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CHAMBER ACTION

1 The Commerce Council recommends the following: 2 Council/Committee Substitute 3 Remove the entire bill and insert: A bill to be entitled 4 5 An act relating to sinkhole insurance; amending s. 6 627.706, F.S.; allowing a deductible amount applicable to sinkhole losses in a policy for residential property 7 insurance; defining the term "professional engineer"; 8 amending s. 627.707, F.S.; revising references to certain 9 10 engineers; authorizing insurers to make direct payment for certain repairs; excluding insurers from liability for 11 repairs under certain circumstances; amending s. 627.7072, 12 F.S.; revising references to certain engineers; 13 14 eliminating the requirement for certain testing compliance; amending s. 627.7073, F.S.; revising 15 16 requirements for sinkhole reports by professional 17 engineers and professional geologists; providing for the recording of sinkhole reports by the clerk of court rather 18 19 than the property appraiser; creating s. 627.7074, F.S.; prescribing an alternative method for resolving disputed 20 sinkhole insurance claims; providing definitions; 21 prescribing procedures for invoking the alternative 22 23 method; providing that a recommendation by a neutral Page 1 of 13

| 24 | evaluator is not binding on any party; providing for |
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| 25 | payments of costs; requiring the insurer to pay attorney's |
| 26 | fees of the policyholder up to a specified amount under |
| 27 | certain conditions; providing that an insurer is not |
| 28 | liable for attorney's fees or for certain damages under |
| 29 | certain conditions; providing for judicial review; |
| 30 | amending s. 877.02, F.S.; prohibiting certain |
| 31 | solicitations by contractors and other persons providing |
| 32 | sinkhole remediation services; providing penalties; |
| 33 | providing effective dates. |
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| 35 | Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: |
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| 37 | Section 1. Subsection (1) and paragraph (d) of subsection |
| 38 | (2) of section 627.706, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: |
| 39 | 627.706 Sinkhole insurance; definitions |
| 40 | (1) Every insurer authorized to transact property |
| 41 | insurance in this state shall make available coverage for |
| 42 | insurable sinkhole losses on any structure, including contents |
| 43 | of personal property contained therein, to the extent provided |
| 44 | in the form to which the sinkhole coverage attaches. <u>A policy</u> |
| 45 | for residential property insurance may include a deductible |
| 46 | amount applicable to sinkhole losses equal to 1 percent, 2 |
| 47 | percent, 5 percent, or 10 percent of the policy dwelling limits, |
| 48 | with appropriate premium discounts offered with each deductible |
| 49 | amount. |
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50 (2) As used in ss. 627.706-627.7074, and as used in
51 connection with any policy providing coverage for sinkhole
52 losses:

(d) "<u>Professional</u> engineer" means a person, as defined in s. 471.005, who has a bachelor's degree or higher in engineering with a specialty in the geotechnical engineering field. <u>A</u> <u>professional</u> An engineer must have geotechnical experience and expertise in the identification of sinkhole activity as well as other potential causes of damage to the structure.

59 Section 2. Subsections (2), (3), (5), (6), and (9) of
 60 section 627.707, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

61 627.707 Standards for investigation of sinkhole claims by
62 insurers; nonrenewals.--Upon receipt of a claim for a sinkhole
63 loss, an insurer must meet the following standards in
64 investigating a claim:

(2) Following the insurer's initial inspection, the
insurer shall engage <u>a professional</u> an engineer or a
professional geologist to conduct testing as provided in s.
627.7072 to determine the cause of the loss within a reasonable
professional probability and issue a report as provided in s.
627.7073, if:

(a) The insurer is unable to identify a valid cause of the
damage or discovers damage to the structure which is consistent
with sinkhole loss; or

(b) The policyholder demands testing in accordance withthis section or s. 627.7072.

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76 (3) Following the initial inspection of the insured
77 premises, the insurer shall provide written notice to the
78 policyholder disclosing the following information:

(a) What the insurer has determined to be the cause ofdamage, if the insurer has made such a determination.

