20-976A-06

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Agency for Persons with
3	Disabilities; amending s. 39.202, F.S.;
4	providing for certain employees, agents, and
5	contract providers of the agency to have access
6	to records concerning cases of child abuse or
7	neglect for specified purposes; amending s.
8	39.407, F.S.; deleting provisions authorizing
9	the treatment of a child under ch. 393, F.S.,
10	if the child is alleged to be dependent;
11	amending s. 383.14, F.S., relating to the
12	Genetics and Newborn Screening Advisory
13	Council; conforming provisions to the transfer
14	of duties from the Developmental Disabilities
15	Program Office within the Department of
16	Children and Family Services to the Agency for
17	Persons with Disabilities; repealing s.
18	393.061, F.S., relating to a short title;
19	amending s. 393.062, F.S.; revising legislative
20	findings and intent to conform to changes in
21	terminology; amending s. 393.063, F.S.;
22	revising the definitions applicable to ch. 393,
23	F.S., relating to developmental disabilities;
24	amending s. 393.064, F.S.; revising the duties
25	of the Agency for Persons with Disabilities
26	with respect to prevention services,
27	evaluations and assessments, intervention
28	services, and support services; amending s.
29	393.0641, F.S.; defining the term "severe
30	self-injurious behavior" for purposes of a
31	program of prevention and treatment for

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individuals exhibiting such behavior; amending s. 393.065, F.S., relating to application for services and the determination of eligibility for services; authorizing the agency to adopt rules; amending s. 393.0651, F.S., relating to support plans for families and individuals; revising the age at which support plans are developed for children; deleting a prohibition against assessing certain fees; creating s. 393.0654, F.S.; specifying circumstances under which an employee of the agency may own, operate, or work in a private facility under contract with the agency; amending s. 393.0655, F.S.; revising the screening requirements for direct service providers; providing a temporary exemption from screening requirements for certain providers; amending s. 393.0657, F.S.; revising an exemption from certain requirements for refingerprinting and rescreening; amending s. 393.066, F.S.; revising certain requirements for the services provided by the agency; requiring agency approval for purchased services; revising the agency's rulemaking authority; amending s. 393.067, F.S.; revising requirements governing the agency's licensure procedures; specifying that a license from the agency is not a property right; revising the requirements for background screening of applicants for licensure and managers, supervisors, and staff members of service providers; requiring that the agency adopt

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rules governing the reporting of incidents; deleting certain responsibilities of the Agency for Health Care Administration with respect to the development and review of emergency management plans; amending s. 393.0673, F.S.; deleting a requirement that certain fines be deposited into the Resident Protection Trust Fund; requiring that the Agency for Persons with Disabilities adopt rules for evaluating violations and determining the amount of fines; amending s. 393.0674, F.S.; providing a penalty for failure by a provider to comply with background-screening requirements; amending s. 393.0675, F.S.; deleting certain obsolete provisions requiring that a provider be of good moral character; amending s. 393.0678, F.S.; deleting provisions governing receivership proceedings for an intermediate care facility for the developmentally disabled; deleting a requirement that a receiver is subject to the Resident Protection Trust Fund and liable for certain expenses and costs; amending s. 393.068, F.S.; requiring that the family care program emphasize self-determination; revising certain requirements for reimbursing a family care program provider; amending s. 393.0695, F.S., relating to in-home subsidies; requiring that the Agency for Persons with Disabilities adopt rules for such subsidies; amending s. 393.075, F.S., relating to liability coverage for facilities licensed by the agency;

1 conforming terminology; amending s. 393.11, 2 F.S.; revising provisions governing the 3 involuntary admission of a person to 4 residential services; clarifying provisions 5 governing involuntary commitment; requiring 6 that a person's competency be determined under 7 ch. 916, F.S.; conforming terminology; amending s. 393.122, F.S.; clarifying requirements 8 governing applications for continued 9 10 residential services; amending s. 393.125, F.S., relating to administrative hearings; 11 12 prohibiting a service provider of an applicant 13 or client from acting as that applicant's or client's authorized representative; amending s. 14 393.13, F.S., relating to the Bill of Rights of 15 Persons Who are Developmentally Disabled; 16 17 requiring the agency to adopt rules governing the use of restraints; revising requirements 18 for client records; deleting certain 19 requirements governing local advocacy councils; 20 21 amending s. 393.135, F.S.; redefining the term 22 "sexual misconduct"; clarifying provisions 23 making such misconduct a second-degree felony; amending s. 393.15, F.S.; establishing the 2.4 Community Resources Development Loan Program to 25 provide loans to foster homes, group homes, and 26 27 supported employment programs; providing 2.8 legislative intent; providing eligibility requirements; providing authorized uses of loan 29 30 funds; requiring that the agency adopt rules governing the loan program; providing 31

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requirements for repaying loans; amending s. 393.17, F.S.; authorizing the agency to establish certification programs for persons providing services to clients; requiring that the agency establish a certification program for behavior analysts; requiring that the program be reviewed and validated; creating s. 393.18, F.S.; providing for a comprehensive transition education program for persons who have severe or moderate maladaptive behaviors; specifying the types of treatment and education centers providing services under the program; providing requirements for licensure; requiring individual education plans for persons receiving services; limiting the number of persons who may receive services in such a program; amending s. 393.501, F.S.; revising the agency's rulemaking authority; providing requirements for rules governing alternative living centers and independent living education centers; amending s. 397.405, F.S.; clarifying an exemption from licensure provided to certain facilities licensed under ch. 393, F.S.; amending s. 400.419, F.S.; requiring that a list of facilities subject to sanctions or fines be disseminated to the Agency for Persons with Disabilities; amending s. 400.960, F.S.; revising definitions for purpose of part XI of ch. 400, F.S., relating to nursing homes and related facilities; amending s. 400.967, F.S., relating to rules and classification

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deficiencies; conforming provisions to the transfer of duties from the Department of Children and Family Services to the Agency for Persons with Disabilities; amending ss. 402.115, 402.17, 402.181, 402.22, and 402.33, F.S.; including the Agency for Persons with Disabilities within provisions governing the sharing of information, claims for the care and maintenance of facility residents, education programs for students who reside in state facilities, and fees for services; amending s. 408.036, F.S., relating to projects that are exempt from obtaining a certificate of need; conforming terminology; amending ss. 409.908 and 409.9127, F.S., relating to the Medicaid program; conforming a cross-reference; deleting obsolete provisions; amending ss. 411.224 and 411.232, F.S.; conforming provisions to the transfer of duties from the Developmental Disabilities Program Office within the Department of Children and Family Services to the Agency for Persons with Disabilities; amending ss. 415.102, 415.1035, 415.1055, and 415.107, F.S.; conforming terminology; including the Agency for Persons with Disabilities within provisions providing requirements that a facility inform residents of certain rights, notification requirements for administrative entities, and requirements for maintaining the confidentiality of reports and records; amending s. 419.001, F.S.,

agencies:

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1 relating to site selection of community 2 residential homes; revising definitions; conforming terminology; amending s. 435.03, 3 4 F.S., relating to screening standards; 5 conforming terminology and a cross-reference; 6 amending ss. 944.602, 945.025, 947.185, 984.19, 7 984.225, 984.226, and 985.224, F.S., relating to the Department of Corrections, the Parole 8 9 Commission, children in need of services, and 10 petitions alleging delinquency; conforming provisions to the transfer of duties from the 11 12 Developmental Disabilities Program Office 13 within the Department of Children and Family Services to the Agency for Persons with 14 Disabilities; amending s. 1003.58, F.S.; 15 including facilities operated by the Agency for 16 17 Persons with Disabilities within provisions 18 governing the residential care of students; providing an effective date. 19 20 21 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 22 23 Section 1. Paragraphs (a) and (h) of subsection (2) of section 39.202, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 2.4 39.202 Confidentiality of reports and records in cases 25 of child abuse or neglect.--26 27 (2) Except as provided in subsection (4), access to such records, excluding the name of the reporter which shall be released only as provided in subsection (5), shall be 29 granted only to the following persons, officials, and 30

- (a) Employees, authorized agents, or contract providers of the department, the Department of Health, the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, or county agencies responsible for carrying out:
 - 1. Child or adult protective investigations;
 - 2. Ongoing child or adult protective services;
 - 3. Healthy Start services; or
- 4. Licensure or approval of adoptive homes, foster homes, or child care facilities, <u>facilities licensed under chapter 393</u>, or family day care homes or informal child care providers who receive subsidized child care funding, or other homes used to provide for the care and welfare of children.
- 5. Services for victims of domestic violence when provided by certified domestic violence centers working at the department's request as case consultants or with shared clients.

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- Also, employees or agents of the Department of Juvenile Justice responsible for the provision of services to children, pursuant to chapters 984 and 985.
- (h) Any appropriate official of the department or the Agency for Persons with Disabilities who is responsible for:
- 1. Administration or supervision of the department's program for the prevention, investigation, or treatment of child abuse, abandonment, or neglect, or abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult, when carrying out his or her official function;
- 2. Taking appropriate administrative action concerning an employee of the department or the agency who is alleged to have perpetrated child abuse, abandonment, or neglect, or abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult; or

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- 3. Employing and continuing employment of personnel of the department or the agency.
- Section 2. Subsection (5) of section 39.407, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 39.407 Medical, psychiatric, and psychological examination and treatment of child; physical or mental examination of parent or person requesting custody of child.--
- (5) A judge may order a child in an out-of-home placement to be treated by a licensed health care professional based on evidence that the child should receive treatment. The judge may also order such child to receive mental health or developmental disabilities services from a psychiatrist, psychologist, or other appropriate service provider. Except as provided in subsection (6), if it is necessary to place the child in a residential facility for such services, the procedures and criteria established in s. 394.467 or chapter 393 shall be used, whichever is applicable. A child may be provided developmental disabilities or mental health services in emergency situations, pursuant to the procedures and criteria contained in s. 394.463(1) or chapter 393, whichever is applicable.
- Section 3. Subsection (5) of section 383.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 383.14 Screening for metabolic disorders, other hereditary and congenital disorders, and environmental risk factors.--
- (5) ADVISORY COUNCIL.--There is established a Genetics and Newborn Screening Advisory Council made up of 15 members appointed by the Secretary of Health. The council shall be composed of two consumer members, three practicing pediatricians, at least one of whom must be a pediatric

hematologist, one representative from each of the four medical 2 schools in the state, the Secretary of Health or his or her designee, one representative from the Department of Health 3 representing Children's Medical Services, one representative 4 from the Florida Hospital Association, one individual with 5 6 experience in newborn screening programs, one individual 7 representing audiologists, and one representative from the 8 Agency for Persons with Disabilities Developmental Disabilities Program Office of the Department of Children and 9 Family Services. All appointments shall be for a term of 4 10 years. The chairperson of the council shall be elected from 11 12 the membership of the council and shall serve for a period of 13 2 years. The council shall meet at least semiannually or upon the call of the chairperson. The council may establish ad hoc 14 or temporary technical advisory groups to assist the council 15 with specific topics which come before the council. Council 16 members shall serve without pay. Pursuant to the provisions of 18 s. 112.061, the council members are entitled to be reimbursed for per diem and travel expenses. It is the purpose of the 19 council to advise the department about: 20

- (a) Conditions for which testing should be included under the screening program and the genetics program.
- (b) Procedures for collection and transmission of specimens and recording of results.
- (c) Methods whereby screening programs and genetics services for children now provided or proposed to be offered in the state may be more effectively evaluated, coordinated, and consolidated.
- Section 4. <u>Section 393.061</u>, <u>Florida Statutes</u>, <u>is repealed</u>.

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Section 5. Section 393.062, Florida Statutes, is 2 amended to read: 3 393.062 Legislative findings and declaration of 4 intent. -- The Legislature finds and declares that existing state programs for the treatment of individuals with 5 developmental disabilities who are developmentally disabled, which often unnecessarily place clients in institutions, are 8 unreasonably costly, are ineffective in bringing the individual client to his or her maximum potential, and are in 9 fact debilitating to many a great majority of clients. A 10 redirection in state treatment programs for individuals with 11 12 developmental disabilities who are developmentally disabled is 13 necessary if any significant amelioration of the problems faced by such individuals is ever to take place. Such 14 redirection should place primary emphasis on programs that 15 have the potential to prevent or reduce the severity of 16 17 developmental disabilities. Further, the Legislature declares 18 that greatest priority shall be given to the development and implementation of community-based residential placements, 19 services that, and treatment programs for individuals who are 20 21 developmentally disabled which will enable such individuals 2.2 with developmental disabilities to achieve their greatest 23 potential for independent and productive living, which will enable them to live in their own homes or in residences 2.4 located in their own communities, and which will permit them 2.5 26 to be diverted or removed from unnecessary institutional 27 placements. This goal The Legislature finds that the 2.8 eligibility criteria for intermediate care facilities for the 29 developmentally disabled which are specified in the Medicaid state plan in effect on the effective date of this act are 30 essential to the system of residential services. The

Legislature declares that the goal of this act, to improve the 2 quality of life of all developmentally disabled persons by the 3 development and implementation of community based residential 4 placements, services, and treatment, cannot be met without ensuring the availability of community residential 5 opportunities for developmentally disabled persons in the residential areas of this state. The Legislature, therefore, 8 declares that all persons with developmental disabilities who live in licensed community homes shall have a family living 9 environment comparable to other Floridians. The Legislature 10 intends that such residences shall be considered and treated 11 12 as a functional equivalent of a family unit and not as an 13 institution, business, or boarding home. The Legislature declares that, in developing community-based programs and 14 services for individuals with developmental disabilities who 15 are developmentally disabled, private businesses, 16 not-for-profit corporations, units of local government, and other organizations capable of providing needed services to 18 clients in a cost-efficient manner shall be given preference 19 in lieu of operation of programs directly by state agencies. 20 21 Finally, it is the intent of the Legislature that all caretakers unrelated to individuals with developmental 23 disabilities receiving care shall be of good moral character. Section 6. Section 393.063, Florida Statutes, is 2.4 amended to read: 2.5 393.063 Definitions.--For the purposes of this 26 27 chapter, the term: 2.8 (1) "Agency" means the Agency for Persons with Disabilities. 29 (2) "Autism" <u>or "autistic disorder" means a disorder,</u> 30 as defined in the current edition of the Diagnostic and

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Statistical Manual of the American Psychiatric Association, which causes pervasive impairment in social interaction, communication, and range of interests and activities. While these characteristics occur on a spectrum, the term refers only to the most severe disorder on this spectrum as defined in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual. means a pervasive, neurologically based developmental disability of extended duration which causes severe learning, communication, and behavior disorders with age of onset during infancy or childhood. Individuals with autism exhibit impairment in reciprocal social interaction, impairment in verbal and nonverbal communication and imaginative ability, and a markedly restricted repertoire of activities and interests.

- (3) "Cerebral palsy" means a group of disabling symptoms of extended duration which results from damage to the developing brain that may occur before, during, or after birth and that results in the loss or impairment of control over voluntary muscles. For the purposes of this definition, cerebral palsy does not include those symptoms or impairments resulting solely from a stroke.
- (4) "Client" means any person determined eligible by the agency for services under this chapter.
- (5) "Client advocate" means a friend or relative of the client, or of the client's immediate family, who advocates for the best interests of the client in any proceedings under this chapter in which the client or his or her family has the right or duty to participate.
- (6) "Comprehensive assessment" means the process used to determine eligibility for services under this chapter.
- (7) "Comprehensive transitional education program"
 means the program established in s. 393.18. a group of jointly

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operating centers or units, the collective purpose of which is to provide a sequential series of educational care, training, treatment, habilitation, and rehabilitation services to persons who have developmental disabilities and who have severe or moderate maladaptive behaviors. However, nothing in this subsection shall require such programs to provide services only to persons with developmental disabilities. All such services shall be temporary in nature and delivered in a structured residential setting with the primary goal of incorporating the normalization principle to establish permanent residence for persons with maladaptive behaviors in facilities not associated with the comprehensive transitional education program. The staff shall include psychologists and teachers who shall be available to provide services in each component center or unit of the program. The psychologists shall be individuals who are licensed in this state and certified as behavior analysts in this state, or individuals who are certified as behavior analysts pursuant to s. 393.17. (a) Comprehensive transitional education programs shall include a minimum of two component centers or units, one of which shall be either an intensive treatment and educational center or a transitional training and educational center, which provide services to persons with maladaptive behaviors in the following sequential order: Intensive treatment and educational center. component is a self contained residential unit providing intensive psychological and educational programming for persons with severe maladaptive behaviors, whose behaviors preclude placement in a less restrictive environment due to the threat of danger or injury to themselves or others.

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component is a residential unit for persons with moderate maladaptive behaviors, providing concentrated psychological and educational programming emphasizing a transition toward a less restrictive environment. 3. Community transition residence. This component is a residential center providing educational programs and such support services, training, and care as are needed to assist persons with maladaptive behaviors to avoid regression to more restrictive environments while preparing them for more independent living. Continuous shift staff shall be required for this component. 4. Alternative living center. This component is a residential unit providing an educational and family living environment for persons with maladaptive behaviors, in a moderately unrestricted setting. Residential staff shall be required for this component. Independent living education center. This component is a facility providing a family living environment for persons with maladaptive behaviors, in a largely unrestricted setting which includes education and monitoring appropriate to support the development of independent living skills. (b) Centers or units that are components of a

2. Transitional training and educational center. This

comprehensive transitional education program are subject to

the license issued to the comprehensive transitional education program and may be located on either single or multiple sites.

(c) Comprehensive transitional education programs

shall develop individual education plans for each person with

maladaptive behaviors who receives services therein. Such

individual education plans shall be developed in accordance

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with the criteria specified in 20 U.S.C. ss. 401 et seq., and 34 C.F.R. part 300.

(d) In no instance shall the total number of persons with maladaptive behaviors being provided services in a comprehensive transitional education program exceed 120.

(e) This subsection shall authorize licensure for comprehensive transitional education programs which by July 1, 1989:

1. Are in actual operation; or

2. Own a fee simple interest in real property for which a county or city government has approved zoning allowing for the placement of the facilities described in this subsection, and have registered an intent with the department to operate a comprehensive transitional education program.

However, nothing shall prohibit the assignment by such a registrant to another entity at a different site within the state, so long as there is compliance with all criteria of the comprehensive transitional education program and local zoning requirements and provided that each residential facility within the component centers or units of the program authorized under this subparagraph shall not exceed a capacity of 15 persons.

(8) "Day habilitation facility" means any nonresidential facility which provides day habilitation services.

(9) "Day habilitation service" means assistance with the acquisition, retention, or improvement in self help, socialization, and adaptive skills which takes place in a nonresidential setting, separate from the home or facility in which the individual resides. Day habilitation services shall focus on enabling the individual to attain or maintain his or

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her maximum functional level and shall be coordinated with any physical, occupational, or speech therapies listed in the plan of care.

