33-952B-06

2

3

4 5

6

7

8

9 10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

2.4

25

2627

2.8

2930

31

A bill to be entitled An act relating to voting systems; amending s. 20.10, F.S., relating to the organizational structure of the Department of State; specifying that the Bureau of Voting Systems Certification and the Bureau of Voting Systems Security are located within the Division of Elections; creating s. 101.018, F.S.; creating the Bureau of Voting Systems Security for the purpose of ensuring the security of voting systems used in the state; specifying the duties of the bureau; requiring that the bureau provide a monthly report to the director of the Division of Elections and the Secretary of State; requiring that any identified security problem be remedied within a specified period; providing that a manufacturer that fails to remedy a security problem is subject to a fine for each day of such failure; authorizing the division to adopt emergency rules following the failure of a manufacturer to remedy a medium-level or high-level security problem which occurs proximate to a primary or general election; amending s. 101.5606, F.S.; requiring that voting systems approved by the Department of State allow the voter to correct an error in voting; requiring that such systems produce a paper record, be furnished with illumination, be equipped with an audio-stimulus voting feature, and include a sip-and-puff switch attachment; amending s. 101.5612, F.S.;

| 1 | revising the testing requirements for |
|----|--|
| 2 | electronic or electromechanical voting systems |
| 3 | that are configured to include electronic or |
| 4 | electromechanical tabulation devices; requiring |
| 5 | that each device be tested; providing effective |
| 6 | dates. |
| 7 | |
| 8 | Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: |
| 9 | |
| 10 | Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 20.10, Florida |
| 11 | Statutes, is amended to read: |
| 12 | 20.10 Department of StateThere is created a |
| 13 | Department of State. |
| 14 | (2) The following divisions of the Department of State |
| 15 | are established: |
| 16 | (a) Division of Elections. |
| 17 | 1. Bureau of Voting Systems Certification. |
| 18 | 2. Bureau of Voting Systems Security. |
| 19 | (b) Division of Historical Resources. |
| 20 | (c) Division of Corporations. |
| 21 | (d) Division of Library and Information Services. |
| 22 | (e) Division of Cultural Affairs. |
| 23 | (f) Division of Administration. |
| 24 | Section 2. Section 101.018, Florida Statutes, is |
| 25 | created to read: |
| 26 | 101.018 Bureau of Voting Systems Security |
| 27 | (1) There is created a Bureau of Voting Systems |
| 28 | Security within the Division of Elections of the Department of |
| 29 | State which shall be responsible for ensuring the security of |
| 30 | the voting systems that are certified for use in this state. |
| 31 | (2) The bureau shall: |

| 1 | (a) Continuously test the hardware and software of the |
|----|--|
| 2 | voting systems for the purpose of identifying security |
| 3 | problems. |
| 4 | (b) Test any voting system in response to a credible |
| 5 | published report of security problems. |
| 6 | (c) Notify the manufacturer of the voting system if a |
| 7 | security problem is identified. |
| 8 | (d) Work with the manufacturer of the voting system to |
| 9 | develop a remedy for the identified security problem. |
| 10 | (3) The bureau shall provide a monthly written report |
| 11 | to the director of the Division of Elections and the Secretary |
| 12 | of State for each certified voting system which must, at a |
| 13 | minimum: |
| 14 | (a) Identify each security problem; |
| 15 | (b) Identify the source of any potential security |
| 16 | breach resulting from the problem as "external," such as a |
| 17 | security breach involving voters, or "internal," such as a |
| 18 | security breach involving employees of the supervisor of |
| 19 | elections, poll workers, or manufacturer's field |
| 20 | representatives; |
| 21 | (c) Detail the scenarios in which the potential threat |
| 22 | could be realized; |
| 23 | (d) Discuss the likelihood of success for each of the |
| 24 | scenarios; |
| 25 | (e) Identify the scope of the potential threat, |
| 26 | detailing factors such as the number of machines that might be |
| 27 | impacted, the number of votes that could be affected in a |
| 28 | statewide election, and the number of counties that could be |
| 29 | affected; and |
| 30 | |
| 31 | |

2021

2.2

23

2.4

2.5

2627

2.8

29

30

constructed that:

2 factors, classify the security threat posed by the problem as "high," "medium," or "low." 3 (4)(a) A security problem that is identified in the 4 bureau's report must be remedied within 60 days after the 5 manufacturer receives notice of the problem or 14 days before 7 the next regularly scheduled primary or general election, 8 whichever occurs first. A problem shall be considered remedied when the bureau so certifies in writing to the division 9 10 director and, in the case of a high threat, to the Secretary 11 of State. 12 (b) Any manufacturer who fails to remedy a security 13 problem shall be fined \$25,000 per day for each day following the period specified in paragraph (a). In addition, if the 14 failure to remedy a medium-level or high-level security 15 problem is proximate to a scheduled primary or general 16 election, the division shall adopt emergency rules to protect 18 the integrity of the voting process.

(f) Based on paragraphs (a)-(e) and any other relevant

(1) It permits and requires voting in secrecy.

Section 3. Effective January 1, 2008, section

101.5606 Requirements for approval of systems. -- No

101.5606, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

electronic or electromechanical voting system shall be

approved by the Department of State unless it is so

(2) It permits each elector to vote at any election for all persons and offices for whom and for which the elector is lawfully entitled to vote, and no others; to vote for as many persons for an office as the elector is entitled to vote for; and to vote for or against any question upon which the elector is entitled to vote.