(b) A statement of the circumstances under which the
insurer is required to engage <u>a professional</u> an engineer or a
professional geologist to verify or eliminate sinkhole loss and
to engage <u>a professional</u> an engineer to make recommendations
regarding land and building stabilization and foundation repair.

(c) A statement regarding the right of the policyholder to
request testing by <u>a professional</u> an engineer or a professional
geologist and the circumstances under which the policyholder may
demand certain testing.

Subject to paragraph (b), if a sinkhole loss is 90 (5)(a) 91 verified, the insurer shall pay to stabilize the land and building and repair the foundation in accordance with the 92 recommendations of the professional engineer as provided under 93 94 s. 627.7073, and in consultation with the policyholder, subject to the coverage and terms of the policy. The insurer shall pay 95 for other repairs to the structure and contents in accordance 96 97 with the terms of the policy.

(b) The insurer may limit its payment to the actual cash
value of the sinkhole loss, not including underpinning or
grouting or any other repair technique performed below the
existing foundation of the building, until the policyholder
enters into a contract for the performance of building
stabilization or foundation repairs. After the policyholder
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enters into the contract, the insurer shall pay the amounts 104 105 necessary to begin and perform such repairs as the work is performed and the expenses are incurred. The insurer may not 106 107 require the policyholder to advance payment for such repairs. If repair covered by a personal lines residential property 108 109 insurance policy has begun and the professional engineer selected or approved by the insurer determines that the repair 110 cannot be completed within the policy limits, the insurer must 111 either complete the professional engineer's recommended repair 112 or tender the policy limits to the policyholder without a 113 114 reduction for the repair expenses incurred.

(c) Upon the insurer's obtaining the written approval of the policyholder and any lienholder, the insurer may make payment directly to the persons selected by the policyholder to perform the land and building stabilization and foundation repairs. The decision by the insurer to make payment to such persons does not hold the insurer liable for the work performed.

(6) Except as provided in subsection (7), the fees and
costs of the professional engineer or the professional geologist
shall be paid by the insurer.

(9) The insurer may engage a <u>professional</u> structural
engineer to make recommendations as to the repair of the
structure.

127 Section 3. Section 627.7072, Florida Statutes, is amended 128 to read:

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129 627.7072 Testing standards for sinkholes.--
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130 (1) The professional engineer or and professional
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131 geologist shall perform such tests as sufficient, in their Page 5 of 13

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professional opinion, to determine the presence or absence of sinkhole loss or other cause of damage within reasonable professional probability and for the <u>professional</u> engineer to make recommendations regarding necessary building stabilization and foundation repair.

137 (2) Testing by a professional geologist shall be conducted
 138 in compliance with the Florida Geological Survey Special
 139 Publication No. 57 (2005).

Section 4. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 627.7073,Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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627.7073 Sinkhole reports.--

(1) Upon completion of testing as provided in s. 627.7072,
the professional engineer or and professional geologist shall
issue a report and certification to the insurer and the
policyholder as provided in this section.

(a) Sinkhole loss is verified if, based upon tests
performed in accordance with s. 627.7072, <u>a professional an</u>
engineer <u>or</u> and a professional geologist issue a written report
and certification stating:

1. That the cause of the actual physical and structural
 damage is sinkhole activity within a reasonable professional
 probability.

154 2. That the analyses conducted were of sufficient scope to
155 identify sinkhole activity as the cause of damage within a
156 reasonable professional probability.

157

3. A description of the tests performed.

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4. A recommendation by the <u>professional</u> engineer of
methods for stabilizing the land and building and for making
repairs to the foundation.

(b) If sinkhole activity is eliminated as the cause of
damage to the structure, the professional engineer or and
professional geologist shall issue a written report and
certification to the policyholder and the insurer stating:

165 1. That the cause of the damage is not sinkhole activity166 within a reasonable professional probability.

167 2. That the analyses and tests conducted were of
168 sufficient scope to eliminate sinkhole activity as the cause of
169 damage within a reasonable professional probability.

170 3. A statement of the cause of the damage within a171 reasonable professional probability.

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4. A description of the tests performed.

