By Senator Saunders

37-1357-06 See HB

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to entertainment industry
3	economic development; transferring,
4	renumbering, and amending s. 288.1254, F.S.;
5	revising the entertainment industry financial
6	incentive program to provide corporate income
7	tax credits to qualified entertainment entities
8	rather than reimbursements from appropriations;
9	revising provisions relating to definitions,
10	creation and scope, application procedures,
11	approval process, eligibility, required
12	documents, qualified productions, rules,
13	fraudulent claims, and annual reports;
14	providing criteria and limitations for awards
15	of tax credits; providing marketing
16	requirements; providing for future repeal;
17	amending s. 477.0135, F.S.; correcting a
18	cross-reference; providing an effective date.
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20	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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22	Section 1. Section 288.1254, Florida Statutes, is
23	transferred and renumbered as section 220.192, Florida
24	Statutes, and amended to read:
25	220.192 288.1254 Entertainment industry financial
26	incentive program; creation; purpose; definitions; application
27	procedure; approval process; reimbursement eligibility;
28	submission of required documentation; recommendations for
29	<pre>credit award payment; policies and procedures; fraudulent</pre>
30	claims
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- (1) CREATION AND PURPOSE OF PROGRAM. -- Subject to specific appropriation, There is created within the Office of Film and Entertainment an entertainment industry financial incentive program. The purpose of this program is to encourage the use of this state as a site for filming and providing production services for filmed entertainment.
 - (2) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Distributor" means a distribution company that enters into a binding distribution agreement for a feature-length independent film or video.

(b) (a) "Filmed entertainment" means a theatrical or direct-to-video motion picture, a made-for-television motion picture <u>teleproduction</u>, a commercial, <u>excluding political</u> commercials, a music video, an industrial or educational film, a promotional video or film, a documentary film, a television pilot, a presentation for a television pilot, a television series, including, but not limited to, a drama, a reality, a comedy, a soap opera, a telenovela, a game show, and a miniseries production, or a digital-media-effects production by the entertainment industry to be sold or displayed in an electronic medium. As used in this paragraph, the term "motion picture" means a motion picture made on or by film, tape, or otherwise and produced by means of a motion picture camera, electronic camera or device, tape device, any combination of the foregoing, or any other means, method, or device now used or which may hereafter be adopted. As used in this paragraph, the term "digital-media-effects" means visual elements created through the modification of already existing or newly created visual elements for film, video, or animated media through the use of digital 2D/3D animation or painting, motion capture, or compositing technologies. For purposes of this section, the

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term "filmed entertainment" does not include the electronic gaming industry or sporting events.

- (c) "High-impact television series" means a production created to run multiple production seasons with an estimated order of at least seven episodes per season and qualified expenditures of at least \$625,000 per episode.
- (d)(b) "Production costs" means the costs of real,
 tangible, and intangible property used and services primarily
 or customarily performed in the production, including
 preproduction and postproduction, of qualified filmed
 entertainment. Production costs generally include, but are not
 limited to:
- 1. Wages, salaries, or other compensation for technical and production crews, directors, producers, and performers who are residents of this state.
- Expenditures for sound stages, backlots, production editing, digital effects, sound recordings, sets, and set construction.
- 3. Expenditures for rental equipment, including, but not limited to, cameras and grip or electrical equipment.
- 4. Expenditures for meals, travel, <u>and</u> accommodations—
 and goods used in producing filmed entertainment that is
 located and doing business in this state.
- 5. Expenditures for goods and services used in producing filmed entertainment.

(e)(c) "Qualified expenditures" means production costs incurred in this state for goods purchased or leased from or services provided by purchased, leased, or employed from a resident of this state or a vendor or supplier who is located and doing business in this state, or payments to residents of this state but excluding wages, salaries, or other

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compensation paid to the two highest-paid employees $\underline{\text{in this}}$ state.

(f)(d) "Qualified production" means filmed
entertainment that makes expenditures in this state for the
total or partial production of filmed entertainment.
Productions that are deemed by the Office of Film and
Entertainment to contain obscene content, as defined by the
United States Supreme Court, are not qualified productions.
Also, a production is not a qualified production if it is
determined that the first day of principal photography in this
state occurred on or before the date of submitting its
application to the Office of Film and Entertainment or prior
to certification by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic
Development.

(q)(e) "Qualified production company relocation

project" means a corporation, limited liability company,

partnership, corporate headquarters, or other artificial

private entity engaged in productions of filmed entertainment

that is domiciled in another state or country and relocates

its operations to this state, is organized under the laws of

this or any other state or country, and includes as one of its

primary purposes digital media effects or motion picture and

television production, or postproduction.