2.4

2.8

- (3) It immediately rejects a ballot where the number of votes for an office or measure exceeds the number which the voter is entitled to cast or where the tabulating equipment reads the ballot as a ballot with no votes cast.
- (4) For systems using marksense ballots, it accepts a rejected ballot pursuant to subsection (3) if a voter chooses to cast the ballot, but records no vote for any office that has been overvoted or undervoted.
 - (5) It is capable of correctly counting votes.
- (6) It permits each voter at a primary election to vote only for the candidates seeking nomination by the political party in which such voter is registered, for any candidate for nonpartisan office, and for any question upon which the voter is entitled to vote.
- (7) At presidential elections it permits each elector, by one operation, to vote for all presidential electors of a party or for all presidential electors of candidates for President and Vice President with no party affiliation.
 - (8) It provides a method for write-in voting.
- (9) It is capable of accumulating a count of the specific number of ballots tallied for a precinct, accumulating total votes by candidate for each office, and accumulating total votes for and against each question and issue of the ballots tallied for a precinct.
- (10) It is capable of tallying votes from ballots of different political parties from the same precinct, in the case of a primary election.
- (11) It is capable of automatically producing precinct totals in printed, marked, or punched form, or a combination thereof.

| 1 | (12) If it is of a type $\underline{\text{that}}$ $\underline{\text{which}}$ registers votes |
|----|--|
| 2 | electronically, it will permit each voter to privately and |
| 3 | independently change his or her vote for any candidate or upor |
| 4 | any question appearing on the official ballot, or correct any |
| 5 | error, up to the time that the voter takes the final step to |
| 6 | register his or her vote and to have the vote computed. |
| 7 | (13) It is capable of providing records from which the |
| 8 | operation of the voting system may be audited. |
| 9 | (14) It uses a precinct-count tabulation system. |
| 10 | (15) It does not use an apparatus or device for the |
| 11 | piercing of ballots by the voter. |
| 12 | (16) It produces and retains a voter-verified |
| 13 | permanent paper record having a manual audit capacity that |
| 14 | records each vote to be cast and that is viewed by the voter |
| 15 | from behind a window or other device before the ballot is |
| 16 | cast. |
| 17 | (17) It is furnished with illumination sufficient to |
| 18 | enable the voter to read the ballot while in the booth. |
| 19 | (18) It is equipped with an audio-stimulus voting |
| 20 | feature that communicates the complete content of the ballot |
| 21 | in a human voice and permits a voter who is blind or visually |
| 22 | impaired to cast a secret ballot using, at the option of the |
| 23 | voter, voice-only or tactile-discernible controls. |
| 24 | (19) It includes a sip-and-puff switch voting |
| 25 | attachment. |
| 26 | Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section |
| 27 | 101.5612, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: |
| 28 | 101.5612 Testing of tabulating equipment |
| 29 | (4)(a)1. For electronic or electromechanical voting |

30 systems configured to include electronic or electromechanical

31 tabulation devices that which are distributed to the

3

4

5

6

7

8

9 10

11 12

13

14

15 16

18

19

2021

22

23

2425

2627

precincts, all or a sample of the devices to be used in the election shall be publicly tested. If a sample is to be tested, the sample shall consist of a random selection of at least 5 percent of the devices for an optical scan system or 2 percent of the devices for a touchscreen system or 10 of the devices for either system, as applicable, whichever is greater. The test shall be conducted by processing a group of ballots, causing the device to output results for the ballots processed, and comparing the output of results to the results expected for the ballots processed. The group of ballots shall be produced so as to record a predetermined number of valid votes for each candidate and on each measure and to include for each office one or more ballots which have activated voting positions in excess of the number allowed by law in order to test the ability of the tabulating device to reject such votes.

- 2. If any tested tabulating device is found to have an error in tabulation, it shall be deemed unsatisfactory. For each device deemed unsatisfactory, the canvassing board shall take steps to determine the cause of the error, shall attempt to identify and test other devices that could reasonably be expected to have the same error, and shall test a number of additional devices sufficient to determine that all devices are satisfactory. Upon deeming any device unsatisfactory, the canvassing board may require all devices to be tested or may declare that all devices are unsatisfactory.
- 3. If the operation or output of any tested tabulation device, such as spelling or the order of candidates on a report, is in error, such problem shall be reported to the canvassing board. The canvassing board shall then determine if

29

the reported problem warrants its deeming the device 2 unsatisfactory. 3 Section 5. Except as otherwise expressly provided in 4 this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2006. 5 ********** 6 7 SENATE SUMMARY Establishes the Bureau of Voting Systems Security within the Division of Elections. Provides duties of the bureau and requires that it make certain reports to the Division 8 9 of Elections and the Secretary of State. Provides that a 10 penalty be imposed if the manufacturer of a voting system fails to remedy a problem within a specified time. Authorizes the division to adopt emergency rules. Revises 11 the requirements for voting systems approved by the Department of State. Requires that a voter be allowed to correct an error in voting. Requires that the system 12 produce a paper record, be furnished with illumination, 13 be equipped with an audio-stimulus voting feature, and include a sip-and-puff switch attachment. Revises the 14 testing requirements for voting systems that include electronic or electromechanical tabulation devices. 15 Requires that each such device be tested. 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 2.4 25 26 27 28 29 30