(8)(10) "Developmental disability" means a disorder or syndrome that is attributable to mental retardation, cerebral palsy, autism, spina bifida, or Prader-Willi syndrome; that manifests before the age of 18; and that constitutes a substantial handicap that can reasonably be expected to continue indefinitely.

(9)(11) "Developmental disabilities institution" means a state-owned and state-operated facility, formerly known as a "Sunland Center," providing for the care, habilitation, and rehabilitation of clients with developmental disabilities.

(10)(12) "Direct service provider," also known as

"caregiver" in chapters 39 and 415 or "caretaker" in

provisions relating to employment security checks, means a

person 18 years of age or older who has direct face-to-face

contact with clients while providing services to the clients

individuals with developmental disabilities, or has access to

a client's living areas or to a client's funds or personal

property, and is not a relative of such individuals.

(11)(13) "Domicile" means the place where a client legally resides, which place is his or her permanent home. Domicile may be established as provided in s. 222.17. Domicile may not be established in Florida by a minor who has no parent domiciled in Florida, or by a minor who has no legal guardian domiciled in Florida, or by any alien not classified as a resident alien.

(14) "Enclave" means a work station in public or private business or industry where a small group of persons with developmental disabilities is employed and receives

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training and support services or follow along services among nonhandicapped workers.

(15) "Epilepsy" means a chronic brain disorder of various causes which is characterized by recurrent seizures due to excessive discharge of cerebral neurons. When found concurrently with retardation, autism, or cerebral palsy, epilepsy is considered a secondary disability for which the client is eligible to receive services to ameliorate this condition pursuant to this chapter.

(12)(16) "Express and informed consent" means consent voluntarily given in writing with sufficient knowledge and comprehension of the subject matter in order involved to enable the person giving consent to make a knowing an understanding and enlightened decision without any element of force, fraud, deceit, duress, or other form of constraint or coercion.

(13)(17) "Family care program" means the program established in s. 393.068.

(18) "Follow along services" means those support
services provided to persons with developmental disabilities
in all supported employment programs and may include, but are
not limited to, family support, assistance in meeting
transportation and medical needs, employer intervention,
performance evaluation, advocacy, replacement, retraining or
promotional assistance, or other similar support services.

(14)(19) "Foster care facility" means a residential facility licensed under this chapter which provides a family living environment including supervision and care necessary to meet the physical, emotional, and social needs of its residents. The capacity of such a facility shall not be more than three residents.

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(15)(20) "Group home facility" means a residential facility licensed under this chapter which provides a family living environment including supervision and care necessary to meet the physical, emotional, and social needs of its residents. The capacity of such a facility shall be at least 4 but not more than 15 residents. For the purposes of this chapter, group home facilities shall not be considered commercial enterprises.

(16)(21) "Guardian advocate" means a person appointed by a written order of the court to represent a person with developmental disabilities under s. 393.12.

(17)(22) "Habilitation" means the process by which a client is assisted to acquire and maintain those life skills which enable the client to cope more effectively with the demands of his or her condition and environment and to raise the level of his or her physical, mental, and social efficiency. It includes, but is not limited to, programs of formal structured education and treatment.

(18)(23) "High-risk child" means, for the purposes of this chapter, a child from 3 birth to 5 years of age with one or more of the following characteristics:

- (a) A developmental delay in cognition, language, or physical development.
- (b) A child surviving a catastrophic infectious or traumatic illness known to be associated with developmental delay, when funds are specifically appropriated.
- (c) A child with a parent or guardian with developmental disabilities who requires assistance in meeting the child's developmental needs.
- (d) A child who has a physical or genetic anomalyassociated with developmental disability.

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2 developmentally disabled" or "ICF/DD" means a residential facility licensed and certified pursuant to part XI of chapter 3 4 400. 5 (25) "Job coach" means a person who provides employment related training at a worksite to individuals with 6 7 developmental disabilities. 8 (20)(26) "Medical/dental services" means medically necessary those services which are provided or ordered for a 9 10 client by a person licensed under pursuant to the provisions of chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 466. Such services may 11 12 include, but are not limited to, prescription drugs, 13 specialized therapies, nursing supervision, hospitalization, dietary services, prosthetic devices, surgery, specialized 14 equipment and supplies, adaptive equipment, and other services 15 as required to prevent or alleviate a medical or dental 16 17 condition. 18 (27) "Mobile work crew" means a group of workers employed by an agency that provides services outside the 19 20 agency, usually under service contracts. 21 (28) "Normalization principle" means the principle of 2.2 letting the client obtain an existence as close to the normal 23 as possible, making available to the client patterns and

 $(19)\frac{(24)}{(24)}$ "Intermediate care facility for the

(29) "Personal services" include, but are not limited to, such services as: individual assistance with or supervision of essential activities of daily living for self care, including ambulation, bathing, dressing, eating, grooming, and toileting, and other similar services that the agency may define by rule. "Personal services" shall not be

conditions of everyday life which are as close as possible to

the norm and patterns of the mainstream of society.

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construed to mean the provision of medical, nursing, dental, 2 or mental health services by the staff of a facility, except as provided in this chapter. In addition, an emergency 3 4 response device installed in the apartment or living area of a resident shall not be classified as a personal service. 5 6 (21)(30) "Prader-Willi syndrome" means an inherited 7 condition typified by neonatal hypotonia with failure to 8 thrive, hyperphagia or an excessive drive to eat which leads to obesity usually at 18 to 36 months of age, mild to moderate 9 10 mental retardation, hypogonadism, short stature, mild facial dysmorphism, and a characteristic neurobehavior. 11 12 (31) "Reassessment" means a process which periodically 13 develops, through annual review and revision of a client's 14 family or individual support plan, a knowledgeable statement of current needs and past development for each client. 15 (22)(32) "Relative" means an individual who is 16 17 connected by affinity or consanguinity to the client and who 18 is 18 years of age or older more. 19 (23)(33) "Resident" means any person who is developmentally disabled residing at a residential facility in 2.0 21 this the state, whether or not such person is a client of the 22 agency. 23 (24)(34) "Residential facility" means a facility providing room and board and personal care for persons with 2.4 developmental disabilities. 2.5 (35) "Residential habilitation" means assistance 26 27 provided with acquisition, retention, or improvement in skills 2.8 related to activities of daily living, such as personal grooming and cleanliness, bedmaking and household chores, 29

eating and the preparation of food, and the social and

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adaptive skills necessary to enable the individual to reside in a noninstitutional setting.

(25)(36) "Residential habilitation center" means a community residential facility <u>licensed under this chapter</u> which that provides residential habilitation services. The capacity of such a facility shall not be fewer than nine residents. After October 1, 1989, no new residential habilitation centers may not shall be licensed and the licensed capacity shall not be increased for any existing residential habilitation center may not be increased.

(26)(37) "Respite service" means appropriate, short-term, temporary care that is provided to a person with developmental disabilities to meet the planned or emergency needs of the person or the family or other direct service provider.

general intellectual functioning existing concurrently with deficits in adaptive behavior and manifested during the period from conception to age 18. "Significantly subaverage general intellectual functioning," for the purpose of this definition, means performance which is two or more standard deviations from the mean score on a standardized intelligence test specified in the rules of the agency. "Adaptive behavior," for the purpose of this definition, means the effectiveness or degree with which an individual meets the standards of personal independence and social responsibility expected of his or her age, cultural group, and community.

(28) "Self-determination" means an individual's freedom to exercise the same rights as all other citizens, authority to exercise control over funds needed for one's own support, including prioritizing these funds when necessary,

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responsibility for the wise use of public funds, and self advocacy to speak and advocate for oneself in order to gain independence and ensure that individuals with a developmental disability are treated equally.

(39) "Severe self injurious behavior" means any chronic behavior that results in injury to the person's own body, which includes, but is not limited to, self hitting, head banging, self biting, scratching, and the ingestion of harmful or potentially harmful nutritive or nonnutritive substances.

(29)(40) "Specialized therapies" means those treatments or activities prescribed by and provided by an appropriately trained, licensed, or certified professional or staff person and may include, but are not limited to, physical therapy, speech therapy, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy, behavior therapy, physical management services, and related specialized equipment and supplies.

(30)(41) "Spina bifida" means, for purposes of this chapter, a person with a medical diagnosis of spina bifida cystica or myelomeningocele.

(31)(42) "Support coordinator" means a person who is designated by the agency to assist individuals and families in identifying their capacities, needs, and resources, as well as finding and gaining access to necessary supports and services; coordinating the delivery of supports and services; advocating on behalf of the individual and family; maintaining relevant records; and monitoring and evaluating the delivery of supports and services to determine the extent to which they meet the needs and expectations identified by the individual, family, and others who participated in the development of the support plan.

(43) "Supported employee" means a person who requires 2 and receives supported employment services in order to maintain community based employment. 3 4 (32)(44) "Supported employment" means employment located or provided in a normal employment setting which 5 provides at least 20 hours employment per week in an integrated work setting, with earnings paid on a commensurate 8 wage basis, and for which continued support is needed for job 9 maintenance. 10 (33)(45) "Supported living" means a category of individually determined services designed and coordinated in 11 12 such a manner as to provide assistance to adult clients who 13 require ongoing supports to live as independently as possible in their own homes, to be integrated into the community, and 14 to participate in community life to the fullest extent 15 16 possible. (34)(46) "Training" means a planned approach to 18 assisting a client to attain or maintain his or her maximum potential and includes services ranging from sensory 19 stimulation to instruction in skills for independent living 2.0 21 and employment. 22 (35)(47) "Treatment" means the prevention, 23 amelioration, or cure of a client's physical and mental disabilities or illnesses. 2.4 Section 7. Subsections (1), (2), and (4) of section 2.5 393.064, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 26 27 393.064 Prevention.--2.8 The agency shall give priority to the development, planning, and implementation of programs which have the 29 potential to prevent, correct, cure, or reduce the severity of 30 developmental disabilities. The agency shall direct an

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interagency and interprogram effort for the continued development of a prevention plan and program. The agency shall identify, through demonstration projects, through program evaluation, and through monitoring of programs and projects conducted outside of the agency, any medical, social, economic, or educational methods, techniques, or procedures that have the potential to effectively ameliorate, correct, or cure developmental disabilities. The agency program shall determine the costs and benefits that would be associated with such prevention efforts and shall implement, or recommend the implementation of, those methods, techniques, or procedures which are found likely to be cost-beneficial.

- developmental services program include services to high-risk and developmentally disabled children from 3 birth to 5 years of age, and their families, to meet the intent of chapter 411.

 Except for services for children from birth to age 3 years which Such services shall include individual evaluations or assessments necessary to diagnose a developmental disability or high risk condition and to determine appropriate individual family and support services, unless evaluations or assessments are the responsibility of the Division of Children's Medical Services in the Department of Health Prevention and Intervention for children ages birth to 3 years eligible for services under this chapter or part H of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, such services and may include:
- (a) Individual evaluations or assessments necessary to diagnose a developmental disability or high-risk condition and to determine appropriate, individual family and support services.

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(b)(a) Early intervention services, including developmental training and specialized therapies. Early intervention services, which are the responsibility of the Division of Children's Medical Services Prevention and Intervention for children ages birth to 3 years who are eligible for services under this chapter or under part H of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, shall not be provided through the developmental services program unless funding is specifically appropriated to the developmental services program for this purpose.

(c)(b) Support services, such as respite care, parent education and training, parent-to-parent counseling, homemaker services, and other services which allow families to maintain and provide quality care to children in their homes. The Division of Children's Medical Services Prevention and Intervention is responsible for the provision of services to children from birth to 3 years who are eligible for services under this chapter.

- (4) There is created at the developmental <u>disabilities</u> services institution in Gainesville a research and education unit. Such unit shall be named the Raymond C. Philips Research and Education Unit. The functions of such unit shall include:
- (a) Research into the etiology of developmental disabilities.
- (b) Ensuring that new knowledge is rapidly disseminated throughout the developmental services program of the agency.
- (c) Diagnosis of unusual conditions and syndromes associated with developmental disabilities in clients identified throughout the developmental disabilities services programs.

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- (d) Evaluation of families of clients with developmental disabilities of genetic origin in order to provide them with genetic counseling aimed at preventing the recurrence of the disorder in other family members.

 (e) Ensuring that health professionals in the
- (e) Ensuring that health professionals in the developmental <u>disabilities</u> services institution at Gainesville have access to information systems that will allow them to remain updated on newer knowledge and maintain their postgraduate education standards.
- (f) Enhancing staff training for professionals throughout the agency in the areas of genetics and developmental disabilities.
- Section 8. Section 393.0641, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 393.0641 Program for the prevention and treatment of severe self-injurious behavior.--
- (1) Contingent upon specific appropriations, there is created a diagnostic, treatment, training, and research
- 19 program for clients exhibiting severe self-injurious behavior.
- 20 As used in this section, the term "severe self-injurious
- 21 behavior means any chronic behavior that results in injury to
- 22 the person's own body, including, but not limited to,
- 23 self-hitting, head banging, self-biting, scratching, and the
- 24 ingestion of harmful or potentially harmful nutritive or
- 25 <u>nonnutritive substances.</u>
- 26 (2) The This program shall:
 - (a) Serve as a resource center for information, training, and program development.
- 29 (b) Research the diagnosis and treatment of severe 30 self-injurious behavior, and related disorders, and develop 31

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methods of prevention and treatment of self-injurious behavior.

- (c) Identify individuals in critical need.
- (d) Develop treatment programs which are meaningful to individuals with developmental disabilities, in critical need, while safeguarding and respecting the legal and human rights of the individuals.
- (e) Disseminate research findings on the prevention and treatment of severe self-injurious behavior.
- (f) Collect data on the type, severity, incidence, and demographics of individuals with severe self-injurious behavior, and disseminate the data.
- 13 $\underline{(3)(2)}$ The This program shall adhere to the provisions 14 of s. 393.13.
 - (4)(3) The agency may contract for the provision of any portion or all of the services required by the program.
 - $\underline{(5)(4)}$ The agency \underline{may} has the authority to license this program and \underline{shall} adopt rules to $\underline{administer}$ $\underline{implement}$ the program.
 - Section 9. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 393.065, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (5) is added to that section, to read:
 - 393.065 Application and eligibility determination.--
 - (1) Application for services shall be made in writing to the agency, in the <u>service area</u> <u>district</u> in which the applicant resides. Employees of the agency's developmental services program shall review each applicant for eligibility within 45 days after the date the application is signed for children under 6 years of age and within 60 days after the date the application is signed for all other applicants. When necessary to definitively identify individual conditions or

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needs, the agency shall provide a comprehensive assessment.

Only applicants individuals whose domicile is in Florida are eligible for services. Information accumulated by other agencies, including professional reports and collateral data, shall be considered in this process when available.

- (4) The agency shall assess the level of need and medical necessity for prospective residents of intermediate-care facilities for the developmentally disabled after October 1, 1999. The agency may enter into an agreement with the Department of Elderly Affairs for its Comprehensive Assessment and Review for Long-Term-Care Services (CARES) program to conduct assessments to determine the level of need and medical necessity for long-term-care services under this chapter. To the extent permissible under federal law, the assessments shall must be funded under Title XIX of the Social Security Act.
- (5) The agency may adopt rules specifying application procedures and eligibility criteria as needed to administer this section.

Section 10. Section 393.0651, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

393.0651 Family or individual support plan.—The agency shall provide <u>directly or contract</u> for <u>the development</u> of a an appropriate family support plan for children ages 3 birth to 18 years of age and an individual support plan for each client. The parent or guardian of The client or, if competent, the <u>client's parent or quardian client</u>, or, when appropriate, the client advocate, shall be consulted in the development of the plan and shall receive a copy of the plan. Each plan <u>must shall</u> include the most appropriate, least restrictive, and most cost-beneficial environment for

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accomplishment of the objectives for client progress and a specification of all services authorized. The plan <u>must shall</u> include provisions for the most appropriate level of care for the client. Within the specification of needs and services for each client, when residential care is necessary, the agency shall move toward placement of clients in residential facilities based within the client's community. The ultimate goal of each plan, whenever possible, shall be to enable the client to live a dignified life in the least restrictive setting, be that in the home or in the community. For children under 6 years of age, the family support plan shall be developed within the 45-day application period as specified in s. 393.065(1); for all applicants 6 years of age or older, the family or individual support plan shall be developed within the 60-day period as specified in that subsection.

- (1) The agency shall develop and specify by rule the core components of support plans to be used by each district.
- (2)(a) The family or individual support plan shall be integrated with the individual education plan (IEP) for all clients who are public school students entitled to a free appropriate public education under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, I.D.E.A., as amended. The family or individual support plan and IEP shall be implemented to maximize the attainment of educational and habilitation goals.
- (a) If the IEP for a student enrolled in a public school program indicates placement in a public or private residential program is necessary to provide special education and related services to a client, the local education agency shall provide for the costs of that service in accordance with the requirements of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, I.D.E.A., as amended. This shall not preclude

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local education agencies and the agency from sharing the residential service costs of students who are clients and require residential placement. Under no circumstances shall clients entitled to a public education or their parents be assessed a fee by the agency under s. 402.33 for placement in a residential program.

- (b) For clients who are entering or exiting the school system, an interdepartmental staffing team composed of representatives of the agency and the local school system shall develop a written transitional living and training plan with the participation of the client or with the parent or quardian of the client, or the client advocate, as appropriate.
- (3) Each family or individual support plan shall be facilitated through case management designed solely to advance the individual needs of the client.
- (4) In the development of the family or individual support plan, a client advocate may be appointed by the support planning team for a client who is a minor or for a client who is not capable of express and informed consent when:
 - The parent or quardian cannot be identified;
- (b) The whereabouts of the parent or quardian cannot be discovered; or
- (c) The state is the only legal representative of the client. 26

2.8 Such appointment shall not be construed to extend the powers 29 of the client advocate to include any of those powers 30 delegated by law to a legal guardian.

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- appropriate and least restrictive, and cost-beneficial, residential facility according to his or her individual support habilitation plan. The parent or guardian of The client or, if competent, the client's parent or quardian elient, or, when appropriate, the client advocate, and the administrator of the residential facility to which placement is proposed shall be consulted in determining the appropriate placement for the client. Considerations for placement shall be made in the following order:
- (a) Client's own home or the home of a family member or direct service provider.
 - (b) Foster care facility.
 - (c) Group home facility.
- (d) Intermediate care facility for the developmentally disabled.
- (e) Other facilities licensed by the agency which offer special programs for people with developmental disabilities.
- 20 (f) Developmental <u>disabilities</u> services institution.
 - (6) In developing a client's annual family or individual support plan, the individual or family with the assistance of the support planning team shall identify measurable objectives for client progress and shall specify a time period expected for achievement of each objective.
 - (7) The individual, family, and support coordinator shall review progress in achieving the objectives specified in each client's family or individual support plan, and shall revise the plan annually, following consultation with the client, if competent, or with the parent or guardian of the client, or, when appropriate, the client advocate. The agency

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or designated contractor shall annually report in writing to the client, if competent, or to the parent or guardian of the client, or to the client advocate, when appropriate, with respect to the client's habilitative and medical progress.