- (3) APPLICATION PROCEDURE; APPROVAL PROCESS. --
- (a) Any company engaged in this state in producing filmed entertainment may submit an application to the Office of Film and Entertainment for the purpose of determining qualification for an award of credits against the tax imposed by this chapter as receipt of reimbursement provided in this section. The office must be provided information required to determine if the production is a qualified production and to

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determine the qualified expenditures, production costs, and other information necessary for the office to determine both eligibility for and <u>amounts of tax credits</u> level of reimbursement.

(b) A digital media effects company in the state which furnishes digital material to filmed entertainment may submit an application to the Office of Film and Entertainment for the purpose of determining qualification for receipt of reimbursement authorized by this section. The office must be provided information required to determine if the company is qualified and to determine the amount of reimbursement.

(c) Any corporation, limited liability company, partnership, corporate headquarters, or other private entity domiciled in another state which includes as one of its primary purposes digital media effects or motion picture and television production and which is considering relocation to this state may submit an application to the Office of Film and Entertainment for the purpose of determining qualification for reimbursement under this section.

(b)(d)1. The Office of Film and Entertainment shall adopt rules establish a process by which an application is accepted and reviewed and reimbursement eligibility for and amounts of tax credits reimbursement amount are determined. The Office of Film and Entertainment may request assistance from a duly appointed local film commission in determining a production's qualifications for awards of tax credits reimbursement and compliance.

2. The Office of Film and Entertainment shall develop a standardized application form for use in approving a qualified production or distribution bonus, a qualified relocation project, or a company qualifying under paragraph

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1 (a), paragraph (b), or paragraph (c). The application form for a qualified production must include, but need not be limited to, production-related information on employment, proposed total production budgets, planned expenditures in this state which are intended for use exclusively as an integral part of preproduction, production, or postproduction activities engaged primarily in this state, and a signed affirmation from the applicant Office of Film and Entertainment that the information on the application form has been verified and is correct. The application form shall be distributed to applicants by the Office of Film and Entertainment or local film commissions.

- 3. The Office of Film and Entertainment must complete its review of each application and recommend a maximum tax credit award to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development or notify the applicant that he or she has not met the requirements for qualification within 10 business 5 days after receipt of the completed application, including all required information, and it must notify the applicant of the certified maximum tax credit award, if any, its determination within 10 business days after being notified of certification by the office receipt of the completed application and required information.
- 4. Upon determination that all criteria are met for qualification for reimbursement, The Office of Film and Entertainment shall notify the applicant of such approval. the office shall also notify the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development of the applicant approval and amount of tax credit award reimbursement required. The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall make final determination for actual tax credit award reimbursement.

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- 5. The Office of Film and Entertainment shall deny an application if it determines that:
- a. The application is not complete or does not meet the requirements of this section; or
- b. The $\underline{\text{tax credit amount}}$ $\underline{\text{reimbursement}}$ sought does not meet the requirements of this section $\underline{\text{for such reimbursement}}$.
- (4) <u>CREDIT</u> REIMBURSEMENT ELIGIBILITY; SUBMISSION OF REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION; <u>APPLICATION</u> RECOMMENDATIONS FOR TRANSFER PAYMENT. --
- (a) A production that is qualified by the Office of Film and Entertainment and is certified by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development is eligible for a tax credit for reimbursement of up to 15 percent of its qualifying expenditures in this state on a filmed entertainment program, excluding wages, salaries, or other compensation paid to the two highest-paid employees of the production in this state that demonstrates a minimum of \$850,000 in total qualified expenditures for the entire run of the project, versus the budget on a single episode, within the fiscal year from July 1 to June 30. However, the maximum reimbursement that may be made with respect to any filmed entertainment program is \$2 million. All reimbursements under this section are subject to appropriation. Tax credits awarded Payments under this section in a fiscal year shall be made to qualified productions according to a production's principal photography start datefor those qualified productions having entered into the first queue as cited in subparagraph 1. or the second queue cited in subparagraph 2. within the first 2 weeks after the queue's opening. All other qualified productions entering into either queue after the initial 2-week openings shall be on a first-come, first-served basis until the appropriation for

