Bill No. CS for CS for SB 1980

Barcode 921950

CHAMBER ACTION

	CHAMBER ACTION Senate House
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3	Floor: WD/2R .
4	05/04/2006 05:57 PM .
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11	Senators Klein, Smith, Geller, and Campbell moved the
12	following amendment:
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14	Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
15	On page 30, line 21, through
16	page 34, line 15,
17	
18	insert:
19	Section 7. Effective July 1, 2006, paragraphs (a),
20	(b), and (h) of subsection (2) and subsection (5) of section
21	627.062, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (9) is
22	added to that section, to read:
23	627.062 Rate standards
24	(2) As to all such classes of insurance:
25	(a) Insurers or rating organizations shall establish
26	and use rates, rating schedules, or rating manuals to allow
27	the insurer a reasonable rate of return on such classes of
28	insurance written in this state. A copy of rates, rating
29	schedules, rating manuals, premium credits or discount
30	schedules, and surcharge schedules, and changes thereto, shall
31	be filed with the office under one of the following 1 4:32 PM 04/28/06 81980c2c-30-72v

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| procedures:

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1. If the filing is made at least 90 days before the proposed effective date. and The filing may is not be implemented during the office's review of the filing and any proceeding and judicial review., then Such filing is shall be considered a "file and use" filing. In such case, The office shall finalize its review by issuance of a notice of intent to approve or a notice of intent to disapprove within 90 days after receipt of the filing. The notice of intent to approve and the notice of intent to disapprove constitute agency action for purposes of the Administrative Procedure Act. Requests for supporting information, requests for mathematical or mechanical corrections, or notification to the insurer by the office of its preliminary findings shall not toll the 90-day period during any such proceedings and subsequent judicial review. The rate shall be deemed approved if the office does not issue a notice of intent to approve or a notice of intent to disapprove within 90 days after receipt of the filing.

2. If the filing is not made in accordance with the provisions of subparagraph 1., such filing shall be made as soon as practicable, but no later than 30 days after the effective date, and shall be considered a "use and file" filing. An insurer making a "use and file" filing is potentially subject to an order by the office to return to policyholders portions of rates found to be excessive, as provided in paragraph (h).

(b) Upon receiving a rate filing, the office shall review the rate filing to determine if a rate is excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory. In making that determination, the office shall, in accordance with generally $\frac{2}{4:32\ PM} = 04/28/06$ $\frac{2}{51980c2c-30-z2y}$

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accepted and reasonable actuarial techniques, consider the following factors:

- 1. Past and prospective loss experience within and without this state.
 - 2. Past and prospective expenses.
- 3. The degree of competition among insurers for the risk insured.
- 4. Investment income reasonably expected by the insurer, consistent with the insurer's investment practices, from investable premiums anticipated in the filing, plus any other expected income from currently invested assets representing the amount expected on unearned premium reserves and loss reserves. The commission may adopt rules utilizing reasonable techniques of actuarial science and economics to 14 15 specify the manner in which insurers shall calculate investment income attributable to such classes of insurance written in this state and the manner in which such investment income shall be used in the calculation of insurance rates. Such manner shall contemplate allowances for an underwriting profit factor and full consideration of investment income which produce a reasonable rate of return; however, investment income from invested surplus shall not be considered.
 - 5. The reasonableness of the judgment reflected in the filing.
 - 6. Dividends, savings, or unabsorbed premium deposits allowed or returned to Florida policyholders, members, or subscribers.
 - 7. The adequacy of loss reserves.
- 29 8. The cost of reinsurance, as further specified in 30 subsection (5).
 - 9. Trend factors, including trends in actual losses 4:32 PM 04/28/06 s1980c2c-30-z2y

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 l_{\perp} per insured unit for the insurer making the filing.

- 10. Conflagration and catastrophe hazards, if applicable.
- 11. A reasonable margin for underwriting profit and contingencies.
 - 12. The cost of medical services, if applicable.
- 13. Other relevant factors which impact upon the frequency or severity of claims or upon expenses.
- (h) If In the event the office finds that a rate or rate change is excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory, the office shall issue an order of disapproval specifying that a new rate or rate schedule which responds to the findings of the office be filed by the insurer. The office shall further order, for any "use and file" filing made in accordance with subparagraph (a)2., that premiums charged each policyholder constituting the portion of the rate above that which was actuarially justified be returned to such policyholder in the form of a credit or refund. If the office finds that an insurer's rate or rate change is inadequate, the new rate or rate schedule filed with the office in response to such a finding shall be applicable only to new or renewal business of the insurer written on or after the effective date of the responsive filing.

The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to workers' compensation and employer's liability insurance and to motor

27 | vehicle insurance.

(5) With respect to a rate filing involving coverage of the type for which the insurer is required to pay a reimbursement premium to the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe

Fund, the insurer may fully recoup in its property insurance

4:32 PM 04/28/06 s1980c2c-30-z2y

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1	premiums any reimbursement premiums paid to the Florida
2	Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, together with reasonable costs of
3	other reinsurance consistent with prudent business practices
4	and sound actuarial principles, but may not recoup reinsurance
5	costs that duplicate coverage provided by the Florida
6	Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. The burden is on the office to
7	establish that any costs of other reinsurance are in excess of
8	amounts consistent with prudent business practices and sound
9	actuarial principles. An insurer may not recoup more than 1
10	year of reimbursement premium at a time. Any under-recoupment
11	from the prior year may be added to the following year's
12	reimbursement premium and any over-recoupment shall be
13	subtracted from the following year's reimbursement premium.
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16	======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========
17	And the title is amended as follows:
18	On page 2, lines 15-20, delete those lines
19	
20	and insert:
21	F.S.; revising procedures governing certain
22	rate filings; removing provisions authorizing a
23	"use and file" filing and providing for a
24	credit or refund for certain premiums charged
25	for such a filing; revising factors to be used
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