(8) Any client, or any parent of a minor client, or

guardian, authorized guardian advocate, or client advocate for a client, who is substantially affected by the client's initial family or individual support plan, or the annual review thereof, shall have the right to file a notice to challenge the decision pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57. Notice of such right to appeal shall be included in all support plans provided by the agency.

Section 11. Section 393.0654, Florida Statutes, is created to read.

393.0654 Direct service providers; private sector services.—It is not a violation of s. 112.313(7) for a direct service provider who is employed by the agency to own, operate, or work in a private facility that is a service provider under contract with the agency if:

- (1) The employee does not have any role in the agency's placement recommendations or the client's decisionmaking process regarding placement;
- (2) The direct service provider's employment with the agency does not compromise the ability of the client to make a voluntary choice among private providers for services;
- (3) The employee's employment outside the agency does not create a conflict with the employee's public duties and does not impede the full and faithful discharge of the employee's duties as assigned by the agency; and
- 30 (4) The service provider discloses the dual employment
 31 or ownership status to the agency and all clients within the

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provider's care. The disclosure must be given to the agency,
the client, and the client's quardian or quardian advocate, if
appropriate.

Section 12. Section 393.0655, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

393.0655 Screening of direct service providers.--

- (1) MINIMUM STANDARDS.--The agency shall require level 2 employment screening pursuant to chapter 435 for direct service providers who are unrelated to their clients, including support coordinators, and managers and supervisors of residential facilities or comprehensive transitional education programs licensed under this chapter s. 393.067 and any other person, including volunteers, who provide care or services, who have access to a client's living areas, or who have access to a client's funds or personal property.

 Background screening shall include employment history checks as provided in s. 435.03(1) and local criminal records checks through local law enforcement agencies.
- (a) A volunteer who assists on an intermittent basis for less than 40 hours per month does not have to be screened if the volunteer is under the direct and constant <u>visual</u> supervision of persons who meet the screening requirements of this section.
- (b) Licensed physicians, nurses, or other professionals licensed and regulated by the Department of Health are not subject to background screening pursuant to this section if they are providing a service that is within their scope of licensed practice.
- (c) A person selected by the family or the individual with developmental disabilities and paid by the family or the

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individual to provide supports or services is not required to have a background screening under this section.

- (d) Persons 12 years of age or older, including family members, residing with a the direct services provider who provides services to clients in his or her own place of residence, including family members, are subject to background screening; however, such persons who are 12 to 18 years of age shall be screened for delinquency records only.
- (e) A direct service provider who is awaiting the completion of background screening is temporarily exempt from the screening requirements under this section if the provider is under the direct and constant visual supervision of persons who meet the screening requirements of this section. Such exemption expires 90 days after the direct service provider first provides care or services to clients, has access to a client's living areas, or has access to a client's funds or personal property.
- (2) EXEMPTIONS FROM DISQUALIFICATION.--The agency may grant exemptions from disqualification from working with children or adults with developmental disabilities <u>only</u> as provided in s. 435.07.
- (3) PAYMENT FOR PROCESSING OF FINGERPRINTS AND STATE CRIMINAL RECORDS CHECKS.—The costs of processing fingerprints and the state criminal records checks shall be borne by the employer or by the employee or individual who is being screened.
- (4) <u>TERMINATION</u> <u>EXCLUSION FROM OWNING</u>, <u>OPERATING</u>, <u>OR</u>

 <u>BEING EMPLOYED BY A DIRECT SERVICE PROVIDER RESIDENTIAL</u>

 <u>FACILITY</u>; HEARINGS PROVIDED.--
- 30 (a) The agency shall deny, suspend, terminate, or revoke a license, certification, rate agreement, purchase

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order, or contract, or pursue other remedies provided in s. 393.0673, s. 393.0675, or s. 393.0678 in addition to or in lieu of denial, suspension, termination, or revocation for failure to comply with this section.

- (b) When the agency has reasonable cause to believe that grounds for denial or termination of employment exist, it shall notify, in writing, the employer and the <u>person direct service provider</u> affected, stating the specific record <u>that which</u> indicates noncompliance with the standards in this section.
- (c) The procedures established for hearing under chapter 120 shall be available to the employer and the <u>person</u> <u>affected</u> <u>direct service provider</u> in order to present evidence relating either to the accuracy of the basis of exclusion or to the denial of an exemption from disqualification.
- (d) Refusal on the part of an employer to dismiss a manager, supervisor, or direct service provider who has been found to be in noncompliance with standards of this section shall result in automatic denial, termination, or revocation of the license or, certification, rate agreement, purchase order, or contract, in addition to any other remedies pursued by the agency.

Section 13. Section 393.0657, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

393.0657 Persons not required to be refingerprinted or rescreened.—Any provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding, Human resource personnel who have been fingerprinted or screened pursuant to chapters 393, 394, 397, 402, and 409, and teachers who have been fingerprinted pursuant to chapter 1012, who have not been unemployed for more than 90 days thereafter, and who under the penalty of

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perjury attest to the completion of such fingerprinting or screening and to compliance with the provisions of this section and the standards for good moral character as contained in such provisions as ss. 110.1127(3), 393.0655(1), 394.457(6), 397.451, 402.305(2), and 409.175(6), shall not be required to be refingerprinted or rescreened in order to comply with the any direct service provider screening or fingerprinting requirements of this chapter.

Section 14. Section 393.066, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

393.066 Community services and treatment for persons who are developmentally disabled.--

- implement its programs of services and treatment for persons with developmental disabilities who are developmentally disabled to allow clients to live as independently as possible in their own homes or communities and to achieve productive lives as close to normal as possible. All elements of community-based services shall be made available, and eligibility for these services shall be consistent across the state. In addition, all purchased services shall be approved by the agency.
- (2) All services needed shall be purchased instead of provided directly by the agency, when such arrangement is more cost-efficient than having those services provided directly.

 All purchased services must be approved by the agency.
- (3) Community-based services that are medically necessary to prevent institutionalization shall, to the extent of available resources, include:
- (a) Day habilitation services, including developmental training services.

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(b) Family care services. (c) Guardian advocate referral services. 2 3 (d) Medical/dental services, except that medical 4 services shall not be provided to clients with spina bifida 5 except as specifically appropriated by the Legislature. 6 (e) Parent training. 7 (f) Recreation. (g) Residential <u>facility</u> services. 8 9 (h) Respite services. 10 (i) Social services. (j) Specialized therapies. 11 12 (k) Supported employment, including enclave, job coach, mobile work crew, and follow along services. 13 14 (1)Supported living. Training, including behavioral-analysis services 15 (m) 16 behavioral programming. 17 (n) Transportation. (o) Other habilitative and rehabilitative services as 18 needed. 19 (4) The agency shall utilize the services of private 20 21 businesses, not-for-profit organizations, and units of local 22 government whenever such services are more cost-efficient than 23 such services provided directly by the department, including arrangements for provision of residential facilities. 2.4 (5) In order to improve the potential for utilization 25 of more cost-effective, community-based residential 26

facilities, the agency shall promote the statewide development

of day habilitation services for clients who live with a direct service provider in a community-based residential

facility and who do not require 24-hour-a-day care in a

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absence of day habilitation services, require admission to a developmental disabilities institution. Each day service facility shall provide a protective physical environment for clients, ensure that direct service providers meet minimum screening standards as required in s. 393.0655, make available to all day habilitation service participants at least one meal on each day of operation, provide facilities to enable participants to obtain needed rest while attending the program, as appropriate, and provide social and educational activities designed to stimulate interest and provide socialization skills.

- (6) To promote independence and productivity, the agency shall provide supports and services, within available resources, to assist clients enrolled in Medicaid waivers who choose to pursue gainful employment.
- (7) For the purpose of making needed community-based residential facilities available at the least possible cost to the state, the agency is authorized to lease privately owned residential facilities under long-term rental agreements, if such rental agreements are projected to be less costly to the state over the useful life of the facility than state purchase or state construction of such a facility.
- (8) The agency may adopt rules <u>governing the</u> availability and <u>purchase of services that are to ensure</u> compliance with federal laws or regulations that apply to services provided pursuant to this section.

Section 15. Section 393.067, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

393.067 <u>Facility</u> licensure of residential facilities and comprehensive transitional education programs.--

(1) The agency shall provide through its licensing
authority and by rule license-application procedures, a system
of provider qualifications, <u>facility</u> and <u>client-care</u>
standards, requirements for client records, requirements for
staff qualifications and training criteria for meeting
standards, and requirements for monitoring foster care for
residential facilities, group home facilities, residential
<u>habilitation centers</u> , and comprehensive transitional education
programs that serve agency clients. Receipt of a license under
this section does not create a property right in the
recipient. A license issued under this chapter is a public
trust and a privilege, and is not an entitlement. This
privilege must guide the finder of fact or trier of law at any
administrative proceeding or court action initiated by the
agency.

- (2) The agency shall conduct <u>annual</u> inspections and reviews of residential facilities and comprehensive transitional education programs <u>licensed under this section</u> annually.
- (3) An application for a license <u>under this section</u>

 <u>must for a residential facility or a comprehensive</u>

 <u>transitional education program shall</u> be made to the agency on a form furnished by it and shall be accompanied by the appropriate license fee.
- (4) The application shall be under oath and shall contain the following:
- (a) The name and address of the applicant, if an applicant is an individual; if the applicant is a firm, partnership, or association, the name and address of each member thereof; if the applicant is a corporation, its name and address and the name and address of each director and each

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officer thereof; and the name by which the facility or program is to be known.

- (b) The location of the facility or program for which a license is sought.
- (c) The name of the person or persons under whose management or supervision the facility or program will be conducted.
- (d) The number and type of residents or clients for which maintenance, care, education, or treatment is to be provided by the facility or program.
- (e) The number and location of the component centers or units which will compose the comprehensive transitional education program.
- (f) A description of the types of services and treatment to be provided by the facility or program.
- (g) Information relating to the number, experience, and training of the employees of the facility or program.
- (h) Certification that the staff of the facility or program will receive training to detect and prevent sexual abuse of residents and clients.
- (i) Such other information as the agency determines is necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter.
- (5) The applicant shall submit evidence which establishes the good moral character of the manager or supervisor of the facility or program and the direct service providers in the facility or program and its component centers or units. A license may be issued if all the screening materials have been timely submitted; however, a license may not be issued or renewed if any of the direct service providers have failed the screening required by s. 393.0655.

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(a)1. A licensed residential facility or comprehensive transitional education program which applies for renewal of its license shall submit to the agency a list of direct service providers who have worked on a continuous basis at the applicant facility or program since submitting fingerprints to the agency or the Department of Children and Family Services, identifying those direct service providers for whom a written assurance of compliance was provided by the agency or department and identifying those direct service providers who have recently begun working at the facility or program and are awaiting the results of the required fingerprint check along with the date of the submission of those fingerprints for processing. The agency shall by rule determine the frequency of requests to the Department of Law Enforcement to run state criminal records checks for such direct service providers except for those direct service providers awaiting the results of initial fingerprint checks for employment at the applicant facility or program. The agency shall review the records of the direct service providers at the applicant facility or program with respect to the crimes specified in s. 393.0655 and shall notify the facility or program of its findings. When disposition information is missing on a criminal record, it is the responsibility of the person being screened, upon request of the agency, to obtain and supply within 30 days the missing disposition information to the agency. Failure to supply the missing information within 30 days or to show reasonable efforts to obtain such information shall result in automatic disqualification. The applicant shall sign an affidavit under penalty of perjury stating that all new direct service providers have been fingerprinted and that the facility's or program's

remaining direct service providers have worked at the 2 applicant facility or program on a continuous basis since being initially screened at that facility or program or have a 3 4 written assurance of compliance from the agency or department. 5 (5) As a prerequisite for issuance of an the 6 initial or renewal license, the applicant, manager, 7 supervisor, and all staff members of the direct service 8 provider of a facility or program licensed under this section must submit to background screening as required under s. 9 10 393.0655. A license may not be issued or renewed if the applicant and any of the managers, supervisors, or direct 11 12 service providers have failed background screenings as required under s. 393.0655. The agency shall determine by rule 13 the frequency of background screening. The applicant shall 14 submit with each initial or renewal application a signed 15 affidavit under penalty of perjury stating that the applicant 16 17 is in compliance with all requirements for background 18 screening. to a residential facility or comprehensive transitional education program: 19 2.0 1. The applicant shall submit to the agency a complete 21 set of fingerprints, taken by an authorized law enforcement 2.2 agency or an employee of the agency who is trained to take 23 fingerprints, for the manager, supervisor, or direct service providers of the facility or program; 2.4 25 The agency shall submit the fingerprints to the Department of Law Enforcement for state processing and for 26 2.7 federal processing by the Federal Bureau of Investigation; and 2.8 3. The agency shall review the record of the manager supervisor with respect to the crimes specified in 29 30 393.0655(1) and shall notify the applicant of its findings. When disposition information is missing on a criminal record, 31

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it is the responsibility of the manager or supervisor, upon request of the agency, to obtain and supply within 30 days the missing disposition information to the agency. Failure to supply the missing information within 30 days or to show reasonable efforts to obtain such information shall result in automatic disqualification.

comprehensive transitional education program may not use the criminal records or juvenile records of a person obtained under this subsection for any purpose other than determining if that person meets the minimum standards for good moral character for a manager or supervisor of, or direct service provider in, such a facility or program. The criminal records or juvenile records obtained by the agency or a residential facility or comprehensive transitional education program for determining the moral character of a manager, supervisor, or direct service provider are exempt from s. 119.07(1).

(6) Each applicant for licensure as an intermediate care facility for the developmentally disabled must comply with the following requirements:

(a) Upon receipt of a completed, signed, and dated application, the agency shall require background screening, in accordance with the level 2 standards for screening set forth in chapter 435, of the managing employee, or other similarly titled individual who is responsible for the daily operation of the facility, and of the financial officer, or other similarly titled individual who is responsible for the financial operation of the center, including billings for resident care and services. The applicant must comply with the procedures for level 2 background screening as set forth in chapter 435, as well as the requirements of s. 435.03(3).

(b) The agency may require background screening of any 2 other individual who is an applicant if the agency has probable cause to believe that he or she has been convicted of 3 4 a crime or has committed any other offense prohibited under the level 2 standards for screening set forth in chapter 435. 5 6 (c) Proof of compliance with the level 2 background screening requirements of chapter 435 which has been submitted within the previous 5 years in compliance with any other 8 health care licensure requirements of this state is acceptable 9 10 in fulfillment of the requirements of paragraph (a). (d) A provisional license may be granted to an 11 12 applicant when each individual required by this section to 13 undergo background screening has met the standards for the Department of Law Enforcement background check, but the agency 14 has not yet received background screening results from the 15 Federal Bureau of Investigation, or a request for a 16 disqualification exemption has been submitted to the agency as set forth in chapter 435, but a response has not yet been 18 issued. A standard license may be granted to the applicant 19 upon the agency's receipt of a report of the results of the 2.0 21 Federal Bureau of Investigation background screening for each 2.2 individual required by this section to undergo background 23 screening which confirms that all standards have been met, or upon the granting of a disqualification exemption by the 2.4 agency as set forth in chapter 435. Any other person who is 2.5 required to undergo level 2 background screening may serve in 26 2.7 his or her capacity pending the agency's receipt of the report 2.8 from the Federal Bureau of Investigation. However, the person may not continue to serve if the report indicates any 29 30 violation of background screening standards and a

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disqualification exemption has not been requested of and granted by the agency as set forth in chapter 435.

(e) Each applicant must submit to the agency, with its application, a description and explanation of any exclusions, permanent suspensions, or terminations of the applicant from the Medicare or Medicaid programs. Proof of compliance with the requirements for disclosure of ownership and control interests under the Medicaid or Medicare programs shall be accepted in lieu of this submission.

(f) Each applicant must submit to the agency a description and explanation of any conviction of an offense prohibited under the level 2 standards of chapter 435 by a member of the board of directors of the applicant, its officers, or any individual owning 5 percent or more of the applicant. This requirement does not apply to a director of a not for profit corporation or organization if the director serves solely in a voluntary capacity for the corporation or organization, does not regularly take part in the day to day operational decisions of the corporation or organization, receives no remuneration for his or her services on the corporation or organization's board of directors, and has no financial interest and has no family members with a financial interest in the corporation or organization, provided that the director and the not for profit corporation or organization include in the application a statement affirming that the director's relationship to the corporation satisfies the requirements of this paragraph.

(g) A license may not be granted to an applicant if the applicant or managing employee has been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or has entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, any offense prohibited under the

level 2 standards for screening set forth in chapter 435, 2 unless an exemption from disqualification has been granted by 3 the agency as set forth in chapter 435. 4 (h) The agency may deny or revoke licensure if the 5 applicant: 6 1. Has falsely represented a material fact in the 7 application required by paragraph (e) or paragraph (f), or has 8 omitted any material fact from the application required by 9 paragraph (e) or paragraph (f); or 10 2. Has had prior action taken against the applicant 11 under the Medicaid or Medicare program as set forth in 12 paragraph (e). 13 (i) An application for license renewal must contain the information required under paragraphs (e) and (f). 14 (6)(7) The applicant shall furnish satisfactory proof 15 of financial ability to operate and conduct the facility or 16 program in accordance with the requirements of this chapter and all rules promulgated hereunder. 18 (7)(8) The agency shall adopt rules establishing 19 minimum standards for licensure of residential facilities and 2.0 21 comprehensive transitional education programs <u>licensed under</u> 2.2 this section, including rules requiring facilities and 23 programs to train staff to detect and prevent sexual abuse of residents and clients, minimum standards of quality and 2.4 adequacy of client care, incident-reporting requirements, and 2.5 uniform firesafety standards established by the State Fire 26 27 Marshal which are appropriate to the size of the facility or 2.8 of the component centers or units of the program. 29 (8)(9) The agency and the Agency for Health Care Administration, after consultation with the Department of 30

Community Affairs, shall adopt rules for foster care

residential facilities, group home facilities, and residential 2 habilitation centers which establish under the respective regulatory jurisdiction of each establishing minimum standards 3 for the preparation and annual update of a comprehensive 4 5 emergency management plan. At a minimum, the rules must provide for plan components that address emergency evacuation 7 transportation; adequate sheltering arrangements; postdisaster 8 activities, including emergency power, food, and water; postdisaster transportation; supplies; staffing; emergency 9 10 equipment; individual identification of residents and transfer of records; and responding to family inquiries. The 11 12 comprehensive emergency management plan for all comprehensive 13 transitional education programs and for homes serving individuals who have complex medical conditions is subject to 14 review and approval by the local emergency management agency. 15 16 During its review, the local emergency management agency shall 17 ensure that the agency and the Department of Community Affairs 18 following agencies, at a minimum, are given the opportunity to review the plan: the Agency for Health Care Administration, 19 the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, and the Department 20 21 of Community Affairs. Also, appropriate volunteer 22 organizations must be given the opportunity to review the 23 plan. The local emergency management agency shall complete its review within 60 days and either approve the plan or advise 2.4 25 the facility of necessary revisions. (9)(10) The agency may conduct unannounced inspections 26 27 to determine compliance by foster care residential facilities, 2.8 group home facilities, residential habilitation centers, and 29 comprehensive transitional education programs with the applicable provisions of this chapter and the rules adopted 30 pursuant hereto, including the rules adopted for training

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staff of a facility or a program to detect and prevent sexual abuse of residents and clients. The facility or program shall make copies of inspection reports available to the public upon request.