(c) The respective findings, opinions, and recommendations of the <u>professional</u> engineer <u>or and</u> professional geologist as to the <u>cause of distress to the property</u> verification or elimination of a sinkhole loss and the findings, opinions, and recommendations of the <u>professional</u> engineer as to land and building stabilization and foundation repair shall be presumed correct.

(2) Any insurer that has paid a claim for a sinkhole loss
shall file a copy of the report and certification, prepared
pursuant to subsection (1), with the county <u>clerk of court</u>
property appraiser, who shall record the report and
certification with the parcel number. The insurer shall bear the
cost of filing and recording the report and certification. There
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186 shall be no cause of action or liability against an insurer for 187 compliance with this section. The seller of real property upon 188 which a sinkhole claim has been made shall disclose to the buyer 189 of such property that a claim has been paid and whether or not 190 the full amount of the proceeds were used to repair the sinkhole 191 damage.

Section 5. Effective October 1, 2006, section 627.7074,Florida Statutes, is created to read:

194 <u>627.7074 Alternative procedure for resolution of disputed</u>
 195 sinkhole insurance claims.--

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(1) As used in this section, the term:

197 (a) "Neutral evaluation" means the alternative dispute
 198 resolution provided for in this section.

(b) "Neutral evaluator" means a professional engineer or a
 professional geologist who has completed a course of study in
 alternative dispute resolution designed or approved by the
 department for use in the neutral evaluation process, who is
 determined to be fair and impartial.

204 (2)(a) The department shall certify and maintain a list of 205 persons who are neutral evaluators.

206(b) The department shall prepare a consumer information207pamphlet for distribution by insurers to policyholders which208clearly describes the neutral evaluation process and includes209information and forms necessary for the policyholder to request210a neutral evaluation.211(3)(3)Following the receipt of the report provided under s.

212 <u>627.7073 or the denial of a claim for a sinkhole loss, the</u>

213 insurer shall notify the policyholder of his or her right to Page 8 of 13

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| 214 | participate in the neutral evaluation program under this | | |
| 215 | section. Neutral evaluation supersedes the alternative dispute | | |
| 216 | resolution process under s. 627.7015. The insurer shall provide | | |
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| 218 | by the department pursuant to paragraph (2)(b). | | |
| 219 | (4) Neutral evaluation is optional and nonbinding. Either | | |
| 220 | the policyholder or the insurer may decline to participate. A | | |
| 221 | request for neutral evaluation may be filed with the department | | |
| 222 | by the policyholder or the insurer on a form approved by the | | |
| 223 | department. The request for neutral evaluation must state the | | |
| 224 | reason for the request and must include an explanation of all | | |
| 225 | the issues in dispute at the time of the request. Filing a | | |
| 226 | request for neutral evaluation tolls the applicable time | | |
| 227 | requirements for filing suit for a period of 60 days following | | |
| 228 | the conclusion of the neutral evaluation process or the time | | |
| 229 | prescribed in s. 95.11, whichever is later. | | |
| 230 | (5) Neutral evaluation shall be conducted as an informal | | |
| 231 | process in which formal rules of evidence and procedure need not | | |
| 232 | be observed. A party to neutral evaluation is not required to | | |
| 233 | attend neutral evaluation if a representative of the party | | |
| 234 | attends and has the authority to make a binding decision on | | |
| 235 | behalf of the party. All parties shall participate in the | | |
| 236 | evaluation in good faith. | | |
| 237 | (6) The insurer shall pay the costs associated with the | | |
| 238 | neutral evaluation. | | |
| 239 | (7) Upon receipt of a request for neutral evaluation, the | | |
| 240 | department shall refer the request to a neutral evaluator. The | | |
| 241 | neutral evaluator shall notify the policyholder and the insurer | | |
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CS 242 of the date, time, and place of the neutral evaluation 243 conference. The conference may be held by telephone, if feasible and desirable. The neutral evaluation conference shall be held 244 245 within 45 days after receipt of the request by the department. 246 The department shall adopt rules of procedure for the (8) 247 neutral evaluation process. For policyholders not represented by an attorney, a 248 (9) 249 consumer affairs specialist of the department or an employee 250 designated as the primary contact for consumers on issues relating to sinkholes under s. 20.121 shall be available for 251 252 consultation to the extent that he or she may lawfully do so. 253 (10) Evidence of an offer to settle a claim during the 254 neutral evaluation process, as well as any relevant conduct or 255 statements made in negotiations concerning the offer to settle a claim, is inadmissible to prove liability or absence of 256 liability for the claim or its value, except as provided in 257 258 subsection (13). 259 (11) Any court proceeding related to the subject matter of 260 the neutral evaluation shall be stayed pending completion of the 261 neutral evaluation. For matters that are not resolved by the parties at 262 (12)263 the conclusion of the neutral evaluation, the neutral evaluator 264 shall prepare a report stating that in his or her opinion the 265 sinkhole loss has been verified or eliminated and, if verified, 266 the need for and estimated costs of stabilizing the land any 267 covered structures or buildings and other appropriate 268 remediation or structural repairs. The evaluator's report shall

