By the Committee on Health Care; and Senator Peaden

587-2464-06

A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to public meetings; amending s. 1006.20, F.S.; exempting from public-meetings 3 requirements a meeting at which a challenge or 4 5 an appeal is made; providing for future review 6 and repeal; providing a statement of public 7 necessity; providing a contingent effective 8 date. 9 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 10 11 12 Section 1. Paragraph (h) of subsection (10) of section 13 1006.20, Florida Statutes, as created by SB 1982, 2006 Regular Session, is amended to read: 14 1006.20 Athletics in public K-12 schools.--15 (10) RANDOM DRUG TESTING PROGRAM. --16 17 (h) The following due process shall be afforded each 18 student who tests positive in a test administered under this subsection: 19 1. The member school may challenge a positive finding 20 and must challenge a positive finding at the request of the 2.1 22 student. A sample of the original specimen provided by the 23 student and retained by the testing agency shall be analyzed. The member school or the student's parent shall pay the cost 2.4 of the analysis. If the analysis results in a positive 25 26 finding, the student shall remain ineligible until the 27 prescribed penalty is fulfilled. If the analysis results in a 28 negative finding, the organization shall immediately restore the eligibility of the student and shall refund to the member 29 school or student's parent the cost of the analysis. The 30 31

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student shall remain suspended from interscholastic athletic practice and competition during the challenge.

- 2.a. A member school may appeal to the organization's commissioner the period of ineligibility imposed on a student as a result of a positive finding and must appeal at the request of the student. The commissioner may require the student to complete the prescribed penalty, reduce the prescribed penalty by one-half, or provide complete relief from the prescribed penalty. Regardless of the decision of the commissioner, the student shall remain ineligible until the student tests negative on the mandatory exit test and the student's eligibility is restored by the organization.
- b. Should the school or student be dissatisfied with the decision of the commissioner, the school may pursue the appeal before the organization's board of directors and must do so at the request of the student. The board of directors may require the student to complete the prescribed penalty, reduce the prescribed penalty by one-half, or provide complete relief from the prescribed penalty. Regardless of the decision of the board of directors, the student shall remain ineligible until the student tests negative on the mandatory exit test and the student's eligibility is restored by the organization. The decision of the board of directors on each appeal shall be final.
- c. Technical experts may serve as consultants to both the organization's commissioner and its board of directors in connection with such appeals.
- 3. The meeting at which a challenge or an appeal to the findings of a student's drug test under this paragraph is discussed is exempt from s. 286.011 and s. 24(b), Art. I of the State Constitution. This subparagraph is subject to the

1	Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15
2	and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2011, unless reviewed
3	and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.
4	Section 2. The Legislature finds that it is a public
5	necessity that a meeting at which a challenge to a positive
6	finding is made or an appeal is made to the Florida High
7	School Athletic Association's commissioner or board of
8	directors regarding the period of student ineligibility,
9	pursuant to s. 1006.20(10), Florida Statutes, be made exempt
10	from public-meetings requirements. The Legislature finds that
11	the exemption of these proceedings from public-meetings
12	requirements minimizes the possibility of unnecessary scrutiny
13	by the public or media of sensitive, personal information
14	concerning a student. Furthermore, without such exemption,
15	release of confidential and exempt information via a public
16	meeting defeats the purpose of the public-records exemption
17	for student records in s. 1002.22.
18	Section 3. This act shall take effect on the same date
19	that SB 1982 or similar legislation takes effect, if such
20	legislation is adopted in the same legislative session or an
21	extension thereof and becomes law.
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23	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN
24	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR <u>Senate Bill 2082</u>
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26	The committee substitute narrows the public records and meetings exemption in the original bill to an exemption from the Public Meetings Law for meetings at which a challenge or an appeal to the findings of a student's drug test as described in the bill relating to the drug testing of certain high school students is discussed.
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