(11) An alternative living center and an independent living education center, as defined in s. 393.063, shall be subject to the provisions of s. 419.001, except that such centers shall be exempt from the 1,000 foot radius requirement of s. 419.001(2) if:

(a) Such centers are located on a site zoned in a manner so that all the component centers of a comprehensive transition education center may be located thereon; or

(b) There are no more than three such centers within said radius of 1,000 feet.

(10)(12) Each residential facility or comprehensive transitional education program licensed under this section by the agency shall forward annually to the agency a true and accurate sworn statement of its costs of providing care to clients funded by the agency.

(11)(13) The agency may audit the records of any residential facility or comprehensive transitional education program that it has reason to believe may not be in full compliance with the provisions of this section; provided that, any financial audit of such facility or program shall be limited to the records of clients funded by the agency.

(12)(14) The agency shall establish, for the purpose of control of licensure costs, a uniform management information system and a uniform reporting system with uniform definitions and reporting categories.

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(13)(15) Facilities and programs licensed pursuant to this section shall adhere to all rights specified in s. 393.13, including those enumerated in s. 393.13(4).

(14)(16) An No unlicensed residential facility or comprehensive transitional education program may not shall receive state funds. A license for the operation of a facility or program shall not be renewed if the licensee has any outstanding fines assessed pursuant to this chapter wherein final adjudication of such fines has been entered.

(15)(17) The agency shall not be required to contract with new facilities licensed after October 1, 1989, pursuant to this chapter. Pursuant to chapter 287, the agency shall continue to contract within available resources for residential services with facilities licensed prior to October 1, 1989, if such facilities comply with the provisions of this chapter and all other applicable laws and regulations.

Section 16. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 393.0673, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (5) is added to that section, to read:

393.0673 Denial, suspension, revocation of license; moratorium on admissions; administrative fines; procedures.--

- or impose an administrative fine, not to exceed \$1,000 per violation per day, for a violation of any provision of s. 393.0655 or s. 393.067 or adopted rules adopted pursuant thereto. All hearings shall be held within the county in which the licensee or applicant operates or applies for a license to operate a facility as defined herein.
- (2) The agency, as a part of any final order issued by it <u>pursuant to</u> under the provisions of this chapter, may impose such fine as it deems proper, except that such fine may

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not exceed \$1,000 for each violation. Each day a violation of this chapter occurs constitutes a separate violation and is subject to a separate fine, but in no event may the aggregate amount of any fine exceed \$10,000. Fines paid by any facility licensee under the provisions of this subsection shall be deposited in the Resident Protection Trust Fund and expended as provided in s. 400.063.

(5) The agency shall establish by rule criteria for evaluating the severity of violations and for determining the amount of fines imposed.

Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 393.0674, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

393.0674 Penalties.--

- (1) It is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, for any person willfully, knowingly, or intentionally to:
- (a) Fail, by false statement, misrepresentation, impersonation, or other fraudulent means, to disclose in any application for voluntary or paid employment a material fact used in making a determination as to such person's qualifications to be a direct service provider;
- (b) Provide or attempt to provide supports or services with direct service providers who are <u>not</u> in <u>compliance</u> noncompliance with the <u>background-screening requirements</u> minimum standards for good moral character as contained in this chapter; or
- (c) Use information from the criminal records or central abuse hotline obtained under s. 393.0655, s. 393.066, or s. 393.067 for any purpose other than screening that person for employment as specified in those sections or release such

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information to any other person for any purpose other than screening for employment as specified in those sections.

Section 18. Subsection (3) of section 393.0675, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

393.0675 Injunctive proceedings authorized.--

(3) The agency may institute proceedings for an injunction in a court of competent jurisdiction to terminate the operation of a provider of supports or services if such provider has willfully and knowingly refused to comply with the screening requirement for direct service providers or has refused to terminate direct service providers found not to be in compliance with such the requirements for good moral character.

Section 19. Subsections (1) and (11) of section 393.0678, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

393.0678 Receivership proceedings.--

- (1) The agency may petition a court of competent jurisdiction for the appointment of a receiver for an intermediate care facility for the developmentally disabled, a residential habilitation center, or a group home facility owned and operated by a corporation or partnership when any of the following conditions exist:
- (a) Any person is operating a facility without a license and refuses to make application for a license as required by s. 393.067 or, in the case of an intermediate care facility for the developmentally disabled, as required by ss. 393.067 and 400.062.
- (b) The licensee is closing the facility or has 29 informed the department that it intends to close the facility; and adequate arrangements have not been made for relocation of

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the residents within 7 days, exclusive of weekends and holidays, of the closing of the facility.

- (c) The agency determines that conditions exist in the facility which present an imminent danger to the health, safety, or welfare of the residents of the facility or which present a substantial probability that death or serious physical harm would result therefrom. Whenever possible, the agency shall facilitate the continued operation of the program.
- (d) The licensee cannot meet its financial obligations to provide food, shelter, care, and utilities. Evidence such as the issuance of bad checks or the accumulation of delinquent bills for such items as personnel salaries, food, drugs, or utilities constitutes prima facie evidence that the ownership of the facility lacks the financial ability to operate the home in accordance with the requirements of this chapter and all rules promulgated thereunder.
- relieve any owner, operator, or employee of a facility placed in receivership of any civil or criminal liability incurred, or any duty imposed by law, by reason of acts or omissions of the owner, operator, or employee before the appointment of a receiver; nor shall anything contained in this section be construed to suspend during the receivership any obligation of the owner, operator, or employee for payment of taxes or other operating and maintenance expenses of the facility or any obligation of the owner, operator, or employee or any other person for the payment of mortgages or liens. The owner shall retain the right to sell or mortgage any facility under receivership, subject to the approval of the court which ordered the receivership. A receivership imposed under the

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provisions of this chapter shall be subject to the Resident Protection Trust Fund pursuant to s. 400.063. The owner of a facility placed in receivership by the court shall be liable all expenses and costs incurred by the Resident Protection Trust Fund which occur as a result of the receivership. Section 20. Subsections (1), (3), and (5) of section 393.068, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 393.068 Family care program. --(1) The family care program is established for the purpose of providing services and support to families and individuals with developmental disabilities in order to maintain the individual in the home environment and avoid costly out-of-home residential placement. Services and support available to families and individuals with developmental disabilities shall emphasize community living and self-determination and enable individuals with developmental disabilities to enjoy typical lifestyles. One way to accomplish this is to recognize that families are the greatest resource available to individuals who have developmental disabilities and must be supported in their role as primary care givers. (3) When it is determined by the agency to be more cost-effective and in the best interest of the client to maintain such client in the home of a direct service provider,

the parent or guardian of the client or, if competent, the

direct service provider of a client enrolled in the family

paragraph (2)(d) shall be provided in accordance with

client may enroll the client in the family care program. The

care program shall be reimbursed according to a rate schedule set by the agency, except that in-home subsidies cited in

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according to s. 393.0695 and are not subject to any other

payment method or rate schedule provided for in this section.

(5) The agency may contract for the provision of any portion of the services required by the program, except for in-home subsidies cited in paragraph (2)(d), which shall be provided pursuant to s. 393.0695. Otherwise, purchase of service contracts shall be used whenever the services so provided are more cost-efficient than those provided by the agency.

Section 21. Subsection (3) of section 393.0695, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (5) is added to that section, to read:

393.0695 Provision of in-home subsidies.--

- (3) In-home subsidies must be based on an individual determination of need and must not exceed maximum amounts set by the agency and reassessed by the agency guarterly annually.
- (5) The agency shall adopt rules to administer this section, including standards and procedures governing eliqibility for services, selection of housing, selection of providers, and planning for services, and requirements for ongoing monitoring.

Section 22. Subsection (2) of section 393.075, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

393.075 General liability coverage. --

(2) The Division of Risk Management of the Department of Financial Services shall provide coverage through the agency to any person who owns or operates a foster care facility or group home facility solely for the agency, who cares for children placed by developmental services staff of the agency, and who is licensed pursuant to s. 393.067 to provide such supervision and care in his or her place of

residence. The coverage shall be provided from the general 2 liability account of the State Risk Management Trust Fund. The coverage is limited to general liability claims arising 3 from the provision of supervision and care of children in a 4 foster care facility or group home facility pursuant to an 5 agreement with the agency and pursuant to guidelines 7 established through policy, rule, or statute. Coverage shall be subject to the limits provided in ss. 284.38 and 284.385, 8 and the exclusions set forth therein, together with other 9 exclusions as may be set forth in the certificate of coverage 10 issued by the trust fund. A person covered under the general 11 12 liability account pursuant to this subsection shall 13 immediately notify the Division of Risk Management of the Department of Financial Services of any potential or actual 14 claim. 15 Section 23. Section 393.11, Florida Statutes, is 16 17 amended to read: 18 393.11 Involuntary admission to residential services.--19 (1) JURISDICTION.--When a person who has been 20 21 determined eliqible for services by the agency is mentally 22 retarded and requires involuntary admission to residential 23 services provided by the agency, the circuit court of the county in which the person resides shall have jurisdiction to 2.4 conduct a hearing and enter an order involuntarily admitting 25 the person in order that the person may receive the care, 26 27 treatment, habilitation, and rehabilitation which the person 2.8 needs. For the purpose of identifying mental retardation, diagnostic capability shall be established by the agency. The 29

involuntary commitment of a person with mental retardation or

autism who is charged with a felony offense shall be

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determined in accordance with s. 916.302. Except as otherwise specified, the proceedings under this section shall be governed by the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure.

- (2) PETITION. --
- (a) A petition for involuntary admission to residential services may be executed by a petitioning commission. For proposed involuntary admission to residential services arising out of chapter 916, the petition may be filed by a petitioning commission, the agency, the state attorney of the circuit from which the defendant was committed, or the defendant's attorney.
- (b) The petitioning commission shall consist of three persons. One of these persons shall be a physician licensed and practicing under chapter 458 or chapter 459.
 - (c) The petition shall be verified and shall:
- 1. State the name, age, and present address of the commissioners and their relationship to the person with mental retardation or autism;
- State the name, age, county of residence, and present address of the person with mental retardation or autism;
- 3. Allege that the commission believes that the person needs involuntary residential services and specify the factual information on which such belief is based;
- 4. Allege that the person lacks sufficient capacity to give express and informed consent to a voluntary application for services and lacks the basic survival and self-care skills to provide for the person's well-being or is likely to physically injure others if allowed to remain at liberty; and

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- 5. State which residential setting is the least restrictive and most appropriate alternative and specify the factual information on which such belief is based.
- (d) The petition shall be filed in the circuit court of the county in which the person with mental retardation or autism resides.
 - (3) NOTICE.--
- (a) Notice of the filing of the petition shall be given to the individual and his or her legal guardian. The notice shall be given both verbally and in writing in the language of the client, or in other modes of communication of the client, and in English. Notice shall also be given to such other persons as the court may direct. The petition for involuntary admission to residential services shall be served with the notice.
- (b) Whenever a motion or petition has been filed pursuant to s. 916.303 to dismiss criminal charges against a defendant with mental retardation or autism, and a petition is filed to involuntarily admit the defendant to residential services under this section, the notice of the filing of the petition shall also be given to the defendant's attorney and to the state attorney of the circuit from which the defendant was committed.
- (c) The notice shall state that a hearing shall be set to inquire into the need of the person with mental retardation or autism for involuntary residential services. The notice shall also state the date of the hearing on the petition.
- (d) The notice shall state that the individual with mental retardation or autism has the right to be represented by counsel of his or her own choice and that, if the person cannot afford an attorney, the court shall appoint one.

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- (4) AGENCY DEVELOPMENTAL SERVICES PARTICIPATION. --
- (a) Upon receiving the petition, the court shall immediately order the developmental services program of the agency to examine the person being considered for involuntary admission to residential services.
- (b) Following examination, the agency shall file After the developmental services program examines the person, a written report shall be filed with the court not less than 10 working days before the date of the hearing. The report must shall be served on the petitioner, the person with mental retardation, and the person's attorney at the time the report is filed with the court.
- (c) The report <u>must</u> shall contain the findings of the <u>agency's</u> developmental services program evaluation and any recommendations deemed appropriate.
 - (5) EXAMINING COMMITTEE.--
- (a) Upon receiving the petition, the court shall immediately appoint an examining committee to examine the person being considered for involuntary admission to residential services of the developmental services program of the agency.
- (b) The court shall appoint no fewer than three disinterested experts who have demonstrated to the court an expertise in the diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of persons with mental retardation. The committee shall include at least one licensed and qualified physician, one licensed and qualified psychologist, and one qualified professional with a minimum of a masters degree in social work, special education, or vocational rehabilitation counseling, to examine the person and to testify at the hearing on the involuntary admission to residential services.

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- (c) Counsel for the person who is being considered for involuntary admission to residential services and counsel for the petition commission shall have the right to challenge the qualifications of those appointed to the examining committee.
- (d) Members of the committee shall not be employees of the agency or be associated with each other in practice or in employer-employee relationships. Members of the committee shall not have served as members of the petitioning commission. Members of the committee shall not be employees of the members of the petitioning commission or be associated in practice with members of the commission.
- (e) The committee shall prepare a written report for the court. The report shall explicitly document the extent that the person meets the criteria for involuntary admission. The report, and expert testimony, shall include, but not be limited to:
 - 1. The degree of the person's mental retardation;
- 2. Whether, because of the person's degree of mental retardation, the person:
- a. Lacks sufficient capacity to give express and informed consent to a voluntary application for services pursuant to s. 393.065;
- b. Lacks basic survival and self-care skills to such a degree that close supervision and habilitation in a residential setting is necessary and if not provided would result in a real and present threat of substantial harm to the person's well-being; or
- c. Is likely to physically injure others if allowed to remain at liberty.
 - 3. The purpose to be served by residential care;

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- 4. A recommendation on the type of residential placement which would be the most appropriate and least restrictive for the person; and
 - 5. The appropriate care, habilitation, and treatment.
- (f) The committee shall file the report with the court not less than 10 working days before the date of the hearing. The report shall be served on the petitioner, the person with mental retardation, and the person's attorney at the time the report is filed with the court.
- (g) Members of the examining committee shall receive a reasonable fee to be determined by the court. The fees are to be paid from the general revenue fund of the county in which the person with mental retardation resided when the petition was filed.
- (h) The agency shall develop and prescribe by rule one or more standard forms to be used as a guide for members of the examining committee.
 - (6) COUNSEL; GUARDIAN AD LITEM. --
- (a) The person with mental retardation shall be represented by counsel at all stages of the judicial proceeding. In the event the person is indigent and cannot afford counsel, the court shall appoint a public defender not less than 20 working days before the scheduled hearing. The person's counsel shall have full access to the records of the service provider and the agency. In all cases, the attorney shall represent the rights and legal interests of the person with mental retardation, regardless of who may initiate the proceedings or pay the attorney's fee.
- (b) If the attorney, during the course of his or her representation, reasonably believes that the person with mental retardation cannot adequately act in his or her own

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interest, the attorney may seek the appointment of a guardian ad litem. A prior finding of incompetency is not required before a guardian ad litem is appointed pursuant to this section.

(7) HEARING.--

- (a) The hearing for involuntary admission shall be conducted, and the order shall be entered, in the county in which the <u>petition is filed person is residing or be as convenient to the person as may be consistent with orderly procedure</u>. The hearing shall be conducted in a physical setting not likely to be injurious to the person's condition.
- (b) A hearing on the petition shall be held as soon as practicable after the petition is filed, but reasonable delay for the purpose of investigation, discovery, or procuring counsel or witnesses shall be granted.
- (c) The court may appoint a general or special magistrate to preside. Except as otherwise specified, the magistrate's proceeding shall be governed by the rule 1.490, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure.
- (d) The person with mental retardation shall be physically present throughout the entire proceeding. If the person's attorney believes that the person's presence at the hearing is not in the person's best interest, the person's presence may be waived once the court has seen the person and the hearing has commenced.
- (e) The person shall have the right to present evidence and to cross-examine all witnesses and other evidence alleging the appropriateness of the person's admission to residential care. Other relevant and material evidence regarding the appropriateness of the person's admission to residential services; the most appropriate, least restrictive

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residential placement; and the appropriate care, treatment, and habilitation of the person, including written or oral reports, may be introduced at the hearing by any interested person.

- (f) The petitioning commission may be represented by counsel at the hearing. The petitioning commission shall have the right to call witnesses, present evidence, cross-examine witnesses, and present argument on behalf of the petitioning commission.
- (g) All evidence shall be presented according to chapter 90. The burden of proof shall be on the party alleging the appropriateness of the person's admission to residential services. The burden of proof shall be by clear and convincing evidence.
- (h) All stages of each proceeding shall be stenographically reported.
 - (8) ORDER.--
- (a) In all cases, the court shall issue written findings of fact and conclusions of law to support its decision. The order shall state the basis for such findings of fact.
- (b) An order of involuntary admission to residential services shall not be entered unless the court finds that:
 - 1. The person is mentally retarded or autistic;
- 2. Placement in a residential setting is the least restrictive and most appropriate alternative to meet the person's needs; and
- 3. Because of the person's degree of mental retardation or autism, the person:
- a. Lacks sufficient capacity to give express and informed consent to a voluntary application for services

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pursuant to s. 393.065 and lacks basic survival and self-care
skills to such a degree that close supervision and
habilitation in a residential setting is necessary and, if not
provided, would result in a real and present threat of
substantial harm to the person's well-being; or

- b. Is likely to physically injure others if allowed to remain at liberty.
- (c) If the evidence presented to the court is not sufficient to warrant involuntary admission to residential services, but the court feels that residential services would be beneficial, the court may recommend that the person seek voluntary admission.
- (d) If an order of involuntary admission to residential services provided by the developmental services program of the agency is entered by the court, a copy of the written order shall be served upon the person, the person's counsel, the agency, and the state attorney and the person's defense counsel, if applicable. The order of involuntary admission sent to the agency shall also be accompanied by a copy of the examining committee's report and other reports contained in the court file.
- (e) Upon receiving the order, the agency shall, within 45 days, provide the court with a copy of the person's family or individual support plan and copies of all examinations and evaluations, outlining the treatment and rehabilitative programs. The agency shall document that the person has been placed in the most appropriate, least restrictive and cost-beneficial residential <u>setting facility</u>. A copy of the family or individual support plan and other examinations and evaluations shall be served upon the person and the person's

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counsel at the same time the documents are filed with the court.

