CHAMBER ACTION

Senate House

Representative Legg offered the following:

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Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove lines 184 through 334 and insert:

(2) Any insurer that has paid a claim for a sinkhole loss shall file a copy of the report and certification, prepared pursuant to subsection (1) and including the legal description of the real property and the name of the property owner, with the county clerk of court property appraiser, who shall record the report and certification with the parcel number. The insurer shall bear the cost of filing and recording the report and certification. There shall be no cause of action or liability against an insurer for compliance with this section. The recording of the report and certification shall not constitute a lien, encumbrance, or restriction on the title to the real property nor constitute a defect in the title to the real property, create any cause of action or liability against any 897805

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grantor of the real property for breach of any warranty of good title or warranty against encumbrances, or create any cause of action or liability against any title insurer that insures the title to the real property. The seller of real property upon which a sinkhole claim has been made by the seller and paid by the insurer shall disclose to the buyer of such property that a claim has been paid and whether or not the full amount of the proceeds were used to repair the sinkhole damage.

- Section 5. Effective October 1, 2006, section 627.7074, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 627.7074 Alternative procedure for resolution of disputed sinkhole insurance claims.--
 - (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Neutral evaluation" means the alternative dispute resolution provided for in this section.
- (b) "Neutral evaluator" means a professional engineer or a professional geologist who has completed a course of study in alternative dispute resolution designed or approved by the department for use in the neutral evaluation process, who is determined to be fair and impartial.
- (2)(a) The department shall certify and maintain a list of persons who are neutral evaluators.
- (b) The department shall prepare a consumer information pamphlet for distribution by insurers to policyholders which clearly describes the neutral evaluation process and includes information and forms necessary for the policyholder to request a neutral evaluation.
- (3) Following the receipt of the report provided under s. 627.7073 or the denial of a claim for a sinkhole loss, the 897805

- insurer shall notify the policyholder of his or her right to participate in the neutral evaluation program under this section. Neutral evaluation supersedes the alternative dispute resolution process under s. 627.7015. The insurer shall provide to the policyholder the consumer information pamphlet prepared by the department pursuant to paragraph (2)(b).
- (4) Neutral evaluation is optional and nonbinding. Either the policyholder or the insurer may decline to participate. A request for neutral evaluation may be filed with the department by the policyholder or the insurer on a form approved by the department. The request for neutral evaluation must state the reason for the request and must include an explanation of all the issues in dispute at the time of the request. Filing a request for neutral evaluation tolls the applicable time requirements for filing suit for a period of 60 days following the conclusion of the neutral evaluation process or the time prescribed in s. 95.11, whichever is later.
- (5) Neutral evaluation shall be conducted as an informal process in which formal rules of evidence and procedure need not be observed. A party to neutral evaluation is not required to attend neutral evaluation if a representative of the party attends and has the authority to make a binding decision on behalf of the party. All parties shall participate in the evaluation in good faith.
- (6) The insurer shall pay the costs associated with the neutral evaluation.
- (7) Upon receipt of a request for neutral evaluation, the department shall refer the request to a neutral evaluator. The neutral evaluator shall notify the policyholder and the insurer 897805

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- of the date, time, and place of the neutral evaluation conference. The conference may be held by telephone, if feasible and desirable. The neutral evaluation conference shall be held within 45 days after receipt of the request by the department.
- (8) The department shall adopt rules of procedure for the neutral evaluation process.
- (9) For policyholders not represented by an attorney, a consumer affairs specialist of the department or an employee designated as the primary contact for consumers on issues relating to sinkholes under s. 20.121 shall be available for consultation to the extent that he or she may lawfully do so.
- (10) Evidence of an offer to settle a claim during the neutral evaluation process, as well as any relevant conduct or statements made in negotiations concerning the offer to settle a claim, is inadmissible to prove liability or absence of liability for the claim or its value, except as provided in subsection (13).
- (11) Any court proceeding related to the subject matter of the neutral evaluation shall be stayed pending completion of the neutral evaluation.
- (12) For matters that are not resolved by the parties at the conclusion of the neutral evaluation, the neutral evaluator shall prepare a report stating that in his or her opinion the sinkhole loss has been verified or eliminated and, if verified, the need for and estimated costs of stabilizing the land and any covered structures or buildings and other appropriate remediation or structural repairs. The evaluator's report shall be sent to all parties in attendance at the neutral evaluation and to the department.

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- (13) The recommendation of the neutral evaluator is not binding on any party, and the parties retain access to courts.

 The neutral evaluator's written recommendation is admissible in any subsequent action or proceeding relating to the claim or to the cause of action giving rise to the claim only for purposes of determining the award of attorney's fees.
- of a sinkhole and, second, recommends the need for and estimates costs of stabilizing the land and any covered structures or buildings and other appropriate remediation or structural repairs, which costs exceed the amount that the insurer has offered to pay the policyholder, the insurer is liable to the policyholder for up to \$2,500 in attorney's fees for the attorney's participation in the neutral evaluation process. For purposes of this subsection, the term "offer to pay" means a written offer signed by the insurer or its legal representative and delivered to the policyholder within 10 days after the insurer receives notice that a request for neutral evaluation has been made under this section.
- (15) If the policyholder declines to participate in neutral evaluation requested by the insurer or declines to resolve the matter in accordance with the recommendation of the neutral evaluator pursuant to this section, the insurer is not liable for attorney's fees under s. 627.428 or other provisions of the insurance code or for extra-contractual damages related to a claim for a sinkhole loss.
- Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 877.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 877.02 Solicitation of legal services or retainers therefor; penalty.--
- (2) It shall be unlawful for any person in the employ of or in any capacity attached to any hospital, sanitarium, police department, wrecker service or garage, prison or court, er for a person authorized to furnish bail bonds, investigators, photographers, insurance or public adjusters, or for a general or other contractor as defined in s. 489.105 or other business providing sinkhole remediation services, to communicate directly or indirectly with any attorney or person acting on said attorney's behalf for the purpose of aiding, assisting or abetting such attorney in the solicitation of legal business or the procurement through solicitation of a retainer, written or oral, or any agreement authorizing the attorney to perform or render legal services.
- Section 7. (1) By February 1, 2007, the Office of
 Insurance Regulation shall calculate a presumed factor to
 reflect the impact of the changes made in this act to rates
 filed by residential property insurers providing sinkhole loss
 coverage. The office shall issue a notice informing all insurers
 writing residential property insurance coverage of the presumed
 factor.
- (2) In determining the presumed factor, the office shall use generally accepted actuarial techniques and standards in determining the expected impact on losses, expenses, and investment income of the insurer.
- (3) The office may contract with an appropriate vendor to determine the presumed factor.

HOUSE AMENDMENT

Bill No. HB 217

Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)

(4) Each residential property insurer shall, at its next 161 rate filing after May 1, 2007, reflect a rate change that takes 162 into account the presumed factor determined under subsection 163 164 (1). 165 ====== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ====== 166 167 Remove line 16 and insert: 168 than the property appraiser; specifying prohibitions relating to the recording of certain reports and 169 certifications for sinkhole loss claims; creating s. 170 171 627.7074, F.S.;