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that fiscal year is exhausted. The aggregate amount of tax 2 credits allowed under this section in any fiscal year is \$25 million. If the total amount of allocated tax credits applied for in any fiscal year exceeds the aggregate amount of tax credits authorized annually under this section, such excess shall be treated as having been applied for on the first day of the next fiscal year in which tax credits remain available for allocation. On February 1 of each year, the remaining funds within both queues shall be combined into a single queue and distributed based on a project's principal photography start date. The eligibility of qualified productions may not 12 carry over from year to year, but such productions may reapply for eligibility under the guidelines established for doing so. The Office of Film and Entertainment shall develop a procedure to ensure that qualified productions continue on a reasonable 15 schedule until completion. If a qualified production is not 16 continued according to a reasonable schedule, the office shall withdraw its eligibility and reallocate the funds to the next qualified productions already in the queue that have yet to receive their full tax credit maximum or 15 percent financial 21 reimbursement, if they have not started principal photography 22 by the time the funds become available. 1. Film, television, and episodic queue. -- Theatrical or direct-to-video motion pictures, made-for-television

movies, commercials, music videos, industrial and educational films, promotional videos or films, documentary films, television specials, television series, including, but not <u>limited to, miniseries and telenovelas,</u> and digital-media-effects productions by the entertainment industry to be sold or displayed in an electronic medium which demonstrate a minimum of \$625,000 in total qualified

expenditures for the entire run of the project, which, for a 2 television series, means a season even if the season is not completed in the same fiscal year in which principal 3 4 photography began, shall have their own separate queue 5 established, and such queue shall have dedicated to it 60 6 percent of all available tax credits in any fiscal year for 7 which this section applies of the state incentive money. The 8 maximum tax credit award that may be made from this queue for any single production is \$2 million, unless the production is 9 10 a high-impact television series, in which case the production shall be eligible for a maximum tax credit award of \$3 11 12 million, provided such production meets the other criteria of 13 this section. On March 1 of each year, the remaining tax credits within this queue shall be merged into a general queue 14 and may be used for other purposes of this section as 15 determined by the Office of Film and Entertainment. A 16 qualified high-impact television series shall be allowed first 18 position in this queue for its first five production seasons if the application is received by the Office of Film and 19 Entertainment within the first 2 weeks after the queue's 2.0 21 opening. A television series after its fifth production season 2.2 is not eligible for tax credit awards under this section. 23 Television pilot queue. -- Television pilots and 7 presentations for television pilots for television series 2.4 intended to be shot in this state and, or television series, 2.5 including, but not limited to, drama, reality, comedy, soap 26 27 opera, telenovela, game show, or miniseries productions, by 2.8 the entertainment industry to be sold or displayed in an electronic medium which demonstrate a minimum of \$625,000 in 29 total qualified expenditures for the pilot episode or 30

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and such queue shall have dedicated to it 20 40 percent of all 2 available tax credits in any given fiscal year for which this section applies of the state incentive money. The maximum tax 3 4 credit award that may be made from this queue for any single project is \$2 million. On March 1 of each year, the remaining 5 6 tax credits within this queue shall be merged into a general 7 queue and may be used for other purposes of this section as 8 determined by the Office of Film and Entertainment. 9

3. Commercials and music video queue.--Commercials and music videos by the entertainment industry to be sold or displayed in an electronic medium which demonstrate a minimum of \$500,000 in total qualified expenditures from a production company during the state fiscal year with a minimum of \$75,000 in qualified expenditures for each production shall have their own separate queue established. Such queue shall have dedicated to it 20 percent of available tax credits in any given fiscal year for which this section applies. The maximum tax credit award that may be made from this queue for any single production company is \$500,000. On April 1 of each year, the remaining tax credits within this queue shall be merged into a general queue and may be used for other purposes of this section as determined by the Office of Film and Entertainment.

4. Independent film and video distribution queue.--If a distributor enters into a distribution agreement and licenses theatrical or home video release rights for an independent feature film or video more than 70 minutes in length with 90 percent of its production days in this state and that demonstrates a maximum of \$625,000 in total qualified expenditures in this state during the state fiscal year, there shall be a separate queue established for releases of such

films or videos. Such queue shall have dedicated to it the 2 first \$250,000 of available tax credits in any given fiscal year for which this section applies. The maximum tax credit 3 4 award that may be made to a distributor from this queue for 5 any single project is \$40,000 for a theatrical release and \$10,000 for a home video release. A distributor may not 7 receive more than \$120,000 in total tax credits from this queue. The Office of Film and Entertainment may adopt rules to 8 determine an acceptable theatrical or home video release. On 9 10 May 1 of each year, the remaining tax credits within this queue shall be merged into a general queue and may be used for 11 12 other purposes of this section as determined by the Office of 13 Film and Entertainment. (b) The tax credit available under this section shall 14 only be surrendered in satisfaction of the tax owed by a 15 qualified production company under this chapter and only up to 16 17 the face amount of the credit. If the qualified production 18 company cannot use the entire tax credit in the year in which the credit is approved, any excess may be carried over to a 19 succeeding taxable year. A tax credit granted under this 2.0 21 section may be carried forward only for a maximum of 5 years following the year in which the credit was approved. A 2.2 23 digital media effects company in the state which furnishes digital material to filmed entertainment may be eligible for a 2.4 payment in an amount not to exceed 5 percent of its annual 2.5 gross revenues on qualified expenditures as defined in 26 27 paragraph (2)(c) before taxes or \$100,000, whichever is less. 2.8 A company applying for payment must submit documentation annually as required by the Office of Film and Entertainment 29 30

for determination of eligibility of claimed billing and

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determination of the amount of payment for which the company is eliqible.