- (9) EFFECT OF THE ORDER OF INVOLUNTARY ADMISSION TO RESIDENTIAL SERVICES.--
- (a) In no case shall an order authorizing an admission to residential care be considered an adjudication of mental incompetency. No person shall be presumed incompetent solely by reason of the person's involuntary admission to residential services. No person shall be denied the full exercise of all legal rights guaranteed to citizens of this state and of the United States.
- (b) Any minor involuntarily admitted to residential services shall, upon reaching majority, be given a hearing to determine the continued appropriateness of his or her involuntary admission.
 - (10) COMPETENCY.--
- (a) The issue of competency shall be separate and distinct from a determination of the appropriateness of involuntary admission to residential services for a condition of mental retardation.
- (b) The issue of the competency of a person with mental retardation for purposes of assigning quardianship shall be determined in a separate proceeding according to the procedures and requirements of chapter 744 and the Florida Probate Rules. The issue of the competency of a person with mental retardation or autism for purposes of determining whether the person is competent to proceed in a criminal trial shall be determined in accordance with chapter 916.
- (11) CONTINUING JURISDICTION.--The court which issues the initial order for involuntary admission to residential services under this section shall have continuing jurisdiction

to enter further orders to ensure that the person is receiving
adequate care, treatment, habilitation, and rehabilitation,
including psychotropic medication and behavioral programming.

Upon request, the court may transfer the continuing
jurisdiction to the court where a client resides if it is
different from where the original involuntary admission order
was issued. No person may be released from an order for
involuntary admission to residential services except by the
order of the court.

(12) APPEAL.--

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- (a) Any party to the proceeding who is affected by an order of the court may appeal to the appropriate district court of appeal within the time and in the manner prescribed by the Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure.
- (b) The filing of an appeal by the person with mental retardation shall stay admission of the person into residential care. The stay shall remain in effect during the pendency of all review proceedings in Florida courts until a mandate issues.
- (13) HABEAS CORPUS.--At any time and without notice, any person involuntarily admitted into residential care to the developmental services program of the agency, or the person's parent or legal guardian in his or her behalf, is entitled to file a petition for a writ of habeas corpus to question the cause, legality, and appropriateness of the person's involuntary admission. Each person, or the person's parent or legal guardian, shall receive specific written notice of the right to petition for a writ of habeas corpus at the time of his or her involuntary placement.
- Section 24. Section 393.122, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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393.122 Applications for continued residential services.--

- (1) If a client is discharged from residential services under the provisions of $\underline{s. 393.115}$ this section, application for needed services shall be encouraged.
- (2) \underline{A} No client receiving services from a state agency may not the department as of July 1, 1977, shall be denied continued services due to any change in eligibility requirements by chapter 77-335, Laws of Florida.

Section 25. Section 393.125, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

393.125 Hearing rights.--

- (1) REVIEW OF AGENCY DECISIONS. --
- (a) Any developmental <u>disabilities</u> services applicant or client, or his or her parent, guardian, guardian advocate, or authorized representative, <u>whose substantial interests have been who has any substantial interest</u> determined by the agency, has the right to request an administrative hearing pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57. <u>An entity or person who is a paid service provider for the applicant or client may not act as an authorized representative for the applicant or <u>client.</u></u>
- (b) Notice of the right to an administrative hearing shall be given, both verbally and in writing, to the applicant or client, and his or her parent, guardian, guardian advocate, or other authorized representative, at the same time that the agency gives the applicant or client written notice of the agency's action. The notice shall be given, both verbally and in writing, in the language of the client or applicant and in English.

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- (c) A request for a hearing under this section shall be made to the agency, <u>verbally or</u> in writing, within 30 days of the applicant's or client's receipt of the notice.
- (2) REVIEW OF PROVIDER DECISIONS.--The agency shall adopt rules to establish uniform guidelines for the agency and service providers relevant to termination, suspension, or reduction of client services by the service provider. The rules shall ensure the due process rights of service providers and clients.

Section 26. Section 393.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 393.13 Personal Treatment of persons who are developmentally disabled.--
- (1) SHORT TITLE.--This $\underline{\text{section}}$ act shall be known as "The Bill of Rights of Persons Who are Developmentally Disabled."
 - (2) LEGISLATIVE INTENT. --
- (a) The Legislature finds and declares that the system of care provided to individuals who are developmentally disabled must be designed to meet the needs of the clients as well as protect the integrity of their legal and human rights.
- (b) The Legislature further finds and declares that the design and delivery of treatment and services to persons with developmental disabilities who are developmentally disabled should be directed by the principles of self-determination normalization and therefore should:
 - 1. Abate the use of large institutions.
- 2. Continue the development of community-based services that which provide reasonable alternatives to institutionalization in settings that are least restrictive to the client.

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- 3. Provide training and education that to individuals who are developmentally disabled which will maximize their potential to lead independent and productive lives and that which will afford opportunities for outward mobility from institutions.
- 4. Reduce the use of sheltered workshops and other noncompetitive employment day activities and promote opportunities for those gainful employment for persons with developmental disabilities who choose to seek such employment.
- (c) It is the intent of the Legislature that duplicative and unnecessary administrative procedures and practices shall be eliminated, and areas of responsibility shall be clearly defined and consolidated in order to economically utilize present resources. Furthermore, personnel providing services should be sufficiently qualified and experienced to meet the needs of the clients, and they must be sufficient in number to provide treatment in a manner which is beneficial to the clients.
 - (d) It is the intent of the Legislature:
- 1. To articulate the existing legal and human rights of persons with developmental disabilities who are developmentally disabled so that they may be exercised and protected. Persons with developmental disabilities shall have all the rights enjoyed by citizens of the state and the United States.
- 2. To provide a mechanism for the identification, evaluation, and treatment of persons with developmental disabilities.
- 3. To divert those individuals from institutional commitment who, by virtue of comprehensive assessment, can be

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placed in less costly, more effective community environments and programs.

- 4. To fund improvements in the program in accordance with the availability of state resources and yearly priorities determined by the Legislature.
- 5. To ensure that persons with developmental disabilities receive treatment and habilitation which fosters the developmental potential of the individual.
- 6. To provide programs for the proper habilitation and treatment of persons with developmental disabilities which shall include, but not be limited to, comprehensive medical/dental care, education, recreation, specialized therapies, training, social services, transportation, guardianship, family care programs, day habilitation services, and habilitative and rehabilitative services suited to the needs of the individual regardless of age, degree of disability, or handicapping condition. No person with developmental disabilities shall be deprived of these enumerated services by reason of inability to pay.
- 7. To fully effectuate the <u>principles of</u>

 <u>self-determination normalization principle</u> through the

 establishment of community services for persons with

 developmental disabilities as a viable and practical

 alternative to institutional care at each stage of individual

 life development. If care in a residential facility becomes

 necessary, it shall be in the least restrictive setting.
- (e) It is the clear, unequivocal intent of this act to guarantee individual dignity, liberty, pursuit of happiness, and protection of the civil and legal rights of persons with developmental disabilities.

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- (3) RIGHTS OF ALL PERSONS WITH DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES.—The rights described in this subsection shall apply to all persons with developmental disabilities, whether or not such persons are clients of the agency.
- (a) Persons with developmental disabilities shall have a right to dignity, privacy, and humane care, including the right to be free from sexual abuse in residential facilities.
- (b) Persons with developmental disabilities shall have the right to religious freedom and practice. Nothing shall restrict or infringe on a person's right to religious preference and practice.
- (c) Persons with developmental disabilities shall receive services, within available sources, which protect the personal liberty of the individual and which are provided in the least restrictive conditions necessary to achieve the purpose of treatment.
- (d) Persons who are developmentally disabled shall have a right to participate in an appropriate program of quality education and training services, within available resources, regardless of chronological age or degree of disability. Such persons may be provided with instruction in sex education, marriage, and family planning.
- (e) Persons who are developmentally disabled shall have a right to social interaction and to participate in community activities.
- (f) Persons who are developmentally disabled shall have a right to physical exercise and recreational opportunities.
- (g) Persons who are developmentally disabled shall have a right to be free from harm, including unnecessary

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physical, chemical, or mechanical restraint, isolation, excessive medication, abuse, or neglect.

- (h) Persons who are developmentally disabled shall have a right to consent to or refuse treatment, subject to the provisions of s. 393.12(2)(a) or chapter 744.
- (i) No otherwise qualified person shall, by reason of having a developmental disability, be excluded from participation in, or be denied the benefits of, or be subject to discrimination under, any program or activity which receives public funds, and all prohibitions set forth under any other statute shall be actionable under this statute.
- (j) No otherwise qualified person shall, by reason of having a developmental disability, be denied the right to vote in public elections.
- (4) CLIENT RIGHTS.--For purposes of this subsection, the term "client," as defined in s. 393.063, shall also include any person served in a facility licensed pursuant to s. 393.067.
- (a) Clients shall have an unrestricted right to communication:
- 1. Each client shall be allowed to receive, send, and mail sealed, unopened correspondence. No client's incoming or outgoing correspondence shall be opened, delayed, held, or censored by the facility unless there is reason to believe that it contains items or substances which may be harmful to the client or others, in which case the chief administrator of the facility may direct reasonable examination of such mail and regulate the disposition of such items or substances.
- 2. Clients in residential facilities shall be afforded reasonable opportunities for telephone communication, to make and receive confidential calls, unless there is reason to

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believe that the content of the telephone communication may be harmful to the client or others, in which case the chief administrator of the facility may direct reasonable observation and monitoring to the telephone communication.

- 3. Clients shall have an unrestricted right to visitation subject to reasonable rules of the facility. However, nothing in this provision shall be construed to permit infringement upon other clients' rights to privacy.
- (b) Each client has the right to the possession and use of his or her own clothing and personal effects, except in those specific instances where the use of some of these items as reinforcers is essential for training the client as part of an appropriately approved behavioral program. The chief administrator of the facility may take temporary custody of such effects when it is essential to do so for medical or safety reasons. Custody of such personal effects shall be promptly recorded in the client's record, and a receipt for such effects shall be immediately given to the client, if competent, or the client's parent or legal guardian.
- 1. All money belonging to a client held by the agency shall be held in compliance with s. 402.17(2).
- 2. All interest on money received and held for the personal use and benefit of a client shall be the property of that client and shall not accrue to the general welfare of all clients or be used to defray the cost of residential care. Interest so accrued shall be used or conserved for the personal use or benefit of the individual client as provided in s. 402.17(2).
- 3. Upon the discharge or death of a client, a final accounting shall be made of all personal effects and money belonging to the client held by the agency. All such personal

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effects and money, including interest, shall be promptly turned over to the client or his or her heirs.

- (c) Each client shall receive prompt and appropriate medical treatment and care for physical and mental ailments and for the prevention of any illness or disability. Medical treatment shall be consistent with the accepted standards of medical practice in the community.
- 1. Medication shall be administered only at the written order of a physician. Medication shall not be used as punishment, for the convenience of staff, as a substitute for implementation of an individual or family support plan or behavior-analysis services behavior modification programming, or in unnecessary or excessive quantities.
- 2. Daily notation of medication received by each client in a residential facility shall be kept in the client's record.
- 3. Periodically, but no less frequently than every 6 months, the drug regimen of each client in a residential facility shall be reviewed by the attending physician or other appropriate monitoring body, consistent with appropriate standards of medical practice. All prescriptions shall have a termination date.
- 4. When pharmacy services are provided at any residential facility, such services shall be directed or supervised by a professionally competent pharmacist licensed according to the provisions of chapter 465.
- 5. Pharmacy services shall be delivered in accordance with the provisions of chapter 465.
- 6. Prior to instituting a plan of experimental medical treatment or carrying out any necessary surgical procedure, express and informed consent shall be obtained from the

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client, if competent, or the client's parent or legal guardian. Information upon which the client shall make necessary treatment and surgery decisions shall include, but not be limited to:

- a. The nature and consequences of such procedures.
- b. The risks, benefits, and purposes of such procedures.
 - c. Alternate procedures available.
- 7. When the parent or legal guardian of the client is unknown or unlocatable and the physician is unwilling to perform surgery based solely on the client's consent, a court of competent jurisdiction shall hold a hearing to determine the appropriateness of the surgical procedure. The client shall be physically present, unless the client's medical condition precludes such presence, represented by counsel, and provided the right and opportunity to be confronted with, and to cross-examine, all witnesses alleging the appropriateness of such procedure. In such proceedings, the burden of proof by clear and convincing evidence shall be on the party alleging the appropriateness of such procedures. The express and informed consent of a person described in subparagraph 6. may be withdrawn at any time, with or without cause, prior to treatment or surgery.
- 8. The absence of express and informed consent notwithstanding, a licensed and qualified physician may render emergency medical care or treatment to any client who has been injured or who is suffering from an acute illness, disease, or condition if, within a reasonable degree of medical certainty, delay in initiation of emergency medical care or treatment would endanger the health of the client.

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- (d) Each client shall have access to individual storage space for his or her private use.
- (e) Each client shall be provided with appropriate physical exercise as prescribed in the client's individual or family support plan. Indoor and outdoor facilities and equipment for such physical exercise shall be provided.
 - (f) Each client shall receive humane discipline.
- (g) No client shall be subjected to a treatment program to eliminate bizarre or unusual behaviors without first being examined by a physician who in his or her best judgment determines that such behaviors are not organically caused.
- 1. Treatment programs involving the use of noxious or painful stimuli shall be prohibited.
- 2. All alleged violations of this paragraph shall be reported immediately to the chief administrative officer of the facility and or the district administrator, the agency head, and the Florida local advocacy council. A thorough investigation of each incident shall be conducted and a written report of the finding and results of such investigation shall be submitted to the chief administrative officer of the facility or the district administrator and to the agency head within 24 hours after of the occurrence or discovery of the incident.
- 3. The agency shall adopt by rule a system for the oversight of behavioral programs. Such system shall establish guidelines and procedures governing the design, approval, implementation, and monitoring of all behavioral programs involving clients, including any program or facility using physical restraints or seclusion. The system shall ensure statewide and local review by committees of professionals

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certified as behavior analysts pursuant to s. 393.17. No behavioral program shall be implemented unless reviewed according to the rules established by the agency under this section. Nothing stated in this section shall prohibit the review of programs by the Florida statewide or local advocacy councils.

- (h) Each client engaged in work programs which require compliance with federal wage and hour laws shall be provided with minimum wage protection and fair compensation for labor in accordance with the federal wage-per-hour regulations.
- unnecessary physical, chemical, or mechanical restraint.

 Restraints shall be employed only in emergencies or to protect the client from imminent injury to himself or herself or others. Restraints shall not be employed as punishment, for the convenience of staff, or as a substitute for a habilitative plan. Restraints shall impose the least possible restrictions consistent with their purpose and shall be removed when the emergency ends. Restraints shall not cause physical injury to the client and shall be designed to allow the greatest possible comfort.
- 1. Mechanical supports used in normative situations to achieve proper body position and balance shall not be considered restraints, but shall be prescriptively designed and applied under the supervision of a qualified professional with concern for principles of good body alignment, circulation, and allowance for change of position.
- 2. Totally enclosed cribs and barred enclosures shall be considered restraints.
- 3. Daily reports on the employment of physical, chemical, or mechanical restraints by those specialists

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authorized in the use of such restraints shall be made to the 2 appropriate chief administrator of the facility, and a monthly 3 summary of such reports shall be relayed to the agency district administrator and the Florida local advocacy council. 4 5 The reports shall summarize all such cases of restraints, the type used, the duration of usage, and the reasons therefor. 7 Districts shall submit districtwide quarterly reports of these 8 summaries to the state Developmental Disabilities Program 9 Office.

- 4. The agency shall adopt by rule standards and procedures governing the use of restraints post a copy of the rules adopted under this section in each living unit of residential facilities. A copy of the rules adopted under this subparagraph section shall be given to the client, parent, quardian or quardian advocate, and all staff members of licensed facilities and programs licensed under this chapter and shall be made a part of all staff preservice and inservice training programs.
- (j)1. Each client shall have a central record. The central record shall be established by the agency at the time that an individual is determined eliqible for services, shall be maintained by the client's support coordinator, and must contain information include data pertaining to admission, diagnosis and treatment history, present condition, and such other information as may be required under rules of the agency. The central record is the property of the agency.
- 1.2. Unless waived by the client, if competent, or the
 client's parent or legal guardian if the client is
 incompetent, the client's central record shall be confidential
 and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1), and no part of
 it shall be released except:

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- a. The record may be released to physicians, attorneys, and government agencies having need of the record to aid the client, as designated by the client, if competent, or the client's parent or legal guardian, if the client is incompetent.
- b. The record shall be produced in response to a subpoena or released to persons authorized by order of court, excluding matters privileged by other provisions of law.
- c. The record or any part thereof may be disclosed to a qualified researcher, a staff member of the facility where the client resides, or an employee of the agency when the administrator of the facility or the director of the agency deems it necessary for the treatment of the client, maintenance of adequate records, compilation of treatment data, or evaluation of programs.
- d. Information from the records may be used for statistical and research purposes if the information is abstracted in such a way to protect the identity of individuals.
- 3. All central records for each client in residential facilities shall be kept on uniform forms distributed by the agency. The central record shall accurately summarize each client's history and present condition.
- 2.4. The client, if competent, or the client's parent or legal guardian if the client is incompetent, shall be supplied with a copy of the client's central record upon request.
- (k) Each client residing in a residential facility who is eligible to vote in public elections according to the laws of the state shall have the right to vote. Facilities

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operators shall arrange the means to exercise the client's right to vote.

- (5) LIABILITY FOR VIOLATIONS.--Any person who violates or abuses any rights or privileges of persons who are developmentally disabled provided by this act shall be liable for damages as determined by law. Any person who acts in good faith compliance with the provisions of this act shall be immune from civil or criminal liability for actions in connection with evaluation, admission, habilitative programming, education, treatment, or discharge of a client. However, this section shall not relieve any person from liability if such person is guilty of negligence, misfeasance, nonfeasance, or malfeasance.
- (6) NOTICE OF RIGHTS.--Each person with developmental disabilities, if competent, or parent or legal guardian of such person if the person is incompetent, shall promptly receive from the agency or the Department of Education a written copy of this act. Each person with developmental disabilities able to comprehend shall be promptly informed, in the language or other mode of communication which such person understands, of the above legal rights of persons with developmental disabilities.
- (7) RESIDENT GOVERNMENT.--Each residential facility providing services to clients who are desirous and capable of participating shall initiate and develop a program of resident government to hear the views and represent the interests of all clients served by the facility. The resident government shall be composed of residents elected by other residents and staff advisers skilled in the administration of community organizations, and a representative of the Florida local advocacy council. The resident government shall work closely

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with the Florida local advocacy council and the district administrator to promote the interests and welfare of all residents in the facility.