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269 be sent to all parties in attendance at the neutral evaluation 270 and to the department. (13) The recommendation of the neutral evaluator is not 271 272 binding on any party, and the parties retain access to courts. 273 The neutral evaluator's written recommendation is admissible in 274 any subsequent action or proceeding relating to the claim or to 275 the cause of action giving rise to the claim only for purposes 276 of determining the award of attorney's fees. 277 (14) If the neutral evaluator first verifies the existence 278 of a sinkhole and, second, recommends the need for and estimates 279 costs of stabilizing the land and any covered structures or buildings and other appropriate remediation or structural 280 281 repairs, which costs exceed the amount that the insurer has 282 offered to pay the policyholder, the insurer is liable to the policyholder for up to \$2,500 in attorney's fees for the 283 284 attorney's participation in the neutral evaluation process. For purposes of this subsection, the term "offer to pay" means a 285 286 written offer signed by the insurer or its legal representative 287 and delivered to the policyholder within 10 days after the 288 insurer receives notice that a request for neutral evaluation has been made under this section. 289 290 (15) If the policyholder declines to participate in 291 neutral evaluation requested by the insurer or declines to 292 resolve the matter in accordance with the recommendation of the 293 neutral evaluator pursuant to this section, the insurer is not

295 of the insurance code or for extra-contractual damages related

296 to a claim for a sinkhole loss.

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liable for attorney's fees under s. 627.428 or other provisions

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| 297 | (16) A party may seek judicial review of the |
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| 298 | recommendation of the neutral evaluator to determine whether the |
| 299 | recommendation is reasonable. A recommendation is reasonable |
| 300 | unless: it was procured by corruption, fraud, or other undue |
| 301 | means; there was evident partiality by the neutral evaluator or |
| 302 | misconduct prejudicing the rights of any party; or the neutral |
| 303 | evaluator exceeded the authority and power granted by this |
| 304 | section. If the court declares the recommendation is not |
| 305 | reasonable, the neutral evaluation recommendation shall be |
| 306 | vacated. |
| 307 | Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 877.02, Florida |
| 308 | Statutes, is amended to read: |
| 309 | 877.02 Solicitation of legal services or retainers |
| 310 | therefor; penalty |
| 311 | (2) It shall be unlawful for any person in the employ of |
| 312 | or in any capacity attached to any hospital, sanitarium, police |
| 313 | department, wrecker service or garage, prison or court, or for a |
| 314 | person authorized to furnish bail bonds, investigators, |
| 315 | photographers, insurance or public adjusters, or for a general |
| 316 | or other contractor as defined in s. 489.105 or other business |
| 317 | providing sinkhole remediation services, to communicate directly |
| 318 | or indirectly with any attorney or person acting on said |
| 319 | attorney's behalf for the purpose of aiding, assisting or |
| 320 | abetting such attorney in the solicitation of legal business or |
| 321 | the procurement through solicitation of a retainer, written or |
| 322 | oral, or any agreement authorizing the attorney to perform or |
| 323 | render legal services. |
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324 Section 7. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this 325 act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2006.

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