- (c) Upon application and approval by the Office of Film and Entertainment, a taxpayer may sell or assign, in whole or in part, a tax credit granted under this section. The sale or assignment of any amount of the tax credit may not be exchanged for consideration received by the taxpayer of less than 75 percent of the transferred amount of tax credit. The purchaser or assignee shall surrender the tax credit in the year acquired from the qualified production company and otherwise may carry the tax credit over, subject to the same limitations on credit usage as the qualified production company awarded the tax credit. The purchaser may not sell, assign, or otherwise transfer the tax credit. A qualified relocation project that is certified by the Office of Film and Entertainment is eligible for a one time incentive payment in an amount equal to 5 percent of its annual gross revenues before taxes for the first 12 months of conducting business in its Florida domicile or \$200,000, whichever is less. A company applying for payment must submit documentation as required by the Office of Film and Entertainment for determination of eligibility of claimed billing and determination of the amount of payment for which the company is eliqible.
- (d) A qualified production company that is not a corporation, as defined in s. 220.03(1)(e), shall make an election, a digital media effects company, or a qualified relocation project applying for a payment under this section must submit documentation for claimed qualified expenditures to the Office of Film and Entertainment under paragraph (e) or distribute tax credits awarded under this section to its partners or members in proportion to the respective

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distributive share of such partners' or members' income or
loss in the year in which such tax credits were approved. A

tax credit granted under this section shall be carried forward
only for a maximum of 5 years following the year in which the
credit was approved.

- (e) A qualified production applying for a tax credit award under this section must submit by August 15 of the state fiscal year following the state fiscal year in which claimed qualified expenditures were incurred a single report from a certified public accountant based in this state, preapproved by the Office of Film and Entertainment, documenting the amount of claimed qualified expenditures to the Office of Film and Entertainment shall notify the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development whether an applicant meets the criteria for reimbursement and shall recommend the reimbursement amount. The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall make the final determination for actual reimbursement.
- (f) A qualified distribution company applying for tax credits under this section shall submit an application and verification of the fulfillment of distribution requirements by May 1 of the state fiscal year.
- (5) MARKETING REQUIREMENTS.--The Office of Film and Entertainment shall ensure that appropriate marketing materials, including promotions of this state as a tourist and filming destination, are required to be included on any filmed entertainment as a condition of receiving a tax credit under this section. The Office of Film and Entertainment shall coordinate with VISIT Florida and other appropriate state entities for the development and implementation of marketing materials.

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(6)(5) RULES POLICIES AND PROCEDURES. -- The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may shall adopt rules policies and procedures to implement this section, including, but not limited to, rules specifying requirements for the application and approval process, records required for submission for substantiation for credit awards reimbursement, and determination of and qualification for credit awards, and marketing requirements for credit recipients reimbursement.

company that obtains a payment under this section through a claim that it knows is fraudulent is liable for reimbursement of the amount paid plus a penalty in an amount double the payment and reimbursement of reasonable costs, which penalty is in addition to any criminal penalty to which the entity or company is liable for the same acts. The entity or company is also liable for costs and fees incurred by the state in investigating and prosecuting the fraudulent claim. Any applicant who knowingly submits an application under this section which includes fraudulent information shall be liable for reimbursement of the reasonable costs and prosecution of the fraudulent application.

(8)(7) ANNUAL REPORT.--The Office of Film and Entertainment shall provide an annual report for the previous fiscal year, due October 1, to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives outlining the return on investment to the state on funds expended pursuant to this section.

(9) REPEAL.--This section is repealed July 1, 2014.

Section 2. Subsection (5) of section 477.0135, Florida

Statutes, is amended to read:

477.0135 Exemptions.--(5) A license is not required of any individual providing makeup, special effects, or cosmetology services to an actor, stunt person, musician, extra, or other talent during a production recognized by the Office of Film and Entertainment as a qualified production as defined in s. 220.192 288.1254(2). Such services are not required to be performed in a licensed salon. Individuals exempt under this subsection may not provide such services to the general public. Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2006.