Section 27. Subsections (1), (2), (3), (4), and (5) of section 393.135, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

393.135 Sexual misconduct prohibited; reporting required; penalties.--

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Employee" includes any paid staff member, volunteer, or intern of the agency or the department; any person under contract with the agency or the department; and any person providing care or support to a client on behalf of the agency department or its providers.
 - (b) "Sexual activity" means:
- 1. Fondling the genital area, groin, inner thighs, buttocks, or breasts of a person.
- 2. The oral, anal, or vaginal penetration by or union with the sexual organ of another or the anal or vaginal penetration of another by any other object.
- 3. Intentionally touching in a lewd or lascivious manner the breasts, genitals, the genital area, or buttocks, or the clothing covering them, of a person, or forcing or enticing a person to touch the perpetrator.
- 4. Intentionally masturbating in the presence of another person.
- 5. Intentionally exposing the genitals in a lewd or lascivious manner in the presence of another person.
- 6. Intentionally committing any other sexual act that does not involve actual physical or sexual contact with the victim, including, but not limited to, sadomasochistic abuse,

sexual bestiality, or the simulation of any act involving sexual activity in the presence of a victim.

- (c) "Sexual misconduct" means any sexual activity between an employee and a client to whom the employee renders services, care, or support on behalf of the agency or its providers, or between the employee and another client who lives in the same home as the client to whom the employee is rendering the services, care, or support, regardless of the consent of the client. The term does not include an act done for a bona fide medical purpose or an internal search conducted in the lawful performance of duty by an employee.
- (2) An employee who engages in sexual misconduct with an individual with a developmental disability who:

(a) Is in the custody of the department;

(a)(b) Resides in a residential facility, including any comprehensive transitional education program, developmental <u>disabilities</u> services institution, foster care facility, group home facility, intermediate care facility for the developmentally disabled, or residential habilitation center; or

(b)(c) Is eliqible to receive Receives services from the agency under this chapter a family care program,

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commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. An employee may be found guilty of violating this subsection without having committed the crime of sexual battery.

- (3) The consent of the client to sexual activity is not a defense to prosecution under this section.
- 30 (4) This section does not apply to an employee who÷
 31 (a) is legally married to the client; or

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(b) Has no reason to believe that the person with whom the employee engaged in sexual misconduct is a client receiving services as described in subsection (2).

- (5) An employee who witnesses sexual misconduct, or who otherwise knows or has reasonable cause to suspect that a person has engaged in sexual misconduct, shall immediately report the incident to the department's central abuse hotline of the Department of Children and Family Services and to the appropriate local law enforcement agency. Such employee shall also prepare, date, and sign an independent report that specifically describes the nature of the sexual misconduct, the location and time of the incident, and the persons involved. The employee shall deliver the report to the supervisor or program director, who is responsible for providing copies to the agency's local office and the agency's department's inspector general. The inspector general shall immediately conduct an appropriate administrative investigation, and, if there is probable cause to believe that sexual misconduct has occurred, the inspector general shall notify the state attorney in the circuit in which the incident occurred.
- Section 28. Section 393.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 393.15 Legislative intent; Community Resources

 Development Loan Program Trust Fund.--
- (1) The Legislature finds and declares that the development of community-based treatment facilities for persons with developmental disabilities who are developmentally disabled is desirable and recommended and should be encouraged and fostered by the state. The Legislature further recognizes that the development of such

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facilities is financially difficult for private individuals, due to initial expenditures required to adapt existing structures to the special needs of <u>such</u> persons who are developmentally disabled who may be served in community-based foster care, group home, developmental training, and supported employment programs. Therefore, it is the intent of the Legislature intends that the agency by this act to develop and administer a loan program trust fund to provide support and encouragement in the establishment of community-based foster care, group home, developmental training, and supported employment programs for persons with developmental disabilities who are developmentally disabled. (2) As used in this section, a foster care, group home, developmental training, or supported employment program may not be a for profit corporation, but may be a nonprofit corporation, partnership, or sole proprietorship. (2)(3) There is created a Community Resources Development Loan Program in Trust Fund in the State Treasury to be used by the agency for the purpose of granting loans to

eligible programs for the initial costs of development of the

programs. In order to be eliqible for the program, a foster

- (b) Be a nonprofit corporation, partnership, or sole proprietorship; and
- $\underline{\text{(c)}}$ Be Loans shall be made only to those facilities which are in compliance with the zoning regulations of the local community.
- (3) Loans may be made to pay for the costs of development and may include structural modification, the purchase of equipment and fire and safety devices,

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preoperational staff training, and the purchase of insurance. Such costs <u>may shall</u> not include the actual construction of a facility <u>and may not be in lieu of payment for maintenance, client services, or care provided.</u>

- (4) The agency may grant to an eligible program a lump-sum loan in one payment not to exceed the cost to the program of providing 2 months' services, care, or maintenance to each person who is developmentally disabled to be placed in the program by the agency, or the actual cost of firesafety renovations to a facility required by the state, whichever is greater. Loans granted to programs shall not be in lieu of payment for maintenance, services, or care provided, but shall stand separate and distinct.
- (5) The agency shall adopt rules, as provided in chapter 120, to determine the criteria standards under which a program shall be eligible to receive a loan as provided in this section and the methodology criteria for the equitable allocation of loan trust funds when eligible applications exceed the funds available.
- (6)(5) Any loan granted by the agency under this section shall be repaid by the program within 5 years and the amount paid shall be deposited into the agency's Administrative Trust Fund. Moneys repaid shall be used to fund new loans. A program that operates as a nonprofit corporation meeting the requirements of s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and that seeks forgiveness of its loan shall submit to the agency an annual a statement setting forth the service it has provided during the year together with such other information as the agency by rule shall require, and, upon approval of each such annual statement, the agency may

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behavior analysts. --

shall forgive up to 20 percent of the principal of any such 2 loan granted after June 30, 1975. 3 (7)(6) If any program that has received a loan under 4 this section ceases to accept, or provide care, services, or maintenance to persons placed in the program by the 5 department, or if such program files papers of bankruptcy, at that point in time the loan shall become an interest-bearing 8 loan at the rate of 5 percent per annum on the entire amount of the initial loan which shall be repaid within a 1-year 9 period from the date on which the program ceases to provide 10 care, services, or maintenance, or files papers in bankruptcy, 11 12 and the amount of the loan due plus interest shall constitute 13 a lien in favor of the state against all real and personal property of the program. The lien shall be perfected by the 14 appropriate officer of the agency by executing and 15 acknowledging a statement of the name of the program and the 16 amount due on the loan and a copy of the promissory note, which shall be recorded by the agency with the clerk of the 18 circuit court in the county wherein the program is located. If 19 the program has filed a petition for bankruptcy, the agency 20 21 shall file and enforce the lien in the bankruptcy proceedings. 22 Otherwise, the lien shall be enforced in the manner provided 23 in s. 85.011. All funds received by the agency from the enforcement of the lien shall be deposited in the agency's 2.4 2.5 Administrative Community Resources Development Trust Fund and used to fund new loans. 26 27 Section 29. Section 393.17, Florida Statutes, is 2.8 amended to read: 29 393.17 Behavioral programs; Certification programs of

1	(1) The agency may establish certification programs in
2	order to ensure that only qualified employees and service
3	providers provide client services. Such programs shall be
4	established by rule and must include criteria for the scope of
5	practice; qualifications for certification, including training
6	and testing requirements; continuing education requirements
7	for ongoing certification; standards of performance; and
8	decertification procedures to be used to determine when an
9	individual no longer meets the qualifications for
10	certification or performance standards, including procedures
11	to implement the decertification of an employee or service
12	provider.
13	(2) As provided in subsection (1), the agency shall
14	establish a certification program for behavior analysts and
15	may recognize the certification of behavior analysts awarded
16	by a nonprofit corporation that adheres to the national
17	standards of boards setting professional credentials and whose
18	mission is to meet professional credentialing needs identified
19	by behavior analysts, state governments, and consumers of
20	behavior analysis services and whose work has the support of
21	the Association for Behavior Analysis International. The
22	certification program recognized by the agency must undergo
23	regular psychometric review and validation pursuant to a
24	job-analysis survey of the profession and standards
25	established by content experts in the field.
26	Section 30. Section 393.18, Florida Statutes, is
27	created to read:
28	393.18 Comprehensive transitional education
29	program A comprehensive transition education program is a
30	group of jointly operating centers or units, the collective
31	purpose of which is to provide a sequential series of

1	educational care, training, treatment, habilitation, and
2	rehabilitation services to persons who have developmental
3	disabilities and who have severe or moderate maladaptive
4	behaviors. However, this section does not require such
5	programs to provide services only to persons with
6	developmental disabilities. All such services shall be
7	temporary in nature and delivered in a structured residential
8	setting, having the primary goal of incorporating the
9	principle of self-determination in establishing permanent
10	residence for persons with maladaptive behaviors in facilities
11	that are not associated with the comprehensive transitional
12	education program. The staff shall include psychologists and
13	teachers who shall be available to provide services in each
14	component center or unit of the program. The psychologists
15	shall be individuals who are licensed in this state and
16	certified as behavior analysts in this state or individuals
17	who are certified as behavior analysts pursuant to s. 393.17.
18	(1) Comprehensive transitional education programs
19	shall include a minimum of two component centers or units, one
20	of which shall be an intensive treatment and educational
21	center or a transitional training and educational center,
22	which provides services to persons with maladaptive behaviors
23	in the following sequential order:
24	(a) Intensive treatment and educational centerThis
25	component is a self-contained residential unit providing
26	intensive psychological and educational programming for
27	persons with severe maladaptive behaviors, whose behaviors
28	preclude placement in a less-restrictive environment due to
29	the threat of danger or injury to themselves or others.
30	(b) Transitional training and educational
31	centerThis component is a residential unit for persons with

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moderate maladaptive behaviors, providing concentrated
psychological and educational programming that emphasizes a
transition toward a less-restrictive environment.

- (c) Community transition residence.--This component is a residential center providing educational programs and any support services, training, and care that are needed to assist persons with maladaptive behaviors to avoid regression to more restrictive environments, while preparing them for more independent living. Continuous-shift staff shall be required for this component.
- (d) Alternative living center. -- This component is a residential unit providing an educational and family living environment for persons with maladaptive behaviors in a moderately unrestricted setting. Residential staff shall be required for this component.
- (e) Independent living education center.--This component is a facility providing a family living environment for persons with maladaptive behaviors in a largely unrestricted setting and includes education and monitoring that is appropriate to support the development of independent living skills.
- (2) Components of a comprehensive transitional education program are subject to the license issued under s.

 393.067 to a comprehensive transitional education program and may be located on a single site or multiple sites.
- (3) Comprehensive transitional education programs
 shall develop individual education plans for each person with
 maladaptive behaviors who receives services from the program.
 Each individual education plan shall be developed in
 accordance with the criteria specified in 20 U.S.C. ss. 401 et
- 31 seq., and 34 C.F.R. part 300.

1	(4) The total number of persons with maladaptive
2	behaviors being provided services in a comprehensive
3	transitional education program may not in any instance exceed
4	120 residents.
5	Section 31. Section 393.501, Florida Statutes, is
6	amended to read:
7	393.501 Rulemaking
8	(1) The agency may shall adopt rules pursuant to s.
9	120.54 to carry out its statutory duties the provisions of
10	this chapter.
11	(2) Such rules shall address the number of facilities
12	on a single <u>lot</u> parcel or <u>on</u> adjacent <u>lots</u> parcels of land,
13	and in addition, for ICF/MR, the rate and location of facility
14	development and level of care. In adopting rules, an
15	alternative living center and an independent living education
16	center, as described in s. 393.18, shall be subject to the
17	provisions of s. 419.001, except that such centers shall be
18	exempt from the 1,000-foot-radius requirement of s. 419.001(2)
19	<u>if:</u>
20	(a) The centers are located on a site zoned in a
21	manner that permits all the components of a comprehensive
22	transition education center to be located on the site; or
23	(b) There are no more than three such centers within a
24	radius of 1,000 feet.
25	Section 32. Subsection (9) of section 397.405, Florida
26	Statutes, is amended to read:
27	397.405 Exemptions from licensureThe following are
28	exempt from the licensing provisions of this chapter:
29	(9) Facilities licensed under <u>chapter 393 which</u> s.
30	393.063 that, in addition to providing services to persons
31	with developmental disabilities who are developmentally

disabled as defined therein, also provide services to persons developmentally at risk as a consequence of exposure to 2 3 alcohol or other legal or illegal drugs while in utero. 4 The exemptions from licensure in this section do not apply to 5 any service provider that receives an appropriation, grant, or contract from the state to operate as a service provider as 8 defined in this chapter or to any substance abuse program regulated pursuant to s. 397.406. Furthermore, this chapter 9 may not be construed to limit the practice of a physician 10 licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, a psychologist 11 licensed under chapter 490, or a psychotherapist licensed 13 under chapter 491 who provides substance abuse treatment, so long as the physician, psychologist, or psychotherapist does 14 not represent to the public that he or she is a licensed 15 service provider and does not provide services to clients 16 17 pursuant to part V of this chapter. Failure to comply with any 18 requirement necessary to maintain an exempt status under this section is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as 19 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 20 21 Section 33. Subsection (13) of section 400.419, 22 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 23 400.419 Violations; imposition of administrative 24 fines; grounds.--(13) The agency shall develop and disseminate an 25 annual list of all facilities sanctioned or fined \$5,000 or 26 27 more for violations of state standards, the number and class of violations involved, the penalties imposed, and the current status of cases. The list shall be disseminated, at no charge, 29 to the Department of Elderly Affairs, the Department of 30 Health, the Department of Children and Family Services, the

Agency for Persons with Disabilities, the area agencies on 2 aging, the Florida Statewide Advocacy Council, and the state and local ombudsman councils. The Department of Children and 3 Family Services shall disseminate the list to service providers under contract to the department who are responsible 5 for referring persons to a facility for residency. The agency may charge a fee commensurate with the cost of printing and postage to other interested parties requesting a copy of this 9 list. 10 Section 34. Section 400.960, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 11 12 400.960 Definitions.--As used in this part, the term: 13 (1) "Active treatment" means the provision of services by an interdisciplinary team which are necessary to maximize 14 client's individual independence or prevent regression or loss 15 16 of functional status. (1)(2) "Agency" means the Agency for Health Care 18 Administration. (2)(3) "Autism" or "autistic disorder" has the same 19 meaning as in s. 393.063. means a pervasive, neurologically 2.0 21 based developmental disability of extended duration which 2.2 causes severe learning, communication, and behavior disorders 23 with age of onset during infancy or childhood. Individuals with autism exhibit impairment in reciprocal social 2.4 interaction, impairment in verbal and nonverbal communication 2.5 26 and imaginative ability, and a markedly restricted repertoire 27 of activities and interests. 2.8 (3)(4) "Cerebral palsy" has the same meaning as in s. 29 393.063. means a group of disabling symptoms of extended duration which results from damage to the developing brain 30

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loss or impairment of control over voluntary muscles. The term does not include those symptoms or impairments resulting solely from a stroke.

(4)(5) "Client" means any person determined by the Agency for Persons with Disabilities department to be eligible for developmental services.

(6) "Client advocate" means a friend or relative of the client, or of the client's immediate family, who advocates for the best interests of the client in any proceedings under this part in which the client or his or her family has the right or duty to participate.

(7) "Department" means the Department of Children and Family Services.

(5)(8) "Developmental disability" has the same meaning as in s. 393.063 means a disorder or syndrome that is attributable to retardation, cerebral palsy, autism, spina bifida, or Prader Willi syndrome and that constitutes a substantial handicap that can reasonably be expected to continue indefinitely.

(6)(9) "Direct service provider" means a person 18 years of age or older who has direct contact with individuals with developmental disabilities and who is unrelated to the individuals with developmental disabilities.

(10) "Epilepsy" means a chronic brain disorder of various causes which is characterized by recurrent seizures due to excessive discharge of cerebral neurons. When found concurrently with retardation, autism, or cerebral palsy, epilepsy is considered a secondary disability for which the client is eligible to receive services to ameliorate this condition according to the provisions of this part.

(11) "Guardian advocate" means a person appointed by 2 the circuit court to represent a person with developmental disabilities in any proceedings brought pursuant to s. 393.12, 3 4 and is distinct from a guardian advocate for mentally ill 5 persons under chapter 394. 6 $(7)\frac{(12)}{(12)}$ "Intermediate care facility for the developmentally disabled means a residential facility licensed and certified in accordance with state law, and 8 certified by the Federal Government, pursuant to the Social 9 10 Security Act, as a provider of Medicaid services to persons with developmental disabilities who are developmentally 11 12 disabled. 13 (8) (13) "Prader-Willi syndrome" has the same meaning as in s. 393.063. means an inherited condition typified by 14 neonatal hypotonia with failure to thrive, hyperphagia, or an 15 16 excessive drive to eat which leads to obesity, usually at 18 to 36 months of age, mild to moderate retardation, 18 hypogonadism, short stature, mild facial dysmorphism, and a 19 characteristic neurobehavior. (9)(14) "Retardation" has the same meaning as in s. 2.0 21 393.063. means significantly subaverage general intellectual 2.2 functioning existing concurrently with deficits in adaptive 23 behavior and manifested during the period from conception to age 18. "Significantly subaverage general intellectual 2.4 2.5 functioning, " for the purpose of this definition, means 26 performance that is two or more standard deviations from the mean score on a standardized intelligence test specified in 27 2.8 rules of the department. "Deficits in adaptive behavior," for the purpose of this definition, means deficits in the 29 30 effectiveness or degree with which an individual meets the 31

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standards of personal independence and social responsibility expected of his or her age, cultural group, and community.

(10)(15) "Spina bifida" has the same meaning as in s.

393.063 means a medical diagnosis of spina bifida cystica or

myelomeningocele.

Section 35. Subsection (2) of section 400.967, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.967 Rules and classification of deficiencies.--

- (2) Pursuant to the intention of the Legislature, the agency, in consultation with the Agency for Persons with Disabilities Department of Children and Family Services and the Department of Elderly Affairs, shall adopt and enforce rules to administer this part, which shall include reasonable and fair criteria governing:
- (a) The location and construction of the facility; including fire and life safety, plumbing, heating, cooling, lighting, ventilation, and other housing conditions that will ensure the health, safety, and comfort of residents. The agency shall establish standards for facilities and equipment to increase the extent to which new facilities and a new wing or floor added to an existing facility after July 1, 2000, are structurally capable of serving as shelters only for residents, staff, and families of residents and staff, and equipped to be self-supporting during and immediately following disasters. The Agency for Health Care Administration shall work with facilities licensed under this part and report to the Governor and the Legislature by April 1, 2000, its recommendations for cost effective renovation standards to be applied to existing facilities. In making such rules, the agency shall be guided by criteria recommended by nationally recognized, reputable professional groups and associations

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having knowledge concerning such subject matters. The agency shall update or revise such criteria as the need arises. All facilities must comply with those lifesafety code requirements and building code standards applicable at the time of approval of their construction plans. The agency may require alterations to a building if it determines that an existing condition constitutes a distinct hazard to life, health, or safety. The agency shall adopt fair and reasonable rules setting forth conditions under which existing facilities undergoing additions, alterations, conversions, renovations, or repairs are required to comply with the most recent updated or revised standards.

