (Redesignate subsequent sections.) 12 13 ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= 14 15 And the title is amended as follows: 16 On page 5, line 26, through page 6, line 13, delete those lines 17 18 and insert: 19 the Office of Insurance Regulation; amending s. 20 21 627.706, F.S.; providing for a deductible 22 amount applicable to sinkhole losses in a policy for residential property insurance; 23 2.4 amending s. 627.707, F.S.; revising references to certain engineers; authorizing insurers to 25 make direct payment for certain repairs; 26 excluding insurers from liability for repairs 27 28 under certain circumstances; amending s. 29 627.7072, F.S.; revising references to certain 30 engineers; amending s. 627.7073, F.S.; revising a presumption relating to the findings, 31 04/04/06 s1980c-bill-tbi 5:32 PM

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opinions, and recommendations in sinkhole
reports; providing for the recording of
sinkhole reports by the clerk of court rather
than the property appraiser; creating s.
627.7074, F.S.; providing for an alternative
procedure for the resolution of disputed
sinkhole insurance claims which is optional,
nonbinding, and informal; providing
definitions; requiring the Department of
Financial Services to certify and maintain a
list of neutral evaluators, prepare a consumer
information pamphlet explaining the alternativ
procedure, and adopt rules for the
implementation of an alternative procedure;
providing for payment of costs and attorney's
fees; preserving access to courts and
authorizing judicial review of neutral
evaluation recommendations; requiring that the
Office of Insurance Regulation calculate, and
notify certain insurers of, a presumed factor
to reflect the effect of changes made by the
act; specifying criteria for the presumed
factor; authorizing the office to hire an
appropriate vendor to calculate the factor;
requiring residential property insurers to
reflect an overall rate reduction concerning
the presumed factor; amending