- (b) The number and qualifications of all personnel, including management, medical nursing, and other personnel, having responsibility for any part of the care given to residents.
- (c) All sanitary conditions within the facility and its surroundings, including water supply, sewage disposal, food handling, and general hygiene, which will ensure the health and comfort of residents.
- $\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\scriptsize (d)}}}$ The equipment essential to the health and welfare of the residents.
 - (e) A uniform accounting system.
- (f) The care, treatment, and maintenance of residents and measurement of the quality and adequacy thereof.
- (g) The preparation and annual update of a comprehensive emergency management plan. The agency shall adopt rules establishing minimum criteria for the plan after consultation with the Department of Community Affairs. At a minimum, the rules must provide for plan components that address emergency evacuation transportation; adequate

sheltering arrangements; postdisaster activities, including 2 emergency power, food, and water; postdisaster transportation; supplies; staffing; emergency equipment; individual 3 4 identification of residents and transfer of records; and responding to family inquiries. The comprehensive emergency 5 6 management plan is subject to review and approval by the local 7 emergency management agency. During its review, the local 8 emergency management agency shall ensure that the following 9 agencies, at a minimum, are given the opportunity to review 10 the plan: the Department of Elderly Affairs, the Agency for Persons with Disabilities Department of Children and Family 11 12 Services, the Agency for Health Care Administration, and the 13 Department of Community Affairs. Also, appropriate volunteer organizations must be given the opportunity to review the 14 plan. The local emergency management agency shall complete its 15 review within 60 days and either approve the plan or advise 16 17 the facility of necessary revisions. 18

(h) Each licensee shall post its license in a prominent place that is in clear and unobstructed public view at or near the place where residents are being admitted to the facility.

Section 36. Section 402.115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

402.115 Sharing confidential or exempt information.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the Department of Health, and the Department of Children and Family Services, and the Agency for Persons with Disabilities may share confidential information or information exempt from disclosure under chapter 119 on any individual who is or has been the subject of a program within the

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jurisdiction of each agency. Information so exchanged remains confidential or exempt as provided by law.

Section 37. Section 402.17, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

402.17 Claims for care and maintenance; trust property.—The Department of Children and Family Services and the Agency for Persons with Disabilities shall protect the financial interest of the state with respect to claims that which the state may have for the care and maintenance of clients of the department or agency. The department or agency shall, as trustee, hold in trust and administer money of clients and property designated for the personal benefit of clients. The department or agency shall act as trustee of clients' money and property entrusted to it in accordance with the usual fiduciary standards applicable generally to trustees, and shall act to protect both the short-term and long-term interests of the clients for whose benefit it is holding such money and property.

- (1) CLAIMS FOR CARE AND MAINTENANCE. --
- (a) The department <u>or agency</u> shall perform the following acts:
- ${\small 1.} \quad {\small Receive \ and \ supervise \ the \ collection \ of \ sums \ due} \\$ the state.
- 2. Bring any court action necessary to collect any claim the state may have against any client, former client, guardian of any client or former client, executor or administrator of the client's estate, or any person against whom any client or former client may have a claim.
- 3. Obtain a copy of any inventory or appraisal of the client's property filed with any court.

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- 4. Obtain from the <u>department's</u> Economic
 Self-Sufficiency Services Program Office a financial status
 report on any client or former client, including the ability
 of third parties responsible for such client to pay all or
 part of the cost of the client's care and maintenance.
- 5. Petition the court for appointment of a guardian or administrator for an otherwise unrepresented client or former client should the financial status report or other information indicate the need for such action. The cost of any such action shall be charged against the assets or estate of the client.
- 6. Represent the interest of the state in any litigation in which a client or former client is a party.
- 7. File claims with any person, firm, or corporation or with any federal, state, county, district, or municipal agency on behalf of an unrepresented client.
- 8. Represent the state in the settlement of the estates of deceased clients or in the settlement of estates in which a client or a former client against whom the state may have a claim has a financial interest.
- 9. Establish procedures by rule for the use of amounts held in trust for the client to pay for the cost of care and maintenance, if such amounts would otherwise cause the client to become ineligible for services which are in the client's best interests.
- (b) The department <u>or agency</u> of Children and Family
 Services may charge off accounts if it certifies that the
 accounts are uncollectible after diligent efforts have been
 made to collect them. If the department certifies an account
 to the Department of Financial Services, setting forth the
 circumstances upon which it predicates the uncollectibility,

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and if, pursuant to s. 17.04, the Department of Financial Services concurs, the account shall be charged off.

- (2) MONEY OR OTHER PROPERTY RECEIVED FOR PERSONAL USE OR BENEFIT OF ANY CLIENT. -- The department or agency shall perform the following acts:
- (a) Accept and administer in trust, as a trustee having a fiduciary responsibility to a client of the department, any money or other property received for personal use or benefit of that client. In the case of children in the legal custody of the department, following the termination of the parental rights as to that client, until the child such client leaves the legal custody of the department due to the client's adoption or attaining because the client attains the age of 18 or, in the case of children who are otherwise in the custody of the department, the court having jurisdiction over such child client shall have jurisdiction, upon application of the department or other interested party, to review or approve any extraordinary action of the department acting as trustee as to the child's client's money or other property. When directed by a court of competent jurisdiction, the department may further hold money or property of a child person under the age of 18 who has been in the care, custody, or control of the department and who is the subject of a court proceeding during the pendency of that proceeding.
- (b) Deposit the money in banks qualified as state depositories, or in any bank, credit union, or savings and loan association authorized to do business in this state, provided moneys so deposited or held by such institutions are fully insured by a federal depository or share insurance program, or an approved state depository or share insurance program, and are available on demand.

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- (c) Withdraw the money and use it to meet current needs of clients. For purposes of this paragraph, "current needs" includes payment of fees assessed under s. 402.33. The amount of money withdrawn by the department to meet current needs of a client shall take into account the need of the department or agency, as the trustee of a client's money and property, to provide for the long-term needs of a client, including, but not limited to, ensuring that to provide for the need of a client under the age of 18 will to have sufficient financial resources available to be able to function as an adult upon reaching the age of 18, meeting or to meet the special needs of a client who has a disability and whose special needs cannot otherwise be met by any form of public assistance or family resources, or maintaining to maintain the client's eligibility for public assistance, including medical assistance, under state or federal law.
- (d) As trustee, invest in the manner authorized by law for fiduciaries money not used for current needs of clients. Such investments may include, but shall not be limited to, investments in savings share accounts of any credit union chartered under the laws of the United States and doing business in this state, and savings share accounts of any credit union chartered under the laws of this state, provided the credit union is insured under the federal share insurance program or an approved state share insurance program.
- (3) DEPOSIT OF FUNDS RECEIVED.--Funds received by the Department of Children and Family Services in accordance with s. 402.33 shall be deposited into a trust fund for the operation of the department.
- 30 (4) DISPOSITION OF UNCLAIMED TRUST FUNDS.--Upon the 31 death of any client affected by the provisions of this

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section, any unclaimed money held in trust by the department, the agency, or by the Chief Financial Officer for the child him or her shall be applied first to the payment of any unpaid claim of the state against the client, and any balance remaining unclaimed for a period of 1 year shall escheat to the state as unclaimed funds held by fiduciaries.

- (5) LEGAL REPRESENTATION.--To the extent that the budget will permit, the Department of Legal Affairs shall furnish the legal services to carry out the provisions of this section. Upon the request of the department or agency of Children and Family Services, the various state and county attorneys shall assist in litigation within their jurisdiction. The Such department or agency may retain legal counsel for necessary legal services which cannot be furnished by the Department of Legal Affairs and the various state and county attorneys.
 - (6) DEPOSIT OR INVESTMENT OF FUNDS OF CLIENTS.--
- (a) The department or agency of Children and Family

 Services may deposit any funds of clients in its possession in any bank in the state or may invest or reinvest such funds in bonds or obligations of the United States for the payment of which the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged. For purposes of deposit only, the funds of any client may be mingled with the funds of any other clients.
- (b) The interest or increment accruing on such funds shall be the property of the clients and shall be used or conserved for the personal use or benefit of the individual client, in accordance with the department's or agency's fiduciary responsibility as a trustee for the money and property of the client held by the department. Such interest shall not accrue to the general welfare of all clients.

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Whenever any proposed action of the department <u>or agency</u>, acting in its own interest, may conflict with the department's <u>or agency's obligation as a trustee with a fiduciary</u> responsibility to the client, the department <u>or agency</u> shall promptly present the matter to a court of competent jurisdiction for the court's determination as to what action the department <u>or agency</u> may take. The department <u>or agency</u> shall establish <u>rules governing</u> reasonable fees <u>by rule</u> for the cost of administering such accounts and for establishing the minimum balance eligible to earn interest.

- (7) DISPOSITION OF MONEY AND PROPERTY OF CLIENTS UPON ATTAINING AGE 18 OR DISCHARGE FROM CARE, CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR SERVICES OF THE DEPARTMENT.--
- (a) Whenever a client of the department for whom the department is holding money or property as a trustee attains the age of 18, and thereby will no longer be in the legal custody of the department, the department shall promptly disburse such money and property of the client the department has held as a trustee to that client, or as that client directs, as soon as practicable once the client attains the age of 18.
- (b) Whenever a client of the department over the age of 18 for whom the department is holding money or property as a trustee no longer requires the care, custody, control, or services of the department, the department shall promptly disburse such money and property of the client the department has held as a trustee to that client, or as that client or a court directs, as soon as practicable.
- (c) When a client under the age of 18 who has been in the legal custody, care, or control of the department and for whom the department is holding money or property as a trustee

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attains the age of 18 and has a physical or mental disability, or is otherwise incapacitated or incompetent to handle that client's own financial affairs, the department shall apply for a court order from a court of competent jurisdiction to establish a trust on behalf of that client. Where there is no willing relative of the client acceptable to the court available to serve as trustee of such proposed trust, the court may enter an order authorizing the department to serve as trustee of a separate trust under such terms and conditions as the court determines appropriate to the circumstances.

(d) When a client under the age of 18 who has been in the legal custody, care, or control of the department and for whom the department is holding money or property as a trustee leaves the care, custody, and control of the department due to adoption or placement of the client with a relative, or as otherwise directed by a court of competent jurisdiction, the department shall notify that court of the existence of the money and property in the possession of the department either prior to, or promptly after, receiving knowledge of the change of custody, care, or control. The department shall apply for an order from the court exercising jurisdiction over the client to direct the disposition of the money and property belonging to that client. The court order may establish a trust in which the money and property of the client will be deposited, appoint a guardian of a property as to the money or property of the client, or direct the creation of a Uniform Transfers Gifts to Minors Act account on behalf of that client, as the court finds appropriate and under the terms and conditions the court determines appropriate to the circumstances.

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Section 38. Section 402.181, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

402.181 State Institutions Claims Program. --

- (1) There is created a State Institutions Claims
 Program, for the purpose of making restitution for property
 damages and direct medical expenses for injuries caused by
 shelter children or foster children, or escapees, inmates, or
 patients of state institutions under the Department of
 Children and Family Services, the Department of Health, the
 Department of Juvenile Justice, or the Department of
 Corrections, or the Agency for Persons with Disabilities.
- (2) Claims for restitution may be filed with the Department of Legal Affairs at its office in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Department of Legal Affairs. The Department of Legal Affairs shall have full power and authority to hear, investigate, and determine all questions in respect to such claims and is authorized, within the limits of current appropriations, to pay individual claims up to \$1,000 or, with respect to children in foster care and their families, individual claims up to \$1,500. Claims in excess of these amounts shall continue to require legislative approval.
- (3)(a) The Department of Legal Affairs shall make or cause to be made such investigations as it considers necessary in respect to such claims. Hearings shall be held in accordance with chapter 120.
- (b) The Department of Legal Affairs shall work with the Department of Children and Family Services, the Department of Health, the Department of Juvenile Justice, and the Department of Corrections, and the Agency for Persons with Disabilities to streamline the process of investigations, hearings, and determinations with respect to claims under this

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section, to ensure that eligible claimants receive restitution within a reasonable time.

Section 39. Section 402.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 402.22 Education program for students who reside in residential care facilities operated by the Department of Children and Family Services or the Agency for Persons with Disabilities.--
- (1)(a) The Legislature recognizes that the Department of Children and Family Services and the Agency for Persons with Disabilities have under their has under its residential care students with critical problems of physical impairment, emotional disturbance, mental impairment, and learning impairment.
- (b) The Legislature recognizes the vital role of education in the rehabilitation of such students. It is the intent of the Legislature that all such students benefit from educational services and receive such services.
- (c) It is the intent of the Legislature that educational services be coordinated with appropriate and existing diagnostic and evaluative, social, followup, and other therapeutic services of the department and agency of Children and Family Services so that the effect of the total rehabilitation process is maximized.
- (d) It is the intent of the Legislature that, as educational programs for students in residential care facilities are implemented by the district school board, educational personnel in the Department of Children and Family Services residential care facilities who meet the qualifications for employees of the district school board be employed by the district school board.

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- (2) District school boards shall establish educational programs for all students ages 5 through 18 under the residential care of the Department of Children and Family Services and the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, and may provide for students below age 3 as provided for in s. 1003.21(1)(e). Funding of such programs shall be pursuant to s. 1011.62.
- (3) Notwithstanding any provisions of chapters 39, 393, 394, and 397 to the contrary, the services of the Department of Children and Family Services and the Agency for Persons with Disabilities and those of the Department of Education and district school boards shall be mutually supportive and complementary of each other. The education programs provided by the district school board shall meet the standards prescribed by the State Board of Education and the district school board. Decisions regarding the design and delivery of department or agency of Children and Family Services treatment or habilitative services shall be made by interdisciplinary teams of professional and paraprofessional staff of which appropriate district school system administrative and instructional personnel shall be invited to be participating members. The requirements for maintenance of confidentiality as prescribed in chapters 39, 393, 394, and 397 shall be applied to information used by such interdisciplinary teams, and such information shall be exempt from the provisions of ss. 119.07(1) and 286.011.
- (4) Students age 18 and under who are under the residential care of the Department of Children and Family Services or the Agency for Persons with Disabilities and who receive an education program shall be calculated as full-time equivalent student membership in the appropriate cost factor

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as provided for in s. 1011.62(1)(c). Residential care

facilities of the Department of Children and Family Services

shall include, but not be limited to, developmental

disabilities services institutions and state mental health

facilities. All students shall receive their education

program from the district school system, and funding shall be

allocated through the Florida Education Finance Program for

the district school system.

- that which are provided to mental health and retardation clients with mental illness or developmental disabilities of the department's or agency's in the Department of Children and Family Services residential care facilities by local school districts shall not be less than 180 days or 900 hours; however, the 900 hours may be distributed over a 12-month period, unless otherwise stated in rules developed by the State Board of Education, with the concurrence of the department or agency of Children and Family Services promulgated pursuant to subsection (6).
- (6) The State Board of Education, and the Department of Children and Family Services, and the Agency for Persons with Disabilities may adopt shall have the authority to promulgate rules to which shall assist in the orderly transfer of the instruction of students from Department of Children and Family Services residential care facilities to the district school system or to the public education agency and which shall assist in implementing the specific intent as stated in this act.
- (7) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 1001.42(4)(n), the educational program at the Marianna Sunland Center in Jackson County shall be operated by the Department

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of Education, either directly or through grants or contractual agreements with other public educational agencies. The annual state allocation to any such agency shall be computed pursuant to s. 1011.62(1), (2), and (5) and allocated in the amount that would have been provided the local school district in which the residential facility is located.

Section 40. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 402.33, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

402.33 Department authority to charge fees for services provided.--

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (c) "Department" means the Department of Children and Family Services, and the Department of Health, and the Agency for Persons with Disabilities.
- (2) The department, in accordance with rules established by it, shall either charge, assess, or collect, or cause to be charged, assessed, or collected, fees for any service it provides to its clients either directly or through its agencies or contractors, except for:
- 21 (a) Diagnosis and evaluation procedures necessary to 22 determine the client's eligibility and need for services 23 provided by the department;
- 24 (b) Customary and routine information and referral 25 services;
- 26 (c) Educational services provided in lieu of public 27 education;
- 28 (d) Specific services exempted by law from fee 29 assessment;
- (e) Emergency shelter or emergency detention care andcustody prior to a detention hearing under chapter 39;

- (f) Specific classes or types of services provided in programs funded by grants, donations, or contracts that prohibit charging fees;
- (g) Developmental <u>disability</u> services provided under chapter 393 to any person who is determined to be eligible for such services by the department and whose earned income falls below the federal Health and Human Services Poverty Guidelines, unless such fees are collected from third-party benefits and benefit payments; or
- (h) Any type of service for which the department determines that the net estimated revenue from such fees after deducting any loss of funds from federal grants occasioned by such fees will be less than the estimated cost to charge and collect such fees.

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Fees, other than third-party benefits and benefit payments, may not be charged for services provided to indigents whose only sources of income are from state and federal aid. In addition, fees may not be charged parents of a minor client for services requested by the minor without parental consent or for services provided a minor client who has been permanently committed to the care and custody of the department with parental rights permanently severed. However, lack of parental consent does not preclude the charging of fees established under chapter 39. The department may not require A client who is receiving wages that which are below the minimum wage under the federal Fair Labor Standards Act may not be required to pay fees from such wages. Voluntary payments for services must be encouraged.

408.036, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Section 41. Paragraph (s) of subsection (3) of section

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408.036 Projects subject to review; exemptions.-
(3) EXEMPTIONS.--Upon request, the following projects are subject to exemption from the provisions of subsection

(1):

(s) For beds in state developmental <u>disabilities</u> services institutions as defined in s. 393.063.

Section 42. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and subsection (8) of section 409.908, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

409.908 Reimbursement of Medicaid providers. -- Subject to specific appropriations, the agency shall reimburse Medicaid providers, in accordance with state and federal law, according to methodologies set forth in the rules of the agency and in policy manuals and handbooks incorporated by reference therein. These methodologies may include fee schedules, reimbursement methods based on cost reporting, negotiated fees, competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, and other mechanisms the agency considers efficient and effective for purchasing services or goods on behalf of recipients. If a provider is reimbursed based on cost reporting and submits a cost report late and that cost report would have been used to set a lower reimbursement rate for a rate semester, then the provider's rate for that semester shall be retroactively calculated using the new cost report, and full payment at the recalculated rate shall be effected retroactively. Medicare-granted extensions for filing cost reports, if applicable, shall also apply to Medicaid cost reports. Payment for Medicaid compensable services made on behalf of Medicaid eligible persons is subject to the availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216.

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Further, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, provided the adjustment is consistent with legislative intent.

- (2)(a)1. Reimbursement to nursing homes licensed under part II of chapter 400 and state-owned-and-operated intermediate care facilities for the developmentally disabled licensed under part XI of chapter 400 chapter 393 must be made prospectively.
- 2. Unless otherwise limited or directed in the General Appropriations Act, reimbursement to hospitals licensed under part I of chapter 395 for the provision of swing-bed nursing home services must be made on the basis of the average statewide nursing home payment, and reimbursement to a hospital licensed under part I of chapter 395 for the provision of skilled nursing services must be made on the basis of the average nursing home payment for those services in the county in which the hospital is located. When a hospital is located in a county that does not have any community nursing homes, reimbursement shall must be determined by averaging the nursing home payments, in counties that surround the county in which the hospital is located. Reimbursement to hospitals, including Medicaid payment of Medicare copayments, for skilled nursing services shall be limited to 30 days, unless a prior authorization has been obtained from the agency. Medicaid reimbursement may be extended by the agency beyond 30 days, and approval must be based upon verification by the patient's physician that the

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patient requires short-term rehabilitative and recuperative services only, in which case an extension of no more than 15 days may be approved. Reimbursement to a hospital licensed under part I of chapter 395 for the temporary provision of skilled nursing services to nursing home residents who have been displaced as the result of a natural disaster or other emergency may not exceed the average county nursing home payment for those services in the county in which the hospital is located and is limited to the period of time which the agency considers necessary for continued placement of the nursing home residents in the hospital.

(8) A provider of home-based or community-based services rendered pursuant to a federally approved waiver shall be reimbursed based on an established or negotiated rate for each service. These rates shall be established according to an analysis of the expenditure history and prospective budget developed by each contract provider participating in the waiver program, or under any other methodology adopted by the agency and approved by the Federal Government in accordance with the waiver. Effective July 1, 1996, Privately owned and operated community-based residential facilities which meet agency requirements and which formerly received Medicaid reimbursement for the optional intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded service may participate in the developmental services waiver as part of a home-and-community-based continuum of care for Medicaid recipients who receive waiver services.

Section 43. Subsection (3) of section 409.9127, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.9127 Preauthorization and concurrent utilization review; conflict-of-interest standards.--

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(3) The agency shall help the <u>Agency for Persons with</u>

<u>Disabilities</u> Department of Children and Family Services meet

the requirements of s. 393.065(4). Only admissions approved

pursuant to such assessments are eligible for reimbursement

under this chapter.

Section 44. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) and subsection (5) of section 411.224, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 411.224 Family support planning process.--The Legislature establishes a family support planning process to be used by the Department of Children and Family Services as the service planning process for targeted individuals, children, and families under its purview.
- (2) To the extent possible within existing resources, the following populations must be included in the family support planning process:
- (c) Children from <u>age 3</u> <u>birth</u> through age 5 who are served by the <u>Agency for Persons with Disabilities</u>

 Developmental Disabilities Program Office of the Department of Children and Family Services.
- address the problems of the various family members unless the family requests that an individual family support plan be developed for different members of that family. The family support plan must replace individual habilitation plans for children from 3 birth through 5 years old who are served by the Agency for Persons with Disabilities Developmental Disabilities Program Office of the Department of Children and Family Services. To the extent possible, the family support plan must replace other case planning forms used by the Department of Children and Family Services.

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Section 45. Subsection (4) of section 411.232, Florida
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    Statutes, is amended to read:
           411.232 Children's Early Investment Program. --
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           (4) RULES FOR IMPLEMENTATION. -- The Department of
   Health and Rehabilitative Services shall adopt rules necessary
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   to implement this section.
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           Section 46. Subsection (8) of section 415.102, Florida
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    Statutes, is amended to read:
           415.102 Definitions of terms used in ss.
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    415.101-415.113.--As used in ss. 415.101-415.113, the term:
           (8) "Facility" means any location providing day or
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   residential care or treatment for vulnerable adults. The term
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    "facility" may include, but is not limited to, any hospital,
    state institution, nursing home, assisted living facility,
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   adult family-care home, adult day care center, residential
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    facility licensed under chapter 393 group home, or mental
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   health treatment center.
           Section 47. Section 415.1035, Florida Statutes, is
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    amended to read:
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           415.1035 Facility's duty to inform residents of their
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   right to report abusive, neglectful, or exploitive
   practices. -- The department shall work cooperatively with the
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    Agency for Health Care Administration, the Agency for Persons
   with Disabilities, and the Department of Elderly Affairs to
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    ensure that every facility that serves vulnerable adults
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    informs residents of their right to report abusive,
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   neglectful, or exploitive practices. Each facility must
    establish appropriate policies and procedures to facilitate
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    such reporting.
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           Section 48. Subsections (1) and (10) of section
    415.1055, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
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415.1055 Notification to administrative entities.-(1) Upon receipt of a report that alleges that an employee or agent of the department, the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, or the Department of Elderly Affairs, acting in an official capacity, has committed an act of abuse, neglect, or exploitation, the department shall notify the state attorney in whose circuit the abuse, neglect, or exploitation occurred. This notification may be oral or written.

department has reason to believe that a vulnerable adult resident of a facility licensed by the Agency for Health Care Administration or the Agency for Persons with Disabilities has been the victim of abuse, neglect, or exploitation, the department shall provide a copy of its investigation to the appropriate agency. If the investigation determines that a health professional licensed or certified under the Department of Health may have abused, neglected, or exploited a vulnerable adult, the department shall also provide a copy to the Department of Health.

Section 49. Paragraphs (a) and (h) of subsection (3) of section 415.107, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

415.107 Confidentiality of reports and records.--

- (3) Access to all records, excluding the name of the reporter which shall be released only as provided in subsection (6), shall be granted only to the following persons, officials, and agencies:
- (a) Employees or agents of the department, the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, of the Agency for Health Care Administration, or of the Department of Elderly Affairs who are responsible for carrying out protective investigations,

ongoing protective services, or licensure or approval of
nursing homes, assisted living facilities, adult day care
centers, adult family-care homes, home care for the elderly,
hospices, residential facilities licensed under chapter 393,
or other facilities used for the placement of vulnerable
adults.

- (h) Any appropriate official of the department, the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, of the Agency for Health Care Administration, or of the Department of Elderly Affairs who is responsible for:
- 1. Administration or supervision of the programs for the prevention, investigation, or treatment of abuse, neglect, or exploitation of vulnerable adults when carrying out an official function; or
- 2. Taking appropriate administrative action concerning an employee alleged to have perpetrated abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult in an institution.

Section 50. Subsections (1), (2), (3), and (6) of section 419.001, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

419.001 Site selection of community residential homes.--

- (1) For the purposes of this section, the <u>term</u> following definitions shall apply:
- (a) "Community residential home" means a dwelling unit licensed to provide serve clients of the Department of Children and Family Services, which provides a living environment for 7 to 14 unrelated residents who operate as the functional equivalent of a family, including such supervision and care by supportive staff as may be necessary to meet the physical, emotional, and social needs of the residents.

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- (b) "Department" or "agency" means the Department of Children and Family Services, the Agency for Health Care

 Administration, or the Agency for Persons with Disabilities.
- (c) "Local government" means a county as set forth in chapter 7 or a municipality incorporated under the provisions of chapter 165.
- (d) "Resident" means any of the following: a frail elder as defined in s. 400.618; a physically disabled or handicapped person with a physical or mental impairment as described as defined in s. 760.22(7)(a); a developmentally disabled person with a developmental disability as defined in s. 393.063; a nondangerous mentally ill person with a mental illness as defined in s. 394.455(18); or a child as defined in s. 39.01(14), s. 984.03(9) or (12), or s. 985.03(8).
- (e) "Sponsoring agency" means an agency or unit of government, a profit or nonprofit agency, or any other person or organization which intends to establish or operate a community residential home.
- meet the definition of a community residential home shall be deemed a single-family unit and a noncommercial, residential use for the purpose of local laws and ordinances. Homes of six or fewer residents which otherwise meet the definition of a community residential home shall be allowed in single-family or multifamily zoning without approval by the local government, provided that such homes shall not be located within a radius of 1,000 feet of another existing such home with six or fewer residents. Such homes with six or fewer residents shall not be required to comply with the notification provisions of this section; provided, however, that the sponsoring agency or the department notifies the

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local government at the time of home occupancy that the home is licensed by the department or agency.

- (3)(a) When a site for a community residential home has been selected by a sponsoring agency in an area zoned for multifamily, the sponsoring agency shall notify the chief executive officer of the local government in writing and include in such notice the specific address of the site, the residential licensing category, the number of residents, and the community support requirements of the program. Such notice shall also contain a statement from the district administrator of the department indicating the need for and the licensing status of the proposed community residential home and specifying how the home meets applicable licensing criteria for the safe care and supervision of the clients in the home. The <u>department and agency</u> district administrator shall also provide to the local government the most recently published data compiled that identifies all community residential homes in the district of the department in which the proposed site is to be located. The local government shall review the notification of the sponsoring agency in accordance with the zoning ordinance of the jurisdiction.
 - (b) Pursuant to such review, the local government may:
- 1. Determine that the siting of the community residential home is in accordance with local zoning and approve the siting. If the siting is approved, the sponsoring agency may establish the home at the site selected.
- 2. Fail to respond within 60 days. If the local government fails to respond within such time, the sponsoring agency may establish the home at the site selected.
 - 3. Deny the siting of the home.

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- (c) The local government shall not deny the siting of a community residential home unless the local government establishes that the siting of the home at the site selected:
- 1. Does not otherwise conform to existing zoning regulations applicable to other multifamily uses in the area.
- 2. Does not meet applicable licensing criteria established and determined by the department <u>or agency</u>, including requirements that the home be located to assure the safe care and supervision of all clients in the home.
- 3. Would result in such a concentration of community residential homes in the area in proximity to the site selected, or would result in a combination of such homes with other residences in the community, such that the nature and character of the area would be substantially altered. A home that is located within a radius of 1,200 feet of another existing community residential home in a multifamily zone shall be an overconcentration of such homes that substantially alters the nature and character of the area. A home that is located within a radius of 500 feet of an area of single-family zoning substantially alters the nature and character of the area.
- (6) The department or agency may shall not issue a license to a sponsoring agency for operation of a community residential home if the sponsoring agency does not notify the local government of its intention to establish a program, as required by subsection (3). A license issued without compliance with the provisions of this section shall be considered null and void, and continued operation of the home may be enjoined.
- Section 51. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 435.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

435.03 Level 1 screening standards.--2 (3) Standards must also ensure that the person: 3 (a) For employees and employers licensed or registered pursuant to chapter 400, and for employees and employers of 4 developmental disabilities services institutions as defined in 5 6 s. 393.063, intermediate care facilities for the 7 developmentally disabled as defined in s. 400.960 s. 393.063, and mental health treatment facilities as defined in s. 8 9 394.455, meets the requirements of this chapter. 10 Section 52. Section 944.602, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 11 12 944.602 Agency notification of Department of Children 13 and Family Services before release of mentally retarded inmates. -- Before the release by parole, release by reason of 14 gain-time allowances provided for in s. 944.291, or expiration 15 16 of sentence of any inmate who has been diagnosed as mentally 17 retarded as defined in s. 393.063, the Department of 18 Corrections shall notify the Agency for Persons with Disabilities Department of Children and Family Services in 19 order that sufficient time be allowed to notify the inmate or 20 the inmate's representative, in writing, at least 7 days prior 2.1 22 to the inmate's release, of available community services. 23 Section 53. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 945.025, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 2.4 945.025 Jurisdiction of department.--25 (2) In establishing, operating, and utilizing these 26 27 facilities, the department shall attempt, whenever possible, 2.8 to avoid the placement of nondangerous offenders who have 29 potential for rehabilitation with repeat offenders or dangerous offenders. Medical, mental, and psychological 30 problems shall be diagnosed and treated whenever possible. The

amended to read:

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Department of Children and Family Services and the Agency for 2 Persons with Disabilities shall cooperate to ensure the delivery of services to persons under the custody or 3 supervision of the department. When it is the intent of the 4 department to transfer a mentally ill or retarded prisoner to 5 the Department of Children and Family Services or the Agency 7 for Persons with Disabilities, an involuntary commitment 8 hearing shall be held according to the provisions of chapter 9 393 or chapter 394. 10 (3) There shall be other correctional facilities, including detention facilities of varying levels of security, 11 12 work-release facilities, and community correctional 13 facilities, halfway houses, and other approved community residential and nonresidential facilities and programs; 14 however, no adult correctional facility may be established by 15 changing the use and purpose of any mental health facility or 16 17 mental health institution under the jurisdiction of any state 18 agency or department without authorization in the General Appropriation Act or other approval by the Legislature. Any 19 facility the purpose and use of which was changed subsequent 20 21 to January 1, 1975, shall be returned to its original use and 22 purpose by July 1, 1977. However, the G. Pierce Wood Memorial 23 Hospital located at Arcadia, DeSoto County, may not be converted into a correctional facility as long as such 2.4 25 hospital is in use as a state mental health hospital. Any community residential facility may be deemed a part of the 26 27 state correctional system for purposes of maintaining custody 2.8 of offenders, and for this purpose the department may contract for and purchase the services of such facilities. 29 30 Section 54. Section 947.185, Florida Statutes, is

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947.185 Application for mental retardation services as condition of parole.—The Parole Commission may require as a condition of parole that any inmate who has been diagnosed as mentally retarded as defined in s. 393.063 shall, upon release, apply for retardation services from the Agency for Persons with Disabilities Department of Children and Family Services.

Section 55. Subsection (3) of section 984.19, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

984.19 Medical screening and treatment of child; examination of parent, guardian, or person requesting custody.--

(3) A judge may order that a child alleged to be or adjudicated a child in need of services be examined by a licensed health care professional. The judge may also order such child to be evaluated by a psychiatrist or a psychologist, by a district school board educational needs assessment team, or, if a developmental disability is suspected or alleged, by a the developmental disability diagnostic and evaluation team with of the Agency for Persons with Disabilities Department of Children and Family Services. The judge may order a family assessment if that assessment was not completed at an earlier time. If it is necessary to place a child in a residential facility for such evaluation, then the criteria and procedure established in s. 394.463(2) or chapter 393 shall be used, whichever is applicable. The educational needs assessment provided by the district school board educational needs assessment team shall include, but not be limited to, reports of intelligence and achievement tests, screening for learning disabilities and other handicaps, and

screening for the need for alternative education pursuant to 2 s. 1003.53. Section 56. Subsection (8) of section 984.225, Florida 3 Statutes, is amended to read: 4 5 984.225 Powers of disposition; placement in a staff-secure shelter.--7 (8) If the child requires residential mental health 8 treatment or residential care for a developmental disability, the court shall refer the child to the Department of Children 9 and Family Services or the Agency for Persons with 10 Disabilities, as appropriate, for the provision of necessary 11 12 services. 13 Section 57. Paragraph (e) of subsection (5) of section 984.226, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 14 984.226 Physically secure setting.--15 16 (5) 17 (e) If the child requires residential mental health 18 treatment or residential care for a developmental disability, the court shall refer the child to the Department of Children 19 and Family Services or the Agency for Persons with 20 21 <u>Disabilities</u>, as appropriate, for the provision of necessary 22 services. 23 Section 58. Subsection (1) of section 985.224, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 24 985.224 Medical, psychiatric, psychological, substance 25 abuse, and educational examination and treatment.--26 27 (1) After a detention petition or a petition for delinquency has been filed, the court may order the child 29 named in the petition to be examined by a physician. The court may also order the child to be evaluated by a psychiatrist or 30 a psychologist, by a district school board educational needs

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assessment team, or, if a developmental disability is
suspected or alleged, by <u>a</u> the developmental disabilities
diagnostic and evaluation team <u>with</u> of the <u>Agency for Persons</u>
with <u>Disabilities Department of Children and Family Services</u>.
If it is necessary to place a child in a residential facility
for such evaluation, the criteria and procedures established
in chapter 393, chapter 394, or chapter 397, whichever is
applicable, shall be used.

Section 59. Section 1003.58, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.58 Students in residential care facilities.--Each district school board shall provide educational programs according to rules of the State Board of Education to students who reside in residential care facilities operated by the Department of Children and Family Services or the Agency for Persons with Disabilities.

- (1) The district school board shall not be charged any rent, maintenance, utilities, or overhead on such facilities.

 Maintenance, repairs, and remodeling of existing facilities shall be provided by the Department of Children and Family Services or the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, as appropriate.
- (2) If additional facilities are required, the district school board and the Department of Children and Family Services or the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, as appropriate, shall agree on the appropriate site based on the instructional needs of the students. When the most appropriate site for instruction is on district school board property, a special capital outlay request shall be made by the commissioner in accordance with s. 1013.60. When the most appropriate site is on state property, state capital outlay

funds shall be requested by the department or agency in accordance with chapter 216 of Children and Family Services as provided by s. 216.043 and shall be submitted as specified by s. 216.023. Any instructional facility to be built on state property shall have educational specifications jointly developed by the school district and the department or agency of Children and Family Services and approved by the Department of Education. The size of space and occupant design capacity criteria as provided by state board rules shall be used for remodeling or new construction whether facilities are provided on state property or district school board property. The planning of such additional facilities shall incorporate current state Department of Children and Family Services deinstitutionalization goals and plans.

- (3) The district school board shall have full and complete authority in the matter of the assignment and placement of such students in educational programs. The parent of an exceptional student shall have the same due process rights as are provided under s. 1003.57(5).
- (4) The district school board shall have a written agreement with the Department of Children and Family Services and the Agency for Persons with Disabilities outlining the respective duties and responsibilities of each party.

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Notwithstanding the provisions herein, the educational program at the Marianna Sunland Center in Jackson County shall be operated by the Department of Education, either directly or through grants or contractual agreements with other public or duly accredited educational agencies approved by the Department of Education.

Section 60. This act shall take effect July 1, 2006.

********** SENATE SUMMARY Revises various provisions relating to the Agency for Persons with Disabilities. Conforms statutory provisions to reflect the transfer of duties from the Developmental Disabilities Program Office within the Department of Children and Family Services to the Agency for Persons with Disabilities. Provides the agency with additional rulemaking authority. Authorizes an employee of the agency to own, operate, or work in a private facility that is under contract with the agency in specified circumstances. Establishes the Community Resources Development Loan Program for the purpose of providing loans to foster homes, group homes, and supported employment programs. Provides for a comprehensive transition education program for persons who have severe or moderate maladaptive behaviors. Specifies the components of the program. (See bill for details.)